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PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

Most Worshipful Grand Lodge

Ancient Free and Accepted Masons

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SEVENTY-NINTH ANNUAL MEETING
HELD AT
CHICAGO, OCTOBER 8, 9 AND 10, 1918

OFFICERS OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE OF A. F. & A. M. OF ILLINOIS

1918 · 1919

BRO. AUSTIN H. SCROGIN.....*M.W. Grand Master* Lexington

BRO. DAN G. FITZGERRELL.....*R.W. Deputy Grand Master*.....Normal

BRO. ELMER E. BEACH.....*R.W. Senior Grand Warden*....Chicago
111 W. Washington St.

BRO. ARTHUR E. WOOD.....*R.W. Junior Grand Warden,* Gibson City

BRO. LEROY A. GODDARD.....*R.W. Grand Treasurer* Chicago
State Bank of Chicago

BRO. ISAAC CUTTER.....*R.W. Grand Secretary*.....Camp Point

REV. BRO. WALTER AITKEN.....*R.W. Grand Chaplain* Urbana

BRO. EDGAR DEWITT JONES.....*R.W. Grand Orator*.....Bloomington

BRO. ROY ADAMS.....*W. Deputy Grand Secretary,* Camp Point

BRO. WM. ELMER EDWARDS.....*W. Grand Pursuivant*.....Chicago
5223 Race Ave.

BRO. WILLIAM H. BIED.....*W. Grand Marshal* Chicago
6048 Langley Ave.

BRO. WILLIAM N. EWING.....*W. Grand Standard Bearer*.....McLean

BRO. ROBERT E. GIFFORD.....*W. Grand Sword Bearer*.....Hillsboro

BRO. MAXWELL LEVY*W. Senior Grand Deacon*.....Chicago
845 Rees St.

BRO. SPRUELL C. D. REA.....*W. Junior Grand Deacon*.....Benton

BRO. H. S. ALBIN.....*W. Grand Steward* Chicago
514 S. Francisco Ave.

BRO. CHAS. F. TENNEY.....*W. Grand Steward* Bement

BRO. GEORGE W. TIPSWORD.....*W. Grand Steward* Beecher City

BRO. TIM VAN ANTWERP.....*W. Grand Steward*.....Sparland

BRO. CHESTER S. GURNEY.....*Grand Tyler* Chicago
919 N. Dearborn Ave.

BRO. JAMES V. MCCULLOUGH....*Assistant Grand Tyler*.....Lexington

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE OF A. F. & A. M. OF ILLINOIS

In compliance with the provisions of the Constitution and By-Laws of the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Illinois, the seventy-ninth annual meeting was held in the city of Chicago, at Medinah Temple, commencing on Tuesday, the 8th day of October, A. D. 1918, A. L. 5918, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was opened in ample form by Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, most worshipful grand master.

PRAYER.

Rev. Bro. Walter Aitken, the right worshipful grand chaplain, lead the devotions.

Almighty God; we come into Thy Presence this day fully conscious of Thy kindly dealings with us, and rejoice that the lines are fallen to us in pleasant places, and that we have a goodly heritage in this great fraternity and in the men who, in other days, have laid the foundations of morality, righteousness, love to God, and the fraternal relations of men which have become so large a part of the life of the world. We thank Thee for reason and conscience and all the holy aspirations of the human heart, and for the sublime possibility of moving in rhythmic measure with the Infinite. Fondly do we seek the realization of the great purpose of our existence and the fulfillment of the obligations resting upon us. We desire that truth and justice, peace and happiness, religion and piety, shall be firmly established in our hearts; for these are qualities and principles that can never die, and the identification of our Masonic Order with these, determines its immortality and enduring worth. Our officers change; our members pass away, but the truth of our order remains. Prepare us, Gracious Father, for the larger duties that are to be performed. The times in which we live are

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momentous. Nations are in strife. The brotherhood of man receives scant consideration at the hands of the war lords. Human liberty is trampled under foot by ruthless autocrats. Men of all creeds and shades of belief have been called into the conflict. Many of our own number are laying down their lives on the altar of sacrifice. The fire of a holy enthusiasm has been kindled in their eyes as they turn upon the nations seeking to violate and destroy the democracy of the world. Bless them we pray Thee, and soon may the flag of our beloved country be recognized by the whole world as the symbol of aspiration, intelligence, brotherhood, and protection. To this end bless our gathering here. Divinely direct our most worshipful grand master, and the members of this grand lodge, so that our deliberations shall be in harmony with the ideals of our order and our country; and help us to see the possibility of the embodiment of the principles of Masonry in human life, and make us to be dissatisfied with a superficial profession of them. Hear us in the name of Him who taught us to say: "Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be Thy name; Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven, give us this day our daily bread and forgive us our trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against us, and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil, for Thine is the kingdom and the power and the glory, forever, Amen."

TELEGRAM TO THE PRESIDENT.

As the first business of the grand lodge, Bro. Elmer D. Brothers suggested that the following telegram be sent to the President. The grand lodge, by a rising vote, adopted the suggestion.

CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 8, 1918.

Woodrow Wilson, President,
Washington, D. C.

Grand Lodge, A. F. & A. M., representing one hundred seventy-five thousand Masons of the state of Illinois, in seventy-ninth annual meeting assembled, congratulates you on your stand of no peace by compromise, and urges that you demand absolute and unconditional surrender as a precedent to any further consideration of terms of peace with Germany and her allies.

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN, *Grand Master.*
ISAAC CUTTER, *Grand Secretary.*

MUSICAL CONCERT.

At 9:30, preceding the meeting of the grand lodge, a musical programme was rendered by the following talent:

Bro. Ernest O. Todd, Ravenswood Lodge 777, Tenor.

Bro. Albert O. Salvi, St. Cecilia 865, Harp.

Bro. John E. Kurzenknabe, Robt. Burns 464, Harrisburg, Pa., Cello.

Bro. Geo. J. Kurzenknabe, St. Cecilia 865, Organ.

On motion of Bro. Owen Scott, a vote of thanks of the grand lodge was given the brethren who participated.

The grand marshal, with the grand stewards, retired and returned with the flag, and presented it to the grand master who placed it in the grand East while the brethren sang "The Star Spangled Banner."

FIRST REPORT—Committee on Credentials.

Bro. Emmett Howard, chairman of the Committee on Credentials, announced that representatives from a constitutional number of lodges were present, and asked further time to complete their report. The request was granted.

COMMITTEES.

The right worshipful grand secretary read the names of the brethren appointed by the most worshipful grand master to serve on the committees during this session.

JURISPRUDENCE—Monroe C. Crawford, Owen Scott, George M. Moulton, William B. Wright, Chester E. Allen.

APPEALS AND GRIEVANCES—Alexander H. Bell, Elmer D. Brothers, Arthur M. Otman, Andrew L. Anderson, Charles H. Martin.

CHARTERED LODGES—Phil C. Barclay, W. W. Watson, Dr. John F. Campbell, Albert Roullier, William E. Buehler.

LODGES U. D.—William H. Beckman, Emil J. Merki, C. L. Sandusky, F. O. Lorton, Harry L. Browning.

MILEAGE AND PER DIEM—William F. Beck, Henry T. Goddard, Thomas S. Browning, Charles H. Thompson, Milton T. Booth, R. C. Clarke.

FINANCE—Edward H. Thomas, Thomas A. Stevens, E. Edwin Mills.

New Legislation—Henry T. Burnap, Ralph H. Wheeler, William Wilhartz.

Correspondence—Delmar D. Darrah.

Grand Examiners—Richard C. Davenport, David D. King, George E. Carlson, William H. Zarley, B. L. TenEyck.

Credentials—Emmet Howard, C. N. Hambleton, W. P. Jones, James A. Steele, E. M. Crain.

Petitions—J. E. Jeffers, L. S. Van Dolah, C. O. Faught.

Obituaries—George W. McFatrich, John C. Crawford, Hez G. Henry.

Grand Master's Report—Charles H. Spilman, George J. Kurzenknabe, William Fairlee.

Board of Managers for Masonic Homes—Robert J. Daly, Louis L. Emmerson, Robert C. Fletcher, William D. Price, Charles C. Davis, Anthony Doherty.

Libraries—Chas. W. Walduck, William A. Dixon, Geo. L. Hilliker.

Committee on Clubs—Owen Scott, Delmar D. Darrah, Leroy A. Goddard, James McCredie, Geo. W. McFatrich.

Advisory Council—Dan G. Fitzgerrell, Elmer E. Beach, Arthur E. Wood, Leroy A. Goddard, Isaac Cutter, Owen Scott, Alexander H. Bell, William H. Beckman, Edward H. Thomas, Ralph H. Wheeler, Robert J. Daly.

National Defense—Ralph H. Wheeler, Wm. L. Sharp, Arthur E. Wood, Nelson J. Lampert, Andrew Logan Anderson.

Bro. Ralph H. Wheeler called the attention of the grand lodge to the fact that the list of committees as read was not correct as he had resigned from all committees on Monday, and asked that his name be stricken from the list of committeemen wherever it occurred. It was so ordered by the grand master. Brother Wheeler then asked as a question of personal privilege that he be given time to explain his action. The grand master granted his request and set the hour at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

REPORT OF GRAND MASTER.

The grand master, Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, presented his annual report.

Brethren of the Grand Lodge:—

This era is the Gethsemane of the nations. May this struggle prove to be the Armageddon of international strife. The powers of evil would crucify the freedom of mankind on the cross of ambition, conquest and greed. Our nation, seeking no material gain, is freely offering her choicest possessions on the altar of world liberty. The firstlings of her flock, the choicest of her young men, with cheerfulness and enthusiasm, have sprung to arms to meet the threat of universal subjugation at the hands of hordes of Huns in their mad onslaught on civilization. Patriots extol the Stars and Stripes, but even more sacred to every true American is the flag of service, now seen in almost every home and lodge in the land. The stars of white on the blue field of Old Glory represent sovereign states. The stars of blue on the field of white in the service flag, stand for human lives, ready for service or sacrifice.

"Dear little flag in the window there,
Hung with a tear and a woman's prayer
Child of Old Glory, born with a star—
Oh, what a wonderful flag you are!"

Our country is not only offering her millions of sons but pouring out her billions of treasure to save the world from the tyranny of Autocracy. In return nothing is desired but the consciousness of having helped to make the world a decent place in which to live.

In this great work Masonry has no small part. Members of lodges in vast numbers have joined the colors and are, either "over there," or are in camps training for over-seas service. It has been my great privilege to loosen the reins, heretofore firmly held, and by dispensation enable many soldier boys to bow at our altar before embarking on their great mission abroad. Masonry in Illinois and elsewhere has shown its devotion to Freedom's cause in providing large funds by free and voluntary contribution for the comfort of those in camps here, those in need abroad and to care for their loved ones left behind. Without seeking rivalry with the Red Cross and the Young Men's Christian Association, the world's two greatest humane institutions, our fraternity has been ardent in their support. Masonry will hold up its hands until the going down of the sun of war and await the dawn of peace. In pushing the Liberty Loan and War Savings Stamp Campaigns, the craft has been no slacker. In every city, village and hamlet, Masons have been in the forefront in the battle. When the insanity of war has passed and the world has again been restored to reason, Masonry will continue its beneficent work. It will be

able to lend valuable assistance in the reconstruction to follow the years of the fierce frenzy of destruction.

During the past year the growth in membership has been phenomenal. The net gain has been the greatest in the history of this grand lodge. In all ways the craft is in a most flourishing condition. While there have been a few cases of discipline for Masonic offenses, yet the percentage of these to the entire membership is so small as to be almost negligible. I come then, my brethren, to congratulate you on the excellent condition of our great institution and hope that what we do here at this session may lead to even greater accomplishments in the days to come.

Spirits Departed

It is fitting that at the first moment we should pause and reverently bow in solemn silence in memory of those who have been conveyed over the river into "eternal rest and refreshment in the paradise of God." It is a source of great satisfaction that the silent messenger has not called to summon anyone from the ranks of our present or past grand officers.

However, the sad intelligence came near the close of the year that Charlton L. Gregory, chairman of the Board of Grand Examiners, passed away at Davenport, Iowa, on September 12, 1918. Brother Gregory's home was at Aledo and he went to Mercy Hospital for an operation for appendicitis. Illinois Masonry loses one of the choicest spirits in our great jurisdiction. It was my sacred privilege to be present on September 16 and conduct the funeral ceremonies of our departed brother. Few men in Mercer County held a higher place in the hearts of the people than Brother Gregory. For twenty-four years he held the important position of County Superintendent of Schools and had received the nomination of his party for his seventh term. The management of the educational interests of a community is of vital importance to the people. His intimate touch with the young people of his city and county will be shown in the lives of thousands in the ages to come.

Brother Gregory's connection with Masonry began in 1892 when he was initiated in New Boston Lodge, No. 59 at New Boston, Illinois. He affiliated with Aledo Lodge, No. 252 on February 26, 1901. Brother Gregory was a member of the Board of Grand Examiners for four years. He was made chairman, was reappointed last October, and had almost completed his year of service. Brother Gregory's family life was ideal. He leaves a widow and one daughter who is in the bloom of young womanhood.

The Committee on Obituaries will present a list of prominent Masons of other grand jurisdictions and masters and past masters of Illinois lodges who have passed away since last we met.

Corner-Stones Laid

On November 5, 1917, I laid the corner-stone of a new Masonic Temple at Rockford, Illinois.

On June 15, 1918, I laid the corner-stone of a new Masonic Temple at Alton, Illinois.

Dedications

The following dedicatory ceremonies have been performed since the grand lodge session of 1917:

On November 27, 1917, Brother Isaac Cutter, grand secretary, dedicated the new Masonic Hall at Preemption, Illinois.

On December 6, 1917, Brother Isaac Cutter, grand secretary, dedicated the new Masonic Hall at Milledgeville, Illinois.

On January, 1918, I dedicated the new Masonic Temple at South Chicago, Illinois.

On April 20, 1918, I dedicated the new Masonic Temple at Maywood, Illinois.

On May 2, 1918, I dedicated the New Masonic Temple at Blue Mound, Illinois.

On May 15, 1918, I dedicated the new Masonic Temple at Glencoe, Illinois.

On June 20, 1918, Brother Isaac Cutter dedicated the new Masonic Temple at Andalusia, Illinois.

Lodges Constituted

At the grand lodge session of 1917 charters were issued to the following lodges and they were constituted as follows:

Fortitude Lodge No. 1003 on October 24, 1917, by R.W. Maxwell Levy.

Hurst Lodge No. 1004 on November 2, 1917, by R.W. Gordon Pillor.

Community Lodge No. 1005 on October 25, 1917, by R.W. John F. Schott.

Fair Oaks Lodge No. 1006 on October 18, 1917, by M.W. Austin H. Scrogin.

Loyal Lodge No. 1007 on October 30, 1917, by R.W. Timothy Avery.

Parkway Lodge No. 1008 on October 31, 1917, by R.W. William Tinsley.

Hiram Lodge No. 1009 on November 14, 1917, by R.W. Joseph J. Shaw.

Honor Lodge No. 1010 on October 29, 1917, by R.W. Joseph J. Shaw.

Woodson Lodge No. 1011 on November 23, 1917, by R.W. A. C. Metcalf.

Birchwood Lodge No. 1012 on October 27, 1917, by R.W. James A. Steven.

John Paul Jones No. 1013 on November 9, 1917, by R.W. Claude R. Grover.

Lodges Instituted

After careful investigation I have issued dispensations to the following lodges:

Paramount Lodge, instituted by Brother Welles W. LaMoure, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 8th District, on March 14, 1918, to meet at 7832 Union Ave., Chicago, Illinois.

Christopher Lodge, instituted by Brother W. H. Thomas, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 94th District, on March 30, 1918, to meet at Christopher, Illinois.

Navoo Lodge, instituted by Brother E. L. Carpentier, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 53rd District, on April 27, 1918, to meet at Navoo, Illinois.

Arts and Crafts Lodge, instituted by myself on May 24, 1918, to meet in the Masonic Temple at Bloomington, Illinois.

Pythagoras Lodge, instituted by Brother Joseph J. Shaw, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 2nd District, on June 15, 1918, to meet in the Masonic Temple at 159 N. State St., Chicago, Illinois.

Victory Lodge, instituted on July 9, 1918, by Brother Joseph J. Shaw, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 2nd District, to meet at Robey and Byron Streets, Chicago, Illinos.

Cosmopolitan Lodge, instituted by Brother George E. Moore, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 14th District, on July 10, 1918, to meet at 4229 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, Illinois.

Vacancies Filled

Brother W. Adolph Blessing, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 30th District, having moved from that district on April 21, 1918, I appointed Brother Benjamin W. Randolph of Aurora to fill the vacancy.

Brother E. L. Marston, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 36th District, having resigned on April 23, 1918, I appointed Brother John F. Maberry of Edgington to fill the vacancy.

Brother Carlton G. Taylor, right worshipful district deputy grand

master of the 35th District, having resigned on May 22, 1918, I appointed Brother Charles H. Mangold of Moline to fill the vacancy.

Brother F. W. Froelich, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 77th District, having resigned on April 17, 1918, I appointed Brother Perry Sawyer of Gillespie to fill the vacancy.

Brother Sim V. Clanahan, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 96th District, having resigned on April 18, 1918, I appointed Brother Barney Phelps of Golconda to fill the vacancy.

Brother J. O. Anderson, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 23rd District, having resigned on August 21, 1918, I appointed Brother J. R. Balliet of Belvidere to fill the vacancy.

Brother B. L. Berve, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 31st District, having resigned on August 12, 1918, I appointed Brother J. E. Barber of Rochelle to fill the vacancy.

Brother Thomas G. Gunning, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 34th District, having resigned on July 24, 1918, I appointed Brother Francis Bradley, Princeton to fill the vacancy.

Brother Albert L. Pickel, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 65th District, having resigned on August 26, I appointed Brother Hal C. McLoud of Springfield to fill the vacancy.

Brother Perry Sawyer, right worshipful district deputy grand master of the 77th District, having resigned on August 14, 1918, I appointed Brother Frank P. Bauer of Bunker Hill to fill the vacancy.

Grand Representatives Appointed

Brother William R. G. Estes having died, Frederic C. Eaton was appointed on December 29, 1917, to represent Illinois near the Grand Lodge of Maine.

Brother Leo D. Heart having died, Brother P. T. Wilson was appointed on January 7, 1918, to represent the Grand Lodge of Illinois near the Grand Lodge of North Carolina.

Brother Murdock McLean having died, Brother Maurice Joseph Harris was appointed on January 31, 1918, to represent the Grand Lodge of Illinois near the Grand Lodge of New Zealand.

Lodges Visited

The following is a list of the lodges visited in the past year:

October 11, 1917, North Shore Lodge No. 937.....Chicago
October 17, 1917, Joint meeting of the lodges of Bloomington and Normal Bloomington
October 18, 1917, Fair Oaks Lodge No. 1006.....Oak Park

October 25, 1917, Community Lodge No. 1005.....Chicago
November 1, 1917, Kewanee Lodge No. 159.....Kewanee
November 6, 1917, Washington Park Lodge No. 956.....Chicago
November 15, 1917, Rockford No. 102.....Rockford
November 21, 1917, Lexington Lodge No. 482.....Lexington
November 26, 1917, Union Park Lodge No. 610.....Chicago
November 30, 1917, Hyde Park Lodge No. 989.....Chicago
December 5, 1917, Rockford Lodge No. 102.....Rockford
January 9, 1918, Eldorado Lodge No. 730.....Eldorado
January 15, 1918, Peoria Lodge No. 15.....Peoria
January 23, 1918, Olive Branch No. 38.....Danville
January 24, 1918, Springfield Lodge No. 4.....Springfield
January 25, 1918, Edwardsville Lodge No. 99.....Edwardsville
February 5, 1918, Lambert Lodge No. 659.....Quincy
February 19, 1918, Princeton Lodge No. 587.....Princeton
February 22, 1918, Morning Star Lodge No. 734.....Canton
February 27, 1918, Tyrian Lodge No. 333.....Springfield
March 1, 1918, Chenoa Lodge No. 292.....Chenoa
March 6, 1918, Excelsior Lodge No. 97.....Freeport
March 18, 1918, Equity Lodge No. 878.....Chicago
March 19, 1918, St. Cecilia Lodge No. 865.....Chicago
April 6, 1918, Englewood Lodge No. 690.....Englewood
April 18, 1918, Kilwinning Lodge No. 311.....Chicago
April 19, 1918, Sincerity Lodge No. 982.....Chicago
April 20, 1918, Maywood Lodge No. 869.....Maywood
April 25, 1918, Tarbolton Lodge No. 351.....Fairbury
April 30, 1918, Pontiac Lodge No. 294.....Pontiac
May 2, 1918, Blue Mound Lodge No. 682.....Blue Mound
May 3, 1918, El Paso Lodge No. 246.....El Paso
May 4, 1918, Lexington Lodge No. 482.....Lexington
May 6, 1918, Universal Lodge No. 985.....Chicago
May 7, 1918, Metropolitan Lodge No. 860.....Chicago
May 15, 1918, Glencoe Lodge No. 983.....Glencoe
May 16, 1918, Cornerstone Lodge No. 875.....Chicago
May 24, 1918, Arts & Crafts Lodge U. D.....Bloomington
June 4, 1918, Waukegan Lodge No. 78.....Waukegan
June 7, 1918, Triluminar Lodge No. 767.....Chicago
June 10, 1918, Kenwood Lodge No. 800.....Chicago
June 11, 1918, Mount Joliet Lodge No. 42.....Joliet
June 15, 1918, Piasa Lodge No. 27.....Alton
June 23, 1918, LeRoy Lodge No. 221.....LeRoy

Dispensations and Fees

An unusually large number of dispensations have been granted during the past year. Many of these were for young men who were preparing to enter into the service of their country. To enable them to receive the degrees before their departure, on proper requests of lodges, I gave authority to confer degrees in less time than that prescribed. It was my desire that these young men, found to be worthy by the lodges where they resided, should have the coveted privilege of being Masons as well as soldiers. In all cases care was exercised to see that all the

fundamental requirements of the law were complied with. The following is a list of dispensations of all kinds with fees for the same:

Lodge	Amount
Rantoul No. 470	$ 2.00
Star in the East No. 166	6.00
J. L. Anderson No. 318	2.00
Washburn No. 421	2.00
Universal No. 985	2.00
Gibson No. 733	10.00
Columbian No. 819	2.00
Community No. 1005	2.00
Rantoul No. 470	8.00
Roseville No. 519	20.00
Rantoul No. 470	2.00
Rantoul No. 470	2.00
Wheaton No. 269	2.00
Comet No. 641	20.00
Cornland No. 808	2.00
Star in East No. 166	4.00
Equity No. 878	2.00
Normal Park No. 797	20.00
North Shore No. 937	2.00
Garden City No. 141	2.00
Chicago No. 437	2.00
Waterman No. 728	2.00
Sibley No. 761	40.00
Charleston No. 35	10.00
Gurney No. 778	2.00
Brotherhood No. 988	2.00
Englewood No. 690	30.00
Marshall No. 133	2.00
LeRoy No. 221	10.00
Mattison No. 175	5.00
London No. 848	2.00
Grand Chain No. 660	2.00
Abraham Jones No. 316	2.00
Clay City No. 488	2.00
Cheney's Grove No. 468	20.00
Stephen Decatur No. 979	40.00
Galva No. 243	2.00
Stephen Decatur No. 979	20.00
LeRoy No. 221	20.00
Andrew Jackson No. 487	2.00
Clinton No. 19	2.00
Palace No. 765	20.00
Rising Sun No. 115	2.00
Justice No. 949	2.00
Raymond No. 692	2.00
Circle No. 938	2.00
Washington Park No. 956	20.00
Camargo No. 440	2.00
Arrowsmith No. 737	20.00
Oakland No. 219	2.00
McHenry No. 158	2.00
Pleiades No. 474	2.10
Evergreen No. 170	20.00
St. Mark's No. 63	20.00
A. Craft No. 907	20.00
Brighton Park No. 854	2.00
Albany Park No. 974	2.00
Roscoe No. 75	2.00
Stephen Decatur No. 979	20.00
Oriental No. 33	20.00
Kenwood No. 800	2.00
Ashlar No. 308	2.00
Chicago Heights No. 851	20.00
Centralia No. 201	20.00
Roseville No. 519	20.00
Colchester No. 496	2.00
Old Glory No. 975	2.00
Lake View No. 774	2.00
Pleiades No. 478	10.00
Goode No. 744	2.00
Charleston No. 35	20.00
Jerseyville No. 394	2.00
Wilmette No. 931	20.00
Sumner No. 334	20.00
Clifton No. 688	20.00
Wheeler No. 883	2.00
Belvidere No. 60	2.00
E. M. Husted No. 796	2.00
Ravenswood No. 777	2.00
W. McKinley No. 876	2.00
Iola No. 691	2.00
Forrest No. 614	2.00
Kenmore No. 947	2.00
J. R. Gorin No. 537	2.00
Temple Hill No. 701	2.00
Bement No. 365	40.00
Herrick No. 193	2.00
J. P. Jones No. 1013	2.00
Ancient Craft No. 907	20.00
Woodhull No. 502	2.00
Greenville No. 245	2.00
Union No. 627	2.00
Compass No. 922	2.00
Kensington No. 804	10.00
Creal Springs No. 817	2.00
May No. 718	2.00
Collison No. 714	2.00
Rantoul No. 470	20.00
South Gate No. 968	20.00
Bement No. 365	40.00
J. P. Jones No. 1013	20.00
Alexandria No. 702	2.00

Lodge	Amount
Crescent No. 895	2.00
E. Moline No. 969	10.00
Tuscola No. 332	20.00
Sincerity No. 982	10.00
Sincerity No. 982	20.00
Standard No. 873	40.00
Norton No. 631	2.00
Accordia No. 277	2.00
Peotone No. 636	20.00
Arrowsmith No. 737	20.00
Nokomis No. 456	30.00
Illiopolis No. 521	2.00
Lena No. 174	20.00
Garden City No. 141	20.00
Doric No. 319	10.00
Abraham Jonas No. 316	20.00
Chenoa No. 292	20.00
Bodley No. 1	20.00
Murrayville No. 432	2.00
Ewing No. 705	2.00
Mt. Nebo No. 76	2.00
Palace No. 756	20.00
Meteor No. 238	40.00
Parian No. 977	10.00
Oriental No. 33	20.00
Hesperia No. 411	20.00
Odell No. 401	20.00
Garden City No. 141	20.00
Hiram No. 1009	20.00
Friendship No. 7	10.00
Bloomington No. 43	20.00
Cheney's Grove No. 468	20.00
Barry No. 34	40.00
True Blue No. 994	10.00
Bohemia No. 943	10.00
Elwood No. 919	2.00
Lerna No. 788	20.00
Loami No. 450	2.00
Illinois Central No. 178	2.00
El Paso No. 246	2.00
Perseverance No. 973	20.00
Yates City No. 448	20.00
Doric No. 319	20.00
Ancient Craft No. 907	10.00
Arthur No. 825	20.00
Glen Ellyn No. 950	30.00
Roseville No. 519	20.00
LeLand No. 812	20.00
D. C. Cregier No. 643	2.00
Ravenswood No. 777	2.00
Palace No. 765	20.00
Argenta No. 871	20.00
Fair Oaks No. 1006	2.00
La Prairie No. 267	20.00
Paris No. 268	2.00
Newton No. 216	20.00
Tracy No. 810	40.00
Tuscola No. 332	20.00
Meteor No. 283	20.00
Livingston No. 371	5.00
John Paul Jones No. 1013	2.00
Bloomington No. 43	20.00
Universal No. 985	2.00
West Salem No. 866	30.00
Camargo No. 440	2.00
Bloomington No. 43	20.00
Schiller No. 335	2.00
Oak Park No. 540	2.00
Hooppole No. 886	2.00
Meteor No. 283	20.00
Hyde Park No. 989	20.00
Virden No. 161	10.00
Argenta No. 871	20.00
Circle No. 938	2.00
Ancient Craft No. 907	20.00
Composite No. 879	10.00
Ancient Craft No. 907	20.00
Emblem No. 984	30.00
Portage Park No. 1002	10.00
Lessing No. 557	2.00
Doric No. 319	10.00
Ames No. 142	10.00
Apollo No. 642	10.00
Newton No. 216	20.00
Shirley No. 582	20.00
Germania No. 182	2.00
Gordon No. 473	20.00
Lena No. 174	20.00
Bohemia No. 943	10.00
Bohemia No. 943	10.00
Tuscola No. 332	20.00
Tuscola No. 332	2.00
Melvin No. 811	2.00
Catlin No. 285	2.00
Girard No. 171	20.00
Wilmette No. 931	20.00
Columbian No. 819	20.00
Circle No. 938	2.00
Sheba No. 200	30.00
Exemplar No. 966	25.00
Meteor No. 283	60.00
Paul Revere No. 998	2.00
Occidental No. 40	2.00
Avondale No. 921	2.00
Kilwinning No. 311	2.00
Apple River No. 859	20.00

Lodge	Amount
Richard Cole No. 697	2.00
Community No. 1005	2.00
Oriental No. 33	2.00
Pleiades No. 478	2.00
Rock Island No. 658	10.00
Tracy No. 810	20.00
Landmark No. 422	20.00
Stronghurst No. 847	2.00
Melvin No. 811	20.00
Waldeck No. 674	2.00
Bohemia No. 943	2.00
Mithra No. 410	2.00
Humboldt Park No. 813	20.00
Wood Lawn Park No. 841	2.00
Fernwood Park No. 971	2.00
Harbor No. 731	20.00
T. J. Pickett No. 307	2.00
Euclid No. 65	2.00
Bloomington No. 43	40.00
Old Glory No. 975	20.00
Parian No. 977	20.00
Joppa No. 706	2.00
Square No. 978	2.00
St. Andrews No. 863	20.00
Dearborn No. 310	20.00
Oblong City No. 644	10.00
Auburn Park No. 789	10.00
Franklin Grove No. 264	20.00
Lawndale No. 995	2.00
Paramount U. D.	20.00
Bement No. 365	20.00
Keystone No. 639	2.00
Palace No. 765	20.00
Bloomington No. 43	20.00
Bodley No. 1	20.00
Chicago No. 437	40.00
Occidental No. 40	2.00
Avondale No. 921	5.00
Wright's Grove No. 779	30.00
Dundee No. 190	2.00
Occidental No. 40	8.00
Alpha No. 155	2.00
Elkhart No. 903	2.00
Hurst No. 1004	2.00
Hesperia No. 411	2.00
Columbia No. 819	2.00
E. F. W. Ellis No. 633	20.00
Beacon Light No. 784	10.00
Circle No. 938	2.00
El Dara No. 388	20.00
Centennial No. 747	20.00
Livingston No. 371	5.00
Beacon Light No. 784	10.00
Rock Island No. 658	10.00
America No. 889	2.00
Bohemia No. 943	10.00
Broadlands No. 791	20.00
Horicon No. 244	50.00
Sumner No. 334	20.00
Crescent No. 895	12.00
Humboldt No. 555	10.00
Ewing No. 705	2.00
Brotherhood No. 986	40.00
Providence No. 711	5.00
Banner Blue No. 924	30.00
Normal Park No. 797	30.00
Kenwood No. 800	2.00
Ogden No. 754	10.00
Composite No. 879	20.00
Glencoe No. 983	20.00
Myrtle No. 795	10.00
Ancient Craft No. 907	20.00
Roseville No. 519	20.00
Apollo No. 642	10.00
Bloomington No. 43	20.00
Piasa No. 27	20.00
Sincerity No. 982	20.00
Wayfarers No. 1001	2.00
Community No. 1005	5.00
Keystone No. 639	20.00
Amity No. 472	10.00
Palace No. 765	20.00
Horicon No. 244	10.00
North Shore No. 937	10.00
Bloomington No. 43	20.00
Crescent No. 895	20.00
Edward Dobbins No. 164	40.00
Ancient Craft No. 907	20.00
Austin No. 850	20.00
Hyde Park No. 989	10.00
Lovington No. 228	20.00
Cyrene No. 987	20.00
Bohemia No. 943	5.00
Payson No. 379	2.00

Dispensations for New Lodges

Paramount, U. D.	$100.00
Christopher, U. D.	100.00
Navoo, U. D.	100.00
Arts & Crafts, U. D.	100.00
Pythagoras, U. D.	100.00
Cosmopolitan, U. D.	100.00
Victory, U. D.	100.00

Installations Since Grand Lodge

During the year it has been my privilege to install those grand officers who could not be present at the session of the grand lodge.

Among my first public acts was one on October 17, 1917 to install Brother William N. Ewing, grand standard bearer in Bloomington Lodge No. 43.

On January 24, 1918 in Springfield Lodge No. 4, I was greatly pleased to install Brother Frank O. Lowden as grand orator. His sterling qualities as a man and Mason, made it fitting that the governor of our great commonwealth should follow in the line of distinguished men who have graced and adorned this position. On this occasion the certificate of honorary membership in the grand lodge was presented. It was most appropriate that Past Grand Master, Ralph H. Wheeler, under whose administration Governor Lowden was made the first honorary member in the Grand Lodge of Illinois, should make the presentation. Brother Wheeler made a forceful and eloquent address.

Again on March 19, 1918 it was my privilege in St. Cecilia Lodge to install Brother William E. Edwards as grand pursuivant.

Right Worshipful Brother George A. Stadler as district deputy grand master installed Brother Charles Tenney as grand steward, on April 20, 1918 in Bement Lodge No. 365. Brother Tenney has the distinction of having been a member of the grand lodge for more than 50 years.

Unauthorized Circulars and Appeals

The wave of patriotism among the rank and file of Masons has risen so high that there has been danger that some of the foundations might be swept away. Remembering the heroic struggle for liberty made by the people of France some of our lodges have been moved to actions which are not in line with Masonic rules and usage. It is not desirable that the methods of the hustings should be invoked to stampede the grand lodge or its executive officers in the performance of well defined and well understood duties.

No one can claim with any degree of justice that the grand East or the grand lodge itself has not been alive to every patriotic impulse that has moved any citizen in the great world struggle for human freedom. Yet, without permission of, or endorsement by the grand master some lodges have taken it upon themselves to circularize other lodges on the recognition of France. No better cause could have been chosen than to appeal to the sentiment of our great fraternity for the land of LaFayette. No one can say too much for the sacrifices of the French people in their defense of their homes and institutions. However good this cause may be, it does

not justify one lodge in appealing to other lodges and brethren to enter into a campaign for the accomplishment of any aim not endorsed and approved by the grand master. If permitted, causes far less worthy and in fact unworthy, might speedily be presented for action. The rule, long established, is that no individual Mason and no lodge shall appeal to the lodges of Illinois without the positive permission of the grand master.

It is not my purpose here to condemn what was done, through the great patriotic impulse of the war, so much as to call attention of lodges to the rule of this grand body against indiscriminate outbursts and appeals to move lodges to unconsidered and often pernicious action.

Recognition of France

Among the Masons of Illinois and in the Masonic press, there has been some discussion of the attitude of this grand lodge toward the grand bodies of France, claiming to be Masonic.

It will be recalled that under the wise leadership of Joseph Robbins, the profoundest Masonic jurist and scholar Illinois ever produced, the hand of fellowship was withdrawn from the Grand Orient as well as the Grand Lodge of France. This was not done in any fit of anger, but action was taken after due deliberation and most thorough investigation. There are certain landmarks or fundamental principles which, if removed, would render Masonry innocuous. It would become a purely benevolent and social association of men merely for pleasure and good fellowship. Mackey's "Encyclopoedia of Masonry" page 442, landmark No. 19, says that "a belief in the existence of God as the Grand Architect of the universe is one of the most important landmarks of the order. It has always been admitted that a denial of the existence of a supreme and superintending power is an absolute disqualification for initiation." If then the candidate must express a belief in Diety to gain admission, how can a grand body be accepted as Masonic after it has deliberately emasculated Masonry by eliminating even the name of God from its code of laws? This, France intentionally did in 1877.

In the 21st, Mackey again says that "it is a landmark that a book of the law (the Bible) shall constitute an indispensable part of the furniture of every lodge." The lodges of France do not comply with this essential of regularity. They place on their altars the book of constitutions, corresponding to our Code or Blue Book.

One other revolutionary action is described on page 290 of Mackey's Encyclopoedia. It says that "One of the most extraordinary acts of the Grand Orient of France has been the recent abolition of the office of grand master, the duties being performed by the president of the council of the

order.'' Thus the supreme authority of the Grand Orient is taken over by another and separate body of the Scottish Rite.

Considering all this it seems extremely unwise to allow mere sentiments of patriotism to rush this grand lodge into action that afterwards it would deplore.

It is my suggestion, therefore, that action be deferred until the calmer counsels of peace may lead us into safer channels than those to be found in the vortex of war.

Dues of Soldiers

The present war crisis brings new problems to be solved. In many lodges the question has arisen as to the dues of soldier-members. Under the law there is no provision for their remission. There is but one cause for this and that cannot apply to men in the service. There is every reason for keeping the boys at the front in good standing in their lodges at home. Under the stress of army and naval service and the uncertainties incident to this, many men may overlook the payment of their dues. The lodge cannot now remit the dues without violating the law. This should be so amended that it would be obligatory on lodges to keep them in good standing. I, therefore, recommend that all men who are in the active service either in the army or navy, be exempt from the payment of lodge dues while in the service.

Physical Qualifications

There is much agitation regarding the physical qualifications of candidates. Our law is rigid in the extreme. It follows from the origin of speculative masonry as a development from the operative art. The ''perfect youth'' theory, still held by many grand lodges, is a relic of conditions long since outgrown. It is the internal and not the external qualifications that fit men to be Freemasons. Even in times of peace our law has been considered unnecessarily drastic. Hundreds of thousands of young men have gone into the service of their country. Many of these are under age now. These, the flower of our young manhood, are at the front battling for the liberty of the whole world and are the special guardians of American institutions. It is my opinion that our law should be so changed as to permit these returning heroes, though maimed and torn in our defense, to apply to our lodges for admission. Of course suitable regulations should be made so that the grand lodge, through the grand master, can supervise and control in cases where this might be abused. I therefore, recommend that an amendment be prepared to bring about the change suggested.

Activities Pertaining to the War

In the great movements of citizens of our country in response to the calls of the government for help in meeting the demands made necessary

by the greatest war in all time, our members and lodges have vied with the patriotic citizens of every community in meeting the calls of our country. In the drives for the sale of Liberty Loan Bonds and War Savings Stamps, Masons have poured out their money and taken an active part in inducing others to make and exceed the quotas of their communities.

They did not halt at investments on the best security on earth and at a fair rate of interest but were among the most liberal givers where there was no return. The Red Cross and the Young Men's Christian Association did not appeal to Masons in vain. They were ever ready to give of their substance while their sons, grand-sons, and neighbors were giving their blood for world freedom. Masonry and patriotism have been and will ever be synonymous terms.

Army Lodges in France

Requests have been made for authority for the organization of army lodges in France. I felt impelled to decline to grant these petitions. There is so much danger involved in this that I did not feel like taking the responsibility. One of the essentials of entrance into Masonry is that of character. Many men enter into the service of their country and make good soldiers who would not make good Masons. The uncertainties of determining the fitness of men are so apparent that there is no security against the admission of the unworthy. These army-made Masons would return to their homes and would be recognized as members of the craft.

War Funds

At the beginning of the great world war it was the feeling of Masons that nothing should be left undone to support the government in its activities and to provide for the necessities of those who donned the uniform and went into the service of their country. The grand lodge at its session last October made provision for the accumulation of a fund by voluntary contribution of one dollar per member of all the brethren in the state. I sent out from time to time through the secretaries of the lodges circular letters calling their attention to this movement. As a consequence of this a considerable sum came into the hands of the grand lodge. As this in itself required no personal appeal to the members of the lodges, it was found that a great many, either through indifference or want of knowledge of the movement, failed to respond. In order to render the effort in this direction more effective I submitted this to the Advisory Council and asked for suggestions as to a more effective plan of reaching all the members of the craft. At this conference a plan was wrought out to be carried on by the district deputy grand masters. Each was furnished with a list of lodges in his district giving their membership and the amount already furnished and asking them to call on the lodges of each district and present in person

the importance of completing a fund equal to one dollar of their membership. This resulted in a very largely increased sum so that on the 15th of May when this work was closed it was found that $133,762.35 had been paid over to the grand treasury. The brethren of the state are to be congratulated on their ready response to this call to care for those of our members who have entered into the service of the United States.

National Defense Fund

There was in addition to this, a movement known as the National Defense Fund. A committee consisting of Brethren Ralph H. Wheeler, Past Grand Master as chairman; Arthur E. Wood, Junior Grand Warden and Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter, R. A. M.; Andrew L. Anderson, Grand Commander, Knights Templar of Illinois; William L. Sharp, Grand Standard Bearer, Grand Encampment of Knights Templar of the United States, and Nelson N. Lampert, were appointed to carry on the work of securing this fund. At the beginning this was somewhat confused in the minds of Masons of the state with the War Fund provided for in the action of the grand lodge. To avoid confusion the War Fund was closed on May 15. Since then the committee have been active in soliciting funds and have secured many contributions and are planning a number of important things at the different camps. The erection of a building at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station is in contemplation for the benefit and entertainment of the Masons located there. The necessity for something of this kind is made apparent because of the large membership in the Anchor and Ark Club of this training camp. Some 3000 Master Masons are members of this club. It is not a lodge, confers no degrees, but is simply an organization for the comfort and entertainment of the men situated there who are members of the fraternity of Masons.

Consideration has been given to the provisions for the soldiers at Camp Grant and other camps located in Illinois. Nothing of a definite character has been done. It is believed that these camps, being more temporary than that at Great Lakes, the necessity for such provision is less urgent. The training camp at Great Lakes is permanent having been established before the war began and is the largest of its kind in the world. The camps at Rockford, Rantoul and Belleville are established to provide for the securing of men for the various departments of the government service. When the war closes these are of necessity to be abandoned. The sums collected have been paid into the treasury of the grand lodge and the amount of the same will be found in the report of the grand treasurer.

A Brother Relieved

But one application for charity has been received during the year. This came as a request from a lodge. The Committee on Charity made care-

ful investigation and found the case to be a worthy one. On the recommendation of this committee an appropriation of $100 was made to assist a member of Covenant Lodge No. 526.

One Case of Discipline

It is matter for congratulation that during the past year there have been but few cases requiring the exercise of discipline over masters or lodges. This indicates a healthy and harmonious condition that is truly commendable. It became necessary to exercise discipline over the worshipful master of Universal Lodge No. 985. Complaint having been made I appointed R. W. Brethren George E. Moore, Albert T. Thompson, and Harry H. Milner, district deputy grand masters, as a commission to investigate and report. The commission recommended that the brother be deposed from office as worshipful master for a period of sixty days. Pursuant to this recommendation I deposed him and placed the lodge in charge of the senior warden.

No Reduced Fares

In times past it has been possible to secure reduced rates on railroads leading to Chicago. Owing to the fact that the railroads are now under the control of the federal government it is not possible to secure any concessions in fares. Application was made to the director general of railroads for the usual reduction but the reply was that under government management all such requests must be denied.

Our Homes

There is little new to be said of our two great Masonic Homes. Each, in its own way, is moving along successfully carrying out the purposes of the craft in educating and training the children of our deceased brothers for useful citizenship and providing a haven of rest for those who have reached the evening of their lives.

The new building at Sullivan has been finished and furnished and is now in use. This completes the trio of buildings originally contemplated. The Royal Arch Memorial Hospital constitutes the excess of original plans. The craft of Illinois is again indebted to the Grand Chapter for the substantial donation of $5000 for the maintenance of the hospital. Our homes are exemplifying in concrete form the real aims and desires of the Masons of Illinois.

A Bequest to Sullivan Home

Through Brother Robert J. Daly, president of the Masonic Home Board, I was advised that a bequest to the home at Sullivan of some $8,000 had been made by Brother Ozias Stotts, late of Mattoon, Illinois. Not being in possession of the facts concerning this, I placed the matter in the hands

of P. G. M. Brother A. H. Bell to take such action as he found to be necessary. So far nothing further has been reported.

Use of the Code Quiz

In the examinations for commissions as grand lecturers, during the past year, the Board of Grand Examiners has required applicants to be questioned as to their knowledge of the law. At each of the examinations held the board prepared a list of 25 to 30 questions from the Code-Quiz. These lists were different at each examination. Brother C. L. Gregory, chairman of the board, reports that the applicants graded from 85 to 95 per cent and that results show the plan of requiring this examination in the law to have been productive of satisfactory results. So far the plan of conforming to Paragraph A, Section 179 of the Code, by requiring applicants for commissions as grand lecturers, to show their proficiency in the laws, rules and regulations of the fraternity, as well as in the ritual, has justified the sum expended in preparing and publishing the Code-Quiz.

The Schools of the Year

It was my pleasant privilege to attend all of the six schools held during the past year. Never has greater efficiency been shown by the Board of Grand Examiners and the large number of grand lecturers in attendance than in the schools of 1918. The perfection to which our system of Masonic instruction has been brought was never better exemplified. The plan of devoting Wednesday evening to more general education in the work of Masonry was followed. The evening sessions were devoted to addresses by distinguished craftsmen. The school at Harrisburg at the last moment was abandoned on account of small pox. The brethren of Eldorado at once arranged for and royally entertained the school. At Eldorado, the grand chaplain, Brother Walter Aitken made a powerful presentation of Masonry, its aims and purposes. At the Danville School, state superintendent of public instruction of Illinois, Brother Frank G. Blair was scheduled to speak but, missing train connections, failed to arrive. Brother Isaac Cutter and others supplied the vacancy in a manner most acceptable. At the school held at Quincy, Attorney General E. J. Brundage made a very interesting address, highly appreciated by all present. At Freeport and Princeton, Brother Blair made telling addresses. At the Chicago School, Supreme Justice, Brother Harry Olson, was the speaker. This was patriotic and instructive.

German Language Lodges

Fully realizing the great danger to American institutions by the German propaganda, I took up with the nine German-language lodges in Illi-

nois the advisability of a change to the medium of speech in America. I had a consultation with the masters of the German lodges in Chicago. A second meeting was then held. At this all the masters, wardens, secretaries and most of the past masters of the lodges in the state, working in the German language, were present. The elective grand officers were called in consultation and with the exception of Brother Goddard were all present at this time. After full consideration, I was gratified to find that six of the nine lodges accepted the suggestion for a change willingly and cheerfully. The disappointment, however, was that there were three recalcitrants. They refused and thus made further exercise of executive power necessary. I have no doubt that the rank and file of the membership of these lodges are in line with the great majority of those in this country who were born in Germany or are the descendants of such. In the present world crisis I felt that we, as Masons, should be in thorough accord with the American spirit and the attitude of the government. Those who have come from foreign land should without hesitation accept our language, customs and spirit and be willing to conform to all patriotic requirements. This should hereafter be a one-language country. Those who come from abroad to our shores should do so willing to become Americans in all respects the same as those of American birth. If they accept the protection and enjoy the privileges guaranteed by our country they should be willing to become component parts of this republic.

I should say also that I felt wholly independent of considerations growing out of the war, that the time had come when the standard work of this grand lodge as taught in our schools of instruction should be followed by all of the lodges in this state. This is an English speaking country. Our laws and customs are founded on the common law of England, and to have lodges in this state working under our authority in a variety of languages is confusing, and in this day unnecessary, since about all Masons in Illinois speak the English language as well or better than any other.

On the refusal of the three German-speaking lodges to change from the language of an alien and enemy country to that of our own, I felt the full power of my office and prerogatives should be exercised to enforce obedience. For these reasons on the 10th day of July, 1918 I promulgated the following edict and caused the same to be sent to and read in all lodges in the state:

To the Worshipful Masters, Wardens, and Brethren of Constituent Lodges:
BRETHREN:—

A World Crisis is impending; the right of the Nations of the World to choose the form of government under which they shall live is attacked by a predatory militaristic power with a savagery and inhumanity which shock the moral sense of the world; the success of this attack would destroy democracy and free government and the achievements of the moral and religious

progress and development of the human race for the past two hundred years; the liberties of all free nations, the perpetuity of the fundamental principles and precepts of Freemasonry now hang in the balance. At such a time, in such a crisis, every loyal and patriotic Mason must be conscious of the personal duty resting upon him to aid in all ways possible, in this supreme moment, to defeat this menace to humanity.

Fully realizing and appreciating the patriotism and loyalty of the members of the nine lodges in this state which have heretofore been using the German language in their ritual and lodge records, and at the same time making grateful acknowledgement of their quick and generous response to the calls made upon the Masons of this state to support the government in the Liberty loans, the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., and the two grand lodge funds for the benefit of Masons in the service and the government in its war aims generally; and having been advised that six of the nine German speaking lodges of this state have already taken favorable action in the matter which is the subject of this edict; and profoundly convinced that the welfare and growth and future progress and development of the German speaking lodges in this state will be prompted by a generous and fraternal acceptance and observance of this edict:

Therefore I, Austin H. Scrogin, Grand Master of Masons in the State of Illinois, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby issue and promulgate this edict.

Beginning with the second stated meeting in August, 1918, the English language only shall thereafter be used by each of the constituent lodges in this state, in recording its minutes.

In the constituent lodges in this state which have heretofore used the German language in their ritualistic work, the English language shall be used in all ritualistic work as soon as the officers shall have acquired the necessary proficiency to properly conduct the work in the English language; and from and after the fifteenth day of January, 1919, the English language only shall be used in all ritualistic work in all the lodges in this state.

It is ordered that this edict be read in full in open lodge at the first stated meeting after it shall be received.

It is further ordered that this edict be entered in full upon the records of each lodge and be made a part of the proceedings of said lodge at the meeting at which it is read.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the M. W. Grand Lodge this 10th day of July, A. D. 1918, A. L. 5918 at Lexington, Ill.

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

(SEAL)

Attest: ISAAC CUTTER
Grand Secretary.

Notwithstanding the promulgation of the foregoing edict one lodge defied the authority of the Grand Master. This was Lessing Lodge, No. 557 of Chicago. When the edict was received, by a practically unanimous vote it was ignored. The master permitted discussion and allowed the motion to be made and put to a vote. On receipt of information of the lodge's action, I visited them and when the vote taken was confirmed by the records I arrested the charter for insubordination.

It is my belief that the master and the members of the lodge were ignorant of the power and prerogative of the Grand Master. Their loyalty has not been questioned. I, therefore, recommend that on compliance with the edict the charter be restored.

An Unusual Occasion

One of the most pleasant incidents of my year's work was a meeting in Cornerstone Lodge, No. 875 on the 16th day of May, 1918. At this time it was my privilege to confer the 3rd degree on Bro. Horace M. Blood, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Illinois. There were present Brethren Dan G. Fitzgerrell, deputy grand master; Arthur E. Wood, junior grand warden and Isaac Cutter, grand serectary and the entire Board of Grand Examiners, together with enough grand lecturers to fill all stations and places with commissioned men. A very large attendance of Masons, many of whom were Odd Fellows, were present to see a grand master of Masons confer the sublime degree of Master Mason on a grand master of another fraternity.

George Washington Memorial

The George Washington National Memorial Association held its annual meeting at the city of Alexandria, Va., on February 21 and 22, 1918. Owing to the pressure of official duties, I was unable to attend. It was my pleasure to name R. W. Brother Elmer E. Beach, senior grand warden, as the representative of the grand lodge. Brother Beach attended and made report of the condition and progress of this great enterprise. It is my feeling that our grand lodge should have a more vital part in this important work than it has, heretofore, seen fit to take. The demands in support of our homes and other works of necessity are great. We should not, however, allow this memorial to the world's greatest apostle of human freedom and one who was ever proud to be seen adorned with the badge of a Mason, to be completed without some participation in a material way.

To show more fully the details of this memorial movement, appended hereto will be found the report of Brother Elmer E. Beach.

Feb. 26, 1918.

Dear Bro. Scrogin:—

I have the pleasure of making report to you concerning the trip to attend the last meeting of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Association held at Alexandria, Va., on the 21 and 22 of this month, which meeting I attended at your request, as your representative.

There were something more than fifteen states represented, with two or three grand bodies represented by delegates from the same state in some cases, there being about forty delegates in attendance all told. There was considerable enthusiasm for the accomplishment of the purposes of the as-

sociation, evidenced by the speeches of the delegates made upon the reception of the report of the Ways and Means Committee. Finally, a committee was appointed to formulate a working plan for the purpose of raising the necessary money for the building of the memorial and its endowment. During the last year greater progress has been made than in any like period heretofore, and the association now has about $120,000.00 in cash and pledges from grand lodges which are supposed to be, of course, absolutely good. A plan was drafted and approved by the delegates providing for the organization of the country by dividing it into ten divisions, with one division chairman in each, he to see to the appointment of a state superintendent or chairman in each state, these appointments, however, to be made, wherever possible, by the nomination or appointment of the grand master in each state. These state chairmen were then to organize their various states into districts, with a chairman in each, and thus begin a campaign of education for the present, after which (and it was hoped this would come next year) a drive would be made to raise the funds necessary. A detailed report of this plan will be mailed a little later to me, I presume, or to you; if to me, I will forward it to you.

Last year the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania subscribed $10,000.00 to this fund. A similar amount was subscribed by another grand jurisdiction, $5,000.00 by another, and many of the delegates expressed confidence that the sum required would be soon available or in sight. It seemed to be the consensus of opinion that Washington, as a Mason, was valuable to the fraternity by reason of his prominence and his distinguished services to the country. His intense loyalty and patriotism are believed to be potent factors in the efforts throughout the nation, and especially among Masons, to stimulate our people to emulate those distinguished virtues. From this point of view alone, if from no others, the success of the movement to establish this memorial seems very desirable and important.

The entire trip was enjoyable to me in that I was able to meet the distinguished delegates from other grand jurisdictions and become more thoroughly acquainted with the project and the sentiment back of it. The pilgrimage to Mt. Vernon was also interesting.

Fraternally yours,

ELMER E. BEACH.

FRATERNAL CONFERENCE AT WASHINGTON

There was held in the city of Washington on December 13, 1917 a meeting of the representatives of all fraternal organizations in connection with those of fraternal insurance societies. It was my privilege to be present as your representative together with Deputy Grand Master Dan G. Fitzgerrell and Past Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler. The call for this conference came from the President of the United States. It was stated by a representative of the government that it was not the desire of the department to have the fraternal societies form a great organization for the distribution of war loans. This was provided for in the Federal Reserve Districts provided by law. The object of the meeting was stated by a representative of the Treasury Department to be that all brotherhoods and all organiza-

tions of fraternal societies should be made to feel that they are centers "for the distribution of patriotic propaganda throughout this entire country."

The aims and purposes of the government were presented by Secretary of the Treasury, William G. McAdoo in a lengthy address. As a result of the conference the following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, that this convention composed of the representatives of the fraternal orders and fraternal insurance societies of the United States thank the Secretary of the Treasury for calling this meeting; further, that we pledge our respective societies and ourselves to cooperate with the Secretary of the Treasury in every way within our power in the placing of and subscribing for the securities of the government for the prosecution of the war in behalf of the preservation of the liberty of the world.

It was the privilege of all the visitors to accept an invitation to call upon President Wilson at the White House. All accepted this courtesy and made a visit to the chief executive of the nation in his official office.

Little was done more than to inspire the heads of the great fraternal organizations of the country to a more enthusiastic participation in the war activities of the nation.

The New York Conference

Pursuant to a call of the grand master of New York, a conference of grand masters was held in the city of New York on May 10, 1918. Being unable to attend, owing to the pressure of official business, I appointed Past Grand Master Alexander H. Bell as my representative.

This meeting was called to consider the part the Masons of America should take in the great conflict overseas. The question of sending representatives to France to establish Masonic headquarters for the benefit of the soldiers from this country was then under discussion. It was given thorough consideration. The Grand Lodge of New York has published a book of 208 pages giving a verbatim report of the proceedings of this meeting. It is needless for me to say that Brother Bell was a leading factor in the extended discussion. As the outcome, the following was adopted:

Resolved, that it is the sense of the brethren here assembled, hailing from the following grand jurisdictions, Massachusetts, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Oklahoma, Ohio, New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Oregon, New Hampshire and New York, that there is present need for Masonic service overseas to minister to Masons with the Colors in the forces of the United States; that some service lies in the cities, the recreation centers to which the boys go in large numbers while on leave, in work that may be approved by the War Department; that in such cities, seemingly, there should be established general Masonic headquarters where Masons may receive Masonic welcome, comfort and encouragement and where our boys may be hosts at home; that the duplication of such headquarters in one and the same town would be a waste of energy and funds; that such head-

quarters be manned from time to time by workers from any or all of our jurisdictions as circumstances permit; that the expense thereof be paid so far as possible out of a general fund; that the fund be dedicated to Masonic Fraternal Service Overseas; that the several Masonic jurisdictions be invited to contribute to this fund on an annual basis for each member; that the management of the fund be entrusted to a committee composed of representatives of the several contributing jurisdictions, selected as each jurisdiction sees fit; that each such jurisdiction cast one vote; that this service be in no wise exclusive, but rather a tribute to and token of Masonic Brotherhood without regard to territorial divisions; that we recommend that the several grand lodges in the United States create War Boards ready to engage in this work as demand may appear, and we also recommend the presentation of this plan to our several jurisdictions.

Brother Bell spoke and voted against the adoption of this resolution.

Brother Bell's position was that the funds of each grand lodge should be under its control. He insisted that the money of this grand jurisdiction should be in charge of some Illinois Mason who would be directly responsible to this grand lodge. The plan of putting the money of the several grand lodges into one common fund was strenuously opposed by our representative. Brother Bell says in his report that "I am impressed with the conviction that you ought immediately to put at the head of this affair some man of discretion and business sense and tact in dealing with men and let him take with him about two men of his own choosing or of your appointment and arrange immediately to go if possible on the same ship with the New York men so that co-operation may begin at the earliest possible date."

The proposition involved was of such magnitude and grave concern that I did not feel willing to take the responsibility of the step suggested without referring it to the grand lodge. For this reason I deferred action and present the entire matter to you. In view of the great work being done in France by the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., Salvation Army and other organizations recognized and authorized by the government, there was little need of haste. I am advised that the New York representatives have already gone over. When they get into action their experience will enable us to act with a greater degree of intelligence.

I, therefore, present the entire matter to you without recommendation, for your action.

Conclusion

My stewardship is ended, my labors for our great fraternity completed. I come to render an account of my work as your steward. We hear in these strenuous days from many the injunction "Do your bit," but this has not been my aim—I have rather endeavored to do my best. That the affairs of so great a financial and fraternal institution as this bring great cares and grave responsibilities is a fact so self-evident that it need not be stated.

My entire time has been cheerfully given. To have made mistakes I do not hesitate to admit for "to err is human." However, by the ready and willing assistance of my corps of officers, the Advisory Council and numerous other loyal and intelligent Masons, mistakes have been reduced to a minimum. The extra complications incident to the greatest war of all ages have taxed my strength and capacity to the utmost. Yet in all this my work has been a labor of love. I have put my heart, my soul, my all into it. While I may not have helped others I certainly have received great benefit to myself.

"There is a destiny that makes us brothers,
None goes his way alone,
All that we put into the life of others
Comes back to us in our own."

As I complete the term of service to which you have called me I should be most ungrateful if I did not from the bottom of my heart say to all whose assistance I have received—I sincerely thank you.

The report of the grand master was referred to the Committee on Grand Master's Report.

Official papers and other documents appertaining to the grand master's report will be found in the appendix.

REPORT—Grand Treasurer.

Bro. Leroy A. Goddard, right worshipful grand treasurer, presented his report and asked that it be referred to the Committee on Finance. It was so referred.

LEROY A. GODDARD, *Grand Treasurer,*
In account with M. W. Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. of Illinois.

GENERAL FUND.

DEBIT.

1917.			
Oct.	6	Balance on hand as per last report	$ 85,396.18
1918.			
Feb.	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	$ 4,000.00
Mar.	29	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	1,000.00

April	4	Loan from War Relief Fund	30,000.00	
April	16	Loan from War Relief Fund	30,000.00	
June	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	2,000.00	
July	10	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	20,000.00	
July	17	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	15,000.00	
July	26	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	10,000.00	
Aug.	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	15,000.00	
Aug.	8	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	7,000.00	
Aug.	29	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	25,000.00	
Sept.	28	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	4,790.49	
				163,790.49
Total				$249,186.67

CREDIT.

By mileage and per diem paid officers and committees since last report, as per vouchers returned herewith	$ 3,881.90	
By mileage and per diem paid representatives since last report, as per vouchers returned herewith	17,212.80	
By miscellaneous vouchers paid since last report, as per vouchers herewith Nos. 431, 440, 444, 448 to 466, 468 to 475, 479 to 483, 485 to 496, 500, 501, 503 to 526, 530, 531, 533 to 568, 572, 573, 575 to 599, 604 to 627, 632 to 658, 663 to 682, 687 to 710, 715 to 741, 746 to 749, 750 payment of loan from War Relief Fund, 751 to 775, 780 to 832, 834 to 838, 843 to 847 all inclusive	187,695.92	
By salaries paid grand officers since last report, as per vouchers returned herewith, Nos. 476 to 478, 484, 497 to 499, 502, 527 to 529, 532, 569 to 571, 574, 600 to 603, 628 to 631, 659 to 662, 683 to 686, 711 to 714, 742 to 745, 776 to 779, 839 to 842, all inclusive	8,200.00	
		216,990.62
Oct. 4, 1918 Balance in Bank		32,196.05
Total		$249,186.67

Charity Fund.

DEBIT.

1917.				
Oct.	6	Balance on hand as per last report		$ 21,629.20
Nov.	9	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	$ 5,000.00	
Dec.	8	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	10,000.00	
1918.				
Jan.	2	From Isaac Cutter R. W. grand secretary	10,000.00	
Feb.	1	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	2,000.00	
Feb.	8	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	7,000.00	
Feb.	14	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	3,000.00	
Feb.	26	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	5,000.00	
Mar.	21	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	8,000.00	
April	4	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	10,000.00	
April	24	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	15,000.00	
May	15	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	10,000.00	
June	1	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	1,000.00	
July	1	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	1,500.00	
July	3	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	10,000.00	
July	10	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	15,000.00	
July	17	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	10,000.00	
July	26	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	15,000.00	
Aug.	1	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	10,000.00	
Aug.	8	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	3,000.00	
Aug.	29	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	20,000.00	
Sept.	28	From Isaac Cutter, R. W. grand secretary	4,023.08	
				174,523.08
		Total		$196,152.28

CREDIT.

		By vouchers herewith paid since last report, numbers: 70 to 117, inclusive	$135,275.00
Oct.	4, 1918	Balance in Bank	60,877.28
			$196,152.28

War Relief Fund 1917-1918.

DEBIT.

1917.			
Dec.	14	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	$ 8,000.00
1918.			
Jan.	22	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	12,000.00
Feb.	2	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	7,000.00

Feb.	25	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	5,000.00
Mar.	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	7,000.00
April	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	17,000.00
April	18	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	10,000.00
May	2	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	20,000.00
May	14	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	15,000.00
June	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	15,000.00
July	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	4,500.00
Aug.	1	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	7,000.00
Aug.	8	Payment of loan to General Fund	60,000.00
Sept.	28	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	5,912.35
		Total	$193,412.35

CREDIT.

		By vouchers herewith, numbers 1 and 2, loan to General Fund	$ 60,000.00
1918.			
Oct.	4	Balance in Bank	133,412.35
		Total	$193,412.35

PERMANENT FUND 1917-1918.

DEBIT.

1917.			
Oct.	6	Balance in Bank	$ 302.00
1918.			
Sept.	28	From Isaac Cutter, grand secretary	475.00
		Total	$ 777.00

NO CREDIT.

Oct.	4, 1918	Balance in Bank	$ 777.00

NATIONAL DEFENSE FUND 1917-1918.

DEBIT.

1917.			
Dec.	11	From committee	$ 1,830.00
Dec.	22	From committee	1,251.82
Dec.	31	From committee	100.00
		December interest	2.24

1918.			
Jan.	17	From committee	25.00
Jan.	31	From committee	274.00
		January interest	4.32
Feb.	5	From committee	561.00
Feb.	8	From committee	52.00
Feb.	15	From committee	78.00
Feb.	21	From committee	237.00
Feb.	25	From committee	287.00
		February interest	4.00
Mar.	1	From committee	743.50
Mar.	7	From committee	1,523.50
Mar.	13	From committee	827.00
Mar.	16	From committee	893.00
Mar.	20	From committee	1,969.50
Mar.	21	From committee	981.10
Mar.	26	From committee	1,488.00
Mar.	28	From committee	1,557.50
		March interest	8.86
April	1	From committee	1,735.50
April	4	From committee	1,584.90
April	6	From committee	1,201.50
April	9	From committee	1,052.00
April	12	From committee	1,394.00
April	16	From committee	2,215.55
April	18	From committee	1,249.50
April	23	From committee	1,370.00
April	30	From committee	2,351.50
		April interest	28.59
May	2	From committee	1,511.00
May	7	From committee	1,004.50
May	9	From committee	889.00
May	13	From committee	1,588.00
May	17	Form committee	1,363.75
May	22	From committee	983.00
May	27	From committee	1,092.00
		May interest	44.54
June	4	From committee	1,423.50
June	11	From committee	938.50
June	14	From committee	777.00
June	19	From committee	963.00
June	28	From committee	3,232.80
		June interest	52.70

July	2	From committee	702.00
July	3	From committee	1,204.50
July	11	From committee	1,262.05
July	15	From committee	78.50
July	16	From committee	1,853.00
July	23	From committee	1,404.50
July	29	From committee	945.00
		July interest	59.44
Aug.	3	From committee	1,219.50
Aug.	8	From committee	1,053.50
Aug.	14	From committee	1,008.00
Aug.	15	From committee	736.45
Aug.	22	From committee	1,603.50
Aug.	29	From committee	586.00
		August interest	71.83
Sept.	5	From committee	4,553.44
Sept.	12	From committee	3,554.50
Sept.	18	From committee	1,407.50
Sept.	26	From committee	11,451.50
Sept.	30	From committee	9,047.98
		Total	$ 88,547.36

CREDIT.

		By vouchers herewith, Nos. 1 to 16, 18 to 32, 34 to 41, 43 to 83, 85 to 90, all inclusive	$ 14,782.87
Oct.	4, 1918	Balance in Bank	73,764.49
			$ 88,547.36

In addition to the cash balances as reported, the M. W. grand lodge owns the following securities, all of which are now in my possession as grand treasurer and are deposited in safety vault specifically designated as the property of the M. W. grand lodge.

CHARITY FUND.

Certificate No. 203 for eight shares of stock of Masonic Temple trust from National Lodge No. 596, defunct $ 800.00

HOME FOR AGED FUND.

One Wabash Railroad Company first mortgage 4% gold bond, Toledo and Chicago Division, due March 1, 1941, interest March and September, numbered 1722, gift of I. M. H. for Aged, dissolved 1,000.00

Seven City of Chicago Harbor Construction bonds, numbered 3531 to 3537, both inclusive, all due January 1, 1927, interest at 4%, January and July, for $1,000.00 each, gift of I. M. H. for Aged, dissolved	7,000.00
	$ 8,000.00

ILLINOIS MASONIC ORPHANS' HOME.

Fifteen registered Illinois Central Railroad Company 4% gold bonds, due November 1, 1953, $1,000.00 each, numbered 7133 to 7144 both inclusive; 13060, 13086 and 13089; interest due May and November, gift of I. M. O. H.	15,000.00
One County of Cook 4% Court House Bond, due September 1, 1919, numbered 3265, interest March and September, gift of I. M. O. H.	1,000.00
Ten Town of North Chicago 4% Lincoln Park Bonds, due May 1, 1924, $1,000.00 each, numbered 401 to 410 both inclusive, interest May and November, gift of I. M. O. H.	10,000.00
Eight Mattoon Township, Coles County, Illinois, 4% refunding bonds, due May 1, 1920, $1,000.00 each, numbered 30 to 37 both inclusive, interest May first annually, gift of I. M. O. H.	8,000.00
Five Illinois Central Railroad 4% gold bonds, due April 1, 1952, $500.00 each, numbered 14218, 14219, 14220, 15418, 15592, interest April and October first, gift of I. M. O. H.	2,500.00
One County of Cook 4% Infirmary bond, Series J, due June 1, 1928, interest June and December 1, numbered 2293, gift of I. M. O. H.	500.00
One County of Cook 4% infirmary bond, Series M, due June 1, 1929, interest June and December 1, numbered 794, gift of I. M. O. H.	1,000.00
One City of Chicago Harbor Construction Bond, numbered 4593, due July 1, 1932, interest January and July 1, $1,000.00, gift of I. M. O. H.	1,000.00
Certificate No. 103 for 47½ shares of the capital stock of Western Lime and Cement Company, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, bequest under will of Charles C. Bishop, deceased	4,750.00
Certificate No. 57 for 204 shares of the capital stock of Union Lime Company, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, bequest under will of Charles C. Bishop, deceased	20,400.00
Ten City of Chicago Harbor Construction Bonds, numbered 4597 to 4606 both inclusive, all due July 1, 1932, interest January and July 1, for $1,000.00 each, bequest under will of Charles C. Bishop, deceased	10,000.00

Ten County of Cook 4% Forest Preserve Bonds, Series B, due September 1, 1932, $1,000.00 each, numbered 1654 to 1663 both inclusive, coupons due March and September, gift of I. M. O. H..... 10,000.00

One gold bond of the United States of America, dated May 9, 1918, and due September 15, 1928, No. 2512298 for $50.00; interest payable March and September each year, gift of Fellowship Club of Crane Company..... 50.00

$ 84,200.00

MASONIC HOME FUND.

One bond of City of Chicago (4% Police Department Building Bond) due January 1, 1922, numbered D-108, coupons due January and July 1, bequest under will of Harry C. Hughes, deceased 500.00

GENERAL FUND.

Four County of Cook Infirmary bonds, Series J, 4%, due June 1, 1926, interest payable June and December first, for $1,000.00 each, Nos. 1478 to 1481 inclusive..... 4,000.00

Ten bonds, Cook County Infirmary, Series M, 4%, due June 1, 1928, interest payable June and December first, for $1,000.00 each, Nos. 716 to 725 inclusive..... 10,000.00

Three bonds, County of Cook, Series 1, 4% Court House bonds, due September 1, 1923, interest payable March and September first, for $1,000.00 each, Nos. 4482 to 4484 inclusive.... 3,000.00

Two City of Cleveland, 5% bridge bonds due April 1, 1925, interest payable April and October first, for $1,000.00 each, Nos. 24803 and 24805..... 2,000.00

Five County Hospital 4% bonds, Series N, County of Cook, due July 1, 1930, interest payable January and July first, numbered 736 to 740 both inclusive..... 5,000.00

Twenty County Hospital 4% Series N, County of Cook Bonds, due July 1, 1929, interest payable January and July first, numbered 676 to 694, both inclusive and 696..... 20,000.00

Twenty-five Health Department for construction of Municipal Garbage Reduction Works bonds of City of Chicago, due January 1, 1935, interest payable January and July first, for $1,000.00 each, numbered M-471 to M-495 inclusive.... 25,000.00

Twenty-five Fifteen-Thirty year 3½% gold bonds of the United States of America, dated June 15, 1917, numbered 479654

to 479664 inclusive, 485575 to 485584 inclusive, 479591 to 479594 inclusive, for $1,000.00 each, interest payable June and December each year	25,000.00
	$ 94,000.00

War Relief Fund.

Three 4¼% gold bonds of the United States of America, dated May 9, 1918 and due September 15, 1928, numbered 301778 to 301780 inclusive for $100.00 each and one 4¼% bond number 1675373 for $50.00 interest payable March and September each year, contribution from Friendship Lodge No. 7, Dixon, Illinois	350.00
	$ 350.00

Summary.

Securities on hand, all funds	$187,850.00
Cash on hand, all funds	301,027.17
Total Assets in Treasury	$488,877.17

Fraternally submitted,

LEROY A. GODDARD,
Grand Treasurer.

I hereby certify that at the close of business on October 4, 1918, the State Bank of Chicago held on deposit the following balance due the Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. of Illinois: General Fund $32,196.05; Charity Fund $60,877.28; War Relief Fund $133,412.35; Permanent Fund $777.00; National Defense Fund $73,764.49; Total $301,027.17.

HENRY S. HENSCHEN,
Cashier.

REPORT—Grand Secretary.

Bro. Isaac Cutter, right worshipful grand secretary, presented his report, together with his cash book and ledger, and asked that they be referred to the Committee on Finance. They were so referred.

Isaac Cutter, Grand Secretary, in account with the M. W. Grand Lodge of Illinois, A. F. & A. M.

DUES RECEIVED FROM LODGES.

LODGES.	NO.	DUES.	LODGES.	NO.	DUES.
Bodley	1	$340.00	White Hall	80	128.00
Equality	2	48.00	Vitruvius	81	87.00
Harmony	3	271.00	DeWitt	84	229.00
Springfield	4	306.00	Mitchell	85	116.00
Friendship	7	426.00	Kaskaskia	86	40.00
Macon	8	813.00	Mt. Pulaski	87	91.00
Rushville	9	141.00	Havana	88	128.00
St. John	13	150.00	Fellowship	89	160.00
Warren	14	60.00	Jerusalem Temple	90	504.00
Peoria	15	650.00	Metropolis	91	148.00
Temperance	16	119.00	Stewart	92	163.00
Macomb	17	182.00	Toulon	93	121.00
Clinton	19	184.00	Perry	95	62.00
Hancock	20	170.00	Samuel H. Davis	96	112.00
Cass	23	249.00	Excelsior	97	496.00
St. Clair	24	252.00	Taylor	98	118.00
Franklin	25	217.00	Edwardsville	99	185.00
Piasa	27	280.00	Astoria	100	109.00
Pekin	29	156.00	Rockford	102	907.00
Mt. Vernon	31	240.00	Magnolia	103	105.00
Oriental	33	625.00	Lewistown	104	117.00
Barry	34	115.00	Winchester	105	106.00
Charleston	35	253.00	Lancaster	106	133.00
Kavanagh	36	78.00	Versailles	108	62.00
Monmouth	37	308.00	Trenton	109	91.00
Olive Branch	38	583.00	Lebanon	110	56.00
Herman	39	186.00	Jonesboro	111	85.00
Occidental	40	326.00	Robert Burns	113	130.00
Mt. Joliet	42	696.00	Marcelline	114	65.00
Bloomington	43	611.00	Rising Sun	115	109.00
Hardin	44	129.00	Vermont	116	60.00
Griggsville	45	68.00	Elgin	117	613.00
Temple	46	1113.00	Waverly	118	111.00
Caledonia	47	63.00	Henry	119	98.00
Unity	48	161.00	Mound	122	202.00
Cambridge	49	115.00	Oquawka	123	58.00
Carrollton	50	167.00	Cedar	124	185.00
Mt. Moriah	51	203.00	Greenup	125	95.00
Benevolent	52	67.00	Empire	126	222.00
Jackson	53	208.00	Antioch	127	94.00
Washington	55	103.00	Raleigh	128	67.00
Trio	57	414.00	Greenfield	129	96.00
Fraternal	58	135.00	Marion	130	189.00
New Boston	59	115.00	Golconda	131	108.00
Belvidere	60	338.00	Mackinaw	132	67.00
Lacon	61	98.00	Marshall	133	146.00
St. Mark	63	181.00	Sycamore	134	199.00
Benton	64	164.00	Lima	135	64.00
Euclid	65	171.00	Hutsonville	136	47.00
Pacific	66	76.00	Polk	137	102.00
Acacia	67	211.00	Marengo	138	113.00
Eureka	69	84.00	Geneva	139	101.00
Central	71	344.00	Olney	140	158.00
Chester	72	89.00	Garden City	141	1652.00
Rockton	74	128.00	Ames	142	86.00
Roscoe	75	121.00	Richmond	143	77.00
Mt. Nebo	76	148.00	DeKalb	144	208.00
Prairie	77	260.00	A. W. Rawson	145	89.00
Waukegan	78	571.00	Lee Centre	146	60.00
Scott	79	86.00	Clayton	147	93.00

LODGE DUES RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR 1918.—*Continued.*

LODGES.	NO.	DUES.	LODGES.	NO.	DUES.
Bloomfield	148	181.00	Pana	226	231.00
Effingham	149	108.00	Columbus	227	38.00
Vienna	150	92.00	Lovington	228	107.00
Bunker Hill	151	88.00	Manchester	229	81.00
Fidelity	152	81.00	New Haven	230	84.00
Clay	153	116.00	Wyanet	231	45.00
Russell	154	140.00	Farmers	232	68.00
Alpha	155	283.00	Blandinsville	233	112.00
Delavan	156	125.00	DuQuoin	234	137.00
Urbana	157	465.00	Dallas City	235	122.00
McHenry	158	111.00	Charter Oak	236	124.00
Kewanee	159	253.00	Cairo	237	237.00
Waubansia	160	533.00	Black Hawk	238	122.00
Virden	161	174.00	Mt. Carmel	239	285.00
Hope	162	109.00	Western Star	240	511.00
Edward Dobbins	164	155.00	Shekinah	241	240.00
Atlanta	165	109.00	Galva	243	141.00
Star in the East	166	903.00	Horicon	244	184.00
Milford	168	83.00	Greenville	245	154.00
Nunda	169	128.00	El Paso	246	173.00
Evergreen	170	286.00	Rob Morris	247	97.00
Girard	171	113.00	Golden Gate	248	59.00
Wayne	172	60.00	Hibbard	249	44.00
Cherry Valley	173	55.00	Robinson	250	176.00
Lena	174	78.00	Heyworth	251	114.00
Matteson	175	537.00	Aledo	252	185.00
Mendota	176	140.00	Avon Harmony	253	52.00
Staunton	177	263.00	Aurora	254	467.00
Illinois Central	178	127.00	Donnelson	255	67.00
Wabash	179	47.00	Warsaw	257	76.00
Moweaqua	180	114.00	Mattoon	260	349.00
Germania	182	432.00	Amon	261	52.00
Meridian	183	65.00	Channahon	262	38.00
Abingdon	185	104.00	Illinois	263	605.00
Mystic Tie	187	92.00	Franklin Grove	264	43.00
Cyrus	188	141.00	Vermilion	265	60.00
Fulton City	189	93.00	Kingston	266	58.00
Dundee	190	180.00	La Prairie	267	64.00
Farmington	192	137.00	Paris	268	293.00
Herrick	193	53.00	Wheaton	269	203.00
Freedom	194	58.00	Levi Lusk	270	27.00
La Harpe	195	153.00	Blaney	271	390.00
Louisville	196	85.00	Carmi	272	112.00
King Solomon's	197	73.00	Miners	273	189.00
Homer	199	111.00	Byron	274	103.00
Sheba	200	70.00	Milton	275	49.00
Centralia	201	255.00	Elizabeth	276	43.00
Lavely	203	90.00	Accordia	277	279.00
Flora	204	136.00	Jo Daviess	278	165.00
Corinthian	205	70.00	Neoga	279	127.00
Fairfield	206	140.00	Kansas	280	99.00
Tamaroa	207	57.00	Brooklyn	282	88.00
Wilmington	208	129.00	Meteor	283	129.00
Wm. B. Warren	209	698.00	Catlin	285	151.00
Logan	210	224.00	Plymouth	286	73.00
Cleveland	211	905.00	De Soto	287	135.00
Shipman	212	56.00	Genoa	288	116.00
Ipava	213	79.00	Wataga	291	36.00
Gillespie	214	143.00	Chenoa	292	133.00
Newton	216	125.00	Prophetatown	293	81.00
Mason	217	52.00	Pontiac	294	228.00
New Salem	218	41.00	Dills	295	53.00
Oakland	219	148.00	Quincy	296	225.00
Mahomet	220	79.00	Benjamin	297	119.00
LeRoy	221	115.00	Wauconda	298	76.00
George Washington	222	152.00	Hinckley	301	123.00

LODGE DUES RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR 1918.—*Continued.*

LODGES.	NO.	DUES.	LODGES.	NO.	DUES.
Durand	302	73.00	Waltham	384	74.00
Raven	303	81.00	Mississippi	385	228.00
Onarga	305	82.00	Bridgeport	386	190.00
William C. Hobbs	306	101.00	El Dara	388	46.00
T. J. Pickett	307	135.00	Kankakee	389	381.00
Ashlar	308	818.00	Ashmor	390	86.00
Harvard	309	273.00	Tolono	391	93.00
Dearborn	310	1011.00	Oconee	392	60.00
Kilwinning	311	758.00	Blair	393	687.00
Ionic	312	653.00	Jerseyville	394	156.00
York	313	89.00	Muddy Point	396	43.00
Palatine	314	129.00	Shiloh	397	57.00
Abraham Jonas	316	52.00	Kinmundy	398	139.00
J. L. Anderson	318	106.00	Buda	399	48.00
Doric	319	502.00	Odell	401	70.00
Creston	320	55.00	Kishwaukee	402	73.00
Dunlap	321	126.00	Mason City	403	150.00
Windsor	322	70.00	Batavia	404	167.00
Orient	323	28.00	Ramsey	405	83.00
Harrisburg	325	288.00	Bethalto	406	42.00
Industry	327	74.00	Stratton	408	83.00
Altona	330	59.00	Thos. J. Turner	409	487.00
Mt. Erie	331	30.00	Mithra	410	255.00
Tuscola	332	194.00	Hesperia	411	719.00
Tyrian	333	327.00	Evening Star	414	65.00
Sumner	334	110.00	Lawn Ridge	415	52.00
Schiller	335	153.00	Paxton	416	156.00
New Columbia	336	90.00	Marseilles	417	137.00
Oneida	337	72.00	Freeburg	418	62.00
Saline	339	58.00	Reynoldsburg	419	28.00
Kedron	340	53.00	Oregon	420	176.00
Full Moon	341	84.00	Washburn	421	81.00
Summerfield	342	25.00	Landmark	422	711.00
Wenona	344	85.00	Lanark	423	84.00
Milledgeville	345	125.00	Exeter	424	34.00
N. D. Morse	346	52.00	Scottville	426	95.00
Sidney	347	67.00	Red Bud	427	37.00
Flat Rock	348	113.00	Sunbeam	428	103.00
Sublette	349	25.00	Chebanse	429	51.00
Fairview	350	90.00	Kendrick	430	51.00
Tarbolton	351	165.00	Summit	431	88.00
Groveland	352	55.00	Murrayville	432	48.00
Kinderhook	353	51.00	Atkinson	433	96.00
Ark and Anchor	354	127.00	Makanda	434	72.00
Marine	355	50.00	Philo	436	71.00
Hermitage	356	107.00	Chicago	437	604.00
Orion	358	61.00	Camargo	440	57.00
Blackberry	359	116.00	Sparland	441	40.00
Princeville	360	101.00	Casey	442	122.00
Douglas	361	50.00	Hampshire	443	105.00
Noble	362	66.00	Cave-in-Rock	444	54.00
Horeb	363	124.00	Chesterfield	445	62.00
Tonica	364	51.00	Watseka	446	190.00
Bement	365	135.00	S. D. Monroe	447	53.00
Arcola	366	158.00	Yates City	448	61.00
Oxford	367	64.00	Mendon	449	94.00
Jefferson	368	71.00	Loami	450	77.00
Newman	369	118.00	Bromwell	451	108.00
Livingston	371	122.00	New Hartford	453	48.00
Chamberaburg	373	31.00	Maroa	454	124.00
Shabonna	374	97.00	Irving	455	95.00
Aroma	378	74.00	Nokomis	456	184.00
Payson	379	82.00	Blazing Star	458	65.00
Liberty	380	38.00	Jeffersonville	460	55.00
Gill	382	36.00	Plainview	461	40.00
LaMoilla	383	74.00	Tremont	462	34.00

LODGE DUES RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR 1918.—*Continued.*

LODGES.	NO.	DUES.	LODGES.	NO.	DUES.
Palmyra	463	84.00	Lockport	538	147.00
Denver	464	41.00	Chatsworth	539	50.00
Huntsville	465	61.00	Oak Park	540	972.00
Cobden	466	81.00	Stewardson	541	39.00
South Macon	467	104.00	Towanda	542	58.00
Cheney's Grove	468	54.00	Virginia	544	118.00
McLean	469	114.00	Valley	547	58.00
Rantoul	470	128.00	Sharon	550	76.00
Kendall	471	116.00	Long Point	552	43.00
Amity	472	166.00	Plum River	554	231.00
Gordon	473	44.00	Humbolt	555	227.00
Columbia	474	110.00	Dawson	556	60.00
Walshville	475	25.00	Lessing	557	258.00
Manito	476	61.00	Leland	558	78.00
Rutland	477	72.00	Thomson	559	36.00
Pleiades	478	1401.00	Madison	560	41.00
Wyoming	479	131.00	Trinity	562	120.00
Momence	481	119.00	Winslow	564	59.00
Lexington	482	79.00	Pleasant Hill	565	42.00
Edgewood	484	62.00	Albany	566	71.00
Xenia	485	50.00	Frankfort	567	134.00
Bowen	486	77.00	Time	569	38.00
Andrew Jackson	487	27.00	Jacksonville	570	236.00
Clay City	488	108.00	Bardolph	572	42.00
Cooper	489	57.00	Gardner	573	165.00
Shannon	490	67.00	Pera	574	58.00
Martin	491	47.00	Capron	575	93.00
Libertyville	492	204.00	O'Fallon	576	93.00
Tower Hill	493	105.00	Viola	577	83.00
Stone Fort	495	77.00	Prairie City	578	46.00
Colchester	496	96.00	Hazel Dell	580	48.00
Alma	497	82.00	Dongola	581	92.00
Murphysboro	498	171.00	Shirley	582	53.00
St. Paul	500	447.00	Highland	583	116.00
Stark	501	37.00	Vesper	584	297.00
Woodhull	502	59.00	Fisher	585	50.00
Odin	503	35.00	Princeton	587	197.00
East St. Louis	504	649.00	Troy	588	51.00
Meridian Sun	505	126.00	Fairmount	590	78.00
O. H. Miner	506	69.00	Gilman	591	108.00
Home	508	571.00	Fieldon	592	36.00
Parkersburg	509	34.00	Miles Hart	595	68.00
J. D. Moody	510	31.00	Cerro Gordo	600	139.00
Wade-Barney	512	444.00	Farina	601	72.00
Bradford	514	76.00	Watson	602	38.00
Andalusia	516	96.00	Clark	603	144.00
Litchfield	517	133.00	Hebron	604	88.00
Abraham Lincoln	518	140.00	Streator	607	320.00
Roseville	519	112.00	Piper	608	95.00
Anna	520	138.00	Sheldon	609	115.00
Illiopolis	521	110.00	Union Park	610	1305.00
Monitor	522	573.00	Lincoln Park	611	756.00
Chatham	523	83.00	Rock River	612	389.00
Evans	524	552.00	Patoka	613	67.00
Covenant	526	1050.00	Forest	614	106.00
Rossville	527	129.00	Wadley	616	92.00
Minooka	528	77.00	Good Hope	617	62.00
Adams	529	42.00	Basco	618	23.00
Maquon	530	57.00	New Hope	620	30.00
Ashton	531	99.00	Hopedale	622	53.00
Seneca	532	56.00	Locust	623	39.00
Altamont	533	56.00	Union	627	37.00
Cuba	534	94.00	Tuscan	630	70.00
Sherman	535	82.00	Norton	631	50.00
Plainfield	536	146.00	Ridge Farm	632	102.00
J. R. Gorin	537	64.00	E. F. W. Ellis	633	257.00

LODGE DUES RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR 1918.—*Continued.*

LODGES.	NO.	DUES.	LODGES.	NO.	DUES.
Buckley	634	21.00	Arcana	717	895.00
Rochester	635	87.00	May	718	53.00
Peotone	636	109.00	Chapel Hill	719	27.00
Keystone	639	709.00	Rome	721	43.00
Comet	641	86.00	Walnut	722	138.00
Apollo	642	750.00	Omaha	723	46.00
D. C. Creiger	643	799.00	Chandlerville	724	107.00
Oblong City	644	144.00	Rankin	725	100.00
San Jose	645	45.00	Golden Rule	726	930.00
Somonauk	646	116.00	Raritan	727	44.00
Blueville	647	117.00	Waterman	728	33.00
Camden	648	58.00	Lake Creek	729	125.00
Atwood	651	94.00	Eldorado	730	159.00
Greenview	653	107.00	Harbor	731	678.00
Yorktown	655	100.00	Carman	732	27.00
Mozart	656	94.00	Gibson	733	149.00
Lafayette	657	39.00	Morning Star	734	316.00
Rock Island	658	425.00	Sheridan	735	102.00
Lambert	659	451.00	Arrowsmith	737	52.00
Grand Chain	660	27.00	Saunemin	738	99.00
South Park	662	465.00	Lakeside	739	543.00
Mayo	664	51.00	New Holland	741	43.00
Beecher City	665	49.00	Danvers	742	79.00
Crawford	666	83.00	Scott Land	743	63.00
Erie	667	105.00	Goode	744	127.00
Burnt Prairie	668	62.00	Winnebago	745	70.00
Herder	669	343.00	Weldon	746	80.00
Fillmore	670	77.00	Centennial	747	62.00
Eddyville	672	41.00	Alta	748	90.00
Normal	673	161.00	Akin	749	90.00
Waldeck	674	434.00	Lyndon	750	55.00
Pawnee	675	178.00	Lounsbury	751	109.00
A. O. Fay	676	309.00	Allendale	752	55.00
Enfield	677	86.00	Ogden	754	103.00
Buffalo Prairie	679	107.00	Pre-emption	755	100.00
Clement	680	78.00	Hardinsville	756	112.00
Morrisonville	681	88.00	Verona	757	84.00
Blue Mound	682	110.00	Mystic Star	758	1102.00
Burnside	683	98.00	Orel	759	84.00
Galatia	684	65.00	Sibley	761	49.00
Rio	685	96.00	Van Meter	762	112.00
Garfield	686	1136.00	Crete	763	101.00
Orangeville	687	64.00	Sullivan	764	200.00
Clifton	688	75.00	Palace	765	495.00
Englewood	690	1032.00	Littleton	766	26.00
Iola	691	18.00	Triluminar	767	644.00
Raymond	692	89.00	Mizpah	768	997.00
Herrin's Prairie	693	294.00	St. Elmo	769	99.00
Shiloh Hill	695	43.00	LaGrange	770	354.00
Belle Rive	696	59.00	Bay City	771	29.00
Richard Cole	697	605.00	New Burnside	772	38.00
Hutton	698	53.00	Mansfield	773	57.00
Pleasant Plains	700	96.00	Lake View	774	1085.00
Temple Hill	701	32.00	Grand Crossing	776	731.00
Alexandria	702	77.00	Ravenswood	777	700.00
Braidwood	704	218.00	Gurney	778	46.00
Ewing	705	50.00	Wright's Grove	779	734.00
Joppa	706	75.00	Siloam	780	753.00
Star	709	206.00	Potomac	782	111.00
Farmer City	710	78.00	Constantia	783	385.00
Providence	711	499.00	Beacon Light	784	171.00
Collinsville	712	182.00	Riverton Union	786	98.00
Johnsonville	713	50.00	Morris	787	125.00
Collison	714	106.00	Lerna	788	62.00
Elvaston	715	27.00	Auburn Park	789	662.00
Calumet	716	374.00	Pittsfield	790	130.00

LODGE DUES RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR 1918.—*Continued.*

LODGES.	NO.	DUES.	LODGES.	NO.	DUES.
Broadlands	791	75.00	Apple River	859	71.00
Calhoun	792	68.00	Metropolitan	860	638.00
A. T. Darrah	793	54.00	Sorento	861	41.00
Tadmor	794	24.00	Riverside	862	182.00
Myrtle	795	652.00	St. Andrews	863	494.00
E. M. Husted	796	120.00	Olympia	864	506.00
Normal Park	797	1087.00	St. Cecilia	865	488.00
Sidell	798	83.00	West Salem	866	64.00
Colfax	799	95.00	Chadwick	867	86.00
Kenwood	800	822.00	Cornell	868	27.00
Sangamon	801	67.00	Maywood	869	470.00
Williamson	802	150.00	Lostant	870	63.00
Neponset	803	55.00	Argenta	871	86.00
Kensington	804	470.00	Free Will	872	82.00
S. M. Dalzell	805	150.00	Standard	873	713.00
Nebo	806	56.00	Nifong	874	41.00
Royal	807	52.00	Cornerstone	875	404.00
Cornland	808	76.00	William McKinley	876	529.00
Gillham	809	53.00	Granite City	877	310.00
Tracey	810	320.00	Equity	878	632.00
Melvin	811	77.00	Composite	879	445.00
DeLand	812	40.00	John B. Sherman	880	598.00
Humboldt Park	813	1000.00	Marissa	881	66.00
Ohio	814	25.00	Boulevard	882	1031.00
Lawn	815	380.00	Wheeler	883	38.00
Ridgeway	816	55.00	Bethany	884	71.00
Creal Springs	817	78.00	Villa Grove	885	154.00
Ben Hur	818	606.00	Hooppole	886	40.00
Columbian	819	732.00	Pyramid	887	93.00
Henderson	820	91.00	Damascus	888	481.00
New Canton	821	80.00	America	889	647.00
Belknap	822	80.00	Des Plaines	890	178.00
Pearl	823	94.00	Logan Square	891	689.00
Grove	824	255.00	Constellation	892	822.00
Arthur	825	106.00	Loraine	893	61.00
Mazon	826	122.00	Utopia	894	287.00
Sequit	827	102.00	Crescent	895	597.00
Edgar	829	101.00	Kosmos	896	355.00
Rockport	830	71.00	Ogden Park	897	595.00
Findlay	831	92.00	Silvis	898	165.00
Harvey	832	387.00	Park Manor	899	444.00
Dean	833	58.00	Carnation	900	473.00
Toledo	834	87.00	Edgewater	901	723.00
Triple	835	127.00	Alto	902	48.00
Windsor Park	836	490.00	Elkhart	903	64.00
Hindsboro	837	106.00	Carlock	904	73.00
Charity	838	57.00	Hanover	905	58.00
Berwyn	839	268.00	Coffeen	906	37.00
Alto Pass	840	67.00	Ancient Craft	907	499.00
Woodlawn Park	841	842.00	Gil. W. Barnard	908	161.00
Fides	842	273.00	Bee Hive	909	620.00
Park	843	576.00	Hull	910	63.00
Martinton	845	38.00	Bellflower	911	43.00
Bluffs	846	54.00	Stellar	912	72.00
Stronghurst	847	81.00	Aaron	913	331.00
London	848	46.00	Republic	914	265.00
Palestine	849	94.00	Jackson Park	915	383.00
Austin	850	1128.00	Welcome	916	342.00
Chicago Heights	851	308.00	Concord	917	305.00
Gothic	852	641.00	Sessor	918	70.00
Latham	853	54.00	Elwood	919	66.00
Brighton Park	854	458.00	Cottonwood	920	30.00
King Oscar	855	893.00	Avondale	921	363.00
West Gate	856	48.00	Compass	922	251.00
Boyd D.	857	85.00	East Gate	923	520.00
Utica	858	48.00	Banner Blue	924	445.00

LODGE DUES RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR 1918.—*Continued.*

LODGES.	NO.	DUES.	LODGES.	NO.	DUES.
Molenna	925	47.00	Fernwood Park	971	103.00
Veritas	926	762.00	Rainbow	972	251.00
Candida	927	334.00	Perseverance	973	207.00
Grant Park	928	36.00	Albany Park	974	245.00
Ashland	929	59.00	Old Glory	975	349.00
Joseph Robbins	930	161.00	Melrose Abbey	976	166.00
Wilmette	931	405.00	Parian	977	192.00
Sandoval	932	74.00	Squara	978	103.00
Manlius	933	48.00	Stephen Decatur	979	311.00
Hinsdale	934	176.00	Anchor	980	174.00
LaMoine	935	37.00	Trowel	981	144.00
Rock Falls	936	129.00	Sincerity	982	485.00
North Shore	937	688.00	Glencoe	983	158.00
Circle	938	325.00	Emblem	984	241.00
Table Grove	939	54.00	Universal	985	227.00
Pleasant View	940	48.00	Brotherhood	986	559.00
Elmhurst	941	211.00	Cyrene	987	126.00
Maple Park	942	41.00	Park Ridge	988	135.00
Bohemia	943	428.00	Hyde Park	989	188.00
John C. Smith	944	378.00	Clover Leaf	990	27.00
Buffalo	945	49.00	Welfare	991	179.00
Joy	946	86.00	Niagara	992	206.00
Kenmore	947	141.00	Leyden	993	68.00
R. F. Casey	948	31.00	True Blue	994	141.00
Justice	949	416.00	Lawndale	995	231.00
Glen Ellyn	950	138.00	Sunrise	996	178.00
Depue	951	64.00	Integrity	997	238.00
Donovan	952	39.00	Paul Revere	998	182.00
Stone Arch	953	36.00	Morgan Park	999	167.00
Progressive	954	304.00	Baylis	1000	42.00
Cicero	955	217.00	Wayfarer	1001	106.00
Washington Park	956	450.00	Portage Park	1002	146.00
Prospect	957	170.00	Fortitude	1003	162.00
Prudence	958	443.00	Hurst	1004	47.00
Warrensburg	959	61.00	Community	1005	222.00
Algonquin	960	46.00	Fair Oaks	1006	259.00
Federal	961	175.00	Loyal	1007	159.00
Ben Franklin	962	423.00	Parkway	1008	221.00
Broughton	963	35.00	Hiram	1009	102.00
Maplewood	964	172.00	Honor	1010	128.00
Cisco	965	44.00	Woodon	1011	31.00
Exemplar	966	215.00	Birchwood	1012	249.00
Dahlgren	967	33.00	John Paul Jones	1013	101.00
South Gate	968	114.00			
East Moline	969	102.00			
St. Joe	970	67.00	Total		166,163.40

DUES FOR PRECEDING YEARS

Lodge No.		Amount	Lodge No.		Amount
104	Lewistown	$ 1.00	472	Amity	1.00
130	Marion	4.00	569	Time	2.00
222	George Washington	1.00	583	Highland	2.00
227	Columbus	1.00	647	Blueville	2.00
238	Black Hawk	1.00	667	Erie	3.00
319	Doric	5.50	675	Pawnee	8.00
348	Flat Rock	1.00	788	Lerna	1.00
374	Shabbona	1.00			
464	Denver	1.00			$35.50

Dues Received from Lodges U. D.

Lodge No.	Amount	Lodge No.	Amount
Moline	$54.00	Cosmopolitan	15.00
Paramount	36.00	Nauvoo	9.00
Arts and Crafts	62.00	Pythagoras	27.00
Christopher	6.00		
Victory	18.00		$227.00

Dispensation Fees Received.

Lodge No.	Amount	Lodge No.	Amount
Paramount U. D.	$100.00	Victory U. D.	100.00
Christopher U. D.	100.00	Cosmopolitan U. D.	100.00
Nauvoo U. D.	100.00	Misc. (R. H. Wheeler)	10.00
Arts and Crafts U. D.	100.00	Misc. (A. H. Scrogin)	3688.10
Pythagoras U. D.	100.00		
			$4398.10

Receipts from All Sources

GENERAL

Balance, 1917	$ 85,287.85
Monitors	2,221.12
Dues, 1918	91,389.67
Dues preceding years	19.53
Dispensations	4,398.10
Music	23.00
Dues Lodges U. D.	124.85
Mileage and Per Diem returned	18.30
Interest Cook County Bonds	1,680.00
Interest City of Chicago Bonds	1,000.00
Interest U. S. Bonds	875.00
Interest City of Cleveland Bonds	40.00
Sale of coal stove	9.00
Insurance claim	66.90
Official receipts	1,047.54
Blue Book and Ceremonials	162.40
Interest on daily balances	715.08
Transferred from War Relief Fund	60,000.00
Total	$249,078.34

PERMANENT FUND

Balance, 1917	$ 302.00
Donations	475.00
Total	$ 777.00

No orders drawn.

DISBURSEMENTS

Orders have been drawn on the General Fund since the last annual meeting for the following amounts:

Mileage and Per Diem paid to representatives	$ 17,212.80
Mileage and Per Diem paid to officers and committees	3,881.90

Check Number		
448	R. J. Daly, attending Masonic Relief Assn	$ 40.00
449	A. H. Serogin, attending Masonic Relief Assn	39.75
450	James M. Huff, expense of D. D. G. M., 9th District	60.03
451	J. W. Brockway, expense of D. D. G M., 17th District	27.25
452	W. A. Ward, expense of D. D. G. M., 18th District	5.25
453	Nimrod Mace, expense of D. D. G. M., 26th District	5.00
454	Chas. H. Ireland, expense of D. D. G. M., 20th District	23.20
455	H. P. Behrensmeyer, engrossing charters	39.11
456	Illinois Masonic Review, grand lodge paraphernalia	521.25
457	R. M. Johnson and Son, past grand master's jewel	125.00
458	Wm. H. Bied, misc. expense of grand marshal	102.50
459	Thos. J. Thomas, misc. expense of grand lodge	108.85
460	Charles H. Martin, Committee on Correspondence	500.00
461	Chester S. Gurney, services as grand tyler	100.00
462	Chester S. Gurney, misc. expense of grand tyler	116.38
463	Chas. G. Palmer, stenographic services	35.00
464	Medinah Temple Assn., rent of hall	450.00
465	Phil C. Barelay, Committee on Chartered Lodges	100.00
466	Owen Scott, expense in drafting code quizz	150.00
468	Masonic Employment Bureau, order grand lodge	750.00
469	American Surety, bonds for grand secy. and grand treas.	343.75
470	Medinah Temple Assn., balance hall rent	10.00
471	Hotel LaSalle, expenses grand lodge	77.00
472	Isaac Cutter, expense attending grand lodge	96.98
473	Harold Ranier, expense attending grand lodge	26.50
474	Roy Adams, expense attending grand lodge	30.06
475	Hotel LaSalle, expense of grand lodge	98.82
476	A. H. Serogin, salary as grand master	208.33
477	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
478	Roy Adams, salary as D. grand secretary	100.00
479	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
480	A. H. Serogin, stenographer	100.00
481	Brooks Laundry Co., laundering aprons for grand lodge	58.75
482	L. A. Goddard, expenses Springfield and return	14.67
483	Ralph H. Wheeler, grand master's expense for October	57.93
484	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00

485	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master for October	27.42
486	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	1,137.62
487	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense	194.74
488	Central Ill. Printing Co., printing tax exemption case	13.00
489	Chas. L. Russ, 15 doz. white gloves	67.50
490	E. H. Thomas, expense Mattoon, Sullivan, Chicago	13.47
491	E. E. Mills, expense, Mattoon, Sullivan, Chicago	13.47
492	Walter Aitken, expense of grand chaplain	11.45
493	C. S. Gurney, expense of grand tyler	6.85
494	Chas. G. Palmer, stenographic services	33.50
495	Wainright Davis, expenses Bluford and Opdyke	9.00
496	C. B. Hamilton, packing and cartage	3.00
497	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master	208.33
498	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
499	Roy Adams, salary as D. grand secretary	100.00
500	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
501	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
502	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
503	Isaac Cutter, rent of office of grand secretary	45.00
504	J. V. McCullough, expense of grand tyler	58.63
505	Transfer of Funds, General to Charity	10,000.00
506	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	1,028.29
507	Dan G. Fitzgerrell, expenses Sullivan and Chicago	14.82
508	Wm. H. Bied, expenses of grand marshal	122.61
509	H. P. Behrensmeyer, engrossing charters	70.42
510	R. Keene Ryan, expenses Rockford and return	10.00
511	Walter Aitken, expenses Kewanee and return	8.25
512	C. S. Gurney, expenses grand tyler	100.02
513	Geo. Brand and Sons, furniture for office of grand master	76.50
514	R. W. Garrett, window shades for office of grand secretary	35.00
515	E. T. Selby, misc. printing	47.50
516	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master for November	103.02
517	G. F. Roberts, office expense of grand secretary (coal)	57.43
518	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense of grand secretary	195.08
519	Geo. Flannigan, misc. expense	1.00
520	S. C. D. Rea, misc. expense	.38
521	W. D. Abney, misc. expense	1.72
522	Hotel LaSalle, expense of committee meeting	28.50
523	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	1,125.00
524	A. H. Scrogin, expenses Washington, D. C., and return	90.60
525	Dan G. Fitzgerrell, expenses Washington, D. C., and return	92.38
526	Ralph H. Wheeler, expenses Washington, D. C., and return	93.39
527	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master	208.33

528	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
529	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary	100.00
530	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
531	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
532	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
533	Isaac Cutter, rent for office of grand secretary	45.00
534	Transfer of Funds, General to Charity	10,000.00
535	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	263.09
536	Wm. H. Zarley, expenses examination Chicago	34.55
537	R. C. Davenport, expenses examination Chicago	53.70
538	C. L. Gregory, expenses examination Chicago	47.00
539	D. D. King, expenses examination Chicago	24.00
540	Geo. E. Carlson, expenses examination Chicago	46.00
541	Lambert Huber, shelving for vault	136.64
542	Wm. H. Bied, expense of grand marshal	29.55
543	Dan G. Fitzgerrell, expenses Goode, Illinois	20.42
544	R. Keene Ryan, expenses Rockford	7.00
545	Francis and Spence, insurance grand secretary's records	81.00
546	Underwood Typewriter Co., exchange of machine	49.75
547	Frank Groves, misc. printing	3.25
548	C. S. Gurney, expense of grand tyler	15.05
549	J. V. McCullough, expense of grand tyler	39.05
550	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense of grand secretary	244.69
551	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master	49.63
552	A. E. Wood, Advisory Council meeting	11.91
553	A. H. Bell, Advisory Council meeting	15.00
554	Wm. H. Bied, expense of grand marshal	5.75
555	A. B. Garman, engrossing certificates	100.00
556	Pantagraph Printing & Stationery Co., printing proceedings	4,441.50
557	R. C. Davenport, state school, Eldorado	37.75
558	D. D. King, state school, Eldorado	64.90
559	Wm. H. Zarley, state school, Eldorado	65.65
560	Geo. E. Carlson, state school, Eldorado	80.80
561	C. L. Gregory, state school, Eldorado	78.45
562	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master	39.50
563	C. S. Gurney, expense of grand tyler	17.15
564	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	166.39
565	Mead and Wheeler Co., furniture for Natl. Defense Com	103.70
566	Walter Aitken, expenses Harrisburg and return	17.50
567	S. D. Childs & Co., expense of National Com	14.95
568	Webb Printing Co., office expense of National Def. Com	4.50
569	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master	208.33
570	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00

571	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary	100.00
572	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
573	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
574	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
575	Isaac Cutter, rent of grand secretary's office	45.00
576	Wm. H. Zarley, state school, Danville	55.80
577	C. L. Gregory, state school, Danville	68.75
578	Geo. E. Carlson, state school, Danville	71.63
579	R. C. Davenport, state school, Danville	62.35
580	D. D. King, state school, Danville	55.85
581	Chicago Telephone Co., telephone for Defense Com	14.88
582	The Wallinger Co., copy of Diploma	3.00
583	D. G. Fitzgerrell, schools, Danville and Eldorado	32.29
584	Ralph H. Wheeler, expenses Springfield and return	16.07
585	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	1,572.98
586	W. F. Fricke, electric light fixtures	25.41
587	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense	324.34
588	G. F. Roberts, coal for office of grand secretary	28.50
589	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master	92.35
590	D. G. Fitzgerrell, expenses Chicago and return	10.43
591	H. P. Behrensmeyer, engrossing commissions	5.45
592	Transfer of Funds, General Fund to Charity Fund	7,700.00
593	Hotel LaSalle, Advisory Council expense	58.10
594	Transfer of Funds, General Fund to Charity Fund	3,000.00
595	Wm. H. Zarley, state school, Quincy	57.12
596	D. D. King, state school, Quincy	53.50
597	R. C. Davenport, state school, Quincy	69.40
598	Geo. E. Carlson, state school, Quincy	46.89
599	C. L. Gregory, state school, Quincy	52.55
600	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master	208.33
601	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
602	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary	100.00
603	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
604	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
605	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
606	Isaac Cutter, rent of grand secretary's office	45.00
607	Transfer of funds, General Fund to Charity Fund	5,000.00
608	R. C. Davenport, state school, Princeton	79.80
609	D. D. King, State school, Princeton	48.20
610	Wm. H. Zarley, state school, Princeton	52.50
611	Geo. E. Carlson, state school, Princeton	47.10
612	C. L. Gregory, state school, Princeton	51.45
613	Transfer of Funds, General Fund to Charity Fund	8,000.00

614	Walter Aitken, expenses Canton, Ill	8.00
615	A. C. Boger, labor, moving books	30.00
616	Frank Groves, misc. printing	22.00
617	R. E. Miller, moving books and office fixtures	30.00
618	Elmer E. Beach, attending Geo. Washington Memorial Assn.	105.24
619	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense	265.91
620	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master	136.55
621	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	287.93
622	D. D. King, state school, Freeport	42.30
623	Geo. E. Carlson, state school, Freeport	50.60
624	R. C. Davenport, state, school, Freeport	73.40
625	Wm. H. Zarley, state school, Freeport	50.15
626	C. L. Gregory, state school, Freeport	49.25
627	August Torpe & Co., premium on insurance, Sullivan	81.00
628	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master	208.33
629	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
630	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary	100.00
631	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
632	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
633	Isaac Cutter, rent of office of grand secretary	45.00
634	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
635	M. E. Robinson Coal Co., order grand lodge	10.75
636	Jennings and Elder, litigation ac. Swayne Land	200.00
637	A. H. Bell, expense Advisory Council	15.00
638	Owen Scott, expense Advisory Council	14.56
639	E. E. Beach, expenses Danville	18.52
640	D. D. King, state school, Chicago	44.50
641	C. L. Gregory, state school, Chicago	60.00
642	R. C. Davenport, state school, Chicago	74.60
643	Wm. H. Zarley, state school, Chicago	51.75
644	Geo. E. Carlson, state school, Chicago	61.75
645	Transfer of funds, General Fund to Charity Fund	10,000.00
646	Hotel LaSalle, Advisory Council expense	68.85
647	Walter Aitken, expenses Chicago and return	15.00
648	S. E. Long, return of dispensation fee	10.00
649	Ilcy Smith, return of dispensation fee	2.00
650	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	174.20
651	Monitors	7,364.14
652	G. F. Roberts, coal for grand secretary's office	16.74
653	Folckemer Hardware Co., furniture for grand secretary's office	197.55
654	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense	94.79
655	A. H. Scrogin, expenses of grand master	110.95

656	Transfer of Funds, General Fund to Charity Fund	15,000.00
657	A. E. Wood, expense of Advisory Council	10.30
658	Owen Scott, expenses Neoga and Greenup	12.83
659	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master	208.33
660	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
661	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary	100.00
662	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
663	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
664	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
665	Isaac Cutter, rent of grand secretary's office	45.00
666	J. V. McCullough, misc. expense of grand tyler	30.00
667	A. H. Scrogin, expense of the grand master for April	64.15
668	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense	295.18
669	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	383.17
670	Transfer of funds to Charity Fund	10,000.00
671	Coston Clemmons, expenses Hartford and ElDara	1.15
672	D. G. Fitzgerrell, expenses Chicago and Carlinville	29.40
673	M. E. Bigelow, expenses (War Relief Fund)	13.42
674	A. H. Bell, expenses New York for G. M.'s Conference	98.54
675	Hagerman & Harshman, barn repairs at Sullivan	354.00
676	R. C. Davenport, expenses Chicago examination	62.90
677	Geo. E. Carlson, expenses Chicago examination	52.40
678	D. D. King, expenses Chicago examination	26.00
679	Wm. H. Zarley, expenses Chicago examination	34.25
680	C. L. Gregory, expenses Chicago examination	55.00
681	Owen Scott, expenses Com. on Masonic Club Rooms	22.17
682	C. S. Gurney, expenses as grand tyler at Glencoe	15.84
683	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master	208.33
684	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
685	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
686	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary	100.00
687	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
688	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
689	Rent for office of the grand secretary	45.00
690	C. S. Gurney, expenses as grand tyler at Maywood	11.50
691	G. W. McFatrich, expenses Com. on Masonic Club Rooms	14.33
692	Geo. E. Moore, expenses as grand marshal at Blue Mound	18.30
693	Wm. Scales, expenses as D. D. G. M. of 33rd District	33.24
694	W. F. Gibson, expenses as D. D. G. M. of 100th District	11.25
695	August Torpe, Jr., & Co., premium on insurance	81.40
696	D. D. Darrah, expenses Com. on Masonic Club Rooms	14.50
697	Basil Dawson, laundry (140 pairs of gloves)	5.78
698	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expenses	334.79

699	Frank Groves, printing	39.00
700	A. H. Scrogin, expenses of grand master for May	96.50
701	E. H. Switzer, premium on insurance paraphernalia	5.50
702	H. P. Behrensmeyer, engrossing	7.20
703	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	109.89
704	J. V. McCullough, expenses grand tyler at Alton	27.50
705	Wm. H. Bied, expenses Maywood, Glencoe and Alton	50.00
706	Walter Aitken, expenses Alton	21.00
707	Samuel B. Gwin, expenses Iola	3.00
708	J. V. McCullough, expenses as grand tyler at Andalusia	36.00
709	D. G. Fitzgerrell, expenses Murphysboro, Chicago, Makanda	46.35
710	T. A. Simpson, expenses of visit of grand master	13.15
711	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master for June	208.33
712	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary for June	250.00
713	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer for June	125.00
714	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary for June	100.00
715	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire for June	90.00
716	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer	100.00
717	Isaac Cutter, rent for office of the grand secretary	45.00
718	Transfer of funds to the Charity Fund	10,000.00
719	Wm. H. Bied, expenses as grand marshal at Andalusia	26.25
720	E. A. Armstrong Mfg. Co., grand lodge paraphernalia	31.00
721	J. H. Grimm, expenses as D. D. G. M. of 25th District	20.59
722	W. A. Blessing, expenses as D. D. G. M. of 30th District	1.50
723	B. J. Metzger, expenses D. D. G. M. of 43rd District	5.78
724	E. E. McCoy, expenses as D. D. G. M. of 67th District	17.06
725	W. W. Lovins, expenses of D. D. G. M. of 81st District	18.73
726	W. W. Lovins, expenses, Greenup and Neoga	5.09
727	J. L. Whiteside, expense of D. D. G. M. 82nd District	25.32
728	C. W. Dean, expense of D. D. G. M. 85th District	6.28
729	Wm. F. Jones, ice bill for June	2.20
730	Dust-All Mfg. Co., 50 lbs. sweeping powder	1.75
731	Masonic Relief Assn., capitation tax on 157,208 members	786.04
732	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master	103.85
733	J. V. McCullough, expense of grand tyler	1.84
734	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense	158.77
735	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	559.72
736	C. H. Spilman, expense, Martinsville	7.80
737	George E. Carlson, examination Carbondale	73.20
738	W. H. Zarley, examination Carbondale	52.25
739	R. C. Davenport, examination Carbondale	32.00
740	C. L. Gregory, examination Carbondale	63.00
741	D. D. King, examination Carbondale	50.45

742	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master for July	208.33
743	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary for July	250.00
744	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer for July	125.00
745	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary for July	100.00
746	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire for July	90.00
747	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer for July	100.00
748	Isaac Cutter, rent for July	45.00
749	J. J. Shaw, investigation, Oregon No. 420	28.25
750	War Relief Fund, transfer of funds (was secured by notes)	60,000.00
751	War Relief Fund, interest on $60,000.00 for 125 days	780.00
752	H. P. Blackard, expenses, Carmi and New Haven	5.75
753	Wm. F. Jones, ice bill for July	2.70
754	H. P. Behrensmeyer, engrossing commissions	2.25
755	Monitors	397.26
756	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., misc. printing	393.81
757	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master for July	52.25
758	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense	288.16
759	Ben L. Berve, expense of D. D. G. M. 31st District	23.30
760	C. H. Mangold, expense of D. D. G. M. 35th District	5.62
761	C. C. Sawyer, expense of D. D. G. M. 39th District	10.56
762	G. H. Stephens, expense of D. D. G. M. 59th District	23.25
763	B. S. Blaine, expense of D. D. G. M. 60th District	7.65
764	G. H. Stadler, expense of D. D. G. M. 61st District	21.42
765	Victor Dewein, expense of D. D. G. M. 62nd District	7.80
766	J. A. Shepherd, expense of D. D. G. M. 74th District	18.45
767	S. A. Wright, expense of D. D. G. M. 75th District	17.20
768	H. S. Daniels, expense of D. D. G. M. 78th District	17.14
769	S. B. Gwin, expense of D. D. G. M. 87th District	14.50
770	H. P. Blackard, expense of D. D. G. M. 89th District	20.44
771	W. T. Cable, expense of D. D. G. M. 97th District	26.55
772	G. F. Roberts, 3,050 lbs. coal for office of grand secretary	9.15
773	Ben L. Berve, postage and telegraph	2.61
774	A. H. Bell, order of grand master	15.00
775	E. S. McIntyre, expense, War Relief Fund	17.40
776	A. H. Scrogin, salary as grand master for August	208.33
777	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary for August	250.00
778	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer for August	125.00
779	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary for August	100.00
780	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire for August	90.00
781	A. H. Scrogin, stenographer for August	100.00
782	Isaac Cutter, rent for August	45.00
783	E. L. Charpentier, expenses Nauvoo	11.00
784	C. L. Snyder, expense of D. D. G. M. 9th District	14.25

785	D. S. Davidson, expense of D. D. G. M. 11th District.....	1.68
786	Louis Link, expense of D. D. G. M. 20th District.....	18.79
787	R. D. Tinkham, expense of D. D. G. M. 38th District.....	25.80
788	E. C. Vanderporten, expense of D. D. G. M. 46th District...	23.30
789	J. L. Burkhart, expense of D. D. G. M. 51st District.....	3.75
790	S. P. Odenweller, expense of D. D. G. M. 54th District.....	8.63
791	J. L. Klemme, expense of D. D. G. M. 52nd District.....	19.94
792	S. S. Middleton, expense of D. D. G. M. 58th District.....	30.91
793	B. I. Pumpelley, expense of D. D. G. M. 63rd District.....	24.50
794	A. L. Pickell, expense of D. D. G. M. 65th District.....	7.00
795	A. C. Metcalf, expense of D. D. G. M. 66th District.....	19.01
796	Everett Lawrence, expense of D. D. G. M. 68th District....	22.19
797	E. S. McIntyre, expense of D. D. G. M. 84th District.....	19.82
798	C. W. Dean, expense of D. D. G. M. 85th District.....	30.44
799	D. B. Robertson, expense of D. D. G. M. 86th District.....	21.71
800	C. F. Stoll, expense of D. D. G. M. 90th District.....	14.16
801	Wainwright Davis, expense of D. D. G. M. 91st District....	17.82
802	J. C. Sanders, expense of D. D. G. M. 94th District.....	37.00
803	F. D. Thomas, expense of D. D. G. M. 96th District.....	31.60
804	A. H. Scrogin, expense of grand master for August.....	72.80
805	Isaac Cutter, office and misc. expense.....	253.21
806	Wm. F. Jones, ice for August.....	2.70
807	Frank Groves, misc. printing.....	32.00
808	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing.....	82.92
809	W. W. M. Bending, expense of D. D. G. M. 4th District...	4.96
810	Wm. T. Mummery, expense of D. D. G. M. 12th District....	4.27
811	A. M. Bassford, expense of D. D. G. M. 18th District.....	2.00
812	A. J. Winteringham, expense of D. D. G. M. 22nd District.	12.00
813	C. J. Wightman, expense of D. D. G. M. 21st District.....	17.35
814	J. O. Anderson, expense of D. D. G. M. 23rd District.....	17.88
815	M. R. Nelson, expense of D. D. G. M. 26th District.....	33.50
816	Wm. C. Darling, expense of D. D. G. M. 28th District.....	9.99
817	J. F. Maberry, expense of D. D. G. M. 36th District.....	24.90
818	C. E. Myers, expense of D. D. G. M. 41st District.....	40.63
819	B. T. Harley, Expense of D. D. G. M. 45th District.....	10.10
820	Glen Robinson, expense of D. D. G. M. 47th District.....	26.51
821	E. L. Charpentier, expense of D. D. G. M. 53rd District....	2.73
822	Grier Hanson, expense of D. D. G. M. 55th District.....	13.52
823	Harry M. Wood, expense of D. D. G. M. 64th District.....	28.84
824	C. Clemmons, expense of D. D. G. M. 69th District.....	39.85
825	A. E. Ellis, expense of D. D. G. M. 70th District.....	12.03
826	C. W. Kessler, expense of D. D. G. M. 71st District.....	15.22
827	M. E. Bigelow, expense of D. D. G. M. 73rd District.....	25.20

828	L. A. Tripp, expense of D. D. G .M. 76th District	20.50
829	W. P. Wall, expense of D. D. G. M. 79th District	15.55
830	N. C. Gochenour, expense of D. D. G. M. 80th District	55.43
831	F. I. Mills, expense of D. D. G. M. 88th District	14.25
832	S. E. Grigg, expense of D. D. G. M. 92nd District	23.05
833	W. H. Thomas, expense of D. D. G. M. 93rd District	15.12
834	Folekemer Hardware Co., office expense of grand secretary	2.00
835	H. Rainier, supplies for grand secretary	3.95
836	A. E. Wood, expenses to Aledo and return	16.50
837	Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Co., printing	175.54
838	S. T. H. Almberg, 2,500 ballot books	28.00
839	A. H. Serogin, salary as grand master	208.37
840	Isaac Cutter, salary as grand secretary	250.00
841	L. A. Goddard, salary as grand treasurer	125.00
842	Roy Adams, salary as deputy grand secretary	100.00
843	Isaac Cutter, clerk hire	90.00
844	A. H. Serogin, stenographer	100.00
845	Isaac Cutter, rent for September	45.00
846	Isaac Cutter, expense of grand secretary	67.55
847	A. H. Serogin, expense of grand master	93.01
		$216,897.41

Summary of Orders Drawn

GENERAL

Monitors	$ 8,327.00
Official receipts	976.68
Blue Books and ceremonials	1,125.00
Expense of D. D. G. M.	1,433.32
Expense of grand secretary	1,611.48
Clerk hire for grand secretary	1,080.00
Expense of grand master	1,002.48
Stenographer for grand master	1,200.00
Committee on Correspondence	500.00
Grand tyler	216.38
Rent for grand lodge sessions	460.00
Expense of Advisory Council	165.02
Mileage and per diem	21,094.70
Printing proceedings	5,989.58
Miscellaneous printing	2,945.20
Salaries of grand officers	8,200.00
Schools of instructions	1,758.74
Miscellaneous expense	8,584.23

Chartered Lodges Committee	100.00
Paraphernalia	521.25
Expense of grand marshals	211.35
Code Quizz	150.00
Employment Bureau	750.00
Rent, office of grand secretary	495.00
Transferred to Charity Fund	88,000.00
Transferred to War Relief Fund	60,000.00
Total disbursements	$216,897.41

RECEIPTS FROM ALL SOURCES

CHARITY

Balance, 1917	$ 21,629.20
Dues, 1918	74,773.33
Dues preceding years	15.97
Dues Lodges U. D.	102.15
Defunct lodge dues	29.60
Interest on daily balances	226.03
Grand Royal Arch Chapter	5,000.00
Unexpended balances	1,522.80
Rents, Bishop Estate	53.46
Interest, Cook County Bonds	100.00
Interest, Lincoln Park Bonds	400.00
Interest, City of Chicago Bonds	740.00
Interest, Forest Preserve Bonds	400.00
Interest, Wabash R. R. Bonds	40.00
Interest, Illinois Central R. R. Bonds	950.00
Interest, Mattoon Township Bonds	320.00
Interest, U. S. Bonds	.74
Dividend, Union Lime Co	1,224.00
Dividend, Western Lime Co	475.00
Sale upright boiler	150.00
Transferred from General Fund	88,000.00
	$196,152.28

DISBURSEMENTS

CHARITY

Orders have been drawn on the Charity Fund since the last annual meeting for the following amounts:

Check Number			
70	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....		$ 5,000.00
71	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange.....		3,000.00
72	Wm. D. Price, new farm buildings.....		1,750.00
73	Chas. W. Dean, order Charity Committee....		100.00
74	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
75	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange.....		2,000.00
76	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....		5,000.00
77	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....		5,000.00
78	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange.....		2,000.00
79	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
80	L. A. Goddard, order grand lodge.....		70.00
81	Wm. D. Price, new dormitory.....		7,000.00
82	Wm. D. Price, cattle pass and culvert.....		500.00
83	Wm. D. Price, complete new road.....		1,500.00
84	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
85	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....		4,000.00
86	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange.....		2,000.00
87	Wm. D. Price, furnishings Sullivan.....		2,000.00
88	Wm. D. Price, new farm buildings.....		3,500.00
89	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
90	Wm. D. Price, for coal, Sullivan.....		2,000.00
91	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange.....		2,000.00
92	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....		3,000.00
93	Wm. D. Price, new dormitory.....		7,000.00
94	Wm. D. Price, furnishings new dormitory...		5,000.00
95	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
96	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....$	5,000.00	
	Maintenance LaGrange	2,000.00	
	Coal for LaGrange.....	1,000.00	8,000.00
97	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
98	Wm. D. Price, coal Sullivan.....	2,000.00	
	Manual training	1,000.00	3,000.00
99	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....		4,000.00
100	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange.....		2,000.00
101	Wm. D. Price, furnishings new dormitory...		8,000.00
102	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
103	The Lloyd-Thomas Co., appraisals homes....		75.00
104	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....	4,000.00	
	Maintenance LaGrange	1,000.00	
	New dormitory	7,000.00	12,000.00
105	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge.....		15.00
106	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan.....	4,000.00	

	Maintenance LaGrange	2,000.00	6,000.00
107	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge		15.00
108	Wm. D. Price, coal Sullivan	1,000.00	
	Maintenance Sullivan	6,000.00	
	Maintenance LaGrange	3,000.00	
	Coal LaGrange	2,000.00	12,000.00
109	Wm. D. Price, maintenance Sullivan		5,000.00
110	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange		3,000.00
111	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge		15.00
112	Wm. D. Price, new roads in home grounds		1,500.00
113	Wm. D. Price, chapter donation		5,000.00
114	Wm. D. Price, maintenance LaGrange		2,000.00
115	Samuel A. Perring, order grand lodge		100.00
116	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge		15.00
117	Mrs. Andrew Orme, order grand lodge		15.00
	Total disbursements		$135,275.00

Summary of Orders Drawn

CHARITY

Order of grand lodge	$ 450.00
LaGrange maintenance	26,000.00
Sullivan maintenance	50,000.00
Complete new road	1,500.00
New building	21,000.00
Manual Training	1,000.00
Appraisals	75.00
Grand Royal Arch Chapter donation	5,000.00
New farm buildings	5,250.00
Cattle pass	500.00
Furnishings, Sullivan	15,000.00
Coal, Sullivan	5,000.00
Coal, LaGrange	3,000.00
New roads	1,500.00
Total disbursements	$135,275.00

Receipts from All Sources

WAR RELIEF FUND

Contributions from lodges	$132,177.50
Contributions from individuals	28.00
Interest on loan	780.00

Interest on Bond	5.21
Interest on daily balances	771.64
Total	$133,762.35

$350.00 in U. S. Bonds included in the above amount.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE WAR RELIEF FUND

No.	Lodge	Amount	No.	Lodge	Amount
1	Bodley	$ 227.00	52	Benevolent	46.00
2	Equality	46.00	53	Jackson	197.00
3	Harmony	286.00	55	Washington	97.00
4	Springfield	303.00	57	Trio	175.00
7	Friendship		58	Fraternal	128.00
	(Bonds $350)	373.00	59	New Boston	107.00
8	Macon	795.00	60	Belvidere	347.00
9	Rushville	131.00	63	St. Marks	166.00
14	Warren	58.00	64	Benton	158.00
16	Temperance	116.00	65	Euclid	72.00
17	Macomb	197.00	66	Pacific	78.00
19	Clinton	112.00	69	Eureka	83.00
20	Hancock	173.00	71	Central	336.75
23	Cass	211.00	72	Chester	88.00
24	St. Clair	229.00	74	Rockton	125.00
25	Franklin	192.00	75	Roscoe	30.00
27	Piasa	259.00	76	Mt. Nebo	170.50
29	Pekin	124.00	77	Prairie	113.00
31	Mt. Vernon	224.00	78	Waukegan	532.00
33	Oriental	373.00	79	Scott	78.00
34	Barry	106.00	80	Whitehall	194.50
36	Kavanaugh	76.00	81	Vitruvius	88.00
37	Monmouth	265.00	84	DeWitt	226.00
38	Olive Branch	539.00	85	Mitchell	116.00
39	Herman	175.00	86	Kaskaskia	39.00
40	Occidental	357.00	87	Mt. Pulaski	93.00
42	Mt. Joliet	654.00	88	Havana	126.00
43	Bloomington	571.00	89	Fellowship	152.00
44	Hardin	85.00	90	Jerusalem Temple.	487.00
45	Griggsville	62.00	91	Metropolis	244.00
46	Temple	100.00	92	Stewart	165.00
47	Caledonia	57.00	93	Toulon	107.00
48	Unity	148.00	96	Samuel H. Davis.	69.50
51	Mt. Moriah	148.00	97	Excelsior	497.00

No.	Lodge	Amount
98	Taylor	50.00
100	Astoria	95.00
102	Rockford	703.00
104	Lewistown	111.00
105	Winchester	103.00
106	Lancaster	36.00
109	Trenton	95.00
113	Robert Burns	117.00
114	Marcelline	59.00
116	Vermont	51.00
117	Elgin	582.00
118	Waverly	114.00
119	Henry	57.00
122	Mound	199.00
123	Oquawka	50.00
124	Cedar	180.00
125	Greenup	89.00
126	Empire	205.00
127	Antioch	85.00
130	Marion	189.00
133	Marshall	80.00
134	Sycamore	200.00
135	Lima	65.00
136	Hutsonville	45.00
137	Polk	96.00
138	Marengo	115.00
139	Geneva	96.00
140	Olney	158.00
141	Garden City	1,644.00
142	Ames	49.00
143	Richmond	78.00
144	De Kalb	179.50
145	A. W. Rawson	81.00
146	Lee Center	40.00
147	Clayton	41.50
148	Bloomfield	57.00
149	Effingham	109.00
150	Vienna	48.00
152	Fidelity	77.00
153	Clay	108.00
154	Russell	124.00
155	Alpha	280.00
156	Delavan	125.00
158	McHenry	115.00
159	Kewanee	108.00
160	Waubansia	500.00
162	Hope	105.00
164	Edward Dobbins	75.00
165	Atlanta	112.00
166	Star in the East	781.00
169	Nunda	123.00
170	Evergreen	270.00
171	Girard	100.00
172	Wayne	40.00
173	Cherry Valley	55.00
174	Lena	69.00
175	Matteson	500.00
176	Mendota	144.00
177	Staunton	50.00
178	Illinois Central	123.00
179	Wabash	46.00
180	Moweaqua	108.00
182	Germania	420.00
187	Mystic Tie	8.00
188	Cyrus	119.00
189	Fulton City	88.00
190	Dundee	179.00
192	Farmington	137.00
193	Herrick	52.00
194	Freedom	59.00
196	Louisville	48.00
197	King Solomon's	67.00
199	Homer	100.00
200	Sheba	34.50
201	Centralia	249.00
204	Flora	136.00
207	Tamaroa	58.00
208	Wilmington	67.00
209	Wm. B. Warren	500.00
210	Logan	219.00
211	Cleveland	887.00
212	Shipman	56.00
213	Ipava	75.00
216	Newton	119.00

No.	Lodge	Amount	No.	Lodge	Amount
217	Mason	75.00	274	Byron	100.00
218	New Salem	37.00	275	Milton	50.00
219	Oakland	135.00	276	Elizabeth	29.00
220	Mahomet	68.00	277	Accordia	262.00
221	Leroy	110.00	278	Jo Daviess	165.00
222	Geo. Washington	145.00	279	Neoga	120.00
226	Pana	229.00	280	Kansas	101.00
227	Columbus	36.00	285	Catlin	141.00
228	Lovington	106.00	286	Plymouth	71.00
229	Manchester	78.00	287	DeSoto	134.00
231	Wyanet	45.00	288	Genoa	40.00
232	Farmers	57.00	292	Chenoa	123.00
234	DuQuoin	133.00	294	Pontiac	217.50
235	Dallas City	107.00	295	Dills	42.00
236	Charter Oak	119.00	296	Quincy	218.00
237	Cairo	132.00	297	Benjamin	95.00
241	Shekinah	225.00	298	Wauconda	32.00
243	Galva	135.00	301	Hinckley	110.00
244	Horicon	174.00	302	Durand	74.00
245	Greenville	150.00	303	Raven	75.00
247	Rob Morris	90.00	305	Onarga	51.00
248	Golden Gate	59.00	307	T. J. Pickett	129.00
249	Hibbard	40.00	308	Ashlar	803.00
250	Robinson	258.50	309	Harvard	138.00
251	Heyworth	113.00	310	Dearborn	992.00
252	Aledo	180.00	311	Kilwinning	760.00
253	Avon Harmony	50.00	312	Ionic	609.00
254	Aurora	455.00	314	Palatine	125.00
255	Donnelson	61.00	316	Abraham Jonas	53.00
257	Warsaw	74.00	319	Doric	802.50
260	Mattoon	342.00	320	Creston	55.00
261	Amon	51.00	321	Dunlap	126.00
262	Channahon	38.00	322	Windsor	67.00
264	Franklin Grove	34.00	325	Harrisburg	263.00
265	Vermilion	74.00	327	Industry	73.00
266	Kingston	52.00	330	Altona	57.00
267	La Prairie	55.00	332	Tuscola	169.00
268	Paris	413.00	333	Tyrian	340.00
269	Wheaton	115.00	334	Sumner	77.00
271	Blaney	510.50	335	Schiller	150.00
272	Carmi	114.00	337	Oneida	66.00
273	Miners	187.00	339	Saline	55.00

No.	Lodge	Amount
340	Kedron	33.00
341	Full Moon	81.00
342	Summerfield	24.00
344	Wenona	48.00
345	Milledgeville	115.00
346	N. D. Morse	48.00
348	Flat Rock	105.00
350	Fairview	86.00
351	Tarbolton	80.00
353	Kinderhook	35.00
354	Ark and Anchor	120.00
355	Marine	50.00
356	Hermitage	50.00
358	Orion	53.00
359	Blackberry	52.00
361	Douglas	86.00
363	Horeb	125.00
365	Bement	130.00
366	Arcola	150.00
367	Oxford	61.00
368	Jefferson	62.00
369	Newman	42.00
371	Livingston	118.00
374	Shabbona	50.00
378	Aroma	125.00
379	Payson	80.00
380	Liberty	37.00
382	Gill	34.00
384	Waltham	67.00
385	Mississippi	135.00
386	Bridgeport	139.00
389	Kankakee	582.50
390	Ashmore	82.00
392	Oconee	60.00
393	Blair	215.50
394	Jerseyville	153.00
396	Muddy Point	25.00
397	Shiloh	23.00
398	Kinmundy	132.50
399	Buda	49.00
401	Odell	66.00
402	Kishwaukee	66.00
403	Mason City	88.00
405	Ramsey	81.00
406	Bethalto	41.00
408	Stratton	85.00
409	Thos. J. Turner	482.00
410	Mithra	256.00
411	Hesperia	691.00
414	Evening Star	60.00
416	Paxton	147.00
417	Marseilles	85.00
418	Freeburg	50.00
419	Reynoldsburg	27.00
421	Washburn	81.00
422	Landmark	727.00
423	Lanark	124.00
424	Exeter	34.00
426	Scottville	94.00
427	Red Bud	36.00
428	Sunbeam	37.00
429	Chebanse	50.00
431	Summit	84.00
432	Murrayville	45.00
433	Atkinson	91.00
436	Philo	70.00
437	Chicago	700.00
440	Camargo	58.00
442	Casey	80.00
443	Hampshire	100.00
444	Cave-in-Rock	56.00
445	Chesterfield	52.00
447	S. D. Monroe	50.00
450	Loami	76.00
451	Bromwell	103.00
453	New Hartford	47.00
454	Maroa	125.00
455	Irving	85.00
458	Blazing Star	64.00
460	Jeffersonville	50.00
461	Plainview	17.00
462	Tremont	35.00
463	Palmyra	84.00
464	Denver	45.00

No.	Lodge	Amount
466	Cobden	75.00
467	South Macon	102.00
468	Cheney's Grove	52.00
469	McLean	106.00
470	Rantoul	103.00
472	Amity	80.00
473	Gordon	44.00
474	Columbia	100.00
476	Manito	61.00
477	Rutland	71.00
478	Pleiades	1,380.00
481	Momence	115.00
482	Lexington	72.00
484	Edgewood	63.00
485	Xenia	49.00
486	Bowen	72.00
488	Clay City	112.00
489	Cooper	55.00
490	Shannon	50.00
492	Libertyville	205.00
493	Tower Hill	84.00
497	Alma	79.00
500	St. Paul	430.00
501	Stark	4.00
502	Woodhull	54.00
503	Odin	43.00
504	East St. Louis	740.00
506	O. H. Miner	40.00
508	Home	302.00
509	Parkersburg	33.00
510	J. D. Moody	32.00
512	Wade-Barney	408.00
514	Bradford	125.00
516	Andalusia	96.00
517	Litchfield	128.00
518	Abraham Lincoln	134.00
519	Roseville	101.00
520	Anna	65.00
521	Illiopolis	70.00
522	Monitor	557.00
523	Chatham	82.00
524	Evans	517.00
528	Minooka	70.00
529	Adams	20.00
530	Maquon	60.00
531	Ashton	57.50
532	Seneca	56.00
533	Altamont	53.00
534	Cuba	85.00
535	Sherman	76.00
536	Plainfield	143.00
537	J. R. Gorin	64.00
538	Lockport	146.00
539	Chatsworth	49.00
540	Oak Park	950.00
541	Stewardson	32.00
542	Towanda	55.00
550	Sharon	75.00
552	Long Point	48.00
554	Plum River	215.00
555	Humboldt	224.00
556	Dawson	10.00
557	Lessing	262.00
560	Madison	39.00
564	Winslow	39.00
565	Pleasant Hill	42.00
566	Albany	70.00
567	Frankfort	128.00
569	Time	15.00
570	Jacksonville	223.00
572	Bardolph	40.00
573	Gardner	165.00
574	Pera	52.00
575	Capron	92.00
576	O'Fallon	85.00
577	Viola	83.00
581	Dongola	85.00
582	Shirley	45.00
583	Highland	101.00
584	Vesper	291.00
585	Fisher	44.00
587	Princeton	196.00
588	Troy	48.00
590	Fairmount	76.00

No.	Lodge	Amount
591	Gilman	105.00
592	Fieldon	32.00
600	Cerro Gordo	126.00
601	Farina	64.00
602	Watson	36.00
604	Hebren	25.00
607	Streator	182.00
610	Union Park	1,288.00
611	Lincoln Park	753.00
612	Rock River	369.00
613	Patoka	66.00
614	Forrest	110.00
616	Wadley	88.00
618	Basco	22.00
620	New Hope	30.00
622	Hopedale	40.00
623	Locust	28.00
630	Tuscan	63.00
632	Ridge Farm	94.00
633	E. F. W. Ellis	238.00
634	Buckley	24.00
635	Rochester	108.75
636	Peotone	60.00
639	Keystone	710.00
641	Comet	50.00
642	Apollo	738.00
643	D. C. Cregier	814.50
644	Oblong City	134.00
645	San Jose	25.00
647	Blueville	92.00
648	Camden	32.00
651	Atwood	87.00
653	Greenview	100.00
656	Mozart	90.00
657	Lafayette	36.00
658	Rock Island	382.00
659	Lambert	409.00
662	South Park	453.00
665	Beecher City	48.00
666	Crawford	77.00
667	Erie	42.00
668	Burnt Prairie	58.00
669	Herder	334.00
670	Fillmore	75.00
673	Normal	142.00
674	Waldeck	419.00
675	Pawnee	258.25
676	A. O. Fay	300.00
679	Buffalo Prairie	128.00
680	Clement	69.00
681	Morrisonville	83.00
682	Blue Mound	100.00
684	Galatia	63.00
685	Rio	90.00
686	Garfield	883.00
687	Orangeville	57.00
688	Clifton	81.00
690	Englewood	1,032.00
691	Iola	18.00
692	Raymond	85.00
693	Herrin's Prairie	251.00
695	Shiloh Hill	40.00
696	Belle Rive	54.00
697	Richard Cole	603.00
698	Hutton	52.00
700	Pleasant Plains	87.00
702	Alexandria	80.00
704	Braidwood	221.00
710	Farmer City	76.00
711	Providence	121.00
712	Collinsville	101.00
713	Johnsonville	7.00
714	Collison	96.00
715	Elvaston	27.00
716	Calumet	379.00
717	Arcana	891.00
718	May	52.00
719	Chapel Hill	25.00
721	Rome	34.00
722	Walnut	128.00
724	Chandlerville	106.00
725	Rankin	83.00
726	Golden Rule	925.00
727	Raritan	36.00

No.	Lodge	Amount
729	Lake Creek	105.00
730	Eldorado	151.00
731	Harbor	414.00
732	Carman	24.00
733	Gibson	142.00
734	Morning Star	309.00
735	Sheridan	92.00
737	Arrowsmith	47.00
738	Saunemin	95.00
739	Lakeside	540.00
741	New Holland	42.00
743	Scottland	56.00
744	Goode	121.00
745	Winnebago	67.00
746	Weldon	82.00
751	Lounsbury	109.00
755	Pre-emption	86.00
756	Hardinsville	143.00
757	Verona	82.00
758	Mystic Star	1,077.00
759	Orel	74.00
761	Sibley	44.00
762	Van Meter	105.00
763	Crete	132.00
766	Littleton	24.00
767	Triluminar	640.00
768	Mizpah	1,000.00
769	St. Elmo	100.00
770	LaGrange	350.00
772	New Burnside	37.00
773	Mansfield	60.00
774	Lake View	1,078.00
776	Grand Crossing	300.00
777	Ravenswood	696.00
779	Wright's Grove	726.50
780	Siloam	740.00
783	Constantia	385.00
784	Beacon Light	170.00
786	Riverton Union	90.00
787	Morris	123.00
788	Lerna	60.00
789	Auburn Park	653.00
790	Pittsfield	100.00
791	Broadlands	76.00
792	Calhoun	58.00
793	A. T. Darrah	56.00
794	Tadmor	22.00
795	Myrtle	551.50
796	E. M. Husted	108.50
797	Normal Park	500.00
798	Sidell	38.50
799	Colfax	90.00
800	Kenwood	810.00
803	Neponset	54.00
804	Kensington	453.00
805	S. M. Dalzell	118.00
806	Nebo	55.00
808	Cornland	75.00
809	Gilham	54.00
810	Tracy	253.00
814	Ohio	26.00
815	Lawn	192.00
817	Creal Springs	75.00
818	Ben Hur	300.00
819	Columbian	200.00
820	Henderson	84.00
823	Pearl	91.00
824	Grove	250.00
826	Mazon	121.00
830	Rockport	69.00
832	Harvey	373.00
833	Dean	57.00
834	Toledo	84.00
835	Triple	126.00
836	Windsor Park	480.00
837	Hindsboro	95.00
838	Charity	49.00
839	Berwyn	262.00
841	Woodlawn Park	823.00
842	Fides	269.00
843	Park	567.00
846	Bluffs	52.00
847	Stronghurst	73.00
848	London	42.00
849	Palestine	93.00
850	Austin	1,100.00

No.	Lodge	Amount
851	Chicago Heights...	300.00
852	Gothie	610.00
853	Latham	55.00
854	Brighton Park....	427.00
855	King Oscar.....	500.00
856	West Gate	45.00
857	Boyd D.	86.00
858	Utica	46.00
859	Apple River	68.00
860	Metropolitan	630.00
861	Sorento	34.00
862	Riverside	101.00
863	St. Andrews.....	476.00
864	Olympia	501.00
865	St. Cecelia	464.00
867	Chadwick	87.00
868	Cornell	24.00
869	Maywood	460.00
870	Lostant	63.00
871	Argenta	80.00
872	Free Will	46.00
873	Standard	721.00
875	Corner Stone	400.00
876	Wm. McKinley ...	498.00
877	Granite City.....	202.00
878	Equity	640.00
879	Composite	447.00
880	John B. Sherman.	576.50
881	Marissa	60.00
882	Boulevard	1,031.00
884	Bethany	73.00
885	Villa Grove	142.00
887	Pyramid	90.00
888	Damascus	451.00
889	America	606.00
890	DesPlaines	170.00
891	Logan Square	886.50
892	Constellation	780.00
894	Utopia	226.00
895	Crescent	577.00
896	Kosmos	353.00
897	Ogden Park	589.00
898	Silvis	127.00
899	Park Manor.....	436.00
900	Carnation	460.00
901	Edgewater	249.20
902	Alto	47.00
903	Elkhart	63.00
905	Hanover	57.00
906	Coffeen	36.00
907	Ancient Craft	200.00
909	Bee Hive	600.00
910	Hull	63.00
913	Aaron	325.50
914	Republic	258.00
915	Jackson Park	183.50
916	Welcome	100.00
919	Elwood	60.00
921	Avondale	350.00
922	Compass	241.00
923	East Gate.....	516.05
924	Banner Blue	294.00
926	Veritas	400.00
927	Candida	322.00
928	Grant Park	31.00
929	Ashland	58.00
931	Wilmette	390.00
932	Sandoval	71.00
934	Hinsdale	209.50
937	North Shore.....	655.00
938	Circle	100.00
940	Pleasant View....	9.00
941	Elmhurst	197.00
942	Maple Park	42.50
943	Bohemia	411.00
944	John Corson Smith	300.00
945	Buffalo	44.00
946	Joy	85.00
947	Kenmore	70.00
948	R. F. Casey.....	19.00
950	Glen Ellyn	130.00
953	Stone Arch	33.00
954	Progressive	300.00
955	Cicero	200.00
956	Washington Park.	384.00
957	Prospect	155.00

No.	Lodge	Amount
958	Prudence	386.00
960	Algonquin	45.00
961	Federal	175.00
962	Ben Franklin	392.00
963	Broughton	27.00
964	Maplewood	166.00
965	Cisco	33.00
966	Exemplar	178.50
967	Dahlgren	29.00
968	South Gate	107.00
969	East Moline	88.00
970	St. Joe	49.00
971	Fernwood Park	102.00
972	Rainbow	220.00
973	Perseverance	202.00
974	Albany Park	198.00
975	Old Glory	348.00
977	Parian	192.00
978	Square	100.00
979	Stephen Decatur	272.50
980	Anchor	115.00
981	Trowel	141.00
982	Sincerity	500.00
983	Glencoe	153.00
984	Emblem	216.00
985	Universal	197.00
987	Cyrene	55.00
988	Park Ridge	132.00
989	Hyde Park	160.00
991	Welfare	100.00
993	Leyden	42.00
994	True Blue	110.00
995	Lawndale	211.00
996	Sunrise	100.00
997	Integrity	212.00
998	Paul Revere	182.00
999	Morgan Park	165.00
1000	Baylis	38.00
1001	Wayfarers	100.00
1002	Portage Park	50.00
1003	Fortitude	130.00
1004	Hurst	40.00
1005	Community	196.00
1006	Fair Oaks	227.00
1007	Loyal	149.00
1008	Parkway	179.00
1009	Hiram	100.00
1010	Honor	115.00
1011	Woodson	30.00
1012	Birchwood	221.00
1013	John Paul Jones	106.00
U. D.	Moline	50.00
U. D.	Paramount	61.00
		$132,177.50

Miscellaneous

F. O. Lowden	$ 25.00
M. J. Trees	1.00
B. F. Hoffberg	1.00
I. S. Blackwelder	1.00
Interest on loan	780.00
Interest 2 bond ($350.00)	5.21
Interest daily balances	771.64
	$133,762.35

$350.00 in U. S. Bonds included in the above amount.

RECAPITULATION

GENERAL FUND

Receipts from all sources	$249,078.34	
Orders drawn	216,897.41	$ 32,180.93

CHARITY FUND

Receipts from all sources	196,152.28	
Orders drawn	135,275.00	60,877.28

WAR RELIEF FUND

Receipts from all sources	193,762.35	
Transferred to General fund	60,000.00	133,762.35

Balance includes $350.00 in bonds.

PERMANENT FUND

Receipts from all sources	777.00	
No orders drawn		777.00

NATIONAL DEFENSE FUND

Receipts from all sources	88,547.36	
Orders drawn	14,782.87	73,764.49
Total balance (includes $350.00 in bonds)		$301,362.05

BALANCE SHEET

	Receipts.	Disbursements.
Balance 1917	$107,219.05	
National Defense	88,547.36	$ 14,782.87
Monitors	2,221.12	8,327.00
Dues 1918, General	91,389.67	
Dues preceding year, General	19.53	
Dues 1917, Charity	74,773.33	
Dues preceding year, Charity	15.97	
Dispensations	4,398.10	
Music	23.00	
Dues U. D. General	124.85	
Dues U. D. Charity	102.15	
General Fund, Miscellaneous	3,689.20	
Charity Fund, Miscellaneous	6,376.00	450.00
Defunct lodge dues	29.60	
Official Receipts	1,047.54	976.68
Blue books and ceremonials	162.40	1,125.00
Expense of D. D. G. M.		1,433.32

Expense of Grand Secretary		1,611.48
Clerk Hire		1,080.00
Expense of Grand Master		1,002.48
Stenographer		1,200.00
Committee on Correspondence		500.00
Services of Grand Tyler		216.38
Rent of Medinah Temple		460.00
Expense of Advisory Council		165.02
Mileage and Per Diem		21,094.70
Printing and distributing proceedings		5,989.58
Miscellaneous printing		2,945.20
Salaries		8,200.00
Schools		1,758.74
Miscellaneous expense		8,584.23
LaGrange Maintenance		26,000.00
Sullivan Maintenance		50,000.00
Interest General	715.08	
Interest Charity	226.03	
Committee on Chartered Lodges		100.00
Paraphernalia		521.25
Expense of Grand Marshals		211.35
Complete new road		1,500.00
New building		21,000.00
Manual training		1,000.00
Appraisals		75.00
Permanent Fund	475.00	
Grand Royal Arch Chapter	5,000.00	5,000.00
War Relief Fund	133,412.35	
Code Quizz		150.00
Employment Bureau		750.00
New Farm Buildings		5,250.00
Cattle Pass		500.00
Rent, Office of Grand Secretary		495.00
Furnishings, Sullivan Home		15,000.00
Coal, Sullivan		5,000.00
Coal, LaGrange		3,000.00
New Roads		1,500.00
	$519,967.33	$218,955.28
Balance, State Bank, Chicago		301,012.05
	$519,967.33	$519,967.33

REPORT—Committee on Correspondence.

Bro. Delmar D. Darrah presented his report as Committee on Correspondence. It was received, ordered printed in the proceedings and will be found in the appendix.

REPORT—Committee on Grand Master's Annual Report.

Bro. Charles H. Spilman, chairman of the Committee on Grand Master's Report, presented the report of that committee. On motion, it was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Illinois:

Recognition that this is a time of national stress when the principles upon which our country was founded and which constitute the underlying and interwoven strength of our Masonic institution are at stake, forms the keynote and the primal text for the greeting of the grand master to the grand lodge at the opening of this session. It is the thought which is in all hearts that he voices when he refers to the stars in the Masonic service flag, each of which represents a loyal brother who has gone to defend the stars in that other flag, and the grand master may be well assured of the full accord of his brethren of the grand lodge in the exercise of the power of his office to make it possible for many earnest, patriotic citizens to take with them into the vivid possibilities of human combat abroad the sustaining knowledge of our Masonic principles.

The greatest year of material prosperity in the seventy-eight of the Illinois Grand Lodge has been recorded, and there is genuine satisfaction in the realization that not alone in increase in numbers or in the other phases of physical welfare has the advance been noted, but that in every instance, individual or collective, the Masons of Illinois have measured up to demands that were unprecedented and requirements that were remarkable. And this has not only been as fraternal brethren but also as citizens of the commonwealth.

In reverent retrospect we recall the fact that in the year which has fled there have departed from our midst brethren with whom we have held treasured fellowship, among them but a few days since Charlton L. Gregory, chairman of the Board of Grand Examiners, and we refer this subject to the Committee on Obituaries.

The official activities of the grand master were invoked upon numerous occasions which testify to Masonic progress—the laying of two cornerstones, the dedication of seven apartments and temples of the craft, and

the constituting of eleven lodges, and we congratulate the brethren of the state at large upon the fraternal development thus evidenced in the respective communities. In addition the grand master has issued dispensations to seven lodges, four in Chicago, and one each in Bloomington, Nauvoo and Christopher. His action in these seven instances is referred to the Committee on Lodges Under Dispensation.

The exercise of constitutional prerogative has called for filling a number of vacancies in the official roster of this grand lodge, ten right worshipful district deputy grand masters being thus appointed, and these appointments are severally approved.

Approval is likewise extended to the action taken in naming three grand representatives, each of whom succeeds a brother representing the Grand Lodge of Illinois near another grand lodge, who was removed by the hand of death.

It is interesting to note that notwithstanding the constant demands upon the time of the grand master he has found opportunity to officially visit forty-four of the lodges of this jurisdiction. All portions of the state have had this opportunity on the part of the brethren to derive inspiration from the presence of the official head of the order, and he in turn to achieve those personal contacts through which alone a proper perspective may be secured. The custom of visitation on the part of the grand master, while it frequently is accomplished at considerable personal sacrifice and discomfort because of the exigencies of travel, is of great value and should never be permitted to lapse or diminish.

Because of the unusually large number of dispensations granted we deem it well to refer this portion of the report to the Committee on Finance and that on Jurisprudence for consideration of the detail.

The formal installation of such officers of the grand lodge as could not be present at the last session was accomplished by the grand master at convenient places during the early part of the year.

Regularity in the conduct of lodge affairs and the upholding of established routine for the consideration of matters involving the interest of all was emphasized under the heading of Unauthorized Circulars and Appeals. It is a wise custom that the grand master and his associate officers of the grand lodge form a bulwark against hasty or ill-considered action, which may be based upon temperament or the hysteria of passing circumstances, and we endorse heartily the rigid adherence to this usage.

Following in this same general trend, the suggestion of the grand master that action relative to the recognition of France be deferred until calmer times, is heartily concurred in, for the reason that while to some it seems

of pressing moment, it must be admitted that it is only the matters of the moment which cause it to so seem. The problem is not new, it is only the urge that is, and a permanent decision will be more satisfactory if not based in any part upon a transitory condition.

The recommendation that the laws be so amended as to make it obligatory upon lodges to keep members in good standing during absence in army or naval service is a positive position one step beyond the optional action which has been taken by many lodges in the absence of warranting legislation, but being a question of law is referred to the Committees on Jurisprudence and Legislation for presentation to the grand lodge.

In line with the spirit of the times that patriotic sacrifice shall not militate against the participation in Masonic intercourse of desirable citizens, the recommendation that the rigidity of the physical qualifications law be suitably abated, is in the opinion of this committee a step in the right direction but being a question of law is referred to the Committee on Legislation.

Every true Mason will derive pleasure from the official pronouncement that in the drives for the Liberty Loans and the sale of War Savings Stamps, and in support of the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A. and kindred activities, Masons have in every instance been at the forefront.

The action of the grand master in declining to accede to requests for the organization of army lodges in France is in thorough harmony with the prevailing sentiment in this state and is referred to the Committee on Jurisprudence.

From the statement that more than $133,000 has been paid into the grand treasury as a war fund, and from the activity later manifested in the National Defense Fund, it is apparent that the membership at large and the grand officers as well are keenly awake to the needs of the times, have done all that is possible up to the present, and are in position to do more when the way shall be opened for this greatly desired result.

The special request for charity of which mention has been made, already has been before the Committee on Charity, and the action taken is therefore approved as it stands.

The single case of discipline brought to your attention is referred to the Committee on Jurisprudence.

The report from the Masonic Homes this year is brief but interesting, showing that they are ministering in the way intended and with a quality of service most satisfactory. It is pleasant indeed under this heading to record an additional contribution from the grand chapter for the maintenance of the splendid Royal Arch Memorial Hospital. Mention is also made of an individual bequest to the Sullivan Home.

The value of the Code Quiz is officially attested through its use by the Board of Grand Examiners in the preparation of lists of standard questions, and through the high percentages scored by those taking the examinations.

Schools of instruction held during the year brought into evidence a great array of talent, and were received by the brethren with the interest and enthusiasm that they deserved.

A new problem, brought about by war conditions abroad and their reflection in this country, confronted the grand master concerning the refusal of a few of the German speaking lodges to substitute the language of the land for the alien tongue which they employed. This resulted in the issuance of an edict directly applicable to the situation. One of the lodges refused to obey the mandate of the grand master and its charter was arrested. It does not appear that the question of loyalty was involved. The matter of expediency and public policy was directly concerned and later the question of insubordination was intruded. A review of the action shows that the grand master moved with deliberation and in thorough accord with Masonic spirit. His action is referred to the Committee on Jurisprudence.

The privilege of conferring the third degree upon the grand master of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Illinois was a pleasant incident of the official year of the Masonic grand master.

A fitting interest was taken by the jurisdiction of Illinois in the annual meeting of the George Washington Memorial Association at Alexandria, Va., the grand lodge being represented by R. W. Bro. Elmer E. Beach, senior grand warden, who has reported in detail to the grand master.

Similarly, the grand lodge was represented by the grand master, by deputy grand master Dan G. Fitzgerrell and by past grand master Ralph H. Wheeler at the fraternal conference in Washington in December last.

What part the Masons of America should take in the conflict overseas is referred to the Committee on Jurisprudence.

Peace hath her victories the same as war, we are told, and likewise its responsibilities, but when to the cares of a peaceful people there are added the burdens of war, the resulting responsibilities may become well-nigh crushing. We do not therefore deem it proper to conclude a review of the grand master's account of his stewardship without pointing out how well the tremendous duties of the year have been handled. In no instance has a task been evaded, nor has any circumstance been considered too trivial to give it careful attention. The brethren of Illinois, in looking to the grand East have found wisdom in decision, strength in action, and in the manifestation of Masonic character the beautiful service that makes life worth

while. We congratulate the Grand Lodge of Illinois upon the genius which has so ably directed its affairs in the past twelve months.

Fraternally submitted,

C. H. Spilman,
Geo. J. Kurzenknabe,
William Fairlee,
Committee.

REPORT—Committee on Lodges U. D.

Bro. Wm. H. Beckman presented the report of the Committee on Lodges U. D. The report was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Illinois:

Your Committee on Lodges under Dispensation would respectfully report that there have been presented to it for consideration the dispensations and returns of eight (8) lodges which have been working under dispensation since the last annual meeting of the most worshipful grand lodge and as a result of their labors present the following report.

Moline Lodge, U. D., Moline, Illinois.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge August 30th, 1917 by Bro. Ralph H. Wheeler, most worshipful grand master, and dispensation continued in full force under date of October 15th, 1917 by Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted September 5th, 1917 by Bro. Carlton G. Taylor, D.D.G.M., for the 35th District. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received	74
Number elected	61
Number rejected	6
Number initiated	58
Number passed	48
Number raised	46
Number not acted on	7
Number named in dispensation	46
Number named in dispensation not signing petition for charter	1
Number signing petition for charter	85

Whose names are as follows:—

August Nicholi Johnson, Charles Hilbert Carney, Charles Soothill Mason, Frank James Hogan, Clarence Light Carlton, Carl Russell Lawson,

Frank Lester Haynes, August Sundine, Paul Alfred Biggs, James Milton Johnston, Godlove Orth Dietz, Emil Coleman, Alfred Thomas Foster, Alfred Emanuel Peterson, Emil John Johnson, Charles Ludwig Nelson, Charles Alfred Berglund, George Edward Landee, Henry Frederick Mengel, George Edward Carlson, Lloyd Allen Foster, William Kendall Kennedy, Vincent Nathaniel Halgren, Julius Peter Efflandt, George Theodor Jorgensen, Robert Mitchell Bennell, John William Malseed, William Wesley Anderson, Oscar Lindgren, Henry Hastings Colby, Roy Black Salter, Arvid Luther Lundahl, Robert Harrison Lundahl, Henry Sumner Bennett, Leroy Eugene Anderson, Leonard August Rodelius, Joseph Theodore Alexander Faust, Fred Pierson, Robert Clarence Harrington, George Raymond Poland, Reuben White Hamilton, William Irving Derrick, Frank Charles Forward, Charles B. Hall, Arnold Guy Johnson, Clarence Edgar Selby, Edgar Henry Wilson, Louis Earl Schofer, Leo Floyd Sickler, Arthur E. Hageboeck, Hugh Hayes Thomas, Loyis Henry Dorman, Clifford George Carlson, William Henry Brinkman, Frank William Schrader, Frank Love Fugate, Herbert Almond Almlof, Willis Townsend Hinman, Albert C. Vinton, Henry Matthias Oldefest, Harry Frederick Oldefest, Henry Mengel, Roy Sowash, Edward E. Dehler, Lee Roy Dehler, Frank Gustafson, Ralph Burritt Hinman, Elmer Ellsworth Morgan, Horace G. Vernon, Amil Emanuel Danielson, Nels Olof William Johnson, Joshua Yocum, Walter Albert Hanson, Reynold Mauritz Johnson, Oscar Edmund Child, Ernest Jericho, Franz August Swanson, Frederick Charles Kuttler, Fred John Ryder, Otis E. Mansur, V. Halsey Brazee, Frank J. Effland, Alvin Leonard Anderson, August Emanuel Claus, Otto Edward Szekely.

We recommend that a charter be granted this lodge as "Moline Lodge No. 1014."

Paramount Lodge, U. D., Chicago.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge March 4, 1918, by Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted March 14, 1918 by Bro. Welles W. LaMoure, D.D.G.M., for the 8th District. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received	25
Number elected	25
Number rejected	0
Number initiated	25
Number passed	23
Number raised	22
Number not acted on	0
Number named in dispensation	61
Number named in dispensation not signing petition for	

charter	1
Number signing petition for charter	82

Whose names are as follows:

Joseph William Tanner, Charles Conrad Gross, Edwin Love, John Lukes, Herman Fredrick William Nightingale, William Franklin Schaub, Charles Ernest Rank, Gustave William Schmidt, Clarence Elmer Peter McCracken, Frank Walter Hoan, William Phillip Goller, Sherman Amos Rank, Fred William Lambrecht, George Pearce, James Alexander Pearce, William Fred Wolff, Peter Giloth, William Mathew Bartz, Edgar Vern Perkins, Oscar Morton Armstrong, William Jones, Ralph Thomas Ashley, Herbert Rapley, Joseph Fletcher, Jr., John Fred Engstrom, William Fredrick Gundlach, Alfred Christian Frank, Fred Holle, Frank Harrison Partridge, Glenn Wakley Upham, Roy Earl Hester, John Wiltjer, Elmer Christian Woelfel, Fredrick Alberty, Leonard Axel Hammar, Charles Christian Nicholas Johanness, John Albert Anderson, Thomas John Sanders, Archibald Smith, Joseph Alexander Stantz, Fredrick Housey Woodruff, Joseph Stefan, William John Ritchie, William Witmer Hawthorne, Samuel Baird, Robert Waddell, Theodore Jacob Spuehler, Thomas McCormick, Fred William Sell, Victor Joseph Marinier, Arthur Bibb, Raymond Leon Rank, Albert Carl Wehrwein, George Arthur Dyckman, Alfred Frank Griebel, Louis D. Kraber, Hugo Ernst Henke, William Harold Minaker, John Henry McArthur, Percy Harry Corbett, William Alfred Spuehler, Edward Julian Barkoske, Anthony Gerret Walstra, Alvin August Lipke, Robert Givin, Ambrose Huber, Edward Vincent Albright, August Panzegrau, Hugh Burris Elrod, Charles August Vogt, William Everett Denny, Ernst Fred Miller, Otto Julien, Keith Cox, Oscar Gleinich, Benjamin Franklin Wood, Samuel Kay Wood, Joseph Wood, William Joseph Wood, Martin Sieker, William Paul Fredrich, Alfred Frank Beaulieu.

We recommend that a charter be granted this lodge as "Paramount Lodge No. 1015."

Christopher Lodge, U. D., Christopher, Illinois.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge March 23rd, 1918, by Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted March 30, 1918, by Bro. Wm. H. Thomas, Jr., D.D.G.M. for the 93rd District. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received	23
Number elected	12
Number rejected	9
Number initiated	7
Number passed	6

Number raised 6
Number not acted on 2
Number named in dispensation 43
Number named in dispensation not signing for petition for charter 1
Number signing petition for charter 48

Whose names are as follows:

Ozro H. Lewis, Orlie B. Burkitt, Daniel S. Silliman, Theo. P. Harrison, Everett Lewis, J. Newton Brayfield, Benjamin F. Brayfield, Herman M. Rea, Finis Hindman, Vallie L. Mitchell, Chas. A. Jones, John M. Stanfield, Chas. L. Pike, Chas. S. Launsbury, Ulysses S. Hutson, Dwight D. Hodges, William G. Phillips, Clifford E. Vanslyck, John A. Deitz, Walter W. Sheerer, Guy Stanfield, Carl S. Walker, Winifred F. Crain, Arthur Allais, John Clark, Elmer Ray, John L. Jones, James L. Summers, Ezra Hobbs, Ernest K. Elkins, Thomas M. Silkwood, Edward J. Hoey, Reuben Teffertillar, Hugh Musgroves, John W. McDonald, Lemuel B. Harrison, J. Earl Cockrum, L. Walthen Brayfield, Clarence Mitchell, Isaac M. Crain, Chas. E. Musgrave, J. B. Swofford, Earl McKinley Morris, William Newton Underwood, Daniel W. Green, Fred Roberts, Harl Farmer, Orville Wilkes Harriss, Ira Jay Davis.

We recommend that a charter be granted this lodge as "Christopher Lodge No. 1016."

Arts and Crafts Lodge, U. D., Bloomington, Illinois.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge May 21, 1918 by Brother Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted May 24, 1918 by Brother Austin H. Scrogin, most worshipful grand master. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received 69
Number elected 56
Number rejected 9
Number initiated 49
Number passed 47
Number raised 44
Number not acted on 4
Number named in dispensation 107
Number named in dispensation not signing petition for charter 0
Number signing petition for charter 151

Whose names are as follows:

Delmar Duane Darrah, Howard Hunter Frank, George Washington Monroe, John Birney, P. C. Somerville, Cliff Guild, Arthur J. Graves, Irvin R. Good, William H. Boyer, Victor B. Robinson, Roy Atkinson, Frank H. Thompson, Thomas Ainsworth, Homer Arnold, Francis Marion Austin, Charles Brokaw, William Bach, Oliver Birney, Charles Burr, William Biggs, Frank Butzow, Fred Baumann, Byrl Bowman, John Oliver Bolin, Philip Barton, Frank Bartels, Carl Bickel, Ora Bishop, Warren Barton, James Bonnett, James Clark, Henry Clarke, Alfred Clarke, Richard Calhoun, John Coblentz, Lyle Chadband, Elmer Cavins, William Carr, Lincoln Dobson, Virgil Downing, Robert Empson, Lee Eggleston, Charles Erwin, Ralph Erwin, Robert Erwin, Clarence Ferguson, Frank Fahnestock, Orville Forrister, Charles Flegel, Albert Frankeberger, Bertram Franklin, Albert Guild, William Gemberling, Edward Gowdy, Florence Graue, Paul Giermann, Egbert Hawks, Samuel Hilts, Charles Hilts, John Haise, Clinton Hughes, Eugene Harris, Louis Howard, Gordon Howard, Henry Hurley, Harry Hostetler, Fred Ashton Hitch, Harris Keys Hoblit, Fred Page Hines, Ray Hines, James Clarence Harvey, Samuel Igams, Merton Johnston, Mathias Hones, Rolla Jones, Robert Jackson, John Kumler, Philip Clifton Kurtz, Charles Henry Kurtz, Donald Kyger, Edward Kirkpatrick, John Kazar, Glenn Ludwig, John Lusher, John Little, Edward Lee, Henry E. Lewis, William Lyon, John Albert Ling, Olin Lee, Charles Lausterer, John Lake, Charles McCabe, Louis L. McCreight, Ralph McConnell, William Melhorn, Eldo Moore, William Moore, Edward Mabie, George Marton, Lincoln Mostoller, Glenn Miller, Oscar Newell, John Ove, Horace Pratt, Perry Poorman, Mark Piper, George Pumphrey, Guy Palmer, Wilbur Phelps, Charles Reinow, Jesse Riley, Frank Rozhart, James Ramage, Frank Rice, Edgar Scott, Ray Stretch, Charles Scholer, Harry Smith, L. Wayne Stubblefield, Frank Strayer, Lester Schloeffel, Clark Stewart, John Shirk, Augustus Shade, Norman Sansom, John Hedley Scott, Virgil Sullivan, George Strayer, Clifford Stewart, Robert Smith, James Smith, Fred Taylor, Ray Thompson, James Van Winkle, James Vaughn, Raymond Wooley, William Wilson, Onesimus West, Joseph Wetzel, John Wight, William Wallis, Charles Williams, Sain Welty, Edward Wagner, Benjamin Zabel, Theodore Kemp, George H. Johnson, Chester K. Johnson.

We recommend that a charter be granted this lodge as "Arts and Crafts Lodge No. 1017."

Pythagoras Lodge, U. D., Chicago, Illinois.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge June 12, 1918, by Brother Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted June 15, 1918 by Brother Joseph J. Shaw, D.D.G.M. for the 2nd District. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received	25
Number elected	21
Number rejected	0
Number initiated	19
Number passed	15
Number raised	15
Number not acted on	4
Number named in dispensation	78
Number named in dispensation not signing petition for charter	2
Number signing petition for charter	93

Whose names are as follows:

George B. Herrington, Harry W. Abbott, William C. Waterstradt, Christian Petersen, David T. Singer, Ewald E. Lehr, Frederick L. Arnholt, William Bachrach, Frederick E. Welch, Roscoe L. Douglas, Z. A. Chandler, Olice Winter, John G. Pyle, Bohumil Kral, C. L. Williams, George Knochenmuss, N. P. Petersen, D. C. Whitney, E. G. Bauman, Henry Koehler, Frederick E. Price, Finley D. McKittrick, Edward A. Kalinski, Charles Kulle, William Schneidewendt, James D. Kulle, Charles O. Carlson, Arthur Thorsen, Albert C. Mueller, Fred Rau, Oscar R. Mason, Frank Kulle, Nathan Hallock, Ernest P. Reigert, Harry Dowse, Samuel Singer, William L. Le Boy, M. J. Majurin, Harry Joseph Skurow, Otto Schenk, Albert Worsham, Edward C. Enthof, George Shabsin, Herbert Sivertsen, Maurice J. Karpf, Travis S. Turbett, Wilton W. Messinger, Philip W. Hutton, T. E. Hallock, James M. Young, Frank A. Hoff, W. A. Woodbury, A. E. Corse, J. H. Tanler, Robert C. Duncan, Julius H. Peterson, Chas. J. King, William F. Wigger, John A. Phillips, Theophile Cuny, Helmer A. Carlson, Barney Busch, Paul J. Kuebler, E. J. P. Meyer, E. M. Griggs, Willis M. Waters, Richard Gulbransen, Homer C. Hartshorn, W. A. Allen, F. T. E. Kallum, W. Clarence Henderson, Nels Henry Petersen, Harry A. DuBrule, Fred P. Bernhardt, Frank C. Christy, Tage Lindquist, Alfred E. Webster, George H. Carter, William Bishop Owen, Charles Aaron Welch, Leon Moss White, Frank Serge Gershenow, George August Larson, Fred Guy Holmes, Frank Lincoln Morse, Max Lippy Loewenberg, John Knox Skinner, George Harry Petersen, Wilmer Goddykoontz, Albert William Gustafson, Samuel Lewis Freedman, Joseph Ronald Schultz, Sigwald Aaron Olsen.

We recommend that a charter be granted to this lodge as "Pythagoras Lodge No. 1018."

Victory Lodge, U. D., Chicago, Illinois.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge July 8, 1918, by Brother Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted July 9, 1918,

by Brother Joseph J. Shaw, D. D. G. M. for the 2nd District. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received	20
Number elected	5
Number rejected	0
Number initiated	4
Number passed	4
Number raised	4
Number not acted on	15
Number named in dispensation	109
Number named in dispensation not signing petition for charter	3
Number signing petition for charter	114

Whose names are as follows:

John R. Olson, Gustave A. Mittelstaedt, August Davidson, Paul Mommsen, Emil P. Johnson, Victor P. Weber, Oscar P. Von Zastrow, Arthur H. W. Hausser, Charles Schroeder, Herbert A. Winton, Otto F. Stein, W. F. Bodong, Albert S. Waller, Robert E. Binder, John Thornquist, Lloyd O. Gilbert, Julius S. Bodin, John D. Lucie, Robert O. Johnson, Adolph M. Kleinman, Fred G. Currie, Melvin A. Gerlach, Clifford J. Vance, Frank W. Kiellor, R. A. Jeths, H. J. Horn, John E. Noesen, John Stussy, Herbert W. Locke, Louis H. Friederich, Junius B. Wood, Otto Mehrholz, Sol. C. Cooper, Albert H. Bader, August J. F. Hoffman, John R. Townsend, Harry F. Little, Thos. W. Case, Adolph C. Madus, Harvey L. Keneipp, William Crozier, Rich. M. Jaeckel, Richard C. A. Schultz, Roe H. Cover, George W. Allen, Howard J. Ibsen, R. E. L. Hall, Joseph F. Moffatt, Harry G. Shannon, I. B. Yates, Christian Rasmussen, Fred F. Schuettler, Robert Bruck, Jacob Schwegel, Joseph C. Schneider, Wm. B. Whitney, F. A. Manthey, J. W. Belter, K. H. Rudolph, H. R. Bestman, Phillip J. Weber, George W. Schaeffer, Chas. D. M. Krinn, J. C. Marshall, Frank M. Avisch, Jos. W. Zajac, Edward E. Sooy, Carl A. Lyckberg, William D. Stluka, Albert F. Rose, Oscar Fosdick, F. E. Stowell, Frank C. Bennig, Ernest E. Hill, Gustave A. Hoffman, Milton C. Taylor, M. O. Pfaff, Arthur H. Umenhofer, Michael Decker, William R. Koenig, F. C. Chadwick, Axel W. Wall, George W. Schaub, Con. Werlien, Amos J. Fuson, Arthur Stevens, Olaf A. Carlson, Wood Wormold, John R. Enlund, Earville C. Johnson, Gustave H. Beck, Joseph Belasco, Otho B. King, George Lettie, H. A. Hohmann, Math. Luecker, Benj. H. Hyman, D. A. Rowan, A. F. Golden, Fred W. Brinkman, Herschell L. Vallandigham, George H. Withrow, Wm. B. Van Sandt, Frank Swanson, John B. Eaton, James Pettit, Arthur Fred Kerkow, Arthur A. Schmid, Henry G. Schilke, Robert Pinkerton Hutchinson, Eugene Louis Wittenborn, Ervin Fred Rapp, Frederick Berthold Ernst, Fredrick J. Fielding.

We recommend that a charter be granted this lodge as "Victory Lodge No. 1019."

COSMOPOLITAN LODGE, U. D., Chicago, Illinois.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge July 10, 1918, by Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted July 10, 1918, by Bro. George E. Moore, D. D. G. M. for the 14th District. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received	49
Number elected	34
Number rejected	1
Number initiated	19
Number passed	4
Number raised	4
Number not acted on	14
Number named in dispensation	108
Number named in dispensation not signing petition for charter	5
Number signing petition for charter	113

Whose names are as follows:

Gustav Kohn, Joseph Isiah Comroe, George Moulton Johnston, Sigmund Strauss, Morris H. Cohen, David Martin Zemans, Israel G. Adelman, Montefiore M. Jacobs, Erich E. Pacyna, Harry F. Ellis, Julius H. Silbar, Arthur F. Kohn, I. Kaufman, Charles William Packwood, Milton Falkenstein, Isaac D. Belasco, George E. Weeks, William Bernstein, Joseph Feiner, Joseph Cohn, Lee Cohn, Fred M. Stern, Max Israel, Herman Levi, Henry Blech, Sam Levi, Isaac Goldmeir, Samuel E. Levi, Henry Ebler, Sam J. Fine, Samuel Goldschmidt, Sidney P. Cohn, Jacob H. Myers, Harry Ginsberg, Arthur W. Stuhl, Nathan Metzger, Theodore Freund, Edward Cohn, Abraham Green, Joseph M. Bernstein, Morris Berk, Emil Strauss, Max Kahn, Louis Seelig, Benjamin Cohen, Frank Kissling, Fred H. Kohn, Philip Silverman, Sam Aminoff, Sidney Seeder, Simon Harpman, David Goldrath, Max Fliegelman, H. E. Schreiber, Desire Kiffer, Max Cohn, R. J. Russell, Gustav A. Hartman, C. H. Turner, Harry Davidson, Alex H. Coh, Fred Rosenstiel, Morris Levi, Charles Reims, Maurice F. Pinchouck, Ignaz Herzka, William R. Baird, Howard H. Beck, Jack Davidson, Alfred Modern, Sig. Kahn, Abraham J. Meltzer, Henry Scharf, Alfred Seeder, Jack Phillips, Lewis James Levy, Milton A. Wolfson, E. J. Gross, David Eichberg, Leo Bartenstein, Maurice H. Garber, David I. Malkan, W. M. Rosenthal, Victor Pacyna, Max Korach, Howard F. Leopold, Monroe Kohn, Harry Lindauer, Harry Kusel, Mortimer D. Stein, Benjamin Chinberoff, Christopher J. O'Connor, A. W. Tripp, Emil

Hecht, S. Hertz Cohen, George Wallace, Max Hyman, Nathan Lapidus, Will Lapidus, Henry J. Smit, L. Alfred Meyer, J. M. Durin, Edward Hess, Sidney P. Rosenthal, Sylvan Kohn, Emanuel Z. Wallerstein, Adolph Haas, Lazar Herman Gladstone, Frank Robert Lees, George William Seichrest, Charles James Alcan, David I. Felsenthal.

We recommend that a charter be granted this lodge as "Cosmopolitan Lodge No. 1020."

Nauvoo Lodge, U. D., Nauvoo, Illinois.

A dispensation was issued for this lodge April 15, 1918, by Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, grand master. This lodge was instituted April 27, 1918, by Bro. Edmund Charpentier, D.D.G.M. for the 53rd District. The work of this lodge is as follows:

Number of petitions received	10
Number elected	6
Number rejected	0
Number initiated	6
Number passed	5
Number raised	4
Number not acted on	4
Number named in dispensation	26
Number named in dispensation not signing petition for charter	0
Number signing petition for charter	30

Whose names are as follows:

Randolph Arbuckle, John F. Argast, Edward Argast, Sr., Philli Bertschi, Miko Fulton, Sidney E. Fowler, Walter Griffith, George Gross, John Hamman, Jacob Haessig, Conrad Haase, Tom Humphrey, L. R. Hutson, Edward Hanausky, Floyd E. Heberer, George Hart, Jesse La Croix, Geo, C. La Croix, Louis H. Michael, William Pitt, Jr., Leslie Reimbold, John W. Reimbold, Erwin C. Reimbold, G. W. Rudolphi, Glen O. Siegrist, Russell Soland, Emmerson L. Soland, Fred Salm, Jr.

We find on examination of the records of this lodge that at a meeting dated August 3, 1918, the master, due to his unfamiliarity with the blue-book, issued an order concerning one petition which order was not in accordance with Masonic Law.

After summoning the master of said lodge before this committee for personal consultation, your committee is of the unanimous opinion that in the action which was taken, there was no intent to evade the law in any respect, neither was such illegal action taken to impose upon the fraternity.

We recommend that this lodge be granted a charter as "Nauvoo Lodge No. 1021."

All of which is fraternally submitted.

WM. H. BECKMAN,
C. L. SANDUSKY,
F. O. LORTON,
HARRY L. BROWNING,
E. J. MERKI,
Committee.

REPORT—Committee on Clubs.

Bro. Owen Scott, chairman of this committee, made the following report. It was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Illinois:

We, your special committee on the relation of club rooms in connection with lodges, fraternally report as follows:

Pursuant to action of the grand lodge in approving the report of Grand Master Wheeler at the session of 1917, we caused notice to be sent to all lodges of the state, giving time and place of hearings. Two meetings were provided for—one in Chicago, May 15 and one in Springfield, May 21. All persons interested in club rooms in connection with Masonic lodges were invited to be present and present their views regarding their advantages or disadvantages to Masonry.

The meeting at Chicago was held as per notice at the LaSalle Hotel on May 15. Representatives were present from Park, No. 843; Quincy, No. 296; Hermit, No. 39; Bodley, No. 1; Lambert, No. 659; Columbia, No. 819; Grand Crossing, No. 776; Mt. Joliet, No. 24; Matteson, No. 175; Ravenswood, No. 777; Providence, No. 711; Occidental, No. 40; Humboldt, No. 555; Circle, No. 938 and Integrity, No. 997—in all fifteen lodges. In these the opinion was unanimous that the club rooms were in no sense detrimental but a positive advantage. In all lodges, except one, there was no objection among the members to their existence. In this one it was stated that "one or two members are opposed to the club feature." It was shown that the clubs were usually furnished as reading rooms, with billiards, pool tables and equipment for other games. In all it appeared that no intoxicating liquors were permitted and nothing allowed in the way of games of chance or gambling. All club rooms were closed on Sundays, except for reading and instructing of candidates.

On May 21, at the St. Nicholas Hotel at Springfield, the second hearing was held. Representatives appeared for DeWitt Lodge, No. 84, at Clinton; St. Paul, No. 500, Springfield and Mt. Pulaski, No. 87, at Mt. Pulaski—three in all. In the case of St. Paul, the representative was R. W. Bro. A. L. Pickel, district deputy for the 65th District, who appeared for the district rather than for his own lodge. In all those appearing at Springfield, except one, the club rooms were regarded favorably and as an advantage to the several lodges. The only real objection came from DeWitt Lodge, No. 84, located at Clinton. Bro. B. F. Staymates and R. W. Bro. Carl Swigart appeared in opposition and the worshipful master, Bro. H. S. Macon, in their favor.

This club was originally started as an independent organization. By action of the lodge the club rooms were taken over, a debt of about $400.00 assumed and paid by the lodge and the dues raised from $3.00 to $5.00 per year. Subsequently the annual dues were reduced to $4.00. It was estimated by Bros. Swigart and Staymates that about 20 members, out of a little over 200, objected to the club room. The principal objection seemed to be that the expenses were paid out of the lodge treasury. Bro. Staymates stated that he was perfectly willing to have the club room remain rent free, if supported by its members and not by the lodge. The W. M., Bro. H. S. Macon, heartily endorsed the club room. The only expense is for lighting and heating and this is quite small. He thinks the club rooms of great advantage to the lodge. The rooms could be rented but they are worth more to the lodge for their present purpose than the rental they would bring into the treasury. The dues at $4.00 could not be reduced even though the club were eliminated. Brother Macon thought there were not over five members who were opposed. The abolition of the club rooms would create far greater objection than their continuation.

The fact that only seventeen lodges in the entire state had sufficient interest in this question to send representatives to these hearings shows that no serious differences on this matter exist. Opposition of any vital nature is confined to one lodge. The master of this one, representing at least 90% of its members, strenuously advocates its maintenance. From this practical unanimity little ground appears for drastic action or interference with the local management of lodges in regard to club rooms.

From these hearings it develops that two questions arise.

1. Shall lodges establish and maintain club rooms and pay the expenses of the same out of their treasuries?

2. Do club rooms adjacent to lodges interfere with their workings?

In answer to the first question the evidence adduced in the committee's hearings shows that the cost is extremely small and that the advantages to

the lodge far outweigh this expenditure. As to the second it is shown that the club room tends to create interest in the lodge, to bring members to the meetings and to furnish clean amusement and entertainment, freed from the demoralizing influences of the saloon and common pool room.

Attention has been called to the report of the Jurisprudence Committee and the action of the grand lodge thereon found on pages 144-5, proceedings of 1914. It will be seen that the question at issue there is very different from the one under consideration here. "Social clubs, baseball clubs, musical or other organizations within lodges" were held to be against the spirit of the craft. The Jurisprudence Committee said, "A club, although confining its membership to persons belonging to a particular lodge, should in no sense be a part of the lodge. To form an organization 'within the lodge' means to form it with the sanction of such lodge, with the right to use the name and funds and secure the influence of the lodge to promote its interests. We are of the opinion that there is no objection to the formation of societies or clubs recruiting their members from a particular lodge. The objection is to using the name, influence or funds of the lodge to further the purposes of such society or club." This is very clear and stands as the law of the grand lodge. A club or society to which all the lodge are not members by virtue of their lodge affiliation should not use the name, influence or funds of the lodge.

The question before your committee involves club rooms as adjuncts to lodges. No society or club within the lodge, to which only a part of the members belong, can legally bear the name or use the funds of the lodge. Club rooms as social adjuncts have been proven by the evidence before your committee to be an asset rather than a liability.

In view of the foregoing, your committee finds that no legislation is needed in this regard. Lodges, themselves, appear to be regulating the club rooms in such a way as to require no interference by the grand lodge. Should abuses appear in individual cases on proper showing, the executive functions of the grand master are quite sufficient to regulate and correct any irregularities that may appear. Your committee believes in the largest liberties of constituent lodges, consistent with the general good of the craft.

We, therefore, recommend that the present status of club rooms be allowed to remain. Lodges, however, should be reminded that it is quite essential to the continued growth and prosperity of Masonry in Illinois that they do not encroach upon their lodge treasuries in unnecessary and extravagant use of lodge funds in club rooms or otherwise for social purposes. In these strenuous days of this world-wide crisis, lodge funds should be conserved for the relief of the many thousands who may become needy, worthy brothers.

Lodges and individual Masons have been able to contribute to the many war relief measures in such a liberal manner as to bring credit to the craft. This no doubt will continue.

Fraternally submitted,

OWEN SCOTT,
DELMAR D. DARRAH,
LEROY A. GODDARD,
JAMES MCCREDIE,
GEO. W. MCFATRICH.
Committee.

The views of Bro. B. F. Staymates are printed at his request and will be found in the appendix, page 277.

REPORT—Committee on Libraries.

Bro. Charles W. Walduck, chairman, presented the report of the Committee on Libraries. It was adopted.

October 8, 1918.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Illinois:

Your committee desires to report that while the condition of the libraries in the Homes at LaGrange and Sullivan has not seriously deteriorated, yet a certain amount of replenishment is necessary both in the way of books for the children of LaGrange and magazines and papers for the older people at Sullivan, Ill.

For the children, a further supply of books for the boys is needed and any donations in this line will be gladly accepted.

The following magazines, periodicals and newspapers should be received regularly at the Sullivan Home.

6 copies Saturday Evening Post.
3 copies Colliers.
2 copies Puck.
2 copies Judge.
2 copies Life.
2 copies Scientific American.
2 copies Literary Digest.
2 copies Independent.
2 copies American Magazine.
1 copy Pictorial Review.
20 copies Chicago Daily Tribune.

10 copies Chicago Sunday Tribune.
10 copies Chicago Daily News.
8 copies Decatur Daily and Sunday Herald.
10 copies St. Louis Sunday Paper.

Detailed report of receipts and expenditures as follows:

Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1917		$239.98

DISBURSEMENTS FROM LIBRARY FUND FOR YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 1, 1918.

1917.			
Nov. 22	Chicago Tribune, 20 copies, 6 months	$40.00	
Dec. 28	A. C. McClurg & Co., books for LaGrange	12.52	
1918.			
Jan. 28	The Cosmopolitan Magazine, LaGrange Home	2.00	
Jan. 28	Publisher's Adjusting Ass'n., LaGrange Sub. Boys Magazine	2.00	
Feb. 25	Ill. Masonic Review, six copies for past year	6.00	
Mar. 9	First National Bank, Draft to Curtis Pub. Co.	1.50	
Mar. 16	A. C. McClurg & Co., Atlas of World, LaGrange	4.60	
April 12	A. C. McClurg & Co., Sat. Eve. Post, LaGrange	1.35	
April 23	The Chicago Tribune, 20 subscriptions 6 months	40.00	
April 27	Decatur Herald, 8 yearly subscriptions	32.00	
June 29	E. E. Barber, newspapers	43.10	
Aug. 29	E. E. Barber, newspaper	28.80	
			$213.87
Cash on hand			$ 26.11

Your committee fraternally recommends that an appropriation of $800.00 be made and set aside for the Library Fund, this portion of the report to be referred to the Committee on Finance.

With a total of 167,286 members of our fraternity throughout the state of Illinois, it follows that a large number are in the national service, many of our beloved boys now being across the water, and standing with the Allies at the outposts and very frontiers of civilization, it is proper indeed that each of our 869 lodges should keep as nearly an accurate record as possible of the names and addresses of its own members in the service, with their rank, branch of service and movements. This work requires special equipment such as an index file for letters and a loose leaf "Photo Album" to be used exclusively for the soldier boys in uniform. A monthly letter should also be sent out giving words of encouragement and news from their lodge, a list of their own brother members in the service, with details of

their attachment, camp and regiment, and information so far as possible, solicited, of their own movements and doings. This work it would seem should be directly in charge of the Librarian, or a good special committee, and this valuable collection should be carefully filed away to be used for reference in those great glad days, when the "dark clouds are turned inside out," and the boys are home again.

Fraternally submitted,

CHARLES W. WALDUCK,
W. A. DIXON,
GEORGE L. HILLIKER,
Committee.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The grand master appointed the district deputy grand masters as distributing and collecting tellers and the following brethren counting tellers:

Arthur M. Ottman, Bert Crissey, Robt. Pettigrew, A. O. Paff, Frank Cook, Dayton Baumgardner, Walter Harding, A. E. Schmetzer, Thomas Huston, Robt. C. Dyrenforth, V. Rice.

The tellers, having collected and counted the several ballots, reported that the following brethren had received a majority of votes cast, and they were declared elected:

Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, grand master.
Bro. Dan G. Fitzgerrell, deputy grand master.
Bro. Elmer E. Beach, senior grand warden.
Bro. Arthur E. Wood, junior grand warden.
Bro. Leroy A. Goddard, grand treasurer.
Bro. Isaac Cutter, grand secretary.

CALLED OFF.

At 1:00 o'clock p. m. the most worshipful grand lodge was called from labor to refreshment until 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

SECOND DAY.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, A. D., 1918, A. L. 5918,
9:00 O'CLOCK A. M.

The grand master called the grand lodge from refreshment to labor at 9:00 o'clock a. m.

Grand officers and representatives were present same as the preceding day.

Prayer was offered by the grand chaplain.

The minutes of Tuesday's session were read and approved.

REPORT—Committee on Jurisprudence.

Bro. Monroe C. Crawford, chairman, presented the report of the Committee on Jurisprudence. On motion it was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of the State of Illinois:

Your Committee on Jurisprudence reports that it has considered the various subjects in the report of the most worshipful grand master and fraternally submits the following:

1. That portion referring to "Dues of soldiers" is heartily approved. In the great world crisis, the members of the craft in the service of their country whether over-seas or in the camps in the United States shall be protected in their membership. It is not deemed expedient to change the law regarding payment of dues of members while in military or naval service. To do so would require another change on their return.

It is therefore recommended that lodges shall carry, until their return, all members whose dues are not paid. It is also further recommended that all lodges be instructed that during the war no member in the service shall be suspended for non-payment of dues.

2. Your committee approves the recommendation of the grand master regarding "Physical Qualifications." It is believed that the present law is unnecessarily strict, and that thereby many good men are barred from Masonry, who, but for some slight bodily defects, would make useful mem-

bers of the craft. The teachings of Masonry appeal to the internal rather than the external qualifications of candidates. We are of the opinion that returning soldiers with physical defects, together with those in civil life, should be given a broader opportunity to become Masons than they have under the present law.

We therefore recommend that the Committee on New Legislation be instructed to submit an amendment to the law in accordance with the recommendations herein.

3. Your committee agrees with the grand master regarding "Army Lodges in France," and recommends that his action be approved.

4. We feel that a wise discretion was exercised by the grand master in the removal of the worshipful master of Universal Lodge No. 985, and placing the lodge in charge of the senior warden. This action was taken on the recommendation of a commission after full and thorough investigation. As he was deposed for 60 days, and this time has almost expired, the master will soon be automatically restored. It is the opinion of your committee that the punishment is ample and was deserved.

We recommend that action of the grand master be approved.

5. The war has presented many grave and delicate questions during the past year. Among these was the attitude of Masons in connection with "German Language Lodges." The war has brought so much of grief and sorrow to the world that even the language of the nation responsible for these atrocious deeds became abhorrent to the American people in general. It is readily agreed that most citizens of German birth and extraction are true and loyal to the land under whose flag they have lived and prospered.

Nevertheless, there were some who were willing to accept the blessings of American freedom and yet give aid and comfort to the arch enemy of civilization and humanity in all lands. To avoid even the appearance of disloyalty the grand master took steps to require the nine German speaking lodges to abandon the language of the great enemy of our country. This he endeavored to do by persuasion, but all could not be reached that way. Six readily assented. Three held out against his righteous requirement. In order to settle the matter once for all on July 10, 1918, he issued his edict commanding all to change from German to English, giving them ample time for the re-adjustment. All but Lessing Lodge No. 557 at once obeyed the supreme command. This lodge with a practically unanimous vote, ignored the edict. Whereupon the grand master arrested the charter and the lodge has since been closed. After hearing the statements of the worshipful master, two past masters, and that of the district deputy grand master, your committee is of the opinion that the action taken was through mis-information and ignorance rather than wilful disobedience. We do

not think this lodge or its members meant to be disloyal, as they are good American citizens.

After hearing their pledges for the future, we recommend that the charter be restored.

6. Under the heading, "The New York Conference" is given the result of a meeting in New York City of grand masters and representatives of grand lodges. Being unable to attend, the grand master of Illinois appointed P.G.M. Alexander H. Bell, as his representative. This meeting was called by the grand master of New York to consider the advisability of sending representatives to the seat of war to care for Masonic soldiers in the armies of the allies. In view of the wonderful service rendered by the Y. M. C. A., Red Cross, Salvation Army and other organizations authorized by the military authorities on the battle-fields of France and Belgium, your committee agrees that it would be impossible for Masonic representatives to add to the wonderful work being done by the organizations herein named. It is doubtful if our representatives would be permitted by the Government to go overseas. It is now understood that New York has been denied passports for those chosen and ready to sail.

It is therefore recommended that no action now be taken. All moneys for the relief of soldiers and their families should be conserved for the great needs of those who may return. Emergencies may arise and with our present funds we can meet all demands made by our brave soldier-Masons or their dependents.

Monroe C. Crawford,
Owen Scott,
Geo. M. Moulton,
Wm. B. Wright,
C. E. Allen,
Committee.

SENATOR LEWIS.

At this stage of the proceedings, Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, United States senator, was introduced and addressed the grand lodge. He said he came to the grand lodge to beg its pardon for a seeming discourtesy on his part, because he had failed to attend the grand lodge during the time he was grand orator. He then spoke at length on the conditions in Europe and the part Masonry is taking in the world's war. He said that in the far east, and especially in the Holy Land, the

principles enunciated by the Masonic institution had been accepted as the guide by the new officials of the local governments and that "Masonry had done more to inspire men to duty and to save the souls of men than any other agency in Europe." The senator was roundly applauded.

PERSONAL REPORT.

Bro. Ralph H. Wheeler submitted a personal report of his doings on the Committee on National Defense.

RESOLUTION.

Bro. Edward H. Thomas, chairman of the Committee on Finance, presented the following resolution. On motion it was adopted.

Your committee recommend that $1.00 per day be allowed all representatives in attendance upon this grand lodge meeting in addition to the compensation provided in the by-laws.

REPORT—Committee on Appeals and Grievances.

Bro. Alexander H. Bell, chairman, presented the report of the committee.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of the State of Illinois:

BRETHREN:

Your Committee on Appeals and Grievances respectfully reports that at this session of this grand lodge it has had submitted to it four (4) cases as follows:

AUBURN PARK LODGE NO. 789 VS. * * * *

Charges were preferred against this brother in Auburn Park Lodge No. 789 prior to the annual session of this grand lodge held in the year 1917. The trial was before a commission appointed by the grand master, and resulted in a finding of guilty and of expulsion from all the rights and privileges of Masonry.

This case was before this grand lodge at its last annual session and

was considered by the Committee on Appeals and Grievances. That committee reported, recommending that the finding of the trial commission be affirmed and that the sentence of expulsion be approved. The grand lodge adopted the report of that committee. The matter is again brought to the attention of this committee through a petition filed with the grand master on the part of the accused, and by the grand master has been referred to this committee.

Your committee has carefully read the record in this case. We have reached the conclusion that the Committee on Appeals and Grievances at the last session of the grand lodge gave this case full and fair consideration; that its report and the action of this grand lodge in approving such report amount to a final adjudication of the questions involved in this case. While this committee very readily agrees that notwithstanding an adjudication has been reached, still if manifest injustice has been done, this grand lodge would be strong enough to right its own wrongs. But in this case your committee is not persuaded that a wrong has been done, and we therefore decline to take any action in this matter, which means that the action of this grand lodge at its last annual session remains unchanged and unquestioned.

Ionic Lodge No. 312 vs. * * * *

In this case charges were preferred against the brother which were certainly so vague and indefinite that it would be difficult for anyone to understand the nature of the accusation. It does not appear from the record in this case that the members of the lodge were notified of the time and place set for his trial under the charges presented. The evidence shows affirmatively that the charges were preferred against him something like two years after the commission of the offense charged, and about two years after he moved from Decatur; that he had removed from Decatur where this lodge is located to Allentown, Penn., and had removed from Allentown, Penn., to Washington, D. C., and was living in Washington, D. C. and working for the Government of the United States at the time when the charges were preferred.

A notice in proper form to the brother that the charges had been accepted by the lodge and notifying him of the time and place fixed by the master for the trial under such charges was sent by registered mail to him addressed to Allentown, Penn., but the same was returned uncalled for to the secetary of the lodge. The case was set for trial for the 6th day of July, 1918. The notice sent by registered mail was returned to the secretary of the lodge on June 12, 1918.

The officers of this lodge knew 24 days before the date set for trial that the notice sent had not reached him. The brother had lived in Washington some time before the notice was sent, and within the 24 days above

mentioned inquiry easily might have developed the fact that he had changed his post office address and ample time would have remained to give him notice of the trial. The record does not show that any further attempt was made to notify him. He had no notice of this trial and was not present at the trial.

Your committee is of the opinion that the evidence in this case tending to show the guilt of the accused under the specifications herein was so vague, indefinite and uncertain that the verdict of guilty pronounced in the case cannot be justified upon the evidence.

The difficulty with this case is not merely that one innocent has been adjudged guilty; it is that the notice to the accused not having reached him, no proper degree of diligence was shown on the part of the officers of the lodge to get notice to him; that it does not appear from the record that the membership of the lodge was notified as required by our by-laws; that out of a total membership of over 600, only 18 members were present at the trial, and that the evidence heard was certainly very unsatisfactory. Indeed there was no competent or satisfactory testimony in this case.

Your committee recommends that the sentence of Ionic Lodge No. 312 against the brother be set aside and that he be now restored to all of his rights and privileges as a Master Mason. But because of the uncertainties in the record above mentioned, your committee recommends that this report and recommendation shall not be held or construed to be such an adjudication of the questions involved as will prevent Ionic Lodge or any of its members from preferring new charges touching the same matters involved in this trial.

DAMASCUS LODGE NO. 888 VS. * * * *

In this case charges were preferred against this accused brother in Damascus Lodge. It was charged that he had conspired with some detective agency to ruin the good name and reputation of his wife, or by some improper method to procure evidence against her whereby he might obtain a divorce or blacken her good name and reputation. A trial was had before a commission appointed by the grand master which resulted in a verdict of guilty against this accused brother, and the punishment was fixed at indefinite suspension.

Your committee has read this record with much care. We have talked with those familiar with the circumstances of the case. It is true as shown by this evidence that the brother did employ detectives to investigate the doings of his wife, and the developments in the case show the wisdom of his doing so. The trouble finally resulted in a decree in the Superior Court

of Cook County awarding to the brother a decree of divorce from his wife for her fault, and exonerating him from blame.

Your committee is of the opinion that the finding of guilt against this accused brother was wholly unsupported by the evidence. We recommend that the finding of the trial commission be set aside and that the accused be restored to all his rights and privileges as a Master Mason.

EAST GATE LODGE NO. 923 VS. * * * *

In this case charges were preferred against the brother in East Gate Lodge. It was charged that he had knowingly misrepresented his place of residence in order that he might obtain the degrees in East Gate Lodge.

Your committee has carefully examined this case. We have read all the evidence and talked with those who are familiar with the circumstances. We do not take the trouble to go into the details of the evidence in this report. It is true that the accused brother did not reside within the jurisdiction of East Gate Lodge. His petition was recommended by Master Masons who were familiar with the facts. What he did was done largely upon the advice of members of East Gate Lodge.

Your committee cannot wholly acquit this accuserd brother of blame, but we feel that under the circumstances the penalty of expulsion that has been pronounced against him is extreme.

Your committee recommends that the finding of guilty by the commission be sustained, but that the punishment of expulsion which was fixed be set aside, and that the punishment be fixed at suspension for the term of one year from the 26th day of June, 1918, that being the date of the report of the trial commission.

Fraternally submitted,

ALEXANDER H. BELL,
A. M. OTMAN,
ELMER D. BROTHERS,
A. L. ANDERSON,
Committee.

MINORITY REPORT.

Bro. Chas. H. Martin, as a member of the committee, presented a minority report in the case of East Gate Lodge No. 923 vs. * * * and moved that such minority report be substituted for the report of the committee.

MINORITY REPORT OF BRO. MARTIN

EAST GATE LODGE NO. 923 VS. * * * *

In this case charges were preferred in East Gate Lodge No. 923 alleging in effect that the accused had falsely represented to said lodge in a petition for the degrees in Masonry, that at date when said petition was signed, he, the accused, had resided in the city of Chicago for the period of six months then last past, and by such misrepresentation and deception had induced said lodge to entertain and receive his said petition, and confer the degrees upon him.

A trial was had upon said charges before a commission appointed by the most worshipful grand master, and upon the hearing the commission found him guilty as charged and fixed his punishment at expulsion from all the rights and privileges of Masonry.

From this sentence the accused has appealed to the grand lodge.

The evidence submitted amply supports the charge, and in fact the accused himself admitted in the evidence given by him that the allegations in the charges material to the issues raised are true.

As a member of the committee I am unable to see any reason why the finding of the trial commission should be disturbed, but am of the opinion that the punishment imposed by that tribunal exactly fits the offense.

This minority report therefore recommends that the action of the trial commission in finding the accused guilty as charged, and fixing his punishment at expulsion be affirmed.

Fraternally submitted,

CHAS. H. MARTIN.

The motion of Bro. Martin to substitute his separate report for the report of the committee was lost, and the report of the committee as submitted by its chairman was adopted by the vote of the grand lodge.

THE CHILDREN FROM THE HOME.

The grand lodge was called off for a short time and Geo. L. Hilliker, superintendent of the Orphans' Home at La-Grange, was introduced. He was followed by 24 boys of the

Home, dressed as Shriners. They gave a drill and were heartily applauded. Then George Douglas, a little tot, 6 years old, appeared on the stage dressed as an army officer and marched to the front of the stage and faced the drill team who were lined up in front of him. He proceeded to direct the 24 boys in uniform in their gymnastic exercises, he leading all the time. It was a wonderful performance and fired the grand lodge with enthusiastic admiration. At the conclusion of these exercises all the children of the Home entered, the boys on one side and the girls on the other, the smaller children leading. They marched on the stage and sang "America." It was a grand sight and caused the breasts of every representative present to swell with pride.

INTRODUCTION—Bro. George L. Schoonover.

Bro. George L. Schoonover, Most Worshipful Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Iowa, was introduced by Most Worshipful Brother Austin H. Scrogin. Brother Schoonover spoke as follows:

Most Worshipful Grand Master, and My Dear Friends:

I certainly appreciate beyond all compare the opportunity to come here and have just a moment to express to you the felicitations which are your due, upon the great work you are accomplishing in this jurisdiction. No man could witness that procession of children of our brethren who have not been able to care for them, and not see what you are doing! The morale and spirit which you are cultivating through your representatives in those children! No man could witness that and not know that the great heart of Masonry in Illinois is right.

Another thing I heard you do this morning that shows you are right, and I congratulate you upon it, and that is that when the boys come back from the bloody fields of France with some defect of body that was caused by their inspired love,—of the great love of God and of the great fraternity to which they wish to belong; you are not going to turn down the boys as members of the fraternity because they cannot do some little thing that perhaps strictly conforms to the rules and regulations of the fraternity.

And I want to say to you that while I do not pretend to be a student of Freemasonry, yet I have studied this movement. I have in my own grand lodge fought for the action which has been taken here today and the Grand Lodge of Iowa last June took that action and rendered it into law as your Committee on Jurisprudence has recommended this morning. I want to say brethren that for that I can reach my hand across the Mississippi River and shake with the brethren of Illinois and say, "Let us keep on going and doing the good things that need to be done."

There has been another word spoken since I have been here this morning of which I am not so sure, but I have come here to learn what is known by the brethren of Illinois on the subject, and that is something that was introduced by one of the Jurisprudence Committee to the effect that our government did not want Masonry to participate in the welfare of the boys over there—in the welfare work accorded to them. My brethren, I hope and I pray that that committee is right, but I am afraid they are not right and I am afraid that there is an insiduous influence at work which does not want Masonry to participate in that great relief. I am afraid that is true. I am afraid we ought to be looking into the question, (or that I ought to look into it and find out that I am wrong) for my brethren I believe and I believe from the bottom of my heart, that so far as I am concerned it is my duty to do everything in my power to project this sweet influence and sweet ministry of Masonry which I love as I love no other organization in the world, to project it to my brethren who have gone across the waters in khaki to fight the battles and give them everything on God's earth over there that we can give.

I believe it so firmly my brethren that I take you into my full confidence. I have nothing to conceal. It may be I am wrong—if I am then many other eminent brethren in this country are wrong, but I believe we are being kept away from that work by the insiduous maneuvers of an influence which would like to undermine the Masonic fraternity as much as it could.

But when I get a letter as I did from a good brother across the water the other day asking me,—you know I happen to be connected with the Masonic Research Society in publishing a magazine,—he wrote me in that capacity and said, "Won't you please send across to us some old magazines? It is not necessary they be new just so we can use them in our Masonic Club we are trying to support, so we can take them up to the convalescent hospital where the boys can read them, and so we may have a little element of the bond of friendship between us." He was a captain in the U. S. Army, your army and my army, and he was coming to me for *favors*. That is the way I feel about it. I feel like a slacker that I have not been raising my voice and doing everything I could in the past to get to them without their asking it the things that are

wanted. Then he says further, "We have a little club here in St. Nazaire which we are supporting on the voluntary donation of about 500 of our brethren here," and he says, "we cannot support it without your help any longer because there is too much coming and going."

My brethren those are my personal views. I am not trying to intrude them upon you, but I just want to say this so far as I am concerned I am going to do all I can to get to that brother an answer which will ring as the Liberty Bell rang back in the days when this nation was being formed, for I believe brethren just exactly what your honored senator said this morning right here on this floor and that is that this benign influence of Masonry should be projected by us who know what it is and appreciate what it is, and sent across the water; that that benign influence ought to be exercised in the army and navy and among the nations of the world if you please, in order that the great principles for which we stand, may eventually prevail.

I don't believe my brethren, that because you live in Illinois and I live in Iowa or some other brother lives elsewhere that this is any the less our duty. I don't believe it is up to me as an individual to do it alone, or to my grand lodge as a grand lodge to do it alone or to yours. I believe that for once Masonry is faced by a crisis. Those brothers over there are faced by a crisis. They are all mixed up like hash in a griddle but they are Masons just the same, and they are calling to us and I don't believe that the million eight hundred thousand Masons in America,—because their hearts all beat together; I don't believe they ought to stop until we have arranged some way by which we can work together and give them that influence and carry it across the water, and it is for that purpose that I have invited your grand master and every other grand master in the United States to confer with me at an early date if they think that there is need for such a kind of an organization as I have suggested,—to meet with me and discuss with me this matter, and that is all. If out of that organization there can come some bureau whereby we can send that influence where it belongs then I shall feel I am no longer a slacker. I don't know how the brethren of other jurisdictions feel about it. That is what I am going to find out. I know how a few of them feel about it because I have heard from them and my brethren, that will to co-operate abounds. I know your grand lodge and I now know your grand lodge sentiment, and if, your grand master comes over as I hope he will, to where we have that conference, I want to say this much to you, although he lives in Illinois and I live in Iowa I am going to give him the hand of fellowship. I am going to tell him, my dear brother I trust you to the limit, and I trust your brethren to the limit. That imaginary line that runs through the middle of the river cuts no figure with the beating of your heart and mine, and so far as I am concerned it will cut no figure

with my hand and my pocket-book working with your hand and your pocket-book; working in behalf of our brethern who fight our battles.

I trust my brethren that in thus intruding my views you will not consider that I am violating any of the courtesies of this grand jurisdiction. I simply feel these things in my own heart. I am going to do my best to help this cause along,—what I believe to be the greatest cause that has challenged the efficiency of Masonry in all its existence in America. When I do that, whether my views are right, or the other fellow's are right then I shall feel content because of having done not my bit, but my best as I saw my duty.

Brethren, I thank you again for this opportunity of meeting with you, I appreciate it sincerely and I hope next June that you will all have the opportunity to come over and visit the Grand Lodge of Iowa because we have a pretty good bunch of your kind of Masons over there.

REPORT—Board of Managers of Masonic Homes.

Bro. Robert J. Daly, president of the Board of Managers of the Masonic Homes, presented their report.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Illinois:

Your Board of Managers entrusted with the supervision and management of the Illinois Masonic Homes, fraternally submit the following report of the trust committed to its charge, with data and information by which you may obtain a knowledge of the present conditions existing in the two institutions and also form an intelligent estimate of the needs and requirements of each institution for the coming year in order that adequate provision may be made therefor.

The past year has been a trying one. The steady increase in membership combined with the greatly increased cost of living has demanded our closest attention to the matter of purchases in order to keep the cost of maintenance within reasonable bounds and without stinting the ample supply of wholesome foods provided at all times. The fuel situation was a particularly serious one and it was a question for a time as to whether we would be able to procure a sufficient supply to carry us through last winter.

At the meeting of the board held October 11, 1917, immediately following the last annual session of the most worshipful grand lodge, Brethren Fletcher and Emmerson who had been reappointed as their own successors as members of the board, qualified by their acceptance, and thereupon the board effected its official organization as follows:

Robert J. Daly, President.
Louis L. Emmerson, Vice-President.
W. Irving Shuman, Treasurer.
William D. Price, Secretary.

There having been no change in the personnel of the board, the Executive Committee in immediate charge of the respective Homes remained the same as previously constituted; namely, Brethren Emmerson, Shuman and Doherty for the Home at Sullivan and Brethren Fletcher, Price and Daly for the Home at LaGrange. By action of the board, Brother William A. Dixon was continued as superintendent of the Home at Sullivan and Brother and Mrs. George L. Hilliker were continued as superintendent and matron of the Home at LaGrange.

By action of the committees, Brother John F. Lawson, M. D., was appointed physician to the Home at Sullivan and Brother Arthur E. Higgins, M. D., to the Home at LaGrange.

Official Bond.

Immediately after the election of Brother Shuman as treasurer of your Board of Managers, he filed a surety bond of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars for the faithful performance of his duties. In like manner Brothers Dixon and Hilliker filed bonds of five thousand ($5,000) dollars each for the faithful performance of their duties.

Subsequent to the organization meeting, the board held three regularly called meetings; namely, November 3, 1917, March 16 and 17, 1918, at Sullivan and October 7, at LaGrange. These meetings were attended by all of the members, the proceedings were harmoniously conducted and productive of most excellent results.

During the interval between board meetings, the Executive Committees have regularly and faithfully attended to all the details of administration and exercised a close supervision of all of the affairs involved in the operation of the Homes and in connection with the superintendents have prepared a comprehensive report relative to the Homes under their respective supervision which reports are herewith submitted and to which we invite your careful attention and earnest consideration.

Brother W. Irving Shuman who has been for several years, often at great sacrifice, rendering efficient service on our board as its treasurer and also in the personal oversight of the Royal Arch Memorial Hospital, resigned on June 24, last, to obey the higher call of service to our country. He is now overseas and we who know him well expect that he will merit in his new field of service that old but ever new acclaim "well done, good and faithful servant." We welcome his successor

Brother Charles C. Davis to our number and we are confident that he will measure up to the strongest anticipations of our grand master and the craft.

The Orphans' Home at LaGrange.

As will be seen by the superintendent's report, nothing of particular consequence has happened at the institution during the past year, although the family has been a large one averaging in the neighborhood of one hundred during the entire year. The general health of the children has been good and your committee would feel that they were remiss in their duties if they did not heartily commend Brother and Mrs. Hilliker for their untiring efforts in the interests of our large and interesting family.

At the last meeting of this most worshipful grand lodge twenty-six thousand ($26,000) dollars was appropriated for maintenance and this has been just about sufficient to cover the needs of the Institution. We would, therefore, recommend that the same amount, viz, twenty-six thousand ($26,000) dollars be appropriated for the ensuing year. This estimate is based upon the assumption that there will be no material increase in the cost of supplies.

Special Coal Fund.

Profiting by our experience of last winter and anticipating a still greater shortage of coal this winter, your board requested a special appropriation of three thousand ($3,000) dollars for the purchase of this winter's supply. After several months' correspondence with the State and National Fuel Administrations and finally an appeal to the Director General of Railroads, Brother William G. McAdoo, we were successful in purchasing sufficient coal for our needs and it is now in process of delivery. There is a balance of two thousand ninety-eight dollars and forty-nine cents ($2,098.49) still in the hands of our treasurer and we request that this amount be left with our board pending final delivery of the coal and settlement of the account. We would further recommend that a like amount, viz, three thousand ($3,000) dollars be appropriated for the purchase of coal for the winter 1919-1920.

Manual Training and Domestic Science.

At the last meeting of the most worshipful grand lodge, the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars was appropriated for manual training and domestic science. This instruction was conducted under the supervision of Miss Louise Cottel and Mr. Robert Bagley, both of whom are teachers of those branches in the Chicago public schools. The girls were instructed

in sewing, cooking and canning; the boys in woodworking and gardening. This has proven of inestimable value to the children and a very material saving to the Home, the girls having preserved over one thousand one hundred (1,100) quarts of fruit and vegetables practically all of which were raised by our boys on the property loaned us by Mr. Joseph Leiter.

At the annual garden show of the LaGrange War Emergency Union, the exhibit of canned vegetables from the Home received much praise and the efforts of our children in food conservation were highly commended.

An unexpended balance of two hundred fifty-seven dollars and sixty cents ($257.60) of the above mentioned fund has been returned to the grand secretary and we would earnestly recommend that the sum of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars be appropriated for the continuance of this work for the ensuing year.

Appraisal of Properties of the Masonic Homes.

At the last meeting of the most worshipful grand lodge, the sum of seventy-five ($75.00) dollars was appropriated for the purpose of keeping the appraisal of the Home property up to date as per our contract with the Lloyd Thomas Company. This appraisal has proven of great service to us in the adjustment of claims for loss by fire and we would recommend that a like amount of seventy-five ($75.00) dollars be appropriated for this purpose for the ensuing year.

Sullivan Home.

Perhaps at no period in its history have the general conditions of the Masonic Home at Sullivan been more satisfactory than at the present time. The year just closed has been an extremely busy one and a review of the last twelve months shows a marked improvement along all lines. Especially has this been true so far as permanent buildings and repairs are concerned. The last session of the grand lodge appropriated for special buildings and repairs, $5,250.00. The increased cost of all materials and labor, and a desire on the part of the local committee in charge to complete and furnish satisfactory housing for all the farm labor, so that the Home might be relieved of this burden, led to a larger outlay than was anticipated, and found us with an expense—when the work was completed—of $9,591.04; or, an excess over the appropriation of $4,241.04; all of which has been paid from the earnings of the farm.

These improvements consist, outside of general repairs and betterments, of a modern farmhouse of ten rooms and bath, located on the site of the

old Miller home. This building has a complete basement, splendid porches, is equipped with electric lights, running water and hot air furnace, and is in every respect a model building; also two small cottages, of five rooms each, one for the use of the gardener, the other for the man in charge of the dairy. On the Swain farm a large barn, 50 x 60 feet, is in course of erection, the hard lumber for the same having been sawed from trees located on the Home farm, and all of the soft lumber is on the ground and paid for out of the past year's appropriation. Two corn cribs and a number of other small buildings have been erected, so that the farm equipment along this line is very satisfactory indeed.

The house upon the Swain farm has been replastered and repainted inside, and put in tenantable condition.

The porches, window frames, and other outside woodwork of the administration and older buildings should be repainted the coming spring. While this is an inopportune time in which to make extensive repairs, or do any unnecessary work, the condition of the paint upon these buildings is such that loss will follow if the work is not done within the next few months. The decoration in many of the halls and rooms in these same buildings is in bad condition and insanitary, and should be given proper attention at the same time. For this purpose and necessary repairs to plumbing, an appropriation of twenty-five hundred ($2,500.00) dollars is requested.

New Dormitory.

The new dormitory has been completed and occupied for several months. It is in every respect a model building of its kind and the furnishings and equipment are of the very best. The entire third floor furnishes accommodations for the women help, while the first and second floors are occupied by female members of the Home. With a capacity of more than ninety beds, it will furnish sufficient room for a number of years to come and the grand lodge will not be called upon for funds for this purpose for a long time.

Fuel.

It has seemed almost impossible to provide the necessary reserve coal for the coming winter, and on September 30, the date of this report, we are unable to make as satisfactory a statement along this line as we might wish. Our surplus supply of coal amounts to about five hundred tons, which will be inadequate for the winter, and we hope before cold weather to materially increase this supply. The committee is of the opinion that the best possible results are not being obtained by our power and heating plant, and that the consumption of coal at the Home is entirely too large. To remedy this waste, we are at this time preparing to install a Palmer Forced Draft

System. The cost of this system is $3,500.00, which is to be paid from month to month according to the amount of fuel saved. One year ago $5,000.00 was appropriated for the purchase of this winter's coal and we request that a like sum be appropriated for 1919-1920 coal.

New Road.

During the summer, we have completed the new concrete roadway within the grounds of the Home. The addition built this year conforms to that portion previously constructed. It is sixteen (16) feet in width and five hundred and two (502) feet in length, and adds materially to the appearance and convenience of the buildings and grounds.

State Road.

A special fund of $1,500.00 was appropriated by the grand lodge last year to assist in the completion of the hard road and construction of the bridge in front of the farm. Complications arose so that no work upon the highway nor the bridge has been done. Our appropriation has been placed in the hands of the proper county authorities, and they in return have given us a contract and bond for the completion of the work during the year 1919. When this main highway is completed, the farm will have a splendid concrete road, one and one-quarter miles in length, extending through both the Miller and Swain lands, from east to west.

Special Appropriation for New Culvert at Sullivan.

The sum of five hundred ($500.00) dollars was appropriated to build a culvert or cattle pass under the public road on the Home Farm. This work has been very satisfactorily completed and an unexpended balance of one hundred fifty-nine dollars and eighty-eight cents ($159.88) has been returned to the grand secretary.

Water.

The water condition at Sullivan continues unsatisfactory. The supply is limited and the quality not of the best. The water from the deep wells bored last year contains Glauber salts and other minerals, and while no trouble has resulted so far as the boilers are concerned, it is in a general way very unsatisfactory, and the committee is arranging at this time to construct a reservoir north and east of the power plant, with a capacity of about 2,500,000 gallons. The cost of this reservoir will not be very great, as we expect to do most of the excavating with the Home help and teams, the larger part of the expense being the concrete dam and spillway. When complete, we hope to have a depth of ten feet of water of a satisfactory

quality for all uses except drinking. For this purpose we recommend an appropriation of three thousand ($3,000.00) dollars.

Refrigeration.

Considerable trouble was experienced with the new refrigerating plant the first part of the year, resulting from inexperience on the part of those in charge. The plant is now operating in a satisfactory way, furnishing all of the necessary ice for the Home and Hospital, and in addition providing the necessary cold storage for foodstuffs. An unexpended balance of five ($5.00) dollars has been returned to the grand lodge.

Farm.

Under the direction of Superintendent Brother T. J. McIntire, the farm has made a splendid showing, and promises from this year on to be an asset rather than a liability to the grand lodge. While there was farm expense for the year of $15,523.24, as against farm earnings of $14,637.87, there is at this time corn and hogs ready for sale that will bring in more than three thousand dollars, and several thousand dollars included in the item of farm expense represents additions to our live stock and other farm assets. A very careful inventory of the live stock and crops made at the date of this report totals $29,679.52, which shows a great increase over the inventory of one year ago. There is not included in this inventory farm machinery of any kind, nor any of the miscellaneous property upon the farm, nothing being taken except the live stock, grain and hay; the live stock consists of 21 head of horses and colts, 110 head of cattle of various kinds, 56 head of hogs, and 20 head of sheep, amounting in all to $17,906.38; the inventory of the grain and hay amounting to $11,773.14.

We expect to clear up much of the dead and useless timber on the farm this coming winter, and to make many improvements of a kind that will add to the beauty and attractiveness of the property. The buildings and equipment are all that will be required for several years to come, the greatest need at this particular time being satisfactory outside fencing, and your committee hopes to be able to provide the same from the farm earnings in the coming year.

Garden.

For the first time in the history of the Home we have had a very satisfactory garden, and have at all times during the season been able to furnish the Home and Hospital with all necessary vegetables and small fruits. Several acres of berries, asparagus, rhubarb, grapes and currants, were planted this spring, and promise us satisfactory returns in the years to come.

There was on hand September 30, potatoes and other products of the garden amounting to $749.00.

Credit during the year has been given to the farm and garden for vegetables, eggs, meat and milk furnished the Home and Hospital to the amount of $8,533.96.

Hospital.

More and more each year is the Royal Arch Memorial Hospital at Sullivan appreciated by all connected with the Home, and we frequently wonder how we were enabled to satisfactorily conduct the institution prior to its building. The expense of maintaining the Hospital, like that of the Home, shows a marked increase for the year just closed, and totals $14,887.38. This amount includes provisions, necessary repairs and furnishings, payroll and medical expense of all kinds, including that of the physician and nurses, laundry, light, heat and power. The Hospital will need some slight repairs the coming year, but the expense will not be great, and can probably be met from our maintenance fund without special appropriation.

The satisfactory condition at the Home and Hospital is largely due, your committee believes, to the efficiency, loyalty and energy of the superintendent, matron, and other employes of the Home. It is impossible for the members of the board, residing at a distance and meeting for two days once each month, to look after various details incident to the running of this great institution. They can only plan, suggest and direct. The carrying out of these plans, and the working out of the details, must devolve upon those who are employed at the Home from day to day. The committee acknowledge and appreciate the loyalty of these employes.

Home Life.

Our members have felt the stress and strain of the times in common with the outside world. We have been obliged to request of them, some measure of the same denial and sacrifice we are all called upon to make. Some have borne these requests sweetly—some have not. It need not be said that we require only such service as may be properly rendered. May we suggest to the lodges that they can help us greatly by urging their members in our care to perform their share of service.

General Fund.

Your committee reports a cash balance on hand in the General Fund of $1.26, with no bills nor indebtedness of any kind outstanding against the Home or farm. For the first time in a number of years, we are enabled to come to the grand lodge without asking for a deficiency appropriation, and, considering the appropriation made last year and the enormous increase in the cost of all materials purchased, as well as that in labor, we are greatly pleased to be able to report no outstanding obligations and even this small

balance on hand. At the last meeting of the most worshipful grand lodge the sum of $50,000.00 was appropriated for maintenance and we respectfully request a like amount this year.

BEQUESTS.

Through the generosity and forethought of the following deceased brethren, we have received bequests as follows:

Brother Jacob Retterer of Garden City Lodge No. 141, four hundred and fifty ($450.00) dollars.

Brother Clark E. Calligan of Englewood Lodge No. 690, a fourth interest in property valued at about three thousand five hundred ($3,500.00) dollars.

Brother Frank Falvisaner of Union Park Lodge No. 610, household goods and piano, together with an equity in a house and lot at LaGrange, estimated value fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars.

Brother Ozias Stotts of Mattoon Lodge No. 260, an eighth interest in his estate, estimated value one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars.

While these brethren were not endowed with a great amount of wealth, by their thoughtfulness and generosity displayed their love of the Institution of Masonry and an interest in the noble work it is doing and should be an incentive of those of our brethren who are possessed of a greater amount of this world's goods.

It is a far cry from the battle-fields of France to the prairies of Illinois, but as surely as the day comes, so surely will some brother, grievously wounded at a Chateau Thierry or a Marne, come home to us for shelter and care. Let us make ready for him.

All of which is fraternally submitted.

Board of Managers,
By ROBERT J. DALY, *President.*

So much of the report as related to appropriations was referred to the Committee on Finance. The remainder of the report was, on motion, adopted.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

CHICAGO, OCTOBER 7, 1918.

To the Board of Managers of Illinois Masonic Homes:

BRETHREN:—Herewith find report of receipts and disbursements on account of Illinois Masonic Homes:

SULLIVAN.

Maintenance Account.

Received of W. D. Price, Secretary, vouchers as follows: Grand Lodge checks Nos. 70-76-77-85-92-96-99-104-106-108-109-113..$55,000.00
Disbursements as per vouchers Nos. 1402-1405-1406-1415-1419-1424-1428-1432-1438-1440-1441-1442-1447-1445 55,000.00

New Farm Buildings.

Received of W. D. Price, Secretary, Grand Lodge checks, Nos. 72-88 $ 5,250.00
Disbursements as per vouchers Nos. 1402-1416 5,250.00

New Dormitory.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge checks, Nos. 81-93-104 $21,000.00
Balance on hand Oct. 1, 1917 7,330.50

Total $28,330.50
Disbursements as per vouchers Nos. 1399-1403-1404-1410-1412-1420-1421-1423-1425-1431-1434-1435-1436-1437-1451-1452 . . . 28,330.50

New Culvert.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge check No. 82 $ 500.00
Disbursements as per vouchers Nos. 1407-1448 340.12

Unexpended $ 159.88
Returned to Grand Secretary, voucher No. 1455 159.88

Completion New Roads.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge check No. 83 $ 1,500.00
Disbursements as per voucher No. 1408 1,500.00

Furnishings.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge checks Nos. 87-94-101 $15,000.00
Disbursements as per vouchers Nos. 1413-1422-1427-1430-1433-1439-1446-1453 15,000.00

Special Coal Fund.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge checks, Nos. 90-98-108 $ 5,000.00
Disbursements as per vouchers Nos. 1417-1426-1443 5,000.00

New Roads on Grounds.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge voucher No. 112	$ 1,500.00
Disbursed as per voucher No. 1444	1,500.00

Refrigeration.

Unexpended balance, Oct 1st, 1917	$ 701.88
Rebate Continental Mach. and Fndry. Co	3.12
	$ 705.00
Disbursed as per voucher No. 1411	700.00
Unexpended balance	$ 5.00
Returned to Grand Secy., voucher No. 1454	5.00

Water Supply.

Unexpended balance Oct. 1st, 1917	$ 148.38
Disbursed as per voucher No. 1450	148.38

Boiler and Heating Fund.

Unexpended balance Oct. 1st, 1917	$ 746.57
Disbursed as per vouchers Nos. 1409-1449	746.57

New Boilers Fund.

Unexpended balance Oct. 1st, 1917	$ 508.43
Disbursed as per voucher No. 1409	508.43

LA GRANGE.

Maintenance.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge checks Nos. 71-75-78-86-91-96-100-104-106-108-110-114	$26,000.00
Disbursed as per vouchers Nos. 5530-5531-5532-5533-5534-5535-5536-5540-5543-5546-5547-5550-5555	26,000.00

Manual Training.

Received of W. D. Price, Secy., Grand Lodge check No. 98	$ 1,000.00
Disbursed as per vouchers Nos. 5537-5539-5548-5549-5552-5553-5554-5556	742.40
Unexpended balance	$ 257.60
Returned to Grand Secy., voucher No. 5557	257.60

Special Coal Fund.

Received from W. D. Price, Secretary, Grand Lodge checks Nos. 96-108	$ 3,000.00
Disbursed as per vouchers 5538-5541-5542-5543-5545	901.51
Unexpended balance in bank	$ 2,098.49

C. C. DAVIS,
Treasurer.

SECRETARY'S REPORT, 1917-1918.

LA GRANGE HOME.

Fund	Charged to Treasurer	Disbursed	Balance
Maintenance	$ 26,000.00	$ 26,000.00	
Manual Training	1,000.00	1,000.00	
Special Coal Fund	3,000.00	901.51	$ 2,098.49
	$ 30,000.00	$ 27,901.51	$ 2,098.49
Treasurer's balance Oct. 1, 1918			$ 2,098.49

SULLIVAN HOME.

Fund	Charged to Treasurer	Disbursed	Balance
Maintenance	$ 55,000.00	$ 55,000.00	
Farm Buildings	5,250.00	5,250.00	
Hard Road Fund	1,500.00	1,500.00	
New Dormitory	28,330.50	28,330.50	
Culverts	500.00	500.00	
Boiler and Heating Plant	1,255.00	1,255.00	
Refrigerating Plant	705.00	705.00	
Furnishing Dormitory	15,000.00	15,000.00	
Spec. Appro. for Coal	5,000.00	5,000.00	
New Roads—Home Grounds	1,500.00	1,500.00	
Water Supply	148.38	148.38	
	$114,188.88	$114,188.88	
Unexpended balances, 1916-17		$10,935.76	
Returned to Grand Lodge		1,500.00	$ 9,435.76
Received from Grand Lodge			$ 99,750.00

Received from Grand Chapter	5,000.00
Received from discount	3.12
	$114,188.88

WILLIAM D. PRICE,
Secretary.

REPORT OF AUDITOR.

Robert J. Daly, Esq., President, Board of Managers, Illinois Masonic Homes, Chicago, Illinois:

DEAR SIR:—This certifies that I have examined the records of the secretary and the treasurer of the Illinois Masonic Homes for the year ended September 30, 1918, and that the appended statement of funds, proper allowance being made for vouchers issued and not yet presented for payment, is a true and correct exhibit of the conditions of the funds.

May I add that the neat, accurate and systematic manner in which the accounts have been kept by the officers in charge is but additional evidence of the splendid management and discipline manifested in your Homes.

Yours very truly,

S. S. JENKINS,
Auditor.

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, October 3, 1918.

STATEMENT OF FUNDS 1917-1918.

SULLIVAN HOME.

	Balance 9–30–17	New Funds	Expenditures	Balance 9–30–18
Refrigeration	$ 701.88	$ 3.12	$ 700.00	
			5.00	Returned to Grand Lodge
New Dormitory	7,330.50	21,000.00	28,330.50	
Boiler and Heating	746.57		746.57	
New Boiler	508.43		508.43	
Water Supply	148.38		148.38	
Completion of old Road ways	1,500.00		1,500.00	
Maintenance		55,000.00	55,000.00	
Farm Buildings		5,250.00	5,250.00	
New Roads		1,500.00	1,500.00	

Culvert		500.00	340.12	
			159.88	Returned to Grand Lodge
Furnishings		15,000.00	15,000.00	
Special Coal Fund		5,000.00	5,000.00	
	$ 10,935.76	$103,253.12	$114,188.88	

LA GRANGE HOME.

	New Funds	Expenditures	Balance 9–30–18
Maintenance	$ 26,000.00	$ 26,000.00	
Manual Training	1,000.00	742.40	
		257.60	Returned to Grand Lodge
Special Coal Fund	3,000.00	901.51	2,098.49
	$ 30,000.00	$ 27,901.51	$ 2,098.49

9–30–17 Balance Supt. Acct. Maintenance $22.80
Returned to Grand Lodge Voucher 2248 22.80

Reports in detail of the superintendents will be found in the appendix.

REPORT—Committee on Finance.

Bro. Edward H. Thomas, chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report, which was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Illinois:

Your Committee on Finance fraternally report that they have examined the books and accounts of the right worshipful grand secretary and right worshipful grand treasurer and find the same correct; that all moneys belonging to the grand lodge have been collected by the right worshipful grand secretary, correctly recorded on his books and paid over to and duly receipted by the right worshipful grand treasurer as provided by law. That the right worshipful grand treasurer has properly and correctly accounted

for all moneys received and has on deposit in the State Bank of Chicago the cash balance and securities as noted in his report and of which the following is a synopsis:

GENERAL FUND.

DEBIT.

Cash balance Oct. 6, 1917	$ 85,396.18	
Cash received from grand secretary	163,790.49	
Total		$249,186.67

CREDIT.

By mileage and per diem paid officers and committees since last report	$ 3,881.90	
By mileage and per diem paid representatives since last report	17,212.80	
By miscellaneous vouchers paid since last report	187,695.92	
By vouchers paid for grand officers' salaries since last report	8,200.00	
Total		$216,990.62
Total cash balance in General Fund		$ 32,196.05

CHARITY FUND.

DEBIT.

Cash balance Oct. 6, 1917	$ 21,629.20	
Cash received from grand secretary	174,523.08	
Total		$196,152.28

CREDIT.

By vouchers paid since last report		$135,275.00
Total cash balance Charity Fund		$ 60,877.28
Total cash balance on hand in both funds		$ 93,073.33

WAR RELIEF FUND.

Cash received from grand secretary	$133,412.35

NATIONAL DEFENSE FUND.

Cash received from grand secretary	$ 88,547.36	
By vouchers paid by grand treasurer	14,782.87	
Total cash balance		$ 73,764.49
Total cash balance on hand in both funds		$207,176.84
Permanent Fund		777.00
Making total cash balance on hand in all funds		$301,027.17
Total cash balance brought forward		$301,027.17

SECURITIES.

Your committee finds the par value of investment securities in the several funds as follows:

Charity Fund	$ 800.00	
Home for the Aged Fund	8,000.00	
Illinois Masonic Orphans' Home Fund	84,200.00	
Masonic Home Fund	500.00	
General Fund	94,000.00	
War Relief Fund	350.00	
Total securities		$187,850.00
Total assets of grand lodge in treasury		$488,877.17
Less Voucher No. 833 on General Fund still outstanding and to make grand treasurer's and grand secretary's accounts balance		15.12
Making correct total assets of grand lodge in treasury		$488,862.05

Your committee recommend that appropriations from the Charity Fund be made as follows:

Maintenance and support of Illinois Masonic Home Sullivan, for the ensuing year	$ 50,000.00
Coal for Sullivan Home	5,000.00
New reservoir for Sullivan Home	3,000.00
Painting buildings, repairs and plumbing, Sullivan Home	2,500.00
Maintenance and support of Masonic Orphans' Home, LaGrange, for the ensuing year	26,000.00
Coal for Masonic Orphans' Home, LaGrange	3,000.00

Manual training and domestic science, Masonic Orphans' Home, LaGrange, for ensuing year.....	1,000.00
For continuation of appraisals of Homes at Sullivan and LaGrange	75.00

Your committee also recommend that appropriations from the General Fund to defray the necessary expenses of the grand lodge for the ensuing year be made as follows:

For mileage and per diem of officers, representatives and committees$	26,000.00
For printing and distributing proceedings.....	6,000.00
Miscellaneous printing	3,500.00
For salaries of grand officers.....	8,500.00
For state schools of instruction.....	1,800.00
For expense of grand master's office.....	1,000.00
For expense of grand secretary's office.....	1,800.00
For district deputies' expense.....	1,500.00
For Advisory Council's expense.....	1,000.00
For miscellaneous expense	8,000.00
For stenographer, telephone and other expense, grand master's office	1,200.00
For additional clerk hire, grand secretary's office...	1,500.00
For grand secretary's office rent.....	540.00

Your committee also recommend that orders be drawn upon the General Fund for the following:

Bro. Delmar D. Darrah, Committee on Correspondence	500.00
Bro. Chester S. Gurney, services as grand tyler.....	100.00
Bro. Chester S. Gurney, sundry expense.....	62.50
Bro. Charles G. Palmer, services as stenographer....	35.00
Medinah Temple Association, rent.....	460.00
Bro. Wm. H. Bied, sevices as marshal and sundry expense	70.25
Bro. Thomas J. Thomas, superintendent Medinah Temple, for 5 men at doors and sundry expense	75.00
Your committee also recommend that an order be drawn on the General Fund for $100.00 to the order of Bro. Phil C. Barclay, chairman of Committee on Chartered Lodges, to cover office expense, clerk hire, etc.....	100.00
Also that an order be drawn on the War Relief Fund for the purchase of $50,000.000 of the Fourth Liberty Loan 4¼% Bonds of the United States of America.....	50,000.00

Also that an order be drawn on the General Fund for $1,000.00 to the Masonic Employment Bureau to help defray their expense for the ensuing year 1,000.00

Your committee further recommend that the members of the several committees, and the past grand masters not otherwise provided for, in attendance upon this annual meeting, be allowed and paid the sum of $3.00 per day for each day's service rendered, in addition to the compensation provided in the by-laws, and that your committee be authorized to preserve the paid vouchers upon the grand treasurer for the past year until the next meeting of the grand lodge for reference, should occasion require.

EDWARD H. THOMAS,
THOMAS A. STEVENS,
E. EDWIN MILLS,
Committee.

AMENDMENTS OFFERED.

The following amendments were offered.

By Bro. Leroy A. Goddard:

Amend Section 243, By-laws relating to the grand lodge, by striking out the word *two* and inserting the word *four* in lieu thereof.

The Code will then read:

243. The grand officers designated in Code No. 14, page 21, such past grand masters, past deputy grand masters and past grand wardens as shall be present and shall be members of constituent lodges in Illinois (*provided*, that if any such permanent member in attendance on the session of the grand lodge be at the time a sojourner outside of Illinois his mileage shall be computed from the location of his lodge), each member of a standing committee, and one representative (the highest in rank) from each lodge under this jurisdiction shall be allowed five cents per mile going and returning, for every mile traveled from the location of his lodge, to be computed by the necessarily traveled route, and (except the grand master, grand treasurer and grand secretary) *four* dollars per day for each day's actual attendance on the grand lodge or its committees. No one shall receive mileage or per diem in more than one capacity.

By Bro. Iver R. Johnson.

Amend Code 129 by striking out the following:

which sum shall be in full financial compensation for the performance of the duties of his office, including stenographer and clerk hire;

The Code will then read:

129. The salary of the grand master shall be twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, payable in monthly installments; provided, that for such sums as he may expend for postage and stationery and incidental expenses the grand lodge may make appropriations upon presentation of itemized bills approved by the Committee on Finance.

By Bro. Edward H. Thomas:

Amend Section 667, Laws relating to lodges, by inserting after the word dollar in the 4th and 6th lines, the words "and twenty-five cents"; and by striking out "fifty-five" and inserting "eighty" in lieu thereof.

The Code will then read:

667. Every lodge in this jurisdiction, on or before the first day of August each year, shall pay into the treasury of the grand lodge, through the grand secretary, the sum of one dollar *and twenty-five cents* for each Master Mason belonging to such lodge at the time of making the annual returns. Of this one dollar *and twenty-five cents* the sum of *eighty* cents shall be for the general fund and forty-five cents for the charity fund, subject to such appropriations from time to time as the grand lodge may direct.

Each of the above proposed amendments having received the seconds of representatives of more than twenty lodges, lie over until next year.

REPORT—Committee on Chartered Lodges.

Bro. W. W. Watson presented the report of the Committee on Chartered Lodges. It was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Illinois:

We, your Committee on Chartered Lodges, having received the reports of the district deputy grand masters, checked and tabulated same, submit the following special report.

We find that with 869 lodges divided into 100 districts, we received reports on 819 at an average expense for "visit of inspection and report" as per Code No. 165 of $1.67 per lodge. The year being an unusual and a

very busy one for all of us, we think that the fact of only 50 lodges not being reported on is remarkable. For many districts, all lodges were reported on. In the rest nearly all, but for two districts, no reports at all.

There are 375 lodges, who either exclusively or jointly own their own halls. 133 lodges do not carry fire insurance on property or outfits, and 465 do not have fire proof safes or vaults for the safe keeping of their records.

In 10 lodges the secretaries were not provided with books and blanks for the proper discharge of their duties. In 71 lodges, Code No. 465 is violated by entering of record the character of reports of investigating committees.

In 47 lodges the records do not show receipts for fees and dues as required.

Thirty secretaries did not show in their records the time of opening and closing, and in 33 lodges the records were not signed by both master and secretary. In 157 lodges the records were not kept in accordance with grand lodge requirements. Eight lodges were not using proper forms for petitions and affiliation, and in 20 lodges the by-laws do not conform with grand lodge by-laws.

The grand lodge spends a goodly sum each year for schools of instruction, yet in 222 lodges the work does not conform to that taught at the schools, and 198 lodges do not even hold meetings for study and practice. As to paraphernalia there were 9 lodges without candidate's garment, 9 without proper setting mauls, 29 with no middle chamber pillars, and one lodge had no rods for stewards. Forty-three did not have "third degree outfit" as prescribed by Board of Grand Examiners. Twenty-one lodges did not have proper receiving tools for S. D. In 225 lodges neither secretaries nor treasurers were bonded and 65 lodges do not have books of secretary and treasurer audited annually. Lodge funds should be banked in the name of the lodge subject to voucher signed by both master and secretary, but in over 100 lodges the funds were either in the pockets of the treasurer or in bank in his name personally.

A comparison of the above items with previous reports show a great improvement, but if masters and secretaries would give more attention to the Blue Book there would be more uniformity and less violations.

To the D. D. G. M.'s we urge more strict compliance with Code No. 165 and no brother should accept the appointment which carries with it so much honor unless he can and will give the office the time and attention it requires. All reports should be based on a personal visit and inspection as

reports made by any other than the deputy do not give the official facts required.

Fraternally submitted,

PHIL C. BARCLAY,
JOHN F. CAMPBELL,
W. W. WATSON,
W. E. BUEHLER,
ALBERT ROULLIER,
Committee.

REPORT—Committee on Legislation.

Bro. Owen Scott presented the following report of the Committee on Legislation. The report was adopted.

Your Committee on Legislation has considered the proposed New Section Number 670. This proposes to limit the expenditures of lodges for refreshments or social entertainments in any Masonic year to ten per cent of its gross annual income. There are, no doubt, many abuses in lodges in this direction. In many cases more money is spent for cigars and other forms of refreshment than for charity, and other causes distinctly within the aims and purposes of our fraternity. Notwithstanding these abuses, your committee thinks that it is hardly within the province of the grand lodge to interfere with the action of lodges in this particular. While the grand lodge has full power and authority to regulate the work and doings of its constituent bodies, yet unless abuses are so flagrant as to endanger their usefulness or their existence, it is not deemed wise to prohibit them from exercising their functions.

Your committee, therefore, recommends that this new section to be numbered 670 of the code be not adopted.

Your Committee on Legislation submit the following report: We have fully considered the amendment submitted one year ago, proposing to add to Section 824 of the Code the following: "A: Any Mason in Illinois who shall hereafter enter into any of the businesses enumerated in Section A of Code 447 shall be placed on trial, and if found guilty, shall be adequately punished."

The effect of this amendment when adopted will be to make it an offense for a Mason, not now in the liquor business, to enter into it in any capacity whatever. It does not disturb those who may be in the business at the time this amendment becomes effective. As there was no law prohibiting Masons from engaging in the liquor traffic when they entered, it is not

proposed in this amendment to interfere with them at this time. The purpose of the amendment is to prevent any member of the craft from engaging in the business of selling liquor hereafter. With the amendment passed one year ago, this will place the Masons of Illinois in line with the great movement of the country to destroy a business that is evil in all its aspects.

Your committee therefore, recommends that the amendment be adopted.

The other amendment—"824 'A': Any Mason who may hereafter engage in any of the businesses prohibited in Code 447-A, shall be expelled" is covered by the foregoing and we recommend that this latter amendment be not adopted.

We have considered the amendment which proposes to strike out Section 321 of the Code. It reads: "Smoking in open lodge is prohibited, and the master is responsible for the strict enforcement of this by-law."

Your committee looks upon a lodge of Masons in session as one where members are all on absolute equality. Nothing should be permitted that in any way interferes with the rights or comfort of any member. Smoking is very offensive to some men, even to the extent of making them sick, and compelling them to remain away from the place where others are gratifying their sensual pleasures. No Mason ought to desire to do that which in any way gives offense to any brother. That there are many who do not smoke is evident in any assembly. That smoking, no matter how firmly the habit is fixed, is not essential to members of lodges is evident. In other places, churches, theatres, etc. these men go and refrain from smoking. The lodge should be held as sacred and the rights of members as inviolate as in the other gatherings mentioned.

In view of this, your committee recommends that the amendment to strike out this Section 321 be not adopted, and that the law remain as it is.

Fraternally,

OWEN SCOTT,
GEO. W. CYRUS.
Committee.

SPECIAL REPORT—Committee on Chartered Lodges.

The Committee on Chartered Lodges submitted the following report. It was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Illinois:

We, your Committee on Chartered Lodges report that we have checked the reports of the constituent lodges as made to the grand secretary for the year ending June 30, 1918, and present the following finding:

INCREASE.

Number raised	12,352
Number re-instated	384
Number affiliated	1,151
Add for error	47
Total increase	13,934

DECREASE.

Number suspended	956
Number expelled	17
Number demitted	2,288
Number died	1,910
Deduct for error	95
Total decrease	5,266

SUMMARY.

Net gain in membership of chartered lodges	8,668
Membership of chartered lodges, June 30, 1918	167,286
Received for dues for year ending June 30, 1918	$166,163.00
Number of chartered lodges	869
Members residing in Illinois	145,465
Members residing outside of Illinois	21,821
Number initiated	13,509
Number passed	12,296

(The figures given above do not include lodges U. D.)

Contributed to members, their widows and orphans	$57,447.97
Contributed to those not members	24,780.50
Contributed to Masonic Orphans' Home	2,766.75
Contributed to Home at Sullivan	1,626.65

The dues for the year show a difference of $1,123.00 as compared with the total membership and is due to the fact that two items of dues of $1,050.00 and $8.00 respectively were received by the grand secretary after the reports for these two lodges had been counted in, and the remaining difference of $65.00 is for 49 insane and $16.00 over paid.

We are glad to report that there was not a single lodge delinquent and to note continued improvement in the neatness and accuracy of the reports as sent to the grand secretary.

Fraternally submitted,

PHIL C. BARCLAY,
W. W. WATSON,
W. E. BEUHLER,
JOHN F. CAMPBELL,
ALBERT ROULLIER,
Committee.

At 2:00 o'clock the grand master called the grand lodge from labor to refreshment until Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.

THIRD DAY

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, A. D. 1918, A. L. 5918

9:00 O'CLOCK A. M.

The grand master called the grand lodge from refreshment to labor at 9 o'clock a. m.

Prayer was offered by the grand chaplain.

The minutes of Wednesday's session were read and approved.

REPORT—Committee on Credentials.

The Committee on Credentials presented a detailed report, which was adopted. A summary is printed here and the detail in the appendix.

SUMMARY.

Grand officers	18
Past grand officers not otherwise enumerated	1
Representatives of other grand lodges	16
District deputy grand masters	95
Representatives of lodges	929
Members of committees	82
Total	1141
Number of lodges represented	727

REPORT—Committee on Mileage and Per Diem.

The Committee on Mileage and Per Diem presented their report in detail, which was adopted. It will be found in the appendix.

REPORT—Committee on Obituaries.

Bro. George W. McFatrich presented the report of the Committee on Obituaries. It was adopted by a rising vote.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Illinois.

BRETHREN:—In these days when the wholesale slaughter of brave men and the cruel murder of innocent mothers and babes has by reason of their frequency and long continuance at length accustomed the mind to anticipate and even to minimize the shock which the news of death usually creates, the peaceful tremination of a life from natural causes becomes by comparison a reason for thanks to the Creator for His loving kindness in permitting those near and dear to us to make a peaceful passage to the Great Beyond.

At each session of the Grand Lodge the brethren are pleased to consider it a solemn, sacred duty to pause in their enjoyment of the occasion to devote a few moments of reverent attention to a loving tribute of respect to our dead, recalling sad memories of those who once shared with us these sweet intercourses which we are still privileged to enjoy.

The Grim Reaper shows no consideration for age, color, sex, creed or religion; but like the pendulum his scythe swings with unerring exactness.

While for some unaccountable reason some of our brethren seem to be taken away when at the very zenith of their activity and usefulness, many others are permitted to conclude a full and useful life and in the end fall like a ripe old shock of grain and be gathered into God's garner of eternal rest.

It is indeed regrettable that across the brightness and sunshine of this happy hour there must fall a shadow that chills and saddens. We are not all here today; there are vacant chairs that like withered flowers in the midst of bloom break the blending of its harmony and touch life with the skeleton finger of decay. Voices once commanding and melodious, rich in tones of sympathy and eloquent in expressions of truth, have been hushed and only their sweet, inspiring echo reaches our ears.

In yonder cemetery there are graves that make it and eternity nearer and dearer to our hearts, but as we tread softly by the graves of our departed comrades, as we watch the snows that fall and the flowers that bloom upon them, with tears of bereavement we rejoice that Masonry had such ornaments and that what is our loss is their eternal gain. Let us emulate the example of their lives and strive to give through the purity of our own lives additional luster to the Order which they loved and served and honored.

Masonry teaches that "We are all born to die." We begin to live and with almost the first breath of life we begin to die. The pendulum swings steadily to and fro, marking the steady flight of the moments. An American author of distinction has said that the ticking of the clock is the blended music about the cradle and the dirge about the grave. Amid the laughing

brightness of morning sunshine or the somber shadows of evening twilight; amid the bloom and fragrance of springtime or the solemn slumber of winter; over altar and bier,—the pendulum swings with the same unerring exactness; the clock ticks off the seconds; time moves swiftly into the past and we move swiftly toward our eternal sleep; and decay, so relentless and exacting, will yet fasten itself upon the clock whose ticking is so full of solemn, suggestive earnestness. The clock will not always tick; the pendulum will not always swing. Bye and bye we shall listen for the ticking of the clock but it will speak not. Like the tomb the old clock will be quiet and will enter the realm of eternal silence. Like the stringless harp upon the wall, its music will be hushed, hushed forever. But the flight of time will go on just the same. It will come with its gray hairs and scatter them among the raven locks of youth; with its yawning graves and its caskets; its funeral trains and its tears shed; its disappointments and its heartaches.

We accompany our friends to the river's side.
We can hear the roar and the dash of the tide
And the Boatman's oars through the waters glide
As he wafts our loved ones to the farther side.
Sometimes the stream o'er its bank o'erflow,
Sometimes the ripples in small waves go.

From the realms of mortality the brethren whose names follow, all of whom have been honored by their associates in the Masonic Vineyard, have crossed the stream which separates a life of care and worry from a life of endless bliss.

Masters and Past Masters in Illinois.

Joseph Edward Helfrich, Worshipful Master Hancock Lodge No. 20, 1896-1897; died May 29, 1918.

Richard H. Winkelmann, Worshipful Master St. Clair Lodge No. 24, 1907 to 1908; died January 12, 1918.

Allen C. Tanner, Worshipful Master Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 31, 1900-01; died December 13, 1917.

Bert Brown, Worshipful Master Temple Lodge No. 46, 1906; died December 20, 1917.

Earl Naylor, Worshipful Master Temple Lodge No. 46, 1915; died June 21, 1918.

DeWitte Thatcher, Worshipful Master Unity Lodge No. 48, 1901; died March 25, 1918.

Chester M. Turner, Worshipful Master Cambridge Lodge No. 49, 1905-06; died April 27, 1918.

Richard H. Maxwell, Worshipful Master Lacon Lodge No. 61, 1898-1899; died March 12, 1918.

John Henry Hill, Worshipful Master Benton Lodge No. 64, 1893; died January 7, 1918.

O. C. Young, Worshipful Master Roscoe Lodge No. 75, 1915-1916; died February 14, 1918.

F. Solon L. Kugler, Worshipful Master Mitchell Lodge No. 85, 1902; died June 19, 1918.

Robert N. Smith, Worshipful Master Metropolis Lodge No. 91, one year; died April 7, 1918.

Allen J. Walker, Worshipful Master Perry Lodge No. 95, (no date given); died February 13, 1918.

A. Vernon Hart, Worshipful Master Excelsior Lodge No. 97, 1896; died December 28, 1917.

John Keller, Worshipful Master Edwardsville Lodge No. 99, 1877 and 1879; died June 25, 1918.

Henry V. Fritz, Worshipful Master Rockford Lodge No. 102, two years; died March 19, 1918.

John Bonner, Worshipful Master Antioch Lodge No. 127, one year; died September 2, 1917.

Will Carey Rood, Worshipful Master Garden City Lodge No. 141, 1897; died December 28, 1917.

Daniel D. Hunt, Worshipful Master DeKalb Lodge No. 144, 1872-1873; died January 23, 1918.

James H. Parks, Worshipful Master DeKalb Lodge No. 144, 1888; died April 3, 1918.

J. Russ Grace, Worshipful Master Bloomfield Lodge No. 148, 1895; died April 23, 1918.

W. C. Cowan, Worshipful Master Russell Lodge No. 154, (no dates given).

William Nichols, Worshipful Master Russell Lodge No. 154, (no dates given).

James A. Mason, Worshipful Master Delavan Lodge No. 156, 1885; died December 1, 1917.

Francis M. Wright, Worshipful Master Urbana Lodge No. 157, 1884-1887; died July 15, 1917.

William Howard Webb, Worshipful Master Urbana Lodge No. 157, 1903 to 1904; died December 15, 1917.

John C. Howell, Worshipful Master Waubansia Lodge No. 160, 1873-1874; died September 10, 1917.

Elijah Wesley Scott, Worshipful Master Milford Lodge No. 168, 1902 to 1904; died June 24, 1918.

William N. Cronkrite, Worshipful Master Evergreen Lodge No. 170, 1887-1888; died May 18, 1918. (Served as Secretary of Evergreen Lodge seventeen years, 1893-1910).

A. D. Underwood, Worshipful Master Abingdon Lodge No. 185, 1901-1902; died December 3, 1917.

John Erwin, Worshipful Master Louisville Lodge No. 196, (no date given; died December, 1917.

Henry Little Rhodes, Worshipful Master Centralia Lodge No. 201, 1890-1891; died March 4, 1918.

Charles Gibbs, Worshipful Master Corinthian Lodge No. 205, 1899-1900; died November 12, 1917.

Cass Ferdinand Maurer, Worshipful Master William B. Warren Lodge No. 209, 1882 and 1883; died May 5, 1918.

John Henry Dawson, Worshipful Master Cleveland Lodge No. 211, 1895; died October 30, 1917.

Van Hardin, Worshipful Master Mason Lodge No. 217, (no dates given).

Floris McFarland, Worshipful Master George Washington Lodge No. 222, 1897; died May 21, 1918.

Joseph Kuykendahl West, Worshipful Master Farmer's Lodge No. 232, 1904-05-13; died December 30, 1917.

John O. Oakman, Worshipful Master Blandinsville Lodge No. 233, 1901-02-03-04-06; died November 1, 1917.

Thomas H. Williams, Worshipful Master Blandinsville Lodge No. 233, 1875-1876; died October 12, 1917.

B. F. Duncan, Worshipful Master Blandinsville Lodge No. 233, 1898-99-1904-08-11-12; died July 1, 1918.

Thomas Frederick Blankley, Worshipful Master Charter Oak Lodge No. 236, 1898-1900-01-04; died February 15, 1918.

William John Cochran, Worshipful Master Cairo Lodge No. 237, 1908; died January 23, 1918.

Jacob McChesney, Worshipful Master Rob Morris Lodge No. 247, 60-61-73-81-82-83-85-86-88-91-92-95-96; died August 28, 1917.

M. S. Brown, Worshipful Master Hibbard Lodge No. 249, seven years; died March 11, 1918.

John Wesley Whalen, Worshipful Master Robinson Lodge No. 250, 1908; died March 15, 1918.

Thomas Joseph Heald, Worshipful Master Aledo Lodge No. 252, 1916; died October 31, 1917.

Fremont L. Taylor, Worshipful Master Aurora Lodge No. 254, 1896; died December 13, 1917.

James T. Crawford, Worshipful Master Warsau Lodge No. 257, one year; died April 8, 1918.

E. M. McPherson, Worshipful Master Amon Lodge No. 261, nine years; died August 24, 1917.

Frank V. Barnett, Worshipful Master Vermilion Lodge No. 265, (no date); died October 5, 1917.

J. Russ Grace, Worshipful Master Vermilion Lodge No. 265, 1884 to 1888; (no date given).

Z. Smith, Worshipful Master Levi Lusk Lodge No. 270, 1897-98-1912-13; died July 15, 1917.

Samuel Plummer Prescott, Worshipful Master Levi Lusk Lodge No. 270, 1892-94-1902-05-11; died February 23, 1918.

Thomas Hick Land, Worshipful Master Carmi Lodge No. 272, seven years; died March 3, 1918.

Friedrichs Heinrich Friedrich, Worshipful Master Accordia Lodge No. 277, Dec. 1901-Dec. 1903; died May 1, 1918.

D. W. Huddleston, Worshipful Master Plymouth Lodge No. 286, Dec. 1867-1871; died February 11, 1918.

W. S. Romick, Worshipful Master Plymouth Lodge No. 286, Dec. 1883-1884; died May 2, 1918.

Isaac P. Kilgore, Worshipful Master Dills Lodge No. 295, 1901-1904; died March 21, 1918.

Ira B. Johnson, Worshipful Master Onarga Lodge No. 305, 1891-1892; died July 27, 1917.

Elmer Hull, Worshipful Master Onarga Lodge No. 305, 1907; died August 1, 1917.

Frank B. Jeanpert, Worshipful Master Wm. C. Hobbs Lodge No. 306, 1891; died July 29, 1917.

Colvin Bradnen Burt, Worshipful Master Dearborn Lodge No. 310, 1889; died July 15, 1917.

Frank Frederick Butzow, Worshipful Master Abraham Jonas Lodge No. 316, two years; died January 29, 1918.

James H. Pearce, Worshipful Master Harrisburg Lodge No. 325, 1893; died September 9, 1917.

Monroe J. Potts, Worshipful Master Harrisburg Lodge No. 325, 1869-71-72-73; died January 26, 1918.

Peter Robinson, Worshipful Master Harrisburg Lodge No. 325, 1874-1880; died March 1, 1918.

Thomas M. Stevens, Worshipful Master Sumner Lodge No. 334, seven years; (no date given).

Godfrey Wys, Worshipful Master Schiller Lodge No. 335, 1908-09; died February 20, 1918.

A. B. Anderson, Worshipful Master Oneida Lodge No. 337, (no date given); died February 2, 1918.

Edgar Cooper, Worshipful Master N. D. Morse Lodge No. 346, 1910; died January 10, 1918.

Almer Jewell, Worshipful Master Sublette Lodge No. 349, (no date given).

John Hartough, Worshipful Master Fairview Lodge No. 350; died December 24, 1917.

John Stevenson, Worshipful Master Marine Lodge No. 355, six years; died July 9, 1917.

Samuel Francis McBride, Worshipful Master Liberty Lodge No. 380, 14 years; died April 22, 1918.

Cyremus Orange Cullison, Worshipful Master Bridgeport Lodge No. 386, 1904-1909; died May 21, 1918.

Archibal Blair Campbell, Worshipful Master Tolono Lodge No. 391, 1901-02-03-14-15; died August 20, 1918.

Joseph K. McKinley, Worshipful Master Odin Lodge No. 401, four years; died December 14, 1917.

William R. Duncan, Worshipful Master Batavia Lodge No. 404, 1912; died December 31, 1917.

Henry Steinbock, Worshipful Master Mithra Lodge No. 410, 1902 to 1904; died June 2, 1918.

John Hubbard Goodell, Worshipful Master Marseilles Lodge No. 417, 1916; died January 12, 1918.

E. D. Lealand, Worshipful Master Lanark Lodge No. 423, 1901-02-03; died March 23, 1910.

W. H. Long, Worshipful Master Sunbeam Lodge No. 428, 1905-1906; died December 19, 1917.

David Birkenstein, Worshipful Master Chicago Lodge No. 437, 1896 and 1897; died September 2, 1917.

Nicholas Admiral, Worshipful Master Watseka Lodge No. 446, 1886 and 1887; died February 5, 1918.

Charles Edwin Barber, Worshipful Master Watseka Lodge No. 446, 1890-91-92-93; died April 26, 1918.

Clarence Staley Park, Worshipful Master Loami Lodge No. 450, 1911-12-14-15; died July 27, 1917.

Julius Schwartz, Worshipful Master New Hartford Lodge No. 453, 1883-84-89-92; died August 22, 1917.

George Henry Webster, Worshipful Master Nokomis Lodge No. 456, 1887-99-1900-07-10-11; died August 29, 1917.

Caleb Copps, Worshipful Master Palmyra Lodge No. 463, 1866; died June 15, 1918.

Henry David Siegfried, Worshipful Master Denver Lodge No. 464, 1903-04-06-08; (no date given).

Carlon C. Aldrich, Worshipful Master McLean Lodge No. 469, 1877-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-1890-91-92 and 93; died November 28, 1917.

Robert A. Laird, Worshipful Master Kendall Lodge No. 471, 1903; died May 12, 1918.

J. B. Meigs, Worshipful Master Manito Lodge No. 476, one year; died November 26, 1917.

J. A. McComas, Worshipful Master Manito Lodge No. 476, 14 years; died May 15, 1918.

William O. Ensign, Worshipful Master Rutland Lodge No. 477, 18 years; died May 8, 1918.

Charles A. Wall, Worshipful Master Pleiades Lodge No. 478, 1885; died August 11, 1917.

William E. Moore, Worshipful Master Pleiades Lodge No. 478, 1907; died October 10, 1917.

William J. Faulk, Worshipful Master Edgewood Lodge No. 484, 1899-1900-03-04-10-11; died December 26, 1917.

David A. Sherertz, Worshipful Master Andrew Jackson Lodge No. 487, 1889-1898; died July 13, 1917.

William F. Dransfield, Worshipful Master Clay City Lodge No. 488, 1905; died June 5, 1918.

Charles Philo Kane, Worshipful Master St. Paul's Lodge No. 500, 1880; died January 13, 1918.

Luke H. Hite, Worshipful Master East St. Louis Lodge No. 504, 1871; (no date given).

D. H. Green, Worshipful Master Parkersburg Lodge No. 509, 1888; died August 20, 1917.

Foster Jefferson Davis, Worshipful Master Delia Lodge No. 525, (no date given); died January 26, 1918. (Member of Mayo Lodge No. 664 at time of death).

Henry H. Decker, Worshipful Master Covenant Lodge No. 526, 1895; died February 3, 1918.

Charles Reifsnider, Worshipful Master Covenant Lodge No. 526, 1887; died March 2, 1918.

Gustave F. Hillig, Worshipful Master Virginia Lodge No. 544, 10 years; (no date given).

John H. Welsh, Worshipful Master Sharon Lodge No. 550, 1869-70-71-72-73-74-77-78-88; died May 7, 1918.

John H. Taylor, Worshipful Master Thomson Lodge No. 559, 1898-99-1900-01-06; died January 10, 1918.

Thomas Jefferson Bronson, Worshipful Master Jacksonville Lodge No. 570, 1873-1886-87; died October 27, 1917.

Louis John Appel, Worshipful Master Highland Lodge No. 583, 1898 and 1899; died December 15, 1917.

George W. Shultz, Worshipful Master Fairmont Lodge No. 590, 1901 to 1906; died December 26, 1917.

John Wesley Ostrander, Worshipful Master National Lodge No. 596, (no date given); died December 3, 1917.

Wm. F. Swissler, Worshipful Master Union Park Lodge No. 610, 1895 and 1896; died April 7, 1918.

Lucian Bullard, Worshipful Master Forrest Lodge No. 614, eight; died December 19, 1917.

Bernard Henry Schulte, Worshipful Master Hopedale Lodge No. 622, 9 years; died September 23, 1917.

Thomas C. Cunningham, Worshipful Master D. C. Cregier Lodge No. 643, 1892 and 1893; died September 1, 1917.

Silas Townsend, Worshipful Master Somonauk Lodge No. 646, 1 year; died April 12, 1918.

Jesse Van Bibber, Worshipful Master Yorktown Lodge No. 655, 1902-04-12; died November 26, 1917.

Frederick Thuman, Worshipful Master Lambert Lodge No. 659, 1894; died June 16, 1918.

James M. Jones, Worshipful Master Grand Chain Lodge No. 660, (no date); died September 20, 1917.

Sidney L. Underwood, Worshipful Master South Park Lodge No. 662, 1878; died December 4, 1917.

George I. Davis Worshipful Master Beecher City Lodge No. 665, 1908; died August 28, 1917.

Leroy Martin, Worshipful Master Morrisonville Lodge No. 681, 1891; died December 30, 1917.

Edward Woods Peterson, Worshipful Master Garfield Lodge No. 686, 1902; died July 10, 1917.

Adam Rubendall, Worshipful Master Orangeville Lodge No. 687, (no date); died February, 1918.

Thomas Edwin McKeague, Worshipful Master Englewood Lodge No. 690, 1912; died May 12, 1918.

William Brew, Worshipful Master Richard Cole Lodge No. 697, 1882; died May 9, 1918.

W. M. Alvis, Worshipful Master Johnsonville Lodge No. 713, 8 years; died November 8, 1917.

Jacob V. Ludwig, Worshipful Master Newton, now Collison Lodge No. 714, several years; died March 24, 1918.

Ferdinand Schaffer, Worshipful Master Calumet Lodge No. 716, 1883-1884; died March 13, 1918.

George F. Borman, Worshipful Master Calumet Lodge No. 716, 1896; died January 11, 1918.

James Halden White, Worshipful Master Gibson Lodge No. 733, one year; died August 28, 1917.

Samuel Jewett LeFever, Worshipful Master Gibson Lodge No. 733, three years; died September 27, 1917.

R. L. Eldredge, Worshipful Master Arrowsmith Lodge No. 737, one year; died November 29, 1917.

William Henry Rickey, Worshipful Master Centennial Lodge No. 747, 1907-08-09-10; died December 12, 1917.

P. C. Riley, Worshipful Master Lyndon Lodge No. 750, four years; died January 14, 1918.

George Noble Freeman, Worshipful Master Ogden Lodge No. 754, (no date given); died July 31, 1917.

Charles Truax, Worshipful Master Ravenswood Lodge No. 777, 1886-1887; died February 3, 1918.

George Newton Ackley, Worshipful Master Ravenswood Lodge No. 777, 1897; died March 10, 1918.

Orville H. Travis, Worshipful Master Siloam Lodge No. 780, 1910; died February 9, 1918.

Joseph Feuer, Worshipful Master Constantia Lodge No. 783, 1902; died July 11, 1917.

James William Jackson, Worshipful Master Morris Lodge No. 787, 1914; died July 14, 1917.

Joseph Waukonshaw Taylor, Worshipful Master Auburn Park Lodge No. 789, 1911; died April 24, 1918.

John H. Wood, Worshipful Master DeLand Lodge No. 812, 1909-10-11; died December 17, 1917.

Pearl P. Michael, Worshipful Master Ohio Lodge No. 814, 1900-01-02-03-04; died November 8, 1917.

William Kendall, Worshipful Master Lawn Lodge No. 815, 1903; died October 10, 1917.

Andrew N. Engle, Worshipful Master Ben Hur Lodge No. 818, 1905; died November 20, 1917.

A. J. Maxwell, Worshipful Master Arthur Lodge No. 825, 1905; (No date given).

Charles Peters Abbey, Worshipful Master Park Lodge No. 843, 1904; died May 21, 1918.

Charles Seymour Lambert, Worshipful Master Gothic Lodge No. 852, 1901 and 1902; died January 26, 1918.

James D. McKnight, Worshipful Master Wheeler Lodge No. 883, 1910-1913; died December 12, 1917.

William G. Featheringill, Worshipful Master Villa Grove Lodge No. 885, 1905 and 1906; died May 4, 1918.

George N. Harris, Worshipful Master Cottonwood Lodge No. 920, three years; (no date given).

Thomas Hugh McKnight, Worshipful Master North Shore Lodge No. 937, 1915; died March 31, 1918.

William F. Spence, Worshipful Master Joy Lodge No. 946, 1911; died February 1918.

Alexander Cottel James, Worshipful Master Federal Lodge No. 961, 1913 U. D. 1914 Elected; died April 8, 1918.

Other Grand Jurisdictions.

ARIZONA.

William Francis Nichols, Past Grand Master, 1896 and 1899. Born October 8, 1852. Died November 15, 1917.

ARKANSAS.

Charles Augustus Bridewell, Past Grand Master, 1891. Born August 12, 1838. Died November 18, 1917.

COLORADO.

George D. Kennedy, Past Grand Master, 1901. Born September 27, 1869. Died January 26, 1918.

James Hamilton Peabody, Past Grand Master, 1884. Born August 21, 1852. Died November 23, 1917.

INDIANA.

Edward O'Rourke, Past Grand Master, 1895. Born October 12, 1836. Died July 5, 1918.

KANSAS.

Charles Henry Chandler, Past Grand Master, 1914. Born November 11, 1864. Died December 18, 1917.

KENTUCKY.

Charles Anton Gipe, Grand Tyler, 1908-1918. Born May 29, 1831. Died May 30, 1918.

LOUISIANA.

Charles Francis Buck, Past Grand Master, 1887. Born November 5, 1841. Died January 19, 1918.

MAINE.

August Bowman Farnham, Past Grand Master, 1895 and 1896. Born March 10, 1839. Died January 14, 1918.

MANITOBA.

John McKechnie, Past Grand Master, 1906. Born August 14, 1844. Died May 30, 1918.

MARYLAND.

Thomas Jacob Shryock, Grand Master, 1918. Born February 27, 1851. Died February 3, 1918.

NEBRASKA.

William E. Hill, Past Grand Master, 1871 to 1873. Born December 5, 1826. Died December 29, 1917.

Frank Henry Orcutt Young, Past Grand Master, 1898 to 1899. Born November 7, 1852. Died January 25, 1918.

NEVADA.

Enoch Strother, Past Grand Master 1896. Born September 15, 1835. Died July 17, 1918.

NEW YORK.

George Freifeld, Past Grand Master. Died November 16, 1917.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Luther B. Archibald, Past Grand Master, 1902. Died February 10, 1918.

OREGON.

Thomas Gray, Past Grand Master, 1904. Born April 24, 1849. Died August 24, 1918.

Julius Caesar Moreland, Past Grand Master, 1893. Born 1844. Died February 2, 1918.

Septimus Steven Spencer, Past Grand Master, 1913-1914. Born September 27, 1865. Died July 15, 1918.

Henry B. Thielsen, Past Grand Master, 1900. Born March 1, 1850. Died April 7, 1918.

William Thomas Wright, Past Grand Master, 1883. Born July 28, 1845. Died December 11, 1917.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Samuel Augustine Brown, Past Grand Master, 1909. Born June 25, 1848. Died February 5, 1918.

TEXAS.

John P. Bell, Past Grand Master, 1906-07. Born December 22, 1844. Died April 3, 1918.

UTAH.

Louis Cohn, Past Grand Master. Born April 18, 1841. Died July 2, 1918.

VICTORIA.

Charles Carty-Salmon, installed as Grand Master April 28, 1914. Aged 57 years. Died September 15, 1917.

WEST VIRGINIA.

John M. Hamilton, Past Grand Master, 1889. Born March 16, 1855. Died December 27, 1916.

Wyndham Stokes, Past Grand Master, 1910. Born July 13, 1866. Died March 12, 1917.

With a fond and affectionate farewell to those whose names appear in this report, we, the members of your Obituary Committee, beg to remain,

Fraternally and respectfully yours,

Geo. W. McFatrich,
John C. Crawford,
Hez G. Henry,
Committee.

AMENDMENT TO CODE.

Bro. Owen Scott, of the Committee on Legislation, pursuant to the instruction of the Committee on Jurisprudence, presented an amendment to Sec. 443 of the Code.

It was seconded by the representatives of more than twenty lodges, and lies over until next year.

Amend Sec. 443 of the Code by inserting the word "and" after the word "God" in the fourth line; insert the words "in English" after the word "writing" in the fourth line. Further amend said section by striking out all after the word "writing" in the fourth line.

If amended the section would read as follows:

443. Every candidate applying for the degrees in Masonry must have the senses of a man, especially those of hearing, seeing, and feeling; be a believer in God, *and* capable of reading and writing *in English.*

REPORT—Committee on Petitions.

Bro. J. E. Jeffers presented the report of the Committee on Petitions. The report was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of the State of Illinois:

To your Committee on Petitions have been referred the following to which we shall refer by number.

Number 1: St. Andrews Lodge No. 863 of Chicago requests that the name of Brother M. A. Krupkin, member of said lodge be changed to M. A. Krupp.

Number 2: Paul Revere Lodge No. 998 to change the names of George J. and Charles R. Kolkow to George J. and Charles R. Woods.

Number 3: Austin Lodge No. 850 to change the name of Harry Charles Eich to Harry Charles Oaks.

Number 4: Emblem Lodge No. 984 to change the name of Archibald L. Levy to Archibald L. Lynne.

Number 5: Mystic Star Lodge No. 758 to change the name of Louis Frankel Dinkelacker to Louis Frankel Acker.

Number 6: Lincoln Park Lodge No. 611 to change the name of Harry G. Wuerzinger to Harry G. Winston.

Number 7: Oak Park Lodge No. 540 to change the name of John Henry Von Pein to John Henry Pine.

Number 8: Keystone Lodge No. 639 to change the names of Harry Robenstein and Herman Widetzky to Harry Robertson and Herman Wade respectively.

Number 9: Bee Hive Lodge No. 909 to change the name of Albert Rubinsky to Albert Robinson.

Number 10: Welcome Lodge No. 916 to change the name of Julius F. Bretts-sehneider to Julius F. Brett.

Number 11: William McKinley Lodge No. 876 to change the name of Millard Christian Larson to Millard Christian Lawson.

Number 12: Niagara Lodge No. 992 to change the name of Charles Weichselbaum to Charles West.

Number 13: Sunrise Lodge No. 996 to change the name of John William Dinkelacker to John William Acker.

Number 14: Chicago Lodge No. 437 to change the name of Frederick Lowenthal to Frederick Langdon.

All the above petitions are supported by proper evidence that the several changes desired have already been effected by action of civil courts. We recommend that the above petitions numbering from 1 to 14 inclusive be granted.

Number 15: Fortitude Lodge No. 1003 to change the name of Joseph Fiedler to Irving Joseph Fiedler.

The above desired change has not been effected by process of law, but as it involves only the change in the "given" name we can see no objection to such change being made in Masonic records.

We therefore recommend that petition No. 15 be granted.

Number 16: Triluminar Lodge No. 767 to change the name of Morris Berlin to Morris Bervin.

Number 17: Maywood Lodge No. 869 to change the name of William A. Von Plees to William A. Plees.

Number 18: Golden Rule Lodge No. 726 to change the names of Albert H. Ueker, to Albert H. Eaker; Olaf Munson Jyssum to Olaf Munson; George Washington Spear to George Washington Flannery.

The above petitions are supported by no evidence that the several changes desired have been effected by action of court. We therefore recommend that petitions numbering from 16 to 18 inclusive be not granted.

Number 19: LaPrairie Lodge No. 267 located at Golden, requests that it be permitted to change its name to that of Golden Lodge No. 267.

We recommend that this petition be granted.

Number 20: Brother Stillwell R. Harcourt, claiming to have been a member of National Lodge No. 596, now defunct, and having been suspended from that lodge for non-payment of dues, now tenders the amount for which he was suspended and petitions to be reinstated to good standing in the fraternity.

Your committee finds that National Lodge has been defunct since 1894. The suspension of Brother Harcourt was necessarily previous to that date. He has therefore, voluntarily remained unidentified with the fraternity for all these years. Such being the case your committee believes that the petition of this brother should be supported by some evidence as to his fitness and good intentions, which evidence should be in the form of a recommendation by some lodge or of not less than three Master Masons, personally acquainted with the petitioner.

We therefore recommend that petition No. 20 be not granted.

Number 21: Tower Hill Lodge No. 493 petitions for the restoration of Brother George Emerson Myers who was expelled from that lodge on or about Dec. 14, 1914, his offense being that of * * * *

From the evidence in the hands of this committee we are of the opinion that the action of the lodge in this case does not reflect the true sentiment of the membership, and further, by reason of the seriousness of the offense, the brother should not be restored at this time.

We therefore recommend that petition No. 21 be not granted.

Number 22: Piper Lodge No. 608 petitions for the restoration of Brother Harry L. Bell who was expelled from that lodge by action of this grand lodge on Oct. 31, 1917, his offense being that of false representation in petitioning Piper Lodge for the degrees, he having been twice rejected by an Indiana lodge, a fact he concealed.

In view of the serious nature of this offense your committee is unwilling to ask this grand lodge to reverse a decision of so recent a date. The time is too short and the punishment is not sufficient.

We therefore recommend that petition No. 22 be not granted.

Number 23: Garfield Lodge No. 686 petitions for the restoration of Brother Frank Lyman Shepard who was expelled from that lodge on May 15, 1906.

In addition to the petition of this lodge regularly acted upon, it is supported by investigation and recommendation of the district deputy grand master and two grand officers of this grand lodge.

We therefore recommend that petition No. 23 be granted.

Number 24: Chadwick Lodge No. 867 petitions for the reinstatement of Brother George L. Perusse who was suspended from that lodge by action of the grand lodge on Oct. 14, 1914.

In addition to the petition of this lodge, regularly acted upon, it is supported by the recommendation of a past grand master and others, familiar with the circumstances. We therefore recommend that petition No. 24 be granted.

Number 25: Rome Lodge No. 721 of Dix, petitions for the restoration of Brother Martin L. Marshall who was expelled from that lodge on or about Nov. 20, 1912.

In addition to the petition of this lodge regularly acted upon, it is supported by recommendation of the district deputy grand master, who made a personal investigation of the case subsequent to the action of the lodge.

We therefore recommend that petition No. 25 be granted.

Number 26: Ridgway Lodge No. 816 petitions for the restoration of Brother Isaac T. Bruce who was expelled from that lodge on Oct. 14, 1909.

We find that this petition was regularly acted upon by the lodge, and we therefore recommend that petition No. 26 be granted.

Number 27: Thos. J. Turner Lodge No. 409 of Chicago petitions for the restoration of Brother Hyman J. Zeleznick, a fellowcraft, who was expelled from that lodge Dec. 16, 1916.

In addition to the petition of the lodge regularly acted upon, it is supported by recommendation of the district deputy grand master, personally acquainted with all the circumstances.

We therefore recommend that petition No. 27 be granted.

All of which is fraternally submitted and signed by the committee.

J. E. Jeffers,
C. O. Faught,
L. S. Van Dolah.

REPORT—Committee on National Defense.

Bro. Andrew Logan Anderson presented the report of the Committee on National Defense. The report was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of the State of Illinois:

Your Committee on National Defense of the M. W. Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. respectfully report that to October 1, 1918, we have collected the total sum of $88,547.36, and we have expended the sum of $14,782.87, leaving a cash balance on hand October 1, 1918, of $73,764.49, since which time we have received the sum of $9,622.75, making the net total in our hands October 5, 1918, $83,387.24. The details of receipts and expenditures are fully shown by the statement hereto attached.

A very generous response has been made by a large number of Masons and lodges of this state to our appeal for funds. But in some cases action has been delayed, and we are still hoping that the entire fraternity will do their full duty in this regard.

As to the larger projects we have considered we beg leave to say that we have filed requests with the Government to erect a building at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station to cost $12,000, and one at Camp Grant at Rockford to cost $15,000. Both of these projects are now pending on the matter of obtaining the consent of the proper authorities in Washington for the same, and we hope for their approval at an early date, so that we can have suitable Masonic headquarters at each of these large cantonments.

Out of our funds we have contributed the sum of $1,600 to the War Recreation Board of Illinois; the sum of $3,000 to the Red Cross, and the sum of $500 to the Salvation Army, each of which are such worthy objects that we felt that the Masons of Illinois would like to be represented in a substantial manner.

We have contributed the sum of $350 per month to Waukegan Lodge No. 78 which is the nearest lodge to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station. We have employed Brother LeRoy Hill, a past master of Waukegan Lodge, as field secretary at that station, and his salary is paid out of this contribution to Waukegan Lodge. Brother Hill has been a very efficient man in this position, demonstrating that the committee made an excellent selection when placing him in charge.

When the seriousness of the influenza epidemic at Great Lakes was reported to us by Brother Hill, the committee was able within 24 hours to send 26 nurses to the base hospital, and we are told that they were a great help in turning the tide and getting control of the situation.

Brother Hill has assisted in the organization of the Anchor and Ark Club, whose membership is composed of nearly 3,000 Masons in the service at Great Lakes. Much good work has been accomplished by this club. The president is Brother Charles J. Lishman, Chief Carpenter at the Station, and a member of Brotherhood Lodge Number 986 of Chicago.

While the Anchor and Ark Club is largely a meeting place of Masons, yet its activities are not confined to members of the craft. It has done much work in the way of assistance when the monetary need was immediate and necessary. It is a place where sons of Masons are especially welcome, and every attention has been given to their comfort and needs.

This is the original Anchor and Ark Club, and we are informed that other such clubs are being organized in many Naval Training Stations of the United States through the influence of men who have been members of this club at the Great Lakes and transferred to other stations.

While the work of our field secretary at Great Lakes is largely in connection with Masons and sons of Masons, yet he does not limit it to them, and gives relief to any that he deems worthy.

Owing to the demand upon his time and the large area he has to cover, the committee decided that both time and effort would be greatly saved by the use of an automobile, and have purchased one for the secretary at an expenditure of $550.

The committee have made several trips to Camp Grant but until the matter of building has been decided, have been unable to do much there except to contribute the sum of $1,000 to the three lodges located at Rockford as a slight compensation to them for the extra expense that they have incurred in conferring degrees for foreign jurisdictions, and furnishing entertainment and relief to the soldiers from Camp Grant.

We hope to make the selection of a suitable man as field secretary and put him in charge of the work at this camp in the near future.

Your committee has furnished a club room at Rantoul, Illinois, at an expenditure of approximately $600 where those in the service at Chanute Field can find reading matter, writing material and various forms of social amusement. We are contributing the sum of $100 per month for the maintenance of the same.

Brother Glenn Robinson, district deputy grand master first suggested the club room at Rantoul, and is giving it his personal supervision. Your committee is greatly indebted to him for his efficient services in this matter. We have contributed the sum of $500 to A. O. Fay Lodge No. 676 to assist its activities near Fort Sheridan.

All of these fields of activity, while largely patronized by Masons, are not exclusive and are open to any one in the service.

The committee are very much pleased to report that they have been abl to keep the administrative expense connected with this fund at less than 5% of the receipts.

Each member of the committee has on all occasions paid his own expenses and no personal expense of any kind has been charged against this fund.

A great saving in administrative expense has been made by the liberality of Brother E. Edwin Mills who has placed his expert accountants at the disposal of this committee without any charge.

We are also under obligations to Oriental Consistory in this regard for furnishing us free of charge, official headquarters for the transaction of our business.

Brother Robert C. Fletcher has acted as secretary to the committee and has given a great deal of his time with no hope of fee or reward, and the committee take pleasure in expressing their appreciation of his labors.

A great deal of credit is due to the lodges at Rockford, Rantoul, Highland Park and Waukegan for the conferring of degrees, and the entertainment given to men in the service; Waukegan Lodge Number 78 having conferred over 450 degrees among which 33 other grand jurisdictions were represented. This lodge was greatly assisted by Brother T. M. Avery president of the District Deputy Grand Masters' Association of Cook County, who has taken a corps of workers to Waukegan once a week for the last several months and assisted in the conferring of the degrees.

As is generally known by the Masons of Illinois, there are four classes of contributors to the National Defense Fund:

Founder members, $100 or more,
Life members, $25 or more,
Active members, $5 or more,
Annual members, $1 or more.

Your committee are firmly of the opinion that as the brethren learn more of the good that has been accomplished, more and larger contributions will be made, and the number of founder and life members materially increased. There is no other activity purely Masonic that is accomplishing more for the encouragement of the soldier and sailor than the work on which we now report.

This fund has been called the unselfish fund as it has been collected with the understanding that it may be used for the relief of any who may need it in war activities. The idea has been to help in every way the spirit and morale of the men in service, Masons or otherwise; to up-hold the aims and purposes of our Government, and to give the Masons of Illinois an opportunity to help in the saving of civilization.

Respectfully submitted,

G. W. McFatrich,
A. L. Anderson,
A. E. Wood,
Nelson N. Lampert,
Wm. L. Sharp,
Committee.

A detailed report of the receipts and expenditures of this fund will be found in the appendix.

INVITATIONS.

Invitations were received during the meeting from the following lodges and read to the brethren by the grand secretary.

Parian Lodge No. 977, Garden City Lodge No. 141, St. Cecilia Lodge No. 865, Thos. J. Turner Lodge No. 409, Siloam Lodge No. 780, and Ancient Craft Lodge No. 907.

REPORT—Committee to Examine Visitors.

Bro. Richard C. Davenport, chairman of the Board of Grand Examiners, made the following report. It was adopted.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Illinois:

The Board of Grand Examiners respectfully report that they have examined all who have appeared before them and have vouched for them to the grand tyler.

Fraternally submitted,

Richard C. Davenport,
David D. King,
George E. Carlson,
Wm. H. Zarley,
Bernardus L. Ten Eyck,
Committee.

AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION OFFERED.

Bro. David D. King offered the following amendments to the constitution. Both proposed amendments were seconded by a majority of the representatives, and go out to the lodges.

Amend Code No. 4 by striking out the words "fifty district deputy grand masters" and substituting the words "a district deputy grand master for each district."

Amend Code No. 69 to read as follows:

The state shall be divided into districts, having regard to population, lodges, and convenience. The districts may be changed upon the recommendation of the grand master, confirmed by the grand lodge, and the districts may be defined by territorial limits or by designating what lodges shall constitute a district.

REPRESENTATIVES.

The grand secretary called the roll and the grand master presented and introduced representatives of other grand lodges near the Grand Lodge of Illinois. Bro. Monroe C. Crawford responded for the representatives.

They were accorded grand honors.

Chester E. Allen	Alabama
Monroe C. Crawford	Arizona
A. H. Scrogin	Arkansas
Jas McCredie	British Columbia
Sylvester O. Spring	Canada
Dan G. Fitzgerrell	Delaware
L. A. Goddard	District of Columbia
A. E. Wood	Georgia
W. B. Wright	Indiana
Robert J. Daly	Ireland
George M. Moulton	Kansas
Godfred Langhenry	Lonisiana
Amos Pettibone	Maine
Hugh R. Stewart	Manitoba
Joseph E. Dyas	Michigan

R. H. Wheeler.....Minnesota
Franklin S. Catlin.....Mississippi
George A. Stadler.....Missouri
E. Edwin Mills.....Montana
A. Jampolis Nebraska
Henry E. Hamilton.....New Hampshire
Isaac Cutter New York
James A. Steele.....New Zealand
Robert C. Fletcher.....North Carolina
D. D. Darrah.....Oklahoma
Frank E. Locke.....Oregon
Seymour S. Borden.....Porto Rico
E. D. Brothers.....Prince Edward Island
Edward H. Thomas.....Queensland
Albert B. Wicker.....Rhode Island
Archibald Birse Scotland
Elmer E. Beach.....South Australia
Harry N. McFarlane.....South Dakota
H. W. Harvey.....Tasmania
Alexander H. Bell.....Tennessee
Owen Scott Utah
Jason R. Lewis.....Victoria
John F. Campbell.....West Virginia
David D. King.....Wisconsin

AMENDMENTS TO CODE OFFERED.

Bro. Iver R. Johnson offered the following amendments to the Code. Each were seconded by the representatives of more than twenty lodges, and lie over until next year.

Amend Code 149 by striking out the following:

and for his deputy, and all necessary clerk hire and office rent.

Code 149 will then read as follows:

149. For the due performance of the duties hereinbefore prescribed, the grand secretary shall receive, as full compensation, the sum of three thousand dollars per annum, payable in monthly installments: provided, that for payment of sums actually expended for postage, express charges, and in-

cidental official expenses the grand lodge may make appropriations, upon presentation of itemized bills, approved by the Finance Committee.

Amend Code 218, paragraphs E and F, by striking out in the second and fourth lines respectively, the words "One Dollar" and substituting therefor "Seventy-five cents."

If amended Code 218, paragraphs E and F would read as follows:

E. For each member of every chartered lodge under this jurisdiction *seventy-five cents* annually.

F. For every Master Mason whose name is upon the roll of any lodge under dispensation, and who is not a member of some chartered lodge in this jurisdiction, *seventy-five cents* annually, the same to be paid by such lodge under dispensation.

Amend Code 218, by adding the following to be known as paragraph G.

G. For every Master Mason raised or affiliated, whose petition is received subsequent to the adoption of this amendment, Ten Dollars.

Amend Code 219, by adding the following:

Provided that fees collected under Code 218 G shall be paid quarterly into the treasury of the grand lodge on the first days of December, March, June and September.

If amended Code 219 would read as follows:

219. The foregoing fees and dues shall be paid into the treasury of the grand lodge within thirty days after the same are received. Provided that fees collected under Code 218 G shall be paid quarterly into the treasury of the grand lodge on the first days of December, March, June and September.

Amend Code 552 by adding the following to be known as Code 552 A.

552 A. In addition to the minimum fee provided in Code 552, there shall be paid prior to the conferring of the Master Masons degree, or balloting on a petition for affiliation, the sum of Ten Dollars, to be paid into the treasury of the grand lodge as provided in Code 218 G. as amended.

Amend Code 667 by striking out the words "One Dollar" in the fourth line, and substituting the words "Seventy-five cents" and by striking out the last sentence and substituting the following:

which shall be subject to such appropriations under these laws as the grand lodge from time to time may direct.

If amended Code 667 would read as follows:

667. Every lodge in this jurisdiction, on or before the first day of August each year, shall pay into the treasury of the grand lodge, through the grand secretary, the sum of *seventy-five cents* for each Master Mason belonging to such lodge at the time of making the annual returns, which shall be subject to such appropriations under these laws as the grand lodge from time to time may direct.

GRAND OFFICERS.

The grand secretary read the list of elected and appointed grand officers.

Bro. Austin H. Scrogin.....*M.W. Grand Master*
Bro. Dan G. Fitzgerrell.....*R.W. Deputy Grand Master*
Bro. Elmer E. Beach.....*R.W. Senior Grand Warden*
Bro. Arthur E. Wood.....*R.W. Junior Grand Warden*
Bro. Leroy A. Goddard.....*R.W. Grand Treasurer*
Bro. Isaac Cutter.....*R.W. Grand Secretary*
Rev. Bro. Walter Aitken.....*R.W. Grand Chaplain*
Bro. Edgar DeWitt Jones.....*R.W. Grand Orator*
Bro. Roy Adams.....*W. Deputy Grand Secretary*
Bro. Wm. Elmer Edwards.....*W. Grand Pursuivant*
Bro. Wm. H. Bied.....*W. Grand Marshal*
Bro. Wm. N. Ewing.....*W. Grand Standard Bearer*
Bro. Robert E. Gifford.....*W. Grand Sword Bearer*
Bro. Maxwell Levy.....*W. Senior Grand Deacon*
Bro. Spruell C. D. Rea.....*W. Junior Grand Deacon*
Bro. H. S. Albin.....*W. Grand Steward*
Bro. Chas. F. Tenney.....*W. Grand Steward*
Bro. George W. Tipsword.....*W. Grand Steward*
Bro. Tim Van Antwerp.....*W. Grand Steward*
Bro. Chester S. Gurney.....*W. Grand Tyler*
Bro. James V. McCullough.....*Assistant Grand Tyler*

INSTALLATION.

Brother George M. Moulton, assisted by Bro. Alexander H. Bell as grand marshal, installed the officers, except Brothers Jones and Tenney, who were absent.

Previous to the installation of the grand secretary and grand treasurer, the grand master announced that their bonds had been approved.

COMMITTEES.

The list of brethren comprising the committees were read by the grand secretary.

JURISPRUDENCE—
Monroe C. Crawford, Jonesboro, Chairman.
Owen Scott, Decatur.
George M. Moulton, Masonic Temple, Chicago.
William B. Wright, Effingham.
Chester E. Allen, Galesburg.

APPEALS AND GRIEVANCES—
Alexander H. Bell, Carlinville, Chairman.
Elmer D. Brothers, 39 S. La Salle St., Chicago.
Arthur M. Otman, Peoria.
Andrew Logan Anderson, Lincoln.
Charles H. Martin, Bridgeport.

CHARTERED LODGES—
Phil C. Barclay, Cairo, Chairman.
W. W. Watson, Barry.
John D. Charters, Ashton.
Lindorf Walker, Cobden.
J. Huber Allen, Bloomington.

LODGES, U. D.—
William H. Beckman, 2468 Orchard St., Chicago, Chairman.
Emil J. Merki, 1327 Early Ave., Edgewater.
C. L. Sandusky, Danville.
F. O. Lorton, Auburn.
Harry L. Browning, East St. Louis.

MILEAGE AND PER DIEM—
William F. Beck, Olney, Chairman.
Henry T. Goddard, Mt. Carmel.
Thomas S. Browning, Benton.
Charles H. Thompson, Mt. Vernon.
W. P. Jones, 312 W. Washington St., Champaign.
H. W. Harvey, 7211 University Ave., Chicago.

FINANCE—
Edward H. Thomas, 2431 S. Lincoln St., Chicago, Chairman.
Thomas A. Stevens, 19 N. State St., Chicago.
E. Edwin Mills, 222 N. State St., Chicago.

LEGISLATION—
Owen Scott, Decatur, Chairman.
Wm. Wilhartz, Fort Dearborn Bank Bldg., Chicago.
Joseph J. Shaw, 69 W. Washington St., Chicago.

CORRESPONDENCE—
Delmar D. Darrah, Bloomington.

GRAND EXAMINERS—
Richard C. Davenport, 309 E. Walnut, Harrisburg, Chairman.
David D. King, 3002 Lake Park Ave., Chicago, Secretary.
George E. Carlson, 417 15th St., Moline.
William H. Zarley, 620 Fifth Ave., Joliet.
B. L. Ten Eyck, Fairview.

CREDENTIALS—
Emmett Howard, Quincy, Chairman.
C. N. Hambleton, Jeffersonville.
Milton T. Booth, Atkinson.
E. M. Crain, Augusta.
Harry L. Kelly, Elmwood.

PETITIONS—
J. E. Jeffers, Arcola, Chairman.
Jas. A. Steele, Sullivan.
Albert Roullier, Fine Arts Building, Chicago.

OBITUARIES—
R. Keene Ryan, 5614 S. Green St., Chicago, Chairman.
Hez G. Henry, Camp Point.
John C. Crawford, Jonesboro.

GRAND MASTER'S REPORT—
Charles H. Spilman, Edwardsville, Chairman.
George J. Kurzenknabe, 1901 Cullom Ave., Chicago.
William Fairlee, Jacksonville.

BOARD OF MANAGERS FOR MASONIC HOMES—
Robert J. Daly, 3214 Polk St., Chicago, President.
Louis L. Emmerson, Mt. Vernon.
Robert C. Fletcher, La Grange.
William D. Price, Harvester Bldg., Chicago.
Chas. C. Davis, Centralia.

Anthony Doherty, Clay City.
Austin H. Scrogin, Lexington, ex officio.
Dan G. Fitzgerrell, Normal, ex officio.

LIBRARIES—
Chas. W. Walduck, 3525 W. Adams St., Chicago, Chairman.
William A. Dixon, Sullivan.
Geo. L. Hilliker, La Grange.

ADVISORY COUNCIL—
Dan G. Fitzgerrell, Normal.
Elmer E. Beach, 111 W. Washington St., Chicago.
Arthur E. Wood, Gibson City.
Leroy A. Goddard, State Bank of Chicago, Chicago.
Isaac Cutter, Camp Point.
Owen Scott, Decatur.
Alexander H. Bell, Carlinville.
William H. Beckman, 2468 Orchard St., Chicago.
Edward H. Thomas, 2431 S. Lincoln St., Chicago.
Monroe C. Crawford, Jonesboro.
Robert J. Daly, 3214 Polk St., Chicago.

COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL DEFENSE—
Geo. W. McFatrich, 9 East Ohio St., Chicago, Chairman.
Arthur E. Wood, Gibson City.
Andrew Logan Anderson, Lincoln.
Wm. L. Sharp, 245 W. 63d St., Chicago.

DISTRICT DEPUTY GRAND MASTERS.

The grand secretary read the list of district deputy grand masters appointed. They will be found beginning on page 156 of the proceedings.

AMENDMENT TO CODE.

Bro. David D. King offered the following amendment to the constitution. It was seconded by a majority of the representatives and goes on to the lodges.

Amend Sec. 53, constitution, by changing the word "two" in the last line to "four."

No. 53 will then read as follows:

53. The grand lodge may establish a mileage and per diem rate for its officers, the representative highest in rank from each lodge, and its standing committees, for attendance at grand lodge, not exceeding five cents per mile each way and *four* dollars per day.

AMENDMENT OFFERED.

Bro. Joseph Soldinger offered the following amendment to Code No. 321. It was seconded by representatives of more than twenty lodges and lies over until next year.

Amend Code 321 as follows:

Insert after the word lodge, "during the conferring of any part of the several degrees."

Code 321 will then read as follows:

321. Smoking in open lodge *during the conferring of any part of the several degrees* is prohibited, and the master is responsible for the strict enforcement of this by-law.

The minutes of Thursday were then read and approved.

CLOSED.

At 12:30 o'clock no further business appearing, the grand master closed the most worshipful grand lodge in ample form.



Austin H. Scrogin
Grand Master.

Attest: Isaac Cullen
Grand Secretary.

Address of Grand Master: Lexington.
Address of Grand Secretary: Camp Point.

COMPLETE SUMMARY

For 1918



Number Lodges working under Charter,	-	869
Number members June 30, 1917,	- -	157,208

INCREASE

Number raised,	- - 12,352	
Number affiliated,	- 1,151	
Number reinstated,	- 384	
Add for error,	- - 47	
Add members 11 lodges*	1,410	
Total,	- -	15,344

DECREASE

Number dimitted,	- 2,288	
Number suspended,	- 956	
Number expelled,	- 17	
Number of deaths,	- 1,910	
Loss by error,	- 95	
		5,266
Net gain,	- - - - -	10,078
Number of members, June 30, 1918,		167,286

*Chartered in 1917. Not otherwise accounted for.

APPENDIX

LIST OF LODGES BY DISTRICTS AND THE DISTRICT DEPUTY GRAND MASTERS

FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
33	Oriental	Chicago	29 W. Monroe St.
526	Covenant	Chicago	Central Masonic Temple
765	Palace	Chicago	Pullman
819	Columbian	Chicago	Millard Ave. and 23rd St.
876	William McKinley	Chicago	Auditorium Hall
908	Gil. W. Barnard	Chicago	7439 Ingleside Ave.
949	Justice	Chicago	W. Chicago Masonic Temple
981	Trowel	Chicago	2754 W. Diversey Ave.
1002	Portage Park	Chicago	4240 Irving Park Blvd.

George Edwards, 5750 W. Ohio St., Chicago

SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
81	Vitruvius	Wheeling	Wheeling
540	Oak Park	Oak Park	Oak Park, Ill.
767	Triluminar	Chicago	2939 91st St.
832	Harvey	Harvey	Harvey, Ill.
878	Equity	Chicago	Masonic Temple
909	Bee Hive	Chicago	Auditorium Hall
954	Progressive	Chicago	3349 W. North Ave.
982	Sincerity	Chicago	Robey and Byron Sts.
1003	Fortitude	Chicago	

Bert E. Uebele, 28 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago

THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
141	Garden City	Chicago	Masonic Temple
610	Union Park	Chicago	W. Chicago Masonic Temple
768	Mizpah	Chicago	42nd and Halsted St.
836	Windsor Park	Chicago	75th St. and Cole Ave.
879	Composite	Chicago	4229 Cottage Grove Ave.
913	Aaron	Chicago	1555 E. 63rd St.
955	Cicero	Cicero	Clyde
983	Glencoe	Glencoe	Glencoe
1005	Community	Chicago	

William Tinsley, 618 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago

FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
160	Waubansia	Chicago	Masonic Temple
611	Lincoln Park	Chicago	1500 N. Clark St.
770	LaGrange	LaGrange	LaGrange
839	Berwyn	Berwyn	Berwyn Masonic Hall
880	John B. Sherman	Chicago	6319 S. Ashland Ave.
914	Republic	Chicago	Blackstone Ave. and 55th
956	Washington Park	Chicago	51st and Michigan Ave.
984	Emblem	Chicago	Hyde Park Masonic Temple
1006	Fair Oaks	Oak Park	

Wm. W. M. Bending, 2939 E. 91st St., Chicago

FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
209	W. B. Warren	Chicago	Masonic Temple
639	Keystone	Chicago	1500 N. Clark St.
774	Lake View	Chicago	Central Masonic Temple.
841	Woodlawn Park	Chicago	64th St. and University Av.
882	Boulevard	Chicago	42nd and Halsted Sts.
915	Jackson Park	Chicago	1555 East 63rd St.
957	Prospect	Chicago	23rd and Millard Ave.
985	Universal	Chicago	Masonic Temple
1007	Loyal	Chicago	

T. M. Avery, 5751 Ravenswood Ave., Chicago

SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
211	Cleveland	Chicago	Masonic Temple
642	Apollo	Chicago	3118 Forest Ave.
776	Grand Crossing	Chicago	Ingleside, near 75th St.
842	Fides	Chicago	119th and Wallace
887	Pyramid	Hegewisch	Hegewisch
916	Welcome	Chicago	Masonic Temple
958	Prudence	Chicago	Central Masonic Temple.
986	Brotherhood	Chicago	Dearborn St. and Walton Place
1008	Parkway	Chicago	

Willis McFeely, 721 N. Grove Ave., Oak Park

SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
271	Blaney	Chicago	912 LaSalle Ave.
643	D. C. Cregier	Chicago	2403 W. North Ave.
777	Ravenswood	Chicago	Montrose & N. Hermitage.
843	Park	Chicago	N. Clark St. and Lunt Ave.
888	Damascus	Chicago	64th St. and University Av.
917	Concord	Chicago	H. P. Masonic Temple
961	Federal	Chicago	Englewood Masonic Temple.
987	Cyrene	Chicago	Woodlawn Masonic Temple.
1009	Hiram	Chicago	

Albert T. Thompson, 308 S. Sacramento Ave., Chicago

EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
308	Ashlar	Chicago	Masonic Temple
662	South Park	Chicago	Blackstone Ave. and E. 55th.
779	Wright's Grove	Chicago	Clark St. and Belmont Ave.
850	Austin	Chicago	241 North Central Ave.
889	America	Chicago	29 W. Monroe St.
921	Avondale	Chicago	3159 N. Kedzie Ave.
962	Ben Franklin	Chicago	4240 Irving Park Blvd.
988	Park Ridge	Chicago	Park Ridge
1010	Honor	Chicago	

Welles W. LaMoure, Gladstone Hotel, Chicago

NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
310	Dearborn	Chicago	3120 Forest Ave.
686	Garfield	Chicago	California Ave. and Madison
780	Siloam	Chicago	W. Chicago Masonic Temple...
851	Chicago Heights	Chicago Heights.	Chicago Heights, Ill.
890	Desplaines	Desplaines	Desplaines
922	Compass	Chicago	Boulvard Hall, 5505 S. Halsted
964	Maplewood	Chicago	Diversey and California Av.
989	Hyde Park	Chicago	Fifty-first and Michigan Sts....
1012	Birchwood	Chicago	

Nels O. Johnson, 5252 N. Ashland Ave., Chicago

TENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
311	Kilwinning	Chicago	Central Masonic Temple
690	Englewood	Chicago	6734 Wentworth Ave.
784	Beacon Light	Chicago	Norwood Park, Masonic H.
854	Brighton Park	Chicago	2456 W. 38th St.
891	Logan Square	Chicago	3117 Logan Blvd.
923	East Gate	Chicago	Masonic Temple
966	Exemplar	Chicago	Masonic Temple
991	Welfare	Chicago	Dearborn and Division Sts.
1013	John Paul Jones	Chicago	

D. S. Mellinger, 6729 Langley Ave., Chicago

ELEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting
714	Palatine	Palatine	Masonic Hall
697	Richard Cole	Chicago	2941 Archer Ave.
789	Auburn Park	Chicago	79th and Lowe Ave.
855	King Oscar	Chicago	Auditorium Hall
892	Constellation	Chicago	3900 N. Robey
924	Banner Blue	Chicago	Englewood Masonic Temple...
968	South Gate	Chicago	Auburn Park Masonic Temple .
992	Niagara	Chicago	Masonic Temple
1015	Paramount	Chicago	Auburn Park Masonic Temple

David S. Davidson, 7309 S. Racine Ave., Chicago

TWELFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
393	Blair	Chicago	29 W. Monroe St.
711	Providence	Jefferson	5418 Gale St.
795	Myrtle	Chicago	4240 Irving Park Blvd.
860	Metropolitan	Chicago	4035 W. Madison St.
894	Utopia	Chicago	9231 Cottage Grove Ave...
926	Veritas	Chicago	W. Chicago Mas. Temple..
971	Fernwood Park	Chicago	10243 Wallace St.
993	Leyden	Franklin Park	Franklin Park
1018	Pythagoras	Chicago	159 N. State St.

William T. Mummery, 1850 Kenilworth Ave., Chicago

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
409	Thos. J. Turner	Chicago	Auditorium Hall
716	Calumet	Blue Island	Blue Island, Ill.
797	Normal Park	Chicago	6734 Wentworth Ave.
862	Riverside	Riverside	Riverside Town Hall
895	Crescent	Chicago	Corner State and Randolph St.
927	Candida	Chicago	Masonic Temple
972	Rainbow	Chicago	79th and Lowe Ave.
994	True Blue	Chicago	3636 Armitage Ave.
1019	Victory	Chicago	Constellation Temple

S. F. Odell, 3634 S. Robey St., Chicago

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
411	Hesperia	Chicago	29 W. Monroe St.
717	Arcana	Chicago	W. Chicago Masonic Temple
800	Kenwood	Chicago	4229 Cottage Grove Ave.
863	St. Andrews	Chicago	Masonic Temple
896	Kosmos	Chicago	6319 S. Ashland
931	Wilmette	Willmette	Wilmette
973	Perseverance	Chicago	Masonic Temple
995	Lawndale	Chicago	2300 S. Millard Ave.
1020	Cosmopolitan	Chicago	Cottage Grove Ave.

Geo. E. Moore, 3809 W. Adams St., Chicago

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
422	Landmark	Chicago	4229 Cottage Grove Ave.
726	Golden Rule	Chicago	Masonic Temple
804	Kensington	Chicago	11037 Michigan Ave.
864	Olympia	Chicago	4229 Cottage Grove Ave.
897	Ogden Park	Chicago	6319 S. Ashland Ave.
937	North Shore	Chicago	Wilson and Broadway
974	Albany Park	Chicago	Diversey and California Ave.
996	Sunrise	Chicago	Corinthian Hall, Masonic Tem.

Paul A. Neuffer, 851 Otis Bldg., Chicago

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
437	Chicago	Chicago	Auditorium Hall
731	Harbor	Chicago	2939 91st St.
810	Tracy	Tracy	Tracy
865	St. Cecelia	Chicago	Masonic Temple
899	Park Manor	Chicago	Auburn Pk. Temp., 7832 Union Ave.
938	Circle	Oak Park	Circle Masonic Temple, Oak Park
975	Old Glory	Chicago	Austin Masonic Temple
997	Integrity	Chicago	1710 Cornelia Ave.

Leslie W. Beebe, 125 S. Park Ave., Oak Park

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
478	Pleiades	Chicago	W. Chicago Masonic Temple...
739	Lakeside	Chicago	3120 Forest Ave.
813	Humboldt Park	Chicago	3638 Armitage
869	Maywood	Maywood	Maywood
900	Carnation	Chicago	4229 Cottage Grove Ave....
943	Bohemia	Chicago	W. Chicago Masonic Temple..
976	**Melrose Abbey**	**Chicago**	**Monroe and Paulina**
998	Paul Revere	Chicago	Templar Hall, Wilson and N. Ashland Ave.

Albert C. McFarland, 1131 E. 62nd St., Chicago

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
508	Home	Chicago	3120 Forest Ave.
751	Lounsbury	Barrington	Barrington
815	Lawn	Chicago	Chicago Lawn
873	Standard	Chicago	Auditorium Hall
901	Edgewater	Chicago	4737 Broadway
944	John Corson Smith...	Chicago	W. Chicago Masonic Temple
977	**Parian**	**Chicago**	**64th and University Ave.**
999	Morgan Park..	Chicago	Morgan Park

A. M. Bassford, 11032 Esmond St., Chicago

NINETEENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
524	Evans	Evanston	810 Davis St.
758	Mystic Star	Chicago	6734 Wentworth Ave.
818	Ben Hur	Chicago	2408 W. North Ave.
875	Cornerstone	Chicago	Central Masonic Temple.
907	Ancient Craft	Chicago	51st and Michigan Ave.
947	Kenmore	Chicago	Terminal Hall, 1154 Wilson Ave
978	**Square**	**Chicago**	1553 W. 69th St.
1001	Wayfarers	Evanston	810 Davis St.

Harry H. Milnor, 516 N. Laramie Ave., Chicago

TWENTIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	Place of Meeting.
182	Germania	Chicago	1500 North Clark St.
277	Accordia	Chicago	Halsted St. and North Ave.
335	Schiller	Peoria	Peoria
410	Mithra	Chicago	1710-12 Cornelia Ave
557	Lessing	Chicago	1500 N. Clark St.
656	Mozart	Bloomington	Masonic Temple
669	Herder	Chicago	Monroe and Paulina
674	Waldeck	Chicago	3120 Forest Ave.
783	Constantia	Chicago	19 W. Adams St.

Louis J. Link, 1824 Blue Island Ave., Chicago

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
78	Waukegan	Waukegan	Lake
115	Rising Sun	Grayslake	Lake
127	Antioch	Millburn	Lake
143	Richmond	Richmond	McHenry
158	McHenry	McHenry	McHenry
298	Wauconda	Wauconda	Lake
492	Libertyville	Libertyville	Lake
604	Hebron	Hebron	McHenry
676	A. O. Fay	Highland Park	Lake
827	Sequoit	Antioch	Lake

Lloyd E. Covalt, McHenry

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
63	St. Mark's	Woodstock	McHenry
117	Elgin	Elgin	Kane
138	Marengo	Marengo	McHenry
169	Nunda	Crystal Lake	McHenry
190	Dundee	Dundee	Kane
309	Harvard	Harvard	McHenry
358	Orion	Union	McHenry
522	Monitor	Elgin	Kane
575	Capron	Capron	Boone
960	Algonquin	Algonquin	McHenry

A. J. Winteringham, Dundee

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
60	Belvidere	Belvidere	Boone
74	Rockton	Rockton	Winnebago
75	Roscoe	Roscoe	Winnebago
102	Rockford	Rockford	Winnebago
145	A. W. Rawson	Pecatonica	Winnebago
166	Star-in-the-East	Rockford	Winnebago
173	Cherry Valley	Cherry Valley	Winnebago
302	Durand	Durand	Winnebago
414	Evening Star	Davis	Stephenson
633	E. F. W. Ellis	Rockford	Winnebago
745	Winnebago	Winnebago	Winnebago

J. R. Balliet, Belvidere

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
97	Excelsior	Freeport	Stephenson
170	Evergreen	Freeport	Stephenson
174	Lena	Lena	Stephenson
188	Cyrus	Mt. Carroll	Carroll
423	Lanark	Lanark	Carroll
490	Shannon	Shannon	Carroll
564	Winslow	Winslow	Stephenson
687	Orangeville	Orangeville	Stephenson
823	Pearl	Pearl City	Stephenson

C. L. Snyder, Freeport

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
36	Kavanaugh	Elizabeth	Jo Daviess
273	Miners	Galena	Jo Daviess
278	Jo Daviess	Warren	Jo Daviess
385	Mississippi	Savanna	Carroll
491	Martin	East Dubuque	Jo Daviess
554	Plum River	Stockton	Jo Daviess
859	Apple River	Apple River	Jo Daviess
905	Hanover	Hanover	Jo Daviess
1014	Moline	Moline	Rock Island

J. H. Grimm, Galena

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
189	Fulton City	Fulton	Whiteside
293	Prophetstown	Prophetstown	Whiteside
321	Dunlap	Morrison	Whiteside
559	Thomson	Thomson	Carroll
566	Albany	Albany	Whiteside
655	Yorktown	Tampico	Whiteside
667	Erie	Erie	Whiteside
750	Lyndon	Lyndon	Whiteside
886	Hooppole	Hooppole	Henry

M. R. Nelson, Morrison

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
96	Samuel H. Davis	Mt. Morris	Ogle
187	Mystic Tie	Polo	Ogle
345	Milledgeville	Milledgeville	Carroll
420	Oregon	Oregon	Ogle
612	Rock River	Sterling	Whiteside
867	Chadwick	Chadwick	Carroll
936	Rock Falls	Rock Falls	Whiteside

R. W. E. Mitchell, Sterling

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
134	Sycamore	Sycamore	De Kalb
144	De Kalb	Dekalb	De Kalb
274	Byron	Byron	Ogle
288	Genoa	Genoa	De Kalb
402	Kishwaukee	Kingston	De Kalb
443	Hampshire	Hampshire	Kane
505	Meridian Sun	Holcomb	Ogle
857	Boyd D.	Kirkland	De Kalb

William C. Darling, Sycamore

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
48	Unity	St. Charles	Kane
139	Geneva	Geneva	Kane
269	Wheaton	Wheaton	Dupage
359	Blackberry	Elburn	Kane
472	Amity	West Chicago	Dupage
941	Elmhurst	Elmhurst	Dupage
942	Maple Park	Maple Park	Kane
950	Glen Ellyn	Glen Ellyn	Dupage

E. F. Works, 94 Prairie St., St. Charles

THIRTIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
65	Euclid	Naperville	Dupage
90	Jerusalem Temple	Aurora	Kane
254	Aurora	Aurora	Kane
301	Hinckley	Hinckley	De Kalb
404	Batavia	Batavia	Kane
428	Sunbeam	Plano	Kendall
824	Grove	Downers Grove	Dupage
934	Hinsdale	Hinsdale	Dupage

E. H. Cooley, 74 N. View St., Aurora

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
7	Friendship	Dixon	Lee
146	Lee Centre	Lee Centre	Lee
178	Illinois Central	Amboy	Lee
244	Horicon	Rochelle	Ogle
264	Franklin Grove	Franklin Grove	Lee
320	Creston	Creston	Ogle
531	Ashton	Ashton	Lee
902	Alto	Steward	Lee

J. E. Barber, Rochelle

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
176	Mendota	Mendota	La Salle
183	Meridan	Earlville	La Salle
205	Corinthian	Pawpaw	Lee
282	Brooklyn	Compton	Lee
283	Meteor	Sandwich	De Kalb
349	Sublette	Sublette	Lee
374	Shabbona	Shabbona	De Kalb
558	Leland	Leland	La Salle
646	Somonauk	Somonauk	De Kalb
728	Waterman	Waterman	De Kalb

Charles W. McCray, 210 S. 11th Ave., Mendota

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
13	St. John's	Peru	La Salle
67	Acacia	La Salle	La Salle
103	Magnolia	Magnolia	Putnam
270	Levi Lusk	Arlington	Bureau
383	La Moille	La Moille	Bureau
722	Walnut	Walnut	Bureau
805	S. M. Dalzell	Springvalley	Bureau
814	Ohio	Ohio	Bureau
858	Utica	Utica	La Salle
951	Depue	Depue	Bureau

Theodore Ward, Arlington

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
142	Ames	Sheffield	Bureau
159	Kewanee	Kewanee	Henry
231	Wyanet	Wyanet	Bureau
399	Buda	Buda	Bureau
550	Sharon	Tiskilwa	Bureau
587	Princeton	Princeton	Bureau
803	Neponset	Neponset	Bureau
933	Manlius	Manlius	Bureau

Francis H. Bradley, Princeton, R. F. D.

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
57	Trio	Rock Island	Rock Island
92	Stewart	Geneseo	Henry
319	Doric	Moline	Rock Island
433	Atkinson	Atkinson	Henry
436	Philo	Port Byron	Rock Island
658	Rock Island	Rock Island	Rock Island
680	Clement	Calono	Henry
898	Silvis	Silvis	Rock Island
969	East Moline	East Moline	Rock Island

Charles H. Mangold, 418 5th Ave., Moline

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
49	Cambridge	Cambridge	Henry
69	Eureka	Milan	Rock Island
243	Galva	Galva	Henry
516	Andalusia	Andalusia	Rock Island
535	Sherman	Orion	Henry
547	Valley	Coal Valley	Rock Island
679	Buffalo Prairie	Buffalo Prairie	Rock Island
755	Preemption	Preemption	Mercer

Job 1 F. Maberry, Edgington

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
59	New Boston	New Boston	Mercer
113	Robert Burns	Keithsburg	Mercer
123	Oquawka	Oquawka	Henderson
252	Aledo	Aledo	Mercer
367	Oxford	New Windsor	Mercer
502	Woodhull	Woodhull	Henry
577	Viola	Viola	Mercer
838	Charity	Seaton	Mercer
946	Joy	Joy	Mercer

S. R. Amlong, Aledo

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
37	Monmouth	Monmouth	Warren
193	Herrick	Pontoosuc	Hancock
236	Dallas City	Dallas City	Hancock
518	Abraham Lincoln	Kirkwood	Warren
685	Rio	Rio	Knox
702	Alexandria	Alexis	Warren
727	Raritan	Raritan	Henderson
732	Carman	Carman	Henderson
847	Stronghurst	Stronghurst	Henderson

Ralph D. Tinkham, Kirkwood

THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
66	Pacific	Knoxville	Knox
155	Alpha	Galesburg	Knox
185	Abingdon	Abingdon	Knox
291	Wataga	Wataga	Knox
330	Altona	Altona	Knox
337	Oneida	Oneida	Knox
584	Vesper	Galesburg	Knox
793	A. T. Darrah	Victoria	Knox

Chas. C. Sawyer, Altona

FORTIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
61	Lacon	Lacon	Marshall
93	Toulon	Toulon	Stark
119	Henry	Henry	Marshall
360	Princeville	Princeville	Peoria
415	Lawn Ridge	Speer	Stark
441	Sparland	Sparland	Marshall
479	Wyoming	Wyoming	Stark
501	Stark	La Fayette	Stark
514	Bradford	Bradford	Stark

W. G. Dorsey, Lacon

FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
247	Rob Morris	Minonk	Woodford
294	Pontiac	Pontiac	Livingston
344	Wenona	Wenona	Marshall
364	Tonica	Tonica	La Salle
477	Rutland	Rutland	La Salle
552	Long Point	Long Point	Livingston
607	Streator	Streator	La Salle
868	Cornell	Cornell	Livingston
870	Lostant	Lostant	La Salle

Charles E. Myers, Pontiac

FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
40	Occidental	Ottawa	La Salle
194	Freedom	Freedom	La Salle
303	Raven	Oswego	Kendall
323	Orient	Lisbon	Kendall
384	Waltham	Waltham	La Salle
397	Shiloh	Troy Grove	La Salle
471	Kendall	Yorkville	Kendall
555	Humboldt	Ottawa	La Salle
735	Sheridan	Sheridan	La Salle

William Scales, Ottawa

FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
42	Mt. Joliet	Joliet	Will
124	Cedar	Morris	Grundy
175	Matteson	Joliet	Will
262	Channahon	Channahon	Will
417	Marseilles	Marseilles	La Salle
528	Minooka	Minooka	Grundy
532	Seneca	Seneca	La Salle
536	Plainfield	Plainfield	Will
538	Lockport	Lockport	Will

Benj. J. Metzger, 821 Oneida St., Joliet

FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
378	Aroma	Waldron	Kankakee
389	Kankakee	Kankakee	Kankakee
429	Chebanse	Chebanse	Iroquois
481	Momence	Momence	Kankakee
636	Peotone	Peotone	Will
688	Clifton	Clifton	Iroquois
763	Crete	Crete	Will
928	Grant Park	Grant Park	Kankakee

Frank L. Brown, Peotone

FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
208	Wilmington	Wilmington	Will
371	Livingston	Dwight	Livingston
401	Odell	Odell	Livingston
573	Gardner	Gardner	Grundy
704	Braidwood	Braidwood	Will
757	Verona	Verona	Grundy
826	Mazon	Mazon	Grundy
919	Elwood	Elwood	Will

Bruce T. Harley, Elwood

FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
168	Milford	Milford	Iroquois
446	Watseka	Watseka	Iroquois
506	O. H. Miner	Iroquois	Iroquois
527	Rossville	Rossville	Vermilion
609	Sheldon	Sheldon	Iroquois
709	Star	Hoopeston	Vermilion
782	Potomac	Potomac	Vermilion
845	Martinton	Martinton	Iroquois
952	Donovan	Donovan	Iroquois

E. C. Vanderporten, Watseka

FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
305	Onarga	Onarga	Iroquois
316	Abraham Jonas	Loda	Iroquois
416	Paxton	Paxton	Ford
470	Rantoul	Rantoul	Champaign
574	Pera	Ludlow	Champaign
591	Gilman	Gilman	Iroquois
634	Buckley	Buckley	Iroquois
725	Rankin	Rankin	Vermilion

Glen Robinson, Rantoul

FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
351	Tarbolton	Fairbury	Livingston
539	Chatsworth	Chatsworth	Livingston
608	Piper	Piper City	Ford
614	Forrest	Forrest	Livingston
631	Norton	Caberry	Ford
733	Gibson	Gibson City	Ford
738	Saunemin	Saunemin	Livingston
761	Sibley	Sibley	Ford
811	Melvin	Melvin	Ford

Amos Ball, Gibson City

FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
15	Peoria	Peoria	Peoria
46	Temple	Peoria	Peoria
98	Taylor	Washington	Tazewell
222	George Washington	Chillicothe	Peoria
246	El Paso	El Paso	Woodford
263	Illinois	Peoria	Peoria
306	William C. Hobbs	Eureka	Woodford
421	Washburn	Washburn	Woodford
748	Alta	Alta	Peoria
930	Joseph Robbins	Peoria	Peoria

Charles H. Ireland, Washburn

FIFTIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
192	Farmington	Farmington	Fulton
350	Fairview	Fairview	Fulton
363	Horeb	Elmwood	Peoria
448	Yates City	Yates City	Knox
530	Maquon	Maquon	Knox
534	Cuba	Cuba	Fulton
734	Morning Star	Canton	Fulton
848	London	London Mills	Fulton

James Albright Coleman, Canton

FIFTY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
195	La Harpe	La Harpe	Hancock
233	Blandinsville	Blandinsville	McDonough
248	Golden Gate	Prairie City	McDonough
253	Avon Harmony	Avon	Fulton
307	T. J. Pickett	Bushnell	McDonough
519	Roseville	Roseville	Warren
617	Good Hope	Good Hope	McDonough
683	Burnside	Burnside	Hancock

H. E. Lance, Roseville

FIFTY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
1	Bodley	Quincy	Adams
39	Herman	Quincy	Adams
114	Marcelline	Marcelline	Adams
135	Lima	Lima	Adams
227	Columbus	Columbus	Adams
296	Quincy	Quincy	Adams
297	Benjamin	Camp Point	Adams
380	Liberty	Liberty	Adams
449	Mendon	Mendon	Adams
659	Lambert	Quincy	Adams
893	Loraine	Loraine	Adams

Julius L. Klemme, Quincy

FIFTY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
20	Hancock	Carthage	Hancock
238	Black Hawk	Hamilton	Hancock
257	Warsaw	Warsaw	Hancock
267	La Prairie	Golden	Adams
295	Dills	West Point	Hancock
464	Denver	Denver	Hancock
486	Bowen	Bowen	Hancock
618	Basco	Basco	Hancock
715	Elvaston	Elvaston	Hancock
1021	Nauvoo	Nauvoo	Hancock

E. L. Charpentier, West Point

FIFTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
17	Macomb	Macomb	McDonough
286	Plymouth	Plymouth	Hancock
318	J. L. Anderson	Augusta	Hancock
327	Industry	Industry	McDonough
465	Huntsville	Huntsville	Schuyler
496	Colchester	Colchester	McDonough
572	Bardolph	Bardolph	McDonough
648	Camden	Camden	Schuyler
766	Littleton	Littleton	Schuyler
935	La Moine	Brooklyn	Schuyler

Peter Odenweller, Macomb

FIFTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
9	Rushville	Rushville	Schuyler
23	Cass	Beardstown	Cass
88	Havana	Havana	Mason
100	Astoria	Astoria	Fulton
104	Lewistown	Lewistown	Fulton
116	Vermont	Vermont	Fulton
213	Ipava	Ipava	Fulton
939	Table Grove	Table Grove	Fulton

Grier Hanson, Lewistown

FIFTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
29	Pekin	Pekin	Tazewell
106	Lancaster	Glasford	Peoria
126	Empire	Pekin	Tazewell
132	Mackinaw	Mackinaw	Tazewell
352	Groveland	Morton	Tazewell
462	Tremont	Tremont	Tazewell
476	Manito	Manito	Mason

F. W. Soady, 9 N. 4th St., Pekin

FIFTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
43	Bloomington	Bloomington	McLean
292	Chenoa	Chenoa	McLean
468	Cheneys Grove	Saybrook	McLean
482	Lexington	Lexington	McLean
512	Wade Barney	Bloomington	McLean
542	Towanda	Towanda	McLean
673	Normal	Normal	McLean
737	Arrowsmith	Arrowsmith	McLean
742	Danvers	Danvers	McLean
799	Colfax	Colfax	McLean
1017	Arts and Crafts	Bloomington	McLean

W. H. Welch, Lexington

FIFTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
220	Mahomet	Mahomet	Champaign
221	Le Roy	Le Roy	McLean
261	Amon	Dewitt	DeWitt
710	Farmer City	Farmer City	DeWitt
746	Weldon	Weldon	DeWitt
773	Mansfield	Mansfield	Piatt
801	Sangamon	Fisher	Champaign
812	De Land	De Land	Piatt
911	Bellflower	Bellflower	McLean

S. S. Middleton, LeRoy

FIFTY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
38	Olive Branch	Danville	Vermilion
154	Russell	Georgetown	Vermilion
265	Vermilion	Indianola	Vermilion
285	Catlin	Catlin	Vermilion
590	Fairmount	Fairmount	Vermilion
632	Ridge Farm	Ridge Farm	Vermilion
714	Collison	Collison	Vermillion
798	Sidell	Sidell	Vermilion
872	Free Will	Oakwood	Vermilion
980	Anchor	Danville	Vermilion

G. Haven Stephens, 437 N. Hazel St., Danville

SIXTIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
157	Urbana	Urbana	Champaign
199	Homer	Homer	Champaign
240	Western Star	Champaign	Champaign
347	Sidney	Sidney	Champaign
391	Tolono	Tolono	Champaign
537	J. R. Gorin	Sadorous	Champaign
747	Centennial	Philo	Champaign
754	Ogden	Ogden	Champaign
970	St. Joseph	St. Joseph	Champaign

Boyd S. Blaine, 305 N. McKinley Ave., Champaign

SIXTY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
8	Macon	Decatur	Macon
58	Fraternal	Monticella	Piatt
180	Mowequa	Moweaqua	Shelby
312	Ionic	Decatur	Macon
365	Bement	Bement	Piatt
467	South Macon	Macon	Macon
600	Cerro Gordo	Cerro Gordo	Piatt
871	Argenta	Argenta	Macon
965	Cisco	Cisco	Piatt
979	Stephen Decatur	Decatur	Macon

George A. Stadler, Decatur

SIXTY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
84	De Witt	Clinton	DeWitt
251	Heyworth	Heyworth	McLean
431	Summit	Harristown	Macon
454	Maroa	Maroa	Macon
521	Illiopolis	Illiopolis	Sangamon
820	Henderson	Kenney	DeWitt
853	Latham	Latham	Logan
959	Warrensburg	Warrensburg	Macon

Wm. R. Schroeder, Warrensburg

SIXTY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
87	Mt. Pulaski	Mt. Pulaski	Logan
165	Atlanta	Atlanta	Logan
172	Wayne	Waynesville	DeWitt
203	Lavely	Williamsville	Sangamon
210	Logan	Lincoln	Logan
469	McLean	McLean	McLean
582	Shirley	Shirley	McLean
808	Cornland	Cornland	Logan
903	Elkhart	Elkhart	Logan

B. I. Pumpelly, Atlanta

SIXTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
19	Clinton	Petersburg	Menard
156	Delavan	Delavan	Tazewell
403	Mason City	Mason City	Mason
622	Hopedale	Hopedale	Tazewell
641	Comet	Minier	Tazewell
645	San Jose	San Jose	Mason
653	Greenview	Greenview	Menard
741	New Holland	New Holland	Logan
929	Ashland	Ashland	Cass

Harry M. Wood, Delavan

SIXTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
4	Springfield	Springfield	Sangamon
71	Central	Springfield	Sangamon
333	Tyrian	Springfield	Sangamon
500	St. Paul	Springfield	Sangamon
556	Dawson	Dawson	Sangamon
635	Rochester	Rochester	Sangamon
700	Pleasant Plains	Pleasant Plains	Sangamon
762	VanMeter	Athens	Menard
786	Riverton Union	Riverton	Sangamon
904	Carlock	Mechanicsburg	Sangamon
945	Buffalo	Buffalo	Sangamon

Hal C. McLoud, 913 S. 8th St., Springfield

SIXTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
3	Harmony	Jacksonville	Morgan
105	Winchester	Winchester	Scott
346	N. D. Morse	Concord	Morgan
382	Gill	Lynnville	Morgan
432	Murrayville	Murrayville	Morgan
544	Virginia	Virginia	Cass
570	Jacksonville	Jacksonville	Morgan
724	Chandlerville	Chandlerville	Cass
1011	Woodson	Woodson	Morgan

A. C. Metcalf, 425 E. State St., Jacksonville

SIXTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
44	Hardin	Mt. Sterling	Brown
52	Benevolent	Meredosia	Morgan
108	Versailles	Versailles	Brown
147	Clayton	Clayton	Adams
373	Chambersburg	Chambersburg	Pike
424	Exeter	Exeter	Scott
430	Kendrick	Timewell	Brown
846	Bluffs	Bluffs	Scott

E. E. McCoy, Mt. Sterling

SIXTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No	Name.	Location.	County.
34	Barry	Barry	Pike
45	Griggsville	Griggsville	Pike
95	Perry	Perry	Pike
218	New Salem	New Salem	Pike
266	Kingston	Fairweather	Adams
353	Kinderhook	Kinderhook	Pike
379	Payson	Payson	Adams
529	Adams	Plainville	Adams
910	Hull	Hull	Pike
1000	Baylis	Baylis	Pike

Everett Lawrence, Hull

SIXTY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
275	Milton	Milton	Pike
388	El Dara	El Dara	Pike
453	New Hartford	New Hartford	Pike
565	Pleasant Hill	Pleasant Hill	Pike
569	Time	Time	Pike
790	Pittsfield	Pittsfield	Pike
806	Nebo	Nebo	Pike
821	New Canton	New Canton	Pike
830	Rockport	Rockport	Pike
940	Pleasant View	Pearl	Pike

Coston Clemmons, Milton

SEVENTIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
80	White Hall	White Hall	Greene
118	Waverly	Waverly	Morgan
229	Manchester	Manchester	Scott
426	Scottville	Scottville	Macoupin
463	Palmyra	Palmyra	Macoupin
616	Wadley	Franklin	Morgan
796	E. M. Husted	Roodhouse	Greene
874	Nifong	Modesto	Macoupin

A. E. Ellis, Whitehall

SEVENTY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
76	Mt. Nebo	Carlinville	Macoupin
161	Virden	Virden	Macoupin
171	Girard	Girard	Macoupin
354	Ark and Anchor	Auburn	Sangamon
450	Loami	Loami	Sangamon
523	Chatham	Chatham	Sangamon
675	Pawnee	Pawnee	Sangamon

Charles W. Kessler, Pawnee

SEVENTY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
122	Mound	Taylorville	Christian
236	Chartered Oak	Litchfield	Montgomery
340	Kedron	Mount Auburn	Christian
517	Litchfield	Litchfield	Montgomery
585	Fisher	Grove City	Christian
647	Blueville	Edinburg	Christian
681	Morrisonville	Morrisonville	Christian
682	Blue Mound	Blue Mound	Macon
692	Raymond	Raymond	Montgomery

A. A. Bauer, Blue Mound

SEVENTY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
148	Bloomfield	Chrisman	Edgar
332	Tuscola	Tuscola	Douglas
369	Newman	Newman	Douglas
440	Camargo	Camargo	Douglas
651	Atwood	Atwood	Piatt
743	Scottland	Scottland	Edgar
791	Broadlands	Broadlands	Champaign
829	Edgar	Hume	Edgar
885	Villa Grove	Villa Grove	Douglas

M. E. Bigelow, Tuscola

SEVENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
77	Pralrie	Paris	Edgar
219	Oakland	Oakland	Coles
228	Lovington	Lovington	Moultrie
268	Paris	Paris	Edgar
366	Arcola	Arcola	Douglas
408	Stratton	Vermilion	Edgar
825	Arthur	Arthur	Douglas
837	Hindsboro	Hindsboro	Douglas

F. F. Munson, Arcola

SEVENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
35	Charleston	Charleston	Coles
260	Mattoon	Mattoon	Coles
280	Kansas	Kansas	Edgar
322	Windsor	Windsor	Shelby
390	Ashmore	Ashmore	Coles
595	Miles Hart	Gays	Moultrie
764	Sullivan	Sullivan	Moultrie
884	Bethany	Bethany	Moultrie

S. A. Wright, Ashmore

SEVENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
53	Jackson	Shelbyville	Shelby
226	Pana	Pana	Christian
392	Oconee	Oconee	Shelby
451	Bromwell	Assumption	Christian
493	Tower Hill	Tower Hill	Shelby
623	Locust	Owaneco	Christian
706	Joppa	Cowden	Shelby
831	Findlay	Findlay	Shelby

E. J. Scarborough, Shelbyville

SEVENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
129	Greenfield	Greenfield	Greene
151	Bunker Hill	Bunker Hill	Macoupin
152	Fidelity	Medora	Macoupin
212	Shipman	Shipman	Macoupin
214	Gillispie	Gillespie	Macoupin
249	Hibbard	Brighton	Macoupin
445	Chesterfield	Chesterfield	Macoupin
461	Plainview	Plainview	Macoupin

Frank E. Bauer, Bunker Hill

SEVENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
50	Carrollton	Carrollton	Greene
197	King Solomon	Kane	Greene
341	Full Moon	Grafton	Jersey
394	Jerseyville	Jerseyville	Jersey
592	Fieldon	Fieldon	Jersey
792	Calhoun	Harden	Calhoun
856	West Gate	Hamburg	Calhoun

Harry S. Daniels, Jerseyville

SEVENTY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
25	Franklin	Alton	Madison
27	Piasa	Alton	Madison
51	Mount Moriah	Hillsboro	Montgomery
99	Edwardsville	Edwardsville	Madison
177	Staunton	Staunton	Macoupin
406	Bethalto	Bethalto	Madison
455	Irving	Irving	Montgomery
456	Nokomis	Nokomis	Montgomery
475	Walshville	Walshville	Montgomery

W. P. Wall, Staunton

EIGHTIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
16	Temperance	Vandalia	Fayette
255	Donnellson	Donnellson	Montgomery
405	Ramsey	Ramsey	Fayette
560	Madison	New Douglas	Madison
613	Patoka	Patoka	Marion
670	Fillmore	Fillmore	Montgomery
809	Gillham	Mulberry Grove	Bond
861	Sorento	Sorento	Bond
906	Coffeen	Coffeen	Montgomery
990	Clover Leaf	Herrick	Shelby

N. C. Gochenour, Vandalia

EIGHTY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
125	Greenup	Greenup	Cumberland
179	Wabash	Etna	Coles
279	Neoga	Neoga	Cumberland
396	Muddy Point	Trilla	Coles
541	Stewardson	Stewardson	Shelby
698	Hutton	Diona	Cumberland
788	Lerna	Lerna	Coles
834	Toledo	Toledo	Cumberland

Frank P. Rhea, Neoga

EIGHTY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
133	Marshall	Marshall	Clark
136	Hutsonville	Hutsonville	Crawford
313	York	York	Clark
442	Casey	Casey	Clark
580	Hazel Dell	Hazel Dell	Cumberland
603	Clark	Martinsville	Clark
620	Newhope	Dennison	Clark
666	Crawford	Eaton	Crawford

Harry C. Leggett, Casey

EIGHTY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
149	Effingham	Effingham	Effingham
533	Altamont	Altamont	Effingham
578	Prairie City	Montrose	Effingham
602	Watson	Watson	Effingham
664	Mayo	Winterrowd	Effingham
665	Beecher City	Beecher City	Effingham
769	St. Elmo	St. Elmo	Fayette
883	Wheeler	Wheeler	Jasper

David L. Wright, Effingham

EIGHTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
245	Greenville	Greenville	Bond
355	Marine	Marine	Madison
473	Gordon	Pocahontas	Bond
504	East St. Louis	East St. Louis	St. Clair
583	Highland	Highland	Madison
588	Troy	Troy	Madison
712	Collinsville	Collinsville	Madison
835	Triple	Granite City	Madison
852	Gothic	East St. Louis	St. Clair
877	Granite City	Granite City	Madison

E. S. McIntire, 510 Veronica Ave., East St. Louis

EIGHTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
24	St. Clair	Belleville	St. Clair
55	Washington	Nashville	Washington
79	Scott	Carlye	Clinton
109	Trenton	Trenton	Clinton
110	Lebanon	Lebanon	St. Clair
342	Summerfield	Summerfield	St. Clair
361	Douglas	Mascoutah	St. Clair
418	Freeburg	Freeburg	St. Clair
576	O'Fallon	O Fallon	St. Clair

Charles W. Dean, Carlyle

EIGHTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
130	Marion	Salem	Marion
153	Clay	Ashley	Washington
201	Centralia	Centralia	Marion
503	Odin	Odin	Marion
510	J. D. Moody	Iuka	Marion
721	Rome	Dix	Jefferson
932	Sandoval	Sandoval	Marion
948	R. F. Casey	Kell	Marion

David B. Robertson, Centralia

EIGHTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
196	Louisville	Louisville	Clay
217	Mason	Mason	Effingham
398	Kimundy	Kinmundy	Marion
484	Edgewood	Edgewood	Effingham
485	Xenia	Xenia	Clay
601	Farina	Farina	Fayette
691	Iola	Iola	Clay

Samuel B. Gwin, Farina

EIGHTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
216	Newton	Newton	Jasper
250	Robinson	Robinson	Crawford
348	Flat Rock	Flat Rock	Crawford
447	S. D. Monroe	Birds	Lawrence
489	Cooper	Willow Hill	Jasper
644	Oblong City	Oblong	Crawford
756	Hardinville	Hardinville	Crawford
849	Palestine	Palestine	Crawford

F. I. Mills, Robinson

EIGHTY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
14	Warren	Shawneetown	Gallatin
230	New Haven	New Haven	Gallatin
272	Carmi	Carmi	White
668	Burnt Prairie	Burnt Prairie	White
677	Enfield	Enfield	White
718	May	Norris City	White
723	Omaha	Omaha	Gallatin
816	Ridgway	Ridgway	Gallatin
920	Cottonwood	Cottonwood	Gallatin

Wm. E. Day, Carmi

NINETIETH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
164	Edward Dobbins	Lawrenceville	Lawrence
200	Sheba	Grayville	White
239	Mount Carmel	Mount Carmel	Wabash
334	Sumner	Sumner	Lawrence
356	Hermitage	Albion	Edwards
386	Bridgeport	Bridgeport	Lawrence
509	Parkersburg	Parkersburg	Richland
752	Allendale	Allendale	Wabash
866	West Salem	West Salem	Edwards
912	Stellar	St. Francisville	Lawrence

Charles F. Stoll, Lawrenceville

NINETY-FIRST DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
31	Mt. Vernon	Mt. Vernon	Jefferson
137	Polk	McLeansboro	Hamilton
368	Jefferson	Opdyke	Jefferson
630	Tuscan	Walpole	Hamilton
696	Belle Rive	Belle Rive	Jefferson
759	Orel	Wayne City	Wayne
963	Broughton	Broughton	Hamilton
967	Dahlgren	Dahlgren	Hamilton

Wainwright Davis, Mt. Vernon

NINETY-SECOND DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
72	Chester	Chester	Randolph
86	Kaskaskia	Evansville	Randolph
162	Hope	Sparta	Randolph
497	Alma	Steeleville	Randolph
427	Red Bud	Red Bud	Randolph
474	Columbia	Columbia	Monroe
787	Morris	Waterloo	Monroe
881	Marissa	Marissa	St. Clair

Samuel E. Grigg, Jr., Sparta

NINETY-THIRD DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
85	Mitchell	Pinckneyville	Perry
207	Tamaroa	Tamaroa	Perry
234	Du Quoin	Duquoin	Perry
287	De Soto	De Soto	Jackson
695	Shiloh Hill	Campbell Hill	Jackson
744	Goode	Valier	Franklin
833	Dean	Ava	Jackson
1004	Hurst	Hurst	Williamson

W. H. Thomas, Jr., Benton

NINETY-FOURTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
140	Olney	Olney	Richland
204	Flora	Flora	Clay
206	Fairfield	Fairfield	Wayne
331	Mount Erie	Mt. Erie	Wayne
362	Noble	Noble	Richland
460	Jeffersonville	Jeffersonville	Wayne
488	Clay City	Clay City	Clay
713	Johnsonville	Johnsonville	Wayne
925	Molenna	Goldengate	Wayne

Chas. E. Hemphill, Flora

NINETY-FIFTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
64	Benton	Benton	Franklin
487	Andrew Jackson	Corinth	Williamson
567	Frankfort	West Frankfort	Franklin
693	Herrin's Prairie	Herrin	Williamson
705	Ewing	Ewing	Franklin
729	Lake Creek	Johnston City	Williamson
749	Akin	Thompsonville	Franklin
802	Williamson	Carterville	Williamson
807	Royal	Macedonia	Franklin
918	Sesser	Sesser	Franklin
1016	Christopher	Christopher	Franklin

Chas. V. Clark, Ewing

NINETY-SIXTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
131	Golconda	Golconda	Pope
336	New Columbia	Ganntown	Johnson
419	Reynoldsburg	Tunnel Hill	Johnson
495	Stone Fort	Stone Fort	Saline
672	Eddyville	Eddyville	Pope
701	Temple Hill	Temple Hill	Pope
772	New Burnside	New Burnside	Johnson
778	Gurney	Grantsburg	Johnson
817	Creal Springs	Creal Springs	Williamson

F. D. Thomas, Golconda

NINETY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
2	Equality	Equality	Gallatin
128	Raleigh	Raleigh	Saline
276	Elizabeth	Elizabethtown	Hardin
325	Harrisburg	Harrisburg	Saline
444	Cave-in-Rock	Cave-in-Rock	Hardin
458	Blazing Star	Carriers Mills	Saline
684	Galatia	Galatia	Saline
730	Eldorado	Eldorado	Saline
794	Tadmor	Karbers Ridge	Hardin

W. T. Cable, Harrisburg

NINETY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
89	Fellowship	Marion	Williamson
91	Metropolis	Metropolis	Massac
232	Farmers	Brookport	Massac
339	Saline	Goreville	Johnson
719	Chapel Hill	Wolf Creek	Willlamson
771	Bay City	Halmetsburg	Pope

Roy Helm, Metropolis

NINETY-NINTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
111	Jonesboro	Jonesboro	Union
241	Shekinah	Carbondale	Jackson
434	Makanda	Makanda	Jackson
466	Cobden	Cobden	Union
498	Murphysboro	Murphysboro	Jackson
520	Anna	Anna	Union
627	Union	Lick Creek	Union
657	La Fayette	Grand Tower	Jackson
840	Alto Pass	Alto Pass	Union

John Armstrong, Carbondale

ONE HUNDREDTH DISTRICT

No.	Name.	Location.	County.
47	Caledonia	Pulaski	Pulaski
150	Vienna	Vienna	Johnson
237	Cairo	Cairo	Alexander
562	Trinity	Mound City	Pulaski
581	Dongola	Dongola	Union
660	Grand Chain	Grand Chain	Pulaski
822	Belknap	Belknap	Johnson
953	Stone Arch	Cypress	Johnson

W. F. Gibson, Cairo

R.W. GRAND LECTURERS.

FOR THE YEAR 1917-1918

NAME.	ADDRESS.
GRAND EXAMINERS	
R. C. Davenport, Chairman	Harrisburg 309 E. Walnut St.
David D. King	Chicago 3002 Lake Park Ave.
George E. Carlson, Sec'y	Moline Odd Fellows' Bldg.
Wm. Hadsell Zarley	Joliet 620 Fifth Ave.
Bernardus L. Ten Eyck	Fairview
PAST GRAND EXAMINERS	
C. F. Tenney	Bement
H. T. Burnap	Alton
H. A. Snell	Litchfield
Isaac Cutter	Camp Point
M. B. Iott	Chicago 511 Gas Bldg.
S. S. Borden	Chicago 5168 Michigan Ave.
C. H. Martin	Bridgeport
Chas. S. DeHart	Carthage
Emmerson Clark	Farmington
A. H. Scrogin	Lexington
L. C. Johnson	Galva
J. M. Hannum	Utica
J. E. Jeffers	Arcola
D. G. Fitzgerrell	Normal
E. E. Beach	Chicago 111 W. Washington St.
A. E. Wood	Gibson City
Emmett Howard	Quincy
W. P. Jones	Champaign
Anthony A. Doherty	Clay City
Maxwell Levy	Chicago 845 Rees St.
Henry S. Wiley	Buffalo
Spruell C. D. Rea	Benton
Albert Jampolis	Chicago 3738 Rokeby St.
GRAND LECTURERS	
C. E. Allen	Galesburg 714 Mulberry St.
H. S. Albin	Chicago 514 S. Francisco Ave.
D. E. Bruffett	Urbana
J. M. Willard	Decatur
J. E. Wheat	DeKalb
S. M. Schoemann	McLeansboro
C. N. Hambleton	Jeffersonville
A. O. Novander	Chicago 11138 Armida Ave.
J. B. Roach	Beardstown
Chas. P. Ross	Jacksonville
Archibald Birse	Chicago 1008 Schiller Bldg.
Ralph H. Wheeler	Chicago 108 N. State St.
H. W. Harvey	Chicago 7211 University Ave.
I. A. Foster	New Haven
W. A. Dixon	Sullivan
Albert Roullier	Chicago 410 S. Michigan Ave.
N. M. Mesnard	Decatur
J. C. Weis	City Hall, Peoria
H. E. VanLoon	Chicago 4851 W. Monroe St.
C. J. Wightman	Grayslake
W. H. Bied	Chicago 6048 Langley Ave.
D. W. Starr	Raymond
Nimrod Mace	Bloomington
N. B. Carson	Bloomington
David Richards	Chicago Lawn 3548 W. 65th St.
L. J. Frahm	Chicago 521 Bryant Ave.
Andrew McNally	Chicago 712 E. Roscoe St.
W. H. Rupe	Rochelle
W. W. Roberts	North Crystal Lake
M. T. Booth	Atkinson
C. L. Montgomery	Blue Mound
L. E. Rockwood	Gibson City
W. A. Hoover	Gibson City
L. B. Dyer	Chicago 1917 N. Lawndale Ave.
G. N. Todd	Mattoon 1311 Wabash Ave.

R. W. GRAND LECTURERS—*Continued*

NAME.	ADDRESS.
W. G. Houghton	Chicago P. O. Box 517
F. O. Lorton	Auburn
Wm. Elmer Edwards	Chicago 5223 Race Ave.
Z. S. Saylor	Oakwood
W. D. Price	Chicago Harvester Bldg.
H. A. Dever	Chicago 6925 N. Ashland Blvd.
W. E. Marble	Chicago 2451 Orchard St.
Harry H. Milnor	Chicago 516 N. Laramie Ave.
H. M. Robinson	Chicago 429 E. 48th St.
C. H. Thompson	Mt. Vernon
Amos Ball	Gibson City
Otto Brail	Chicago 237 S. Market St.
J. F. Boyle	Chicago 8052 S. Throop St.
A. B. Collom	Marissa
J. E. Glathart	Olney
B. S. Blaine	Champaign 305 N. McKinley Ave.
W. N. Ewing	McLean
T. B. Strauss	Gibson City
B. I. Pumpelly	Atlanta
George Edwards	Chicago 5750 W. Ohio St.
F. H. Bradley	Princeton R. F. D.
L. A. Brinkman	Chicago 1311 W. Adams St.
G. W. Flood	Rock Island 4221 6th Ave.
J. I. Brydon	Martinsville
Benjamin Bing	Urbana
J. M. Foreman	Palestine
I. J. McDowell	Chicago 5245 W. Van Buren St.
W. E. Speckman	Metropolis
H. D. Jackson	Chicago 4729 N. Albany Ave.
D. S. Davidson	Chicago 7309 S. Racine Ave.
A. A. Bauer	Blue Mound
J. N. Fairchild	Danville 10 Chester Ave.

NAME.	ADDRESS.
C. A. Luse	Chicago 5928 S. Michigan Ave.
William Scales	Ottawa
C. L. Tanner	Saunemin
James Porter	Martinsville
T. S. Browning	Benton
T. C. Hambleton	Jeffersonville
C. W. Kessler	Pawnee
H. A. Flock	Springfield 2301 S. 10th St.
E. R. Turnbull	Carlinville
R. C. Clark	Chicago 608 Harris Trust Bldg.
C. O. Faught	Altamont
Chas. Crowell	Chicago 4731 Prairie Ave.
Addison Hickox	Chicago 1515 W. Monroe St.
D. S. Mellinger	Chicago 6729 Langley Ave.
H. W. Modlin	Chicago Room 507 Security Bldg.
R. C. Peck	Decatur 457 Jackson St.
A. J. Winteringham	Dundee
C. J. Shaw	Galesburg
S. B. Harvey	Oak Park 247 Home Ave.
T. W. Nixon	Saybrook
N. O. Johnson	Chicago 5252 N. Ashland Ave.
William Tinsley	Chicago 618 Wrightwood Ave.
A. O. Poff	Gibson City
R. C. Cantelou	Chicago 700 Old Colony Bldg.
B. T. Harley	Elwood
S. D. Hinman	Maywood
Edgar Zimmerman	Chicago 62 W. Ohio St.
Wainwright Davis	Mt. Vernon
S. S. Middleton	LeRoy
Henry Friedman	Chicago Federal Bldg.
A. F. Gooch	Bellflower

R. W. GRAND LECTURERS—*Continued*

NAME.	ADDRESS.
C. G. Taylor	Rock Island 1307 12th St.
G. Haven Stephens	Danville 437 N. Hazel St.
Henry P. Blose	Danville 110 N. Vermilion St.
H. E. DeLavergne	Kankakee
J. A. Provoost	Pecatonica
Chas. Watson	Chicago 7726 Marquette Ave.
John B. Bruce	Chicago 757 Brompton Ave.
Harry C. Reser	Peotone
Aaron C. Koethe	Chicago 3313 W. North Ave.
William A. Ward	Sheldon
Wm. W. M. Bending	Chicago 9714 Ewing Ave.
Simon F. Odell	Chicago 3634 So. Robey St.
Charles J. Weiskopf	Chicago 4855 Winthrop Ave.
J. Herbert Thorne	Chicago 4448 Dover St.
Edw. C. Mullen	Oak Park The Elmwood
Marshal N. Shaw	Decatur 1505 W. Decatur St.
Adelbert M. Bassford	Chicago 11032 Esmond St.
Andrew T. Peters	New Holland
Walter E. Felt	Chicago 4702 W. Congress St.
A. G. Trees	Springfield 6 Gaiety Theatre Bldg.
J. O. Holland	Springfield 2306 So. 10th St.
Fred Naumer	Altamont
E. K. Bennington	Chicago 768 Oakwood Blvd.
James Cropper	Chicago Heights 315 W. 14th Pl.
Fred Schram	Chicago 552 E. 51st St.
N. L. Brown	Altamont
John Mutter	Chicago 331 West 63rd St.
Wm. Fredrick Ulrich	Chicago 619 Fullerton Parkway.
Roy Emmett Nelson	Palestine
Elof Peterson	Chicago 716 Republic Bldg.
W. A. Blessing	Aurora 575 Main St.
Marshal Ozment	Johnston City
Gordon Pillow	Johnston City
James Thomas Athey	Robinson
Martin Riley Jones	Villa Grove
William Reed Barnhart	Cisco
Joshua R. H. Potts	Chicago 2729 Pine Grove Ave.
Frank J. Vernon	Springfield 640 W. Monroe St.
Wm. Maurice Levins	Toledo
Emory Edwards	Riverton
Anthony Joseph Bernosky	Chicago 1839 W. 34th St.
Wm. Grant Spurgin	Urbana
Fred Irving Mills	Robinson
James Wm. Montgomery	Decatur 330 E. Leafland Ave.
Robt. Franklin Davidson	Decatur 1155 W. Cerro Gordo St.
Julius Louis Klemme	Quincy 646 Jefferson St.
Walter Edward Long	Decatur 1408 N. Monroe St.
Henry Clyde Johnson	Quincy 337 Wells Bldg.
Leonard Arthur Tripp	Assumption
John Dixon Charters	Ashton Lincoln Highway
George Zoller	Quincy 646 State St.
Elmer Edward Stadler	Carlinville 237 Broad St.
Fredrick Maurice Carr	Dundee
John L. Whiteside	Marshall
Emil H. Kopp	Chicago 4046 N. Paulina St.
Leslie W. Beebe	Oak Park 125 S. Oak Park Ave.
James F. Barsaloux	Chicago 3257 Washington Blvd.
George M. McKittrick	Madison, Wis. 223 Clifford Court.

R. W. GRAND LECTURERS—*Continued*

NAME.	ADDRESS.
F. V. Partridge	Springfield 209 East North Grand Ave.
E. R. Welch	Springfield 606 S. Douglas.
Harry L. Kelly	Elmwood
Paul Garfield Duncan	Quincy 1122 Maine St.
Jacob Schwartz	Chicago 557 E. 50th St.
Everett L. Lawrence	Hull
R. V. McKee	Washburn
Edmund Griffith George	Springfield 1405 S. 5th St.
Albert L. Pickel	Springfield 1613 S. 5th St.
Lauren W. Coe, Jr.	Springfield 524 S. State.
Hal Carter McLoud	Springfield 913 S. 8th St.
Wm. Cullen Bryant	Aurora 373 Marion Ave.
Ralph Reed Shay	Aurora 15 S. Lincoln Ave.
John Henry Grimm	Galena 810 Park Ave.
Fred J. Jerden	Granite City 2315 D. St.
Frank Lester Shaw	Galesburg 71 N. West St.
Benjamin C. Nead	Galesburg 664 N. Cedar St.
Edwin R. Hensley	Kinmundy
Charles W. McCray	Mendota 210 S. 11th Ave.
Wm. Collins Bradley	Quincy 703 N. 12th St.
Charles H. Woods	Lincoln
Hiram John Rutherford	Oakland
Charles Frederick Eichenauer	Quincy 720½ State St.
Ben L. Berve	Rochelle 411 Lincoln Highway.
Julius Gates Strawn	Jacksonville 1200 W. College Ave.
Albert Caldwell Metcalf	Jacksonville 425 E. State St.
Benjamin Wm. Scholton	Chicago 3212 Altgeld St.
Leopold Swartz	Chicago 1948 Humbolt Blvd.
Benjamin Seymour Bingham	Chicago 6124 Woodlawn Ave.
Wells Wallace LaMoure	Chicago Gladstone Hotel
Wm. Harrison Paterson	Chicago 3614 W. North Ave.
Theodore Irving Christopher	La Grange 117 Harris Ave.
Oscar Levi Carson	Chicago 6841 LaFayette Ave.
Leopold Apple	Chicago 5233 Indiana Ave.
Chas. Howard Keppel	Chicago 6632 Kimbark Ave.
Wm. Thomas Mummery	Chicago 1850 Kenilworth Ave.
Willis McFeely	Oak Park 721 N. Grove Ave.
Isaac Jerome Grass	Chicago 325 E. 47th St.
Edwin Fred Works	St. Charles 94 Prairie St.
Wm. Butler Cochrane	Chicago 7751 S. Peoria St.
Wm. Henry Randall	Minooka R. F. D.
Melville Henry Leighton	Chicago 4601 Beacon St.
Oliver Elijah Carpenter	Chicago 1237 Foster Ave.
Levi C. Cramer	Chicago 2625 N. Richmond St.
Frank Wheat	Chicago 835 N. Long Ave.
James Darragh	Chicago 11319 Watt Ave.
Emanuel Weil	Chicago 5833 Calumet Ave.
Ernest Lees Eckersall	Chicago 7245 Champlain Ave.
Chas. C. Sawyer	Altona
H. L. Weaver	Galesburg 288 W. Main St.
Bernard Remmer	Chicago 5158 Union Ave.

R. W. GRAND LECTURERS—*Continued*

NAME.	ADDRESS.
Thomas Edward Jones	Chicago 1514 W. 71st Pl.
Albert Thorwald Thompson	Chicago 308 S. Sacramento Blvd.
Joseph Albert Briegel	Chicago 6227 Dorchester Ave.
R. W. E. Mitchell	Sterling
Melancthon Luther Downey	Decatur 261 Spring St.
William H. Pundt	Danville 140 N. Walnut St.
Oscar Jacob Chapman	Danville 1226 Walnut St.
Edw. W. Aplin	Chicago 333 S. Clark St.
Paul August Pabst	Chicago 5415 Giddings St.
George E. Moore	Chicago 3809 W. Adams St.
Robert Harris Cutler	St. Charles
Thomas Kelso	Christopher
James Oliver Anderson	Belvidere
Albert C. McFarland	Chicago 1131 E. 62nd St.
Herman A. Rimpler	Chicago 7027 Eberhart Ave.
Emil P. Wenger	Chicago 3850 Arers Ave.
David Martin	Chicago 7247 LaFayette Ave.
Nathaniel Schooler	Chicago 1037 N. Robey St.
Fredrick D. Ehlert	Chicago 3142 Wilson Ave.
Henry Feick	Chicago 2603 S. Halsted St.
Evan P. Jones	Chicago 4830 St. Lawrence Ave.
Ernest E. Stamp	Chicago 7244 Carpenter St.
Chas. E. Olmsted	Lanark
Cyrus W. Rutherford	Newman Lock Box 7
Charles H. Mangold	Moline 1418 Fifth Ave.
Fred E. Edgerton	Kirkwood
W. H. Thomas, Jr.	Benton
Simon P. Odenweller	Macomb 323 E. Jefferson St.

NAME.	ADDRESS.
Benj. A. Cottlow	Oregon
Karl A. Finley	Harvey 15521 Loomis Ave.
Geo. L. Beal	Verona
Chas. C. Fenn	Verona
James A. Shepherd, Jr.	Paris
Delbert I. Duck	Paris
Alexander B. Hay	Joliet 805 Third Ave.
George N. Lamb	St. Charles
Carroll W. Norris	St. Charles
Judge Layton Dawson	Scotland
Glenn Robinson	Rantoul
Leslie W. Morton	Canton
Wm. T. Cable	Harrisburg
Charles Maddox	Riverton
Howard H. Grubb	Riverton
James Welch	Hillsboro
Clarence H. Lefler	Peoria 911 Columbia Terrace
John P. Sweitzer	Collinsville
Robert E. Hale	Centralia
Otto Shatzkis	Chicago 3006 Armitage Ave.
Andrew J. Zimmerman	Peoria
James S. M. Wylie	Chicago 6643 Wentworth Ave.
Earl G. Beard	Chicago 2038 Iowa St.
Lyman N. Thurston	Chicago 6160 Michigan Ave.
Gustav H. Schultz	Danville 115 E. Main St.
Arthur F. Johnson	Danville 840 Commercial St.
Benjamin J. Metzger	Joliet 821 Oneida St.
Jacob Hirsch	Chicago 1908 Montrose Ave.
Gustav Kohn	Chicago 4718 St. Lawrence Ave.
Carl J. Salomon	Chicago 189 W. Madison St.
Ed. Bunn Funk	Piper City
George S. Palmer	Chicago
George A. Stover	Oak Park 710 S. Elmwood Ave.
Clarence Wm. Dexter	Oak Park 1116 Madison St.

R. W. GRAND LECTURERS—*Continued*

NAME.	ADDRESS.
James A. Zeller	Chicago 11327 Indiana Ave.,
Clyde Schwartz	Quincy 834 Vine St.
Wallace H. Downs	Chicago 6201 Rhodes Ave.
Wm. H. Lundie	Chicago 6312 Eggleston Ave.
Joseph A. Berkman	Chicago 5248 Calumet Ave.
John A. Kester	Chicago 6452 Eberhart Ave.
Wm. G. Jones	Chicago 513 E. 44th St.
Glen F. Coe	Dixon 123 Lincoln Way.
William Robertson	Chicago 7247 Lafayette Ave.
William Jedike	Melrose Park 810 N. 20th Ave.
Carlos K. Eckhart	Chicago 1530 Lake Shore Drive
Montrose G. Taylor	Clinton 203 E. Julia St.
Charles A. Stayart	Chicago 4424 N. Richmond St.
Ralph Darrell Tinkham	Kirkwood, Ill.
Looney McCormick	Dorrisville, Ill.
John Armstrong	Carbondale, Ill.
William Douglas Abney	Marion, Ill.
James Francis Rowley	Chicago 25 W. Madison St.
Grant Sparrow	Chicago 1447 Belleplaine Ave.
George E. Anderson	Harrisburg 610 N. Webster St.
Samuel Douglas Lee	Carbondale 306 N. Renfro St.
Wm. Riley Wright	Murphysboro 2004 Elm St.
James Benjamin Smith	Herrin
Edwin B. Dangerfield	Herrin 121 S. 12th St.
Guy Lawrence	Carrier Mills
Virgial Puckett	Carrier Mills
Arthur H. Davidson	Springfield 111 S. Glenwood Ave.
Robert Duthie	DesPlaines 135 Walnut Ave.
Frank W. Koth	Sterling
Albert F. Smyth	Quincy 222 S. 8th St.

NAME.	ADDRESS.
Charles D. Boyle	Moline Reliance Bldg.
Alfred W. Joerndt	Odell
Frank N. Nicol	Peoria 610 5th Ave.
Frank W. Brown	Odell
Samuel Faucett	Robinson 305 S. King St.
Robert A. Lees	Maywood 808 S. 15th Ave.
Samuel Wolf	Chicago 4756 Magnolia Ave.
Clarence W. Edwards	Chicago 5345 Kimbark Ave.
Fred Michel	Congress Park
John W. Christie	Chicago 3509 W. Monroe St.
Charles Wright	Chicago 875 N. Wells St.
John Cameron	Chicago 6037 Rhodes Ave.
Dimmitt C. Hutchins	Chicago 6738 Bosworth Ave.
Samuel P. L. Reese	Chicago 336 S. Homan Ave.
Samuel F. Manning	Chicago 1067 Ainslie St.
Arthur G. French	Chicago 5861 Magnolia Ave.
Charles Brinkmann	Chicago 1758 N. Washtenaw Ave.
Herbert J. Lowe	Galesburg Y. M. C. A.
Edward J. Hunt	Chicago 722 N. Laramie Ave.
Edward E. Pond	Chicago 3248 W. 63rd Place
Phillips C. Vaughan	Chicago 3618 Greenview Ave.
Albert L. Smerling	Chicago 5329 Michigan Ave.
Sol Rosenblatt	Chicago 5020 Grand Blvd.
John Hay	Glencoe 411 Washington St.
James H. Couden	Chicago 4339 Forestville Ave.
Isaac J. Smit	Chicago 2010 Mallers Bldg.
Dan DeBaugh	Chicago 4634 N. Racine Ave.
Harry J. Lurie	Chicago 4746 Ingleside Ave.

LIST OF GRAND LODGES.

Recognized by the Grand Lodge of Illinois, together with Names and Addresses of Grand Secretaries.

GRAND LODGE.	GRAND SECRETARY.	ADDRESS.
Alabama	Geo. A. Beauchamp	Montgomery.
Alberta	S Y. Taylor	Calgary.
Arizona	George J. Roskruge	Tucson.
Arkansas	Fay Hempstead	Little Rock.
British Columbia	W. A. DeWolf Smith	New Westminster
California	John Whicher	San Francisco
Canada	Wm. McGregor Logan	Hamilton, Ontario
Colorado	Charles H. Jacobson	Denver.
Connecticut	Geo. A. Kies	Hartford.
Cuba	Carlos G. Charles	Havana.
Delaware	Harry J. Guthrie	Wilmington.
District of Columbia	A. W. Johnston	Washington.
England	P. Colville Smith	London, Freemasons Hall.
Florida	W. P. Webster	Jacksonville.
Georgia	Frank F. Baker	Macon.
Holland	H. P van Nieuwenberg.	The Hague, Holland.
Idaho	Geo E. Kn pper	Boise.
Illinois	Isaac Cutter	Camp Point.
Indiana	Calvi W Prather	Indianapolis.
Iowa	Newton R. Parvin	Cedar Rapids.
Ireland	H. E. Flavelle, D. G. Sec.	Dublin.
Kansas	Albert K. Wilson	Topeka.
Kentucky	Dave Jacks n	Louisville.
Louisiana	John A. Davilla	New Orleans.
Maine	Charles B. Davis	Portland.
Manitoba	James A. Ovas	Winnipeg.
Maryland	George Cook	Baltimore.
Massachusetts	Frederick W. Hamilton	Boston.
Michigan	Lou B. Winsor	Grand Rapids.
Minnesota	John Fishel	St. Paul.
Mississippi	Frederic Gordon Speed.	Vicksburg.
Missouri	John R Parson	St. Louis.
Montana	Cornelius Hedges, Jr.	Helena.
Nebraska	Francis E. White	Omaha.
Nevada	E. D. Vanderlieth	Carson City.
New Brunswick	J Twining Hartt	St. John.
New Hampshire	Harry M. Cheney	Concord.
New Jersey	Isaac Cherry	Trenton
New Mexico	Alpheus A. Keen	Albuquerque.
New South Wales	Arthur H. Bray	Sydney.
New York	Edward M. L. Ehlers	New York.
New Zealand	Malcolm Niccol	Auckland.
North Carolina	W. W. Wilson	Raleigh.
North Dakota	Walter L. Stockwell	Fargo.
Nova Scotia	Thomas Mowbray	Halifax.
Ohio	J. H. Bromwell	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma	Wm. M. Anderson	Oklahoma City
Oregon	James F. Robinson	Portland, 388 Yamhill St
Pennsylvania	John A. Perry	Philadelphia.
Porto Rico	Jose G Torres	Box 551, San Juan.
Philippine Islands	Newton C. Comfort	Manila.
Prince Edward Island	W. P. Doull	Charlottetown
Quebec	Will H Whyte	Montreal.
Queensland	Chas. H. Harley	Brisbane.
Rhode Island	S. Penrose Williams	Providence.
Saskatchewan	W. B. Tate	Regina.
Scotland	David Reid	Edinburg.
South Australia	Chas. R. J. Glover	Adelaide.
South Carolina	O. Frank Hart	Columbia.
South Dakota	Chas. L. Brockway	Sioux Falls.
Tasmania	John Hamilton	Hobart.
Tennessee	Stith M. Cain	Nashville.
Texas	W. B. Pearson	Waco.
Utah	Freeman A. McCarty	Salt Lake City.
Vermont	Henry H. Ross	Burlington.
Victoria	Charles James Barrow.	Melbourne.
Virginia	Chas. A. Nesbit	Richmond.
Washington	Horace W. Tyler	Tacoma.
Western Australia	J. D. Stevenson	Perth.
West Virginia	John M. Collins	Charleston
Wisconsin	Wm. W. Perry	Milwaukee.
Wyoming	J. M. Lowndes	Casper.

REPRESENTATIVES.

OF THE M. W. GRAND LODGE OF ILLINOIS NEAR OTHER GRAND LODGES.

GRAND LODGE.	REPRESENTATIVE.	RESIDENCE.
Alberta	Melvin M. Downey	Calgary
Alabama	William W. Daffin	Grove Hill
Arizona	Artemus Loudon Grow	Sawtelle, Calif.
Arkansas	Geo. Thornburgh	Little Rock
British Columbia	W. W. Northcott	Victoria
Canada	A. Shaw	
Colorado	William W. Cooper	Denver
Connecticut	Geo. E. Parsons	Norwich
Cuba		
Delaware	Samuel T. Smith	Laurel
District of Columbia	L. Cabel Williamson	Washington
England		
Florida	James C. Craver	Sutherland
Georgia	Joseph W. Gregg, Jr	Atlanta
Holland		
Idaho	Earl D. Farmin	Sandpoint
Indiana	B. M. Willoughby	Vincennes
Ireland	Dr. Wm. G. Ternan	Dublin
Kansas	Matthew M. Miller	Topeka
Louisiana	Ural W. McMillan	Masonic Club, Masonic Temple, New Orleans
Maine	Frederic O. Eaton	Rumford
Manitoba	Robert Thomas Hewitt	Morden
Maryland	John L. Sanford	Baltimore
Michigan	Arthur M. Hume	Owosso
Minnesota	Alonzo T. Stebbins	Rochester
Mississippi	Paul H. Murphy	Lexington
Missouri	Wm. F. Johnson	Boonville
Montana	O. F. Wasmansdorff	Lewiston
Nebraska	George H. Thummel	Omaha
Nevada	Chas. E. Mack	Reno
New Brunswick	William A. Dougherty	West St. John
New Hampshire	Sewell W. Abbott	Wolfeboro
New Jersey	Richard C. Woodward	Bordentown
New South Wales	Walter Beavis	Sydney
New York	S. Charles Greene	46 Genessee St., Utica
New Zealand	Maurice Joseph Harris	Paerod, Auckland
North Carolina	P. T. Wilson	Winston Salem
North Dakota	E. George Guthrie	Fargo
Nova Scotia	Donald F. Frazer	Sherbrooke
Ohio	J. W. Iredell	Cincinnati
Oklahoma	Fred S. Walker	Claremore
Oregon	William Jasper Kerr	Corvallis
Porto Rico	John D. Gillies	San Juan
Philippine Islands	Amos G. Bellis	Manila
Prince Edward Island		
Quebec	F. W. Hearle	Beebe
Queensland	Abijah Murray	Spencer St., Cairns, N. Queensland
Rhode Island	Frederick I. Dana	Providence
Saskatchewan	I. J. Foster	Yorkton
Scotland		
South Australia	T. S. Poole	Flinders St., Adelaide
South Carolina	J. F. Ficken	Charleston
South Dakota	Fred H. Rugg	Pierre
Tasmania	George L. Andrews	
Tennessee	Jesse T. Spaulding	Nashville
Texas	Ephraim B. Robertson	Austin
Utah	A. S. Chapman	Salt Lake City
Vermont		
Victoria	Frederick T. Hickford	Melbourne
Virginia	W. L. Andrews	Roanoke
Washington	John H. Shaw	Spokane
Western Australia	James M. Macfarlane	Perth
West Virginia		
Wisconsin	C. C. Rogers	Milwaukee

NOTE: All commissions expire Jan. 1, 1920.

REPRESENTATIVES.

OF OTHER GRAND LODGES NEAR THE GRAND LODGE OF ILLINOIS

GRAND LODGE.	REPRESENTATIVE.	RESIDENCE.
Alberta	H. A. Snell	Litchfield
Alabama	Chester E. Allen	Galesburg
Arizona	Monroe C. Crawford	Jonesboro
Arkansas	A. H. Scrogin	Lexington
British Columbia	Jas. McCredie	Aurora
Canada	Sylvester O. Spring	855 Westminister Bldg.,Chicago
Colorado	Albert Roullier	410 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago
Connecticut	R. F. Church	Foot of Rush St., Chicago
Cuba	John W Swatek	6333 Glenwood Ave., Chicago
Delaware	Dan G. Fitzgerrell	Normal
District of Columbia	L. A. Goddard	State Bank of Chicago, Chicago
England	John C. Smith Jr.	227 Clinton Ave., Oak Park
Florida	Chas. H. Parkes	1910 Lincoln Ave., Chicago
Georgia	A. E. Wood	Gibson City
Holland	C. M. Borchers	Decatur
Idaho	R. R. Jampolis	3838 Grand Ave., Chicago
Indiana	W. B. Wright	Effingham.
Ireland	Robert J. Daly	3214 Polk St., Chicago
Kansas	George M. Moulton	Masonic Temple, Chicago
Louisiana	Godfred Langhenry	58 W. Washington St., Chicago
Maine	Amos Pettibone	27 N. Desplaines St., Chicago
Manitoba	Hugh R. Stewart	455 W. 60th St., Chicago
Maryland	M. B. Iott	511 Gas Bldg, Chicago
Michigan	Joseph E. Dyas	Paris
Minnesota	R. H. Wheeler	108 N. State St., Chicago
Mississippi	Franklin S. Catlin	11 S. LaSalle St., Chicago
Missouri	George A. Stadler	Decatur
Montana	E. Edwin Mills	Chicago
Nebraska	A. Jampolis	3738 Rokeby St., Chicago
Nevada	W. J. Hostetler	Decatur
New Brunswick	John C. Weis	Peoria
New Hampshire	Henry E. Hamilton	817 Dearborn Ave., Chicago
New Jersey	Joseph D. Everett	102 So. Market St., Chicago
New South Wales	Chas. S. DeHart	Carthage
New York	Isaac Cutter	Camp Point
New Zealand	James A. Steele	Sullivan
North Carolina	Robert C. Fletcher	LaGrange
North Dakota	Geo. W. Warvelle	Masonic Temple, Chicago
Nova Scotia	Roy K. Wheeler	4701 Jackson Blvd., Chicago
Ohio	S. S. Chance	Salem
Oklahoma	D. D. Darrah	Bloomington
Oregon	Frank E. Locke	125 N. Peoria St., Chicago
Porto Rico	Seymour S. Borden	5168 Michigan Ave., Chicago
Philippine Islands	Samuel M. Frankland	Chicago
Prince Edward Island	E. D. Brothers	39 So. LaSalle St., Chicago
Quebec	John Johnston	233 Lake St., Chicago
Queensland	Edward H. Thomas	2431 S. Lincoln St., Chicago
Rhode Island	Albert B. Wicker	Franklin Grove
Saskatchewan	Wm. O. Butler	LaHarpe
Scotland	Archibald Birse	64 W. Randolph St., Chicago
South Carolina	Elmer E. Beach	111 W. Washington St. Chicago
South Australia	Wm. L. Milligan	Ottawa
South Dakota	Harry N. McFarlane	Chicago
Tasmania	H. W. Harvey	7211 University Ave., Chicago
Tennessee	Alexander H. Bell	Carlinville.
Texas	C. M. Forman	411 International Life Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
Utah	Owen Scott	Decatur.
Vermont	I. H. Todd	Camp Point
Victoria	Jason R. Lewis	431 So. Dearborn St., Chicago
Virginia	Frank W. Burton	Carlinville
Washington	Wm D. Fullerton	Ottawa
Western Australia	H. T. Burnap	300 Freemason's Hall, Alton
West Virginia	John F. Campbell	25 E. Washington St.
Wisconsin	David D. King	3002 Lake Park Ave., Chicago

The following Grand Lodges do not exchange Representatives: California Iowa, Kentucky, Massachusetts, New Mexico, Pennsylvania and Wyoming.

OFFICERS OF THE GRAND LODGE.

ELECTED AT ITS FORMATION ON THE 6th OF APRIL, A.D. 1840, AND IN THE FOLLOWING OCTOBER OF THE SAME YEAR, AND ANNUALLY THEREAFTER TO THE PRESENT TIME.

When elected	GRAND MASTERS.	D. G. MASTERS.	S. G. WARDENS.	J. G. WARDENS.	GRAND TREASURERS.	GRAND SECRETARIES.
1840	*Abraham Jonas	*James Adams	*W. S. Vance	*H. Rogers	*Alexander Dunlap	*Wm. B. Warren
1840	Abraham Jonas	James Adams	*Alexander Dunlap	*Harrison Dills	*Philip Coffman	Wm. B. Warren
1841	Abraham Jonas	*Meredith Helm	Alexander Dunlap	Harrison Dills	Philip Coffman	Wm. B. Warren
1842	*Meredith Helm	*Alexander Dunlap	*Levi Lusk	*Joseph N. Ralston	Philip Coffman	Wm. B. Warren
1843	*Alexander Dunlap	*Levi Lusk	*William Hodge	*Henry Prather	Philip Coffman	Wm. B Warren
1844	*Levi Lusk	*Carding Jackson	*David Allen	*Nelson D. Morse	Philip Coffman	Wm. B. Warren
1845	*Rev. Wm. F. Walker	*Nelson D. Morse	*Edgar R. Bogardus	*John R. Crandall	*James L. Anderson	*Levi Lusk
1846	*Nelson D. Morse	*William Lavely	*John R. Crandall	*Adam Brewer	James L. Anderson	Levi Lusk
1847	*William Lavely	*John R. Crandall	*Joseph C. Ketchum	*Matthias Taylor	*Wm. McMurtry	*William Mitchell
1848	William Lavely	*Edward R. Roe	Joseph C. Ketchum	*William C. Hobbs	Wm. McMurtry	William Mitchell
1849	*William C. Hobbs	*John H. Holton	Joseph C. Ketchum	*William E. Russell	Wm. McMurtry	William Mitchell
1850	*C. G. Y. Taylor	*Thomas J. Pickett	*Wm. W. Bennett	*Daniel C. McNeil	Wm. McMurtry	*Wm. B. Warren
1851	*Thomas J. Pickett	*Elias Hibbard	*Eli B. Ames	*Carlton Drake	Wm. McMurtry	*Harmon G. Reynolds
1852	*Eli B Ames	*Benjamin L. Wiley	*Isaac R. Diller	*James L. Anderson	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1853	*William B. Warren	*James L. Anderson	*T. O. Wilson	*William H. Turner	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1854	*James L. Anderson	*T. O. Wilson	*James H. Hibbard	*Elijah M. Haines	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1855	*William B. Herrick	*James H Hibbard	*Jerome R. Gorin	*William A. Dickey	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G Reynolds
1856	*James H. Hibbard	*Jas V. Z. Blaney	*Harrison Dills	*Fergus M Blair	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1857	*Harrison Dills	*James H. Matheny	*Fergus M. Blair	*A. J. Kuykendall	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1858	*Ira A. W. Buck	*Fergus M. Blair	*A. J. Kuykendall	*Silas C. Toler	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G Reynolds
1859	Ira A. W. Buck	Fergus M. Blair	A. J. Kuykendall	Silas C. Toler	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1860	Ira A. W. Buck	Fergus M Blair	A. J. Kuykendall	Silas C. Toler	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1861	*F. M. Blair	*Silas C. Toler	*Asa W. Blakesley	John C. Baker	Wm. McMurtry	Harmon G. Reynolds
1862	F. M. Blair	*John C. Baker	*Jerome R. Gorin	*James C. Luckey	*J. R. Mack	Harmon G. Reynolds
1863	*Thomas J. Turner	*Jerome R. Gorin	*H. P. H. Bromwell	*Edwin F. Babcock	*Harrison Dills	Harmon G Reynolds
1864	Thomas J Turner	*H. P. H. Bromwell	Edwin F. Babcock	*Nathan W. Huntley	Harrison Dills	Harmon G. Reynolds
1865	*H. P. H. Bromwell	*Jerome R Gorin	*Nathan W Huntley	*Charles Fisher	Harrison Dills	Harmon G Reynolds
1866	*Jerome R. Gorin	*Nathan W. Huntley	*Charles Fisher	*Horace Hayward	Harrison Dills	Harmon G. Reynolds
1867	Jerome R. Gorin	*Charles Fisher	*DeWitt C. Cregier	*James A. Hawley	Harrison Dills	Harmon G Reynolds
1868	*Harmon G. Reynolds	*DeWitt C. Cregier	*James A. Hawley	*Geo. E. Lounsbury	Harrison Dills	*Orlin H. Miner
1869	Harmon G. Reynolds	DeWitt C. Cregier	James A. Hawley	Geo. E. Lounsbury	Harrison Dills	Orlin H. Miner
1870	*DeWitt C. Cregier	*James A. Hawley	*Geo. E. Lounsbury	*James C. Luckey	Harrison Dills	Orlin H. Miner

*Deceased.

1871	DeWitt C. Cregier..	James A. Hawley..	Geo. E. Lounsbury	*Joseph Robbins.....	Harrison Dills	Orlin H. Miner.....
1872	*James A. Hawley...	*Geo. E. Lounsbury .	*Joseph Robbins.....	*Wm. J. A. DeLancey	Harrison Dills	Orlin H. Miner.....
1873	James A. Hawley..	Geo. E. Lounsbury .	Joseph Robbins....	Wm. J. A. DeLancey	Harrison Dills	†John F. Burrill
1874	*Geo. E. Lounsbury .	*Joseph Robbins. .	*Wm. J. A. DeLancey	Henry E. Hamilton.	Harrison Dills	John F. Burrill
1875	Geo. E. Lounsbury .	Joseph Robbins. .	Wm. J. A. DeLancey	Henry E. Hamilton.	Harrison Dills	John F. Burrill
1876	*Joseph Robbins.....	*Wm. J. A. DeLancey	Henry E. Hamilton.	*William H. Scott....	*Archibald A. Glenn.	John F. Burrill
1877	Joseph Robbins.....	Wm. J. A. DeLancey	Henry E. Hamilton.	William H. Scott....	Archibald A. Glenn.	John F. Burrill
1878	*Theodore T. Gurney	*William H. Scott....	*Louis Ziegler.....	*Daniel M. Browning.	*Orlin H. Miner.....	John F. Burrill
1879	Theodore T. Gurney	William H. Scott .	*Daniel M. Browning.	*John R. Thomas ...	Orlin H. Miner.....	John F. Burrill
1880	*William H. Scott....	*Daniel M. Browning.	*John R. Thomas	*Henry C. Cleaveland	*Wiley M. Egan.....	John F. Burrill
1881	William H. Scott....	Daniel M. Browning.	John R. Thomas	Henry C. Cleaveland	Wiley M. Egan.....	*Loyal L. Munn.....
1882	*Daniel M. Browning.	*John R. Thomas	*Henry C. Cleaveland	*Alex. T. Darrah.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1883	Daniel M. Browning.	John R. Thomas	*Alex. T. Darrah.....	*John C. Smith.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1884	*John R. Thomas	*Alex. T. Darrah.....	John C. Smith.....	John M. Pearson....	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1885	*Alex. T. Darrah.....	*John C. Smith.....	*John M. Pearson....	Monroe C. Crawford	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1886	Alex. T. Darrah.....	John C. Smith.....	John M. Pearson....	Monroe C. Crawford	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1887	*John C. Smith.....	*John M. Pearson....	Monroe C. Crawford	Leroy A. Goddard .	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1888	John C. Smith.....	Joon M. Pearson....	Monroe C. Crawford	Leroy A. Goddard..	Wiley M. Egan.. .	Loyal L. Munn.....
1889	*John M. Pearson....	Monroe C. Crawford	Leroy A. Goddard..	Owen Scott.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1890	John M. Pearson. .	Monroe C. Crawford	Leroy A. Goddard..	Owen Scott.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1891	Monroe C. Crawford	Leroy A. Goddard..	Owen Scott.....	*Edward Cook.....	Wiley M.Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1892	Monroe C. Crawford	Leroy A. Goddard...	Owen Scott.....	Edward Cook.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	Loyal L. Munn.....
1893	Leroy A. Goddard..	Owen Scott.....	*Edward Cook.....	*C. F. Hitchcock.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	*J. H. C. Dill.....
1894	Leroy A. Goddard..	Owen Scott.....	Edward Cook.....	C. F. Hitchcock.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1895	Owen Scott.....	*Edward Cook	*C. F. Hitchcock.....	Geo. M. Moulton....	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1896	Owen Scott.....	Edward Cook	C. F. Hitchcock.....	Geo. M. Moulton....	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill
1897	*Edward Cook	*C. F. Hitchcock.....	Geo. M. Moulton....	Wm. B. Wright	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1898	Edward Cook.....	C. F. Hitchcock	Geo. M. Moulton....	Wm. B. Wright.....	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1899	*Chas. F. Hitchcock.	Geo. M. Moulton....	Wm. B. Wright.....	Chester E. Allen ...	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1900	Chas. F. Hitchcock.	Geo. M. Moulton....	Wm. B. Wright.....	Chester E. Allen....	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1901	Geo. M. Moulton ...	Wm. B. Wright.....	Chester E. Allen ...	Alexander H. Bell..	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1902	Geo. M Moulton.....	Wm. B. Wright.....	Chester E. Allen ...	Alexander H. Bell..	Wiley M. Egan.....	J. H. C. Dill
1903	Wm. B Wright	Chester E. Allen....	Alexander H. Bell..	A. B. Ashley.....	Leroy A. Goddard ..	J. H. C. Dill.....
1904	Wm. B. Wright.....	Chester E. Allen....	Alexander H. Bell..	A. B. Ashley.....	Leroy A. Goddard...	J. H. C. Dill.....
1905	Chester E. Allen....	Alexander H. Bell..	A. B. Ashley.	D. D. Darrah.....	Leroy A. Goddard...	J. H. C. Dill.....
1906	Chester E. Allen....	Alexander H. Bell..	A. B. Ashley.....	D. D. Darrah.....	Leroy A. Goddard...	Isaac Cutter.....
1907	Alexander H. Bell..	A. B. Ashley	D. D. Darrah.....	H. T. Burnap	Leroy A. Goddard...	Isaac Cutter
1908	Alexander H. Bell..	A. B. Ashley...	D. D. Darrah	H. T. Burnap.....	Leroy A. Goddard ..	Isaac Cutter
1909	*A. B. Ashley.....	D. D. Darrah	H. T. Burnap.....	Ralph H. Wheeler..	Leroy A. Goddard ..	Isaac Cutter
1910	A. B. Ashley..	D. D. Darrah.....	H. T. Burnap.	Ralph H. Wheeler .	Leroy A. Goddard ..	Isaac Cutter
1911	D. D. Darrah.....	H. T. Burnap.....	Ralph H. Wheeler..	A. H. Scrogin.....	Leroy A. Goddard..	Isaac Cutter
1912	D. D. Darrah.....	H. T. Burnap.....	Ralph H. Wheeler..	A. H. Scrogin	Leroy A Goddard...	Isaac Cut er.....
1913	Henry T. Burnap...	Ralph H. Wheeler..	Austin H. Scrogin..	Dan G. Fitzgerrell .	Leroy A. Goddard...	Isaac Cutter
1914	Henry T. Burnap...	Ralph H. Wheeler..	Aus in H. Scrog n..	Dan G. Fitzgerrell..	Leroy A. Goddard .	Isaac Cu ter.....
1915	Ralph H. Wheeler..	Austin H. Scrogin..	Dan G. Fitzgerrell.	Elmer E. Beach.....	Leroy A. Goddard ..	Isaac Cutter.....
1916	Ralph H. Wheeler	Austin H. Scrogin...	Dan G. Fitzgerrell..	Elmer E. Beach	Leroy A. Goddard...	Isaac Cutter.....
1917	Austin H. Scrogin..	Dan G. Fitzgerrell..	Elmer E. Beach.. ..	Arthur E. Wood....	Leroy A. Goddard..	Isaac Cut er.....
1918	Austin H. Scrogin..	Dan G. Fitzgerrell..	Elmer E. Beach....	Arthur E. Wood....	Leroy A. Goddard ..	Isaac Cutter

*Deceased. †Expelled.

APPOINTED OFFICERS OF THE GRAND LODGE OF ILLINOIS.

	GRAND CHAPLAIN.	GRAND ORATOR.	DEPUTY GRAND SECY.	GRAND PURSUIVANT.	W. GRAND MARSHAL.	GRAND STANDARD BEARER.	GRAND SWORD BEARER.
1840	Rev. H. W. Osborn*	S. A. Douglas*	W. D. McCann*	John Gregory*	S. W. Lucas*	L. Griffing*	
1841	F. A. McNeill*	James Shields*	W. D. McCann	John Gregory	A. C. Dixon*	M. Doyle*	
1842	F. A. McNeill	J. H. Matheny*	Edward Jones*	John Gregory	A. C. Dixon	J. P. Swisler*	
1843	G. A. Patterson*	H. S. Cooley*	Adam Dunlap*	S. W. Lucas*	P. Underwood*	J. P. Swisler	
1844	Rev. Chas. Howard*	R. E. Smith*	Adam Dunlap	A. V. Putman	Mathew Stacy*	William Lavely*	
1845	Rev. Chas. V. Kelly*	William Stuart*	Chas. H. Larrabee*	R. F. Kippingburg*	John H. Holton*		William Ervin*
1846	Rev. Chas. V. Kelly	Rev. Wm. F. Walker*	James Price*	Arnold R. Robinson*	William McMurtry*		Peter Sweat*
1847	Rev. N. P. Heath*	E. R. Roe*		Webb C. Quigley*	Peter Surat*		John H. Holton*
1848	Rev. Chas. Howard*	George Davis*	R. W. Diller	William E. Russell*	H. G. Reynolds*		Clark B. Stebbins*
1849	Rev. Brax'n Parish*	A. D. Caldwell*		Clark B. Stebbins*	Nathan English*		W. H. L. Wallace*
1850	Rev. J. T. Worth'g'n*	J. T. Lindsay*		R. W. Scanland*	George W. Hotchkiss*		J. M. Scott*
1851	Rev. Chas. Howard*	George T. Brown*	Silas Ramsey*	W. W. Drummond*	Isaac R. Diller*		J. W. Smith*
1852	Rev. R. E. Guthrie*	John Dean Caton*	John S. Winter*	J. W. Smith*	Amos Hill*		J. P. Waterhouse*
1853	Rev. W. E. Johnson*	Charles E. Dodge*	Jacob W. Brewer*	Stephen Bennett*	James Price*		Wm. Kinman*
1854	Rev. J. H. Hughes*	Isaac R. Diller*	Jacob W. Brewer	McKinzie Turner*	Cyrus C. Palmer*		Jonathan Young*
1855	Rev. J. H. Hughes	Isaac R. Diller	John S. Winter	J. C. McMurtry*	A. J. Kuykendall*		Robert Keith*
1856	Rev. Danl. P. Bunn*	James H. Matheny*	P. A. Whitaker*	E. J. Higgins*	A. J. Kuykendall		G. D. Moody*
1857	Rev. L. P. Clover*	J. M. Palmer*		E. J. Higgins	E. A. Whipple*	Robert Keith*	Daniel Frost*
1858	Rev. L. P. Clover	Abraham Jonas*	Benj. F. Barry*	C. C. Sympson*	George R. McGregor*	Phares A. Dorwin*	Lewis Keyon*
1859	Rev. N. W. Miner*	Stephen A. Hurlbut*	John S. Winter	C. C. Sympson	Reuben Cleveland*	H. A. Chase*	Robert Gibson*
1860	Rev. Jas. L. Crane*	Ely S. Parker*	James Steele*	N. W. Chapman*	David B. Irons*	Michael Grant*	John C. Baker
1861	Rev. Jas. L. Crane	H. P. H. Bromwell*	L. W. Shepherd*	D. D. Irons*	Reuben Cleveland*	M. Grant*	Caleb Finch*
1862	Rev. N. E. Cobleigh*	H. P. H. Bromwell	L. W. Shepherd	D. W. Zink*	J. M. Pearson*	J. W. Banker*	G. W. Albin*
1863	Rev. R. G. Hamilton*	Allen C. Fuller*	John C. Reynolds*	Chas. T. Pace*	James N. Buford*	Daniel G. Burr*	C. L. Underwood*
1864	Rev. J. T. Orr*	Vincent Ridgely	John C. Reynolds	Chas. T. Pace	James Lowe*	Daniel Frost*	Daniel G. Burr*
1865	Rev. J. T. Orr	M. W. Willis*	John C. Reynolds	Alonzo Ransom*	J. F. Alexander*	S. B. Dugger*	Daniel Frost
1866	Rev. O. H. Tiffany*	J. I. Davidson*	John C. Reynolds	Chas. Spalding*	Samuel B. Dugger*	J. M. Samson*	Jay G. Callender*
1867	Rev. D. P. Bunn*	Newton Bateman*	John C. Reynolds	Chas. Spalding	John G. Bagby*	I. S. Blackwelder*	Jay G. Callender
1868	Rev. D. P. Bunn	Joseph Robbins*		George W. Staley*	Geo. W. Hartman*	I. E. Hardy*	S. C. Buckman*
1869	Rev. J. I. Davidson*	H. P. H. Bromwell*	John C. Reynolds	Geo. H. Raymond*	John W. Ross*	Elijah E. Myers‡	John Evans*
1870	Rev. Jno. W. Agard*	John M. Scott.*	John C. Reynolds	Thos. J. Whitehead*	John F. Burrill‡	Isaac E. Hardy	Wm. H. Eastman*
1871	Rev. Jno. W. Agard	Jerome R. Gorin*	John F. Burrill‡	Wm. H. Eastman*	Thos. J. Whitehead	Henry W. Dyer	Isaac E. Hardy*
1872	Rev. Jno. W. Agard	T. T. Gurney*	John F. Burrill	H. W. Dyer	W. H. Long	Isaac E. Hardy	Wm. E. Ginther*
1873	W. H. Scott	John Dougherty*	Frank Hudson, Jr.	Thomas C. Clark	Harry Duvall	Wm. H. Long	Wm. E. Ginther
1874	W. H. Scott.	C. H. Patton*	Frank Hudson, Jr.	E. P. Chatfield	A. H. Irvin	Wm. E. Ginther*	Wm. H. Long
1875	George W. Martin	George M. McConnell	Frank Hudson, Jr.	John A. Ladd*	Alexander H. Irvin*	Robert Richards	George W. Cyrus
1876	George W. Martin	R. S. Dement*	Frank Hudson, Jr.	John P. Norvell*	John A. Ladd*	Geo. W. Cyrus	John R. Thomas
1877	George W. Martin	Alfred Sample‡	Frank Hudson, Jr.	John P. Norvell	John A. Ladd	John R. Thomas	Robt. L. McKinlay
1878	George W. Martin	John R. Thomas	Frank Hudson, Jr.	John P. Norvell	Henry C. Cleveland*	Loyal L. Munn*	Samuel Rawson
1879	George W. Martin	John P. Norvell*	Frank Hudson, Jr.	Chas. M. Carter	Henry C. Cleveland	Loyal L. Munn	Daniel Brewster

1880	John D. Gillham.....	W. H. Williamson...	Frank Hudson, Jr...	Chas. M. Carter.. ...	James C. McMurtry*	Owen Scott.....	Thomas Moore.....
1881	John D. Gillham.....	Owen Scott.....	Leslie A. Munn.....	Chas. M. Carter.....	James C. McMurtry..	John C. Bagby.....	F. A. Halliday.....
1882	John D. Gillham.....	William J. Allen....	Leslie A. Munn.....	Thos. S. Mather*....	James C. McMurtry..	John C. Bagby.....	F. A. Halliday.....
1883	John D. Gillham.....	F. M. Youngblood....	Leslie A. Munn.....	Thos. S. Mather.....	James C. McMurtry..	John C. Bagby.....	John W. Thrift.....
1884	Geo. W Scawthon...	W. S. Hooper.....	Leslie A. Munn.....	Eugene L. Stoker*...	Jas. C. McMurtry....	Rowley Page*	B. Mendenhall*.....
1885	Geo. W. Scawthon...	Isaac Clements	Leslie A. Munn.....	Edw. L. Cronkrite. .	Rowley Page*.....	W. H. Curtin*.....	J. H. C. Dill*.....
1886	H. W. Thomas*.....	W. S. Hooper.....	D. B. Breed.....	Edw. L. Cronkrite...	Rowley Page.....	W. H. Curtin....	J. H. C. Dill.....
1887	H. W. Thomas.....	W. J. Calhoun.....	Leslie A. Munn.....	B. F. Mason.....	W. A. Stevens.....	Rowley Page*.....	J. O. Hughes*.....
1888	H. W. Thomas.....	Geo C. Lorimer*....	Leslie A. Munn.....	B. F. Mason.....	W. A. Stevens.....	R. S. Gordon	E. A. Kratz.....
1889	F. M. Springer*.....	A. T Wolf.....	George L. Munn.....	B. F. Mason..... ...	R. S. Gordon.....	N. E. Roberts	J. G. Marston.....
1890	F. M. Springer.....	W. J. Calhoun.....	George L. Munn.....	B. F. Mason.....	R. S Gordon	N. E. Roberts	J. G. Marston.....
1891	F. P. Davenport.....	Wm. W. Barr.....	Loyal L. Munn, Jr...	B. F. Mason.....	R. S. Gordon	N. E. Roberts	J. G. Marston.....
1892	Ulysses G. Johnson..	Geo. W. Warvelle....	Loyal L. Munn, Jr...	John H. Mitchell....	Haswell C. Clarke*..	John W. Swatek.....	J. G. Marston.....
1893	H. W. Thomas*.....	John C. Black.....	G. H. B. Tolle.....	Pleas. T. Chapman..	Haswell C. Clarke...	Walter Watson.....	J. S. McClelland*.....
1894	H. W. Thomas.....	John C Black.....	G. H. B. Tolle.....	Pleas. T. Chapman..	Wi liam Hartzell*...	Walter Watson.....	Cicero J. Lindley....
1895	Jerome R. Gorin*....	Adlai E. Stevenson*.	G. H. B. Tolle.....	Pleas. T. Chapman..	W. O. Butler.....	Walter Watson	Cicero J. Lindley....
1896	Horace W. Bolton....	W. H. Milburn*.....	G. H. B. Tolle.....	Cicero J. Lindley....	H. C. Clarke.....	Walter Watson.....	R. T. Spencer
1897	Abel M. White.....	W. E. Mason.....	G. H. B. Tolle.....	Joseph D. Everett...	Cicero J. Lindley....	Walter Watson.....	Adam Ortseifen.....
1898	Frank Crane.....	W. H. Milburn*	Geo. A. Stadler.....	Walter Watson.....	Joseph D. Everett...	Adam Ortseifen.....	Philip Maas.....
1899	Nelson G. Lyons.....	Walter Reeves*.....	Geo. A. Stadler.....	Thos. A. Stevens.....	Walter Watson.....	Jos. D. Everett.....	Saml. Coffinberry...
1900	Thos. B. T. Fisher...	V. M. Blanding.....	Geo. A. Stadler.....	Thos. A. Stevens.....	Walter Watson.....	W. W. Watson.....	Saml. Coffinberry....
1901	J. P. Brushingham..	Richard Yates.....	Geo. A Stadler.....	Henry L. Whipple...	Walter Watson.....	Herbert Preston*....	Louis Zinger.....
1902	J. P. Brushingham..	Jas. B. McFatrich*...	Geo. A. Stadler.....	Henry L. Whipple...	Walter Watson	Herbert Preston.....	Louis Zinger.....
1903	Joseph Stolz.....	Wm. A. Northcott...	Geo. A. Stadler	Henry L. Whipple...	Louis Zinger.....	W. H. Peak.....	J. R Ennis
1904	J. W. VanCleve.	Herbert Preston* ...	Geo. A. Stadler.....	Henry L. Whipple...	Louis Zinger.....	W. H. Peak.....	J. R. Ennis.....
1905	W. S. Welsh....	Owen Scott.....	Geo. A. Stadler.....	James McCredie.....	Louis Zinger.....	W. H. Peak.....	J. R. Ennis.....,.....
1906	H. W. Thomas	Rufus O. White.....	Geo. A. Stadler.....	James McCredie.....	Louis Zinger..... ..	W. O. Butler	J. R. Ennis
1907	Abraham Traugott..	Elmer E. Beach	Geo. A. Stadler.....	Fred'ick W. Froelich	Louis Zinger.....	W. O. Butler.....	Jas. W. Willard.....
1908	Abraham Traugott..	Euclid B. Rogers....	Geo. A. Stadler	Fred'ick W. Froelich	Louis Zinger.....	W. O. Butler.....	Jas. W. Willard
1909	J. Webster Bailey...	Frank G. Smith.....	Geo. A. Stadler.....	N. J. Cary	A. W. West.....	James John	Norman M. Mesnard
1910	W. W. Weadon	W. W. Wilson*.....	Geo. A. Stadler	N. J. Cary	A. W. West.....	James John	Norman M. Mesnard
1911	Joseph C. Nate.....	Alexander H. Bell...	Geo. A. Stadler.....	T. S. Browning	M. Bates Iott	J. L. Brewster.....	Geo. N. Todd.....
1912	Joseph C. Nate.....	Lawr'ce Y. Sherman	Geo. A. Stadler	T. S. Browning	M. Bates Iott.....	J. L. Brewster.....	Caleb Y. Stovall.....
1913	J. G. Wright	James H. Lewis . ..	Geo. A. Stadler	F. J. Eberlein.....	Andrew McNally...	C. J. Novak	D. W. Starr
1914	J. G. Wright.....	Delmar D. Darrah...	I. Harry Todd.....	F. J. Eberlein.....	Andrew McNally....	C. J. Novak..... ..	D. W Starr.....
1915	R. Keene Ryan.....	Oscar A. Kropf.....	I. Harry Todd.....	G. J. Kurzenknabe..	William H. Bied.....	William M. Lovins ..	Felix von W. Wysow
1916	R. Keene Ryan	Oscar A. Kropf	Roy Adams	G. J. Kurzenknabe..	William H. Bied.....	William M. Lovins .	Felix von W. Wysow
1917	Walter Aitken.....	Frank O. Lowden....	Roy Adams.....	Wm. Elmer Edwards	William H. Bied.....	William N. Ewing....	Robert E. Gifford...
1918	Walter Aitken.....	Edgar DeWitt Jones	Roy Adams	Wm. Elmer Edwards	William H. Bied.	William N. Ewing...	Robert E. Gifford...

*Deceased. ‡Suspended †Expelled

APPOINTED OFFICERS OF THE GRAND LODGE OF ILLINOIS.—*Continued.*

	SR. GRAND DEACON.	JR. GRAND DEACON.	GRAND STEWARD.	GRAND STEWARD.	GRAND STEWARD.	GRAND STEWARD.	GRAND TYLER.
1840	M. Helm*	J. Crocker*	Lucian B. Adams*	T. G. Johnson*			C. Ludlum*
1841	John Crockett*	Saml. Mattlack*	James Magorian*	A. V. Putman*			Geo. Hackett*
1842	Samuel Mattlack*	Henry Prather*	A. V. Putman*				Geo. Hackett
1843	J. B. Conyers*	John Bennett*	L. C. Kercheval*				Geo. Hackett
1844	Peter Sweat*	Chas. H. Pringle*	H. C. Reman*				Geo. Hackett
1845	William Lavely*	Nathan Dresser*	John C. Heyl*	Samuel H. Davis*			John Gregory*
1846	A. C. Dickson*	R. F. Kippingburg*	Harrison Dills*	Henry Kaussel*			D. M. Kittinger*
1847	W. C. Hobbs*	W. B. Mills*	Timothy Souther*	E. J. Harper*			D. M. Kittinger
1848	W. W. Bennett*	Hosa J. Armstrong*	John Daley*	John Pahlman*			N. Christy
1849	P. A. Whittaker*	Webb C. Quigley*	John E. Rearden*	John T. Knox*			A. R. Stout*
1850	P. A. Whittaker	A. R. Stout*	J. W. Keys*	Phares A. Dorwin*			M. McNamara*
1851	R. W. Scanland*	A. W. Blakesley*	D. A. Morris*	Isaac Springer*			A. R. Robinson*
1852	William S. Hurst*	R. S. Patterson*	Warren Brown*	McKenzie Turner*			A. R. Robinson
1853	John C. Heyl*	Wm. M. Eubanks*	Warren Brown	Robert Keith*			A. R. Robinson
1854	John M. Scott*	R. W. Scanland*	Robert Keith*	Stephen Bennett*			A. R. Robinson
1855	W. W. Jackson*	Henry T. Mudd*	O. N. Stafford*	Ezra J. Higgins*			A. R. Robinson
1856	J. S. Reardon*	Daniel Frost*	O. N. Stafford	P. V. Van Norstrum*			A. R. Robinson
1857	Caesar A. Roberts*	James Monroe*	O. N. Stafford	Silas C. Toler.*			A. R. Robinson
1858	Caesar A. Roberts	William Watson*	O. N. Stafford	Daniel G. Burr			A. R. Robinson
1859	Wm. V. Plum*	Thomas W. Hay*	Wm. A. Hacker*	P. A. Dorwin*			A. R. Robinson
1860	Wm. M. Egan*	Thomas Moore*	Charles Fisher	O. N. Stafford*			A. R. Robinson
1861	J. C. Luckey*	H. W. Hubbard*	O. N. Stafford*	Charles Fisher			A. R. Robinson
1862	H. W. Hubbard*	John Bennett*	Charles Fisher	O. N. Stafford			A. R. Robinson
1863	N. W. Huntley*	Thomas W. Hay*	Charles Fisher	Wm. F. Elkin, Jr*			O. N. Stafford*
1864	Thomas W. Hay*	George Mason*	Charles Fisher	Wm. F. Elkin, Jr.			O. N. Stafford
1865	James Lowe*	Rodney Ashley*	J. M. Burnett*	James Gourley*			O. N. Stafford
1866	James Lowe	Rodney Ashley	O. N. Stafford*	Thomas C. Jewell*			John P. Ferns*
1867	Geo. E. Lounsbury*	D. A. Cashman*	O. N. Stafford	R. D. Lawrence*			John P. Ferns
1868	Wm. G. Swan*	Saml. C. Stearns*	O. N. Stafford	A. R. Robinson*			John P. Ferns
1869	Wiley M. Egan*	Saml. C. Stearns	O. N. Stafford	A. R. Robinson			John P. Ferns
1870	W. J. A. DeLancey*	Henry W. Dyer	H. E. Hamilton	Wm. H. Long			John P. Ferns
1871	W. J. A. DeLancey	H. E. Hamilton	Wm. H. Long	Wm. E. Ginther*	John O'Neil	John McLarey	John P. Ferns
1872	H. E. Hamilton	John D. Hamilton	L. A. Hamblin*	Joseph Dixon*	M. S. Bowman	G. W. Hartman	John P. Ferns
1873	H. E. Hamilton	John D. Hamilton	M. S. Bowman	L. A. Hamblin*	G. Brinkmeier	H. Hohnsheidt*	John P. Ferns
1874	John D. Hamilton	R. T. Higgins.*	J. B. Trull	H. Hohnsheidt*	Ira A. Church*	Isaac E. Hardy	John P. Ferns
1875	John D. Hamilton	R. T. Higgins.	George Rawson	George Barry*	Paul Ziemsen	John P. Norvell*	John P. Ferns
1876	John M. Pearson*	H. C. Cleveland*	George Rawson	James H. Crandall	Wm. E. Avise	E. Bornemann	John P. Ferns
1877	John M. Pearson	H. C. Cleveland	George Rawson	Adolph Shire	C. M. Grammar	H. B. Davidson	John P. Ferns
1878	Alfred Sample*	Frank A. Hallidav	A. M. Bennett	James Strong	J. L. Wallar*	Gilbert R. Smith	John P. Ferns
1879	Alfred Sample	Geo. W. Hamilton	James L. Scott	Morris R. Locke	B. J. Van Court	William Floto	John P. Ferns

1880	Samuel Rawson	Geo. W. Hamilton	James L. Scott	Morris R. Locke	B. J. Van Court	J. S. McClelland*	John P. Ferns
1881	Samuel Rawson	Chas. H. Brennan	T. D. Palmer	Geo. W. Hamilton	B. F. Mason	J. S. McClelland	John P. Ferns
1882	Leroy A. Goddard	Rowley Page*	Geo. W. Hamilton	J. S. McClelland*	A. B. Wicker	S. T. Webber	John P. Ferns
1883	Leroy A. Goddard	Rowley Page	Geo. W. Hamilton	S. T. Webber*	Eugene L. Stoker*	H. C. Murrah	John P. Ferns
1884	Leroy A. Goddard	Thos. S. Mather*	Geo. W. Hamilton	A. B. Wicker	W. O. Butler	J. G. Marston	R. R. Stevens*
1885	Leroy A. Goddard	Thos. S. Mather	Geo. W. Hamilton	A. B. Wicker	J. G. Marston	Benj. Steingardt	R. R. Stevens
1886	Leroy A. Goddard	Thos. S. Mather	Geo. W. Hamilton	Joseph Dixon*	John Schofield	R. D. Lawrence*	R. R. Stevens
1887	John O'Neill	Thos. S. Mather	A. J. Harbers	E. A. Kratz	Daniel Stewart	C. S. Gurney	R. R. Stevens
1888	John O'Neill	J. E. Evans*	Daniel Stewart	Chester S. Gurney	George W. Warvelle	Henry R. Phinney	R. R. Stevens
1889	John O'Neill	John W. Rose*	C. S. Gurney	Thos. Worthington			R. R. Stevens
1890	John O'Neill	John W. Rose	A. W. Hitchcock	Thos. Worthington	Wm. Jackson		R. R. Stevens
1891	John O'Neill	Eugene L. Stoker*	Thos. Worthington	Wm. Jackson	A. W. Hitchcock	C. H. Starkel	R. R. Stevens
1892	John O'Neill	Andrew J. Benson	A. W. Hitchcock	Wm. Jackson	Chas. H. Starkel	R. T. Spencer‡	R. R. Stevens
1893	Geo. M. Moulton	Andrew J. Benson	A. M. Boring	Wm. H. Johnson	J. M. Montgomery*	F. E. Eubeling	R. R. Stevens
1894	Geo. M. Moulton	Andrew J. Benson	H. C. Mitchell	Wm. H. Johnson	A. M. Boring	Harry C. Purdy	R. R. Stevens
1895	E. C. Pace*	C. E. Allen	John Lingo	W. W. Bruce	W. W. Watson	A. M. Boring	R. R. Stevens
1896	E. C. Pace	C. E. Allen	W. W. Bruce	Adam Ortseifen	J. S. McClelland*	W. H. Johnson	R. R. Stevens
1897	C. E. Allen	H. C. Clarke*	Geo. W. Hamilton	W. W. Watson	J. S. McClelland	S. Coffinberry	R. R. Stevens
1898	C. E. Allen	H. C. Clarke	Geo. W. Hamilton	W. W. Watson	J. S. McClelland	S. Coffinberry	R. R. Stevens
1899	Haswell C. Clarke*	Louis Zinger	J. S. McClelland*	W. W. Watson	G. W. Hamilton	G. S. Hummer	R. R. Stevens
1900	Louis Zinger	Jos. D. Everett	J. S. McClelland	G. W. Hamilton	Geo. S. Hummer	I. M. Hornbacker	R. R. Stevens
1901	Jos. D. Everett	James McCredie	J. S. McClelland	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes*	W. M. Burbank	Wm. L. Orr*
1902	Jos. D. Everett	James McCredie	J. S. McClelland	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes	W. M Burbank	Wm L. Orr
1903	Walter Watson	Wm. H. Lathrop	W. M. Burbank*	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes	C. Rohrbough*	Wm. L. Orr
1904	Walter Watson	Norman Mesnard	W. M. Burbank	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes	C. Rohrbough	C S Gurney
1905	Henry L. Whipple	Lawrence C. Johnson	W. M. Burbank	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes	C. Rohrbough	C. S. Gurney
1906	Henry L. Whipple	Lawrence C. Johnson	H. S. Albin	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes	C. Rohrbough	C S Gurney
1907	Henry L. Whipple	Lawrence C. Johnson	H. S. Albin	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes	C. Rohrbough	C. S. Gurney
1908	Henry L. Whipple	Lawrence C. Johnson	H. S. Albin	G. W. Hamilton	W. B. Grimes	C. Rohrbough	C. S. Gurney
1909	T. E. Gillespie	W. H. Peak	H. S. Albin	G. W. Hamilton	Charles F. Tenney	James L. Scott	C. S. Gurney
1910	T. E. Gillespie	W. H. Peak	H. S. Albin	R. G. Bright	Charles F. Tenney	James L. Scott	C. S. Gurney
1911	S. S. Borden	Harris Levy	H. S. Albin	G. W. Tipsword	Charles F. Tenney	Ed. L. Willits	C. S. Gurney
1912	S. S. Borden	Harris Levy	H. S. Albin	G. W. Tipsword	Charles F. Tenney	Ed. L. Willits	C. S. Gurney
1913	S. S. Borden	N. J. Cary	H. S. Albin	Alonzo Ellis	Charles F. Tenney	C. M. Fike	C. S. Gurney
1914	S. S. Borden	N. J. Cary	H. S. Albin	Alonzo Ellis	Charles F. Tenney	C. M. Fike	C. S. Gurney
1915	E. Edwin Mills	Norman J. Cary	Alonzo Ellis	George W. Tipsword	Tim Van Antwerp	Charles F. Tenney	C. S. Gurney
1916	E. Edwin Mills	Norman J. Cary	Alonzo Ellis	George W. Tipsword	Tim Van Antwerp	Charles F. Tenney	C. S. Gurney
1917	Maxwell Levy	Spruell C. D. Rea	H. S. Albin	Charles F. Tenney	George W. Tipsword	Tim Van Antwerp	C. S. Gurney
1918	Maxwell Levy	Spruell C. D. Rea	H. S. Albin	Charles F. Tenney	George W. Tipsword	Tim Van Antwerp	C. S. Gurney

*Deceased

PERMANENT MEMBERS.

Bro. Monroe C. Crawford, P.G.M.....Jonesboro No. 111
Jonesboro, Ill.

Bro. Leroy A. Goddard, P.G.M.....Brotherhood No. 986
State Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

Bro. Owen Scott, P.G.M.....Macon No. 8
Decatur, Ill.

Bro. George M. Moulton, P.G.M.....Covenant No. 526
Masonic Temple, Chicago.

Bro. William B. Wright, P.G.M.....Effingham No. 149
Effingham, Ill.

Bro. Chester E. Allen, P.G.M.....Alpha No. 155
Galesburg, Ill.

Bro. Alexander H. Bell, P.G.M.....Mt. Nebo No. 76
Carlinville, Ill.

Bro. Delmar D. Darrah, P.G.M.....Arts and Crafts No. 1017
Bloomington, Ill.

Bro. Henry T. Burnap, P.G.M.....Franklin No. 25
2602 College Ave., Alton, Ill.

Bro. Ralph H. Wheeler, P.G.M.....America No. 889
108 N. State St., Chicago, Ill.

Bro. Henry E. Hamilton, P.S.G.W.....Lincoln Park No. 611
817 Dearborn Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Bro. Austin H. Scrogin, G.M.....Lexington No. 482
Lexington, Ill.

Bro. Dan G. Fitzgerrell, D.G.M.....Normal No. 673
Normal, Illinois.

Bro. Elmer E. Beach, S.G.W.....Exemplar No. 966
111 W. Washington St., Chicago

Bro. Arthur E. Wood, J.G.W.....Gibson No. 733
Gibson City, Ill.

HONORARY MEMBER.

Bro. Frank O. Lowden.....Oregon No. 420

MASONIC LITERATURE.

The Grand Secretary desires to thank the editors of the following magazines and papers for kindly supplying this office with their publications during the past year, in exchange for our proceedings. We shall be happy to exchange with all Masonic publications and papers having a Masonic department:

Bohemia Lodge Compass—1817 Loomis St., Chicago, Ill.
Chicago Lodge Record—6 No. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.
Crane's Circular—29 E. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.
Light—Louisville, Ky.
Masonic Home Journal—Louisville, Ky.
Masonic News—Peoria, Illinois.
Masonic Standard—New York, New York.
Masonic Tribune—Seattle, Wash.
Masonic Voice and Review—319-320 So. La Salle St., Chicago, Illinois.
Missouri Freemason—St. Louis, Missouri.
Oriental Lodge Notes—2121 N. Clark St., Chicago.
Palestine Bulletin—68 Griswold St., Detroit, Michigan.
Square and Compass—Denver, Colorado.
Square and Compasses—New Orleans, Louisiana.
Temple Topics—Masonic Temple, Englewood, Illinois.
The American Freemason—Storm Lake, Iowa.
The Builder—Masonic Research Society, Anamosa, Iowa.
The Duluth Calendar—Duluth, Minnesota.
The Illinois Freemason—Bloomington, Illinois.
The Illinois Masonic Review—Arcola, Illinois.
The Inter-State Freemason—203 Hall Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.
The Masonic Chronicler—431 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, Illinois.
The Masonic Observer—Minneapolis, Minnesota.
The Masonic Review—Tacoma, Washington.
The Masonic Trowel—Little Rock, Arkansas.
The New England Craftsman—Boston, Massachusetts.
The Tennessee Freemason—Nashville, Tennessee.
The Texas Freemason—San Antonio, Texas.
Thomas J. Turner Lodge—4006 Warwick Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Masonic Trowel—Memphis, Tenn.
The Master Mason—404 Ridge Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.
Cornerstone Call—912 N. La Salle St., Chicago.
Masonic World—1407 Milwaukee Ave., Chicago.
Justice Bulletin—3348 W. 60th St., Chicago.
Masonic Token—37 Plum St., Portland, Me.

DETAILED REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE MASONIC HOMES.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF ILLINOIS MASONIC ORPHANS' HOME.

To the Chairman and Members of the Executive Committee of the Board of Managers of the Illinois Masonic Orphan's Home:

DEAR BRETHREN:—I beg to submit herewith my third annual report as superintendent of this Home.

The children are well and healthy and have been so the entire year with the exception of a few cases of Liberty measles.

Teddy Reenke who at last report was at the Sullivan Home receiving special treatment, has recovered and is now at this home. Nava Harris who has been wearing a cast on one of her legs for nearly two years, is now going to school and about her duties and play without a cast. We have great hopes that when she reaches womanhood she will have a nearly normal leg.

We have again been privileged to use the land of Mr. Joseph Leiter for a garden. No one not closely connected with the management of this Home can have any adequate conception of value of this privilege to us. Viewed simply from a commercial standpoint it has been a success. At the prevailing wholesale prices, the string beans, corn and tomatoes canned have repaid the entire of the expense of the garden and have left a profit of nearly 50%. The children and employees in addition to an abundance of radishes, green onions and lettuce in season have had string beans, corn and tomatoes on their tables almost daily since the latter part of July and these are still being served.

We have canned from our garden and have now on our shelves, the following:

Crab-apple jelly	7	Quarts
Crab-apple butter	23	"
Corn relish	37	"
Tomato pickles (sweet)	64	"
Cucumber pickles	90	"
Beet pickles	208	"
Tomatoes canned	142	"
Sweet corn canned	202	"
String beans canned	280	"
Total	1052	Quarts

Most of the canning and some of the pickling was done by our girls in cooking school. Under the supervision of one of their number (Elizabeth Campbell) our girls canned 100 quarts of the corn after the cooking school had closed. We have enough carrots, beets and parsnips yet to be gathered and put in the bins to last the entire winter.

The work in the garden, with the exception of the plowing, was all done by our boys.

ENTERTAINMENT.

During the year the children were entertained by the following Masonic bodies:

Grove Lodge No. 824, auto ride to Downers Grove, movies and refreshments.

Old Glory Lodge, picnic and flag presentation, Riverside.

Veritas Lodge at Glenwood.

Veritas Lodge, auto ride and refreshments at Downers Grove.

Union Park Lodge on Home grounds.

Damascus Chapter O. E. S. on Home grounds.

Garden City Chapter O. E. S. on Home grounds.

Medinah Auto Club, 50 mile ride through the country with refreshments at Glen Ellyn.

Keystone Lodge at Riverside.

Concord Lodge moving pictures at Home hall.

Bro. John Harper entertained the children one evening with Scottish dances in full Highland costume and another evening with crayon sketches.

All children free from demerits during each month, attended the movies each week so long as free from demerits, and in addition all those (22 in number) who had been on the honor roll two months in succession during our Assembly year (Sept. 1st to Sept. 1st) 1917, visited Fort Sheridan and Great Lakes, and those on the Honor Roll two months in succession in 1918 (40 in number) attended the War Exhibition in Chicago.

Our system of self-government still continues and I would rather sever my connection with the Home than discontinue its use for it takes care of 98% of the discipline of the Home. Its power for good cannot be overestimated. Day by day it is, without conscious effort on the part of the individual child, moulding their characters, equipping them with that strength of will, that power of self-control so essential in the building of a true man or woman.

STATEMENT OF MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

A special appropriation for fuel having been made, the following account shows all of the expenditures for the Home with the exception of the coal account. The fuel account in the following statement is for gas used in cooking and baking.

Alterations	$ 105.50
Clothing	2,703.79
Fuel	232.28
Garden	111.90
Home Furnishings	1,000.33
Improvements	671.22
Insurance	144.85
Labor	726.10
Laundry	920.74
Light and Power	550.66
Machinery	493.39
Medical	435.58
Misc. H. H. Expense	418.33
Printing, Stationery and Postage	228.42
Provisions	8,660.84
Repairs	1,125.81
Salaries	6,484.47
School	212.82
Telephone	92.80
Tools	177.33
Traveling Expense	215.34
Water	423.90
	$26,136.30
Less discount taken	136.30
	$26,000.00

My report of last year shows "Balance on hand $23.10." This amount under instruction of your board I sent to the secretary of the grand lodge and my accounts opened this year with nothing on hand.

Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1917	$ 00.00
Received for Maintenance Fund	26,000.00
Disbursements since last report	26,000.00
Balance on hand Sept. 30, 1918	$ 00.00

MEMBERSHIP.

Name	Admitted	Age	Now	Lodge	Location
Andres, Cass	9-16-17	5	6	Concord No. 917	Chicago
Ashley, Geo.	16-25-13	5	10	Alma No. 497	Willisville
Ashley, Sarah	2- 8-13	6	12	Alma No. 497	Willisville
Backe, Duban	10- 8-16	3	5	Covenant No. 526	Chicago
Backe, Winifred	10- 8-16	4	6	Covenant No. 526	Chicago
Backe, Jarl	10- 8-16	5	7	Covenant No. 526	Chicago
Barnett, Edgar	8-23-18	5	5	Aaron No. 913	Chicago
Barnett, John	8-23-18	8	8	Aaron No. 913	Chicago
Beenke, Alburtus	6-26-10	3	11	Kensington	Chicago
Beenke, Theodore	4-14-12	3	9	Kensington	Chicago
Campbell, Robt.	4-14-15	10	13	Woodlawn Pk. No. 841	Chicago
Campbell, Eliz.	4-14-15	11	14	Woodlawn Pk. No. 841	Chicago
Campbell, Bruce	4-14-15	5	8	Woodlawn Pk. No. 841	Chicago
Daniels, William	11- 8-16	12	14	Casey No. 442	Casey
Daniels, Christine	11- 8-16	6	8	Casey No. 442	Casey
Daniels, Vivian	11- 8-16	4	6	Casey No. 442	Casey
Daniels, Catherine	11- 8-16	8	9	Casey No. 442	Casey
DeYoung, Jessie	9- 8-17	8	9	Auburn Park No. 789	Chicago
DeYoung, Winifred	9- 8-17	10	11	Auburn Park No. 789	Chicago
DeYoung, Norman	9- 8-17	12	13	Auburn Park No. 789	Chicago
Downes, Thelma	8-19-11	7	14	Prairie No. 77	Paris
Downes, Chas.	8-19-11	4	11	Prairie No. 77	Paris
Douglas, Geo.	7- 9-15	3	6	Moriah No. 51	Hillsboro
Douglas, Nellie	8-25-13	6	11	Moriah No. 51	Hillsboro
Douglas, Stella	8-25-13	3	8	Moriah No. 51	Hillsboro
Douglas, Chas.	8-25-13	9	14	Moriah No. 51	Hillsboro
Freeman, Jesse	1-27-12	6	13	Shekinah No. 241	Carbondale
Freeman, Arthur	1-27-12	3	9	Shekinah No. 241	Carbondale
Fuetterer, Walter	5-28-13	6	11	Pleiades No. 478	Chicago
Fuetterer, William	5-28-13	4	10	Pleiades No. 478	Chicago
Funk, Chester	1-14-17	12	13	Exeter No. 424	Exeter
Hannan, William	1- 1-17	12	13	St. Andrews No. 863	Chicago
Hannan, Marella	1- 1-17	8	10	St. Andrews No. 863	Chicago
Goebel, Louise	3-24-18	4	4	Cornerstone No. 875	Chicago
Goebel, Eliz.	3-16-18	6	6	Cornerstone No. 875	Chicago
Goebel, Etola	3-16-18	7	7	Cornerstone No. 875	Chicago
Harlev, John	9-23-16	13	15	Humboldt Park No. 813	Chicago
Harris, Helen	5-28-15	9	12	Prairie City No. 578	Montrose
Harris, Oscar	5-28-15	8	11	Prairie City No. 578	Montrose
Harris, Neva	5-28-15	4	8	Prairie City No. 578	Montrose
Harris, Hiram	10-30-15	5	8	De Soto No. 287	De Soto
Heiss, Marcel	6-30-16	7	9	Kilwinning No. 311	Chicago
Heiss, Edmund	6-30-16	4	6	Kilwinning No. 311	Chicago
Heiss, LeRoy	6-30-16	9	11	Kilwinning No. 311	Chicago
Holzman, Wm. J.	9-19-15	6	9	Waubansia No. 160	Chicago
Honeyman, Edna G.	10-24-17	3	4	Piasa No. 27	Alton
Honeyman, Helen C.	10-24-17	6	7	Piasa No. 27	Alton
Honeyman, Ruth A.	10-24-17	9	10	Piasa No. 27	Alton
Hauk, Fred J.	7- 2-17	5	6	Mystic No. 758	Chicago
Jones, Gladys N.	10-22-14	11	14	Arcana No. 717	Chicago
Jones, Gertrude M.	10-22-14	9	12	Arcana No. 717	Chicago
Kozisek, Frank	5-23-17	10	11	Arcana No. 717	Chicago
Landau, David	4-17-16	12	14	Wright's Grove No. 779	Chicago
Landau, Helen	4-17-16	9	11	Wright's Grove No. 779	Chicago
Leubrie, Roy L.	11- 4-17	13	14	Veritas No. 926	Chicago
Leubrie, Ada M.	11- 4-17	10	11	Veritas No. 926	Chicago
MacNair, Ernest M.	6-30-12	8	14	Brighton Park No.854	Chicago
MacNair, Sophie	6-30-12	7	13	Brighton Park No.854	Chicago
MacNair, Stewart L.	6-30-12	4	11	Brighton Park No.854	Chicago
Martensen, Byron F.	5- 1-11	5	13	D. C. Cregier No. 643	Chicago
Moisand, Adeline	4- 7-15	9	13	Austin No. 850	Chicago
Moisand, Earl	4- 7 15	7	10	Austin No. 850	Chicago
Moisand, Lester	4-16-15	5	9	Austin No. 850	Chicago
Matteson, Theo. G.	11- 8-15	7	10	Monmouth No. 37	Monmouth
Norris, Frances	10-24-17	9	10	Composite No. 879	Chicago
Norris, Wm. H.	5- 6-09	4	14	Composite No. 879	Chicago
Older, Wm. F.	10-16-16	10	12	Banner Blue No. 924	Chicago

Name	Admitted	Age	Now	Lodge	Location
Older, John W.	10-16-16	8	10	Banner Blue No. 924.	Chicago
Older, Geo. E.	10-16-16	3	5	Banner Blue No. 924.	Chicago
Pirrman, Wm. F.	5-22-17	5	7	Libertyville No. 492.	Libertyville
Quirk, Wm. F.	10- 7-12	8	14	Metropolitan No. 860.	Chicago
Quirk, Harold V.	10- 7-12	4	11	Metropolitan No. 860.	Chicago
Roberts, Constance E.	11-18-14	9	13	St. Andrew No. 863.	Chicago
Rowley, Ralph S.	5-12-17	6	7	Concord No. 917.	Chicago
Rowley, Richard C.	7- 5-17	3	5	Concord No. 917.	Chicago
Rowley, Harold A.	5-12-17	9	10	Concord No. 917.	Chicago
Ruhle, Harry	6-24-17	8	9	Cleveland No. 211.	Chicago
Ruhle, Pauline	9-14-10	5	13	Cleveland No. 211.	Chicago
Schellenger, Harry H.	6-23-14	4	8	Alma No. 497.	Willisville
Schellenger, Ruth E.	6-23-14	8	11	Alma No. 497.	Willisville
Seidler, Irma H.	12-22-17	3	4	Utopia No. 894.	Chicago
Seidler, Sarah E.	12-22-17	7	8	Utopia No. 894.	Chicago
Seidler, Lillian L.	12-22-17	12	13	Utopia No. 894.	Chicago
Smith, Lloyd J.	4- 2-15	4	8	Bridgeport No. 386.	Bridgeport
Smith, Lawrence E.	4- 2-15	4	8	Bridgeport No. 386.	Bridgeport
Smith, Lewis E.	4- 2-15	7	11	Bridgeport No. 386.	Bridgeport
Stolte, Paul	1- 7-17	7	8	Concord No. 917.	Chicago
Stolte, Carl	1- 7-17	9	10	Concord No. 917.	Chicago
Stecker, Inez L.	9-27-16	10	12	D. C. Cregier No. 643.	Chicago
Stecker, Werner C.	9-27-16	8	10	D. C. Cregier No. 643.	Chicago
Thuma, Myrtle	8-12-17	5	6	Arcana No. 717.	Chicago
Thuma, Wm. A.	5- 3-17	9	11	Arcana No. 717.	Chicago
Thuma, Robt. G.	5- 3-17	7	8	Arcana No. 717.	Chicago
Wollner, Zelina	3-24-18	7	7	Composite No. 879.	Chicago
Wollner, Carolina	3-24-18	5	5	Composite No. 879.	Chicago
Wright, Pearl D.	9- 1-16	10	11	Lawn No. 815.	Chicago
Wright, Mary L.	9- 1-16	8	10	Lawn No. 815.	Chicago
Wright, Olive F.	9- 1-16	3	5	Lawn No. 815.	Chicago

CHILDREN ADMITTED SINCE LAST REPORT.

Name	Admitted	Age	Now	Lodge	Location
Barnett, Edgar	8-23-18	5	5	Aaron No. 913.	Chicago
Barnett, John J.	8-23-18	8	8	Aaron No. 913.	Chicago
Goebel, Louise R.	3-24-18	4	4	Cornerstone No. 875.	Chicago
Goebel, Elizabeth	3-16-18	6	6	Cornerstone No. 875.	Chicago
Goebel, Etola	3-16-18	7	7	Cornerstone No. 875.	Chicago
Honeyman, Edna G.	10-24-17	3	4	Piasa No. 27.	Alton
Honeyman, Helen C.	10-24-17	6	7	Piasa No. 27.	Alton
Honeyman, Ruth A.	10-24-17	9	10	Piasa No. 27.	Alton
Leubrie, Roy L.	11- 4-17	13	14	Veritas No. 926.	Chicago
Leubrie, Ada M.	11- 4-17	10	11	Veritas No. 926.	Chicago
Norris, Frances	10-24-17	9	10	Composite No. 879.	Chicago
Seidler, Irma H.	12-22-17	3	4	Utopia No. 894.	Chicago
Seidler, Sarah E.	12-22-17	7	8	Utopia No. 894.	Chicago
Seidler, Lillian L.	12-22-17	12	13	Utopia No. 894.	Chicago
Wollner, Zelina	3-24-18	7	7	Composite No. 879.	Chicago
Wollner, Carolina	3-24-18	5	5	Composite No. 879.	Chicago

CHILDREN DISCHARGED SINCE LAST REPORT.

Beenke, Martin	6-26-10	Funk, Wier M.	1-14-17
Marshall, Eliz. L.	11-29-14	Marshall, Edward G.	11-29-14
Martensen, Benford C.	5- 1-11	Messner, Katharine M.	9-15-12
Messner, Joseph F.	5- 7-08	Moisand, Jennie	4- 7-15
Nelson, Emily H.	9-11-12	Nelson, Irma L.	9-11-12
Norris, Evelyn M.	5-20-09	Palmer, Edw. W.	8-19-14
Palmer, Edith	8-19-14	Palmer, Glenn O.	8-19-14
Pieritz, William	11-11-11	Schellenger, Eliz. O.	6-23-14
Willard, Edw. G.	9-28 12	Wollner, Zelina	3-24-18
Wollner, Carolina	3-24-18		

Cause For Discharge.

Age limit	8
Adopted	1
Relatives able to support	10
	19

Recapitulation of Membership.

Membership Sept. 30th, 1917	99
Admitted since last report	16
	115
Discharged since last report	19
Membership Sept. 30th, 1918	96
Loss during year	3
Highest population during year	109

Entertainment Fund Receipts.

Oct.	1, 1917	Cash Balance	$ 495.59
Oct.	12, 1917	Chas. A. Koepke, W.M. Golden Rule	6.10
Oct.	18, 1917	Wm. J. Henry	7.70
Nov.	8, 1917	Washington Park Lodge No. 956	25.00
Nov.	10, 1917	John Johnston	35.50
Nov.	10, 1917	Loami Lodge No. 450	35.00
Nov.	17, 1917	Evans Lodge No. 524	100.00
Nov.	17, 1917	Frances L. Cutler	2.50
Nov.	25, 1917	O. S. Nichols, Austin No. 850	10.00
Nov.	26, 1917	Grove Lodge No. 824	10.00
Nov.	26, 1917	Kosmos Lodge No. 896	10.00
Nov.	30, 1917	Lafayette Chapter R. A. M. No. 2	25.00
Dec.	1, 1917	Metropolitan Lodge No. 860	25.00
Dec.	3, 1917	Standard Lodge No. 873	35.00
Dec.	5, 1917	America Lodge No. 889	10.00
Dec.	5, 1917	Equity Lodge No. 878	25.00
Dec.	5, 1917	Lawndale Lodge No. 995	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Lincoln Pk. Chapter R. A. M. No. 177	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Garden City Lodge No. 141	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Wm. McKinley Lodge No. 876	10.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Fort Dearborn Chapter R. A. M. No. 245	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Lake View Lodge No. 774	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Providence Lodge No. 711	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Madison Chapter O. E. S. 689	10.00

Dec.	7, 1917	Edgewater Lodge No. 901	25.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Sunrise Lodge No. 996	20.00
Dec.	7, 1917	La Grange Lodge No. 770	10.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Harmony Lodge No. 3	5.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Cairo Chapt. No. 71 R. A. M.	5.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Auburn Park Chapter R. A. M. 201	10.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Good Fellowship Club	10.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Universal Lodge No. 985	25.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Chicago Chapter O. E. S. No. 161	5.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Kankakee Lodge No. 389	10.00
Dec.	8, 1917	York Chapter No. 148 R. A. M.	25.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Emblem Lodge No. 984	10.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Cleveland Lodge No. 211	25.00
Dec.	8, 1917	East St. Louis Lodge No. 504	5.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Exemplar Lodge No. 966	10.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Piasa Lodge No. 27	10.00
Dec.	10, 1917	Mt. Morris Lodge No. 51	10.00
Dec.	10, 1917	Evanston Chapter No. 144 R. A. M.	25.00
Dec.	10, 1917	Oriental Lodge No. 33	25.00
Dec.	10, 1917	Pyramid Lodge No. 887	5.00
Dec.	10, 1917	Thos. J. Turner Lodge No. 409	10.00
Dec.	10, 1917	Constellation Lodge No. 892	25.00
Dec.	10, 1917	Edyth Chapter O. E. S. 724	10.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Prospect Lodge No. 957	10.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Hyde Park Chap. R. A. M. No. 240	10.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Avondale Lodge No. 921	15.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Composite Lodge No. 879	10.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Columbian Lodge No. 819	15.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Welcome Lodge No. 916	15.00
Dec.	12, 1917	Hesperia Lodge No. 411	15.00
Dec.	12, 1917	Boulevard Lodge No. 882	50.00
Dec.	12, 1917	Mizpah Lodge No. 768	25.00
Dec.	12, 1917	Marine Lodge No. 355	5.00
Dec.	12, 1917	La Grange Chapter R. A. M. No. 207	5.00
Dec.	13, 1917	Albany Park Lodge No. 379	10.00
Dec.	13, 1917	Auburn Park Lodge No. 789	10.00
Dec.	13, 1917	Olive Branch Lodge No. 38	10.00
Dec.	13, 1917	Prague Chapter O. E. S. No. 749	25.00
Dec.	13, 1917	Employees Chicago Mercantile Co.	25.00
Dec.	14, 1917	Golden Rod Chap. O. E.S. No. 205	10.00
Dec.	14, 1917	Tyrian Council R. & S. M. No. 78	10.00
Dec.	14, 1917	Compass Lodge No. 922	10.00
Dec.	14, 1917	Riverside Lodge No. 862	10.00

Dec.	14, 1917	Logan Square Chap. R. A. M. No. 238	10.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Scott Lodge No. 79	5.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Edward Dobbins Lodge No. 164	15.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Kankakee Chapter No. 78 R. A. M.	10.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Waubansia Lodge No. 160	25.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Accordia Lodge No. 277	10.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Cairo Lodge No. 237	5.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Lawn Chapter R. A. M. No. 205	10.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Bethany Commandery K. T. No. 28	10.00
Dec.	15, 1917	Welfare Lodge No. 991	10.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Frank E. Locke	10.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Millard Chapter O. E. S. No. 349	10.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Pullman Chapter R. A. M. No. 204	10.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Shabbona Lodge No. 374	5.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Crescent Lodge No. 895	35.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Bohemia Lodge No. 943	25.00
Dec.	18, 1917	D. C. Cregier Lodge No. 643	10.00
Dec.	18, 1917	King Oscar Chapter O. E. S. No. 762	15.00
Dec.	18, 1917	Prudence Lodge No. 958	35.00
Dec.	18, 1917	Kensington Lodge No. 804	15.00
Dec.	18, 1917	Chester Lodge No. 72	25.00
Dec.	18, 1917	Landmark Lodge No. 422	25.00
Dec.	18, 1917	Lawndale Chapter R. A. M. No. 243	10.00
Dec.	19, 1917	Palestine Council No. 66	5.00
Dec.	19, 1917	Brighton Park Lodge No. 854	25.00
Dec.	19, 1917	Lakeside Lodge No. 739	5.00
Dec.	19, 1917	Metropolitan Lodge No. 91	10.00
Dec.	19, 1917	Wade Barney Lodge No. 512	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Excelsior Lodge No. 97	5.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Int. Austin Masonic Temple Bonds	25.00
Dec.	20, 1917	St. Andrews Lodge No. 863	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Garfield Lodge No. 686	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Apollo Commandery No. 1	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Fillmore Lodge No. 670	5.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Illinois Central Lodge No. 178	5.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Iola Lodge No. 649	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Lafayette Lodge No. 657	5.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Horicon Lodge No. 244	10.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Integrity Lodge No. 997	10.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Crossman Chapter R. A. M. No. 155	5.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Waldeck Lodge No. 674	15.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Austin Lodge No. 850	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Lockport Lodge No. 538	25.00

Dec.	22, 1917	Banner Blue Lodge No. 924	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	St. Clair Council No. 61	5.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Woodlawn Park Lodge No. 841	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	John Carson Smith Lodge No. 944	15.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Sincerity Lodge No. 982	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	A. O. Fay Lodge No. 676	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Trowel Lodge No. 981	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Arcana Lodge No. 717	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	T. M. Akery and wife	15.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Unknown	3.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Apollo Quartette	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Trinity Commandery No. 80	12.50
Dec.	22, 1917	Elof Peterson North Shore Lodge	5.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Golden Rule Lodge No. 726	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Richard F. and Eleanor Kropf	5.00
Dec.	22, 1917	St. Cecelia Lodge No. 865	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Veritas Lodge No. 926	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Edward Thomas	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	John B. Sherman Lodge No. 880	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Pleiades Lodge No. 478	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Germania Lodge No. 182	20.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Wright's Grove Lodge No. 779	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Candida Lodge No. 927	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Delavan Lodge No. 156	5.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Constantia Lodge No. 783	25.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Highland Park Chapter R. A. M. No. 226	20.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Old Glory Lodge No. 975	25.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Circle Lodge No. 938	5.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Gothic Lodge No. 852	10.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Home Lodge No. 508	10.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Columbia Commandery No. 63	10.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Washington Park Lodge No. 956	10.00
Dec.	26, 1917	Lambert Lodge No. 659	10.00
Dec.	26, 1917	Justice Lodge No. 949	10.00
Dec.	26, 1917	Beacon Light Lodge No. 784	5.00
Dec.	26, 1917	Western Star Lodge No. 240	5.00
Dec.	27, 1917	Clay City Lodge No. 488	5.00
Dec.	27, 1917	East Gate Lodge No. 923	25.00
Dec.	27, 1917	Union Park Lodge No. 610	25.00
Dec.	27, 1917	King Oscar Lodge No. 855	15.00
Dec.	31, 1917	H. R. Southard (New York)	5.00
Jan.	2, 1918	Antioch Lodge No. 127	5.00
Jan.	3, 1918	Blair Lodge No. 393	15.00

Jan. 5, 1918	Chicago Lodge No. 437	25.00
Jan. 7, 1918	Hyde Park Lodge No. 989	10.00
Jan. 8, 1918	Fortitude Lodge No. 1003	10.00
Jan. 9, 1918	Ancient Craft Lodge No. 907	60.00
Jan. 10, 1918	Enfield Lodge No. 677	10.00
Jan. 11, 1918	Parkway Lodge No. 1008	10.00
Jan. 18, 1918	John Paul Jones Lodge No. 1013	10.00
Jan. 18, 1918	East St. Louis Chapter R. A. M. No. 156	5.00
Jan. 22, 1918	True Blue Lodge No. 994	25.00
Jan. 30, 1918	Republic Lodge No. 914	5.00
Feb. 7, 1918	Int. on Liberty Bonds	5.25
Feb. 9, 1918	Park Manor Lodge No. 899	25.00
Feb. 20, 1918	Brotherhood Lodge No. 986	25.00
Feb. 20, 1918	Rutland Lodge No. 477	15.00
Mar. 2, 1918	Fides Lodge No. 842	10.00
Mar. 21, 1918	Chicago Lodge No. 437	15.00
April 1, 1918	Fred W. Belz	10.00
April 8, 1918	Int. on bonds	205.00
April 14, 1918	Mizpah Lodge No. 768	25.00
April 29, 1918	Dr. G. W. Goss	10.00
April 29, 1918	E. J. Calley	15.00
May 29, 1918	Int. Liberty Loan	32.00
May 31, 1918	Mizpah Lodge No. 768	25.00
June 10, 1918	Unexpended monies from Medinah Temple	111.00
June 16, 1918	F. J. Buttermann	1.00
June 16, 1918	C. S. Farrell	1.00
June 18, 1918	Dongola Lodge No. 581	10.00
June 18, 1918	Int. Liberty bonds	6.00
June 25, 1918	Birchwood Lodge No. 1012	10.00
June 30, 1918	Int. May and June balances	2.69
July 3, 1918	Leland Lodge No. 558	5.00
July 3, 1918	Vesper Lodge No. 584	12.50
July 9, 1918	Fidelity Lodge No. 152	5.00
July 15, 1918	Cicero Lodge No. 955	54.25
July 31, 1918	Int. on balances	1.32
Aug. 9, 1918	Kendall Lodge No. 471	10.00
Aug. 11, 1918	Wm. A. Kroeplin, Normal Park Lodge	10.00
Aug. 11, 1918	Herman Kroeplin, Lakeside Lodge	5.00
Aug. 31, 1918	Int. on balances	1.48
Sept. 21, 1918	Int. on City of Clinton bonds	45.00
Total		$3,677.38

Recapitulation.

Oct. 1, 1917, Cash Balance		$ 495.59
Received from Cook County Lodges		1,769.25
Received from Cook County Chapters		225.00
Received from Cook County Commanderies		32.50
Received from Lodges outside Cook County		317.50
Received from Chapters outside Cook County		55.00
Received from Commanderies outside Cook County		10.00
Received from Eastern Star Chapters		120.00
Received from Individuals and other sources		652.54
		$3,677.38
Disbursements as per receipts	$1,190.72	
Liberty loan bonds and accrued interest	1,614.76	2,805.48
Sept. 30, 1918, Cash Balance		$ 871.90

Gifts and Donations.

Oct. 6, 1917	National Confectioners Asse. 150 ½-lb. boxes candy.
Oct. 13, 1917	Bro. Chas. A. Koepke, 2 bbls. apples.
Oct. 13, 1917	Mrs. Chas. Cale, girls winter coat.
Nov. 2, 1917	Lincoln Park Lodge No. 611, 9 vols. misc. books.
Nov. 2, 1917	Bro. Oscar Wolff, 5 gals. sweet cucumber pickles.
Nov. 2, 1917	U. S. Chemical Co., gal. liquid shampoo.
Nov. 25, 1917	Bros. A. E. Kidd, O. S. Nichols, Chas. Rhode, Ed. Rhode, Fred Bayha, Geo. Curren, E. A. Ginter and F. C. Wray, 30 lbs. peanut butter and a box of assorted cookies.
Nov. 25, 1917	Bro. Lee Bonheim, gross of tooth brushes.
Dec. 5, 1917	Edw. L. Clarke, 100 juvenile books.
Dec. 5, 1917	Chatham Lodge No. 523, bbl. apples.
Dec. 13, 1917	Edw. L. Clark, 150 lb. candy.
Dec. 13, 1917	Norton L. Stone, Kilwinning, radiopticon.
Dec. 18, 1917	F. M. Joseph, 150 lb. candy.
Dec. 19, 1917	Frances Willard Chapter O. E. S., presents for 25 children.
Dec. 20, 1917	Mrs. Wolf, box candy.
Dec. 20, 1917	Hyde Park Chapter O. E. S., handkerchiefs for all children.
Dec. 21, 1917	Stephen Decatur Lodge No. 979, stocking caps and scarfs for all the children.
Dec. 21, 1917	Mt. Joliet Lodge No. 42, presents for all children.
Dec. 21, 1917	Mrs. Willard-Wheeler Smith, 2 boxes apples.
Dec. 22, 1917	Lincoln Park Lodge No. 611, toys for all the children.
Dec. 22, 1917	Two boxes apples. Donor unknown.

Dec. 22, 1917	Bro. Lee Bonheim, Christmas fruit boxes for each child.
Dec. 22, 1917	E. S. Marks, box exquisite cookies.
Dec. 22, 1917	Mizpah Aid Society, bbl. apples, big box cracker-jack.
Dec. 22, 1917	Ben Hur Chapter O. E. S., box cracker-jack.
Dec. 22, 1917	Plainfield Lodge No. 536, pail candy.
Dec. 23, 1917	Estra Girls, presents for 6 children.
Dec. 24, 1917	Rotary Club, Chicago, 93 boxes chocolates.
Dec. 24, 1917	Acacia Club, Ben Hur Chapter, ½-lb. box candy for each child.
Dec. 24, 1917	Ancient Craft Lodge, 7 boys' dress shirts.
Mar. 14, 1918	Mr. and Mrs. John H. Bode, 14 vols. books.
April 6, 1918	Mrs. Harry Ilett, 12 vols. boys' books.
April 8, 1918	Mrs. Chester M. Bard, 27 vols. misc. books.
April 19, 1918	Ill. Masonic Hosp. Assc., 24 pcs. clothing.
April 25, 1918	Bro. Dazard, 11 lbs. honey and presents for children.
May 23, 1918	P. T. Hemmelgaard, box of children's slips.
June 8, 1918	Bro. Lee Bonheim, bananas and cracker-jack for everybody.
June 9, 1918	Bro. Edw. J. Rogerson, ice cream for everybody.
June 9, 1918	Hazel Rand, W. M. Edyth Chapter O. E. S., and ladies, candy and chocolates for all.
July 8, 1918	Bro. Fred Johnson, La Grange 770, 4 doz. pairs girls' stockings.
Aug. 24, 1918	Bro. Lee Bonheim, peaches for all.
Aug. 25, 1918	D. C. Cregier Lodge, 7 vols. books, doz. Victrola records.
Aug. 29, 1918	Ill. Masonic Assc., 12 muslin underwaists.
Aug. 29, 1918	Bro. E. A. Biggs, dozen vols. magazines and year's subscription to Wide World and Popular Mechanics.
Aug. 29, 1918	Bro. and Mrs. Frank A. Webber, candy for all the children and 40 tickets to War Exhibition.
Sept. 3, 1918	Bro. Adelbert Ellicson, tickets for 34 to War Exhibition.
Sept. 26, 1918	Miss Lelah M. Claxton, Secy. McHenry Branch of Needle Work Guild of America, 2 pairs mittens, 25 pairs stockings, 3 stocking caps, 5 suits underwear, 6 petticoats, 5 shirts, 3 waists, 2 pairs bloomers, 4 dresses, 2 night shirts, 1 pair pajamas, 1 blouse, 1 apron, 1 pair elastics, all of the above are new and of excellent quality.

With our gardening, domestic science and manual training courses, the past summer has been the busiest, and as a necessary consequence, the most interesting and the most profitable of any in my experience here. Our children have been the best fed, the healthiest and the happiest.

In concluding my report however, I feel that I should fall short of fulfilling my entire duty did I not again call your attention to the neces-

sity for larger quarters for our manual training and domestic science classes. With our Government calling upon the schools of the country to enlarge their vocational training courses, to increase the number of school hours per day and to lengthen the school year, this is no time for us to mark time. The only way to prepare the man is to prepare the boy.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO L. HILLIKER,
Superintendent.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF ILLINOIS MASONIC HOME.

To the Executive Committee in Charge of the Illinois Masonic Home:

SULLIVAN, ILL., OCTOBER 1, 1918.

GENTLEMEN:—The annual report of your superintendent is herewith submitted.

The great conflict raging in Europe and dominating all the interests of the world has exerted its influence on the management of the Home and has claimed six employes as active participants in its work. It is very difficult to secure men for such employment as we offer and it has been necessary to somewhat increase our payroll, especially on the farm. Certain supplies have been secured with great difficulty and at added expense.

We have conformed to all the war regulations and the employes and members have regularly contributed to all the various calls for financial aid. The members of the Home engaged in the work of knitting under direction of the Red Cross and furnished 60 pairs of socks, 10 sweaters, 18 pairs of wristlets and 80 Afghan squares and were ready to double the contribution of work but additional yarn could not be secured.

Under severe handicaps as to jars and equipment the matron and members of the Home prepared and canned 300 gallons of vegetables and made 85 gallons of catsup. Two barrels of cucumbers were made into pickles and we were fortunate enough to secure 100 quarts of cherries and strawberries for preserves.

The usual observance of holidays began with Hallowe'en when we had an abundance of apples, doughnuts, cider, pumpkin pie and all the fixings. For Thanksgiving we had chicken with cranberries and plum pudding—geese for Christmas (could not afford turkey) with mince pies and ice cream—chicken again for New Years. On Washington's birthday we had pork and mince pie with entertainment and decorations at night. At Easter we decorated and had flowers. We had veal with cakes and candy as eatables. July 4th we decorated but did not have fireworks. We had a picnic lunch with special music.

One hundred children visited the Home the evening of January 21st and put on a Christmas Cantata and other special numbers, greatly delighting the residents of the Home who seldom have opportunity to mingle with children. Four or five times during the year we have been visited by various musical organizations of Sullivan and the ministers have frequently brought choice musical talent with them for their religious services, and Rev. Watson gave us a pleasant evening lecture illustrated by stereopticon views.

The churches in Sullivan have made it extremely convenient for such as desire to attend Sunday school and church by furnishing free automobile

transportation to and from the churches on all pleasant Sundays. The ban on the Sunday use of gasoline interfered with this service but did not diminish our appreciation of the thoughtfulness and very kindly feeling so freely demonstrated by the various congregations and ministers.

The Ministerial Association of Sullivan has taken over the management of the religious services of the Home and conduct weekly meetings in charge of a minister selected by the association. This arrangement relieves the management of the Home of responsibilities and greatly improves the service. We are fortunate to find ourselves in the hands of our friends; they do better for us than we could possibly do for ourselves.

Our hospital has been a great comfort at all times and has given us excellent service. Competent help has not always been easy to secure but fortunately we have several members of the hospital force that have remained the year through and at no time has our work been seriously crippled.

Dr. J. F. Lawson has continued in charge of the medical and surgical work and has fully maintained the high standard of the past.

During the year the cemetery was re-platted completely and now provides for thirty rows of thirty graves each. In the re-arrangement the spaces for graves and walks are much more liberal than originally planned and we feel that the new arrangement is a great improvement. Those interred in the cemetery are now designated as follows:

Row No.	Grave No.	Name	Date of burial
1	1	Alfred Winwood	Aug. 24, 1916
1	2	Edward J. Tedmon	Sept. 4, 1916
1	3	Vacant	
1	4	Nancy Dodd	Oct. 7, 1916
1	5	Vacant	
1	6	Michael E. Fox	Dec. 8, 1916
1	7	Edward W. Willasey	Dec. 11, 1916
1	8	Harry Thorne	Mar. 17, 1917
1	9	Margie Bimrick	Mar. 19, 1917
1	10	James P. Ryan	April 9, 1917
1	11	Vacant	
1	12	Charles R. Grout	April 20, 1917
1	13	Tree	
1	14	George B. Johnston	June 7, 1917
1	15	Vacant	
1	16	Samuel F. White	June 24, 1917
1	17	Vacant	
1	18	Colven B. Burt	June 17, 1917
1	19	James Davis	July 30, 1917

1	20	Hiram H. Carpenter	Dec. 20, 1917
1	21	Annie J. Warner	Mar. 1, 1918
1	22	Margaret E. Burt	May 6, 1918
1	23	William H. Holder	May 23, 1918
1	24	William A. Hammonds	June 3, 1918

The following summaries show the details of application and membership:

APPLICATIONS PENDING OCTOBER 1, 1917.

No.	Name	Lodge	No.	Location	Action
443	Calvin Wheeler	Greenfield	129	Greenfield	Lapsed
510	Frank P. McKeon	Hesperia	411	Chicago	Lapsed
532	Justina C. Wheeler	Blue Mound	682	Blue Mound	Lapsed
541	John F. Tollifson	Cleveland	211	Chicago	Rejected
546	Napoleon B. Gray	Blair	393	Chicago	Died
547	Myra Lucinda Gray	Blair	393	Chicago	Lapsed
549	John Lawrence Saunders	Triluminar	767	Chicago	Approved
550	Alfred John Morrison	Sangamon	80	Fisher	Lapsed
552	Hiram S. Capps	Villa Grove	885	Villa Grove	Died
553	Harry Evans	Noble	362	Noble	Lapsed
554	Robert J. T. White	Star in the East	166	Rockford	Rejected
555	Anthony Frank Cassin	Western Star	240	Champaign	Approved
557	Fred Bisset	South Park	662	Chicago	Rejected
538	Dennis R. Talbert	Golden Rule	726	Chicago	Approved

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED SINCE OCTOBER 1, 1917.

No.	Name	Lodge	No.	Location	Action
499	Mary A. Thompson	Lake View	774	Chicago	Approved Reconsidered
1–558	James W. Spain	Olney	140	Olney	Approved
2–559	Mary A. Spain	Olney	140	Olney	Died
3–560	Andrew Nelson	King Oscar	855	Chicago	Approved
4–561	Charles A. Cole	Evans	524	Evanston	Rejected
5–562	Riley Lamb	Equality	2	Equality	Lapsed
6–563	Samuel G. Champlin	Belvidere	60	Belvidere	Approved
7–564	Eleanor A. Powers	Makanda	434	Makanda	Approved
8–565	Fountain W. Young	Richard Cole	697	Chicago	Approved
9–566	Jennie E. Boch	Covenant	526	Chicago	Lapsed
10–567	Charles Hurst	Urbana	157	Urbana	Pending
11–568	Clara E. Foster	Jerseyville	394	Jerseyville	Pending
12–569	Christina Dobson	Cleveland	211	Chicago	Approved
13–570	Samuel C. Whipple	Levi Lusk	270	Arlington	Approved
14–571	Sarah J. Wheeler	Flora	204	Flora	Pending
15–572	Susan J. Follett	Galva	243	Galva	Pending
16–573	Ary C. Johnson	Tonica	364	Tonica	Pending
17–574	Clarence P. Underwood	Sycamore	134	Sycamore	Rejected
18–575	George W. Drain	Prophetstown	293	Prophetstown	Approved
19–576	Josephine Drain	Prophetstown	293	Prophetstown	Approved
20–577	Edward Lyons	Blair	393	Chicago	Died
21–578	William F. Frentzel	Princeton	587	Princeton	Lapsed
22–579	David M. Harvey	New Haven	230	New Haven	Approved
23–580	John Krieg	Ionic	312	Decatur	Rejected
24–581	Margaret J. Riber	Blue Mound	682	Blue Mound	Approved
25–582	Henry Phillips	Streator	607	Streator	Rejected
26–583	Thomas Poor	Newton	216	Newton	Died
27–584	William M. Chambers	South Park	662	Chicago	Approved
28–585	Archie Robison	Alma	497	Steeleville	Approved
29–586	Sarah I. Robison	Alma	497	Steeleville	Approved
30–587	Daniel G. Peterson	Gothic	852	E. St. Louis	Approved
31–588	Louisa Digby	Barry	34	Barry	Approved
32–589	Miss Nellie Yocom	Olney	140	Olney	Approved
33–590	Elizabeth Horr	Lincoln Park	611	Chicago	Approved

No.	Name	Lodge	No.	Location	Action
34–591	Adam W. Stump	Dearborn	310	Chicago	Approved
35–592	Annie L. Stump	Dearborn	310	Chicago	Approved
36–593	Lewis D. Garrett	Arthur	825	Arthur	Approved
37–594	Julian M. Olszeewski	Herder	669	Chicago	Approved
38–595	Rebecca C. Bennett	Fairfield	206	Fairfield	Approved
39–596	Thomas J. McMackin	Marion	130	Salem	Approved
40–597	Clara E. Foster	Jerseyville	394	Jerseyville	Pending
41–598	Louis G. F. Dudenbostel	Alma	497	Steeleville	Lapsed
42–599	Alice E. Shanks	Western Star	240	Champaign	Approved
43–600	William A. McIlwraith	Lakeside	739	Chicago	Approved
44–601	John A. Willmot	Woodlawn Park	841	Chicago	Approved
45–602	Gus Nelson	A. Lincoln	518	Kirkwood	Approved
46–603	George D. Lester	Clayton	147	Clayton	Approved
47–604	William H. Wood	Golden Rule	726	Chicago	Approved
48–605	Albert R. Smith	Bodley	1	Quincy	Approved
49–606	Mary Jane Smith	Kilwinning	311	Chicago	Lapsed
50–607	Elizabeth Coombes	Sullivan	764	Sullivan	Approved
51–608	Edward E. Smith	Landmark	422	Chicago	Lapsed
52–609	Marshall M. Padelford	Pera	574	Ludlow	Pending
53–610	Josiah M. James	Bridgeport	386	Bridgeport	Approved
54–611	Lizzie James	Bridgeport	386	Bridgeport	Approved
55–612	Joseph Hunter	Yates City	448	Yates City	Pending
56–613	Alta Cranson	Homer	199	Homer	Pending
57–614	James E. Whitbread	Gothic	852	E. St. Louis	Pending
58–615	Silas F. Connor	Piasa	27	Alton	Rejected

APPLICATIONS.

Pending, Oct. 1, 1917	14	Approved	38
Received during the year	58	Rejected	20
Reconsidered	1	No Action	5
		Pending	10
Total	73	Total	73

PRESENT MEMBERSHIP (MEN).

	Name	Date Admitted	Age	Lodge No.	Location
123	Adam, Ernest	Sept. 3, 1908	86	Herman, 39	Quincy
125	Anderson, Nels	Sept. 12, 1908	88	Lakeside, 739	Chicago
143	Baker, Edward N.	May 18, 1909	80	Wade Barney, 512	Bloomington
449	Ballou, Charles W.	July 5, 1916	84	Freedom, 194	Freedom
400	Banvard, Benjamin M.	Aug. 5, 1915	69	Peoria, 15	Peoria
539	Barker, Henry J.	June 30, 1917	68	Fides, 842	Chicago
384	Benjamin, Lyman S.	July 12, 1915	74	Dearborn, 310	Chicago
286	Berhaupt, Louis	May 17, 1913	83	Pacific, 66	Knoxville
406	Brooks, Martin	Sept. 8, 1915	82	Hardin, 44	Mt. Sterling
398	Buchanan, Lewis C.	Dec. 20, 1915	56	Edward Dobbins, 164	Lawrenceville
555	Cassin, Anthony F.	April 19, 1918	68	Western Star, 240	Champaign
584	Chambers, William M.	May 26, 1918	79	South Park, 662	Chicago
428	Detrick, William C.	Oct. 27, 1915	74	Belvidere, 60	Belvidere
269	Dickson, Lawson J.	Aug. 15, 1913	80	Raymond, 692	Raymond
436	Dodd, Richard	Jan. 17, 1916	89	Sumner, 334	Sumner
527	Elmer, Theodore H.	April 8, 1917	74	Ashlar, 308	Chicago
	Funk, Weir M.	July 4, 1918	15	Exeter, 424	Exeter
	Funk, Chester R.	July 4, 1918	13	Exeter, 424	Exeter
512	Gowenlock, James E.	Jan. 17, 1917	63	Mt. Vernon, 31	Mt. Vernon
390	Green, George W.	July 23, 1915	74	Wade Barney, 512	Bloomington
579	Harvey, David M.	Mar. 9, 1918	63	New Haven, 230	New Haven
63	Hoover, James W.	June 27, 1906	70	Greenup, 125	Greenup
414	Hostetler, Virgil N.	Aug. 20, 1915	61	Ionic, 312	Decatur
310	Hyndman, Samuel	Jan. 3, 1914	77	Mizpah, 768	Chicago
610	James, Josiah M.	Aug. 25, 1918	71	Bridgeport, 386	Bridgeport
457	Johnson, Thomas	Mar. 4, 1916	79	White Hall, 80	White Hall
336	Kennedy, Thomas	May 14, 1914	74	Mystic Star, 758	Chicago
322	Kirkwood, Thomas M.	Mar. 13, 1914	84	Dearborn, 310	Chicago
37	Kistler, John S.	May 12, 1905	72	Preemption, 755	Preemption

Name	Date Admitted	Age	Lodge No.	Location
419 Krick, Albert	Sept. 16, 1915	62	Constantia, 783	Chicago
217 Larson, Niels	May 12, 1912	78	Apollo, 642	Chicago
603 Lester, George D.	Aug. 8, 1918	63	Clayton, 147	Clayton
211 Lively, Jeremiah H.	Feb. 29, 1912	76	Oblong City, 644	Oblong
470 Lyons, John J.	May 20, 1916	76	Keystone, 639	Chicago
72 Maroe, William H.	April 10, 1908	59	Kendrick, 430	Timewell
503 Miller, Leslie H.	Nov. 15, 1916	70	No Lodge	
465 Miller, Samuel B.	July 5, 1916	72	Enfield, 677	Enfield
352 Minkler, Thomas E.	Oct. 13, 1914	71	Aurora, 254	Aurora
372 Moore, James T.	May 13, 1915	69	Joppa, 706	Cowden
535 Morgan, Elijah A.	May 8, 1917	64	Ionic, 312	Decatur
391 McDaniel, James M.	July 27, 1915	55	Golden Rule, 726	Chicago
600 McIlwraith, William	July 7, 1918	68	Lakeside, 739	Chicago
162 McIntire, George W.	Mar. 9, 1910	73	Vesper, 584	Galesburg
51 McKissick, George	Feb. 22, 1906	66	Rock Island, 658	Rock Island
333 McLean, James C.	May 8, 1914	63	Paris, 268	Paris
560 Nelson, Andrew	June 7, 1918	71	King Oscar, 855	Chicago
451 Nicholas, John H.	May 10, 1916	71	Fairfield, 206	Fairfield
489 Olson, Henry A.	Aug. 28, 1916	36	Wm. B. Warren, 209	Chicago
594 Olszewski, Julian M.	Aug. 21, 1918	40	Herder, 669	Chicago
458 Paulsen, Peter	Mar. 28, 1916	55	Avondale, 921	Chicago
587 Peterson, Daniel G.	Mar. 17, 1918	76	Gothic, 852	E. St. Louis
214 Prichard, James	Mar. 28, 1912	82	Morning Star, 734	Canton
364 Quinlan, William J.	Nov. 30, 1914	83	Ionic, 312	Decatur
522 Rand, George W.	Aug. 6, 1917	79	Excelsior, 97	Freeport
420 Rich, James P.	Sept. 24, 1915	88	St. Clair, 24	Belleville
429 Richardson, William	Nov. 13, 1915	65	Lake View, 774	Chicago
476 Roberts, Charles G.	July 26, 1916	78	Wade Barney, 512	Bloomington
585 Robison, Archie	May 20, 1918	80	Alma, 497	Steeleville
305 Rouse, Frank F.	Oct. 17, 1913	56	Tyrian, 333	Springfield
42 Rundell, Gustavus D.	June 28, 1905	87	Acacia, 67	LaSalle
549 Saunders, John L.	April 30, 1918	76	Triluminar, 767	Chicago
548 Schumaker, Frederick C.	June 5, 1917	66	Constantia, 783	Chicago
475 Scott, Vincent F.	July 10, 1916	69	Mt. Pulaski, 87	Mt. Pulaski
605 Smith, Albert R.	Aug. 6, 1918	63	Bodley, 1	Quincy
114 Snell, William H.	June 26, 1908	71	Benjamin, 297	Camp Point
307 Snyder, George H.	Nov. 14, 1913	65	Hancock, 20	Carthage
558 Spain, James W.	Jan. 27, 1918	87	Olney, 140	Olney
591 Stump, Adam W.	June 6, 1918	62	Dearborn, 310	Chicago
538 Talbert, Dennis R.	Jan. 14, 1918	64	Golden Rule, 726	Chicago
171 Tucker, Kuther K.	July 30, 1910	85	Geneva, 139	Geneva
309 Watkins, Charles F.	Dec. 30, 1913	61	Wm. B. Warren, 209	Chicago
524 Wells, Julian E.	Mar. 21, 1917	62	Maroa, 454	Maroa
570 Whipple, Samuel C.	Feb. 7, 1918	78	Levi Lusk, 270	Arlington
347 Whitcomb, George H.	Oct. 14, 1914	78	Meteor, 283	Sandwich
339 Whitney, William V.	May 18, 1914	74	Arcola, 366	Arcola
601 Willmot, John A.	June 17, 1918	59	Woodlawn Park, 841	Chicago
216 Withrow, John J.	May 10, 1912	78	Occidental, 40	Ottawa
604 Wood, William H.	Sept. 7, 1918	45	Golden Rule, 726	Chicago
374 Young, William	Nov. 10, 1916	76	Lounsbury, 751	Barrington
94 Yunker, Fred	May 22, 1908	77	Wilmington, 208	Wilmington

PRESENT MEMBERSHIP (WOMEN)

Name	Date Admitted	Age	Lodge No.	Location
58 Alexander, Anna M.	Mar. 31, 1906	84	Ionic, 312,	Decatur
144 Baker, Elizabeth	June 29, 1909	67	Wade Barney, 512	Bloomington
540 Barker, Harriet	June 30, 1917	58	Fides, 842	Chicago
595 Bennett, Rebecca C.	April 17, 1918	70	Fairfield, 206	Fairfield
473 Bradney, Aurelia M.	July 24, 1916	85	Bodley, 1	Quincy
407 Brooks, Nancy A.	Sept. 8, 1915	74	Hardin, 44	Mt. Sterling
472 Butler, Mary	July 6, 1916	79	Pontiac, 294	Pontiac
303 Campbell, Mary E.	Oct. 19, 1913	68	Huntsville, 465	Huntsville
607 Coombes, Elizabeth	Feb. 2, 1918	81	Sullivan, 764	Sullivan
477 Craig, Elizabeth R.	Feb. 1, 1917	81	Iola, 691	Iola
189 Davis, Amanda R.	Aug. 24, 1911	87	Jeffersonville, 460.	Jeffersonville
588 Digby, Louisa	Mar. 9, 1918	82	Barry, 34	Barry
569 Dobson, Christina	May 6, 1918	69	Cleveland, 211	Chicago

	Name	Date Admitted	Age	Lodge No.	Location
388	Fenton, Eliza	Jan. 4, 1916	68	T. J. Turner, 409	Chicago
190	Green, Bessie	Aug. 10, 1911	77	Covenant, 526	Chicago
508	Grout, Mary R.	Aug. 21, 1915	70	Garden City, 141	Chicago
300	Haley, Julia E.	Oct. 13, 1913	66	Garfield, 686	Chicago
447	Hammonds, Hannah	Jan. 21, 1916	68	LaFayette, 657	Grand Tower
393	Hansell, Emily C.	May 28, 1915	66	Lincoln Park, 611	Chicago
373	Henderson, Annie G.	Jan. 20, 1915	74	Cairo, 237	Cairo
450	Hildreth, Christian	Jan. 21, 1916	78	Vermilion, 265	Indianola
511	Hitchcock, Mary	Sept. 11, 1917	68	Garfield, 686	Chicago
278	Howard, Amelia W.	Dec. 20, 1912	78	Wm. B. Warren, 209	Chicago
611	James, Lizzie	Aug. 25, 1918	62	Bridgeport, 386	Bridgeport
399	Jarboe, Mary L.	Aug. 5, 1915	61	Kansas, 280	Kansas
464	Johnsen, Emily	Oct. 6, 1916	70	Logan Square, 891	Chicago
336	Johnson, Rebecca	June 23, 1914	79	Quincy, 296	Quincy
463	Joice, (Miss) Annie E.	April 27, 1916	51	Covenant, 526	Chicago
462	Joice, Eliza G.	April 27, 1916	75	Covenant, 526	Chicago
502	Pearsall, Harriet A.	Oct. 28, 1916	83	No. Lodge	
20	Philhower, Hannah	Nov. 23, 1904	78	Mattoon, 260	Mattoon
166	Phillips, Ella	April 15, 1910	71	Murphysboro, 498	Murphysboro
564	Powers, Elenor A.	Nov. 27, 1917	76	Makanda, 434	Makanda
586	Robison, Sarah I.	May 20, 1918	73	Alma, 497	Steeleville
282	Schnellbacher, Anna M.	Mar. 19, 1913	67	Empire, 126	Pekin
599	Shanks, Alice E.	June 1, 1918	65	Western Star, 240	Champaign
592	Stump, Annie L.	June 6, 1918	57	Dearborn, 310	Chicago
335	Tatham, Harriett A.	May 2, 1914	74	Greenville, 245	Greenville
362	Tedmon, Jennie M.	Feb. 18, 1915	63	Kilwinning, 311	Chicago
499	Thompson, Mary A.	Nov. 25, 1917	87	Lake View, 774	Chicago
523	Wade, Elizabeth H.	Feb. 27, 1917	66	Belle Rive, 696	Belle Rive
519	Walder; Mollie A.	Jan. 29, 1917	79	Cairo, 237	Cairo
196	Weddle, Elizabeth	Nov. 23, 1911	65	Pana, 226	Pana
209	White, Augusta G.	Jan. 13, 1912	92	Blair, 393	Chicago
346	Williams, Margaret J.	Jan. 3, 1915	69	Oak Park, 540	Oak Park
589	Yocom, Miss Nellie	Feb. 26, 1918	66	Olney, 140	Olney
174	Humble, Martha	Sept. 23, 1918	83	John D. Moody, 510	Iuka

SUMMARY.

Children	2
Men	78
Women	47
	127

DEATHS.

Date of Death	Name	Place of Interment
Nov. 3, 1917	Charles Cobiskey	Chicago, Ill.
Dec. 14, 1917	Strother Gaines Barbee	Effingham, Ill.
Dec. 18, 1917	Hiram H. Carpenter	Masonic Home Cemetery
Feb. 8, 1918	Wilson H. Lane	Quincy, Ill.
Feb. 14, 1918	Martha Lawrence	Chicago, Ill.
Feb. 21, 1918	Samuel G. Champlain	Belvidere, Ill.
Feb. 26, 1918	John E. Boudinot	Danville, Ill.
Feb. 27, 1918	Annie J. Warner	Masonic Home Cemetery
Mar. 27, 1918	David W. Rodefer	Hamilton, Ohio
April 8, 1918	William M. Sproull	Greenville, Ill.
April 24, 1918	John B. Kelley	Chicago, Ill.
April 25, 1918	Alexander Masters	Springfield, Ill.
April 29, 1918	William W. Wallace	Centralia, Ill.
May 4, 1918	Helen Howard	Chicago, Ill.
May 5, 1918	Margaret E. Burt	Masonic Home Cemetery
May 9, 1918	Margaret J. Riber	Mt. Zion, Ill.
May 22, 1918	William H. Holder	Masonic Home Cemetery
May 30, 1918	Seth A. Minard	Milan, Ohio
May 31, 1918	William A. Hammonds	Masonic Home Cemetery
June 20, 1918	Henry Wisenant	Mt. Pulaski, Ill.
June 29, 1918	Frank Plischke	Chicago, Ill.

MEMBERSHIPS TERMINATED OTHER THAN BY DEATH.

Date	Name	Lodge	Cause
Dec. 23, 1917	William E. Fowler.....	Olive Branch, 38.....	Withdrew
Jan. 21, 1918	Charles W. Earl.....	Arcana, 717.....	Went to work
Feb. 11, 1918	Lucy R. Lane.....	Quincy, 296.....	To live with sister
April 4, 1918	Martha Humble	John D. Moody, 510...	Away over time
April 11, 1918	William Hodgkin	Lambert, 659.....	Away over time
April 11, 1918	Alvina K. Hodgkin.....	Lambert, 659.....	Away over time
May 19, 1918	Jacob Franlick	Waldeck, 674.....	Away over time
June 2, 1918	Elizabeth Horr	Lincoln Park, 611.....	Went to work
June 21, 1918	Nancy Wisenant	Mt. Pulaski, 87..	To live with daughter
July 4, 1918	Theodore Beenke	Kensington, 804...	To LaGrange Home
Aug. 9, 1918	Gus Nelson	A. Lincoln, 518.....	Withdrew
Sept. 21,1918	Fountain W. Young....	Richard Cole, 697.....	Withdrew
Nov. 25, 1917	Adam Bell	Matteson, 175	Discharged
Mar. 12, 1918	Elizabeth Bennett	Cleveland, 211	Discharged

RECAPITULATION.

Membership Oct. 1, 1917.....	125	Died during the year.....	21
Boys from LaGrange.....	2	Withdrew	12
Admitted during the year.....	34	Discharged	2
Re-instated	1	Membership Oct. 1, 1918.....	127
Total	162	Total	162

ENTERTAINMENT FUND RECEIPTS—1917 AND 1918.

Dec.	2, 1917	Dr. J. C. Weber, Olney, Ill.....	$ 10.00
Dec.	3, 1917	Metropolitan Lodge No. 860	25.00
Dec.	4, 1917	America Lodge No. 889.....	10.00
Dec.	5, 1917	Longdale Lodge No. 995.....	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Lake View Lodge No. 774.....	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Garden City Lodge No. 141.....	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Lincoln Chapter No. 177.....	25.00
Dec.	6, 1917	Cairo Chap. No. 71.....	5.00
Dec.	7, 1917	McKinley Lodge No. 876.....	10.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Sunrise Lodge No. 996.....	20.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Auburn Park Chap. No. 201.....	10.00
Dec.	7, 1917	Harmony Lodge No. 3.....	5.00
Dec.	8, 1917	E. St. Louis Lodge No. 504.....	5.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Olive Branch Lodge No. 38.....	10.00
Dec.	8, 1917	York Chap. No. 148.....	25.00
Dec.	8, 1917	Emblem Lodge No. 984.....	10.00
Dec.	9, 1917	Pyramid Lodge No. 887.....	5.00
Dec.	9, 1917	Constellation Lodge No. 892.....	25.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Thos. J. Turner Lodge No. 409.....	25.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Columbian Lodge No. 819.....	15.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Avondale Lodge No. 921.....	15.00
Dec.	11, 1917	Welcome Lodge No. 916.....	15.00
Dec.	12, 1917	Marine Lodge No. 355.....	5.00
Dec.	12, 1917	Boulevard Lodge No. 882.....	50.00
Dec.	12, 1917	Oriental Lodge No. 33.....	25.00

Dec.	12, 1917	Mizpah Lodge No. 768	25.00
Dec.	13, 1917	Albany Park Lodge No. 974	10.00
Dec.	14, 1917	Edward Dobbins Lodge No. 164	15.00
Dec.	14, 1917	Compass Lodge No. 922	5.00
Dec.	16, 1917	Accordia Lodge No. 277	5.00
Dec.	16, 1917	Cairo Lodge No. 237	5.00
Dec.	16, 1917	Temple Lodge No. 46	25.00
Dec.	16, 1917	Welfare Lodge No. 991	10.00
Dec.	16, 1917	Waubansia Lodge No. 160	25.00
Dec.	16, 1917	Kankakee Chap. No. 78	10.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Bohemia Lodge No. 943	25.00
Dec.	17, 1917	Pullman Chap. No. 204	10.00
Dec.	19, 1917	Crescent Lodge No. 895	35.00
Dec.	19, 1917	Shabbona Lodge No. 374	5.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Lakeside Lodge No. 739	5.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Anchor Lodge No. 980	5.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Lawndale Lodge No. 243	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Wade Barney Lodge No. 512	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Apollo Commandery No. 1	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Garfield Lodge No. 686	10.00
Dec.	20, 1917	Iola Lodge No. 691	10.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Prudence Lodge No. 958	15.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Integrity Lodge No. 997	10.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Waldeck Lodge No. 674	25.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Fillmore Lodge No. 670	5.00
Dec.	21, 1917	Crossman Chap. No. 155	5.00
Dec.	22, 1917	St. Cecelia Lodge No. 865	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Veritas Lodge No. 926	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Arcana Lodge No. 717	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Sincerity Lodge No. 982	10.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Pleaides Lodge No. 478	25.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Constantia Lodge No. 783	50.00
Dec.	22, 1917	John Carson Smith Lodge No. 944	15.00
Dec.	22, 1917	Trowel Lodge No. 981	10.00
Dec.	23, 1917	Gothic Lodge No. 852	10.00
Dec.	23, 1917	Banner Blue No. 924	10.00
Dec.	24, 1917	Columbia Commandery No. 63	10.00
Dec.	27, 1917	Clay City Lodge No. 488	5.00
Dec.	27, 1917	Wright's Grove Lodge No. 779	10.00
Dec.	27, 1917	Justice Lodge No. 949	10.00
Dec.	27, 1917	Mt. Joliet Lodge No. 42	61.50
Dec.	27, 1917	King Oscar Lodge No. 855	25.00
Dec.	27, 1917	Delavan Lodge No. 156	5.00

Dec. 27, 1917	Home Lodge No. 508	10.00
Dec. 27, 1917	Old Glory Lodge No. 975	25.00
Dec. 28, 1917	Washington Park Lodge No. 956	10.00
Dec. 28, 1917	Kewanee Lodge No. 159	15.00
Dec. 28, 1917	Union Park Lodge No. 610	25.00
Dec. 28, 1917	Circle Lodge No. 938	5.00
Jan. 3, 1918	Blair Lodge No. 393	25.00
Jan. 5, 1918	Chicago Lodge No. 437	25.00
Jan. 6, 1918	Hyde Park Lodge No. 989	10.00
Jan. 10, 1918	Ancient Craft Lodge No. 907	35.00
Jan. 10, 1918	Fortitude Lodge U. D.	10.00
Jan. 10, 1918	Enfield Lodge No. 677	10.00
Jan. 11, 1918	LaFayette Chapter No. 2	10.00
Jan. 11, 1918	Parkway Lodge U. D.	10.00
Jan. 17, 1918	John Paul Jones Lodge No. 1013	10.00
Jan. 19, 1918	East St. Louis Chap. No. 156	5.00
Jan. 31, 1918	True Blue Lodge No. 994	25.00
Jan. 30, 1918	Republic Lodge No. 914	5.00
Feb. 9, 1918	Park Manor Lodge No. 899	25.00
Feb. 15, 1918	Rutland Lodge No. 477	15.00
Feb. 19, 1918	Brotherhood Lodge No. 986	25.00
Feb. 19, 1918	South Gate Lodge No. 968	10.00
Mar. 1, 1918	Money in Christmas envelope left by H. H. Carpenter	4.55
Mar. 1, 1918	Money left by Mrs. Lawrence	4.00
Mar. 1, 1918	Received miscellaneous	1.00
April 1, 1918	Received sale of junk Feb. 17	2.40
April 1, 1918	Received sale of junk Feb. 23	7.15
April 27, 1918	Money left in Christmas envelope by Bros. Masters and Kelley	4.00
April 29, 1918	W. Wallace Christmas envelope	2.00
May 9, 1918	Received check from Lakeside Lodge for sewing for Mrs. Thompson	4.00
May 9, 1918	Received from Mr. F. W. Belz (in memory of his wife)	10.00
May 24, 1918	Returned to Fund (Wm. H. Holder) Christmas fund for last two years	4.00
June 15, 1918	Received from Dongola Lodge No. 581. Check for $20.00 but forwarded $10.00 to Ill. Masonic Orphans' Home, LaGrange, Ill.	10.00
June 22, 1918	Birchwood Lodge No. 1012	10.00
June 27, 1918	Received check from Johnson Chair Co. for Board of Chair-Polisher	4.50

June 23, 1918	Received for Masonic Home-Circulars-Booklet...	2.00
July 12, 1918	Vesper Lodge No. 584, Galesburg, Ill.....	12.50
July 12, 1918	Fidelity Lodge No. 152, Medora, Ill.....	5.00
July 12, 1918	Leland Lodge No. 558, Leland, Ill.....	5.00
July 15, 1918	Cicero Lodge No. 955.....	75.95
Aug. 6, 1918	W. H. Walker for junk sold.....	11.80
Aug. 9, 1918	Kendall Lodge No. 471, Yorkville, Ill.....	10.00
Aug. 9, 1918	W. H. Walker for junk sold.....	23.00
	Total Receipts	$1,629.35
Balance on hand Oct. 1, 1917.....		66.11
Total in Entertainment Fund for the year.....		$1,695.46
Total disbursements		1,242.40
Balance October 1, 1918.....		$ 453.06

DISBURSEMENTS OF ENTERTAINMENT FUND, 1917-1918.

Nov. 9, 1917	E. Wright Allen, provisions.....	$ 25.50
Nov. 9, 1917	Albert Pick & Co., Hallowe'en supplies.....	3.92
Nov. 30, 1917	E. E. Barber, Sunday papers.....	30.80
Dec. 24, 1917	First National Bank, 123 bills—$2.00.....	246.00
Dec. 27, 1917	E. Wright Allen, apples.....	6.00
Dec. 27, 1917	Roadman's Bakery, doughnuts	7.00
Dec. 27, 1917	Mrs. H. M. Myers, geese.....	34.40
Dec. 27, 1917	J. H. Alumbaugh, nuts.....	4.50
Dec. 27, 1917	G. H. Brown	1.60
Dec. 27, 1917	Jos. Michles, cigars	80.00
Dec. 27, 1917	Broadway Greenhouse, flowers.....	15.00
Dec. 27, 1917	Wilson & Co., Christmas decorations.....	8.75
Dec. 27, 1917	Smith & Ward, Christmas goods.....	10.25
Dec. 27, 1917	O. L. Todd, Christmas goods.....	26.43
Dec. 27, 1917	L. A. Minard, expense entertainment.....	1.00
Dec. 27, 1917	Hancock Com. Co., Christmas goods.....	80.64
Dec. 27, 1917	McClelland Grocer Co., Christmas candies & dates	43.10
Jan. 11, 1918	East Side Drug Store, Hallowe'en decorations...	2.30
Jan. 15, 1918	Sam B. Hall, Victrola records.....	3.75
Jan. 15, 1918	Sullivan Ice Cream Co., ice cream.....	8.10
Jan. 19, 1918	Chas. W. Earle, traveling expense to Chicago....	3.50
Jan. 21, 1918	Sam B. Hall, miscellaneous.....	2.70
Jan. 22, 1918	Ray Roberts, trip with sled.....	5.00
Jan. 26, 1918	R. D. Meeker, Christmas candy.....	37.50
Feb. 1, 1918	Carl Foster, trip with sled.....	4.00

Feb. 1, 1918	Rex Electric Co., Christmas lamps	2.40
Feb. 11, 1918	Mrs. W. H. Lane, expense to Quincy	12.50
Feb. 19, 1918	W. R. Strickland, trip with sled	4.00
Feb. 23, 1918	Sullivan Ice Cream Co., ice cream	16.00
Feb. 28, 1918	J. E. Wood, fancy cakes	15.70
Mar. 16, 1918	John Bupp, trip with sled	4.00
Mar. 29, 1918	E. E. Barber, Sunday papers, etc.	45.97
April 23, 1918	J. A. Wibe, Easter flowers	2.10
April 23, 1918	Rev. W. B. Hopper	20.00
April 23, 1918	Rev. M. C. Cochrum	20.00
April 23, 1918	Rev. G. B. Metzel	20.00
April 23, 1918	Rev. J. L. Watson	20.00
April 23, 1918	Sullivan Ice Cream Co.	8.00
April 30, 1918	J. E. Wood, specials for Easter	19.80
April 30, 1918	Sam B. Hall, Victrola points	2.25
April 30, 1918	R. D. Meeker, candy	3.50
May 28, 1918	E. A. Hyneman, Piano bench and scarf	212.50
May 31, 1918	Ill. Central R. R. Co., freight	5.00
June 15, 1918	Ill. Masonic Orphans' Home, entertainment check	10.00
June 27, 1918	Sullivan Ice Cream Co., ice cream	6.75
June 27, 1918	Mrs. H. Brandon, Record	3.25
June 28, 1918	Hyatt's Supply Co., 4th of July goods	10.00
June 29, 1918	Wm. H. Snell, baling old paper	6.00
July 12, 1918	Sullivan Ice Cream Co., ice cream—4th of July	13.50
July 12, 1918	Jobst-Bethard Co., 4th of July dinner	4.70
July 12, 1918	Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., cookies for 4th of July	16.78
July 26, 1918	McClelland Grocer Co., candy for 4th of July	7.06
Sept. 9, 1918	Sullivan Ice Cream Co., ice cream	10.80
Sept. 9, 1918	Silver Moon Restaurant, cheese	1.35
Sept. 19, 1918	Sullivan Ice Cream Co., ice cream	10.80
Sept. 24, 1918	Sullivan Livery & Taxi Co., Taxi service—entertainment	9.50
Sept. 24, 1918	Wood's Cash Grocery, cakes for entertainment	2.45
	Total disbursements	$1,242.40
	Balance on hand Sept. 30	453.06

STATEMENT OF BANK ACCOUNTS.

SPECIAL FUEL ACCOUNT.

Balance Bank Account, Sept. 26, 1918	$ 637.04
Outstanding checks	637.04

GENERAL FUND.

Bank Balance		$3,805.89
Outstanding checks	$1,811.10	
Pay Roll Checks	1,993.53	3,804.63
Cash Balance		$ 1.26

LIBRARY FUND.

Bank Balance	$ 54.91
Outstanding Checks	45.90
	$ 9.01

ENTERTAINMENT FUND.

Bank Balance	$ 465.01
Outstanding Checks	11.95
Cash Balance	$ 453.06

CASH STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

Sept. 2	Farm Products	$ 232.49
Sept. 6	Refund, Tank returned	20.00
Sept. 24	Refund, Docket Fee	3.00
Sept. 7	Received from secretary	6,720.92
		$6,976.41
	Balance September 1st	497.98
		$7,474.39
	Disbursements for September	7,473.13
	Balance September 30, 1918	$ 1.26

.....
Supt.

Audited and Approved

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.....

The expense for the year for maintaining the hospital is shown in the following summary of accounts:

Provisions for the year	$ 6,300.37
Furnishings for the year	637.32

Medical, including medicines, doctor and nurses	4,903.97
Laundry	271.32
Light, heat and power	2,774.40
	$14,887.38

The following produce was furnished the Home and hospital from the farm and garden, for which credit has been given to the farm:

Vegetables, eggs and meat	$ 4,106.92
Milk	4,427.04
Total	$ 8,533.96

Farm Inventory.

GRAINS.

Alfalfa, 35 T. @ $30.00	$1,050.00	
Timothy, 25 T. @ $27.50	687.50	
Baled W. Straw, 25 T. @ $8.00	200.00	
Oats, 1000 bu. @ $.68	680.00	
Old corn, 500 bu. @ $1.60	800.00	
30 A. corn, silo @ $1.40 bu. and labor	1,750.00	
60 A. corn in field, @ $1.35 bu	3,645.00	
60 A. wheat planted @ $5.00 A	300.00	
Clover hay, 15 T. @ $10.00	150.00	
Garden truck	749.00	
		$ 10,011.50

STOCK.

14 horses	$2,675.00	
7 colts	1,000.00	
14 cows in barn, H. F.	2,800.00	
4 cows in west pasture, H. F.	560.00	
14 grades in barn	2,100.00	
Bull No. 1	200.00	
Bull No. 2	150.00	
3 spring bulls	225.00	
6 heifer calves in barn	120.00	
4 bull calves in barn	20.00	
2 grade steers	75.00	
5 H. F. heifers } Lot	500.00	
3 grade heifers } Lot	115.00	
18 hogs in lot @ $25.00	450.00	

9 brood sows	@ 60.00		
1 boar	@ 60.00		600.00
28 pigs	@ 12.50		350.00
20 sheep	@ 20.00		400.00

IN EAST PASTURE.

6 small steers	@ $55.00		330.00
31 steers	@ 88.00		2,728.00
6 cows	@ 90.00		540.00
7 grade heifers	@ 50.00		350.00

IN WEST PASTURE.

3 grade heifers	@ $60.00		180.00

$ 16,468.00

Total $ 26,479.50

Respectfully submitted,

W. A. Dixon,
Superintendent.

Robert J. Daly, Esq., President, Board of Managers, Illinois Masonic Home, Chicago, Ill.

Dear Sir:—

At the request of Mr. Louis L. Emmerson, I have examined the records at the Illinois Masonic Home, Sullivan, for the year ending September 30, 1918, and hereby certify that the appended statement is a true and correct exhibit of conditions of the funds, and that the cash balances, as shown by these statements, agree with the bank balances; proper allowance being made for vouchers issued and not yet presented for payment as shown by these records.

Yours very truly,

A. B. Steuben,
Auditor.

Dated at Springfield, September 30, 1918.

DETAILED REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL DEFENSE.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

Lodges A. F. & A. M. of Illinois	$86,009.33
Chapters, R. A. M.	130.00
Lodges, U. D.	306.00
Eastern Star Chapters	261.40
Aryan Grotto Valentine Party	56.00
Medinah Arab Patrol and Oriental Band	1,126.82
McCormick Foremen's Club	80.00
From members of Lodges of other jurisdictions	301.29
Interest on Bank Deposits	276.52
Total	$88,547.36
Total Disbursements	14,782.87
Balance on hand October 1, 1918	$73,764.49

Receipts in Detail

from lodges

Aaron No. 913	$ 295.00	Ashlar No. 308	210.00
Abingdon No. 185	72.00	Ashmore No. 390	25.00
Abraham Lincoln No. 518	306.00	Ashton No. 531	62.00
Acacia No. 67	68.00	Astoria No. 100	2.00
Accordia No. 277	372.00	A. T. Darrah No. 793	94.00
Akin No. 749	21.00	Atkinson No. 433	18.00
Albany No. 566	50.00	Atlanta No. 165	47.00
Albany Park No. 974	112.00	Atwood No. 651	45.50
Aledo No. 252	36.00	Auburn Park No. 789	3.00
Alexandria No. 702	80.00	Aurora No. 254	198.00
Algonquin No. 960	17.00	Austin No. 850	174.50
Allendale No. 752	13.00	Avondale No. 921	211.00
Alpha No. 155	14.00	Avon-Harmony No. 253	9.00
Alta No. 748	23.00	Banner Blue No. 924	106.00
Altamont No. 533	16.00	Bardolph No. 572	19.00
Altona No. 330	47.00	Barry No. 34	296.00
Alto Pass No. 840	15.00	Basco No. 618	15.00
America No. 889	682.00	Batavia No. 404	157.50
Ames No. 142	29.00	Bay City No. 771	48.00
Amity No. 472	57.00	Baylis No. 1000	15.00
Amon No. 261	46.00	Beacon Light No. 784	101.00
Anchor No. 980	1.00	Beecher City No. 665	20.00
Ancient Craft No. 907	128.00	Bee Hive No. 909	56.00
Andalusia No. 516	130.00	Belle River No. 696	16.00
Anna No. 520	11.00	Belknap No. 822	17.00
Antioch No. 127	70.00	Bellflower No. 911	25.00
A. O. Fay No. 676	163.00	Belvidere No. 60	307.00
Apollo No. 642	191.50	Ben Franklin No. 962	5.00
Apple River No. 859	48.00	Ben Hur No. 818	2.00
Arcana No. 717	335.50	Benjamin No. 297	65.00
Argenta No. 871	27.00	Berwyn No. 839	442.00
Arthur No. 825	101.00	Bethalto No. 406	27.00
Ashland No. 929	100.00	Birchwood No. 1012	317.00

Blackberry No. 359	7.00
Blair No. 393	308.00
Blandinsville No. 233	67.00
Blaney No. 271	52.00
Blazing Star No. 458	45.00
Bloomfield No. 148	4.00
Bloomington No. 43	291.50
Blue Mound No. 682	22.00
Bodley No. 1	152.00
Bohemia No. 943	862.00
Boulevard No. 882	616.50
Bowen No. 486	52.00
Boyd D. No. 857	49.00
Bradford No. 514	43.00
Brighton Park No. 854	110.00
Broadlands No. 791	71.50
Bromwell No. 451	157.00
Brooklyn No. 282	34.00
Brotherhood No. 986	881.55
Broughton No. 963	10.00
Buffalo Prairie No. 679	102.00
Bunker Hill No. 151	242.00
Burnt Prairie No. 668	12.00
Byron No. 274	66.00
Cairo No. 237	64.00
Caledonia No. 47	10.00
Calhoun No. 792	23.00
Calumet No. 716	586.00
Camargo No. 440	49.00
Cambridge No. 49	45.00
Candida No. 927	262.00
Capron No. 575	24.00
Carlock No. 904	1.00
Carmi No. 272	94.00
Carnation No. 900	59.00
Carrollton No. 50	150.00
Casey No. 442	50.00
Cass No. 23	115.00
Catlin No. 285	25.00
Cedar No. 124	33.00
Centennial No. 747	186.00
Central No. 71	103.00
Centralia No. 201	327.50
Cerro Gordo No. 600	5.00
Chadwick No. 867	96.00
Chandlerville No. 724	50.00
Channahon No. 262	13.00
Chapel Hill No. 719	25.00
Charleston No. 35	75.00
Charter Oak No. 236	49.00
Chatham No. 523	130.00
Chatsworth No. 539	63.50
Cheney's Grove No. 468	3.00
Chenoa No. 292	1.00
Cherry Valley No. 173	10.00
Chester No. 72	32.00
Chesterfield No. 445	81.50
Chicago No. 437	60.00
Chicago Heights No. 851	196.00
Cicero No. 955	233.10
Circle No. 938	87.00
Clark No. 603	104.00
Clay City No. 488	56.00
Clayton No. 147	10.00
Clement No. 680	26.00
Cleveland No. 211	373.00
Clinton No. 19	164.00
Clover Leaf No. 990	38.00
Cobden No. 466	24.00
Colchester No. 496	60.00
Colfax No. 799	1.00
Collinsville No. 712	58.00
Columbia No. 474	150.00
Columbian No. 819	718.00
Comet No. 641	60.00
Community No. 1005	63.00
Compass No. 922	132.00
Composite No. 879	154.00
Concord No. 917	3.00
Constantia No. 783	336.00
Constellation No. 892	278.00
Cooper No. 489	114.00
Cornell No. 868	48.00
Cornerstone No. 875	183.50
Cornland No. 808	77.00
Cottonwood No. 920	42.00
Covenant No. 526	379.00
Crawford No. 666	38.00
Creal Springs No. 817	2.00
Crescent No. 895	232.00
Creston No. 320	109.00
Cuba No. 534	111.00
Cyrene No. 987	95.00
Cyrus No. 188	60.00
Dahlgren No. 967	10.00
Dallas City No. 235	35.00
Damascus No. 888	127.00
Danvers No. 742	73.00
D. C. Cregier No. 643	576.00
Dean No. 833	28.00
Dearborn No. 310	41.00
DeKalb No. 144	49.00
Delavan No. 156	197.00
Denver No. 464	37.00
Depue No. 951	15.00
De Soto No. 287	21.00
Desplaines No. 890	50.00
Dills No. 295	19.00
Dongola No. 581	32.00
Donnellson No. 255	40.00
Donovan No. 952	16.00
Doric No. 319	689.00
Douglas No. 361	37.00
Dundee No. 190	33.00
Dunlap No. 321	107.00
Du Quoin No. 234	1.00
East Gate No. 923	169.00
East Moline No. 969	128.00
East St. Louis No. 504	494.00
Eddyville No. 672	26.00
Edgar No. 829	20.00
Edgewater No. 901	270.00
Edgewood No. 484	55.00
Edward Dobbins No. 164	64.00
Edwardsville No. 99	193.00
Effingham No. 149	21.00
E. F. W. Ellis No. 633	96.00
El Dara No. 388	21.00
Eldorado No. 730	36.00
Elgin No. 117	153.00
Elkhart No. 903	21.00
Elmhurst No. 941	109.00
El Paso No. 246	7.00
Elvaston No. 715	27.00
Elwood No. 919	25.00
Emblem No. 984	212.50
E. M. Husted No. 796	207.00
Empire No. 126	184.00
Enfield No. 677	25.00
Englewood No. 690	112.00
Equality No. 2	12.00
Equity No. 878	391.00

Erie No. 667	67.00
Eureka No. 69	50.00
Evans No. 524	633.00
Evergreen No. 170	286.00
Ewing No. 705	11.00
Excelsior No. 97	1.00
Exemplar No. 966	198.50
Exeter No. 424	25.00
Fair Oaks No. 1006	155.00
Fairview No. 350	30.00
Farina No. 601	100.00
Farmer City No. 710	36.00
Farmers No. 232	15.00
Farmington No. 192	113.00
Federal No. 961	3.00
Fellowship No. 89	14.00
Fernwood Park No. 971	99.00
Fides No. 842	91.00
Findlay No. 831	29.00
Fisher No. 585	45.50
Flat Rock No. 348	112.00
Flora No. 204	14.00
Forrest No. 614	90.00
Fortitude No. 1003	130.00
Frankfort No. 567	32.00
Franklin No. 25	250.50
Franklin Grove No. 264	26.00
Fraternal No. 58	112.00
Freeburg No. 418	139.00
Freedom No. 194	4.00
Friendship No. 7	201.00
Galatia No. 684	1.00
Galva No. 243	114.00
Garden City No. 141	378.00
Garfield No. 686	453.00
Genoa No. 288	11.00
Geo. Washington No. 222	13.00
Germania No. 182	913.00
Gibson No. 733	156.50
Gillespie No. 214	252.00
Gilham No. 809	18.00
Gilman No. 591	7.00
Gil W. Barnard No. 908	91.00
Girard No. 171	56.00
Glencoe No. 983	78.00
Glen Ellyn No. 950	72.00
Golconda No. 131	71.00
Golden Gate No. 248	19.00
Golden Rule No. 726	55.00
Good Hope No. 617	65.00
Goode No. 744	111.00
Gordon No. 473	16.00
Gothic No. 852	193.00
Grand Chain No. 660	36.00
Grand Crossing No. 776	148.00
Granite City No. 877	1.00
Greenfield No. 129	192.00
Greenup No. 125	1.00
Greenville No. 245	3.00
Griggsville No. 45	134.00
Grove No. 824	102.00
Gurney No. 778	2.00
Hampshire No. 443	85.50
Hancock No. 20	1.00
Hanover No. 905	57.00
Harbor No. 731	422.00
Hardin No. 44	45.00
Hardinville No. 756	40.00
Harmony No. 3	85.00
Harrisburg No. 325	76.00
Harvard No. 309	125.00
Harvey No. 832	1,103.25
Havana No. 88	127.00
Hazel Dell No. 580	1.00
Henderson No. 820	16.00
Herder No. 669	153.00
Herman No. 39	66.00
Hermitage No. 356	23.00
Herrick No. 193	38.00
Herrin's Prairie No. 693	2.00
Hesperia No. 411	227.50
Hibbard No. 249	1.00
Highland No. 583	51.00
Hindsboro No. 837	98.00
Hinsdale No. 934	1.00
Hiram No. 1009	67.00
Home No. 508	194.00
Homer No. 199	111.00
Honor No. 1010	157.00
Hooppole No. 886	19.00
Hope No. 162	33.00
Hopedale No. 622	32.00
Horeb No. 363	42.00
Hull No. 910	93.00
Humboldt No. 555	228.00
Humboldt Park No. 813	56.50
Hurst No. 1004	16.00
Hutton No. 698	20.00
Hyde Park No. 989	67.00
Illinois No. 263	5.00
Illiopolis No. 521	76.00
Integrity No. 997	77.00
Iola No. 691	45.00
Ionic No. 812	49.00
Ipava No. 213	1.00
Irving No. 455	47.00
Jackson No. 53	29.00
Jackson Park No. 915	42.00
Jefferson No. 368	21.00
Jeffersonville No. 460	61.00
Jerseyville No. 394	158.00
Jerusalem Temple No. 90	199.00
J. L. Anderson No. 318	44.00
Jo Daviess No. 278	62.00
John B. Sherman No. 880	602.00
John Corson Smith No. 944	2.00
John D. Moody No. 510	32.00
John Paul Jones No. 1013	241.00
Johnsonville No. 713	1.00
Jonesboro No. 111	60.00
Joppa No. 706	31.50
Jos. Robbins No. 930	56.00
Joy No. 946	25.00
J. R. Gorin No. 537	117.00
Justice No. 949	7.00
Kankakee No. 389	127.00
Kansas No. 280	26.00
Kavanaugh No. 36	53.00
Kedron No. 340	86.00
Kendall No. 471	215.50
Kendrick No. 430	13.00
Kenmore No. 947	8.00
Kensington No. 804	242.00
Kenwood No. 800	416.00
Keystone No. 639	138.00
Kilwinning No. 311	769.50
Kinderhook No. 353	5.00
King Oscar No. 855	13.00
King Solomon No. 197	32.00
Kingston No. 266	12.00
Kinmundy No. 398	54.50
Kishwaukee No. 402	50.00

Kosmos No. 896	159.00
Lacon No. 61	45.50
Lafayette No. 657	20.00
La Grange No. 770	408.00
Lake Creek No. 729	31.00
Lakeside No. 739	528.50
Lake View No. 774	862.05
Lambert No. 659	773.30
La Moille No. 383	13.00
Lanark No. 423	50.00
Lancaster No. 106	61.00
Landmark No. 422	420.00
LaPrairie No. 267	40.00
Latham No. 853	43.00
Lavely No. 203	45.00
Lawn No. 815	126.00
Lawndale No. 995	521.00
Lebanon No. 110	45.00
Lee Center No. 146	25.00
Lena No. 174	22.00
Lerna No. 788	36.00
Le Roy No. 221	56.00
Lessing No. 557	524.00
Lewistown No. 104	96.00
Lexington No. 482	100.00
Leyden No. 993	50.00
Liberty No. 380	4.00
Libertyville No. 492	2.00
Lima No. 135	11.00
Lincoln Park No. 611	1,179.50
Litchfield No. 517	26.00
Littleton No. 766	35.00
Livingston No. 371	145.00
Loami No. 450	60.00
Lockport No. 538	7.00
Locust No. 623	16.00
Logan No. 210	177.00
Logan Square No. 891	709.00
London No. 848	74.00
Long Point No. 552	7.00
Louisville No. 196	24.00
Lounsbury No. 751	20.00
Loyal No. 1007	1.00
Mackinaw No. 132	21.00
Macomb No. 17	6.00
Macon No. 8	25.00
Madison No. 560	9.00
Magnolia No. 103	29.00
Mahomet No. 220	158.00
Makanda No. 434	50.00
Manito No. 476	40.00
Mansfield No. 773	71.00
Maple Park No. 942	1.00
Maplewood No. 964	50.00
Maquon No. 530	24.00
Marcelline No. 114	20.00
Marengo No. 138	113.00
Marine No. 355	8.00
Marion No. 130	77.00
Marissa No. 881	1.00
Marseilles No. 417	164.00
Marshall No. 133	102.50
Martinton No. 845	23.00
Mason No. 217	4.00
Mason City No. 403	91.50
Matteson No. 175	37.00
Mattoon No. 260	1.00
May No. 718	26.00
Mayo No. 664	21.00
Maywood No. 869	532.75
Mazon No. 826	26.00
Melrose Abbey No. 976	23.00
Mendon No. 449	22.00
Mendota No. 176	34.00
Meridian No. 183	12.00
Meridian Sun No. 505	225.00
Meteor No. 283	79.00
Metropolis No. 91	1.00
Metropolitan No. 860	280.00
Miles Hart No. 595	11.00
Milford No. 168	5.00
Milton No. 275	71.00
Miners No. 273	83.50
Mitchell No. 85	2.00
Mithra No. 410	136.00
Mizpah No. 768	633.50
Momence No. 481	1.00
Monitor No. 522	113.00
Monmouth No. 37	164.00
Morgan Park No. 999	219.00
Morning Star No. 734	580.00
Morris No. 787	59.00
Mozart No. 656	93.00
Mt. Carmel No. 239	135.00
Mt. Joliet No. 42	461.50
Mt. Moriah No. 51	55.00
Mt. Nebo No. 76	13.00
Mt. Pulaski No. 87	30.00
Mt. Vernon No. 31	27.00
Muddy Point No. 396	9.00
Murphysboro No. 498	1.00
Murrayville No. 432	1.00
Myrtle No. 795	629.50
Mystic Star No. 758	993.50
Neoga No. 279	2.00
New Boston No. 59	5.00
New Burnside No. 772	25.00
New Canton No. 821	50.00
New Columbia No. 336	15.00
New Hartford No. 453	1.00
New Haven No. 239	69.00
New Holland No. 741	86.00
New Salem No. 218	55.00
Newton No. 216	250.00
Niagara No. 992	1.00
Nifong No. 874	20.00
Nokomis No. 456	1.00
Normal Park No. 797	2,892.10
North Shore No. 937	928.00
Norton No. 631	122.00
Nunda No. 169	35.00
Oak Park No. 540	145.00
Oblong No. 644	173.00
Occidental No. 40	387.00
Oconee No. 390	15.00
Odell No. 401	30.00
Odin No. 503	12.00
O'Fallon No. 576	2.00
Ogden No. 754	29.00
Ogden Park No. 897	26.00
Ohio No. 814	50.00
Old Glory No. 975	460.00
Olive Branch No. 38	323.00
Olney No. 140	99.00
Olympia No. 864	154.00
Onarga No. 305	11.00
Oneida No. 337	36.00
Oquawka No. 123	98.18
Orangeville No. 687	14.00
Orient No. 323	13.00
Oriental No. 33	49.00
Orion No. 358	52.00

Oxford No. 367	116.00
Pacific No. 66	31.00
Palace No. 765	218.80
Palatine No. 314	85.00
Palastine No. 849	123.00
Palmyra No. 463	30.00
Pana No. 226	232.00
Parian No. 977	68.00
Paris No. 268	305.00
Park No. 843	2.00
Parkersburg No. 509	11.50
Park Manor No. 899	104.00
Parkway No. 1008	144.50
Paul Revere No. 998	203.00
Paxton No. 416	12.00
Payson No. 379	85.00
Pekin No. 29	27.00
Peoria No. 15	8.00
Pera No. 574	25.00
Philo No. 436	16.00
Piasa No. 27	116.00
Piper No. 608	39.00
Pittsfield No. 790	66.00
Plainview No. 461	23.00
Pleasant Hill No. 565	84.00
Pleasant Plains No. 700	56.50
Pleiades No. 478	645.00
Plymouth No. 286	15.00
Polk No. 137	25.00
Pontiac No. 294	584.00
Portage Park No. 1002	71.00
Potomac No. 782	108.00
Prairie No. 77	188.50
Preemption No. 755	40.00
Princeton No. 587	31.00
Princeville No. 360	39.00
Progressive No. 954	191.00
Prophetstown No. 293	55.50
Prospect No. 957	2.00
Providence No. 711	136.00
Prudence No. 958	110.00
Pyramid No. 887	57.00
Quincy No. 296	67.00
Rainbow No. 972	238.00
Raleigh No. 128	29.00
Ramsey No. 405	11.00
Rankin No. 725	1.00
Rantoul No. 470	66.00
Raven No. 303	69.00
Ravenswood No. 777	4.00
Raymond No. 692	85.00
Red Bud No. 427	3.00
Republic No. 914	121.00
Reynoldsburg No. 419	1.00
R. F. Casey No. 948	10.00
Richard Cole No. 697	202.00
Richmond No. 143	80.00
Ridgway No. 816	25.00
Rio No. 685	5.00
Rising Sun No. 115	76.00
Riverside No. 862	441.00
Riverton Union No. 786	1.00
Robert Burns No. 113	25.00
Robinson No. 250	352.00
Rob Morris No. 247	137.00
Rock Falls No. 936	54.00
Rockford No. 102	81.00
Rockport No. 830	3.00
Rock River No. 612	81.00
Roscoe No. 75	72.00
Roseville No. 519	379.50
Rossville No. 527	118.00
Rushville No. 9	30.00
Saline No. 339	11.00
Sam'l H. Davis No. 96	28.00
Sangamon No. 801	50.00
San Jose No. 645	40.00
Saunemin No. 738	24.00
Schiller No. 335	311.00
Scott No. 79	178.00
Scottville No. 426	207.00
S. D. Monroe No. 447	38.00
Seneca No. 532	14.00
Sesser No. 918	27.00
Sequoit No. 827	102.00
Sheba No. 200	33.00
Shekinah No. 241	104.00
Sheldon No. 609	163.50
Sheridan No. 735	31.00
Sherman No. 535	141.00
Shiloh No. 397	29.00
Sibley No. 761	12.00
Sidell No. 798	34.00
Sidney No. 347	78.50
Siloam No. 780	324.00
Sincerity No. 982	140.00
S. M. Dalzell No. 805	127.00
Somonauk No. 646	67.00
Sorento No. 861	16.00
South Gate No. 968	5.00
South Park No. 662	83.00
Sparland No. 441	41.90
Springfield No. 4	111.00
Square No. 978	106.00
Stanford No. 873	281.00
St. Andrews No. 863	279.00
Star No. 709	80.00
Star in the East No. 166	161.00
Staunton No. 177	170.00
St. Cecilia No. 865	8.00
St. Clair No. 24	1.00
St. Elmo No. 769	14.00
Stellar No. 912	1.00
Stewardson No. 541	31.00
Stewart No. 92	204.00
St. Johns No. 13	53.00
St. Joseph No. 970	71.00
St. Mark's No. 63	109.00
Stone Arch No. 953	1.00
Stone Fort No. 495	16.00
St. Paul's No. 500	166.50
Stratton No. 408	113.00
Streator No. 607	84.00
Sullivan No. 764	2.50
Summerfield No. 342	17.00
Sumner No. 334	24.00
Sunrise No. 996	126.00
Sycamore No. 134	412.00
Table Grove No. 939	37.00
Tadmor No. 794	9.00
Tamaroa No. 207	46.00
Tarbolton No. 351	1.00
Taylor No. 98	90.50
Temperance No. 16	152.00
Temple No. 46	144.00
Temple Hill No. 701	32.00
Thomson No. 559	68.00
Thos. J. Turner No. 409	263.00
T. J. Pickett No. 307	29.00
Toledo No. 834	38.00
Tolono No. 391	50.00
Tonica No. 364	9.00

Towanda No. 542	68.00
Tower Hill No. 493	75.00
Tracy No. 810	251.00
Trenton No. 109	21.00
Triluminar No. 767	268.00
Trinity No. 562	47.00
Trio No. 57	1.00
Triple No. 835	131.00
Trowel No. 981	143.00
Troy No. 588	19.00
True Blue No. 994	116.00
Tuscan No. 630	63.00
Tuscola No. 332	79.00
Tyrian No. 333	10.00
Union Park No. 610	640.25
Unity No. 48	15.00
Universal No. 985	213.50
Urbana No. 157	218.50
Utica No. 858	39.00
Utopia No. 894	411.50
Veritas No. 926	216.00
Vermilion No. 265	72.00
Vermont No. 116	43.00
Verona No. 757	20.00
Versailles No. 108	39.00
Vesper No. 584	308.00
Vienna No. 150	31.00
Villa Grove No. 885	68.00
Viola No. 577	39.00
Virden No. 161	61.00
Vitruvius No. 81	31.00
Wabash No. 179	17.00
Wade-Barney No. 512	198.50
Wadley No. 616	12.00
Waldeck No. 674	868.00
Walshville No. 475	25.00
Waltham No. 384	111.00
Warsaw No. 257	29.00
Washburn No. 421	1.00
Washington No. 55	59.00
Washington Park No. 956	335.00
Watseka No. 446	178.00
Watson No. 602	14.00
Waubansia No. 160	370.10
Waukegan No. 78	1,455.00
Waverly No. 118	78.00
Wayne No. 172	21.00
Welcome No. 916	4.00
Welfare No. 991	48.00
Weldon No. 746	160.00
Western Star No. 240	1,040.00
West Frankfort No. 567	1.00
West Salem No. 866	17.00
Wheaton No. 269	4.00
Wheeler No. 883	12.00
White Hall No. 80	223.00
Williamson No. 802	85.00
Wilmette No. 931	49.00
Windsor No. 322	25.00
Windsor Park No. 836	384.00
Winslow No. 564	29.00
Wm. B. Warren No. 209	144.00
Wm. McKinley No. 876	421.00
Woodlawn Park No. 841	694.00
Woodson No. 1011	16.00
Wright's Grove No. 779	925.50
Wyanet No. 231	50.00
Wyoming No. 479	34.00
Xenia No. 485	15.00
York No. 313	2.00
Yorktown No. 655	41.00
	$88,547.36

From Royal Arch Chapters

Auburn Park No. 201	$ 15.00	Normal Park No. 210	35.00
Chicago No. 127	2.00	Winnebago No. 24	25.00
Evanston No. 144	50.00		
Highland Park No. 226	1.00		$ 130.00
Hyde Park No. 240	2.00		

From Miscellaneous Sources

Aryan Grotto Valentine Party	$ 56.00	McCormick Foremen's Club	80.00
Medinah Arab Patrol and Oriental Band	1,126.82		$ 1,262.82

From Lodges U. D.

Arts and Crafts	$ 33.00	Pythagoras	100.00
Moline	24.00		
Nauvoo	82.00		$ 306.00
Paramont	67.00	From members of Lodges of other jurisdictions	$ 301.29

From Chapters of the Eastern Star

Alice No. 561	$ 7.00	Columbia	1.00
Amaranth No. 290	1.00	Crescent Star No. 607	1.00
Alton	1.00	Delta No. 602	1.00
Antioch No. 428	1.00	Elmhurst No. 941	2.00
Batavia No. 480	7.50	Evening Star No. 46	1.00
Berwyn No. 529	4.00	Franklin	1.00
Butler	1.00	Freeburg No. 542	1.00
Celestia No. 348	6.00	Germania No. 552	5.00
Cicero No. 741	102.00	Golden Rod No. 205	2.00
Cleveland No. 139	1.00	Hamilton Park No. 713	1.00

Hyde Park No. 728	9.00	Paragon No. 557	1.00
Jerseyville No. 656	18.00	Prospect Star No. 773	2.00
Karbers Ridge	1.00	Prudence No. 729	1.00
Lake View No. 149	1.00	Rob Morris	1.00
Lewistown	4.00	Rose Croix No. 409	1.00
Logan Square No. 560	1.00	St. Andrew No. 655	1.00
Margaret (Chapter) No. 187	1.00	Sherman No. 541	1.00
Monroe No. 597	3.00	Sparland No. 227	26.90
Non Pariel (Chapter) No. 618	1.00	Star of the West No. 495	1.00
O. E. S. Glasford, Ill.	5.00	Union Park No. 573	1.00
Ogden Park No. 603	1.00	Waterloo No. 732	29.00
Park Manor No. 598	3.00		$ 261.40

Disbursements

Paid for Masonic Welfare Work to September 30, 1918

		No. Voucher			
E. F. W. Ellis	No. 633	3		200.00	
Rockford	No. 102	1		400.00	
Star in the East	No. 166	2		400.00	
Rantoul	No. 470	70	300.00		
Rantoul	No. 470	81	500.00		
Rantoul	No. 470	82	100.00	900.00	
Waukegan	No. 78	39	250.00		
Waukegan	No. 78	52	250.00		
Waukegan	No. 78	60	500.00		
Waukegan	No. 78	62	350.00		
Waukegan	No. 78	68	350.00		
Waukegan	No. 78	73	350.00		
Waukegan	No. 78	80	350.00		
Waukegan	No. 78	89	400.00		
A. O. Fay	No. 676	90	500.00	3,300.00	5,200.00

Paid to Various War Activities

American Red Cross	61		3,000.00	
Salvation Army	78		500.00	
War Recreation Board of Illinois	40	400.00		
War Recreation Board of Illinois	53	400.00		
War Recreation Board of Illinois	63	400.00		
War Recreation Board of Illinois	69	400.00	1,600.00	5,100.00

Paid for Refunds to Grand Masters' War Relief Fund Sent to National Defense Fund in Error

Alexandria	No. 702	55	55.00	
Cuba	No. 534	65	85.00	
John D. Moody	No. 510	83	32.00	
Littleton	No. 766	59	24.00	
Pontiac	No. 294	36	169.50	365.50

Expenses Incurred at Patriotic Meetings Held at Medinah Temple January 28, 1918

7	12.00	
8	20.00	
9	25.00	
10	33.50	
11	100.00	
14	89.44	
15	33.63	
16	40.00	
22	7.50	361.07

TRAVELING EXPENSES OF SPEAKERS

	6	8.13	
	18	6.83	
	19	8.39	
	25	4.95	
	26	13.90	
	29	3.00	
	37	11.75	
	38	4.03	
	46	3.62	
	56	6.90	71.50

SECRETARY'S EMERGENCY EXPENSE ACCOUNT

		5		200.00
SALARY	Included in	13	110.00	
	Included in	24	110.00	
	Included in	28	110.00	
	Included in	45	110.00	
	Included in	57	110.00	
	Included in	66	110.00	
	Included in	71	110.00	
	Included in	77	110.00	
	Included in	88	110.00	990.00

SUNDRY OFFICE SUPPLIES AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

Included in	13	4.52	
Included in	24	8.57	
Included in	28	4.24	
Included in	30	24.24	
Included in	31	9.75	
Included in	35	67.70	
Included in	45	2.40	
Included in	47	8.75	
Included in	48	7.60	
Included in	58	2.15	
Included in	67	4.75	
Included in	75	2.40	
Included in	79	3.00	150.07

POSTAGE

4	15.00	
20	15.00	
23	50.06	
27	35.03	
51	25.06	
87	38.44	178.59

PRINTING

32	799.31	
43	50.00	
44	50.00	
50	341.69	1,241.00

BUTTONS AND BADGES

12	225.63	
21	320.00	
49	90.00	
74	100.00	
85	100.00	835.63

TELEPHONE RENTALS

34	24.14		
41	11.22		
54	10.77		
64	11.37		
72	10.67		
76	10.67		
86	10.67	89.51	4,117.37

Total disbursements $14,782.87

NOTE—Voucher Nos. 17, 33, 42 and 84 cancelled.

ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The following amounts have been received since October 1, 1918.

Abraham Lincoln No. 518..	$ 20.50	Lawndale No. 995.....	2.00
Algonquin No. 960.....	10.00	Lena No. 174.....	5.00
Ancient Craft No. 907.....	5.00	Le Roy No. 321.....	177.00
Arcana No. 717.....	18.00	Lewistown No. 104.....	45.00
Argenta No. 871.....	1.00	Loyal No. 1007.....	191.00
Ark and Anchor No. 354...	27.00	Manlius No. 933.....	56.00
Ashlar No. 308.....	371.00	Maple Park No. 942.....	9.00
Atlanta No. 165.....	61.00	Maplewood No. 964.....	40.00
Auburn Park No. 789.....	525.00	Mason City No. 403.....	2.00
Blair No. 393.....	16.00	May No. 718.....	30.00
Blaney No. 271.....	10.00	Maywood No. 869.....	2.00
Bloomfield No. 148.....	19.00	McHenry No. 158.....	15.00
Blue Mound No. 682.....	157.00	McLean No. 469.....	195.00
Bluffs No. 846.....	81.25	Melrose Abbey No. 976....	25.00
Bohemia No. 943.....	2.00	Meridian No. 183.....	4.00
Catlin No. 285.....	45.00	Metropolitan No. 860.....	16.00
Columbus No. 227.....	4.00	Milford No. 168.....	176.00
Composite No. 879.....	55.00	Molenna No. 925.....	7.00
Danvers No. 742.....	54.00	Morrisonville No. 681.....	9.00
Dawson No. 556.....	52.00	Mt. Moriah No. 51.....	75.50
Dills No. 295.....	11.00	N. D. Morse No. 346.....	20.00
Du Quoin No. 234.....	322.50	Nebo No. 806.....	36.00
East Gate No. 923.....	866.50	New Boston No. 59.....	76.00
Edgewater No. 901.....	17.00	Nokomis No. 456.....	40.00
Edwardsville No. 99.....	68.00	Normal Park No. 797.....	96.00
Englewood No. 690.....	15.00	Norton No. 631.....	1.00
Equality No. 2.....	13.00	O. H. Miner No. 506.....	140.00
Equity No. 878.....	101.00	Old Glory No. 975.....	11.00
Erie No. 667.....	8.00	Olive Branch No. 38.....	27.00
Euclid No. 65.....	4.00	Olympia No. 864.....	62.00
Eureka No. 69.....	6.00	Oxford No. 367.....	9.00
Ewing No. 705.....	1.00	Palace No. 765.....	32.00
Excelsior No. 97.....	497.00	Palatine No. 314.....	19.00
Fair Oaks No. 1006.....	3.00	Parian No. 977.....	17.00
Fairview No. 350.....	157.00	Park No. 843.....	500.00
Federal No. 961.....	68.00	Patoka No. 613.....	76.00
Fidelity No. 152.....	21.00	Pawnee No. 675.....	19.00
Garden City No. 141.....	63.00	Pekin No. 29.....	42.00
Geneva No. 139.....	96.00	Pittsfield No. 790.....	11.00
Geo. Washington No. 222..	1.00	Pleiades No. 478.....	206.00
Greenup No. 125.....	31.00	Progressive No. 954.....	19.00
Hardinville No. 756.....	5.00	Pythagoras U. D.....	70.00
Harrisburg No. 325.....	45.00	Raven No. 303.....	25.00
Harvey No. 832.....	25.00	Rising Sun No. 115.....	15.00
Horeb No. 363.....	15.00	Robinson No. 250.....	2.00
Humboldt Park No. 813...	250.00	Rochester No. 635.....	25.00
Hurst No. 1004.....	32.00	Siloam No. 743.....	430.00
Illinois Central No. 178....	91.00	St. Andrews No. 863.....	17.00
John Corson Smith No. 944.	200.00	Staunton No. 177.....	104.00
Kankakee No. 389.....	18.50	St. Paul's No. 500.....	19.00
Kaskaskia No. 86.....	28.00	Sublette No. 349.....	13.00
Kewanee No. 159.....	121.50	Table Grove No. 939.....	6.00
Landmark No. 422.....	612.00	Tamaroa No. 207.....	29.00
Lawn No. 815.....	34.00	Triluminar No. 767.....	478.00

Trinity No. 562	8.00
Trowel No. 981	4.00
Tuscan No. 630	30.00
Tuscola No. 332	36.00
Union No. 627	7.00
Union Park No. 610	10.00
Vermont No. 116	20.00
Wade-Barney No. 512	34.00
Waubansia No. 160	184.00
Wauconda No. 298	12.00
Windsor Park No. 836	67.50
Winslow No. 564	54.00
Wm. McKinley No. 876	2.00
Total	$ 9,622.75

In checking over the amounts credited to different lodges in this report it will be observed that in a great many instances the figures do not correspond with the amount sent to the committee from the lodge. The reason for this apparent discrepancy is that the Secretary of a given lodge or the committee appointed to collect funds in that lodge often took contributions from Masons not members of that lodge, reporting the names of the lodges in the little book returned to the committee. The auditors checked these books very carefully and in cases where contributions were made by Masons other than members of the lodge returning the book, the amount of these contributions was subtracted from the amount sent in by the lodge, and credited to the lodges to which the brothers belonged. The committee soon discovered that this plan entailed so much work and so complicated the bookkeeping that it decided after October 1, 1918, all contributions sent in by a lodge should go direct to the credit of that lodge, irrespective of whether the individual contributors to the amount are members of that lodge or otherwise.

DETAILED REPORT
COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS.

To the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge of Illinois, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons:

Your Committee on Credentials fraternally report that the following brethren whose names appear in this report are present and entitled to seats in this grand lodge.

GRAND OFFICERS.

Austin H. Scrogin.....*M.W. Grand Master*
D. G. Fitzgerrell.....*R.W. Deputy Grand Master*
Elmer E. Beach.....*R.W. Senior Grand Warden*
Arthur E. Wood.....*R.W. Junior Grand Warden*
L. A. Goddard.....*R.W. Grand Treasurer*
Isaac Cutter.....*R.W. Grand Secretary*
Walter Aiken.....*R.W. Grand Chaplain*
R. Keene Ryan.....*R.W. Grand Orator*
Roy Adams.....*W. Deputy Grand Secretary*
Elmer Edwards.....*W. Grand Pursuivant*
Wm. H. Bied.....*W. Grand Marshal*
W. N. Ewing.....*W. Grand Standard Bearer*
R. E. Gifford.....*W. Grand Sword Bearer*
J. L. Browning.....*W. Senior Grand Deacon*
S. C. D. Rea.....*W. Junior Grand Deacon*
H. S. Albin.....*W. Grand Steward*
G. W. Tipsword.....*W. Grand Steward*
Tim Van Antwerp.....*W. Grand Steward*
Chester E. Gurney.....*Bro. Grand Tyler*
James V. McCullough.....*Assistant Grand Tyler*

PAST GRAND OFFICERS.

Monroe C. Crawford.....*Past Grand Master*
Leroy A. Goddard.....*Past Grand Master*
Owen Scott.....*Past Grand Master*
George M. Moulton.....*Past Grand Master*
William B. Wright.....*Past Grand Master*
Chester E. Allen.....*Past Grand Master*
Alexander H. Bell.....*Past Grand Master*
Delmar D. Darrah.....*Past Grand Master*

R. W. DISTRICT DEPUTY GRAND MASTERS.

E. C. Mullen.....1st
Jos. J. Shaw.....2nd
Wm. Tinsley 3rd
Wm. W. M. Bending.....4th
T. M. Avery.....5th
Sydney B. Harvey.....6th
Welles W. Lamoure.....8th
Nels O. Johnson.....9th
D. A. Mellinger.....10th
David S. Davidson.....11th
Wm. Mummery 12th
S. F. Odell.....13th
Geo. E. Moore.....14th
Paul A. Neuffer.....15th
Albert C. McFarland.....17th
A. M. Bassford.....18th
Harry H. Milnor.....19th
Louis J. Linn.....20th
C. J. Wightman.....21st
A. J. Winteringham.....22nd
J. B. Balliet.....23rd
C. L. Snyder.....24th
J. H. Grimm.....25th
M. R. Nelson.....26th
R. W. E. Mitchell.....27th
Wm. C. Darling.....28th
Edwin F. Works.....29th
E. H. Cooley.....30th
J. E. Barbee.....31st
Chas. W. McCray.....32nd
Francis H. Bradley.....34th
Chas. H. Marigold.....35th
John F. Maberry.....36th
S. R. Amlong.....37th
R. D. Tinkham.....38th
C. C. Sawyer.....39th
Chas. E. Myers.....41st
W. H. Barnard (Acting)....42nd
Benj. J. Metzger.....43rd
Frank L. Brown.....44th
Bruce T. Harley.....45th
E. C. Vanderporter.....46th
Glenn Robinson 47th
Amos Ball 48th
Chas H. Ireland.....49th
James A. Coleman.....50th
J. L. Burkhart.....51st
J. L. Klemme.....52nd
E. L. Charpenticks.....53rd
S. P. Odenweller.....54th
Grier Hanson 55th
J. Huber Allen.....57th
S. S. Meddleton.....58th
G. Haven Stephens.....59th
B. S. Blaine.....60th
G. A. Stadler.....61st
A. N. Bowden.....62nd
B. I. Pumpelly.....63rd
Harry M. Wood.....64th
Hal C. McLand.....65th
Albert C. Metcalf.....66th
E. E. McCoy.....67th
E. L. Lawrence.....68th
Coston Clemmons 69th
Alonzo Ellis 70th
Chas. W. Kessler.....71st
A. A. Bauer.....72nd
M. E. Bigelow.....73rd
James A. Shepperd, Jr.....74th
S. A. Wright.....75th
Glen P. Walker (Acting)....76th
Frank E. Bauer.....77th
Harry I. Daniels.....78th
W. P. Wall.....79th
N. C. Gothenour.....80th
Wm. M. Lovins.....81st
John L. Whiteside.....82nd
David L. Wright.....83rd
E. S. McIntyre.....84th
Charles W. Dean.....85th
D. B. Robertson.....86th
Samuel B. Gwin.....87th
F. I. Mills.....88th
H. P. Blackard.....89th

C. F. Stoll.....90th
Wainright Davis 91st
Samuel E. Grigg.....92nd
W. H. Thomas.....93rd
J. C. Sanders.....94th
Mack McCreery 95th
Frank D. Thomas.....96th
Wm. T. Cable.....97th
Roy R. Helm.....98th
John Armstrong 99th
W. F. Gibson.....100th

REPRESENTATIVES OF OTHER GRAND LODGES.

C. E. Allen.....*Alabama*
H. A. Snell.....*Alberta*
Monroe C. Crawford.....*Arizona*
A. H. Scrogin.....*Arkansas*
James McCredie . *British Columbia*
S. O. Spring.....*Canada*
Albert Roullier*Colorado*
Dan G. Fitzgerrell.....*Delaware*
L. A. Goddard.*District of Columbia*
Arthur E. Wood.....*Georgia*
R. R. Jampolis.....*Idaho*
W. B. Wright.....*Indiana*
Robt. J. Daly.....*Ireland*
Geo. M. Moulton.....*Kansas*
Godfred Langhenry*Louisiana*
Amos Pettibone*Maine*
Hugh R. Stewart.....*Manitoba*
M. B. Iott.....*Maryland*
Ralph H. Wheeler.....*Minnesota*
Franklin S. Catlin....*Mississippi*
G. A. Stadler.....*Missouri*
E. Edwin Wills.....*Montana*
Albert Jampolis*Nebraska*
H. E. Hamilton..*New Hampshire*
Isaac Cutter*New York*
Jas. S. Steele.....*New Zealand*
Robt. C. Fletcher..*North Carolina*
Delmar D. Darrah.....*Oklahoma*
F. E. Locke.....*Oregon*
E. D. Brothers
.*Prince Edward Island*
John Johnston*Quebec*
Edward H. Thomas....*Queensland*
Archibald Birse*Scotland*
Wm. L. Milligan..*South Australia*
Elmer E. Beach...*South Carolina*
H. W. Harvey.....*Tasmania*
Alexander H. Bell.....*Tennessee*
Owen Scott*Utah*
Wm. D. Fullerton.....
.....*Washington, D. C.*
John F. Campbell..*West Virginia*
D. D. King.....*Wisconsin*
Jason R. Lewis.....
United Grand Lodge of Victoria
S. M. Frankland.....
..... *Philippine Islands*

COMMITTEES.

Masonic Jurisprudence—Monroe C. Crawford, Owen Scott, Geo. M. Moulton, Wm. B. Wright, C. E. Allen.

Appeals and Grievances—A. H. Bell, Elmer D. Brothers, A. M. Ottman, Andrew L. Anderson, Charles H. Martin.

Chartered Lodges—Phil C. Barclay, W. W. Watson, Wm. E. Buehler, Albert Roullier, John F. Campbell.

Lodges Under Dispensation—Wm. H. Beckman, E. J. Merki, C. L. Sandusky, F. O. Lorton, Harry L. Browning.

Mileage and Per Diem—W. F. Beck, H. T. Goddard, T. S. Browning, C. H. Thompson, M. T. Booth, R. C. Clark.

Finance—Edward H. Thomas, Thos. A. Stevens, E. Edwin Mills.

Masonic Correspondence—Delmar D. Darrah.

Trustees Masonic Homes—Robt. J. Daly, L. L. Emmerson, Robert C. Fletcher, Anthony Doherty, W. D. Price, C. C. Davis.

Credentials—Emmett Howard, C. N. Hambleton, W. P. Jones, James A. Steele, E. M. Crain.

Petitions—J. E. Jeffers, S. S. Van Dolah, C. O. Faught.

Obituaries—G. B. McFatrich, Jno. C. Crawford, Hez G. Henry.

Grand Master's Annual Report—Chas. H. Spillman, Geo. J. Kurzenknabe, William Fairlee.

Grand Examiners—R. C. Davenport, D. D. King, George E. Carlson, William H. Zarley, B. L. Ten Eyck.

National Defense—A. E. Wood, William L. Sharp, Andrew L. Anderson, N. N. Lampert.

Advisory Council—D. G. Fitzgerrell, Elmer E. Beach, A. E. Wood, L. A. Goddard, Isaac Cutter, Owen Scott, A. H. Bell, W. H. Beckman, E. H. Thomas, Robt. J. Daly.

SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

Masonic Clubs—Owen Scott, Delmar D. Darrah, L. A. Goddard, Jas. McCredie, Geo. B. McFatrich.

Libraries—Chas. W. Walduck, W. A. Dixon, G. L. Hilliker.

New Legislation—Owen Scott, Wm. Wilhartz, G. W. Cyrus.

Representatives of Lodges.

NO.	NAME	
1	F. W. Brinkoetter	W.M.
2	J. A. Womack	W.M.
3	W. R. Haveline	W.M.
4	S. B. Smith	W.M.
7	Lee Read	W.M.
	Glen F. Coe*	S.W.
	Thos. Holweg	J.W.
8	G. I. Gralt	W.M.
13	Fred L. Dauber*	W.M.
14	J. R. Williams	W.M.
15	C. F. Kohlre	W.M.
16	Rollin Don Porter	J.W.
17	S. E. Purdum	W.M.
20	Lee Lisbenborn	W.M.
23	John W. Fagan*	W.M.
24	Oscar F. Weber	W.M.
25	W. J. Herb	W.M.
27	C. W. Beall	W.M.
29	F. W. Soady	W.M.
31	John W. Ayers	W.M.
33	John F. Fralick	S.W.
34	C. L. Morgan	W.M.
35	W. B. Tyrn	W.M.
37	C. W. Buchany	W.M.
38	Robert Pettigrew	W.M.
39	John A. Worttman	W.M.
40	Fred Thomas	W.M.
42	Barrett Black	W.M.
43	Clerc Tilbury	W.M.
	Frank R. Berg	S.W.
44	D. R. Peters	W.M.
45	W. E. Doan	W.M.
46	D. C. Rolfe	W.M.
47	H. H. Moore	W.M.
48	Silas Searles	W.M.
	Frank B. Gray	S.W.
49	Maurin J. Smith	W.M.
50	Harper A. Kelly	W.M.
51	Samuel Paton*	W.M.
52	L. F. Berger*	W.M.
53	John J. Baker	W.M.
55	L. T. Phillips*	W.M.
57	Ray O. Roderick	W.M.
58	T. J. Foster	W.M.
59	John L. Mead	W.M.
63	Herain S. Dygert*	W.M.
64	Mack McCreery	W.M.
65	G. J. Lindblad	W.M.
66	H. A. Parmenter	W.M.
67	Roy F. Cook*	W.M.
69	John A. Forgy	S.W.
71	James F. Jabusch	W.M.
72	W. F. Sweany*	W.M.
75	J. E. Erickson	J.W.
76	Elmer E. Stadler*	W.M.
77	W. L. Wheeler	S.W.
78	Wm. E. Sayle	W.M.
	Leroy F. Hill*	S.W.
	John S. Banta	J.W.
79	Thomas D. Kahlert*	S.W.
80	Robert Dickson*	W.M.
84	Harry S. Macon	W.M.
	C. W. Thorpe	S.W.
	R. W. E. Alvey*	J.W.
85	W. O. Edwards	W.M.
86	Philip Rothmuir*	W.M.
87	Claude W. Upp	W.M.
88	Matthew Bollan*	W.M.
89	L. W. Gasoway*	W.M.
90	W. H. Mighell*	W.M.
91	Walter Roberts	W.M.
92	Frank Cook	W.M.
93	Fred Brown	W.M.
95	M. Bucheman	W.M.
96	H. G. Clark	W.M.
98	John R. Best	J.W.
99	F. M. Campbell*	S.W.
100	F. W. Basel	W.M.
102	Peter L. Anderson	W.M.
104	Job Hughes	W.M.
108	J. Frank Wilson	S.W.
109	W. R. Steffens	W.M.
110	Emil J. Brown*	W.M.
111	Willis W. Hilman	W.M.
113	J. W. Bloomer	W.M.
114	John W. Baker	W.M.
116	F. O. Holmberg	J.W.
117	F. E. Halloch	W.M.
	F. F. Frieke	S.W.
	Howard Eldred	J.W.
118	Robert Etter	W.M.
119	Elmer Quinn	W.M.
122	W. M. Shaw	W.M.
123	W. P. Martin	W.M.
125	J. H. Nels, Sr.	W.M.
126	Chas. G. Harer	W.M.
127	Phillip S. Daniels	S.W.
128	C. H. Gore	W.M.
129	Merrill B. Metcalf	W.M.
130	A. R. Williams	W.M.
131	Sim V. Clanahan*	W.M.
132	Roy H. Pepper	W.M.
133	Harry R. Bainesberger	W.M.
134	F. C. Poust	W.M.
135	G. A. Duke	J.W.
136	R. B. McQueen	W.M.
137	Logan E. Hungate	S.W.
139	Robt. F. Birch	J.W.
140	Sidney C. Fulkerson	W.M.
141	Harry W. Finnay	W.M.
	Walter M. Beard	S.W.
	F. D. Gaskin	J.W.
143	Jesse B. Richardson	W.M.
144	Geo. Jensen	W.M.
145	M. F. Howarth	W.M.
146	F. M. Blowers*	W.M.
147	George H. Swaney	W.M.
148	John T. Owen	W.M.
149	Wm. H. Bash	W.M.
150	Loyd T. Farris	W.M.
151	Oscar B. Wise	S.W.
153	C. R. Coulter*	W.M.
154	Edward D. Jones*	W.M.
155	C. W. Lattin	S.W.
156	Wm. F. Danley	W.M.
	L. H. Lawton	J.W.
157	Peter Furst	W.M.
158	A. J. Hunter	W.M.
	H. Stephenson	S.W.
	F. E. Martin*	J.W.

*Proxy.

Representatives of Lodges.

NO.	NAME	
159	Fred V. C. Chambers	W.M.
160	J. G. Rowley	W.M.
	E. H. Girling	S.W.
161	J. R. Woodward	W.M.
162	C. A. Braden	W.M.
164	L. R. Smith	W.M.
165	Jesse L. Perry	S.W.
166	John T. Gerber	W.M.
	Harry S. Bigelow*	J.W.
169	W. W. Roberts*	W.M.
170	Geo. F. Wachlins*	J.W.
171	Frank G. Wood	W.M.
172	Jay B. Hillsbaugh*	W.M.
175	John V. Freeman	W.M.
176	Ed Lathrop*	W.M.
177	J. F. Bomey	W.M.
178	Frank C. Hegert	W.M.
179	F. W. Chamberlain	S.W.
180	I. L. Mathias	W.M.
182	John Kesper	W.M.
	Robert Woelffer	S.W.
	Hans Bukrow	J.W.
185	L. W. Cutter	W.M.
188	D. A. Howard	J.W.
189	Earl D. Thomson	W.M.
190	F. M. Carr*	W.M.
192	R. W. Gentle	W.M.
194	Leslie S. McClure	W.M.
195	J. C. Ash	W.M.
196	A. N. Tollevir*	W.M.
197	H. B. Brooks	W.M.
199	Joseph Taylor	W.M.
200	Raymond H. Johns	W.M.
201	W. C. Vass*	W.M.
203	I. M. Pancake*	W.M.
204	H. T. Patton	W.M.
206	Chas. C. Hill	W.M.
207	D. M. Hartman	S.W.
209	Iver R. Johnson	W.M.
210	Chas. W. Anderson	W.M.
211	Walter Jaxelson	W.M.
212	W. G. Frank	W.M.
213	J. M. Bedwell	W.M.
214	H. L. Seekamp	W.M.
216	T. C. Wright	W.M.
217	R. C. Anderson	W.M.
218	A. E. Hillmann	W.M.
221	H. H. Cumbaugh	W.M.
226	Syph M. Roseberry	W.M.
227	Halford B. Whitlock	J.W.
228	Thomas L. Conn	W.M.
	A. A. Shields	J.W.
229	H. A. Langdon	W.M.
230	J. H. Graddy	W.M.
232	H. W. Holifield	W.M.
233	J. F. Anderson	W.M.
234	F. Guy Hett	W.M.
235	H. D. Cummings	W.M.
	J. W. Deitrich	J.W.
236	H. A. Snell*	W.M.
237	S. G. Richardson	W.M.
238	C. P. Lindsey	W.M.
239	Cyrus K. Gilkison	W.M.
240	Clarence A. Tuck	W.M.
241	Alvin Sponsler	W.M.
243	Ray D. Palmer	S.W.
245	Joseph G. Wright*	W.M.
246	A. C. King	W.M.
247	Charles E. Morgan*	S.W.
248	D. E. Whittenmeyer	W.M.
250	Chas H. Minshall	S.W.
253	H. S. Rodenbough*	W.M.
254	E. C. Swett	W.M.
255	John D. Stevens	W.M.
257	H. E. Nelson	W.M.
260	G. N. Todd*	W.M.
261	L. W. Taylor*	W.M.
263	Carl W. Hulsebus	W.M.
264	F. M. Banker	W.M.
265	John W. Enes	W.M.
266	L. M. Morrison	W.M.
267	H. Freeman Selby	W.M.
268	Karl G. Gumm	W.M.
269	G. C. Grove	S.W.
270	Theodore Ward*	W.M.
272	Wm. E. Day	W.M.
	A. B. Combe	J.W.
274	J. M. Heald	W.M.
275	J. A. Miller	W.M.
276	Clarence E. Soward	S.W.
277	Peter Beringer	W.M.
	Valentine Schroll	S.W.
	Emil Hein	J.W.
278	C. G. Leverton	S.W.
280	T. S. Wright	W.M.
283	L. M. Long	J.W.
285	Chas. A. Voigt	W.M.
286	James D. Hall	W.M.
287	L. B. Martin	W.M.
288	Frank A. Little	W.M.
291	C. W. Merrill	W.M.
293	F. L. Dudley	W.M.
294	A. D. Burrell	S.W.
295	W. G. Barnard	W.M.
296	August A. Simon	W.M.
297	Orve Hudson	W.M.
298	Dennis L. Putman*	W.M.
303	E. G. Rickard	W.M.
306	D. C. Belsley	J.W.
307	Ed F. Klein*	W.M.
308	John B. Aiken	W.M.
309	J. C. Diener*	W.M.
311	J. A. Atchinson	W.M.
	H. C. Fife	S.W.
	G. W. Weber	J.W.
312	Elmer O. Brintlinger	W.M.
313	Harry Davis	W.M.
	L. A. Manhart*	S.W.
	Albert Matterson	J.W.
314	Herman Waseman	W.M.
318	H. N. Hohnes	W.M.
319	C. D. Boyle	W.M.
320	Thos. Pickmeb	W.M.
321	Arthur M. Kidd	W.M.
322	Geo. E. Dunscomb	W.M.
325	G. E. Anderson	W.M.
327	O. E. Kinkade	W.M.
330	John Andrews, Jr	J.W.
331	W. F. Merrick	J.W.
332	Geo. M. Siep	W.M.

*Proxy.

REPRESENTATIVES OF LODGES.

NO.	NAME	
333	A. H. Davidson	W.M.
334	Wm. Dumpley*	W.M.
335	Albert Kiefer	W.M.
336	W. F. Marberry	S.W.
337	R. W. DeForest	S.W.
339	Allen L. Grace	W.M.
340	Geo. A. Parish	W.M.
341	J. C. Duncan*	W.M.
342	Henry C. Schumacher	W.M.
344	T. D. Judd*	W.M.
345	R. S. Treas	W.M.
346	B. A. Cratz	W.M.
348	L. P. Magill*	W.M.
349	G. N. Paige*	S.W.
350	W. G. Hill	W.M.
351	Jesse Wm. Arthur	W.M.
352	Peter J. Sjentes	W.M.
353	A. C. Bancroft	W.M.
354	A. O. Merriam	W.M.
355	Wesley Stone	J.W.
356	A. J. Kimball	W.M.
359	P. E. Scott	W.M.
360	E. A. Erickson	S.W.
362	Sylvenus S. Allard	W.M.
363	C. J. Hollister	W.M.
	H. L. Kelly*	S.W.
364	E. A. Boyle	W.M.
365	A. L. Hawner	W.M.
366	John R. Clisby	W.M.
368	E. L. Miller	W.M.
373	Oscar Dennis	W.M.
374	G. B. Foster*	W.M.
379	Clarence R. Fisher	W.M.
380	A. L. Enlow*	J.W.
382	T. R. Dodsworth	W.M.
384	Wm. Wilson*	W.M.
385	R. M. Garrett	W.M.
	J. P. Castle	J.W.
386	Edgar N. Atkins	W.M.
388	O. O. Ownby	W.M.
389	Geo. Huse	W.M.
390	L. L. Hallock	W.M.
392	L. F. Diefenthaler	W.M.
393	Wm. H. Rennie	W.M.
394	Jas. C. Downey	W.M.
398	E. R. Heurly	W.M.
399	J. F. Carper	W.M.
403	R. D. Culp	S.W.
405	Amos Gage	W.M.
406	Herman Kabel*	W.M.
408	Owen Myres	W.M.
409	R. C. White	W.M.
410	E. H. Drechsel	W.M.
	O. Hempel	S.W.
	A. Roner	J.W.
411	O. M. Foss	W.M.
	Ole Berger	S.W.
415	B. W. E. Davis	W.M.
416	I. S. Alford	W.M.
417	G. W. Sterrett	W.M.
418	Robt. Bourning	J.W.
419	C. H. Simmons	W.M.
420	H. E. Wade	W.M.
421	F. C. Barnes	W.M.
422	J. B. Bennett	W.M.
	G. H. Proety	S.W.
	E. Tilley	J.W.
424	Henry Hubbert	W.M.
427	A. C. Guker	W.M.
	H. J. Carr	J.W.
428	C. H. Burr	J.W.
430	H. Brown	W.M.
431	H. W. Roty	W.M.
432	Harry Cade	W.M.
433	L. L. Lloyde	W.M.
434	H. R. Row	W.M.
436	M. J. Yolton	W.M.
437	Wm. Philipps	W.M.
440	John Harsley	S.W.
443	F. E. Ball	W.M.
444	G. L. McDowell*	W.M.
445	D. A. Drum	W.M.
446	H. I. Fleming	J.W.
447	R. C. Highsmith*	W.M.
448	O. C. Bailey	W.M.
449	W. H. L. Thomas	W.M.
450	J. W. Davidson	W.M.
451	G. P. Walker	S.W.
453	F. L. Winans	S.W.
454	A. V. Bowden	W.M.
	S. D. Rainey	S.W.
455	Chas. Sullivan*	W.M.
456	Wm. Swarbuck	W.M.
458	Guy Lawrence*	W.M.
460	T. C. Hambleton	W.M.
461	J. W. Ambrose	W.M.
462	F. A. Blue	W.M.
463	F. P. Gangwer	W.M.
466	H. S. Hardin	W.M.
467	Delmar Byard	W.M.
468	T. W. Nixon*	W.M.
469	Wm. Welch	W.M.
	E. P. Crain	S.W.
470	F. G. Howard	W.M.
472	R. A. Wheeland	S.W.
473	F. M. Bilyen	W.M.
474	C. L. Ebel*	W.M.
475	W. E. Cannow	W.M.
476	G. C. Hoakinson	W.M.
477	A. D. Wilson*	W.M.
478	F. P. Hart	W.M.
479	W. H. Faull	W.M.
482	W. H. Lawrence	W.M.
484	E. H. Leavitt	W.M.
	W. Bartley	S.W.
485	C. C. Manis	J.W.
486	Edwin Owen	W.M.
487	T. A. Sherty	S.W.
488	J. M. Ragsdale	W.M.
489	Harry Yoder	W.M.
491	L. H. Keller*	W.M.
493	J. P. Wilkinson	W.M.
496	Geo. R. Hall	W.M.
497	Thos. Robertson	W.M.
498	W. R. Wright	W.M.
500	Fred Gottschalk	W.M.
501	J. L. White*	W.M.
502	A. A. Mackey*	W.M.
503	A. F. Wile*	W.M.
504	J. A. Masson	W.M.

*Proxy.

Representatives of Lodges.

NO.	NAME	
506	John Fry	W.M.
508	J. A. Hurter	W.M.
	F. W. Beaver	S.W.
	E. G. Frahm	J.W.
509	E. L. Nicholas*	S.W.
510	W. G. Hinderer*	S.W.
512	J. E. Roberts*	W.M.
514	O. C. Boyd	W.M.
516	F. C. Hofer	W.M.
517	C. R. Laplant	W.M.
518	C. W. Billings	S.W.
519	H. E. Lance	W.M.
520	D. W. Grear	S.W.
521	G. A. Lucas	W.M.
522	C. E. Cary	W.M.
	H. A. Leach	S.W.
	C. A. Parlasca	J.W.
523	C. H. Drennen	W.M.
524	David Bystedt	J.W.
526	S. A. Rerring	W.M.
	F. C. Peirhel	S.W.
	A. F. Bross	J.W.
527	C. A. Miller	W.M.
528	W. H. Randall*	W.M.
529	Perry Jourey*	W.M.
530	A. A. Kimer	W.M.
531	C. L. Hunter	W.M.
532	F. W. Whittaker	W.M.
	Carl Solberg	J.W.
533	G. U. Grant	W.M.
534	C. M. Ervans	W.M.
535	G. H. Wayne*	W.M.
536	H. A. Goodson	W.M.
	N. Knaff	S.W.
538	A. A. Jones*	W.M.
539	Chas. Lower	J.W.
540	M. H. Pusiott*	W.M.
541	Walter Donaldson	W.M.
544	M. C. Petepish*	W.M.
550	F. M. Hutchinson	W.M.
552	W. L. Roy Ensign	W.M.
554	F. E. Coppernoll	W.M.
555	L. F. Levy	W.M.
	R. K. Lariger*	S.W.
556	S. E. Yocom	W.M.
557	T. Remane	W.M.
	H. Graw	S.W.
	K. Steinbach	J.W.
559	A. D. Melendy	W.M.
560	A. L. Kinger	J.W.
562	G. A. Tharp	W.M.
566	E. A. Fassett	W.M.
567	J. W. Jennings	W.M.
569	C. J. Wells	W.M.
570	F. J. Muehlhamer	S.W.
572	C. W. Duncan*	W.M.
573	D. Green	W.M.
	H. W. Cooper	J.W.
574	F. S. Watson	W.M.
	F. S. Watson*	S.W.
575	D. O. Candry	W.M.
576	J. J. Koch	W.M.
578	C. E. Mesnard	W.M.
580	R. F. Reeds	J.W.
581	W. J. Wright, Jr	S.W.

*Proxy.

NO.	NAME	
584	C. T. Sheahan*	J.W.
585	R. A. Robinson	W.M.
587	G. O. Smith	W.M.
588	H. A. Canedy*	W.M.
590	F. A. Shepherd	W.M.
591	W. T. Marbury	W.M.
592	Herbert Brown	W.M.
600	W. A. Derr	W.M.
601	S. B. Gwin (also D.D.G.M.)	W.M.
602	W. A. Rice	J.W.
603	Geo. M. Lindsey	S.W.
604	M. D. Brooks	W.M.
607	J. H. Schroeder	W.M.
608	C. A. McClain*	W.M.
609	W. A. Ward	W.M.
610	J. L. Anderson	W.M.
	A. M. Junient	S.W.
	A. S. Peters	J.W.
611	H. E. Holdoway	W.M.
	James Wood	S.W.
612	F. W. Koth	W.M.
	F. D. Utley	J.W.
613	F. M. Smith	W.M.
	G. D. Wasen	S.W.
	H. G. Hudspeth	J.W.
616	Luther Wiley	W.M.
620	J. C. Weaver	W.M.
622	L. C. Brighton	W.M.
627	A. H. Brooks	W.M.
630	G. W. Burnett	W.M.
632	C. D. Brown	W.M.
	M. L. Tanace	S.W.
633	R. C. Johnson	W.M.
	L. C. Treadwell	S.W.
635	R. F. Fairchild	W.M.
636	F. L. Brown	W.M.
	E. H. Fedde*	J.W.
639	Theo Weiss	S.W.
642	Chas. Barrett	W.M.
643	A. C. Thieberc	W.M.
	Geo. Vetter	S.W.
	E. F. Hartman	J.W.
644	C. W. Griffy	W.M.
646	W. J. Romney	W.M.
647	D. A. Mason	W.M.
	L. F. Ralph	S.W.
	E. A. Williams	J.W.
651	E. L. Taylor	W.M.
653	J. H. Stone*	W.M.
656	Paul Lieber	W.M.
657	E. H. Hunce	W.M.
658	H. H. Holdorf	W.M.
659	C. E. Lane*	W.M.
660	G. C. Barthson	W.M.
664	J. A. McCorkle	W.M.
665	S. D. Larimore	J.W.
666	H. E. Wood	W.M.
667	J. L. Pfimdstein	S.W.
668	G. E. Jessup	W.M.
669	J. B. Maier*	W.M.
	E. E. Struke	S.W.
	F. J. Ratzke	J.W.
670	H. H. Card	W.M.
672	W. R. S. Barger	W.M.
673	A. N. Corrington	W.M.

Representatives of Lodges.

NO.	NAME	
674	Frank Fiscus	W.M.
	J. K. Kopf	S.W.
	F. Rucsch	J.W.
675	W. H. Grunwalt*	W.M.
676	R. Bricknell	W.M.
	T. J. Knack	S.W.
677	A. B. Martin	S.W.
679	G. W. Boruff	W.M.
680	F. J. Deem	W.M.
681	J. R. Pence*	S.W.
682	J. W. Bottiell*	W.M.
683	H. E. Todd	W.M.
684	F. N. Malone	W.M.
685	Frank O. Munson	S.W.
686	Wm. T. Vickery	S.W.
	G. F. Kaufman	J.W.
687	R. W. Moore	W.M.
690	B. F. Farmer	W.M.
	E. G. Hazel	S.W.
	C. A. Robbins	J.W.
692	W. C. Rebhan	S.W.
693	J. B. Smith	W.M.
695	H. F. Dudenbostel	W.M.
696	S. I. Parfitt	W.M.
697	J. E. Drawzy	W.M.
	B. Renmer*	S.W.
	T. E. Jones*	J.W.
698	L. E. Baughman	W.M.
701	R. C. Green	W.M.
704	Samuel Trotter*	W.M.
705	C. V. Clark	W.M.
706	A. Praty	W.M.
709	J. H. Decker	W.M.
711	Jas. R. Milne	J.W.
712	W. L. Eichman	W.M.
713	Guy Bridham	W.M.
715	Jno. L. Balden	W.M.
716	Fred H. Dehman	W.M.
	E. W. C. Reiber	S.W.
717	Arthur J. Does	W.M.
	O. J. W. Schumacher	S.W.
718	G. O. Mareland	S.W.
719	T. J. Throgmorton	W.M.
721	O. E. Whitlock*	W.M.
723	U. P. Kinsall	W.M.
724	Jean U. Scott	W.M.
726	Grant Sparrow	W.M.
	A. M. Millard*	S.W.
	Frank Pennington*	J.W.
727	J. E. Wills*	S.W.
728	E. W. Price	W.M.
729	Newton S. Owens	W.M.
730	T. A. Grable	W.M.
731	J. F. Brown	W.M.
732	Louis Daunerdary*	W.M.
733	A. O. Poff*	S.W.
734	W. R. Sebin	W.M.
735	E. D. Robinson	W.M.
737	G. F. Lester	S.W.
738	C. L. Tanner*	W.M.
739	Geo. F. Comas	W.M.
	Albert E. Parker	S.W.
	J. C. McElise	J.W.
741	A. T. Peters	W.M.
742	C. C. Camden*	W.M.
743	J. L. Dawson	W.M.
744	T. M. Sample	W.M.
745	H. J. Waterstreet	W.M.
746	A. V. Foote	S.W.
747	R. L. Jassee	W.M.
748	W. U. Wiley*	W.M.
749	Raymond Darnell	W.M.
752	J. C. Robinson	W.M.
754	Walter E. Cooper*	W.M.
755	John Lowe	W.M.
756	G. L. Heck*	W.M.
757	Aug. Wennerstrom	W.M.
758	Robt. J. Farris	W.M.
	Howard C. Johnson	S.W.
	Wm. F. Stein	J.W.
759	W. A. Newman	S.W.
761	S. M. Waldon*	W.M.
763	W. R. Trowbridge	W.M.
764	Jno. H. Pearson	J.W.
765	J. D. Younger	S.W.
767	Chas. H. Seip*	W.M.
	E. J. Fryas*	S.W.
	V. B. Clevenger	J.W.
768	H. R. Young	W.M.
	H. J. Egner	S.W.
	E. E. Stamp	J.W.
769	Elza L. Greider	W.M
770	Geo. W. Gale	W.M.
771	C. A. Golden	W.M.
772	O. A. Wise	W.M.
774	Louis H Kuber, Jr	W.M.
	Elmer L. Cornell	S.W.
	Fred H. Kaiser	J.W.
776	L. E. Simons*	W.M.
777	Alexander Roffen	W.M.
	Howard E. Black*	S.W.
	P. C. Fromhold	J.W.
778	James F. Wright	W.M.
779	R. D. Schuettge	W.M.
	S. C. Blumer	S.W.
	H. W. Schmidt	J.W.
780	Fred Michael	W.M.
	G. A. Singraw	S.W.
	W. E. Stedman	J.W.
782	W. H. Gray*	W.M.
783	Ny. Silberhorn	W.M.
	Jno. Gisse	S.W.
	J. C. Hoff	J.W.
784	Charles S. Schnube	W.M.
786	J. L. Parsons	W.M.
787	Herman E. Haystfleisch	W.M.
788	R. G. Hall	W.M.
789	Frank M. Fonda	W.M.
	E. H. Sims	S.W.
	P. S. Hotchkiss	J.W.
790	A. B. Carey, Jr.	W.M.
792	Carl Gordon	S.W.
793	J. E. Turres	W.M.
794	W. J. McDavid	W.M.
796	W. A. Jolley*	W.M.
797	Kirk R. Howard	W.M.
798	Peter Anderson*	J.W.
799	A. M. Hicks*	W.M.
800	O. H. Hill	W.M.
	J. L. Fogle	S.W.

*Proxy.

Representatives of Lodges.

NO.	NAME	
	G. E. Dewey	J.W.
802	J. A. Hoye	W.M.
803	C. L. Higgins*	W.M.
804	W. Bergsteat*	J.W.
805	Edward C. Cowald	J.W.
806	C. E. Swayne	W.M.
808	E. A. Day	W.M.
809	W. G. Johnson	W.M.
810	E. J. Bingham	W.M.
813	Chas. H. Witbeck	W.M.
814	E. P. Spooner	W.M.
815	E. E. Pond	W.M.
	M. G. McMullan	S.W.
	R. S. Davis	J.W.
816	J. R. Glaswet	W.M.
817	W. C. Lambert*	W.M.
818	Adolph J. Hult	J.W.
819	W. H. Wilson	W.M.
	S. Miskelly	S.W.
	E. F. Simons*	J.W.
820	Perry Wene	W.M.
821	C. P. Gard	W.M.
822	C. C. Fain*	W.M.
823	W. L. Krell	W.M.
824	G. O. Prickett	W.M.
	F. Knoblauch	S.W.
825	James I. Lowpus	W.M.
826	J. A. Fouch	W.M.
827	Frank Kandlit	W.M.
830	B. B. Horton	W.M.
831	C. W. Francisco*	W.M.
832	E. Anderson	W.M.
	J. L. Abbott	S.W.
	C. H. Johnson	J.W.
833	W. L. Husband	W.M.
834	W. M. Lovins*	W.M.
835	R. Z. Studebaker	W.M.
836	H. T. Alexander	J.W.
837	J. G. Green	W.M.
838	W. P. Brock*	W.M.
839	Wm. T. Struckmann*	W.M.
840	J. B. Anderson	W.M.
841	W. H. Anderson	W.M.
842	F. P. Blakely*	W.M.
843	H. O. Engelking	W.M.
	P. G. Emory	S.W.
	G. D. Head	J.W.
846	H. D. Hellpatrick	W.M.
848	W. T. Shreves,	W.M.
849	Chas. Caley	W.M.
850	W. O. Lutz	W.M.
	F. J. Hooper	S.W.
851	Geo. Roberts	W.M.
852	K. M. Vanscoy	W.M.
853	M. M. Vaughn*	W.M.
854	C. F. Hawkinson*	W.M.
	L. J. N. Wilthouse	S.W.
855	S. L. Manning	W.M.
	J. S. Wiener	S.W.
	C. E. Sward	J.W.
856	S. P. Waldron*	W.M.
857	H. L. Booth*	W.M.
858	E. A. Lewis	J.W.
860	James Piggot, Jr	W.M.
	E. D. Chase	J.W.
862	R. C. Dreyforth*	W.M.
863	John Cameron*	S.W.
864	R. W. Hupe	W.M.
	John Snothermoon	S.W.
	Edward Gilstroop	J.W.
865	W. N. H. Hardin	W.M.
	F. O. Farrey	S.W.
	C. J. Byroson	J.W.
866	John Williamson	W.M.
867	H. L. Spealman*	W.M.
869	Robert A. Lees	W.M.
870	G. W. Weber	W.M.
871	D. C. Miller	J.W.
873	David Bumgardner	W.M.
874	H. H. Drum	W.M.
875	G. M. Embury	W.M.
	T. I. Norton	S.W.
	Frank Barmel	J.W.
876	E. E. Meburn	W.M.
	Wm. Acree*	S.W.
	E. J. Baldwin	J.W.
877	C. Curtnight	W.M.
878	D. C. Hutchins	W.M.
	E. F. Witchett	S.W.
	A. F. Vroon	J.W.
879	F. E. Baker	W.M.
	A. W. Stenwedel	S.W.
	F. H. Akers*	J.W.
880	Frank Hradecky	W.M.
881	A. B. Collom*	W.M.
882	J. F. Williams	W.M.
884	J. H. Wedner	W.M.
885	H. B. Landis	W.M.
886	R. H. Petty	W.M.
887	J. T. Cook	J.W.
888	H. A. Thomas	W.M.
	W. J. Tryom	S.W.
	W. L. Ayers	J.W.
889	C. L. Osgood*	W.M.
890	Robert Duthie	W.M.
891	W. H. Bray	W.M.
892	J. H. Tiedeman	S.W.
893	J. O. Wade	W.M.
894	W. J. Ure	W.M.
895	H. J. Lurie	W.M.
	M. M. Arkin	S.W.
896	E. Andrus*	W.M.
	J. H. Vincent	J.W.
897	Otto Stark	W.M.
	H. Keasey	S.W.
898	H. Hough	W.M.
899	H. H. Bowman	W.M.
900	W. D. Mathews	W.M.
901	E. H. Peters	W.M.
903	Lyman O. Buzzard	W.M.
904	Lewis W. Lemon	W.M.
905	George A. Steele	S.W.
906	William R. Haller	W.M.
907	Leopold Apple*	W.M.
	Jos. Soldinger	S.W.
	Chas. Moses*	J.W.
908	Ora L. Medsker	S.W.
909	Abraham E. Schmitz	W.M.
	Alfred Dreefus	S.W.
	Paul Shapin	J.W.

*Proxy.

Representatives of Lodges.

NO.	NAME	
910	N. L. Rogers*	W.M.
911	J. M. Jordon*	W.M.
912	W. J. Daily	W.M.
913	H. E. Hansen	W.M.
	W. W. Taylor*	J.W.
914	Arthur M. Dean	W.M.
	C. D. Crossette*	S.W.
	J. E. Gwisler*	J.W.
915	Charles Edgar Adams	J.W.
916	Charles Brinkman	W.M.
	John G. Johnson	S.W.
	John O. Rogers	J.W.
917	Frank E. Schultz	W.M.
918	S. D. Campbell	W.M.
919	Albert Tolcot Alexander	S.W.
	James T. Beatler	J.W.
921	Geo. H. Cook	W.M.
	Nichols M. Melzdorf	S.W.
	Thomas Mars	J.W.
922	Joel C. Carlson	W.M.
923	Marx Hammerschlog	W.M.
	Leon T. Ollenhemer	S.W.
	Jacob S. Osgood	J.W.
924	F. C. Bunegor	W.M.
	E. E. Robbins	J.W.
925	John Canon*	W.M.
926	Earle C. Richardson	W.M.
	Geo. Court	S.W.
	H. H. Seibert	J.W.
927	H. C. Trenary	W.M.
930	Lews J. Woodfin	W.M.
932	Fred Huff	W.M.
933	Burt B. Miller	W.M.
934	J. H. Birdsong	S.W.
935	Wm. I. Irwin	S.W.
936	W. Herbert Brown	W.M.
937	Wm. C. Bliss	W.M.
938	Henry Smith*	W.M.
	C. Otto Seifert	S.W.
	J. A. Simmons*	J.W.
939	Nicholas Notson	W.M.
940	A. P. Thurmon*	W.M.
942	Albert T. Ahlin	W.M.
943	Otto Pecha	W.M.
	Frank J. Kaspar	S.W.
	Otto L. Steiskal	J.W.
944	Joseph Kohn*	S.W.
945	Oliver McDaniel	W.M.
946	Clarence Morrow	W.M.
947	J. J. Burks	S.W.
	C. E. Satz	J.W.
948	O. V. Cummins	W.M.
949	P. C. Penlecka	W.M.
	Frank I. Pish	S.W.
	F. A. Marshall	J.W.
950	E. H. McChesney	W.M.
	C. B. Patch	S.W.
951	F. W. Krueger*	W.M.
	F. I. Gish	S.W.
953	Harry Sturman	W.M.
954	A. Guerst	S.W.
955	W. G. Howe	W.M.
	C. Gould	S.W.
	R. D. Bauming	J.W.
956	T. J. Smith	W.M.
	A. Gross	S.W.
957	Emil F. Roegner	W.M.
	Franklin Young*	S.W.
	J. Winkler	J.W.
958	Roland Goldstine	W.M.
959	W. R. Schroeder*	W.M.
960	James E. McKay	W.M.
	Albert C. Taylor	S.W.
961	A. W. E. Hooper	S.W.
962	W. P. Ritchie	W.M.
	Roland A. Speoog	S.W.
	C. F. Fricke	J.W.
963	I. I. Hall	W.M.
964	Charles W. Kaiser	W.M.
965	W. Reed Barnhart*	W.M.
966	Geo. S. Palmer	W.M.
967	H. E. Bartlett*	S.W.
969	H. Stanley Crossley	S.W.
970	Joshua D. Henderson	W.M.
971	Henry Rosier*	W.M.
	Chas. P. Dumbaugh*	S.W.
972	W. G. Hercock	W.M.
	R. P. DeCamp	S.W.
973	G. A. Simms	W.M.
975	A. P. Hyatt	W.M.
	C. M. Bertusen	S.W.
	F. G. Burchby	J.W.
977	Wm. A. Goldsbery	W.M.
	D. A. Stevens	S.W.
	J. H. Cowden*	J.W.
978	W. A. Klatte	W.M.
	W. E. Krouser	S.W.
	N. H. Johannsen	J.W.
980	Winter L. Kunball	W.M.
981	F. E. Musperle	S.W.
	Raymond Barnes*	J.W.
982	E. J. Philipps	S.W.
984	David J. Gordon	W.M.
	Marcus E. Barney	S.W.
	Seymour E. Murnon	J.W.
985	Herbert C. Beaver	W.M.
986	C. V. Rice	J.W.
987	Roland A. Benson	W.M.
988	Otto W. Anderson	W.M.
989	Dan DeBauch	W.M.
	M. Krulewich	S.W.
	Hugo Gotthermer	J.W.
991	Fred A. Doggett	W.M.
	Carl Hart Hill	S.W.
	Frank C. Roehocker	J.W.
992	E. L. Cooper	S.W.
	Leonard Lenley	J.W.
993	A. I. Forrest	W.M.
	C. A. Shepard	S.W.
994	Geo. H. Lund	W.M.
	Robt. R. Jones	S.W.
	Olof Bomberg	J.W.
995	Frank J. Kohant	W.M.
	Emil J. Pardar	S.W.
	Alexander C. Ramsey	J.W.
996	Chas. Jules Phelps	W.M.
997	Thomas A. Bartlett	W.M.
	Wilbur S. Cox	S.W.
	Wm. A. Idsn	J.W.
998	W. S. Hutchins	W.M.

*Proxy.

REPRESENTATIVES OF LODGES.

NO.	NAME		NO.	NAME	
	W. C. Lathrop	S.W.	1007	W. H. Tulett	S.W.
	H. S. Hayward	J.W.	1008	Chas. L. Erickson	W.M.
1000	L. S. Clark	W.M.	1009	Stephen A. Cross	W.M.
1001	C. L. Nichols	J.W.	1010	P. L. Wachtel	W.M.
1002	A. H. Lambrecht	W.M.		John Kurtz	S.W.
1003	M. L. Nathan	W.M.		F. J. Bohle	J.W.
	N. D. Scloenbrord*	S.W.	1011	C. C. Self	W.M.
	Oscar Marx*	J.W.		J. T. Self*	J.W.
1004	R. E. Edmonds	W.M.	1012	M. E. Smith	W.M.
1005	A. P. Bauer	W.M.		Theo. W. Dairland	S.W.
1006	B. W. Crissey	W.M.		F. S. B. Classmer	J.W.
	E. D. Wade	S.W.	1013	A. B. Harris	S.W.
	E. E. Sweet	J.W.			

*Proxy.

All of which is fraternally submitted,

EMMETT HOWARD,
C. N. HAMBLETON,
W. P. JONES,
JAS. A. STEELE,
E. M. CRAIN,
Committee.

Chicago, October 10, A. D. 1918.

DETAILED REPORT
COMMITTEE ON MILEAGE AND PER DIEM.

The following is a detailed report of the Committee on Mileage and Per Diem:

GRAND OFFICERS.

NAMES.	OFFICE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total
Austin H. Scrogin	M.W. Grand Master		$.	$	$
Dan G. Fitzgerrell	R.W. Dep. Gr. Master				
Elmer E. Beach	R.W. Sr. Gr. Warden				
Arthur E. Wood	R.W. Jr. Gr. Warden				
Leroy A Goddard	R.W. Gr. Treasurer				
Isaac Cutter	R.W. Gr. Secretary				
Walter Aitken	R.W. Gr. Chaplain	127	12 70	9	21 70
R. Keene Ryan	R.W. Grand Orator	5	50	9	9 50
Roy Adams	W. Dep. Grand Secretary				
Wm. Elmer Edward	W. Gr. Pursuivant	8	80	9	9 80
Wm. H. Bied	W. Grand Marshal	5	50	9	9 50
W. N. Ewing	W. Gr. Stand. Bearer	301	30 10	9	39 10
R. E. Gifford	W. Gr. Sword Bearer	237	23 70	9	32 70
John L. Browning	W. Sr. Gr. Deacon	300	30 00	9	39 00
S. C. Rea	W. Jr. Gr. Deacon	300	30 00	9	39 00
G. W. Tipsword	W. Grand Steward	218	21 80	9	30 80
H. S. Albin	W. Grand Steward	5	50	9	9 50
Tim. Van Antwerp	W. Grand Steward	135	13 50	9	22 50
Chester S. Gurney	Bro. Grand Tyler	5	50	9	9 50
James V. McCullough	Assistant Grand Tyler	110	11 00		
H. E. Hamilton	Past Senior Grand Warden	1	10	9	9 10
Ralph H. Wheeler	Past Grand Master	1	10	15	15 10

R. W. DISTRICT DEPUTY GRAND MASTERS.

NAMES.	DISTRICTS.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total
E. E. Mullen	1st District.	1	$ 10	$ 9	$9 10
Jas. S Shaw	2d "	1	10	9	9 10
Wm. Tinsley	3d "	1	10	9	9 10
Wm. W. Bending	4th "	12	1 20	9	10 20
T. M. Avery	5th "	2	20	9	9 20
S. B. Harvey	6th "	12	1 20	9	10 20
	7th "				
W. W. LaMoure	8th "	2	20	9	9 20
Nels O. Johnson	9th "	7	70	9	9 70
D. S Mellinger	10th "	9	90	9	9 90
David S. Davidson	11th "	9	90	9	9 90
Wm. T. Mummery	12th "	3	30	9	9 30
S. T. O'Dell	13th "	6	60	9	9 60
Geo. E. Moore	14th "	5	50	9	9 50
Paul A. Neuffer	15th "	1	10	9	9 10
	16th "				
Albert C. McFarland	17th "	10	1 00	9	10 00
A. M. Bassford	18th "	14	1 40	9	10 40
H. H. Milnor	19th "	1	10	9	9 10
Louis Link	20th "	3	30	9	9 30
C. J. Wightman	21st "	48	4 80	9	13 80

R. W. DISTRICT DEPUTY GRAND MASTERS.—*Continued.*

NAMES.	DISTRICTS.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
A. J. Winteringham	22d District	43	$ 4 30	9	$13 30
J. R. Balliet	23d "	78	7 80	9	16 80
C. L. Snyder	24th "	114	11 40	9	20 40
J. H. Grimm	25th "	164	16 40	9	25 40
M. R. Nelson	26th "	124	12 40	9	21 40
R. W. E. Mitchell	27th "	110	11 00	9	20 00
Wm. C. Darling	28th "	52	5 20	9	14 20
Edwin P. Works	29th "	32	3 20	9	12 20
E H. Cooley	30th "				
J. E Barber	31st "	75	7 50	9	16 50
Chas. W. McCray	32d "	83	8 30	9	17 30
	33d "				
Francis Bradley	34th "	104	10 40	9	19 40
Chas H. Mangold	35th "	179	17 90	9	26 90
John F. Maberry	36th "	193	19 30	9	28 30
S. R Amlong	37th "	193	19 30	9	28 30
R D. Tinkham	38th "	185	18 50	9	27 50
C. C. Sawyer	39th "	147	14 70	9	23 70
	40th "				
Chas. E. Myers	41st "	92	9 20	9	18 20
W. H. Barnard	42d "	85	8 50	9	17 50
Ben. J. Metzger	43d "	37	3 70	9	12 70
	44th "				
Bruce T. Harley	45th "	46	4 60	9	13 60
E. C. Vanderporten	46th "	77	7 70	9	16 70
Glen Robinson	47th "	113	11 30	9	20 30
Amos Ball	48th "	109	10 90	9	19 90
Chas. H. Ireland	49th "	129	12 90	9	21 90
Jas. A. Coleman	50th "	193	19 30	9	28 30
J. L. Burkhart	51st "	228	22 80	9	31 80
J. L. Klemme	52d "	263	26 30	9	35 30
E L. Charpentier	53d "	250	25 00	9	34 00
S. P. Odenweller	54th "	154	15 40	9	24 40
Grier Hanson	55th "	194	19 40	9	28 40
	56th "				
J. Huber Allen	57th "	127	12 70	9	21 70
S. S. Middleton	58th "	134	13 40	9	22 40
G. H. Stephens	59th "	123	12 30	9	21 30
B S. Blaine	60th "	126	12 60	9	21 60
G. A. Stadler	61st "	173	17 30	9	26 30
A. M Bowden	62d "	181	18 10	9	27 10
B. I. Pumpelly	63d "	146	14 60	9	23 60
Harry M. Wood	64th "	157	15 70	9	24 70
Hal. C. M. McLoud	65th "	185	18 50	9	27 50
A. C. Metcalf	66th "	216	21 60	9	30 60
E. E. McCoy	67th "	288	28 80	9	37 80
E. L. Lawrence	68th "	313	31 30	9	40 30
Caston Clemmons	69th "	254	25 40	9	34 40
Alonzo Ellis	70th "	279	27 90	9	36 90
Chas. W. Kesler	71st "	201	20 10	9	29 10
A. A. Bauer	72d "	187	18 70	9	27 70
M. E. Bigelow	73d "	185	18 50	9	27 5
Jas. A. Shepherd, Jr.	74th "	161	16 10	9	25 10
S. A. Wright	75th "	193	19 30	9	28 30
	76th "				
Frank E. Bauer	77th "	246	24 60	9	33 60
H. S. Daniels	78th "	252	25 20	9	34 20
W. P. Wall	79th "	248	24 80	9	33 80
N. C. Gochennour	80th "	231	23 10	9	32 10
W. M. Lovins	81st "	187	18 70	9	27 70
J. L. Whiteside	82d "	176	17 60	9	26 60
David L Wright	83d "	199	19 90	9	28 90
E. S. McIntyre	84th "	281	28 10	9	37 10

R. W. DISTRICT DEPUTY GRAND MASTERS.—*Continued.*

NAMES.	DISTRICTS.	Miles	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total
Chas. W. Dean	85th District	260	26 00	9	35 00
David B. Robertson	86th "	251	25 10	9	34 10
Sam'l B. Gwin	87th "	222	22 20	9	31 20
F. I. Mills	88th "	205	20 50	9	29 50
H. P. Blackard	89th "	290	29 00	9	38 00
C. F. Stoll	90th "	225	22 50	9	31 50
Wainwright Davis	91st "	276	27 60	9	36 60
Sam E. Gregg	92d "	299	29 90	9	38 90
W. H. Thomas	93d "	292	29 20	9	38 20
J. C. Sanders	9 th "	217	24 70	9	33 70
	95th "				
Frank D Thomas	96th "	368	36 80	9	45 80
W. T. Cable	97th "	314	31 40	9	40 40
Roy R. Helm	98th "	366	36 60	9	45 60
John Armstrong	99th "	307	30 70	9	39 70
W. F. Gibson	100th "	364	36 40	9	45 40

COMMITTEES

NAMES.	Miles..	Mileage...	Per Diem	Total....
MASONIC JURISPRUDENCE.				
Monroe C. Crawford	330	$33 00	$30	$ 63 00
Geo. M. Moulton	1	10	30	30 10
Wm. B Wright	199	19 90	30	49 90
Chester E. Allen	163	16 30	30	46 30
APPEALS AND GRIEVANCES.				
A. H. Bell	224	22 40	35	57 50
E. D. Brothers	9	90	35	35 90
A. E. Otman	155	15 50	35	50 50
A. L. Anderson	156	15 60	35	50 60
Chas. H. Martin	229	22 90	35	57 90
CHARTERED LODGES.				
Phil C. Barclay	365	36 50	35	71 50
W. W. Watson	268	26 80	35	61 80
John F. Campbell	1	10	35	35 10
Albert Rouliers	2	20	35	35 20
Wm. E. Buehler	1	10	35	35 10
LODGES UNDER DISPENSATION.				
Wm. H. Beckman	5	50	35	35 50
Emil J. Merki	6	60	35	35 60
C. L. Sandusky	123	12 30	35	47 30
F. O. Lorton	201	20 10	35	55 10
Harry E. Browning	281	28 10	35	63 10
MILEAGE AND PER DIEM.				
W. F. Beck	231	23 10	30	53 10
H. T. Goddard	249	24 90	30	54 90
T. S. Browning	300	30 00	30	60 00
Chas. H. Thompson	276	27 60	30	57 60
M. T. Booth	152	15 20	30	45 20
R. C. Clark	2	20	30	30 20

COMMITTEES—*Continued.*

NAMES.	Miles.....	Mileage....	Per Diem.	Total
FINANCE.				
Edward H. Thomas	9	$ 90	$30	$ 30 90
Thos. A. Stevens	6	60	30	30 60
E. Edwin Mills	9	90	30	30 90
MASONIC CORRESPONDENCE.				
Delmar D. Darrah	127	12 70	20	32 70
TRUSTEES MASONIC HOMES.				
Louis L. Emmerson	276	27 60	30	57 60
Robert C. Fletcher	15	1 50	30	31 50
Wm. D. Price	10	1 00	30	30 10
Charles C. Davis	251	25 10	30	55 10
Anthony Doherty	261	26 10	30	56 10
CREDENTIALS				
Emmet Howard	263	26 30	20	46 30
C. N. Hambleton	251	25 10	20	45 10
W. P. Jones	136	13 60	20	33 10
Jas. A. Steele	176	17 60	20	37 60
E. M. Crain	226	22 60	20	42 60
PETITIONS.				
J. E. Jeffers	158	15 80	20	35 80
T. S. VanDolah	110	11 00	20	31 00
C. O. Faught	210	21 00	20	41 00
OBITUARIES.				
Geo. W. McFatrich	1	10	20	20 10
John C. Crawford	330	33 00	20	53 00
Hez G. Henry	241	24 10	20	44 10
GRAND MASTER'S ANNUAL REPORT.				
Chas. H. Spilman	268	26 80	20	46 80
Geo. J. Kurzenknabe	5	50	20	20 50
William Fairlee	216	21 60	20	41 60
GRAND EXAMINERS.				
Richard C. Davenport	314	31 40	20	51 40
David D. King	4	40	20	20 40
Geo. E. Carlson	179	17 90	20	37 90
Wm. H. Zarley	37	3 70	20	23 70
B. L. TenEyck	193	19 30	20	39 30
NEW LEGISLATION.				
William Wilhartz	1	10	30	30 10
Geo. W. Cyrus	241	24 10	30	54 10
LIBRARIES.				
Chas. W. Walduck	5	50	20	20 50
Wm. A. Dixon	176	17 60	20	37 60
Geo. L. Hilliker	12	1 20	20	21 20
CLUBS				
James McCredie	37	3 70	20	23 70

COMMITTEES.—*Continued.*

NAMES.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
ADVISORY COUNCIL.				
Dan G. Fitzgerrell	125	12 50	35	47 50
Elmer E. Beach	2	20	35	35 20
Arthur E. Wood	109	10 90	35	45 90
Owen Scott	173	17 30	35	52 30
Robert J. Daly	5	50	35	35 50
NATIONAL DEFENSE.				
Wm. L. Sharp	1	10	30	30 10
Nelson J. Lampert	1	10	30	30 10

REPRESENTATIVES.

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage..	Per Diem.	Total.....
Bodley	1	F. W. Brinkoetter.	263	$ 26 30	$9	$35 30
Equality	2	Jas. A. Womack	313	31 30	9	40 30
Harmony	3	W. R. Hamline	216	21 60	9	30 60
Springfield	4	S. B. Smith	185	18 50	6	24 50
Friendship	7	Lee Reed	98	9 80	9	18 80
Macon	8	G. I. Evalt	173	17 30	9	26 30
Rushville	9					
St. John's	13	F. L. Dauber	100	10 00	9	19 00
Warren	14	J. R. Williams	308	30 80	9	39 80
Peoria	15	C. F. Kohlve	155	15 50	9	24 50
Temperance	16	Rollin Don Porter	231	23 10	9	32 10
Macomb	17	S. E. Purdum	202	20 20	9	29 20
Clinton	19					
Hancock	20	Lee Sisbenbarn	238	23 80	9	32 80
Cass	23	John W. Fagan	225	22 50	9	31 50
St. Clair	24	Oscar F. Weber	295	29 50	9	38 50
Franklin	25	W. J. Herb	254	25 40	9	34 40
Piasa	27	C. W. Beall	257	25 70	9	34 70
Pekin	29	F. W. Soady	154	15 40	6	21 40
Mt. Vernon	31	John M. Ayres	276	27 60	9	36 60
Oriental	33	John F. Fralick	1	10	9	9 10
Barry	34	C. L. Morgan	304	30 40	9	39 40
Charleston	35	W. B. Tynn	182	18 20	9	27 20
Kavanaugh	36					
Monmouth	37	C. W. Buchanan	179	17 90	9	26 90
Olive Branch	38	Robert Pettigrew	123	12 30	9	21 30
Herman	39	John Arthur Worttmann	263	26 30	9	35 30
Occidental	40	Fred Thomas	85	8 50	9	17 50
Mt. Joliet	42	Burrett Black	37	3 70	9	12 70
Bloomington	43	Clerc Tilbury	127	12 70	9	21 70
Hardin	44	D. R. Peters	288	28 80	9	37 80
Griggsville	45	W. E. Doam	286	28 60	9	37 60
Temple	46	D. C. Rolfe	151	15 10	9	24 10
Caledonia	47	H. H. Moore	368	36 80	9	45 80
Unity	48	Silas Searles	32	3 20	9	12 20
Cambridge	49	Maurin J. Smith	151	15 10	9	24 10
Carrollton	50	Harper A. Kelley	255	25 50	9	34 50
Mt. Moriah	51	Samuel Paton	237	23 70	9	32 70
Benevolent	52	L. F. Berger	243	24 30	9	33 30
Jackson	53	John J. Baker	194	19 40	9	28 40
Washington	55	L. T. Phillips	270	27 00	9	36 00
Trio	57	Ray O. Roderick	181	18 10	9	27 10
Fraternal	58	T. J. Foster	145	14 50	9	23 50
New Boston	59	John L. Mead	184	18 40	9	27 40
Belvidere	60					
Lacon	61					
St. Mark's	63	Hiram S. Dygert	51	5 10	9	14 10
Benton	64	Mack McCreery	300	30 00	9	39 00
Euclid	65	G. J. Lindblad	29	2 90	9	11 90
Pacific	66	H. A. Parmenter	168	16 80	9	25 80
Acacia	67	Roy F. Cook	99	9 90	9	18 90
Eureka	69	John A. Forgy	187	18 70	9	27 70
Central	71	Jas F. Jabusch	185	18 50	9	27 50
Chester	72	W. F. Swearry	325	32 50	9	41 50
Rockton	74					
Roscoe	75	G. E. Erickson	85	8 50	9	17 50
Mt. Nebo	76	E. E. Stadler	224	22 40	9	31 40
Prairie	77	W. L. Wheller	161	16 10	9	25 10
Waukegan	78	Wm. E. Sayle	36	3 60	9	12 60

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles	Mileage	Per Diem.	Total
Scott	79	Thos. D. Kohlert	260	$26 00	$9	$35 00
White Hall	80	Robt. Dickson	279	27 90	9	36 90
Virtruvius	81					
DeWitt	84	Harry S. Macon	147	14 70	9	23 70
Mitchell	85	W. O. Edwards	288	28 80	9	37 80
Kaskaskia	86	Philip Rothmeier	308	30 80	9	39 80
Mt. Pulaski	87	Claude W. Upp	168	16 80	9	25 80
Havana	88	Matthew Bollan	204	20 40	9	29 40
Fellowship	89	L. W. Gasaway	317	31 70	9	40 70
Jerusalem Temple	90	W. H. Mighill	37	3 70	9	12 70
Metropolis	91	Walter Roberts	366	36 60	9	45 60
Stewart	92	Frank Cook	159	15 90	9	24 90
Toulon	93	Fred Brown	151	15 10	9	24 10
Perry	95	M. Buchanan	292	29 20	9	38 20
Samuel H. Davis	96	H. C. Clark	106	10 60	9	19 60
Excelsior	97					
Taylor	98	John R. Best	134	13 40	9	22 40
Edwardsville	99	F. M. Campbell	265	26 50	9	35 50
Astoria	100	F. W. Basil	218	21 80	9	30 80
Rockford	102	Peter L. Anderson	87	8 70	9	17 70
Magnolia	103					
Lewistown	104	Job Hughes	194	19 40	9	28 40
Winchester	105					
Lancaster	106					
Versailles	108	J. Frank Wilson	287	28 70	9	37 70
Trenton	109	W. R. Steffins	277	27 70	9	36 70
Lebanon	110	Emil J. Brown	285	28 50	9	37 50
Jonesboro	111	Willis Hileman	330	33 00	9	42 00
Robert Burns	113	J. W. Bloomer	192	19 20	9	28 20
Marcelline	114	John W. Baker	277	27 70	9	36 70
Rising Sun	115					
Vermont	116	F. O. Holmberg	211	21 10	9	30 10
Elgin	117	F. E. Hallock	37	3 70	9	12 70
Waverly	118	Robt. Etter	220	22 00	9	31 00
Henry	119	Elmer Quinn	126	12 60	9	21 60
Mound	122	W. M. Shaw	201	20 10	9	29 10
Oquawka	123	W. P. Martin	205	20 50	6	26 50
Cedar	124					
Greenup	125	J. H. Nels, Sr	195	19 50	9	28 50
Empire	126	Chas. G. Harer	159	15 90	9	24 90
Antioch	127	Philip S. Daniels	58	5 80	9	14 80
Raleigh	128	C. H. Gore	312	31 20	9	40 20
Greenfield	129	Merrill B. Metcalf	291	29 10	9	38 10
Marion	130	W. R. Williams	249	24 90	9	33 90
Golconda	131	Sim V. Clanahan	368	36 80	9	45 80
Mackinaw	132	Ray H. Pepper	147	14 70	9	23 70
Marshall	133	Harry R. Bamisberger	176	17 60	9	26 60
Sycamore	134	F. C. Poust	52	5 20	6	11 20
Lima	135	S. A. Duke	290	29 00	9	38 00
Hutsonville	136	A. B. McQueen	196	19 60	9	28 60
Polk	137	Logan E. Hungate	303	30 30	9	39 30
Marengo	138					
Geneva	139	Robert F. Birch	36	3 60	9	12 60
Olney	140	Sidney C. Fulkerson	232	23 20	9	32 20
Garden City	141	Harry W. Finney	1	10	9	9 10
Ames	142					
Richmond	143	Jesse B. Richardson	76	7 60	9	16 60
DeKalb	144	George Jensen	58	5 80	9	14 80
A. W. Rawson	145	M. F. Howarth	102	10 20	9	19 20
Lee Center	146	F. M. Blowers	100	10 00	9	19 00
Clayton	147	George H. Swaney	242	24 20	9	33 20
Bloomfield	148	John T. Owen	147	14 70	9	23 70
Effingham	149	Wm. H. Bash	199	19 90	9	28 90
Vienna	150	Lloyd T. Farris	348	34 80	9	43 80
Bunker Hill	151	Oscar B. Wise	246	24 60	9	33 60

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles	Mileage	Per Diem.	Total
				$	$	$
Fidelity	152					
Clay	153	C. R. Coulter	265	26 50	9	35 50
Russell	154	Edward D. Jones	134	13 40	9	25 40
Alpha	155	C. W. Lattin	163	16 30	9	25 30
Delavan	156	Wm. F. Donley	157	15 70	9	24 70
Urbana	157	Peter Fursh	128	12 80	9	21 80
McHenry	158	A. J. Hunte	50	5 00	9	14 00
Kewanee	159	Fred V. Chambers	131	13 10	9	22 10
Waubansia	160	D. G. Rawley	1	10	9	9 10
Virden	161	J. R. Woodward	207	20 70	9	29 70
Hope	162	C. A. Braden	299	29 90	9	38 90
Edward Dobbins	164	L. R. Smith	225	22 50	9	31 50
Atlanta	165	Jesse L. Parry	146	14 60	9	23 60
Star in the East	166	John T. Gerber	87	8 70	9	17 70
Milford	168					
Nunda	169	W. W. Roberts	43	4 30	9	13 30
Evergreen	170	George F. Wachlin	114	11 40	9	20 40
Girard	171	Frank G. Wood	211	21 10	9	30 10
Wayne	172	Jay B. Kallibaugh	146	14 60	9	23 60
Cherry Valley	173					
Lena	174					
Matteson	175	John V. Freeman	37	3 70	9	12 70
Mendota	176	Ed. Lathrop	83	8 30	9	17 30
Staunton	177	J. F. Bonney	248	24 80	9	33 80
Illinois Central	178	Frank C. Hegert	94	9 40	9	18 40
Wabash	179	F. W. Chamberlain	178	17 80	9	26 80
Moweaqua	180	I. L. Mathias	186	18 60	9	27 60
Germania	182	John Kiefer	1	10	9	9 10
Meridian	183					
Abingdon	185	L. W. Cutter	173	17 30	9	26 30
Mystic Tie	187					
Cyrus	188	D. A. Howard	128	12 80	9	21 80
Fulton City	189	Earl D. Thompson	136	13 60	9	22 60
Dundee	190	F. M. Carr	44	4 40	9	13 40
Farmington	192	R. W. Gentle	169	16 90	9	25 90
Herrick	193	Louis M. Daser	227	22 70	9	31 70
Freedom	194	L. S. McClure	71	7 10	9	16 10
La Harpe	195	J. C. Ash	234	23 40	9	32 40
Louisville	196	Alsie N. Tolliver	228	22 80	9	31 80
King Solomon's	197	H. B. Brooks	258	25 80	9	34 80
Homer	199	Joseph Taylor	143	14 30	9	23 30
Sheba	200	Raymond H. Johns	266	26 60	9	35 60
Centralia	201	W. C. Vass	251	25 10	9	34 10
Lavely	203	I. M. Pancake	173	17 30	9	26 30
Flora	204	H. F. Patton	235	23 50	9	32 50
Corinthian	205					
Fairfield	206	Chas. C. Hill	254	25 40	9	34 40
Tamaroa	207	D. M. Hartman	278	27 80	9	36 80
Wilmington	208					
Wm. B. Warren	209	Iver R. Johnson	1	10	9	9 10
Logan	210	Chas W. Anderson	156	15 60	9	24 60
Cleveland	211	Watter Jaxelson	1	10	9	9 10
Shipman	212	W. G. Frank	238	23 80	9	32 80
Ipava	213	J. M. Bidwell	205	20 50	9	29 50
Gillespie	214	H. L. Seekamp	236	23 60	9	32 60
Newton	216	T. C. Wright	213	21 30	9	30 30
Mason	217	R. C. Anderson	210	21 00	9	30 00
New Salem	218	A. E. Hillman	293	29 30	9	38 30
Oakland	219					
Mahomet	220					
LeRoy	221	H. H. Crumbaugh	134	13 40	9	22 40
Geo. Washington	222					
Pana	226	Jeph. M. Roseberry	202	20 20	9	29 20
Columbus	227	H. B. Whitlock	249	24 90	9	33 90
Lovington	228	Thos. L. Conn	168	16 80	9	25 80

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Manchester	229	H. A. Langdon	231	$23 10	$9	$32 10
New Haven	230	J. H. Graddy	297	29 70	9	38 70
Wyanet	231				9	
Farmers	232	H. W. Holifred	372	37 20	9	46 20
Blandinsville	233	J. F. Anderson	228	22 80	9	31 80
DuQuoin	234	F. Guy Hitt	287	28 70	9	37 70
Dallas City	235	H. D. Cummings	222	22 20	9	31 20
Charter Oak	236	Hugh A. Snell	234	23 40	9	32 40
Cairo	237	S. G. Richardson	364	36 40	9	45 40
Black Hawk	238	C. P. Lindsey	261	26 10	9	35 10
Mt. Carmel	239	C. K. Gilkison	249	24 90	9	33 90
Western Star	240	C. A. Luck	126	12 60	9	21 60
Shekinah	241	Alvin Sponsler	307	30 70	9	39 70
Galva	243	Ray D. Palmer	139	13 90	9	22 90
Horicon	244				9	
Greenville	245	Jos. G. Wright	241	24 10	9	33 10
El Paso	246	A. C. King	118	11 80	9	20 80
Rob Morris	247	Chas E. Morgan	109	10 90	9	19 90
Golden Gate	248	D. E. Wittemeyer	186	18 60	9	27 60
Hibbard	249					
Robinson	250	Chas. H. Minshall	205	20 50	9	29 50
Heyworth	251					
Aledo	252					
Avon Harmony	253	H. S. Rodenbough	183	18 30	9	27 30
Aurora	254	E. C. Sivett	37	3 70	9	12 70
Donnelson	255	Jas. A. Stevens	245	24 50	9	33 50
Warsaw	257	H. E. Nelson	266	26 60	9	35 60
Mattoon	260	G. N. Todd	171	17 10	9	26 10
Amon	261	L. W. Taylor	138	13 80	9	22 80
Channahon	262					
Illinois	263	Carl W. Hulsebus	155	15 50	9	24 50
Franklin Grove	264	F. M. Banker	88	8 80	9	17 80
Vermilion	265	John W. Evens	142	14 20	9	23 20
Kingston	266	L. M. Morrison	314	31 40	9	40 40
La Prairie	267	H. F. Selby	236	23 60	9	32 60
Paris	268	Karl G. Gunn	161	16 10	9	25 10
Wheaton	269	G. C. Grover	24	2 40	9	11 40
Levi Lusk	270	Theodore Ward	92	9 20	9	18 20
Blaney	271					
Carmi	272	Wm. E. Day	282	28 20	9	37 20
Miners	273					
Byron	274	J. M. Heald	88	8 80	9	17 80
Milton	275	J. A. Miller	254	25 40	9	34 40
Elizabeth	276	C. E Soward	337	33 70	9	42 70
Accordia	277	Peter Beringer	2	20	9	9 20
Jo Daviess	278	C. G. Leveton	137	13 70	9	22 70
Neoga	279					
Kansas	280	T. S. Wright	197	19 70	9	28 70
Brooklyn	282					
Meteor	283	L. M. Long	56	5 60	6	11 60
Catlin	285	Chas. A. Voigt	129	12 90	9	21 90
Plymouth	286	James D. Hall	222	22 20	9	31 20
De Sota	287	F. M. Martin	301	30 10	9	39 10
Genoa	288	Frank A. Little	60	6 00	9	15 00
Wataga	291	C. W. Merrill	155	15 50	9	24 50
Chenoa	292					
Prophetstown	293	F. L. Dudley	128	12 80	9	21 80
Pontiac	294	A. D. Burrell	92	9 20	9	18 20
Dills	295	W. G. Barnard	250	25 00	9	34 00
Quincy	296	August A. Simon	263	26 30	9	35 30
Benjamin	297	Orves Hudson	241	24 10	9	33 10
Wauconda	298	Dennis L. Putman	40	4 00	9	13 00
Hinckley	301					
Durand	302					
Raven	303	E. G. Rickard	44	4 40	9	13 40

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
				$	$	$
Onarga	305					
William C. Hobbs	306	D. C. Belsby	127	12 70	9	21 70
T. J. Pickett	307	Ed F. Klein	191	19 10	9	28 10
Ashlar	308	John B. Aiken	1	10	9	9 10
Harvard	309	J. C. Diener	63	6 30	9	15 30
Dearborn	310					
Kilwinning	311	J. A. Atchison	1	10	9	9 10
Ionic	312	Elmer O Brintlinger	173	17 30	9	26 30
York	313	Harry Davis	191	19 10	9	28 10
Palatine	314	Herman Waseman	26	2 60	9	11 60
Abraham Jonas	316					
J. L. Anderson	318	H. N. Holmes	226	22 60	9	31 60
Doric	319	C. D. Boyle	179	17 90	9	26 90
Creston	320	Thos. Picknell	69	6 90	9	15 90
Dunlap	321	Arthur M. Kidd	124	12 40	9	21 40
Windsor	322	Geo. E. Dunscomb	185	18 50	9	27 50
Orient	323					
Harrisburg	325	G. E. Anderson	314	31 40	9	40 40
Industry	327	O. E. Kinkade	215	21 50	9	30 50
Altona	330	Jno. Andrews, Jr	147	14 70	9	23 70
Mt. Erie	331	W. F. Merrick	259	25 90	9	34 90
Tuscola	332	Geo. M. Seip	148	14 80	9	23 80
Tyrian	333	A. H. Davidson	185	18 50	9	27 50
Sumner	334	Wm. Dumpley	235	23 50	9	32 50
Schiller	335	Albert Kiefer	155	15 50	9	24 50
New Columbia	336	W. Frank Marberry	353	35 30	9	44 30
Oneida	337	R. W. DeForrest	151	15 10	9	24 10
Saline	339	Allen L. Grace	329	32 90	9	41 90
Kedron	340	Geo. A. Parish	193	19 30	9	28 30
Full Moon	341	J. C. Duncan	268	26 80	9	35 80
Summerfield	342	Henry C. Schumacker	283	28 30	9	37 30
Wenona	344	T. D. Judd	108	10 80	6	16 80
Milledgeville	345	R. S. Treas	122	12 20	9	21 20
N. D. Morse	346	B. A. Cratz	226	22 60	9	31 60
Sidney	347					
Flat Rock	348	Leslie P. Magill	212	21 20	9	30 20
Sublette	349	G. N. Paige	93	9 30	9	18 30
Fairview	350	W. G. Hill	193	19 30	9	28 30
Tarbolton	351	J. W. Antun	93	9 30	6	15 30
Groveland	352	Peter J. Yenter	150	15 00	9	24 00
Kinderhook	353	A C. Bancroft	310	31 00	9	40 00
Ark and Anchor	354	A. O. Merriam	201	20 10	9	29 10
Marine	355	Wesley Stone	264	26 40	9	35 40
Hermitage	356	A. J. Kimball	265	26 50	9	35 50
Orion	358					
Blackberry	359	P. E. Scott	44	4 40	9	13 40
Princeville	360	E. A. Erickson	145	14 50	9	23 50
Douglas	361					
Noble	362	S S. Allard	239	23 90	9	32 90
Horeb	363	C. J. Hollister	162	16 20	9	25 20
Tonica	364	E. A. Boyle	103	10 30	9	19 30
Bement	365	A. L. Hawner	153	15 30	9	24 30
Arcola	366	John R. Clisby	157	15 70	9	24 70
Oxford	367					
Jefferson	368	E. L. Miller	284	28 40	9	37 40
Newman	369					
Livingston	371					
Chambersburg	373	Oscar Dennis	283	28 30	9	37 30
Shabbona	374	G. B. Foster	67	6 70	9	15 70
Aroma	378					
Payson	379	Clarence R. Fisher	280	28 00	9	37 00
Liberty	380	A. L. Enlow	283	28 30	9	37 30
Gill	382	T. R.Dodsworth	228	22 80	9	31 80
LaMoille	383					
Waltham	384	William Wilson	94	9 40	9	18 4

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Mississippi	385	R. M. Garrett	143	$14 30	$9	23 30
Bridgeport	386	Edgar M. Athin	228	22 80	6	28 80
El Dara	388	O. O. Ownby	310	31 00	9	40 00
Kankakee	389	Geo. Huse	55	5 50	9	14 50
Ashmore	390	L. L. Hallock	193	19 30	9	28 30
Tolono	391					
Oconee	392	L. F. Diefenthaler	214	21 40	9	30 40
Blair	393	Wm. H. Rennie	1	10	9	9 10
Jerseyville	394	Jas. C. Downey	252	25 20	9	34 20
Muddy Point	396					
Shiloh	397					
Kinmundy	398	E. R. Hensly	228	22 80	9	31 80
Buda	399	J. F. Carper	117	11 70	9	20 70
Odell	401					
Kiswaukee	402					
Mason City	403	R. D. Culp	172	17 20	9	26 20
Batavia	404					
Ramsey	405	Amos Gage	223	22 30	9	31 30
Bethalto	406	Herman Kabel	261	26 10	9	35 10
Stratton	408	Owen Myers	168	16 80	9	25 80
Thos. J. Turner	409	Ralph C. White	1	10	9	9 10
Mithra	410	Elias H. Drechsel	2	20	9	9 20
Hesperia	411	O. M. Foss	1	10	9	9 10
Bollen	412					
Evening Star	414					
Lawn Ridge	415	Ben E. Davis	163	16 30	9	25 30
Paxton	416	Irving S. Alfard	101	10 10	9	19 10
Marseilles	417	Geo. W. Sterrett	77	7 70	9	16 10
Freeburg	418	Robt. Browning	303	30 30	9	39 30
Reynoldsburg	419	Clyde H. Simmons	338	33 80	9	42 80
Oregon	420	H. E. Wade	99	9 90	9	18 90
Washburn	421	Fred C. Barnes	129	12 90	6	18 90
Landmark	422	James B. Bennett	6	60	9	9 60
Lanark	423					
Exeter	424	Henry Hubbert	262	26 20	9	35 20
Scottville	426					
Red Bud	427	Algeron C. Guker	318	31 80	9	40 80
Sunbeam	428	Charles H. Burr	52	5 20	9	14 20
Chebanse	429					
Kendrick	430	Don Brown	248	24 80	9	33 80
Summit	431	H. W. Rotz	180	18 00	9	27 00
Murrayville	432	Harry Cade	222	22 20	9	31 20
Atkinson	433	Lyle L. Lloyd	152	15 20	9	24 20
Makanda	434	Harry R. Rous	315	31 50	9	40 50
Philo	436	Myron J. Yolton	152	15 20	9	24 20
Chicago	437	Wm. Phillips	1	10	9	9 10
Camargo	440	John Harsley	156	15 60	9	24 60
Sparland	441					
Casey	442					
Hampshire	443	Frank E. Ball	51	5 10	9	14 10
Cave-in-Rock	444	G. L. McDowell	333	33 30	9	42 30
Chesterfield	445	Don A. Drum	233	23 30	9	32 30
Watseka	446	Homer D. Fleming	77	7 70	9	16 70
S. D. Monroe	447	R. C. Highsmith	217	21 70	9	30 70
Yates City	448	O. C. Bailey	164	16 40	9	25 40
Mendon	449	Walter H. L. Thomas	278	27 80	9	36 80
Loami	450	J. W. Davidson	199	19 90	9	28 90
Bromwell	451	Glen P. Walker	196	19 60	9	28 60
New Hartford	453	F. L. Winans	304	30 40	9	39 40
Maroa	454	A. W. Bowden	157	15 70	9	24 70
Irving	455	Charles Sullivan	233	23 30	9	32 30
Nokomis	456	Wm. Swarbrick	224	22 40	9	31 40
Blazing Star	458	Guy Lawrence	323	32 30	9	41 30
Jeffersonville	460	T. C. Hambleton	251	25 10	9	34 10
Plainview	461	J. W. Ambrose	236	23 60	9	32 60

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVES	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Tremont	462	Frank A. Blue	153	$15 30	$9	$24 30
Palmyra	463	F. P. Gangwer	219	21 90	9	30 90
Denver	464					
Huntsville	465					
Cobden	466	H. S. Hardin	322	32 20	9	41 20
South Macon	467	Delmar Byard	183	18 30	9	27 30
Cheney's Grove	468	F. W. Nixon	118	11 80	9	20 80
McLean	469	Wm. Welch	141	14 10	9	23 10
Rantoul	470	Frank G. Howard	113	11 30	9	20 30
Kendall	471					
Amity	472	R. A Wheeland	30	3 00	9	12 00
Gordon	473	Fred M. Bilyen	257	25 70	9	34 70
Columbia	474	Chas. L. Ebel	291	29 10	9	38 10
Walshville	475	W. E. Canow	258	25 80	9	34 80
Manito	476	G. C. Hoakinson	173	17 30	9	26 30
Rutland	477	A. D. Wilson	124	12 40	9	21 40
Pleiades	478	Frank P. Hart	5	50	9	9 50
Wyoming	479	W. H. Faull	137	13 70	9	22 70
Momence	481					
Lexington	482	Wm. H. Lawrence	110	11 00	6	17 00
Edgewood	484	E. H. Levitt	213	21 30	9	30 30
Xenia	485	C. C. Morris	271	27 10	9	36 10
Bowen	486	Edwin Owen	244	24 40	9	33 40
Andrew Jackson	487	Troy A. Sherertz	326	32 60	9	41 60
Clay City	488	J. M. Ragsdale	261	26 10	9	35 10
Cooper	489	Harry Yoder	220	22 00	9	31 00
Shannon	490					
Martin	491	L. H. Keller	180	18 00	9	27 00
Libertyville	492					
Tower Hill	493	J. P. Wilkinson	203	20 30	9	29 30
Stone Fort	495					
Colchester	496	George R. Hall	209	20 90	9	29 90
Alma	497	Thos. Robertson	303	30 30	9	39 30
Murphysboro	498	W. R. Wright	315	31 50	9	40 50
St. Pauls	500	Fred Gottschalk	185	18 50	9	27 50
Stark	501	John L. White	145	14 50	9	23 50
Woodhull	502	A. C. Mackey	153	15 30	9	24 30
Odin	503	A. F. Wile	243	24 30	9	33 30
East St. Louis	501	J. A. Masson	281	28 10	9	37 10
Meridian Sun	505					
O. H. Miner	506	John Frey	81	8 10	9	17 10
Home	508	Jas. A. Hunter	4	40	9	9 40
Parkersburg	509	Edwin L. Nicholas	242	24 20	9	33 20
J. D. Moody	510	Walter L Hinderer	258	25 80	9	34 80
Wade-Barney	512	Jas. E. Roberts	127	12 70	9	21 70
Bradford	514	O. C. Boyd	128	12 80	9	21 80
Andalusia	516	Fred C. Hofer	193	19 30	9	28 30
Litchfield	517	Chas. R. Luplant	234	23 40	9	32 40
Abraham Lincoln	518	Chas. W. Billings	185	18 50	9	27 50
Roseville	519	H. E. Lance	191	19 10	9	28 10
Anna	520	D. Watson Grear	327	32 70	9	41 70
Illiopolis	521	G. A. Lucas	189	18 90	9	27 90
Monitor	522	Chas. E. Cary	37	3 70	9	12 70
Chatham	523	C. H. Drennion	194	19 40	9	28 40
Evans	524	David Bystedt	12	1 20	6	7 20
Covenant	526	Sam'l A. Perrine	1	10	9	9 10
Rossville	527	C. A. Miller	106	10 60	9	19 60
Minooka	528	W. H. Randall	51	5 10	9	14 10
Adams	529	Perry Journey	319	31 90	9	40 90
Maquon	530	Alva A. Kinser	172	17 20	9	26 20
Ashton	531	Chas. L. Hunter	84	8 40	9	17 40
Seneca	532	F. H. Whittaker	72	7 20	9	16 20
Altamont	533	Geo. U. Grant	210	21 00	9	30 00
Cuba	534	C. M. Ewan	189	18 90	9	27 90

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Sherman	535	G. H. Wayne	164	$16 40	$9	$25 40
Plainfield	536	H. A. Goodson	48	4 80	9	13 80
J. R. Gorin	537					
Lockport	538	Albert A. Jones	33	3 30	9	12 30
Chatsworth	539	Chas. Louver	95	9 50	9	18 50
Oak Park	540	M. H. Pusiott	10	1 00	9	10 00
Stewardson	541	Walter Donaldson	200	20 00	9	29 00
Towanda	542					
Cordova	543					
Virginia	544	M. C. Petefish	212	21 20	9	30 20
Valley	547					
Sharon	550	F. M. Hutchinson	123	12 30	9	21 30
Long Point	552	M. LeRoy Ensign	99	9 90	9	18 90
Plum River	554	F. E. Coppernoll	132	13 20	9	22 20
Humboldt	555	Leon F. Levy	85	8 50	9	17 50
Dawson	556	Samuel E. Yocom	202	20 20	9	29 20
Lessing	557	Theo Remane	1	10	9	9 10
Leland	558					
Thomson	559	A. D. Melendy	148	14 80	9	23 80
Madison	560	A. L. Kinzer	257	25 70	9	34 70
Trinity	562	Geo. A. Sharp	358	35 80	9	44 80
Winslow	564					
Pleasant Hill	565	J. R. Galloway	260	26 00	9	35 00
Albany	566	E. A. Fassett	144	14 40	9	23 40
Frankfort	567	John W. Jennings	305	30 50	9	39 50
Time	569	C. J. Wells	273	27 30	9	36 30
Jacksonville	570	F. J. Muehchausen	305	30 50	9	39 50
Bardolph	572	C. W. Duncan	196	19 60	9	28 60
Gardner	573	Daniel Green	64	6 40	9	15 40
Pera	574	F. S. Watson	107	10 70	9	19 70
Capron	575	D. O. Coudry	70	7 00	9	16 00
O'Fallon	576	John J. Koch	296	29 60	9	38 60
Viola	577					
Prairie City	578	C. E. Mesnard	208	20 80	9	29 80
Hazel Dell	580	R. F. Reeds	195	19 50	9	28 50
Dongola	581	W. J. Wright Jr	336	33 60	9	42 60
Shirley	582					
Highland	583					
Vesper	584	Chas. T. Sheahan	163	16 30	9	25 30
Fisher	585	Roy A. Robinson	195	19 50	9	28 50
Princeton	587	Geo. O. Smith	104	10 40	9	19 40
Troy	588	H. A. Canedy	287	28 70	9	37 70
Fairmount	590	F. A. Shepherd	136	13 60	9	22 60
Gilman	591	W. T. Marberry	80	8 00	9	17 00
Fieldon	592	Herbert Brown	270	27 00	9	36 00
Miles Hart	595					
Cerro Gordo	600	W. A. Derr	161	16 10	9	25 10
Farina	601					
Watson	602	W. Arthur Rice	204	20 40	9	29 40
Clark	603	Geo. M. Lindsay	187	18 70	9	27 70
Hebron	604	M. D. Brooks	73	7 30	6	13 30
Streator	607	J. H. Schroeder	90	9 00	9	18 00
Piper	608	C. A. McClain	91	9 10	9	18 10
Sheldon	609	Wm. A. Ward	84	8 40	9	17 40
Union Park	610	Joseph F. Anderson	5	50	9	9 50
Lincoln Park	611	H E. Holdoway	2	20	9	9 20
Rock River	612	Frank M. Kath	110	11 00	9	20 00
Patoka	613	F. M. Smith	247	24 70	9	33 70
Forrest	614					
Wadley	616	Luther Wiley	229	22 90	9	31 90
Good Hope	617					
Basco	618					
New Hope	620	Jas C. Weaver	180	18 00	9	27 50
Hopedale	622	L. C. Brighton	149	14 90	9	23 90
Locust	623					

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Union	627	A. H. Brooks	330	$33 00	$9	$42 00
Tuscan	630	G. W. Burnett	320	32 00	9	41 00
Norton	631					
Ridge Farm	632	C. D. Brown	140	14 00	9	23 00
E. F. W. Ellis	633	Ralph C. Johnson	87	8 70	9	17 70
Buckley	634					
Rochester	635	R. F. Fairchild	194	19 40	9	28 40
Peotone	636	Frank L. Browne	39	3 90	9	12 90
Keystone	639	Theo. Weiss	2	20	9	9 20
Comet	641					
Apollo	642	Charles Barnett	5	50	9	9 50
D. C. Cregier	643	A. C. Thielberg	4	40	9	9 40
Oblong City	644	C. W. Griffy	204	20 40	9	29 40
San Jose	645					
Somonauk	646	W. J. Runney	59	5 90	9	14 90
Blueville	647	D. A. Mason	203	20 30	9	29 30
Camden	648					
Atwood	651	E. L. Taylor	157	15 70	9	24 70
Greenview	653	J. H. Stone	180	18 00	9	27 00
Yorktown	655					
Mozart	656	Paul Lieber	127	12 70	9	21 70
Lafayette	657	Elmer H. Kunce	333	33 30	9	42 30
Rock Island	658	Harry H. Holdorf	181	18 10	9	27 10
Lambert	659	C. E. Lane	263	26 30	9	35 30
Grand Chain	660	G. C. Bartleson	361	36 10	9	45 10
South Park	662					
Mayo	664	J. A. McCorkle	222	22 20	9	32 10
Greenland	665	S. D. Larimore	218	21 80	9	30 80
Crawford	666	H E. Wood	205	20 50	9	29 50
Erie	667	J. L. Pfundstein	131	13 10	9	22 10
Burnt Prairie	668	Geo. E. Jessup	271	27 10	9	36 10
Herder	669	John B. Maier	6	30	9	9 30
Fillmore	670	H. H. Card	233	23 30	9	32 30
Eddyville	672	W. R. S. Barger	345	34 50	9	43 50
Normal	673	Alfred N. Corringbon	124	12 40	9	21 40
Waldeck	674	Frank Tisens	5	50	9	9 50
Pawnee	675	Walter H Grueneault	201	20 10	9	29 10
A. O. Fay	676	Richard Bricknell	23	2 30	9	11 30
Enfield	677	Alfred B. Martin	275	27 50	9	36 50
Buffalo Prairie	679	Glen W. Boruyp	202	20 20	9	29 20
Clement	680	Frank J. Deen	170	17 00	9	26 00
Morrisonville	681	J. R. Pence	213	21 30	9	30 30
Blue Mound	682	Jos. W. Bottrell	187	18 70	9	27 70
Burnside	683	Harley E. Todd	226	22 60	9	31 60
Galatia	684	Fred N. Malone	317	31 70	9	40 70
Rio	685	Frank O Munson	163	16 30	9	25 30
Garfield	686	W. T. Vickery	4	40	9	9 40
Orangeville	687	R. W. Moore	128	12 80	9	21 80
Clifton	688					
Englewood	690	B. L. Tarner	9	90	9	9 90
Iola	691					
Raymond	692	W. C. Rebhan	223	22 30	9	31 30
Herrin's Prairie	693	J. B. Smith	321	32 10	9	41 10
Shiloh Hill	695	H. F. Dudenbostel	311	31 10	9	40 10
Belle Rive	696	S. I. Parfitt	284	28 40	9	37 40
Richard Cole	697	Julien E. Drawz	6	60	9	9 60
Hutton	698	L. E. Baughman	191	19 10	9	28 10
Pleasant Plains	700					
Temple Hill	701	R. C. Green	358	35 80	9	44 80
Alexandria	702					
Braidwood	704	Samuels Trotter	57	5 70	9	14 70
Ewing	705	C. V. Clark	295	29 50	9	38 50
Joppa	706	A. Praty	207	20 70	9	29 70
Star	709	Jos. H. Becker	99	9 90	9	18 90
Farmer City	710					

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Providence	711	Jas. R. Milne	8	$ 80	$9	$ 9 80
Collinsville	712	W. L. Eichman	277	27 70	9	36 70
Johnsonville	713	Guy Bradham	247	24 70	9	33 70
Collison	714					
Elvaston	715	John Lee Baldon	236	23 60	9	32 60
Calumet	716	Fred H. Dehman	16	1 60	9	10 60
Arcana	717	Arthur J. Does	4	40	9	9 40
May	718	G. O. Moerland	283	28 30	9	37 30
Chapel Hill	719	T. J. Throgmorton	325	32 50	9	41 50
Rome	721	O. E. Whitbeck	270	27 00	9	36 00
Walnut	722					
Omaha	723	H. P. Kinsall	290	29 00	9	38 00
Chandlerville	724	Jean H. Scott	210	21 00	9	29 00
Rankin	725					
Golden Rule	726	Grant Sparrow	1	10	9	19 00
Raritan	727	J. E. Wells	215	21 50	9	21 50
Waterman	728	E. W. Price	62	6 20	9	18 20
Lake Creek	729	Newton S. Owens	311	31 10	9	39 10
Eldorado	730	T. A. Grable	3 6	30 60	9	39 60
Harbor	731	J. F. Brown	12	1 20	6	7 20
Carman	732	Louis Dannerberg	212	21 20	9	29 20
Gibson	733	A. O. Poff	109	10 90	9	19 90
Morning Star	734	W. R. Seben	181	18 10	9	27 10
Sheridan	735	E. D Robinson	67	6 70	9	15 70
Arrowsmith	737	G. F. Lester	124	12 40	9	21 40
Saunemin	738	C. L. Tanner	83	8 30	9	17 30
Lakeside	739	Geo. F. Cowas	5	50	9	9 50
New Holland	741	A. T. Peters	172	17 20	9	26 20
Danvers	742	Chas. C. Lambdin	136	13 60	9	22 60
Scott Land	743	J. L. Dawson	156	15 60	9	24 60
Goode	744	F. M. Sample	292	29 20	9	38 20
Winnebago	745	H. J. Waterstreet	100	10 00	9	19 00
Weldon	746	A. V. Foote	155	15 50	9	24 50
Centennial	747	R. L. Jessie	142	14 20	9	23 20
Alta	748	Walter H. Wiley	156	15 60	9	21 60
Akin	749	Raymond Darnell	316	31 60	9	29 60
Lyndon	750					
Lounsbury	751					
Allendale	752	J. C. Robinson	240	21 00	9	33 60
Ogden	754	Walter V. Cooper	141	14 10	9	23 10
Pre-emption	755	John Lowe	193	19 30	9	28 30
Hardinsville	756	G. L. Heck	220	22 00	9	31 00
Verona	757	Aug. Wennerstrom	71	7 10	9	16 10
Mystic Star	758	Robert J. Farris	9	90	9	9 90
Orel	759	W. A. Newman	271	27 10	9	36 10
Sibley	761	S. M. Waldron	104	10 40	9	19 40
Van Meter	762					
Crete	763	W. R Trobridge	30	3 00	9	12 00
Sullivan	764	John W. Pearson	176	17 60	9	26 60
Palace	765	J. D. Younger	12	1 20	6	7 20
Littleton	766					
Triluminar	767	Chas. H. Siep	12	1 20	9	10 20
Mizpah	768	H B. Young	6	60	9	9 60
St. Elmo	769	Elza L. Greider	225	22 50	9	31 50
LaGrange	770	Geo. W. Gale	14	1 40	9	10 40
Bay City	771	C. A. Galden	378	37 80	9	46 80
New Burnside	772	Orlin A. Wise	331	33 10	9	43 10
Mansfield	773					
Lake View	774	Louis H. Kerber Jr.	1	10	9	9 10
Grand Crossing	776	L. E. Simons	10	1 00	9	10 00
Ravenswood	777	Alex Raffen	6	60	9	9 60
Gurney	778	Jas. F Wright	357	35 70	9	44 70
Wright's Grove	779	R D. Schuettge	3	30	9	9 30
Siloam	780	Fred Michael	4	40	9	13 40
Potomac	782	W. H. Gray	122	12 20	9	21 20

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE	Miles	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total
Constantia	783	Hy Silberhorn	1	$ 10	$9	$ 9 10
Beacon Light	784	Chas. Schneider	12	1 20	9	10 20
Riverton Union	786	J. L. Parsons	192	19 20	9	28 20
Morris	787	Herman E. Haupsteisch	305	30 50	9	39 50
Lerna	788	R. G. Hall	177	17 70	9	26 70
Auburn Park	789	Frank M. Fonda	8	80	9	9 80
Pittsfield	790	Albert B. Carey, Jr.	298	29 80	9	38 80
Broadlands	791					
Calhoun	792	Carl Gordon	275	27 50	9	36 50
A. T. Darrah	793	John E. Turner	165	16 50	9	25 50
Tadmor	794	Wm. J. McDaniel	325	32 50	9	41 50
Myrtle	795					
E. M. Husted	796	W. A. Jolley	237	23 70	9	32 70
Normal Park	797	Kirk R. Howard	9	90	9	9 90
Sidell	798	Peter Anderson	147	14 70	9	23 70
Colfax	799	A. M. Hicks	119	11 90	9	20 90
Kenwood	800	O. H. Hill	5	50	9	9 50
Sangamon	801					
Williamson	802	John A. Haye	316	31 60	9	40 60
Neponset	803	C. L. Higgins	123	12 30	9	21 30
Kensington	804	Wm Bergstedt	13	1 30	9	10 30
S. M.Dalzell	805	Edward Howald	104	10 40	9	19 40
Nebo	806	Chas. E. Swayne	255	25 50	9	31 50
Royal	807					
Cornland	808	E. A. Day	176	17 60	9	26 60
Gillham	809	W. G. Johnson	232	23 20	9	32 20
Tracy	810	E. J. Bingham	13	1 30	9	10 30
Melvin	811					
De Land	812					
Humboldt Park	813	Chas. H. Wilbeck				
Ohio	814	E. P. Spooner	102	10 20	9	19 20
Lawn	815	E. E. Pond	11	1 10	6	7 10
Ridgway	816	J. R. Glascock	297	29 70	9	38 70
Creal Springs	817	W. O. Lambert	326	32 60	9	41 60
Ben Hur	818	Adolph J. Hult	4	40	6	6 40
Columbian	819	Wm. H. Wilson	7	70	9	9 70
Henderson	820	Perry Wene	155	15 50	9	24 50
New Canton	821	C. P. Gard	291	29 10	9	38 10
Belknap	822	C. C. Fair	355	35 50	9	44 50
Pearl	823	W. L. Krull	120	12 00	9	21 00
Grove	824	Geo. O. Prickett	21	2 10	9	11 10
Arthur	825	Jas. I. Lawrence	165	16 50	9	25 50
Mazon	826	J. A. Fouch	66	6 60	9	15 60
Sequoit	827	Frank Kaudlik	58	5 80	9	14 80
Edgar	829					
Rockport	830	B. B. Horton	278	27 80	9	36 80
Findlay	831	C. W. Francis	185	18 50	9	27 50
Magic City	832	Edw. Anderson	19	1 90	9	10 90
Dean	833	Walter L. Husband	329	32 90	9	41 90
Toledo	834	W. M. Lavens				Dis. Dep.
Triple	835	R. S. Studebaker	278	27 80	9	36 80
Windsor Park	836	H. T. Alexander	11	1 10	9	10 10
Hindsboro	837	J. G. Green	167	16 70	9	25 70
Charity	838	W. G. Brock	197	19 70	9	28 70
Berwyn	839	W. F. Struckmann	10	1 00	9	10 00
Alto Pass	840	J. B. Anderson	331	33 10	9	42 10
Woodlawn Park	841	W. H. Anderson	8	80	9	9 80
Fides	842	F. P. Blakely	13	1 30	9	10 30
Park Lodge	843	H. Otto Engelking	9	90	9	9 90
Martinton	845					
Bluffs	846	H. W. Killpatrick	273	27 30	9	36 30
Stronghurst	847					
London	848	W. T. Shreves	182	18 20	9	27 20
Palestine	849	Charles Caley	212	21 20	9	30 20

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Austin	850	W. O. Lentz	8	$ 80	$9	$9 80
Chicago Heights	851	Geo. Roberts	27	2 70	9	11 70
Gothic	852	R. M. Vanscoy	281	28 10	9	37 10
Latham	853	M. M. Vaughn	174	17 40	9	26 40
Brighton Park	854	C. F. Hawkinson	7	70	9	9 70
King Oscar	855	S. F. Manning	1	10	9	9 90
West Gate	856	Spencer B. Waldron	285	28 50	9	37 50
Boyd D	857	H. L. Booth	67	6 70	9	15 70
Utica	858	Edw. A. Lewis	94	9 40	9	18 40
Apple River	859					
Metropolitan	860	Jas. Piggot, Jr.	6	60	9	9 60
Sorento	861					
Riverside	862	R. C. Dyrenforth	12	1 20	9	10 20
St. Andrews	863	John Cameron	1	10	9	9 10
Olympia	864	Richard W. Hupe	6	60	9	9 60
St. Cecilia	865	W. N. H. Hardih	1	10	9	9 10
West Salem	866	John Mallinson	247	24 70	9	33 70
Chadwick	867	H. L. Spealman	129	12 90	9	21 90
Cornell	868					
Maywood	869	Robert A. Lees	12	1 20	9	10 20
Lostant	870	Gilbert F. Weber	113	11 30	9	20 30
Argenta	871	D. C. Miller	161	16 10	9	25 10
Free Will	872					
Standard	873	Dayton Bumgardner	1	*10	9	9 10
Nifong	874	Hugh H. Drumm	215	21 50	9	30 50
Cornerstone	875	Geo. M. Embury	1	10	9	9 10
William McKinley	876	Edw. D. Melune	1	10	9	9 10
Granite City	877	Cleve Curtright	275	27 50	9	36 50
Equity	878	D. C. Hutchins	1	10	9	9 10
Composite	879	Frank E. Baker	6	60	9	9 60
John B. Sherman	880	Frank Hradecky	8	80	9	9 80
Marissa	881	A. B. Collom	318	31 80	9	40 80
Boulevard	882	J. F. Williams	8	80	9	9 80
Wheeler	883					
Bethany	884	J. H. Werdner	183	18 30	9	27 30
Villa Grove	885	H. B. Landis	145	14 50	9	23 50
Hooppole	886	Ray H. Petty	132	13 20	9	22 20
Pyramid	887	Jos. T. Cook	18	1 80	9	10 80
Damascus	888	H. A. Thomas	8	80	9	9 80
America	889	C. L. Osgood	1	10	9	9 10
Des Plaines	890	Robert Duthie	17	1 70	9	10 70
Logan Square	891	Will H. Bray	5	50	6	6 50
Constellation	892	J. H. Tiedeman	5	50	9	9 50
Loraine	893	J. O. Wade	257	25 70	9	34 70
Utopia	894	W. J. Ure	12	1 20	9	10 20
Crescent	895	Harry J. Lurie	6	60	9	9 60
Kosmos	896	Earl Andrus	8	80	9	9 80
Ogden Park	897	Otto Stark	10	1 00	9	10 00
Silvis	898	Howard Hough	162	16 20	9	25 20
Park Manor	899	H. H. Bowman	7	70	9	9 70
Carnation	900	W. D. Mathews	6	60	9	9 60
Edgewater	901	E. H. Peters	6	60	6	6 60
Alto	902					
Elkhart	903	L. O. Buzzard	167	16 70	9	25 70
Carlock	904	Lewis W. Lemon	201	20 10	9	29 10
Hanover	905	Geo. A. Stube	150	15 00	9	24 00
Coffeen	906	William R. Haller	239	23 90	9	32 90
Ancient Craft	907	Leopold Apple	6	60	9	9 60
Gil. W. Barnard	908	Ora L. Medsker	10	1 00	9	10 00
Bee Hive	909	A. E. Schmitzer	1	10	9	9 90
Hull	910	N. L. Rogers	313	31 30	9	40 30
Bellflower	911	J. M. Jordan	121	12 10	9	21 10
Stellar	912	W. J. Daily	234	23 40	9	32 40
Aaron	913	H. E. Hansen	9	90	9	9 90
Republic	914	Arthur M. Dean	7	70	9	9 70

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total
Jackson Park	915	Chas. E Adams	9	$0 90	$9	$ 9 90
Welcome	916	Ch s. Brinkmann	1	10	9	9 10
Concord	917	Frank E. Schultz	6	60	9	9 60
Sessor	918	S D. Campbell	283	28 30	9	37 30
Elwood	919	A. T. Alexander	46	4 60	9	13 60
Cottonwood	920					
Avondale	921	G. H. Cook	5	50	9	9 50
Compass	922	J. C. Carlson	6	60	9	9 60
East Gate	923	M. Hammerschlog	1	10	9	9 10
Banner Blue	924	F. C. Bunegar	9	90	9	9 90
Molenna	925	John Carson	263	26 30	9	35 30
Veritas	926	E. C. Richardson	4	40	9	9 40
Candida	927	H. C. Trenary	1	10	9	9 10
Grant Park	928					
Ashland	929					
Jos. Robbins	930	Lewis J. Woodfin	155	15 50	9	24 50
Wilmette	931					
Sandoval	932	Fred Huff	247	24 70	9	33 70
Manlius	933	Burt B. Miller	113	11 30	9	20 30
Ainsdale	934	J H. Birdsong	17	1 70	9	10 70
La Moine	935	W. J. Irwin	234	23 40	9	32 40
Rock Falls	936	W. H. Brown	113	11 30	9	20 30
North Shore	937	Wm. C. B iss	5	50	9	9 50
Circle	938	Henry J. Smith	5	50	9	9 50
Table Grove	939	Nicholas Notson	206	20 60	9	29 60
Pearl	940	A. P. Thurman	246	24 60	9	33 60
Elmhurst	941					
Maple Park	942	Albert T. Ahlin	51	5 10	9	14 10
Bohemia	943	Otto Pecha	4	40	9	9 40
John C. Smith	944	Joseph Kohn	4	40	9	9 40
Buffalo	945	Oliver McDaniel	200	20 00	9	29 00
Jov	946	Clarence A. Morrow	184	18 40	9	27 40
Kenmore	947	John J. Bir h	7	70	6	6 70
R. F. Casey	948	O. V. Cummins	263	26 30	9	35 30
Justice	949	P. C. Penlecka	4	40	9	9 40
Glen Ellyn	950	E. H. McChesney	23	2 30	9	11 30
Depue	951	F. W. Krueger	110	11 00	9	20 00
Donovan	952					
Stone Arch	953	Harry Sturman	345	34 50	9	43 50
Progressive	954	Arnold Meister	4	40	9	9 40
Cicero	955	W. G. Howe	11	110	9	10 10
Washington Park	956	I. J. Smith	6	60	9	9 60
Prospect	957	E. J. Roegner	7	70	9	9 70
Prudence	958	Roland Goldstine	1	10	9	10 00
Warrensburg	959	Wm. R. Schroeder	181	18 10	6	24 10
Algonquin	960	Jas E. McKay	49	4 90	9	13 90
Federal	961	A. W. E. Hooper	9	90	9	9 90
Ben Franklin	962	W. P. Ritchie	7	70	9	9 70
Broughton	963	I. I. Hall	314	31 40	9	40 40
Maplewood	964	C. W. Kaiser	6	60	9	9 60
Cisco	965	W. R. Barnhart	156	15 60	9	24 60
Exemplar	966	Geo. S. Palmer	1	10	9	9 90
Dahlgren	967	H. E. Bartlett	291	29 10	9	38 10
South Gate	968					
East Moline	969	H. S. Crossley	175	17 50	9	26 50
St. Joe	970	J. D. Hend rson	137	13 70	9	22 70
Fernwood Park	971	Henry Rosier	14	1 40	9	10 40
Rainbow	972	W. G. Hercock	11	1 10	9	10 10
Perseverance	973	Geo. A. Simms	1	10	6	6 10
Albany Park	974					
Old Glory	975	A. P. Hyatt	8	80	9	9 80
Melrose Abbey	976					
Parian	977	W. A. Goldsberry	8	80	9	9 80
Square	978	Wm. A. Klatte	11	1 10	9	10 10
Stephen Decatur	979					

REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

LODGE.	NO.	REPRESENTATIVE.	Miles.....	Mileage...	Per Diem.	Total.....
Anchor	980	W. L. Kimball.	123	$12 30	$9	$21 30
Trowel	981	F. E. Musperle	4	40	9	9 40
Sincerity	982					
Glencoe	983					
Emblem	984	David J. Gordon	7	70	9	9 70
Universal	985	Herbert C. Bower	2	20	9	9 20
Brotherhood	986	C. V. Price	1	10	9	9 10
Cyrene	987	R. A. Benson	8	80	9	9 80
Park Ridge	988	Otto W. Anderson	12	1 20	9	10 20
Hyde Park	989	Dan DeBaugh	7	70	9	9 70
Clover Leaf	990					
Welfare	991	Fred A. Daggett	1	10	9	9 10
Niagara	992	E. L. Cooper	1	10	9	9 10
True Blue	993	A. D. Forrest	7	70	9	9 70
Leyden	994	Geo. H. Lund	10	1 00	9	10 00
Lawndale	995	Frank J. Kohant	7	70	9	9 70
Sunrise	996	C. J Phelps	1	10	9	9 10
Integrity	997	Thos. A. Bartlett	5	50	9	9 50
Paul Revere	998	W. S. Hutchins	7	70	9	9 70
Morgan Park	999					
Bayliss	1000	L. S. Clark	296	29 60	9	38 60
Wayfarers	1001	C. L. Nichols	12	1 20	6	7 20
Portage	1002	A. H. Lambrecht	10	1 00	9	10 00
Fortitude	1003	M. L. Nathan	5	50	9	9 50
Hurst	1004	R. E Edmonds	309	30 90	9	39 90
Community	1005	Albert P. Bauer	5	50	9	9 50
Fair Oaks	1006	Bert W. Crissey	9	90	9	9 90
Loyal	1007	W. H. Tulett	6	60	9	9 60
Parkway	1008	Chas L. Erickson	1	10	6	6 10
Hiram	1009	Stephen A. Cross	1	10	9	9 10
Honor	1010	Paul L. Wachtel	5	50	9	9 50
Woodson	1011	C. C. Self	224	22 40	9	31 40
Birchwood	1012	M. E. Smith	7	70	6	6 70
John Paul Jones	1013	A. B. Harris	5	50	9	9 50

REPORT
BOARD OF GRAND EXAMINERS.

HARRISBURG, ILL., SEPT. 21, 1918.

Bro. A. H. Scrogin, M. W. Grand Master, Lexington, Illinois.

DEAR BRO. SCROGIN:—The Board of Grand Examiners has the honor to report that immediately following our appointment October 11, 1917, we met in the LaSalle Hotel, Chicago, and organized by electing R. C. Davenport, secretary.

The board unanimously recommended for re-appointment as grand lecturers the following named brethren:

C. E. Allen
H. S. Albin
D. E. Bruffett
J. M. Willard
J. E. Wheat
S. M. Shoemann
C. N. Hambleton
A. O. Novander
J. B. Roach
Charles P. Ross
Archibald Birse
Ralph H. Wheeler
H. W. Harvey
I. A. Foster
W. A. Dixon
Albert Roullier
N. M. Mesnard
John C. Weis
H. E. Van Loon
C. J. Wightman
W. H. Bied
D. W. Starr
Nimrod Mace
N. B. Carson
David Richards
L. J. Frahm
Andrew McNally
W. H. Rupe
W. W. Roberts
M. T. Booth
C. L. Montgomery
J. S. Edmonson
L. E. Rockwood
W. A. Hoover
L. B. Dyer
Henry Friedman
A. F. Gooch
C. G. Taylor
G. H. Stephens
Chas. W. Cofer
H. P. Blose
H. E. DeLavergne
J. A. Provoost
Chas. Watson
John B. Bruce
Harry C. Reser
Aaron C. Koethe
Wm. A. Ward
Wm. W. M. Bending
Simon F. Odell
C. J. Weiskopf
J. H. Thorne
Edw. C. Mullen
Marshal N. Shaw
A. M. Bassford
A. T. Peters
Walter E. Felt
A. G. Trees
J. O. Holland
Fred Naumer
E. K. Bennington
James Cropper
Fres S. Schram
N. L. Brown
John Mutter
Wm. F. Ulrich
Roy E. Nelson
Elof Peterson
W. A. Blessing
Marshal Ozment
Edwin F. Works
Wm. B. Cochrane
Wm. H. Randall
M. H. Leighton
O. E. Carpenter
L. C. Cramer
S. L. Weiser
Frank Wheat
James Darragh
Emanuel Weil
E. L. Eckersall
Chas. C. Sawyer
H. L. Weaver
Bernard Remmer
Thomas E. Jones
A. T. Thompson
John W. Whalen
J. A. Briegel
R. W. E. Mitchell
G. E. Chamberlain
John W. Evans
M. L. Downey
Frank J. Mittan
Wm. H. Pundt
O. J. Chapman
Calvin P. Clark
Edward W. Aplin
Albert J. Dew
Arthur S. Dowd
Paul A. Pabst
George E. Moore
Robert H. Cutler
Thomas Kelso
James O. Anderson
A. C. McFarland

George N. Todd
W. G. Houghton
F. O. Lorton
Wm. E. Edwards
Z. S. Saylor
H. M. Palmer
W. D. Price
H. A. Dever
J. M. Huff
Harry H. Milnor
H. M. Robinson
C. H. Thompson
Amos Ball
Otto Brail
J. F. Boyle
A. B. Collom
J. E. Glathart
B. S. Blaine
W. N. Ewing
T. B. Strauss
B. I. Pumpelly
George Edwards
F. H. Bradley
L. A. Brinkman
R. B. Prendergast
F. M. Cruikshank
G. W. Flood
J. I. Brydon
Benjamin Bing
J. M. Foreman
I. J. McDowell
W. E. Speckman
H. D. Jackson
D. S. Davidson
A. A. Bauer
J. N. Fairchild
C. A. Luse
William Scales
C. L. Tanner
James Porter
T. S. Browning
A. M. Bloxam
T. C. Hambleton
H. W. Crabb
C. W. Kessler
H. A. Flock
E. R. Turnbull
R. C. Clark
E. G. Burger
C. O. Faught
Charles H. Crowel
Addison Hickox
D. S. Mellinger
Harry M. Modlin
Gordon Pillow
James T. Athey
M. R. Jones
J. R. H. Potts
Frank J. Vernon
Wm. M. Lovins
Emory Edwards
A. J. Berounsky
Wm. G. Spurgin
Fred I. Mills
J. Wm. Montgomery
R. F. Davidson
J. L. Klemme
Walter E. Long
H. C. Johnson
L. A. Tripp
John D. Charters
E. J. Cowling
George Zoller
Elmer E. Stadler
F. M. Carr
O. H. Travis
John L. Whiteside
Emil H. Kopp
Leslie W. Beebe
J. F. Barsaloux
G. M. McKitrick
Frank V. Partridge
E. R. Welch
R. L. Eldredge
Harry L. Kelly
Paul G. Duncan
Herman L. Rose
A. D. Pollock
Jacob Schwartz
E. L. Lawrence
R. V. McKee
E. G. George
A. L. Pickel
L. W. Coe, Jr.
Hal C. McCloud
Wm. Cullen Bryant
Ralph R. Shay
John H. Grimm
Fred J. Jerden
B. L. Ten Eyck
Frank L. Shaw
Benj. C. Nead
E. R. Hensley
C. W. McCray
Wm. C. Bradley
Charles H. Woods
Hiram J. Rutherford
Chas. F. Eichenauer
Herman A. Rimpler
Emil P. Wenger
David Martin
Olliver H. Clark
Nathaniel Schooler
F. D. Ehlert
Henry Feick
Evan P. Jones
Ernest E. Stamp
Chas. E. Olmsted
C. W. Rutherford
Charles H. Mangold
Fred E. Edgerton
W. H. Thomas, Jr.
Simon P. Odenweller
B. A. Cotlow
Karl A. Finley
George L. Beal
Charles C. Fenn
James A. Shepherd, Jr.
Delbert I. Duck
Alexander B. Hay
George N. Lamb
Carroll W. Norris
Judge L. Dawson
Glenn Robinson
Leslie W. Morton
William T. Cable
Charles Maddox
Howard H. Grubb
James Welch
Clarence H. Lefler
John P. Sweitzer
Robert E. Hale
Otto Shatzkis
Andrew J. Zimmerman
James S. Matheson Wylie
Frank F. Tuverson
Earl G. Beard
Lyman N. Thurston
Gustav H. Schultz
Arthur F. Johnson
Benj. J. Metzger
Jacob Hirsch
Gustav Kohn
Carl J. Solomon
E. B. Funk
George S. Palmer
George A. Stover
David C. Hibbott
Clarence W. Dexter
James A. Zeller
C. Ward Cheshire

R. C. Peck	Ben L. Berve	Clyde Schwartz
Silas Watts	H. S. Grossboll	Wallace H. Downs
A. J. Winteringham	J. G. Strawn	Wm. H. Lundie
S. E. Kain	Albert C. Metcalf	Jos. A. Berkman
E. J. Tye	Benj. W. Scholton	Fred A. Gilbert
C. J. Shaw	Leopold Swartz	John A. Kester
S. B. Harvey	B. S. Bingham	Wm. G. Jones
H. D. Hamper	Welles W. LaMoure	Glen F. Coe
T. W. Nixon	Wm. H. Paterson	Wm. Robertson
N. O. Johnson	Frank M. Phillis	Wm. Jedike
William Tinsley	T. I. Christopher	Carlos K. Eckhart
A. O. Poff	Russel Wiles	Montrose G. Taylor
R. C. Cantelou	Oscar L. Carson	Chas. A. Stayart
B. T. Harley	Leopold Apple	R. D. Tinkham
S. D. Hinman	Chas. H. Keppel	Looney McCormick
Edgar Zimmerman	Wm. T. Mummery	John Armstrong
Wainwright Davis	Willis McFeely	Wm. Douglas Abney
S. S. Middleton	Isaac J. Grass	James F. Rowley

Pursuant to your order the Board of Grand Examiners conducted six schools of instruction and three examinations for commissions as grand lecturers.

The total attendance at the schools was 2,258. Forty applicants successfully passed the examination and were recommended for commissions as grand lecturers.

The schools were well attended considering the abnormal times and inclement weather. They were conducted along the same lines as in the two preceding years. Wednesday evening being given over entirely to the grand master and speaker.

The Board of Grand Examiners desire to express their appreciation of the attendance and assistance of the grand master and grand secretary who were present at each of the schools; of the attendance and assistance of other grand lodge officers who were present much of the time; of the attendance and assistance of the district deputy grand masters upon whom depend largely the success of the schools; of the attendance and assistance of the grand lecturers who left their business and came to the schools at their own expense in order that they might serve the craft; and of the attendance and assistance of the masters, officers and members of the constituent lodges who on all occasions extended to us a fraternal welcome.

The entire craft of Illinois is indebted to the following brethren for their addresses at the schools:

Rev. Walter Aitken, R. W. Grand Chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Illinois.

Edward J. Brundage, Attorney General of the State of Illinois.

Francis G. Blair, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Harry Olson, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court of Chicago.

Following is a detailed report of the schools and examinations:

The Board of Grand Examiners conducted an examination in the Auditorium Lodge Hall, Chicago, December 28 and 29, 1917, when the following named brethren were examined and recommended for commissions as grand lecturers:

Herbert James Lowe Y. M. C. A., Galesburg
Edwards James Hunt 722 N. Laramie Ave., Chicago
Edward Eugene Pond 3248 W. 63rd Place, Chicago
Phillips Carey Vaughan 3618 Greenview Ave., Chicago
Albert Leon Smerling 5329 Michigan Ave., Chicago
Sol Rosenblatt 5020 Grand Blvd., Chicago
John Hay 411 Washington St., Glencoe
James Henry Couden 4339 Forestville Ave., Chicago
Isaac Joseph Smit 2010 Mallers Bldg., Chicago
Dan DeBaugh 4634 N. Racine Ave., Chicago
Harry J. Lurie 4746 Ingleside Ave., Chicago

Through an error the name of Orlin J. Davis, McLeansboro, was omitted from the list of grand lecturers as published in the proceedings of 1917 and has since been added.

SCHOOL AT ELDORADO.

January 8, 9 and 10, 1918.

Those in attendance were:

A. H. Scrogin M. W. Grand Master
D. G. Fitzgerrell R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Isaac Cutter R. W. Grand Secertary
Rev. Walter Aitken R. W. Grand Chaplain
Spruel C. D. Rea W. Junior Grand Deacon

R. W. District Deputy Grand Masters:

David B. Robertson 86th dist.	Joe P. Benson 95th dist.
F. I. Mills 88th dist.	W. T. Cable 97th dist.
Wainwright Davis 91st dist.	Roy Helm 98th dist.
W. H. Thomas 93rd dist.	W. F. Gibson 100th dist.

R. W. Grand Examiners:

C. L. Gregory	David D. King	Wm. H. Zarley
R. C. Davenport	Geo. E. Carlson	

R. W. Grand Lecturers:

C. H. Thompson	Isaac Cutter	W. H. Thomas
Gordon Pillow	T. S. Browning	O. J. Davis
Spruel C. D. Rea	F. I. Mills	Wainwright Davis
G. M. McKitrick	James T. Athey	A. H. Scrogin
Thomas Kelso	C. O. Faught	W. T. Cable
T. C. Hambleton	G. N. Todd	A. B. Collom
C. N. Hambleton	W. E. Speckman	L. McCormick
R. E. Hale	W. D. Abney	H. A. Flock
L. B. Dyer	D. G. Fitzgerrell	M. Ozment
Anthony Doherty		

Officers of Lodges..... 64
Worshipful Masters 16
Illinois Lodges 42
Foreign Grand Jurisdictions..... 6
Total Registration 253

SCHOOL AT DANVILLE.

January 22, 23 and 24, 1918.

These in attendance were:

A. H. Scorgin.....M. W. Grand Master
D. G. Fitzgerrell.....R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Elmer E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
Rev. Walter Aitken.....R. W. Grand Chaplain

R. W. District Deputy Grand Masters:

E. C. Mullen..... 1st dist.
T. M. Avery.....5th dist.
Geo. E. Moore.....14th dist.
D. M. Fowler 46th dist.
Glenn Robinson 47th dist.
B. L. Ten Eyck.....50th dist.
S. S. Middleton.....58th dist.
G. H. Stephens.....59th dist.
Boyd S. Blaine.....60th dist.
G. A. Stadler.....61st dist.
A. A. Bauer.....72nd dist.
M. E. Bigelow.....73rd dist.
J. A. Shepherd.....74th dist.
L. A. Tripp.....76th dist.
J. L. Whiteside.....82nd dist.
Samuel B. Gwin.....87th dist.

R. W. Grand Examiners:

C. L. Gregory
R. C. Davenport
David D. King
Geo. E. Carlson
Wm. H. Zarley

R. W. Grand Lecturers:

L. A. Tripp
J. L. Whiteside
J. A. Shepherd
Glenn Robinson
B. L. Ten Eyck
S. S. Middleton
G. Haven Stephens
Boyd S. Blaine
A. A. Bauer
Geo. E. Moore
E. C. Mullen
A. T. Peters
Wilson P. Jones
G. N. Todd
Carlos K. Eckhart
D. G. Fitzgerrell
Elmer E. Beach
Isaac Cutter
J. M. Foreman
J. I. Brydon
W. H. Pundt
M. R. Jones
A. H. Scrogin
O. J. Chapman
M. L. Downey
E. B. Funk
Howard H. Grubb
R. C. Peck
J. N. Fairchild
D. E. Bruffett
G. H. Schultz
A. O. Poff
Elof Peterson
C. L. Tanner
H. A. Flock
W. A. Dixon
C. L. Montgomery
A. F. Johnson
C. W. Cofer
D. W. Starr
H. P. Blose
H. J. Rutherford
Delbert I. Duck
Fred Naumer
Z. S. Saylor
Fred J. Jerden
Otto Brail
Benjamin Bing
J. L. Dawson

Officers of Lodges represented..... 62
Worshipful Masters 12
Illinois Lodges 73
Foreign Grand Jurisdictions..... 4
Total Registration 357

School at Quincy.

February 5, 6 and 7, 1918.

Those in attendance were:

A. H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
Roy Adams.....W. Deputy Grand Secretary

R. W. District Deputy Grand Masters:

B. L. Ten Eyck.....5th dist.
J. L. Klemme.....52nd dist.
E. L. Charpentier.....52nd dist.
S. P. Odenweller.....54th dist.
B. I. Pumpelly.....63rd dist.
Albert Pickel 65th dist.
E. E. McCoy.....67th dist.
E. L. Lawrence.....68th dist.
C. W. Kessler.....71st dist.

R. W. Grand Examiners:

C. L. Gregory
R. C. Davenport
David D. King
Geo. E. Carlson
Wm. H. Zarley

R. W. Grand Lecturers:

C. P. Ross
John P. Sweitzer
Frank V. Partridge
B. I. Pumpelly
H. A. Flock
George Zoller
J. Wm. Montgomery
C. F. Eichenauer
M. N. Shaw
Paul G. Duncan
E. R. Welch
E. L. Lawrence
Asa G. Trees
B. L. Ten Eyck
J. L. Klemme
H. C. Johnson
L. W. Coe
S. P. Odenweller
C. W. Kessler
W. C. Bradley
Emmett Howard
Albert Pickel

Officers of Lodges..... 74
Worshipful Masters..... 21
Illinois Lodges..... 70
Foreign Grand Jurisdictions..... 6
Total Registration.....340

School at Princeton.

February 19, 20 and 21, 1918.

Those in attendance were:

A. H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
A. E. Wood.....R. W. Junior Grand Warden
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
C. E. Allen.....M. W. Past Grand Master

R. W. District Deputy Grand Masters:

William Tinsley 3rd dist.
T. M. Avery..... 5th dist.
S. B. Harvey..... 6th dist.
H. H. Milnor.....19th dist.
W. A. Blessing.....30th dist.
B. L. Berve.....31st dist.
Chas. W. McCray.....32nd dist.
Thomas P. Gunning....34th dist.
Carlton G. Taylor.....35th dist.
S. R. Amlong.....37th dist.
R. D. Tinkham.....38th dist.
C. C. Sawyer.....39th dist.
Benj. J. Metzger.....43rd dist.
B. L. Ten Eyck.....50th dist.
A. C. Metcalf.....66th dist.
Grier Hanson 55th dist.

R. W. Grand Examiners:

C. L. Gregory	David D. King	Wm. H. Zarley
R. C. Davenport	Geo. E. Carlson	

R. W. Grand Lecturers:

F. H. Bradley	Clyde Schwartz	C. W. McCray
Ben L. Berve	C. H. Lefler	Wm. Elmer Edwards
Julius G. Strawn	C. E. Allen	J. M. Hannum
Thos. E. Jones	S. B. Harvey	Andrew J. Zimmerman
Benj. J. Metzger	H. L. Weaver	Charles H. Keppel
John D. Charters	H. J. Lowe	Carlton G. Taylor
Addison Hickox	Wm. Tinsley	Albert C. Metcalf
B. L. Ten Eyck	R. D. Tinkham	Harry H. Milnor
A. O. Novander	Glen F. Coe	Chas. H. Mangold
Frank L. Shaw	G. W. Flood	W. A. Blessing
Wm. C. Bryant	C. C. Sawyer	W. A. Hoover
John Hay		

Officers of Lodges..... 49
Worshipful Masters 8
Illinois Lodges 55
Foreign Grand Jurisdictions..... 7
Total Registration 227

School at Freeport.

March 5, 6 and 7, 1918.

Those in attendance were:

A. H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary

R. W. District Deputy Grand Masters:

D. S. Mellinger.....10th dist.	Wm. C. Darling.....28th dist.
Harry H. Milnor.....19th dist.	Edwin F. Works.....29th dist.
A. J. Winteringham....22nd dist.	Ben L. Berve.....31st dist.
J. O. Anderson.....23rd dist.	Benj. J. Metzger.....43rd dist.
C. L. Snyder 24th dist.	Bruce T. Harley.....45th dist.
J. H. Grimm 25th dist.	Amos Ball 48th dist.

R. W. Grand Examiners:

C. L. Gregory	David D. King	Wm. H. Zarley
R. C. Davenport	Geo. E. Carlson	

R. W. Grand Lecturers:

J. E. Wheat	D. S. Mellinger	Carroll W. Norris
Wm. W. Roberts	H. E. Van Loon	George N. Lamb
Addison Hickox	Edwin F. Works	C. E. Olmsted
Harry H. Milnor	A. J. Winteringham	R. H. Cutler
Amos Ball	Maxwell Levy	J. O. Anderson
Bruce T. Harley	F. M. Carr	J. H. Grimm
Benj. J. Metzger	J. A. Provoost	Ben L. Berve
Roscoe C. Clark		

Officers of Lodges..... 50
Worshipful Masters..... 15
Illinois Lodges..... 51
Foreign Grand Jurisdictions..... 4
Total Registration.....301

SCHOOL AT CHICAGO.

March 19, 20 and 21, 1918.

Those in attendance were:

A. H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
D. G. Fitzgerrell.....R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Elmer E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
A. E. Wood.....R. W. Junior Grand Warden
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
Rev. Walter Aitken.....R. W. Grand Chaplain
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
C. S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler
Owen Scott.....M. W. Past Grand Master

R. W. District Deputy Grand Masters:

Edward C. Mullen.....	1st dist.	Paul A. Neuffer.....	15th dist.
Joseph J. Shaw.....	2nd dist.	Leslie W. Beebe.....	16th dist.
William Tinsley	3rd dist.	Albert C. McFarland...	17th dist
Wm. W. M. Bending...	4th dist.	A. M. Bassford.....	18th dist.
T. M. Avery	5th dist.	H. H. Milnor.....	19th dist.
S. B. Harvey.....	6th dist.	Louis Link	20th dist.
A. T. Thompson.....	7th dist.	A. J. Winteringham...	22nd dist.
Welles W. LaMoure....	8th dist.	E. F. Works.....	29th dist.
Nels O. Johnson.....	9th dist.	R. D. Tinkham.....	38th dist.
D. S. Mellinger.....	10th dist.	Wm. Scales	42nd dist.
David S. Davidson....	11th dist.	Benj. J. Metzger.....	43rd dist.
Wm. T. Mummery.....	12th dist.	G. Haven Stephens....	59th dist.
S. F. Odell.....	13th dist.	Harry M. Wood.....	64th dist.
George E. Moore.....	14th dist.	S. A. Wright.....	75th dist.

R. W. Grand Examiners:

C. L. Gregory	D. D. King	Wm. H. Zarley
R. C. Davenport	G. E. Carlson	

R. W. Grand Lecturers:

B. J. Metzger	John B. Bruce	Jacob Schwartz
Harry H. Milnor	H. C. Reser	J. F. Barsaloux
Addison Hickox	Chas. Watson	J. H. Thorne
Edw. F. Works	C. A. Stayart	A. T. Thompson
John Hay	Geo. W. Stover	L. N. Thurston
Carroll W. Norris	James Darragh	N. Schooler
J. S. M. Wylie	C. W. Dexter	W. P. Jones
W. H. Randall	Wm. F. Ulrich	Isaac Cutter
L. A. Brinkman	N. O. Johnson	G. L. Beal
Leopold Apple	Louis J. Frahm	H. M. Robinson

Albert Roullier
A. J. Berounsky
Frank Wheat
W. B. Cochrane
A. L. Smerling
L. W. Beebe
E. E. Stamp
Wm. D. Price
E. Zimmerman
Bernard Remmer
S. D. Hinman
John A. Kester
Evan P. Jones
John Mutter
Dan DeBaugh
Jacob Jirsch
B. W. Scholton
E. G. George
I. J. McDowell
F. D. Ehlert
C. J. Solomon
A. H. Scrogin
Elmer E. Beach
C. J. Weiskopf
C. C. Fenn
Elof Peterson
Chas. H. Keppel
S. B. Harvey
Wm. H. Roberts
Otto Brail
A. O. Poff
Geo. N. Lamb
O. E. Carpenter
Wm. Jedike
Archibald Birse
C. H. Crowell
J. O. Holland
I. J. Smit

Willis McFeely
Wm. Robertson
Fred S. Schram
I. J. Grass
Emanuel Weil
Wm. H. Lundie
A. C. McFarland
W. H. Paterson
A. E. Wood
Albert Jampolis
Wm. W. M. Bending
Wm. H. Bied
H. E. DeLavergne
C. K. Eckhart
D. S. Mellinger
R. D. Tinkham
A. O. Novander
E. C. Mullen
G. H. Stephens
R. C. Clark
B. S. Bingham
P. C. Vaughan
Karl A. Finley
Harry A. Dever
Henry Friedman
Emil H. Kopp
Gustav Kohn
Geo. Edwards
David Richards
L. A. Swartz
Wm. G. Jones
J. A. Zeller
J. F. Boyle
W. H. Downs
Wm. Mummery
Otto Shatzkis
A. M. Bassford
Walter E. Long

E. L. Eckersall
W. G. Houghton
Emmett Howard
George E. Moore
William Tinsley
Thos. E. Jones
A. J. Winteringham
J. E. Wheat
E. G. Beard
E. W. Aplin
C. A. Luse
M. H. Leighton
David Martin
B. C. Nead
L. C. Cramer
Paul A. Pabst
Emil P. Wenger
E. R. Hensley
H. L. Kelly
T. I. Christopher
H. W. Harvey
D. S. Davidson
W. W. LaMoure
Andrew McNally
O. L. Carson
Edward E. Pond
E. K. Bennington
F. J. Mittan
Jos. A. Briegel
S. F. Odell
James F. Rowley
Sol Rosenblatt
D. G. Fitzgerrell
Maxwell Levy
Wm. Scales
Walter E. Felt
Jos. A. Berkman

Officers of Lodges....212
Worshipful Masters....65
Illinois Lodges....207
Foreign Grand Jurisdictions....7
Total Registration....780

The Board of Grand Examiners conducted an examination in the Auditorium Lodge Hall, Chicago, May 17 and 18, 1918, when the following named brethren were examined and recommended for commissions as grand lecturers:

Charles Wright....875 N. Wells St., Chicago
John Cameron....6037 Rhodes Ave., Chicago
Dimmitt Cooper Hutchins....6738 Bosworth Ave., Chicago
Samuel PerLee Reese....336 S. Homan Ave., Chicago

Charles Brinkmann.....1758 N. Washtenaw Ave., Chicago
Albert Fredrick Smyth.....222 S. 8th St., Quincy
Charles Dugald Boyle.....1524 Fifth Ave., Moline
Alfred W. Joerndt.....Odell
Frank Wesley Brown.....Odell
Samuel Faucett.....305 S. King St., Robinson
Robert Alexander Lees.....808 S. 15th Ave., Maywood
Arthur Genius French.....5861 Magnolia Ave., Chicago
Robert Duthie.....135 Walnut Ave., Des Plaines
Frank W. Koth.....Sterling
Samuel Fee Manning.....1067 Ainslie St., Chicago
John William Christie.....3509 W. Monroe St., Chicago
Fred Michel.....Congress Park
Clarence Wilbur Edwards.....5345 Kimbark Ave., Chicago
Samuel Wolf.....4756 Magnolia Ave., Chicago
Frank Newell Nicol.....610 Fifth Ave., Peoria

The Board of Grand Examiners held an examination in Carbondale, July 8 and 9, 1918, when the following named brethren were examined and recommended for commissions as grand lecturers:

Grant Sparrow.....1447 Belleplaine Ave., Chicago
George Edward Anderson.....Harrisburg
Samuel Douglass Lee.....Carbondale
William Riley Wright.....Murphysboro
James Benjamin Smith.....Herrin
Edwin Booth Dangerfield.....Herrin
Guy Lawrence.....Carrier Mills
Virgial Puckett.....Carrier Mills
Arthur Howard Davidson.....111 S. Glenwood Ave., Springfield

Since the report of the Board of Grand Examiners last year five of our grand lecturers have been summoned to the Grand Lodge above.

Bro. Richard Leonard Eldredge was initiated Aug. 19, 1909; passed Sept. 16, 1909 and raised Sept. 28, 1909 in Arrowsmith Lodge No. 737, Arrowsmith, Ill. He served as master of his lodge during the year 1912. He received his commission as grand lecturer May 26, 1914. Died November 29, 1917, at Minooka, Ill. At rest in Forest Home Cemetery, Chicago, December 1, 1917.

Bro. Orville Henry Travis was born November 6, 1864, in Marshall County, Iowa. Initiated June 10, 1904; passed July 1, 1904 and raised July 8, 1904. Commissioned a grand lecturer May 26, 1914. Died February 9, 1918.

Bro. Francis Marion Cruikshank was born June 25, 1857, at Indianapolis, Ind. Initiated in Ravenswood Lodge No. 777, July 21, 1902; passed August 11, 1902 and raised August 30, 1902. He was a charter member of Exemplar Lodge No. 966. Past master of Constellation Lodge No. 892. Died February 19, 1918. At rest in Roschill Cemetery, February 22, 1918.

Bro. John Wesley Whalen was born January 11, 1844, in Carlisle, Ind. He was admitted to Robinson Lodge No. 250, August 31, 1894. Served as master of this lodge in 1907. Commissioned a grand lecturer in June, 1915. Died March 15, 1918.

Bro. Frank J. Mittan was born April 13, 1865, at DeWitt, Ill. Initiated in Colfax Lodge No. 799, February 8, 1895; passed February 22, 1895, and raised March 1, 1895. He was master of Colfax lodge for three years. He was the first master of Stephen Decatur Lodge No. 979. Bro. Mittan was commissioned a grand lecturer in 1915. He died April 8, 1918. At rest in Fairlawn Cemetery, Decatur, April 12, 1918.

Just as this report was ready to go forward we were shocked by the sad news of the death of our beloved chairman, Brother Charlton L. Gregory. One who was held in highest esteem—holding every characteristic of greatness. To know him was to love him and to be his friend. He was a man who meant what he said and who said what he meant. Following the design of the Supreme Architect on the trestle board of life, he has received the Master's "well done," and has gone to enter the higher ranks of craftsmen who work with a clarified intellect.

Brother Charlton L. Gregory was born in Delavan, Wisconsin, February 16, 1867. He was initiated in New Boston Lodge No. 59, May 7, 1892, passed May 13, 1892 and raised May 17, 1892. He affiliated with Aledo Lodge No. 252, February 26, 1901 and was its master in 1905-6. He was appointed district deputy grand master in 1905 and received his commission as grand lecturer the same year; member of the Board of Grand Examiners in 1911, and chairman of the board in 1917 which office he held until his death which occurred in Mercy Hospital, Davenport, Iowa, at 8:50 A. M., September 12, 1918.

At rest in Aledo Cemetery, September 16, 1918.

Interment by Aledo Lodge No. 252. Most Worshipful Grand Master A. H. Scrogin officiating, assisted by other grand lodge officers and a large concourse of brethren from various places.

In conclusion, we desire to express to you our appreciation of the many courtesies extended to us and congratulate you on your successful administration as grand master.

Respectfully submitted,

BOARD OF GRAND EXAMINERS,

R. C. DAVENPORT, *Secretary.*

Harrisburg, Ill., Sept. 21, 1918.

VIEWS OF BRO. B. F. STAYMATES OF DEWITT LODGE No. 84, CLINTON, ILL.

Published at his request.

In behalf therefore of the great bulk of Illinois Lodges who under law or no law, will not use Lodge money for club purposes, and in behalf, of our brethren of the opposition in DeWitt Lodge No. 84, the pivot upon which this decree of 1915 was turned we will present the law of Masonic Christendom, having secured its version in thirty grand jurisdictions, not from books but the pens of the Grand Masters themselves.

First—Great Britain is our Mother country. British Masonry is our Masonic Mother. The sun never sets on British Masonry and in a letter answering our question may the funds of a lodge be used in your jurisdiction to equip clubs or amusement rooms? The Grand Secretary, Brother E. Letchworth of London, speaking for the Grand Master says: "No such expenditure as you refer to, can be sanctioned under the English constitution, no such by-law has ever been submitted and I doubt very much if submitted it could be sanctioned." No words can be more direct than this highest authority, they alone ought certainly to settle the question.

Pennsylvania is about our oldest American jurisdiction, the Keystone State, and through Grand Master Louis A. Watres, who speaks as follows, "Under our regulations, the funds of Lodges cannot be used for any purpose other than Masonic; the various purposes set forth in your communication referred to are outside the terms Masonic, and therefore will not be countenanced in this jurisdiction. These words accord with British Masonry. Grand Master Watres adds, "There are throughout the jurisdiction a few clubs, but they have no connection nor is the funds of the lodge applied to their maintenance."

Outside Illinois the Grand jurisdiction of Iowa may well speak for the Masonry of the Middle West, Grand Master Frank Moses speaking through the Grand Secretary, N. R. Parvin, says: "It has been the decision of our Grand Master time and again that Lodge funds could be used only for strictly Masonic purposes." The fitting up of billiard rooms and pool rooms have not been considered Masonic purposes, and in this state a lodge would not be allowed to make an appropriation for such purposes." These are sample letters from many that all sing the hallowed chorus of Universal Masonic Law as it applies to this condition.

B. F. Staymates.

AMENDMENT TO BY-LAWS ADOPTED.

Code 824A. was added.

824A. Any Mason in Illinois who shall hereafter enter into any of the businesses enumerated in Section A of Code 447, shall be placed on trial and if found guilty, shall be adequately punished.

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS
and PAPERS

ISSUED BY THE GRAND MASTER

OCTOBER 1917
OCTOBER 1918

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN
GRAND MASTER
LEXINGTON

October 19, 1917.

To the Worshipful Master, Wardens and Brethren of Constituent Lodges:

It is needless at this time to remind every Mason in Illinois that our country is at war. Nor is it necessary to recite the long list of flagrant insults which have been heaped upon our nation, and which caused it to rise in its might to thwart the purposes of tyrannical forms of government.

Freemasonry has ever taught patriotism, and in all its lessons and teachings, duty to country has ever been held foremost.

In this war every man must do his part. Those who cannot go to the front must help with their money, and a great opportunity is offered for service in that direction at the present time. Lodges and individual Masons are urged to purchase Liberty Bonds to the extent of their ability. These bonds bear four per cent interest, are exempt from taxation and make one of the best investments that have ever been offered. Lodges and brethren are urged to make early purchases of these bonds, as the books close on the 27th day of October. Lodges can purchase these Liberty Bonds from their lodge treasuries, with such funds as they may have for investment.

It is urged that this subject be given immediate consideration, that in this great work the Masonic Fraternity may be properly represented, and when Prussianism is finally crushed, and our brave boys who are now at the front, return home, we may have the satisfaction of knowing that in this great victory the Masons of Illinois did their part.

It is hereby ordered that this be read in open lodge at the next stated meeting following its receipt by the lodge, and that record be made in the minutes when it is read.

Fraternally yours,

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

Attest:
ISAAC CUTTER,
Grand Secretary.

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN
GRAND MASTER
LEXINGTON

October 19, 1917.

To the Worshipful Master, Wardens and Brethren of Constituent Lodges:

Brethren:

At the session of the grand lodge held in the city of Chicago on October 9th, 10th and 11th, 1917, ten thousand ($10,000.00) dollars was placed at the disposal of the grand master to be disbursed by him with the advice and consent of the Advisory Council for the benefit of the members of Illinois lodges that are in the service of the government upon foreign soil, and the grand lodge also recommended that the grand master issue a call for a contribution of not less than one ($1.00) dollar per capita on the membership of the various lodges, and that the additional money so contributed be used for the purpose stated above.

Masonry has a duty to perform in connection with the world's struggle that is now going on, and that duty is to assist the government in every way it possibly can and be consistent with the principles of Masonry. It is our Masonic duty to aid and comfort our brethren when in distress, and by caring for those of our membership who may meet with misfortune on the battle-field and also by looking after those who are dependent upon them, we will be fulfilling both a patriotic and a Masonic duty.

A goodly number of our membership are already on foreign soil, and presumably some of them are actually in service, and if not, they will be in the very near future and we should be prepared to fulfill our obligations. The grand lodge assumes responsibility for the expenditure of the money, which is a sufficient guarantee to the lodges and to the craft at large that any money contributed will be administered carefully and for the purpose for which it is intended. One dollar ($1.00) per member is a very small sacrifice on the part of the lodges and it is sincerely hoped that every lodge will contribute this amount, and where they can afford to, that they will give more. It is also urged that the lodges advise their membership of this movement on the part of the grand lodge and that they ask them for voluntary contributions in excess of the $1.00 per capita above referred to. The Masons of the state of Illinois should raise no less than two hundred and fifty thousand ($250,000.00) dollars, and by so doing be prepared to fulfill their duty to their members who are offering their lives in order that our country and our institution may survive. Masters of lodges are urged to enter into the spirit of this call and to surround themselves with a sufficient number of the members of their lodges in order to give this call publicity among their membership and see to it that the lodges and the membership contribute generously.

All contributions should be forwarded to Bro. Isaac Cutter, R. W. Grand Secretary, Camp Point, Illinois, where due credit for contributions will be given, and at the next session of the grand lodge a full accounting will be made.

It is hereby ordered that this letter be read in open lodge at the next stated meeting following its receipt by the lodge, and that record be made in the minutes when it is read.

Fraternally yours,

Attest: AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
ISAAC CUTTER, *Grand Master.*
Grand Secretary.

THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE
OF A. F. & A. M.
OF ILLINOIS

Lexington, Illinois, November 9, 1917.

To the Worshipful Master, Wardens and Brethren of Constituent Lodges:

Masonry in Illinois has always been synonymous with loyalty. In the crisis of the past, it has stood like adamant behind the government. In the great emergency of the world's present conflagration, into which our beloved country has been drawn, it must not only stand firm, but must become a living torch of patriotism.

Education will have much to do in the promotion of this idea and your grand master is fortunately enabled to provide, "without charge," eloquent speakers, who will address lodges on the subject of patriotism.

The present is not a time for criticism, because danger lurks in ill-advised action.

Since the scope of our Masonic activities are not well defined, would it not be well to avail ourselves of this splendid opportunity and innaugurate a system of patriotic education?

Advise the grand master at your earliest convenience of meetings to be held, and speakers will be provided.

It is hereby ordered that this letter be read in open lodge at the next stated meeting following its receipt by the lodge and that record be made when it is read.

Fraternally yours,

Attest: AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
ISAAC CUTTER, *Grand Master.*
Grand Secretary.

THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE
OF A. F. & A. M.
OF ILLINOIS

Lexington, Ill., January 17, 1918.

To the Worshipful Master, Wardens and Brethren of all Constituent Lodges, A. F. & A. M. of Illinois:

Brethren:

Pursuant to a recommendation of the Grand Master's Advisory Council, I have appointed a committee on National Defense, consisting of the following brethren:

Ralph H. Wheeler, Chairman,
Arthur E. Wood,
Andrew L. Anderson,
Nelson N. Lampert,
William L. Sharp.

The purpose of this committee will be TO ASSIST OUR GOVERNMENT IN THIS TIME OF NATIONAL PERIL, AND TO FUSE MASONRY OF ILLINOIS INTO A MIGHTY AGENCY FOR PATRIOTIC ENDEAVOR. The officers and members of the lodges are expected to cooperate with the committee in their work, which will consist in the raising of funds, the relieving of distress among our soldiers and their dependents, providing recreation or entertainment for soldiers in and about concentration camps, particularly in Illinois, assisting in the sale of the various bonds issued by the government, and likewise the war-saving certificates, conducting of campaigns in the support of the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. and in fact, in any and every endeavor that will be of benefit in the prosecution of the present war to a successful termination.

It is the desire and hope of your grand master, as well as your committee, that all of the Masonic lodges in Illinois, and also all chapters, councils, commanderies, consistories, shrines, grottos, and chapters of the Eastern Star, in the state, may concentrate their efforts in this movement and by so doing accomplish the greatest possible amount of good.

The moneys collected by this committee will be paid into the treasury of the grand lodge and will be disbursed by the grand master upon recommendation of the National Defense Committee and Finance Committee of the Grand Lodge. This committee expects to raise funds by the sale of memberships in what will be known as the "NATIONAL DEFENSE FUND OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE A. F. & A. M. OF ILLINOIS."

Further details will be submitted to you at a very early date and you are urged to give very prompt and active response to all requests coming from this committee.

It is hereby ordered that this letter be read in open lodge at the next stated meeting following its receipt by the lodge, and that record be made in the minutes when it is read.

Fraternally yours,

Attest: AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,

ISAAC CUTTER, *Grand Master.*

Grand Secretary.

THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE

OF A. F. & A. M.

OF ILLINOIS

Lexington, Ill., January 26, 1918.

To the Worshipful Masters, Wardens and Brethren of Constituent Lodges:

Brethren:

It will be remembered that at the last session of our grand lodge, the Finance Committee made a report which was adopted by the grand lodge to the effect that ten thousand dollars "Be placed at the disposal of the grand master and to be disbursed by him with the consent of the Advisory Council for the benefit of Masons in the service of the government who are stationed on foreign soil and that the grand master issue a call to all of the lodges for a contribution of not less than one dollar per capita on their membership, and that the money so contributed shall be used for the same purpose as stated above."

Pursuant to the authority there given the grand master on October 19, last issued his circular letter to the lodges of this grand jurisdiction advising them of such action by the grand lodge and asking for contributions as above authorized.

Afterwards it developed that there would be practical difficulty in carrying into effect the instructions as above set forth, for the reason that the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A. and other kindred organizations and charities are accomplishing on foreign soil the things which the grand lodge in its action above stated sought to accomplish, and because also there would be much difficulty in seeing to it that our funds were judiciously applied for the purpose indicated.

At a meeting of the Grand Master's Advisory Council, this question in its broad aspects was considered. It was found that there would be much difficulty in using these funds judiciously in other lands and it was there determined that "the funds appropriated by this grand lodge or raised by or under its authority, ought to be used for the relief of distress in our own land upon terms and conditions to be hereafter determined and that such funds should not be sent abroad."

Because of the great wave of patriotic ardor which is sweeping over our land and which we trust warrants confidence in ultimate victory, a committee on National Defense of this Most Worshipful Grand Lodge was appointed by the grand master. It is not intended that such committee shall exercise any independent authority, but that committee and all its activities are subsidiary to the grand lodge and subject to the control and direction of the grand master.

The ten thousand dollars appropriated by this grand lodge and all funds contributed by the several lodges of the state for the benefit of Masons in the service of the government and all funds contributed to such Committee on National Defense, are all to be expended under the authority of the grand master and all such activities are but parcel of the broader beneficence of this grand lodge.

Many thousands of our young brethren are in the service of our country in the various cantonments and aviation fields scattered throughout our land and great good can be accomplished by learning of their wants and ministering to their relief and to the relief of their families.

The Masonic organizations of each state where there is a cantonment or aviation field, are actively engaged in this same work. And so far as it may be found necessary to spend any of our funds in other states for the relief of our brethren there, we may count upon the active and faithful assistance of the Masonic organizations of such other states. We have a great work to perform. Our enemy which is the enemy of human progress must be crushed or every revolution in the interest of the people in centuries past will have availed nothing.

I therefore most earnestly repeat the solicitation for contributions as set forth in my letter of October 19 and bespeak also a generous response to whatever appeals may be made by the Committee of National Defense. You may be assured that the funds collected will be carefully husbanded and judiciously expended by us. It is your grand master and your grand lodge which will be at all times in control. All contributions therefore should be sent to the grand secretary. They will be by him paid to the grand treasurer and expended upon the order of the grand master, and thus through the annual report of the grand treasurer you will learn just how much money has been collected and how it has been expended.

The honor of Masonry which stands for the rights of men and which is essentially a democratic institution, the safety of democracy in this world and the hopes of millions not only in our own land but in other lands, are involved in the great struggle which now holds the world's attention.

Anything that you can do to assist will be greatly appreciated and you may rest assured that the good faith of the grand lodge is pledged for the careful conservation and expenditure of all funds.

It is hereby ordered that this letter be read in open lodge at the next stated meeting following its receipt by the lodge and record be made in the minutes when it is read.

Fraternally yours,

Attest:
ISAAC CUTTER,
Grand Secretary.

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL DEFENSE
of the
M. W. GRAND LODGE
OF A. F. & A. M.
OF ILLINOIS

Chicago, Ill., February 20, 1918.

To the Worshipful Masters, Wardens and Secretaries of the Lodges A. F. & A. M. of Cook County:

Brethren:

The Committee on National Defense of the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. of Illinois has just presented to the lodges a plan for raising a fund to be known as the NATIONAL DEFENSE FUND of the Grand Lodge, and it is my desire that everything possible be done to insure the collection of a goodly sum of money.

The appointing of the above committee and the instituting of this drive for the National Defense Fund of the Grand Lodge was undertaken only because of the fact that there is a call from the members of the fraternity who are in the service, and likewise a demand on the part of the Masons and the Masonic Lodges that something be done, and now that the movement is started, it must be a complete success.

The world looks upon Masonry as an institution of the greatest efficiency, and the opinion commonly expressed is that Masonry, when it attempts anything, never fails. This movement is a new one; Masons have never before been called upon by their lodges or by the grand lodge to contribute to such a fund, and now that the call has gone forth the officers of the lodges must lend their support to insure success.

In order that there may be a clear understanding of the purposes of this undertaking I will ask that you meet with the committee and myself at Oriental Consistory, Dearborn Street and Walton Place, Chicago, on TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 26, 1918 at 7:30 o'clock. The importance of this meeting I trust will insure the presence of a large representation from each and every lodge. I realize that there are a number of lodges

that meet on Tuesday evening, but if the meeting of February 26, is not a stated one, I sincerely trust that the masters or secretaries will arrange to attend the meeting above referred to and that they will have a representation from their lodges with them. Where the lodge has a stated meeting on that date it is my desire that the master should select a committee of active, energetic Masons to attend. In lodges where the master has appointed a committee to solicit the National Defense Fund, that committee should be notified of this meeting and directed to attend.

This letter will be mailed to the masters and secretaries of lodges and it is my direction that they notify the remaining officers and other members designated to attend.

At this meeting the plan adopted at the last session of the grand lodge for the collection of a war relief fund, will also be discussed.

Fraternally yours,

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE
OF A. F. & A. M.
OF ILLINOIS

Lexington, Ill., March 28, 1918.

To District Deputy Grand Masters of Illinois, A. F. & A. M.:

Soon after the close of grand lodge last October I made an appeal to the Masons of Illinois to raise a fund equal to a total of one dollar for each of our entire membership. From time to time since then I have, as grand master, urged the brethren to close up this great movement. Many lodges have reported their full quota and have paid the same into the grand lodge treasury. There are others that have responded only partially.

Every good Mason is a good citizen. It may then be assumed that the failure of lodges to reach the sum asked of them and so much needed in the present great world crisis is from indifference or failure to get in touch with individual members.

In many cases the entire sum has been voted out of the lodge treasury to be returned as paid by the members.

This dollar-per-member movement is simply an appeal to every loyal Mason to do a small thing that the grand lodge may perform a great service to those in need—as a result of the war. Another movement to raise a fund for war purposes has been set on foot. This is under the control of a War Defense Committee of which Past Grand Master Wheeler is chairman. These two campaigns are distinct from each other. Some confusion

has resulted and brethren have not quite understood why two appeals for war funds should be made at the same time.

To clear up the atmosphere I have decided to ask you to visit before May 15 every lodge in your district whose quota has not been raised. I urge you to take the following steps:

1. Ask each worshipful master to call a special meeting of his lodge, if the stated does not come in time.
2. Have each resident member notified in writing of the meeting.
3. At the time fixed urge the lodge either to raise the full amount of one dollar per member, or formally to decide that it cannot do so. If there is a balance the lodge, if able, should pay it out of the treasury and collect from each of the members afterward. Many on the night of the meeting, if appealed to, would contribute.
4. Be sure to close up this DOLLAR WAR RELIEF FUND on the night of your visit, not later than May 15, 1918.

Deputies should make it clear to the brethren that this is in no sense an assessment. It is, however, the most urgent appeal of Masonry to Masons, out of their abundance, to contribute for the benefit of our soldier-members who are making the supreme sacrifice, while we remain in safety in the full enjoyment of the blessings of liberty and American prosperity.

Each lodge is hereby authorized, if necessary, to vote out of its treasury any sum needed to make its quota at the special meeting if one be called.

Enclosed you will find a list of lodges giving the membership and contributions to date.

Fraternally yours,
AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

Attest:
ISAAC CUTTER,
Grand Secretary.

THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE
OF A. F. & A. M.
OF ILLINOIS

Lexington, Ill., June 1, 1918.

To the Worshipful Master, Wardens and Brethren A. F. & A. M. of Illinois:

Brethren:

Some time ago I addressed a communication to you advising you of the appointment of the National Defense Committee, and subsequent to that you received from this committee letters, books of certificates, buttons, etc., with reference to the raising of a National Defense Fund.

Some of the lodges have responded very liberally to the call made by the committee, and others have not. I am this day asking the district dep-

uty grand masters to co-operate with the lodges in an organized effort to raise one-quarter million dollars for this fund. This means approximately $2.00 per capita from the membership, and in order to accomplish this I am of the opinion that a personal campaign will have to be made.

It is my desire that where this work has not already been accomplished that lodges should have a committee to solicit this fund and that they personally ask each resident member of the lodges to contribute, and in this connection you are reminded that not only Masons but any member of a Mason's family is eligible to membership in the National Defense Fund and privileged to wear the button.

I might further suggest that the secretary of the lodge, where it is possible for him to act, should be chairman of the committee, and the membership of the lodge should be apportioned out to the various members of the committee so that none shall be missed.

The boys in the service are calling upon us to support them and I am confident that when the members of the lodges understand they will be glad of an opportunity to contribute. The National Defense Committee are spending large sums of money in the war work; they have agreed to erect and maintain a building at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, and are investigating conditions at Camp Grant with a view to meeting the requirements there, and in order to accomplish this they must have funds.

The patriotism and loyalty of Masons has always been of the highest type and I am confident that I shall not be disappointed with reference to my desires in this regard.

I am enclosing herewith a copy of a letter received from one of our members in the trenches which is expressive of the call that is coming from the boys.

I am desirous that the campaign for the raising of this fund shall be closed by September 1, 1918, hence will ask that you act promptly and co-operate with your district deputy grand master in this matter.

All checks should be made payable to Brother Leroy A. Goddard, Grand Treasurer, and mailed to the NATIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEE, 919 North Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Fraternally yours,

Attest:

ISAAC CUTTER,
Grand Secretary.

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE
OF A. F. & A. M.
OF ILLINOIS

Lexington, Ill., June 1, 1918.

To District Deputy Grand Masters:

Brethren:—Work on the Grand Lodge War Relief Fund has been finished and I will now ask your aid in completing the drive for the NATIONAL DEFENSE FUND. It is my desire that a personal canvass be made of the members of all of the lodges and in order that this may be done successfully it will be necessary that a committee be organized in each lodge and the membership apportioned out to the various committeemen with instructions that they shall see each individual member and urge upon him the necessity for money for the work contemplated by the National Defense Committee.

It is my desire that this fund should reach at least one-quarter million dollars, and in order to do this it will be necessary that we have approximately $2.00 per capita from the membership. It is also my desire that you should undertake to see that the lodges in your district are organized as outlined above, and that you check them up closely and have them report to you as to the progress of their work, and I will ask that you report to me once a month as to the progress being made.

For your information you will find appended below a list of the lodges in your district, with a memorandum of the amount they have contributed up to May 15, 1918. The amounts shown therein will probably not tally with their remittances to the committee because the monies sent in are credited to the lodges to which the individual contributors belong, and some of the lodges in your district have sent in money obtained from members of other lodges, and the reverse of this is true.

Should you be so situated that it will be impossible for you to undertake this work, I wish you would advise me at once and recommend someone to take your place. I sincerely trust however, that you will be able to undertake the work.

The objects for which this money is being raised have been quite clearly set forth in a circular which you have already received, but in order that it may be thoroughly clear to you I desire to state that the committee is assisting the lodges in the immediate vicinity of the concentration camps in the splendid work they are doing at this time in looking after the sick and providing entertainment and recreation for the boys; that they are assisting the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and the War Recreation Board, and are prepared to render assistance to those in the service or their dependents who may need assistance, and in doing this latter work it is the intention that the National Defense Fund shall supplement the War Relief Fund.

The National Defense Committee has found that from time to time solicitors for the fund are confronted with the statement by the brother who is being solicited, that he has contributed to the Red Cross and various other funds and that he cannot give any more. The committees in the various lodges should be thoroughly prepared to answer any such argument and the answer is that we who are unfit for any reason whatever to go to the front should be willing to do our every duty here at home and we have got to continue contributing to the war relief funds, not only as long as the war lasts, but until all distress caused by the war is relieved.

It is my desire that the drive for the National Defense Fund be thoroughly organized and completely carried out even to the systematic efficiency of the recent Liberty Loan drive. This will require sacrifice on the part of many but surely it is not asking too much of the loyal citizens that constitute our fraternity.

I will appreciate a prompt reply from you as to whether you will act in this capacity, and likewise a monthly report from you until all of the work is completed; said report to be made out and forwarded immediately after the first day of each month. It is my hope to complete this drive within the next ninety days.

Fraternally yours,
AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE
OF A. F. & A. M.
OF ILLINOIS

To the Worshipful Masters, Wardens, and Brethren of Constituent Lodges:
Brethren:

A World Crisis is impending; the right of the Nations of the World to choose the form of government under which they shall live is attacked by a predatory militaristic power with a savagery and inhumanity which shock the moral sense of the world; the success of this attack would destroy democracy and free government and the achievements of the moral and religious progress and development of the human race for the past two hundred years; the liberties of all free nations, the perpetuity of the fundamental principles and precepts of Freemasonry now hang in the balance. At such a time, in such a crisis, every loyal and patriotic Mason must be conscious of the personal duty resting upon him to aid in all ways possible, in this supreme moment, to defeat this menace to humanity.

Fully realizing and appreciating the patriotism and loyalty of the members of the nine lodges in this state which have heretofore been using the

German language in their ritual and lodge records, and at the same time making grateful acknowledgement of their quick and generous response to the calls made upon the Masons of this state to support the government in the Liberty Loans, the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., and the two grand lodge funds for the benefit of Masons in the service and the government in its war aims generally; and having been advised that six of the nine German speaking lodges of this state have already taken favorable action in the matter which is the subject of this edict; and profoundly convinced that the welfare and growth and future progress and development of the German speaking lodges in this state will be promoted by a generous and fraternal acceptance and observance of this edict:

Therefore I, Austin H. Scrogin, Grand Master of Masons in the State of Illinois, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby issue and promulgate this edict.

Beginning with the second stated meeting in August, 1918, the English language only shall thereafter be used by each of the constituent lodges in this state, in recording its minutes.

In the constituent lodges in this state which have heretofore used the German language in their ritualistic work, the English language shall be used in all ritualistic work as soon as the officers shall have acquired the necessary proficiency to properly conduct the work in the English language; and from and after the fifteenth of January, 1919, the English language only shall be used in all ritualistic work in all the lodges in this state.

It is ordered that this edict be read in full in open lodge at the first stated meeting after it shall be received.

It is further ordered that this edict be entered in full upon the records of each lodge and be made a part of the proceedings of said lodge at the meeting at which it is read.

Given under my hand and seal of the M. W. Grand Lodge this 10th day of July, A. D. 1918, A. L. 5918, at Lexington, Ill.

Attest:

Isaac Cutter,
Grand Secretary.

Austin H. Scrogin,
Grand Master.

AUSTIN H. SCROGIN
GRAND MASTER
LEXINGTON

August 23, 1918.

To the District Deputy Grand Masters of Illinois:

Dear Brethren:

On a former occasion I appealed to you to render a patriotic service. This was in connection with the Dollar War Fund. Your response to this was hearty and produced excellent results.

There has been for some time another movement of the Masons of Illinois along lines of patriotism. This is the raising of a *National Defense Fund* to be used for the care and comfort of our brethren in the service, at home and abroad. So far many contributions have been made and a considerable sum is in the grand lodge treasury. The needs of the men are and will be great. They are giving their all. It is as little as we can do, while here at home and in safety, to give a small part of our substance to provide a fund sufficient to meet every possible want of our soldiers in the field.

The committee in charge of this fund has fixed the time for closing it on September 25, 1918. It is essential that all contributions be in the hands of the committee by that date, so that report may be made to the grand lodge in October. A record of each lodge will be printed. Credit or criticism will thus be given each lodge according to its response to this appeal. If possible each district deputy should visit every lodge in his district and present this appeal in person. If unable to do this I urge you to communicate by letter or telephone with each lodge. Remittances should be sent to Dr. Ralph H. Wheeler, chairman of the Committee on National Defense, 919 North Dearborn St., Chicago, Illinois.

Knowing your love for your country and loyalty to our great fraternity, I know that this appeal to you will not be in vain.

Fraternally yours,
AUSTIN H. SCROGIN,
Grand Master.

LODGES CONSTITUTED.

FORTITUDE LODGE NO. 1003, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

OCTOBER 24, 1917.

OCCASIONAL GRAND LODGE.

Maxwell Levy.....as M. W. Grand Master
Robert N. Holt.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
David D. King.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
H. W. Harvey.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
Wm. Tinsley.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Louis Ziv.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Ira J. McDowell.....as R. W. Grand Orator
Ben W. Scholton.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Jacob Bonom.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
S. S. Schwartz.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Leopold A. Swartz.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Jacob Hirsch.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Max Bloch.....as W. Grand Steward
Otto Shatzkis.....as W. Grand Steward
Wm. Phillips.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Max L. Levit.....as Symbol Bearer
Isaac K. Goodman.....as Symbol Bearer
Wm. E. Nathan.....as Symbol Bearer
Abe Adelstein.....as Symbol Bearer
Chester S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

HURST LODGE NO. 1004, HURST, ILLINOIS.

NOVEMBER 2, 1917.

OCCASIONAL GRAND LODGE.

Gordon Pillor.....as M. W. Grand Master
Ben Smith.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Arch Willard.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Dallis Gilmore.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
W. A. Perrine.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
M. Ozment.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
E. B. Dangerfield.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Joseph Benson.....as R. W. Grand Orator
S. B. Martin.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal

S. E. Graeff.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Henry Bundy.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
J. W. Kelley.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Harrace Barnhill.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
L. L. Clayton.....as W. Grand Steward
John Forbes.....as W. Grand Steward
G. E. Ellis.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
C. E. Russell.....as Symbol Bearer
J. T. Wasson.....as Symbol Bearer
Emery Howell.....as Symbol Bearer
George Warmack.....as Symbol Bearer
J. V. McCullough.....Asst. Bro. Grand Tyler

COMMUNITY LODGE NO. 1005, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
OCTOBER 25, 1917.
OCCASIONAL GRAND LODGE.

John F. Schott.....as M. W. Grand Master
D. D. King.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Elmer E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Richard E. Kropf.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
Paul A. Neuffer.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
James E. Steven.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Robt. N. Holt.....as R. W. Grand Orator
Nicholas E. Murray.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Wm. Tinsley.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Felix Von Wysow.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Albert Jampolis.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Albert T. Thompson.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Jos J. Shaw.....as W. Grand Steward
T. M. Avery.....as W. Grand Steward
Charles A. Rohde.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Alvin Meinicke.....as Symbol Bearer
Edward Pearl Freeman.....as Symbol Bearer
Enrich Schenck.....as Symbol Bearer
William Walter Zeige.....as Symbol Bearer
Chester S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

Fair Oaks Lodge No. 1006, Oak Park, Illinois.

October 18, 1917.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Austin H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
David D. King.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Elmer E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Ed. C. Mullen.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
Timothy Avery.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Burns Wilson.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
J. L. Van Loon.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Paul Neufer.....as R. W. Grand Orator
Geo. E. Moore.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Wm. Tinsley.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Harry Milnor.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Albert Thompson.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Sidney B. Harvey.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Geo. Edwards.....as W. Grand Steward
Leslie W. Beebe.....as W. Grand Steward
Walter Aitken.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Milo N. Geise.....as Symbol Bearer
Harry H. Stapel.....as Symbol Bearer
Edward Dobbs.....as Symbol Bearer
Wm. K. Osborne.....as Symbol Bearer
Walter McFeiley.....as Bro. Grand Tyler

Loyal Lodge No. 1007, Chicago, Illinois.

October 30, 1917.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Timothy Avery.....as M. W. Grand Master
Jos. J. Shaw.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
E. E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
D. D. King.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
W. C. Rapp.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Wm. Tinsley.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
H. E. Black.....as R. W. Grand Orator
A. T. Thompson.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
T. E. McCormack.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
W. J. Selbie.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer

Elof Peterson.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Geo. Moore.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Harry Milnor.....as W. Grand Steward
John Olsen.....as W. Grand Steward
John Merki.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Wm. Casati.....as Symbol Bearer
Harry Weig.....as Symbol Bearer
B. Schultz.....as Symbol Bearer
A. Carlson.....as Symbol Bearer
C. S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

PARKWAY LODGE NO. 1008, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

OCTOBER 31, 1917.

OCCASIONAL GRAND LODGE.

Wm. Tinsley.....as M. W. Grand Master
E. C. Mullen.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Jos. J. Shaw.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
H. W. Harvey.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
D. D. King.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Albert Jampolis.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Rev. R. Keene Ryan.....as R. W. Grand Orator
T. M. Avery.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
T. E. Gurney.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Chas. J. Weiskopf.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
H. H. Milnor.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Al. T. Thompson.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Geo. Moore.....as W. Grand Steward
Maxwell Levy.....as W. Grand Steward
John H. Cook.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Ralph White.....as Symbol Bearer
Charles Kohn.....as Symbol Bearer
Paul Klingsporn.....as Symbol Bearer
H. W. McChesney.....as Symbol Bearer
C. S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

HIRAM LODGE NO. 1009, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

NOVEMBER 14, 1917.

OCCASIONAL GRAND LODGE.

Joseph J. Shaw.....as M. W. Grand Master
N. E. Murray.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master

James A. Steven.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Albert T. Thompson.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
Wm. Pursche.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Louis J. Frahm.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Richard E. Kropf.....as R. W. Grand Orator
C. P. Clark.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Wm. A. Boatman.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Frank W. Riader.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Geo. Moore.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
John Schott.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
James Dawkes.....as W. Grand Steward
G. Frank Kohl.....as W. Grand Steward
Harry G. Wilson.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
John A. Alexander.....as Symbol Bearer
John J. Larsen.....as Symbol Bearer
J. H. Hart.....as Symbol Bearer
Chas. F. Anderson.....as Symbol Bearer
C. S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

Honor Lodge No. 1010, Chicago, Illinois
October 29, 1917.
Occasional Grand Lodge.

Jos. J. Shaw.....as M. W. Grand Master
Timothy Avery.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
A. T. Thompson.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Geo. E. Moore.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
C. C. Smith.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Wm. Tinsley.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Wm. J. Peters.....as R. W. Grand Orator
L. B. Deyer.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Wm. Pursche.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
G. R. Raable.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
R. E. Douglas.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
E. C. Glasser.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Edward I. Dyer.....as W. Grand Steward
F. A. Gilbert.....as W. Grand Steward
C. W. M. Arnold.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
F. T. Eggert.....as Symbol Bearer

Fred J. Steuben.....as Symbol Bearer
Harry W. Nelson.....as Symbol Bearer
Lyle Schoeneck.....as Symbol Bearer
C. S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

Woodson Lodge No. 1011, Woodson, Illinois.

November 23, 1917.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

A. C. Metcalf.....as M. W. Grand Master
C. P. Ross.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
H. D. Atkins.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
John Nunes.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
W. A. Crawly.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
J. H. Dial.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
J. G. Strawn.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
T. H. Rapp.....as R. W. Grand Orator
Jos. Estaque.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
A. Weihl.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Asa Robinson.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Frank Bristow.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Frank Muehlhausen.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
M. L. Robinson.....as W. Grand Steward
C. Rigdeon.....as W. Grand Steward
R. J. Farris.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Carl Walton.....as Symbol Bearer
Harry Cade.....as Symbol Bearer
Justin Wright.....as Symbol Bearer
Luther Wiley.....as Symbol Bearer
James V. McCullough.....Assistant Grand Tyler

Birchwood Lodge No. 1012, Rogers Park, Illinois.

October 27, 1917.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

James A. Steven.....as M. W. Grand Master
Robt. N. Holt.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Elmer E. Beach.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
D. D. King.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
James F. Rowley.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Albert Jampolis.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
A. D. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
James K. Lambert.....as R. W. Grand Orator

Wm. Elmer Edwards.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Nicholas E. Murray.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
George Cato.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Jos J. Shaw.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
John F. Schott.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
H. A. Milnor.....as W. Grand Steward
Chas. Weiskopf.....as W. Grand Steward
Amos Pettibone.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Albert O. Ryerson.....as Symbol Bearer
Carl A. E. Horst.....as Symbol Bearer
M. L. Redfield.....as Symbol Bearer
A. J. Schwartz.....as Symbol Bearer
Chester S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

John Paul Jones Lodge No. 1013, Chicago, Illinois.

November 9, 1917.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Claude R. Grover.....as M. W. Grand Master
N. E. Murray.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Robt. N. Holt.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Harry Milnor.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
John C. Jones.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Albert Jampolis.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
Rev. R. Keene Ryan.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Joseph T. Mlnarik.....as R. W. Grand Orator
George Moore.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
Wm. H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Leopold Apple.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Felix Von Wysow.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
John Schott.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Henry Friedman.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Jas. A. Steven.....as W. Grand Steward
Jos. J. Shaw.....as W. Grand Steward
Jason R. Lewis.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
H. S. Burkhardt.....as Symbol Bearer
C. H. Crowell, Jr.....as Symbol Bearer
Isador Besler.....as Symbol Bearer
H. C. Perser.....as Symbol Bearer
George Cato.....as Bro. Grand Tyler

CORNER STONES.

Masonic Temple, Rockford Lodge No. 102, Rockford, Illinois.

December 5, 1917.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Austin H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
James O. Anderson.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
H. V. Fritz.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
O. C. Scott.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
M. A. Kjellgren.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
John Barker.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Rev. R. Keene Ryan.....as R. W. Grand Orator
Jason R. Lewis.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
A. V. Anderson.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
A. C. Humeston.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Samuel Stonefield.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
A. H. Lindmark.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
R. E. Turney.....as W. Grand Steward
L. C. Treadwell.....as W. Grand Steward
John T. Buckbee.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
W. R. Shedd.....as Principal Architect
Chester S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

Masonic Temple, Alton, Illinois.

June 15, 1918.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Austin H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
W. P. Wall.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
C. W. Beall.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
H. O. Tonsar.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
A. E. Ernst.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
J. E. Terree.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
F. D. Butler.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Rev. Walter Aitken.....as R. W. Grand Orator
J. W. Beall.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
E. L. Gibson.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
R. E. Gifford.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
F. E. Harris.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon

A. J. Sotier.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
H. A. Paul.....as W. Grand Steward
T. W. Burns.....as W. Grand Steward
W. J. Hert.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
L. Caywood.....as Principal Architect
James V. McCullock.....as Bro. Grand Tyler

DEDICATIONS.

Masonic Hall, Andalusia, Illinois.

June 20, 1918.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Isaac Cutter.....as M. W. Grand Master
J. F. Maberry.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
S. R. Amlong.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
S. D. Chambers.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
John G. Miller.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
A. W. Elliot.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
C. Gregory.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
M. T. Stevens.....as R. W. Grand Orator
Henry Kramer.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
George Richmond.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
M. H. Patten.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
A. D. Dunlap.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
J. H. Patterson.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Charles Wenks.....as W. Grand Steward
Charles Roberts.....as W. Grand Steward
Albert Hofer.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
John Baker.....as Principal Architect
Charles Brusso.....as Symbol Bearer
Herman Tindall.....as Symbol Bearer
S. A. Seeman.....as Symbol Bearer
A. D. Elliot.....as Symbol Bearer
James V. McCullock.....Asst. Bro. Grand Tyler

Masonic Hall, Glencoe, Illinois.

May 15, 1918.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Austin H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
Wm. Tinsley.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master

Elmer E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Geo. Moore.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
A. C. McFarland.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Rev. Doulas H. Cornell.....as R. W. Grand Orator
David D. King.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Paul A. Nuffer.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
S. F. Odell.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Harry H. Milner.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
T. M. Avery.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
W. W. LaMoure.....as W. Grand Steward
A. M. Bassford.....as W. Grand Steward
John Hay.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
Forbs Cadenhead.....as Principal Architect
Elbert Haight.....as Symbol Bearer
George Pope.....as Symbol Bearer
Geo. L. Walters.....as Symbol Bearer
W. V. Schnur.....as Symbol Bearer
Chester S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

Masonic Hall, Blue Mound, Illinois.

May 2, 1918.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Austin H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
E. F. Dunbar.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
D. W. Starr.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
A. E. Wood.....R. W. Junior Grand Warden
J. B. Mathew.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
J. M. Beckett.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Owen Scott.....as R. W. Grand Orator
J. W. Carter.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
George E. Moore.....as W. Grand Marshal
H. R. McMullen.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
W. E. Rugh.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
J. M. Willard.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
G. A. Stadler.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
H. A. Flock.....as W. Grand Steward
T. L. Bankson.....as W. Grand Steward
J. F. Mooney.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge

R. H. Bean.....as Principal Architect
Cleve Oats.....as Symbol Bearer
Henry Frisch.....as Symbol Bearer
J. S. Wallace.....as Symbol Bearer
John Adams.....as Symbol Bearer
James V. McCullough.....as Bro. Grand Tyler

Masonic Temple, Maywood, Illinois.
April 20, 1918.
Occasional Grand Lodge.

Austin H. Serogin.....M. W. Grand Master
A. C. McFarland.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Elmer E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
Arthur E. Wood.....R. W. Junior Grand Warden
Jason R. Lewis.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
C. P. Graff.....as R. W. Grand Orator
Edw. Mullen.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
J. Vraneck.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
Bert W. Crissey.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Geo. Moore.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
T. M. Avery.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
W. G. Merritt.....as W. Grand Steward
C. G. Reminger.....as W. Grand Steward
W. Tinsley.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
E. E. Roberts.....as Principal Architect
Adrian Schipper.....as Symbol Bearer
O. H. Peterson.....as Symbol Bearer
H. H. Post.....as Symbol Bearer
B. W. Foster.....as Symbol Bearer
Chester E. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

Masonic Hall, Milledgeville, Illinois.
December 6, 1917.
Occasional Grand Lodge.

Isaac Cutter.....as M. W. Grand Master
Jacob J. Ludens.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
John L. Brearton.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
J. Willard Andrews.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden

T. N. Fleming.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
F. O. Wolf.....as R. W. Grand Secretary
W. J. Burleigh.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
Chas. A. Gage.....as R. W. Grand Orator
M. R. Bernheisel.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
Wm. J. Quest.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
N. R. Weaver.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Wm. P. Hacker.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
James B. Lee.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
C. A. Geldmacher.....as W. Grand Steward
F. F. Olmsted.....as W. Grand Steward
J. C. Eastabrooks.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
I. N. Evans.....as Principal Architect
Wm. Dieterle.....as Symbol Bearer
R. W. E. Mitchell.....as Symbol Bearer
Hans Morath.....as Symbol Bearer
C. R. Woodruff.....as Symbol Bearer
James V. McCullough.....Asst. Bro. Grand Tyler

Masonic Hall, South Chicago, Illinois.

January 3, 1918.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Austin H. Scrogin.....M. W. Grand Master
T. M. Avery.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
E. E. Beach.....R. W. Senior Grand Warden
W. M. Bending.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
J. Herman.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
Isaac Cutter.....R. W. Grand Secretary
A. O. Novander.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
John B. Price.....as R. W. Grand Orator
A. M. Bassford.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....as W. Grand Marshal
H. M. Kleinman.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
B. F. Hedges.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
Geo. Moore.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
David Davidson.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
C. J. Power.....as W. Grand Steward
Thos. M. Jones.....as W. Grand Steward
C. Watson.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
C. Hatzfeld.....as Principal Architect
C. Mathia.....as Symbol Bearer

W. B. Chapel.....as Symbol Bearer
C. B. Gabriel.....as Symbol Bearer
Philip Hunt.....as Symbol Bearer
Chester S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler

Masonic Hall, Preemption, Illinois.

November 27, 1917.

Occasional Grand Lodge.

Isaac Cutter.....as M. W. Grand Master
C. L. Gregory.....as R. W. Deputy Grand Master
Geo. E. Carlson.....as R. W. Senior Grand Warden
F. A. Gibson.....as R. W. Junior Grand Warden
J. H. Seyler.....as R. W. Grand Treasurer
John Lowe.....as R. W. Grand Sercetary
R. P. Williams.....as R. W. Grand Chaplain
F. E. Shult.....as R. W. Grand Orator
C. C. Clarke.....as W. Grand Pursuivant
William H. Bied.....W. Grand Marshal
J. B. Cook.....as W. Grand Standard Bearer
H. H. Tomlinson.....as W. Grand Sword Bearer
J. S. Bowen.....as W. Senior Grand Deacon
Arthur Johnson.....as W. Junior Grand Deacon
Elmer Simcox.....as W. Grand Steward
T. P. Armstrong.....as W. Grand Steward
J. W. Dellit.....as Master of the Oldest Lodge
J. C. Burgoye.....as Principal Architect
Fred Hofer.....as Symbol Bearer
Hawkins Lipton.....as Symbol Bearer
Henry Anderson.....as Symbol Bearer
Benj. Clarke.....as Symbol Bearer
Chester S. Gurney.....Bro. Grand Tyler



MASTERS AND PAST MASTERS OF ILLINOIS

HANCOCK LODGE NO. 20
JOSEPH EDWARD HELFRICH.....May 29, 1918

ST. CLAIR LODGE NO. 24
RICHARD H. WINKELMANN.....January 12, 1918

MT. VERNON LODGE NO. 31
ALLEN C. TANNER.....December 13, 1917

TEMPLE LODGE NO. 46
BERT BROWN December 20, 1917
EARL NAYLOR June 21, 1918

UNITY LODGE NO. 48
DEWITTE THATCHER March 25, 1918

CAMBRIDGE LODGE NO. 49
CHESTER M. TURNER.....April 27, 1918

LACON LODGE NO. 61
RICHARD H. MAXWELL.....March 12, 1918

BENTON LODGE NO. 64
JOHN HENRY HILL.....January 7, 1918

ROSCOE LODGE NO. 75
O. C. YOUNG.....February 14, 1918

MITCHELL LODGE NO. 85
F. SOLON L. KUGLER.....June 19, 1918

METROPOLIS LODGE NO. 91
ROBERT N. SMITH.....April 7, 1918

PERRY LODGE NO. 95
ALLEN J. WALKER.....February 13, 1918



EXCELSIOR LODGE NO. 97

A. VERNON HART.....December 28, 1917

EDWARDSVILLE LODGE NO. 99

JOHN KELLER June 25, 1918

ROCKFORD LODGE NO. 102

HENRY V. FRITZ.....March 19, 1918

ANTIOCH LODGE NO. 127

JOHN BONNER September 2, 1917

GARDEN CITY LODGE NO. 141

WILL CAREY ROOD.....December 28, 1917

DEKALB LODGE NO. 144

DANIEL D. HUNT.....January 23, 1918
JAMES H. PARKS.....April 3, 1918

BLOOMFIELD LODGE NO. 148

J. RUSS GRACE.....April 23, 1918

RUSSELL LODGE NO. 154

W. C. COWAN.....(No date given)
WILLIAM NICHOLS.....(No date given)

DELAVAN LODGE NO. 156

JAMES A. MASON.....December 1, 1917

URBANA LODGE NO. 157

FRANCIS M. WRIGHT.....July 15, 1917
WILLIAM HOWARD WEBB.....December 15, 1917

WAUBANSIA LODGE NO. 160

JOHN C. HOWELL.....September 10, 1917

MILFORD LODGE NO. 168

ELIJAH WESLEY SCOTT.....June 24, 1918



EVERGREEN LODGE NO. 170

WILLIAM N. CRONKRITE.....May 18, 1918

ABINGDON LODGE NO. 185

A. D. UNDERWOOD.....December 3, 1917

LOUISVILLE LODGE NO. 196

JOHN ERWIN December, 1917

CENTRALIA LODGE NO. 201

HENRY LITTLE RHODES.....March 4, 1918

CORINTHIAN LODGE NO. 205

CHARLES GIBBS November 12, 1917

WILLIAM B. WARREN LODGE NO. 209

CASS FERDINAND MAURER.....May 5, 1918

CLEVELAND LODGE NO. 211

JOHN HENRY DAWSON.....October 30, 1917

MASON LODGE NO. 217

VAN HARDIN.....(No date given)

GEORGE WASHINGTON LODGE NO. 222

FLORIS McFARLAND May 21, 1918

FARMER'S LODGE NO. 232

JOSEPH KUYKENDAHL WEST.....December 30, 1917

BLANDINSVILLE LODGE NO. 233

JOHN O. OAKMAN.....November 1, 1917
THOMAS H. WILLIAMS.....October 12, 1917
B. F. DUNCAN.....July 1, 1918

CHARTER OAK LODGE NO. 236

THOMAS FREDERICK BLANKLEY.....February 15, 1918



CAIRO LODGE NO. 237

WILLIAM JOHN COCHRAN.....January 23, 1918

ROB MORRIS LODGE NO. 247

JACOB McCHESNEY August 28, 1917

HIBBARD LODGE NO. 249

M. S. BROWN.....March 11, 1918

ROBINSON LODGE NO. 250

JOHN WESLEY WHALEN.....March 15, 1918

ALEDO LODGE NO. 252

THOMAS JOSEPH HEALD.....October 31, 1917

AURORA LODGE NO. 254

FREMONT L. TAYLOR.....December 13, 1917

WARSAU LODGE NO. 257

JAMES T. CRAWFORD.....April 8, 1918

AMON LODGE NO. 261

E. M. McPHERSON.....August 24, 1917

VERMILION LODGE NO. 265

FRANK V. BARNETT.....October 5, 1917
J. RUSS GRACE.....(No date given)

LEVI LUSK LODGE NO. 270

Z. SMITH July 15, 1917
SAMUEL PLUMMER PRESCOTT.....February 23, 1918

CARMI LODGE NO. 272

THOMAS HICK LAND.....March 3, 1918

ACCORDIA LODGE NO. 277

FRIEDRICHS HEINRICH FRIEDRICH.....May 1, 1918



PLYMOUTH LODGE NO. 286

D. W. HUDDLESTON.....February 11, 1918
W. S. ROMICK.....May 2, 1918

DILLS LODGE NO. 295

ISAAC P. KILGORE.....March 21, 1918

ONARGA LODGE NO. 305

IRA B. JOHNSON.....July 27, 1917
ELMER HULL.....August 1, 1917

WM. C. HOBBS LODGE NO. 306

FRANK B. JEANPERT.....July 29, 1917

DEARBORN LODGE NO. 310

COLVIN BRADNEN BURT.....July 15, 1917

ABRAHAM JONAS LODGE NO. 316

FRANK FREDERICK BUTZOW.....January 29, 1918

HARRISBURG LODGE NO. 325

JAMES H. PEARCE.....September 9, 1917
MONROE J. POTTS.....January 26, 1918
PETER ROBINSON.....March 1, 1918

SUMNER LODGE NO. 334

THOMAS M. STEVENS.....(No date given)

SCHILLER LODGE NO. 335

GODFREY WYS.....February 20, 1918

ONEIDA LODGE NO. 337

A. B. ANDERSON.....February 2, 1918

MORSE LODGE NO. 346

EDGAR COOPER.....January 10, 1918



SUBLETTE LODGE NO. 349

ALMER JEWELL.....(No date given)

FAIRVIEW LODGE NO. 350

JOHN HARTOUGH December 24, 1917

MARINE LODGE NO. 355

JOHN STEVENSON July 9, 1917

LIBERTY LODGE NO. 380

SAMUEL FRANCIS McBRIDE.....April 22, 1918

BRIDGEPORT LODGE NO. 386

CYREMUS ORANGE CULLISON.....May 21, 1918

TOLONO LODGE NO. 391

ARCHIBAL BLAIR CAMPBELL.....August 20, 1918

ODIN LODGE NO. 401

JOSEPH K. McKINLEY.....December 14, 1917

BATAVIA LODGE NO. 404

WILLIAM R. DUNCAN.....December 31, 1917

MITHRA LODGE NO. 410

HENRY STEINBOCK June 2, 1918

MARSEILLES LODGE NO. 417

JOHN HUBBARD GOODELL.....January 12, 1918

LANARK LODGE NO. 423

E. D. LEALAND.....March 23, 1910

SUNBEAM LODGE NO. 423

W. H. LONG.....December 19, 1917



CHICAGO LODGE NO. 437

DAVID BIRKENSTEIN September 2, 1917

WATSEKA LODGE NO. 446

NICHOLAS ADMIRAL February 5, 1918
CHARLES EDWIN BARBER April 26, 1918

LOAMI LODGE NO. 450

CLARENCE STALEY PARK July 27, 1917

NEW HARTFORD LODGE NO. 453

JULIUS SCHWARTZ August 22, 1917

NOKOMIS LODGE NO. 456

GEORGE HENRY WEBSTER August 29, 1917

PALMYRA LODGE NO. 463

CALEB COPPS June 15, 1918

DENVER LODGE NO. 464

HENRY DAVID SIEGFRIED (No date given)

MCLEAN LODGE NO. 469

CARLON C. ALDRICH November 28, 1917

KENDALL LODGE NO. 471

ROBERT A. LAIRD May 12, 1918

MANITO LODGE NO. 476

J. B. MEIGS November 26, 1917
J. A. McCOMAS May 15, 1918

RUTLAND LODGE NO. 477

WILLIAM O. ENSIGN May 8, 1918

PLEIADES LODGE NO. 478

CHARLES A. WALL August 11, 1917
WILLIAM E. MOORE October 10, 1917



EDGEWOOD LODGE NO. 484
WILLIAM J. FAULK.....December 26, 1917

ANDREW JACKSON LODGE NO. 487
DAVID A. SHERERTZ.....July 13, 1917

CLAY CITY LODGE NO. 488
WILLIAM F. DRANSFIELD.....June 5, 1918

ST. PAUL'S LODGE NO. 500
CHARLES PHILO KANE.....January 13, 1918

EAST ST. LOUIS LODGE NO. 504
LUKE H. HITE.....(No date given)

PARKERSBURG LODGE NO. 509
D. H. GREEN.....August 20, 1917

DELIA LODGE NO. 525
FOSTER JEFFERSON DAVIS.....January 26, 1918

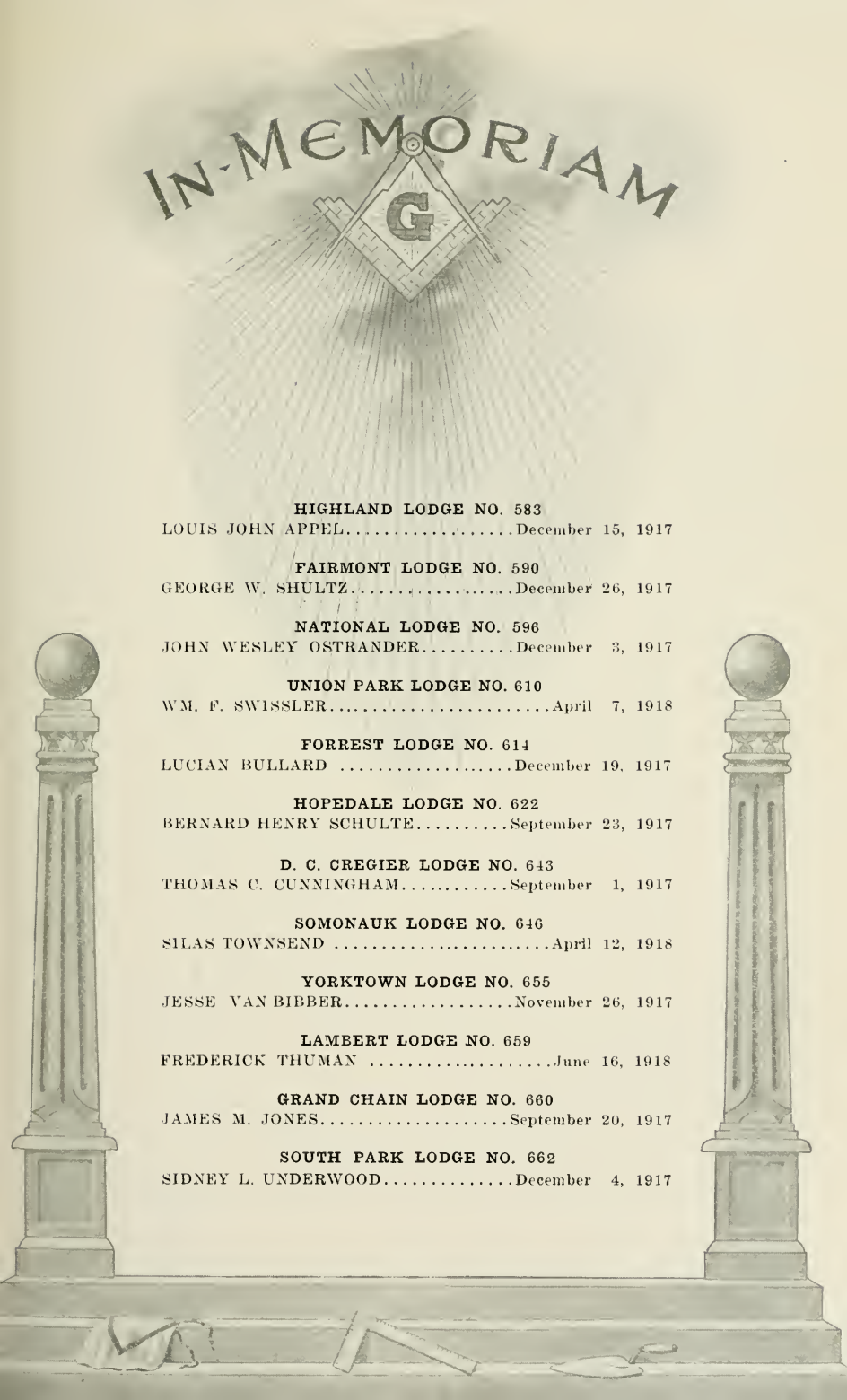
COVENANT LODGE NO. 526
HENRY H. DECKER.....February 3, 1918
CHARLES REIFSNIDER March 2, 1918

VIRGINIA LODGE NO. 544
GUSTAVE F. HILLIG.....(No date given)

SHARON LODGE NO. 550
JOHN H. WELSH.....May 7, 1918

THOMSON LODGE NO. 559
JOHN H. TAYLOR.....January 10, 1918

JACKSONVILLE LODGE NO. 570
THOMAS JEFFERSON BRONSON.....October 27, 1917



HIGHLAND LODGE NO. 583
LOUIS JOHN APPEL.....December 15, 1917

FAIRMONT LODGE NO. 590
GEORGE W. SHULTZ.....December 26, 1917

NATIONAL LODGE NO. 596
JOHN WESLEY OSTRANDER.....December 3, 1917

UNION PARK LODGE NO. 610
WM. F. SWISSLER.....April 7, 1918

FORREST LODGE NO. 614
LUCIAN BULLARD December 19, 1917

HOPEDALE LODGE NO. 622
BERNARD HENRY SCHULTE.....September 23, 1917

D. C. CREGIER LODGE NO. 643
THOMAS C. CUNNINGHAM.....September 1, 1917

SOMONAUK LODGE NO. 646
SILAS TOWNSEND April 12, 1918

YORKTOWN LODGE NO. 655
JESSE VAN BIBBER.....November 26, 1917

LAMBERT LODGE NO. 659
FREDERICK THUMAN June 16, 1918

GRAND CHAIN LODGE NO. 660
JAMES M. JONES.....September 20, 1917

SOUTH PARK LODGE NO. 662
SIDNEY L. UNDERWOOD.....December 4, 1917



BEECHER CITY LODGE NO. 665

GEORGE I. DAVIS.....August 28, 1917

MORRISONVILLE LODGE NO. 681

LEROY MARTIN December 30, 1917

GARFIELD LODGE NO. 686

EDWARD WOODS PETERSON.....July 10, 1917

ORANGEVILLE LODGE NO. 687

ADAM RUBENDALL February, 1918

ENGLEWOOD LODGE NO. 690

THOMAS EDWIN McKEAGUE.....May 12, 1918

RICHARD COLE LODGE NO. 697

WILLIAM BREW May 9, 1918

JOHNSONVILLE LODGE NO. 713

W. M. ALVIS.....November 8, 1917

NEWTON—NOW COLLISON LODGE NO. 714

JACOB V. LUDWIG.....March 24, 1918

CALUMET LODGE NO. 716

FERDINAND SCHAFFER March 13, 1918
GEORGE F. BORMAN.....January 11, 1918

GIBSON LODGE NO. 733

JAMES HALDEN WHITE.....August 28, 1917
SAMUEL JEWETT LeFEVER.....September 27, 1917

ARROWSMITH LODGE NO. 737

R. L. ELDREDGE.....November 29, 1917

CENTENNIAL LODGE NO. 747

WILLIAM HENRY RICKEY.....December 12, 1917



LYNDON LODGE NO. 750

P. C. RILEY.....January 14, 1918

OGDEN LODGE NO. 754

GEORGE NOBLE FREEMAN.....July 31, 1917

RAVENSWOOD LODGE NO. 777

CHARLES TRUAX February 3, 1918
GEORGE NEWTON ACKLEY.....March 10, 1918

SILOAM LODGE NO. 780

ORVILLE H. TRAVIS.....February 9, 1918

CONSTANTIA LODGE NO. 783

JOSEPH FEUER July 11, 1917

MORRIS LODGE NO. 787

JAMES WILLIAM JACKSON.....July 14, 1917

AUBURN PARK LODGE NO. 789

JOSEPH WAUKONSHAW TAYLOR.....April 24, 1918

DELAND LODGE NO. 812

JOHN H. WOOD.....December 17, 1917

OHIO LODGE NO. 814

PEARL P. MICHAEL.....November 8, 1917

LAWN LODGE NO. 815

WILLIAM KENDALL October 10, 1917

BEN HUR LODGE NO. 818

ANDREW N. ENGLE.....November 20, 1917

ARTHUR LODGE NO. 825

A. J. MAXWELL.....(No date given)



PARK LODGE NO. 843
CHARLES PETERS ABBEY.....May 21, 1918

GOTHIC LODGE NO. 852
CHARLES SEYMOUR LAMBERT.....January 26, 1918

WHEELER LODGE NO. 883
JAMES D. McKNIGHT..... .December 12, 1917

VILLA GROVE LODGE NO. 885
WILLIAM G. FEATHERINGILL..... May 4, 1918

COTTONWOOD LODGE NO. 920
GEORGE N. HARRIS.....(No date given)

NORTH SHORE LODGE NO. 937
THOMAS HUGH McKNIGHT.....March 31, 1918

JOY LODGE NO. 946
WILLIAM F. SPENCE.....February, 1918

FEDERAL LODGE NO. 961
ALEXANDER COTTEL JAMES.....April 8, 1918



OTHER GRAND JURISDICTIONS

ARIZONA

WILLIAM FRANCIS NICHOLS.....November 15, 1917
Past Grand Master

ARKANSAS

CHARLES AUGUSTUS BRIDEWELL....November 18, 1917
Past Grand Master

COLORADO

GEORGE D. KENNEDY.....January 26, 1918
Past Grand Master

JAMES HAMILTON PEABODY.....November 23, 1917
Past Grand Master

INDIANA

EDWARD O'ROURKE July 5, 1918
Past Grand Master

KANSAS

CHARLES HENRY CHANDLER..... December 18, 1917
Past Grand Master

KENTUCKY

CHARLES ANTON GIPE.....May 30, 1918
Grand Tyler



LOUISIANA

CHARLES FRANCIS BUCK.....January 19, 1918
Past Grand Master

MAINE

AUGUST BOWMAN FARNHAM.....January 14, 1918
Past Grand Master

MANITOBA

JOHN McKECHNIE May 30, 1918
Past Grand Master

MARYLAND

THOMAS JACOB SHRYOCK.....February 3, 1918
Grand Master

NEBRASKA

WILLIAM E. HILL.....December 29, 1917
Past Grand Master

FRANK HENRY ORCUTT YOUNG.....January 25, 1918
Past Grand Master

NEVADA

ENOCH STROTHER July 17, 1918
Past Grand Master



NEW YORK

GEORGE FREIFELD November 16, 1917
Past Grand Master

NOVA SCOTIA

LUTHER B. ARCHIBALD.....February 10, 1918
Past Grand Master

OREGON

THOMAS GRAY August 24, 1918
Past Grand Master

JULIUS CAESAR MORELAND.....February 2, 1918
Past Grand Master

SEPTIMUS STEVEN SPENCER.....July 15, 1918
Past Grand Master

HENRY B. THIELSEN.....April 7, 1918
Past Grand Master

WILLIAM THOMAS WRIGHT.....December 11, 1917
Past Grand Master

SOUTH DAKOTA

SAMUEL AUGUSTINE BROWN.....February 5, 1918
Past Grand Master



TEXAS

JOHN P. BELL.....April 3, 1918
Past Grand Master

UTAH

LOUIS COHN July 2, 1918
Past Grand Master

VICTORIA

CHARLES CARTY-SALMON September 15, 1917
Past Grand Master

WEST VIRGINIA

JOHN M. HAMILTON.....December 27, 1916
Past Grand Master

WYNDHAM STOKES March 12, 1917
Past Grand Master

APPENDIX PART I

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON MASONIC CORRESPONDENCE

TO THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE OF ILLINOIS, ANCIENT, FREE, AND ACCEPTED MASONS.

The report on foreign correspondence which follows has been prepared primarily for the Masons of Illinois. It is no small task to examine the printed proceedings of the large number of grand jurisdictions with whom the Grand Lodge of Illinois holds fraternal intercourse and to glean therefrom that which will be instructive and helpful to the thoughtful Mason.

It is imminently proper that there should be brought to those Masons in Illinois who are interested in the welfare of the fraternity, a resume of present day Masonic thought and activity. Not every Mason in the state will peruse the report on foreign correspondence, but there are those who will search its pages for something that will help them to a better understanding of Masonic conditions as they exist throughout the world today.

Whatever has been said concerning the transactions of other grand lodges has been inspired by kindly criticism. It has not been forgotten that each grand jurisdiction knows Masonry as it has been given to them by their own early Masonic pioneers who builded wiser than they knew. Because a thing done in a neighboring state is different from the Illinois plan is no reason that it is not good. It may be subject to criticism when viewed from the Illinois standpoint, for it is a human trait to want to set up our own standards and then find fault with those who do not adhere to our way of acting and thinking.

In the preparation of this report the correspondent has studiously avoided quibbling over trifling law points. It has been assumed that the laws of the several grand jurisdictions have been framed to exploit Masonry as it is understood by its promoters and to meet local conditions best known to the makers and subjects of the laws in question.

At the close of the correspondence report there will be found an addenda containing some statistics as well as sev-

eral very able and highly instructive documents which have been prepared by some of the most learned Masons in our country. These are offered for the benefit of many Masons who are of a literary turn of mind and who appreciate not only good literature but reliable Masonic information as well.

Now that the last grand jurisdiction has been reviewed and the printer has the copy, the writer is more than ever convinced that all the best in Freemasonry is not centered in the Grand Lodge of Illinois, but that throughout the world there are other grand lodges which are up-holding the traditions and standards of Freemasonry and that there are big, warm hearted, generous, intelligent Masons who are giving the best that is in them toward the advancement of the principles of Freemasonry, honestly believing that wherever Freemasonry thrives and prospers the community is made better, charity inculcated, and manhood sustained.

Fraternally,

DELMAR D. DARRAH.

Bloomington, Illinois, September 1st, 1918.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

The War.

To become convinced that the present great war has had its effect on Freemasonry one needs only to read the proceedings of the many grand lodges. In every jurisdiction this frightful cataclysm seems to have been uppermost in the minds of all members of the fraternity and every effort has been made to turn the powerful energies of Freemasonry toward the support of the great principles involved and the alleviation of human suffering. While perhaps, there has been a lack of coordination, and some wasted effort, yet each grand jurisdiction seems to have realized that in the crisis at hand it has duties to perform and has striven to meet them to the very best of its ability. Every grand lodge has taken steps to place itself upon a war footing by raising large sums of money for the care of soldiers, both overseas, and in cantonments. Every order of the government has been willingly complied with, with the result that Masonry has come to be recognized as a powerful force, which when properly directed may be a very helpful factor in winning the struggle for principles of justice and right. Masons have not been unmindful of the fact that should the Kaiser and his hellhounds be successful in their insane desire for world mastery, that the door of every Masonic lodge in the world would be closed and this great human brotherhood cease to exist.

Passing of the German Speaking Lodge.

The year that has just closed has brought about one change which regardless of the war and its effects, makes for genuine Freemasonry. In Illinois and New Jersey, lodges conducting their business and performing the ritual in the German language were ordered to at once become English speaking, or to surrender their charters. This action was inspired, not so much because of prejudice against the German people in this

country and their language, as it was to prevent the segregation of peoples of one nationality under the guise of Freemasonry. The fathers in Freemasonry who formulated the principles under which the fraternity is today working never contemplated the organization of class lodges wherein men of different nations, creeds, and professions might segregate and use the lodge as a means of propagating their own peculiar ideas and practices. The purpose of Freemasonry as originally conceived was that of a fraternal democracy, wherein men of every country, sect, and opinion, religious belief and political party, might come together around a common altar, upon a common equality and meet their fellows as children of one father. Lodges made up exclusively of Germans, Frenchmen, Italians, Swedes, and using the particular language of the constituents is not a Masonic lodge; but a lodge composed of men representing these different nationalities and using the language of the country wherein the lodge is located is Masonic. If the war has done nothing else it has awakened us to the danger of class lodges and has served to bring to us a better understanding of the object and purposes of genuine Freemasonry.

Delayed Proceedings.

There is one thing which the writer cannot understand and that is why the proceedings of nearly all grand bodies are so exasperatingly delayed. During the past year the printed proceedings of a number of grand lodges were not issued until after a lapse of from three to six months had passed since the time of meeting. Whenever proceedings are sent out six months following the close of the meeting of the grand body, they lose their instructive value and become merely reference books. Why grand lodges tolerate procrastination on the part of grand secretaries in issuing printed proceedings, cannot be fathomed. These officers are all paid adequate salaries to enable them to devote sufficient time to the business of their offices as to keep reasonably up to date. Of course, when a grand officer gets down to his office at ten or eleven o'clock in

the morning and quits at three or four in the afternoon, he cannot be expected to accomplish very much during his limited working hours. Some grand secretaries seem to imagine that any old time will do and obsessed with the idea that their office is one of life tenure, take any old time to do that which is required from them. This is an age of efficiency and the dilatory tactics permitted in most grand lodges would not last twenty-four hours in any modern business concern. There is no reason why proceedings of grand lodges should be long delayed in the matter of issuance. The writer says this advisedly, for as grand recorder of a grand body he has issued a volume as large as the proceedings of any grand lodge within forty-eight hours after closing and has mailed one hundred copies to those most interested, and didn't stay up all night to do it either. This has been done not once but many times, proving that the thing can be done, provided there is a willingness to do it.

Dispensations.

One thing which has impressed the writer more than any other in the review of various proceedings, is the utter senselessness of the dispensation habit, which seems to have fastened itself on all grand lodges. A dispensation is merely the means whereby a grand master permits himself to violate the law and to escape without censure. What is the sense of having constitutions and by-laws if their provisions are to be made subject to the will and caprice of one man.

If laws are good why not live up to them? If they are bad, then repeal them and get them off the statute book. Where is the consistency in enacting a law forbidding a lodge to do a certain thing and then investing a grand master with the power to set aside that law and permit the lodge to do the prohibited thing. If the dispensation habit continues to grow in proportion to its present day development, Freemasonry will wake up some morning and find itself in a ridiculous predicament. It is most refreshing to note that in two or three grand

jurisdictions, grand masters refused to take advantage of the dispensation privilege, giving as a reason that they believed the laws as enacted to be good and could see no reason for their being set aside to the detriment of the best interests of the fraternity.

France.

One subject which has claimed the attention of nearly every grand lodge in the United States this year, is that of the recognition of the Grand Lodge of France. Owing to the chaotic condition of things abroad it has been impossible for anyone to arrive at any adequate understanding of Masonic conditions in that war torn country. If the writer understands the situation correctly, there are at present, three grand bodies operating in France, all claiming sovereign powers. The strongest of the three appears to be the Grand Orient of France, a Scottish Rite body, claiming a membership of 8,000, the Grand Lodge of France with a small number of adherents and another grand body whose antecedents and present influence are unknown. So far as it has been possible to get any information, no attempt has been made by the Masons of France to restore the bible to their altars or to require a belief in God as a Masonic prerequisite. In dealing with the question of recognizing the Masons of France, some grand lodges overcome with patriotic fervor, have without question, extended recognition, both to the Grand Lodge and Grand Orient of France and asked for an exchange of representatives. Other grand jurisdictions, have withheld the proposition of recognition, but have permitted all members of their lodges who may be in France, to fraternize with French Masons and visit their lodges. A few grand lodges believing that the fundamental principles of Masonry should at all times be unheld have refused to in any way recognize the Masons of France until such time as they shall return the bible to their altars and recognize the God of our Fathers.

The New Religion.

When the Jewish rabbi held the crucifix to the lips of the dying soldier in Flanders, there gleamed through the smoke of battle, the roar of guns, the screech of shells, the prophecy of of a new religion, based upon that long recognized, Masonic foundation stone the Fatherhood of God and the Brotherhood of Man. Anyone who follows the trend of modern thought with an unprejudiced mind must become convinced that we are fast approaching a new era of religious thought and action. The barriers of prejudice are being broken down. The jealousies and selfishness of sects are being dissipated, and mankind is gravitating surely and slowly, toward a Universal Religion wherein many of the old ideals will be forgotten and a better conception of life and action adopted so far as man relates to the God of all and his neighbor on earth. Those of us who are enthusiastically Masonic have a belief that the new religion which the world is bound to recognize will be somewhat along the ideas for which Freemasonry has been contending for two hundred years. Of course no one is expecting that anything in Freemasonry will be at all accepted nor recognized in the new religion nor will the fraternity in any way be given credit for the new reformation, but there is a lingering suspicion that those old fathers in Freemasonry who two hundred years ago, conceived the society and laid down its fundamental principles were prophets for they seem to have perceived a future understanding to which all the world must eventually come.

Military Lodges.

One of the questions which has engaged the attention of nearly every grand lodge during the past year, concerned the organization of military lodges. In a few instances grand lodges have authorized the formation of military lodges and have endowed them with the powers of conferring degrees. This action, however, has been severely criticized in some quarters for the reason that with the large number of lodges now in exis-

tence there is no apparent excuse for the creation of military lodges for the purpose of conferring degrees. Another question involves that of jurisdiction. What right would Illinois have to organize a military lodge, attach it to an Illinois regiment and send it down into Texas and confer the degrees upon soldiers hailing from that state, as well as Ohio, Indiana, and New York? To meet this objection, one grand lodge attached a military lodge to a regiment from the state but confined its activities to soldiers from that particular jurisdiction. Some few military lodges have been organized for the usual Masonic functions except those of receiving petitions and conferring degrees. This gives the organization Masonic standing and enables it to perform some of the beneficial functions of a lodge and thereby afford the members, not only Masonic privileges but a Masonic environment as well. So far as learned, no traveling lodges have been organized, but the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts indicate that the subject will receive attention should the present war continue any great length of time.

What of the Future?

As one reads the reports of the various grand lodges he observes a sign of an awakening to the fact that while Freemasonry claims to be a charitable institution yet its organization has failed to provide a substantial source of income for the care of its dependents. During the present year several grand lodges have been compelled to increase their per capita tax in order to meet the requirements of the Masonic Homes. Now that we are actively engaged in the battle line in France and casualty lists are commencing to come in, there is sensed a new responsibility. It is beyond dispute that many members of the Masonic Fraternity will as a result of their participation in the war be seriously maimed and perhaps blinded and made helpless for the balance of their natural lives. To care for these heroic souls and to preserve from want themselves and their families and to educate their children, will be one of the most sacred duties which has ever befallen the

Masonic Fraternity. There is not the slightest doubt but that the Masons of the world will unselfishly provide for the needs of those who have made the sacrifice in order that the world may be a safe place in which to live. This question is already receiving the attention of eminent Masons with a view to forming financial plans whereby sufficient income may be derived to properly care for those who are bound to us by more than ordinary ties.

Decisions.

As one peruses the proceedings of the various grand lodges, he becomes more and more impressed with the idea that the decision habit, indulged in by most grand masters, is not only unnecessary but savors a great deal of personal egoism. There seems to be an idea that every grand master, before retiring from office, should make a few decisions, in order that there may be left to posterity some monument to his departed glory. A decision as rendered by a grand master is merely a personal expression of opinion. No grand master can make laws, for he is not greater than the grand lodge over which he presides. The fact that a jurisprudence committee, a creature of the grand master, approves some interpretation of Masonic law, does not make that particular decision a statutory enactment. The only way to make laws in any Masonic body is to present the measure in regular form and have it adopted by the usual two-thirds vote. One grand master this year reported that in his grand lodge there were so many decisions of grand masters on record that it was next to impossible to arrive at a definite conclusion on any particular subject and asked that the grand lodge immediately take steps to codify all existing decision laws and regulations. During the year one or two grand masters have had the courage to come before their respective grand lodges and to state that while they have answered many questions yet they have been unable to see any reason for the rendering of a decision, the laws themselves being complete and explicit. It is to be hoped that all grand lodges will wake up to

the utter folly of the decision business and when modifications in existing laws are necessary, will secure them in a legitimate manner.

A Hopeful Sign.

It is encouraging to observe that during the past year, two conventions of bordering grand lodges were called for the purpose of arriving at a definite understanding on some matters of jurisdiction. This is a most hopeful indication and demonstrates that however slow the process may be the barriers of state prejudice are being leveled and we are coming to recognize the necessity of certain fixed, uniform laws upon subjects vitally affecting all jurisdictions alike. There ought to be a uniform rule concerning jurisdiction over rejected material, also on the question of transfer of membership, now permitted by a number of grand lodges, within their own borders. There are other matters upon which grand lodges ought to come to some understanding and a universal rule applied. There is no reason why this should not be accomplished, because in the main we are all striving toward the same end, even though we arrive at it through devious paths. Why grand lodges are so prejudiced over trifling methods of procedure is beyond conjecture. The writer well remembers attending a conference of grand masters wherein the subject of transfer of membership was under discussion. After much argument it was thought that an agreeable plan had been reached. It was then that the grand secretary of one of the youngest grand jurisdictions who was acting as spokesman for his grand master, arose and informed the assembly that his grand lodge would never consent to any such proceedure, and went on to explain that the laws that were adopted by this youthful jurisdiction were the result of arduous labor and study on the part of some wonderfully wise Masons and so fundamentally correct were they that any deviation therefrom, meant Masonic disaster. Shades of Doctor Desaugleirs, and this in the twentieth century! However, a new sun is rising on the horizon and it is believed that the

time is not far distant when the grand lodges of the world will come to a universal understanding upon Masonic fundamentals.

Fraternity.

The other morning I picked up a prominent Chicago newspaper and was deeply impressed by the cartoon which adorned the front page. It was made by that eminent student of human nature, James Barr McCutcheon. The drawing showed two boys, comrades in the trenches, one from a very rich family, the other from poor but honest parents. Each was writing to his mother. The next picture showed the poor mother over the washtub, reading the letter from her son, while the other mother, amidst her luxurious surroundings was reading the letter from her boy. The third picture showed the rich mother calling upon the poor mother and saying "Now that our sons are such good friends, we too must be friends," and right here lies the great lesson of fraternity, for which the world has been struggling for thousands of years, the spirit of which a band of zealous Freemasons caught two hundred years ago, and grasping its golden threads, wove them into the most beautiful tapestry the world has ever seen, and called it, Freemasonry. One has only to read the reports of various grand lodges, to become thoroughly impressed with the thought that the world is coming to realize the value of fraternity, as practiced and taught by Freemasons. There is every indication that men in all walks of life are beginning to rise above their prejudices and to understand that each human being is dependent upon his fellows and that out of this dependency, there arises the necessity for true fraternity.

The Masonic institution was one of the very first to realize the value of fraternity and to turn its energies toward emphasizing the fact that the high, the low, the rich, the poor, bear a relationship which must be sustained if the world is to progress in its evolution and the era of universal Brotherhood be acclaimed.

Physical Qualifications.

One subject which has engrossed the attention of several grand lodges during the year, is that of physical qualifications. For many years, Masonry has adhered rigidly to the idea that a man seeking the honors of Masonry should be physically perfect. The reason for the strict adherence to this regulation has been that physical perfection was one of the rigid rules adopted by the old operative guilds of the middle ages, from which societies, Freemasonry is supposed to have originated. There may have been good reasons why the men who worked upon the cathedrals of Medieval Europe, should have possessed physical perfection, not only from the workmen's viewpoint but also that they might not prove burdensome to the society. But we are now living in a modern age and we lay down as a basic principle for Masonic preferment, that it is the internal and not the external qualifications of the man that should recommend him to be made a Mason, and then should we discover that his big toe on his right foot is missing, we advise him that he cannot be received, notwithstanding the fact that his internal qualifications may be above question. The subject of physical qualifications is being earnestly brought home to a number of grand lodges because the question is being seriously asked, "can we consistently refuse to admit to our Masonic lodges, our worthy legless and armless soldier boys who have made The Sacrifice that our institutions may continue to live and prosper?" No doubt at the close of this war when our boys come home, many of them possessing physical defects, acquired in battle, they will knock at the door of Masonry. What then will our answer be?

Collective Work.

For a long time, Freemasonry in many quarters of the world, has established the rigid rule that each candidate for Masonic honors must receive his degrees singly and alone. This rule, undoubtedly, became the practice in the early days of the fraternity, when lodges were small and candidates few. Twen-

ty-five or thirty years ago it was an unusual thing for any lodge to raise more than ten or twelve candidates in the course of a year. It was with difficulty that sufficient candidates were found, to keep alive the working interest of the lodge. But conditions have changed. Population has rapidly increased, lodges have multiplied and petitions are so numerous, that it is not unusual for the average lodge to raise fifty or sixty candidates in the course of a year. All of this contributes to haste and carelessness in the conferring of degrees, instead of impressing the candidate with the dignity and solemnity of Masonry, the whole transaction resolves itself into one of getting the work done. To cure the existing evil, more lodges are suggested, but where this has been tried, it has failed to help matters, for the influx of petitions continues and the ritual becomes more or less of a rapid transit process. In several of the grand jurisdictions during the past year, the question of collective work on candidates has been seriously discussed. Of course, the mere suggestion of such a procedure, has met with vigorous opposition on the part of the graybeards, but notwithstanding this, there is a growing conviction that lodges should be permitted to confer the degrees upon a limited number of candidates at one time under certain restrictions and conditions. It has been suggested that with the adoption of this practice there will be less necessity for hurrying candidates through the ceremonies, and that a period of seven days should be made mandatory between the time of conferring the degrees. The writer is a firm believer in collective work, because a careful study of the subject, together with present conditions has thoroughly convinced him that collective work, will not only serve to relieve the burdens of the lodge, but will result in a more dignified rendering of our ritual much to the benefit and impression of the candidate.

D. D. D.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

ON

MASONIC CORRESPONDENCE

NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTEEN

DELMAR D. DARRAH

ALABAMA, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The 97th annual communication was held in the city of Montgomery, Wednesday, December 5, 1917. The Masons of Alabama apparently propose to hold their deliberations in cool weather.

The report of the Committee on Credentials discloses the fact that William W. Daffin, representative of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, near the Grand Lodge of Georgia, responded to the roll call.

Distinguished guests who were present were introduced by the grand secretary. The deputy grand high priest of the grand chapter and the grand commander of the grand commandery were each given recognition.

The grand master opens his annual address by saying—

> The year just past has been a fairly successful one, and we may congratulate ourselves that notwithstanding the troublesome times which have existed throughout the nation, that our annual report will show a fair growth in membership and that we have passed the twenty-nine thousand mark. The returns will also show better collections and I think from the report of the district lecturers that we have increased interest both in ritualistic work and in the study and consideration of those deeper truths which our symbolism conceals.

He makes four decisions, one of them being that the death of a brother against whom charges are pending abates the proceedings and that such a brother is entitled to a Masonic burial.

He also decided that—

> Army officers and men, residents of other states, who have volunteered, or who have been members of National Guard units and entered national service, or who have been enlisted under

the selective draft, or other laws, shall not be considered as coming within the exception provided by Edict No. 260 of the Code of 1915, and they may not petition Alabama lodges for initiation until they acquire the twelve months residence required for other persons.

Four new lodges were constituted. He also reports four instances of the consolidation of lodges, all of which appeared to be for the betterment of the Masonic interests of the state.

One lodge surrendered its charter. No reason for its action is given.

The grand master issued the usual number of dispensations. Among them were seven granting lodges permission to sell property and five to mortgage property. From the above it is conjectured that the lodges in question don't own the property for which they have paid but that by some indirect process it has passed into the control of the grand lodge.

Concerning dispensations to ballot out of time and confer degrees Brother Smith says—

> This has been a subject of more than ordinary demand and thought during the past year. Petitions for dispensations have been more than usually insistent, and, for reasons given, have been hard to refuse. About the usual number of requests were made prior to the declaration of war, that were treated each on its merits as I saw it.
>
> When war was declared there were a large number of brethren whose applications were in, or who were passing through the degrees in regular course, who enlisted, and were preparing to leave home. If it was at all possible, making the requirement that proficiency must be made before advancement, I authorized the lodges to complete the degrees before the brethren left.
>
> After the selective draft was complete, their appeared to be a great increase in petitions filed with subordinate lodges. I could not help but feel that some of these brethren had had time to have taken the degrees in regular course before this emergency called them to the colors, and that a few of them might be influenced by the known assistance that Masonry had been to its members in previous wars. Besides, by the courtesy of sister lodges these brethren could receive all the degrees before they left the country, and from that time I have refused dispensations, except in cases where I knew there was merit. Neither the petitioner nor our organization benefit by waiving the time provision for completing the degrees.
>
> As usual, I presume that I have granted some dispensations that should not have been granted, and have probably refused some where it should have been granted, but I have tried, so far as I could, with the, in most cases, limited information on which I had, to grant or refuse the applications according to my best judgment. To those who have been injured or delayed by any incorrect decision along this line, I can only state that

> I did the best I knew how. Petitions along this line have been numerous, in some cases as many as fifteen or more a day.

Among cases of evasion of the law was one wherein a lodge met for a stated meeting and gave out the impression that none would be held. Later on the brethren came back to the lodge room and elected a candidate. As a result something started.

During the year the grand master had some trouble with an alleged clandestine organization which established itself within the jurisdiction of the state. He found it necessary to issue a letter to the brethren cautioning them against this spurious organization.

The cornerstones of two Methodist churches were laid by the grand master during his administration.

He makes an extended report concerning the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions and enrolls the name of Albert B. Ashley, past grand master of Illinois.

From the report of the grand master the idea is obtained that the Masonic home of the state is having considerable trouble in getting sufficient funds to maintain itself. The deficit existing at the time being about $40,000. A circular was issued to the lodges asking the brethren at the annual meeting to make a substantial donation for the benefit of the home. In this connection it might be remarked that Masonic home projects are already proven expensive adventures, and each grand lodge before embarking in this much desired labor of Freemasonry should first arrange an adequate system of revenues whereby deficits will be an impossibility.

The grand master says that he has had a large amount of correspondence. This is most natural. All Masons like to write to the grand master.

The work of the district lecturers of the state is highly commended and a rearrangement of the districts is urged by the grand master to make it easier for them to cover their territory.

At the last annual meeting an amendment was made to the constitution placing the decision as to the physical qualifications of a candidate in the hands of the lodge subject to the written approval of the grand master. He realized that a responsibility had been placed upon him for he says—

> I had been of the opinion that the intention of this amendment was only to modify to a limited extent the laws previously existing, and the grand lodge having declined to make any interpretation of the new law, but leaving each case to the judgment of the grand master I adopted for myself a rule that where the

candidate could, either with his own person, or with the aid of artificial limbs, place himself in the necessary positions and give the signs and grips, that I would approve the action of a lodge in accepting such candidate.

He endorses the George Washington Memorial Association and recommends a donation of $1500 payable in five annual installments.

The grand master was certainly loyal in supporting the government of the United States in its appeals for food conservation and other matters for the grand master immediately took these subjects up with the brethren of the state and asked their hearty co-operation.

His concluding remarks show his tender spirit—

Have I been stern, or unyielding? Have I injured your feelings? If I have, I here state my sincere regrets. I cannot say that I would take back those actions if I could, because I have in these cases acted according to the dictates of my conscience, and of my belief in what was right. I have tried to act along the lines of what I believed was right. If I have made mistakes they were not intentionally made, and will only prove that my judgment was defective.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $29,920.78.

During the year the lodges had occasion to vote on a proposition to amend the constitution. The grand secretary incorporates in his report the list of lodges of the state showing whether they voted yes or no. Here is a suggestion for Uncle Isaac Cutter. The writer is disposed to believe that if an amendment of the constitution is of sufficient importance to be sent to the lodges for their action then the result is of sufficient import to be published in detail.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence makes a critical report concerning recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama and recommends that the same be accorded and representatives exchanged.

Concerning the recognition of the Grand Lodge of France the committee made the following resolutions which were adopted—

Resolved, by the Grand Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of Alabama, That Masons holding membership in its lodges are, until otherwise ordered, privileged to visit lodges of the Grand Lodge and of the Grand Orient of France and to hold Masonic intercourse with their members, and that lodges holding under this grand lodge are authorized to admit as visitors Masons holding under said grand bodies of France.

Resolved, That the Committee on Foreign Correspondence gather all obtainable information and report to the next annual communication of this grand lodge its recommendation as to what should be the attitude of this grand lodge towards those grand bodies.

The Committee on By-Laws reports the examination and review with suggested changes of amendments to by-laws prepared by lodges. As this item is being dictated it has occurred to the writer that it wouldn't be a bad idea for the Grand Lodge of Illinois to make it the business of the Committee on Laws in our own grand lodge to pass upon all lodge by-laws and amendments thereto. Some day, and we hope very soon, the Grand Lodge of Illinois is going to get through amending its own regulations and the Committee on Laws may find itself without anything to do, hence the suggestion that their labors be extended.

In running over the proceedings it is noticed that the minutes of each session are read and approved at the following session.

The Board of Control of the Masonic home make a detailed report which, while long, contains many interesting items and deals with many financial matters of vital interest to the lodges of the state.

The brethren of the grand lodge ought to have the benefit of every bit of information contained in this report and this suggests a matter for the consideration of the Board of Managers of the Illinois Masonic Home. Every year they read in grand lodge an exhaustive account of their transactions and present many financial statements in large figures which no one seems to be able to grasp. If this committee would present their report in printed form on the first day of the session of the grand lodge in order that the brethren might be able to read and understand it, it would be a step in advance of the present method.

Concerning the grand master's recommendation for a donation to the George Washington Memorial Association the Finance Committee were compelled to report adversely for the reason that every available resource of the grand lodge was needed at home.

Concerning a resolution creating the office of grand lecturer and attaching thereto a salary the committee reported that they considered it unwise to take such action at this time.

The grand lodge took action concerning soldier candidates for the following resolution was adopted—

> *Resolved*, That during the term of the present war when either of the degrees are to be conferred upon two or more soldier candidates for a lodge of a sister jurisdiction, the worshipful master may, at his discretion, confer any part of the degrees upon a class of two or more such candidates at one and the same time.

The presence in the state of clandestine bodies no doubt caused the grand lodge to adopt the following—

> *Be it resolved*, That no one shall be permitted to visit any subordinate lodge within the jurisdiction of the Most Worshipful

Grand Lodge of the State of Alabama, unless such person presents a properly accredited receipt from a regular lodge of this jurisdiction or of a jurisdiction with which this grand jurisdiction is in fraternal relations, or a certificate of membership properly issued under the seal of the grand lodge; provided that the presiding master, or the one acting as such, may waive this requirement if he is satisfied that such person is a regularly made Mason.

Resolved, second, That the grand secretary be, and he is hereby, directed to provide such certificates of membership in such form as shall be approved by him and the grand master and shall issue same at the request of the local lodges at a price not to exceed the cost of the certificate.

This is merely an adoption of the idea of uniform receipts.

The following resolution introduced in the grand lodge concerning the Lewis (see Mackey's Encyclopedia for information) is reproduced in full because it revives an obsolete practice of the fraternity with which probably few Masons are acquainted—

Whereas, "the Lewis," as a working tool of Ancient Craft Masonry—used only under great emergencies—has for a long time been dropped from use by the craft because it was not needed; and

Whereas, the present cataclasm in Europe threatens the very existence of the principles for which Freemasonry has labored for centuries to perpetuate; and

Whereas, these practical Lewises are many in this grand jurisdiction, sacrificing all, and striving to uphold the principles of Masonry in its strength and purity; therefore,

Be it resolved, by the Masons of Alabama in grand lodge assembled, That it is the sense of this grand lodge that the Lewis, as an emergency working tool be at once instituted in this grand lodge, and the age limit of Lewises in this grand jurisdiction be fixed at whatever age the United States Government fixes for enlistment into service, either as volunteers or by selective draft system.

Resolved further, That the privileges of the Lewis shall be granted only to "candidates who have actually enlisted or been drafted or commissioned officers in the United States forces in the great war, and during the term of said war," and shall be extended to such candidates regardless of whether the candidate's father be a Mason, or infirm, and on the same terms and conditions, and with such privileges, as the grand lodge grants to persons of similar service in the government who are over the age of twenty-one years.

Resolved further, That the grand master be, and he is hereby requested, to issue dispensations for the immediate reception of candidates by the subordinate lodges who are entitled to the

privileges of Masonry as such Lewises until the constitution can be amended to meet the emergency.

The report of the Committee on Jurisprudence on the above is interesting—

> Your Committee on Masonic Jurisprudence, to which was referred the resolution for the recognition and putting into operation of the ancient custom known as "the Lewis" beg leave to report that it is with regret that the committee must nonconcur therein, and recommend that it be not adopted, as the said resolution is in direct conflict with the constitution of the grand lodge.
>
> Your committee recommends that the incoming grand master make careful research to ascertain if it is within his prerogative to grant dispensation to use "the Lewis" as an emergency working tool, and if he finds it to be so, recommend that he be as liberal in the use thereof as wisdom and the good of the craft may dictate, provided the same be used in cases only of candidates who have actually enlisted or been drafted or commissioned as officers in the United States forces, or who may hereafter connect themselves with the United States forces, but during the term of the war only.

The installation of officers concluded the interesting session which has just been reviewed. No jewel was presented to the grand master, but the grand secretary and the Finance Committee were directed to purchase a suitable testimonial and present same to the retiring official.

The correspondence report was prepared by Oliver Day Street. He very generously devotes five pages to Illinois.

He states that "Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler submitted an address of medium length fully covering all matters of importance," and comments as follows concerning his Advisory Council—

> This is a new committee of Grand Master Wheeler's own creation. When he was installed one year previously, he requested an appropriation to defray the expenses of such a council and $1,000.00 was allowed. It consists of the deputy grand master, the two grand wardens, grand secretary and the chairmen of the six most important committees. Its functions are to act as an advisory board to the grand master. Such an adjunct may be needed in a great jurisdiction like Illinois, but we expect to see this contagion spread to some others where its only office will be to create expense and furnish places for aspiring brethren. Eventually we may see every grand jurisdiction in the world equipped with its "cabinet."

He reviews in detail the principal subjects presented by Brother Wheeler to the grand lodge. He neither commends nor criticizes and as silence gives consent we arrive at the conclusion that what was done was satisfactory.

For the benefit of Alonzo Dolan, grand printer, the following comment concerning the use of caps is reproduced—

> Brother Martin follows the example of Bro. Scott and uses small letters where elementary rules require the use of capitals. He spells Masonry and Freemasonry with a little m and a little f. To be consistent he should use o. e. s. for Order of the Eastern Star, but does not. This may appear to some as of trifling importance but it is not. The appearance of Masonic writings of every kind would be greatly improved and their absurdities greatly lessened if we observed the ordinary rules of English composition, indulging in neither too profuse nor too scant a use of capitals. Some of us go to one extreme, but Brothers Scott and Martin have certainly gone to the other.

The reviewer agrees with Brother Martin's ideas concerning physical qualifications. He, however, resents Brother Martin's criticism of the National Masonic Research Society of Iowa in the following—

> Why should not the grand master of Iowa call the attention of Iowa Masons to the splendid Masonic journal published in their midst? And why should he for doing so be virtually accused of commercial motives? And why this thrust at the Grand Lodge of Iowa, which is recognized the world over as a leader among grand lodges in all that makes for the increase of enlightenment and knowledge among Masons? She has in this field far outstripped both our own and Brother Martin's grand lodge. We are neither envious nor jealous of her but honor her for the example she has set us all. Brother Martin will, we are sure, regret his ungenerous words when he has reflected upon them.

He also takes exception to what he calls Brother Martin's contemptuous allusion to the address of Brother Roscoe H. Pound of Massachusetts on divergencies in Masonic ritual as well as his criticism of the address of the grand master, Melvin M. Johnson, and says—

> Now that is strange! We perused that same volume with the greatest pleasure and interest and never dreamed that there was a word in it that could offend the sensibilities of any one. As for Grand Master Johnson and Grand Secretary Hamilton we have had occasion to seek information at their hands and from no one have we ever received more prompt and more fraternal responses than from them. Surely Brother Martin's digestion must have been out of order when he reviewed Massachusetts and Iowa.

Robert Sterling Teague, G. M., Montgomery.

George A. Beauchamp, G. S., Montgomery.

ALBERTA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The thirteenth annual communication opened in the city of Edmonton on Wednesday, May 29. The title page of the proceedings mentions the executive grand officers for 1918 in the following manner: "Most Worshipful Brother, Doctor H. Darling, Grand Master." The use of professional and civic titles in Freemasonry is not in good taste. It is immaterial whether H. Darling is a doctor, a lawyer, or a candlestick maker. Freemasonry knows him only as a man, who has assumed the obligations of the fraternity and is entitled only to the address of Brother, and the usual Masonic titles. Of course our English cousins are strong for handles to their names. Perhaps when their democracy reaches the same advance as does that of our Americans, they will begin to realize how very little, after all, titles avail.

The credential report enumerates the presence of a large number of past masters, showing that these brethren still retain a vital interest in the affairs of Masonry. The grand lodge was welcomed by the mayor of the city, after which Grand Master W. M. Connacher, read his annual report. It was not a long document, and the various matters which passed through his hands received brief treatment. In his opening remarks he says—

> Today our opportunity is unprecedented. Never before in the history of mankind have there been such national unrest and upheaval, personal calamities, loss, distress and sorrow, physical and spiritual suffering, as have been during these years of world-wide conflict, in which and by which, a gross materialism has been seeking to destroy the world's spiritual ideals.
>
> Let us, therefore, grasp this opportunity and exemplify our principles in a practical way. The ground is well ploughed, yes, even harrowed, and it is for us as craftsmen, to go out and sow the seeds of brotherly Love, Relief and Truth, that there may be less of physical pain and spiritual suffering along the way where we have passed.

The fraternal dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions received proper tribute. He records in detail his visitation to lodges and refers to the reports of the district deputy grand masters for the general condition of the lodges throughout the jurisdiction.

Masonry must be in a flourishing condition in Alberta, for ten dispensations were issued for the formation of new lodges. The usual number of dispensations were granted by the grand master to justify evasions of the law. Seventeen of them were for the purpose of

permitting lodges to attend divine service in full regalia. It is beyond dispute that Masons have not as yet outgrown their vanity, for they never want to appear in public unless they are thoroughly regaled with those trappings and gewgaws which are the delight of the Fiji Islanders. One dispensation issued by the grand master was to permit the degrees to be conferred upon a petitioner who had not been in the state one year. He expresses the opinion that the broadest view should be taken in the matter of granting dispensations to initiate returned soldiers who have been wounded in the great war.

Brother Connacher makes no decisions but does submit five rulings. They are all of minor importance.

Concerning the Patriotic Fund being raised by the grand lodge, the grand master states that the sum of $15,000.00 had been contributed and expresses great disappointment that the amount was not $25,000.00.

He refers to the great war and the tremendous sacrifice already made by the Dominion of Canada, and suggests that—

> After the war is over and the period of reconstruction comes there are going to be many problems to solve. We, as a fraternity should prepare now to take our place in our national life as an exemplar and exponent of justice and right and identify ourselves fully and intelligently with these problems.

Appended to the address of the grand master are the reports of the district deputy grand masters, showing that a very careful system of visitation and inspection is maintained in the jurisdiction of Alberta which secures most gratifying results.

The report of the grand treasurer discloses deposits of $7,931.18, and checks issued to the amount of $11,565.11.

The report of the grand secretary is a detailed document, in which he enumerates in full the various documents and matters handled by him. He states that the net increase in membership for the year is 40% greater than that of the preceding year, showing the institution of Masonry to be in a most prosperous condition in the Province of Alberta.

The grand lodge has very little to worry about for the grand secretary reports the surplus of assets over liabilities to be $24,193.49.

The report of the Committee on Jurisprudence is unusual for they state that no matter has been submitted to them for consideration. Glory Hallelujah! Here is one jurisdiction that got by without having its established laws and regulations tampered with.

The Committee on the Condition of Masonry make a very interesting report. They took the reports of the district deputy grand mas-

ters, thoroughly analyzed them and then submitted their findings to the grand lodge, with some recommendations for the betterment of the general condition of Masonry within the jurisdiction.

The Committee on Foreign Relations and Correspondence recommended that the request made by the Grand Lodge of Panama for recognition be not granted and cites the following reasons—

> The constituent lodges in Panama composing this "Grand Lodge" received their warrants from the "Supreme Council" of Venezuela which authority was of similar origin from Spain, where again, a "Supreme Council" was the source of authority. Thus it would seem that one of the basic requirements, that of grand lodge warrant, or authority, is lacking in this case.

Concerning recognition of the Grand Lodge of France which had previously been extended by the Grand Lodge of Alberta the following recommendation is made—

> We also recommend that recognition be withdrawn from this so-called Grand Lodge of France, at once, and without ceremony. This body has but two or three small lodges in its allegiance. Its foundation is recent and by one Ribancourt, who left the ranks of the Grand Orient of France two or three years ago and immediately organized this so-called grand lodge. One naturally wonders at hasty recognition, extended to a very small, new organization, which makes such extensive claims. French Masons fight for us and with us. They have proved themselves real brothers in time of need. The recognition extended to this new French body from England was by one "Pro. Grand Master" alone. It has not been generally recognized, and there is every evidence that it will not now receive further recognition. On the other hand, there is a very strong current toward re-adjustment with the Grand Orient of France. We further recommend that encouragement be given this move, even to the extent of granting their request for recognition, if this grand lodge can so decide.

The Grand Lodge of Alberta must have had supreme confidence in its Correspondence Committee, for it adopted the report without question.

The Committee on Fraternal Dead, make a most excellent report. They refrain from hanging any crepe, and express a very hopeful view of the "hereafter" with the admonition that he is best prepared for the future life who strives the most earnestly to do his duty by his fellowmen while on earth.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by H. Darling. Illinois receives two pages of very courteous treatment. Our reviewer compliments the proceedings quite highly and commends the many acts of Grand Master Wheeler. A liberal quotation is taken from the oration of Oscar Kropf.

The report on Masonic correspondence by Charles H. Martin is spoken of as an exceedingly interesting report of three hundred pages.

Lodges 106 H. Darling, G. M.,Edmonton, Alberta.

Members 7,984 S. F. Taylor, G. S., Calgary, Alberta.

ARIZONA, F. & A. M.

1918

The grand lodge met in February. Several requests made for copy of proceedings failed to bring any response.

ARKANSAS, F. & A. M.

1917

The seventy-sixth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas was held in the city of Little Rock on November 20, 1917. The report of the Committee on Credentials records the presence of George Thornburg, grand representative of Illinois.

Following the opening ceremonies the representatives sang America.

The roll of deceased past grand masters was called and for a few moments the grand lodge was given over to patriotic exercises.

The grand master addressed the grand lodge and called for four minute speeches from distinguished brethren present. The patriotism of the representatives was aroused to the very highest pitch.

The address of Grand Master J. S. Reamey to the grand lodge is a well prepared paper in which he sets forth in a clear and concise manner the affairs of his office. Like all grand masters, Brother Reamey opens with reference to the great war and says—

> We live in an age we should feel doubly blest to have lived to see, an era poets have sung about and dreamers have dreamed of, just at the beginning of the reign of the Prince of Peace fully and finally, and as a nation under God, we have chosen to step in, win the battle and bring about the glad era.
>
> Soldiers armed to kill? Yea, but only that through the blood bought sacrifice the world may be a better place in which to live, generations to come may learn of and worship the true and living God, and war shall be known no more. I would not minimize

> the terrors of war, the vast anguish and suffering to follow in its wake, but we have a duty to perform, God's hand is leading the armies of America and His blessing will come in due time, if we but trust in Him.
>
> Therefore, I congratulate you as Masons, the one order more than any single agency assisting our infant republic in its struggle for independence, having guided as none other the lives and character of its rulers and statesmen, until the glorious United States of America is hailed by every nation as the invincible, unconquerable foe of the Prince of Darkness and the Champion of the Rights of the People to rule. From this lofty ideal, we as a nation will not recede, but on the battlefield and in the council of nations will our armies conquer and our statesmen dictate the death knell of Tyranny and the birth of Liberty for all people.

What he has to say concerning the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions is brief.

In response to the appeal of the government circulars were issued to the lodges upon the subject of food conservation. The grand master approved four appeal circulars which were sent to the lodges of the state. One appeal netted the sum of $52.00. This would be at the rate of about 10 cents per lodge.

Instead of sending these appeals to the lodges of the state it would be far better if the grand lodge assumed this burden and rendered such assistance to the local lodge as might be necessary. The sending of circulars of appeal was the way in which lodges raised money for the care of their indigent before Masonry grew to its present proportions and before grand lodges had commenced to organize for the purpose of engaging in charitable work. In Arkansas, however, the grand master realized that something should be done and issued a circular directing that a charity box be placed on the altar in all lodges and that members be asked to contribute to the relief of the unfortunate brethren of Arkansas.

From the report it is noticed that under provisions of the law, deeds were executed and transmitted to lodges in question. It would be interesting to know why the grand lodge exercises jurisdiction in these matters unless it holds title to all lodge property.

Three dispensations for the formation of new lodges were issued and five dispensations for the laying of cornerstones.

Four lodges failed to hold meetings according to the law of the state and the grand master immediately took up their cases and recommended discipline on the part of the grand lodge.

Brother Reamey made a large number of visitations to other lodges and thereby showed his interest in the brethren of his state.

Concerning the reports of the district deputies he says—

> Indications show a lack of interest on the part of the lodges in calling for instructions and our deputies hesitate to force their presence within the lodges where the invitation is not extended. We do not possess any superior principles of morality, many others teach the same, but we do have a specific form of ceremonies for impressing those principles on our candidates, and to this end the lodges must have instruction and be able to communicate the Arkansas work as it should be given, in order that our candidates may be duly impressed with the high standard of morality, we require. At present our system of instruction is sadly deficient, almost amounts to nothing and this must be remedied.

Valuable reports were received from Brother Charles C. Hunt, grand representative of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas, near the Grand Lodge of New York as to his attendance at the sessions of that grand body. This is just the thing we might expect from Charlie Hunt. He is thorough and painstaking in any task that may be assigned to him and he has set an example which may well be imitated by other grand representatives.

The grand master in his ramifications about the state discovered that lodges were not charging sufficient dues to enable them to properly carry on their work, in many cases being as low as $1.00 per year. He called particular attention to one instance where a deceased brother had paid dues at the rate of $1.00 per annum. His sickness and funeral expense were borne by his lodge and at the present time his orphans are being educated and cared for by the grand lodge. The total cost of the service being rendered to this family is estimated at $10,000. The grand master rightfully argues that no institution can survive if it continues to offer so much protection on so slight a personal responsibility on the part of the craft. This same idea may well be taken home by the lodges in Illinois, many of them charging as low as $2.00 per year plus grand lodge dues. No Masonic lodge can properly do its full duty as a lodge on dues of such small amounts.

Believing that the lodges of Arkansas ought to observe a thanksgiving occasion, the grand master recommended that every lodge in the state should summon its membership and hold special thanksgiving meetings at some time during the year prior to the festival of St. John the Baptist. He suggested that at these meetings a fund be collected and be remitted to the grand secretary for general relief purposes.

Concerning what Masons ought to do in the present war one suggestion is made which all lodges would do well to follow—

> The officers in the army and navy all agree the most valuable thing that the people back home can do for the man in service is to frequently write him bright, chatty, gossipy letters, not filled with regret or sentimentality, but the unconstrained letter of friend to friend or chum to chum. Every lodge should appoint members to carry on such a correspondence with their brethren, that they may not feel themselves forgotten. Once in a while, let the lodge write that a bouquet of flowers has been sent to the wife or a plaything given to the baby as the expression of real love of brother for brother. And once in a while, a box of tokens, books, magazines, tobacco, home-made edibles, or other little things will cause the soldier, in the silent watches of the night on guard, to thank the stars twinkling above his head, and their Maker, that his Masonry has brought him brothers.

In his concluding remarks the grand master stated that he had found the Order of Eastern Star a valued accessory of the fraternity and suggested that Masons should doff hats to the noble ladies of this grand body. Maybe he wants to be grand patron of the Society of Twinklers. At any rate he made a mighty good bid for their favors.

The address of the grand master was disposed of by the committee with a few brief paragraphs.

Immediately following the address of the grand master the grand representatives of various jurisdictions were placed west of the altar and formally greeted.

The report of the grand secretary is a rather lengthy document which goes into detail concerning many affairs of his office. Forty-seven lodges followed the grand master's suggestion and held thanksgiving meetings. The total sum contributed for charity at these meetings was $629.93.

The grand secretary reports receipts of $29,148.85. The expenditures were $31,720.91.

Again the Eastern Star came in for some more recognition. On motion the grand chapter then in session was invited to be present in grand lodge during the address by the grand orator, and a committee was appointed to extend the invitation. Our good friend George Thornburg was chairman of the committee, and no doubt extended the invitation in an imposing manner.

The grand master having decided during the year that an Entered Apprentice may be granted a dimit, the Committee on Laws found it necessary to disagree with him on the ground that under the laws of Arkansas none but Master Masons can dimit.

The Committee on Laws recommended the adoption of the following rather unusual resolution and the grand lodge concurred—

Resolved: That this Most Worshipful Grand Lodge accepts and commits itself to the doctrine that as such grand lodge it is the sovereign governing power within the territorial limits and jurisdiction of the state of Arkansas, with full and ample authority and that it is its duty to the craft to declare what bodies claiming to be Masonic within its territory are lawfully such, and with what Masonic bodies, Master Masons in this state may lawfully affiliate and officiate.

II

Resolved, That this grand lodge acknowledges no degree of Masonry or order of knighthood to be legitimate and genuine except those conferred by or under authority of the following regularly constituted Masonic bodies of the United States of America and those of corresponding rank in foreign countries, with whom we have fraternal relations:

The Grand Lodges of Free and Accepted Masons of the several states and territories and their subordinate bodies:

The General Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the United States and the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the states and territories and their subordinate bodies;

The General Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters of the United States and the Grand Councils of Royal and Select Masters of the states and territories and their subordinate bodies;

The Grand Encampment of Knights Templar of the United States and the grand commanderies of the states and territories and their subordinate bodies;

The Supreme Council of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States of which George F. Moore is sovereign grand commander, and the Supreme Council of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States of which Barton Smith is grand commander.

Resolved, That any Master Mason who shall hereafter take or receive any so-called Masonic degree or order of knighthood from any man or body of men not hereinbefore acknowledged to be legitimate and genuine, shall be expelled from all rights and privileges of Masonry.

Resolved, That any Master Mason who shall hereafter confer, communicate or sell, or be present at or assist in the conferring communication, or selling, or solicit any one to take or receive or apply for any so-called Masonic degree or order of knighthood in any assemblage of men, no matter by what name soever it may be called, except it be held under the authority of one of the bodies hereinbefore acknowledged to be legitimate and genuine, SHALL be immediately expelled from all rights and privileges of Masonry.

In some way the committee overlooked the Order of Eastern Star and may be due for an accounting later on.

The Grand Lodge of Arkansas apparently does not believe in wasting either time or money on a report on foreign correspondence for the chairman of the committee makes a very brief report to the grand lodge of the principal items which he picked up in his review of fifty-eight proceedings of grand lodges. Apparently he found nothing in the Proceedings of Illinois worth mentioning for there is no reference whatsoever made to our jurisdiction.

The committee recommended recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama and asked for further time to investigate the Grand Lodge of France. The grand lodge adopted the report.

The report of the trustees of the Masonic Orphans' Home and school is quite lengthy and resembles very much the report of the Board of Managers of the Illinois Masonic Homes. There is too much in this report for the brethren of the grand lodge to comprehend without some study.

The oration delivered by the grand orator, J. S. Utley, was made the special order of business for an evening session of the first day. The oration was a resume of the fundamental principles and teachings of Freemasonry, and a discussion of the causes of the present war and our duty as Freemasons.

Following the grand orator's address the grand matron of the Eastern Star was introduced who showed to the audience the purposes of the Order of the Eastern Star as a correlative worker with the Masonic Fraternity.

A resolution was introduced fixing the minimum dues of the lodges in the state at $3.00. After a spirited discussion the report was rejected.

The proposition to construct a building at Camp Pike for the use of Masons was laid over for the present.

The question of building a home for aged Masons and widows which has been engaging the attention of the grand lodge for sometime was brought up for action in an extended report by the special committee appointed to consider the project. The committee, however, were of the opinion that the grand lodge should not at the present time engage in institutional charity but did recommend the establishment of a pension fund. The grand lodge adopted the report and because of the fact that the idea is new and of peculiar interest to Masons the plan as proposed by our Arkansas brethren is given in full—

Resolved, by the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of Arkansas:

Section 1. Any Master Mason, a member in good standing of a lodge of Arkansas, who is indigent and unable to earn a support for himself or his family, may be paid a pension, out of a Pension Fund hereinafter provided for; not to exceed $12.50 per month in any case, and be paid monthly by the trustees of said fund as hereafter provided for and any widow of a Master Mason, whose husband was at the time of his death a member in good standing of a lodge in Arkansas, who is destitute, and unable to support herself or family may likewise be paid a pension out of said Pension Fund, to be paid monthly by the trustees, the same as to aged Masons; but provided, that if the Pension Fund shall not be sufficient to pay all pensioners in full, they shall be paid an equal pro rata of such fund.

Sec. 2. For such Pension Fund each lodge shall pay fifty cents per capita on all Master Masons borne on the rolls Sept. 30th of each year, except honorary members; the same to be paid as all other dues are paid and be included in the returns of each year. The grand secretary shall pay over to the trustees by the 31st of December of each year all amounts paid in by the lodges on account of such per capita tax, and all other sums that may be received by him for such fund, and shall report the same to the grand lodge each year, in his annual report.

Sec. 3. Said Pension Fund shall be administered by five trustees, four of whom shall be elected by this grand lodge and the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star of Arkansas shall be invited to elect or appoint one trustee; all of whom shall serve without pay, except actual expenses of attendance of meetings of the Board of Trustees. Each trustee from this grand lodge shall serve for four years, and the trustees named in this edict shall determine by lot among themselves their respective terms of service, and thereafter the grand lodge shall elect one trustee at each session, or fill vacancies as may be necessary. Said trustees shall have power to make such regulations as to payment of pensions as they may see fit. Said trustees shall each year elect from their number a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer and auditor. The secretary and treasurer shall each give bond in some security company in the sum of $1000.00, the expense of which shall be borne by the Pension Fund. Said trustees shall report to the grand lodge each year their receipts and expenditures.

Sec. 4. Brothers L. P. Kemper, Charles E. Rosenbaum, J. S. Reamey and F. W. Tucker, are hereby appointed trustees of this grand lodge for the Pension Fund herein provided for, to serve for the first term.

Sec. 5. For the maintenance and increasing of such Pension Fund, all lodges of this jurisdiction and Masons individually are exhorted to make voluntary contributions thereto.

Sec. 6. Nothing in this edict shall be taken as preventing or being contrary to the erection of a home in the future; the matter of such building being left for future consideration.

Sec. 7. This edict shall be in force from this date.

A resolution requiring examination in the third degree was laid over for one year.

As heretofore stated there is no correspondence report made a part of the proceedings of the grand lodge other than the brief report read by the committee during the grand lodge session.

Lodges 558 Milton Winham, G. M., Texarkana.

Members 22,133 Fay Hempstead, G. S., Little Rock.

BRITISH COLUMBIA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings open with a portrait of Brother Duglas Corsan, grand master for 1917 in full military uniform.

The forty-seventh annual communication was held in the city of Victoria on June 20, 1918. The grand lodge was opened in ample form, after which the grand master, Brother Duglas Corsan read his address. It was a very short document, covering but five printed pages.

He makes extended reference to the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions. One petition for a dispensation to form a new lodge was received, but owing to some question of jurisdiction the matter was referred to the Committee on Jurisprudence. Brother Corsan found it unnecessary to make any official rulings. He states that it had been impossible to visit any of the lodges of the state and for that reason was not informed as to Masonic conditions throughout the jurisdiction. He reports that the one cent fund being collected had resulted in the accumulation of a very satisfactory amount. He closed his address with the hope that another year would see the end of this great world struggle.

The district deputy grand master submits a statement of his activities, showing that during the year he made many official visits and kept in close touch with the Masonic affairs of his jurisdiction.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $6,165.05 and expenditures of $8,039.44.

The grand secretary goes much into detail concerning various official matters which passed through his office, such as the approval of by-laws, dispensations, etc. He states that the lodges of his jurisdiction

own property to the value of $261,333.78. The total amount expended for relief is given as $8,311.37.

The honor roll which is made a part of the proceedings is a long one, and serves to emphasize the seriousness of the present great world struggle.

The reports of the district deputy grand masters are complete showing that those officers exercise efficient supervision over their respective districts.

The grand lodge stopped long enough in the midst of its proceedings to receive the good wishes and congratulations from the representatives of grand lodges in fraternal communication with the Grand Lodge of British Columbia.

After considerable discussion the grand lodge voted to remit the per capita tax of soldiers and sailors engaged in military service, where the dues of such members are remitted by the lodges of which they are members.

Just before the election of officers the Committee on Credentials made its report. The record shows that the grand lodges were then polled the results showing a total of 246 votes.

The election and installation of officers closed the meeting.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by W. A. DeWolf-Smith. Illinois receives five pages of consideration. He comments approvingly upon a number of the acts of Grand Master Wheeler. Concerning his action toward those lodges which indulge in shady entertainments Brother Smith observes—

> One has only to read the Masonic papers published in the United States to realize the extent to which the lodges go in the way of providing entertainment for their members and others. We have thought now and then, that some lodges were sailing pretty close to the limits of propriety in the character of these entertainments, and the grand master of Illinois evidently thought that the limit had been reached.

Concerning Brother Wheeler's attitude on the question of military lodges he says—

> Taking it by-and-large, the grand master is not in favor of military lodges, and thinks the needs of Masons in any given unit would be amply provided for by the organization of a Masonic club. As we have said before, conditions in the present military establishments of both Canada and the United States are so different from those obtaining in the regular army of Great Britain, that such lodges are very undesirable.

Brother Smith apparently thinks that no harm can come from remitting dues of soldiers and sailors for he remarks—

> The practice of remitting the dues of members engaged in naval or military service is quite general in British Columbia, but we do not think the lodges look upon it as an act of charity—at all events we hope they do not—but rather as a recognition of valuable services.

Brother Smith is of the opinion that the grand lodge in passing legislation upon the question of smoking in open lodge as well as Masons appearing in saloons in Masonic clothing laid itself wide open to criticism and observes—

> There is something wrong in any grand lodge in the United States when a session passes by without some anti-liquor legislation being introduced.

He thinks that the decision of the Committee on Legislation to the effect that the liquor question is both social and political is excellent and to the point.

The report made in connection with the recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama is quoted in full. Brother Smith commends the report of Charles H. Martin, foreign correspondent and calls it one of merit.

Lodges 79	John Shaw, G. M., Nanaimo.
Members 7,951	Dr. W. A. DeWolf-Smith, G. S., New Westminster.

CALIFORNIA, F. & A. M.

1917

It requires a volume of five hundred pages to record the transactions of the sixty-eighth annual communication which was held in the city of San Francisco on October 8, 1917.

The first business after the opening ceremony was the formal presentation before the altar of all past grand masters. They were warmly greeted by the grand lodge.

The grand master, Francis V. Keesling, presented a report of his activities, his paper being an example of good rhetoric and splendid English.

That Brother Keesling must have put in a busy year in attending to the duties of his office is conclusively proven by the following statement—

> I conceived it essential to the intelligent performance of my duty to make thoro survey of the jurisdiction and to that end visited every district but one in California, regretting I could

not go to Hawaii whither I sent the grand lecturer. In all, I visited 122 lodges severally and in joint session, not including Los Angeles "Get Together," and by medium of substantial attendance, came in contact with 165 lodges more.

Concerning poor attendance on the part of lodge members he very truly says—

> I do not feel apprehension that non-attendants are necessarily not good Masons. We have too much evidence that many of our most thoro Masons are non-attendants. Ordinarily such a condition is due to the officers. Not necessarily incumbent officers—they may have inherited the condition. Remedies which do not attack the root of the evil afford but temporary relief. There has been a relaxation of vigilance. Inferior officers lack personal magnetism. They are careless in exemplification of the work, disregard the importance of punctuality in meeting and general looseness prevails. They do not maintain the dignity of, or the decorum so essential in a lodge. It has the effect of alienating strong members, failing to attract strong men who should be members and of admitting substandard material into the fraternity.

No Masonic lodge is going to be greater than the man at the head of it. The reason why some Masonic bodies are prosperous is because the presiding officer is full of energy and activity and devotes himself to setting the craft to work and giving them proper instruction. The reason that other Masonic bodies are in a state of decay is because the presiding officer is lazy and shiftless with no conception whatever of his duties and much less inclination to find out what they are.

In his visits to lodges the grand master showed a disposition to get at the true condition of Masonry in California. He directed the district inspectors to inquire into certain conditions of the lodges of the state. One question which he desired answered was, Are treasurers and secretaries bonded? The universal answer was, "No, they are Masons." This answer, however, was not sufficient for the grand master said "Well enough, so long as they do not forget the fact. Experience has demonstrated that they do forget and it is a precautionary measure against such and should cause no resentment on the part of any intelligent Mason."

Other questions submitted related to the financial condition of lodges and sought to elicit the information as to whether the annual incomes of lodges were sufficient to meet current expenses or whether the lodges were operating with deficits.

In seeking causes for unsatisfactory lodge attendance the grand master discovered two, one of which he diagnosed as high degree fever, saying—

> Apparently some of our near-sighted brethren were paying more attention to the chapter and commandery than they were

to their local lodge. I suggested that the importance of the lodge should be self-evident to those brethren as the source of supply which should afford a practical reason for giving attention to the lodge even if they did not understand its wonderful philosophy.

But the writer thinks that he found the real cause, not only for the lack of attendance but for many other troubles which beset our lodges in another matter, which will be recorded in his own words—

> The fact that lodges doing a great deal of work are compelled particularly to initiate and pass several candidates in an evening, that under constitutional requirement this must be severally done, has no doubt influenced attendance adversely. The required repetition consumes so much time that before conclusion of the ceremonial many brethren depart owing to lateness of the hour. I am satisfied that repetition also influences brethren to remain away. Fully appreciating the evident purpose of severally initiating, passing and raising of candidates, I am of the opinion that modification permitting of exemplification of portions of the ceremonial on groups would not in the least detract from effectiveness and, by lessening the time and avoiding repetition, conduce to an increased attendance by reason of that fact, and, permitting of the employment of a portion of the time for educational purposes and social intercourse, would thereby materially increase efficiency.

One thing the grand master discovered which might very well be made a subject of inquiry on the part of other grand lodges was that a good many lodges had funds invested in building associations. The condition of some being such as to cause apprehension.

Our brother evidently holds to the old idea that Masonry should ever work through the individual. What he has to say upon this subject is reproduced in his own words because any attempt to paraphrase his expression would cause it to lose poignancy—

> There has been the ever-present desire "to do something" to put into practice Masonic precept. Frequently the Masonic plan, as I conceive it, is misunderstood. Many of our well-intentioned brethren expect activity in concert. The opportunities for such are infrequent and unimportant when compared to the great Masonic activity—that which is manifested by individual achievement. Masonic glory will be the achievement of individual Masons. The charity which we practice as brethren, the fraternal relation which we feel, we eventually understand to be but exemplars for our conduct in our relations with others whether Masons or not. The Masonic mission is not limited to the perfection of the Masonic brotherhood. That is but an exemplification of beneficial results to emphasize the importance of the practical extension of the brotherly relation among all men. Our first great effort is to educate the initiate who learns by observation the beneficent results of practice of Masonic precept among the brethren, whereupon should follow the fullness of understanding of such precepts put into practice generally and

> of the value of educating those who are less fortunate. The only satisfactory response to inquiry concerning the reasons for Masonic secrecy is that it is merely a test of honor. That there is nothing pernicious hidden is evidenced by the independence of action of every Mason and his activity in all good works. We fully understand that there can be no interference with a Mason's activities as an independent thinking being or as a citizen. Politics is eschewed by the fraternity because it would disturb peace and harmony, but also because concert of action would interfere with a man's independence and duties as a citizen. Therefore, a Mason as a candidate for public office realizes that he proceeds on his merits and not on his membership.

One thing that Brother Keesling dug up during his explorations was the fact that in a certain California city a board of relief had organized a funeral party composed of a past master and twenty Master Masons hailing from different lodges and who were in needy circumstances. Each of these twenty members were paid for attendance on funerals. The grand master made no attempt to save words in holding up before the Masonic world his utter contempt for such a procedure and every reader of this who has the true Masonic spirit will rejoice to know that he forbade the continuance of the practice.

The Masons of California organized a Masonic ambulance corps which is now doing service in France. Liberal subscriptions were made to the Liberty Loan, the Red Cross and other great war projects.

The grand master made a few decisions, one of which was that inasmuch as a Masonic lodge could not meet on Sunday except for funeral services neither could a past master's association. He also decided that a funeral ceremony conducted in a lodge room required the formal opening of the lodge.

An exhaustive treatise on the subject of military lodges is presented by Grand Master Keesling as a reason for refusal to grant dispensations for the formation of military lodges.

In reference to the conference of grand masters which was scheduled to be held in the state of Oregon he observes—

> I cannot refrain, however, from expressing my personal impressions with reference to the proposed conference. I feel that a general grand lodge should not be established. While it is true that there are many benefits which might result from uniformity and centralized government, yet I feel that necessary uniformity can be attained by means of observation of what is being done in sister jurisdictions and the adoption of that which proves satisfactory. A plan of government vested in representatives who would probably be limited to those who have traveled the long road through the chairs of the lodge and then of the grand lodge would not be an improvement on the existing system. The sacrifice of time now required makes it difficult for

> the active successful man to serve his fraternity, which service would be so beneficial. That which is not official I believe should not be attempted by grand masters unofficially.

According to the report under review California has one good angel among its membership, for there is recorded a gift during the preceding year of $21,000 and another this year of $19,000 to be used in the expansion of the Masonic home of the state.

One thing the Grand Lodge of California is doing which shows its foresight and that is the establishing of a substantial endowment that will protect and guarantee the future of the Masonic home.

In his closing remarks the grand master makes a plea for moral poise. He says—

> In matters of reform let us consider our own shortcomings first before we begin on others. We should be slow to impose our individual conception of concrete conduct on others. Let us not follow the egotists. In the present time, due to gradual development of antipathy to frivolity and the understanding of unselfishness brought about at fearful but necessary cost by the great war, we face the task of preventing undue interference with individuals. Let us not go from frivolity to blue laws—indifference to bigotry—and let us not be stampeded or be emotional or hysterical.

As an appendix to his report he presented to the grand lodge an interesting history of the growth and development of the Masonic homes of the state.

The communication of the grand secretary is quite lengthy and deals with a multitude of affairs of minor importance. He announces 19 lodges in the state with a membership of over 500, the largest lodge being Mission No. 169 with a membership of 896. He also presents a roll of honor, giving the name of every Mason in California who has entered military service together with the name and number of his lodge.

The receipts of the grand secretary during the year were $66,436.80. The disbursements as recorded by the grand treasurer were $67,893.01.

The report of the Masonic Temple Association discloses the total receipts from the Masonic temple in San Francisco to have been $60,879.41 while the disbursements were $55,181.50, giving a net profit of $5,697.91. The present indebtedness on the building is $240,000. It does not look to one at a distance as though the building could be considered a financial investment.

The Board of Relief of San Francisco makes a report of minute detail. They indirectly pay their respects to those lodges which try to shift their responsibilities, by quoting the following from the address of the grand master of Arkansas delivered in November, 1916—

> I have been compelled to make several subordinate lodges pay to other lodges money that had been expended for the purpose of caring for the sick, and in some instances burying the deceased. It is a deplorable fact that some of the lodges of this jurisdiction have allowed sister jurisdictions to care for their sick and bury their dead, and then repudiate the debt, on account of being financially poor. And in this connection I want to take the time to express to the representatives of the subordinate lodges my utter contempt for a lodge which refuses to pay for the care of a sick brother or the burial of a dead one. If it is wrong to defraud a lodge of Master Masons, under ordinary circumstances, it is doubly so to refuse to pay the expense incurred by a sister lodge in caring for our sick and afflicted, and a lodge that will not do that, should have their charter arrested and have their organization wiped off the map, for of all the contemptible, mean things it is possible for a lodge to do, I think that it is the worst, and I would feel more kindly to a lodge that would wilfully violate every edict of the grand lodge than the one who obeys every edict implicitly and then refuses to pay the funeral expenses of a deceased brother, when such expense was incurred by a sister lodge.

A table prepared by this committee shows the amounts expended for Masons hailing from the different states also the amount of reimbursement. $433.09 was expended in the care of members hailing from the state of Illinois, of which amount the Board of Relief recovered $406.44.

Three members of Illinois lodges died in California and their funerals were looked after by the board.

The Employment Bureau of San Francisco certainly did some good work, for out of a total of 2,067 applications for positions 1995 were secured.

The report of the grand lecturer made by the grand lodge is unusual for the reason that he enumerates in detail every lodge visited and tells just exactly what he did on the occasion of the visit.

The Library Committee reveals in its report the idea which some Masons hold concerning a grand lodge library. They find that the library principally consists of the records of various grand bodies of Freemasonry together with other books collected at random. The one reason why so many Masonic libraries are failures is due to the fact that they are made up for the most part of proceedings of grand bodies which have neither literary nor historical value and are so much rubbish. About all that these proceedings are good for is to pad out the bookshelves and give the appearance of a library whether it be possessed in fact or not.

The annual oration was delivered by Robert D. Gaylord. He discussed at length the relation of Freemasonry to our everyday life and the standards which are set up. In this connection he said—

> There are many standards for our guidance and our government. We establish standards for ourselves in our sessions and in our intercourse—we have our traditions and our customs. We are bound by Masonic law and the constitution of this body; by the tenets of our institution and its ancient landmarks. But by far the most inflexible standard is imposed neither by ourselves nor by the law, but by others; by the Masons of California who claim no membership in this body, by the men of California who never have knelt before a Masonic altar.* The woman who sins is ostracized; the clergyman who is found in a compromising position forfeits his influence and his career; the judge who swerves from the path of strict integrity is universally condemned. They are constituted like ourselves, they have the same instincts and the same desires; but what is ignored among men means downfall among women; what is condoned in the business man, the laborer, the physician, the merchant and the attorney, is condemned in the clergyman or in the judge. I have no wish to plead the cause of double standards, but it is an irresistible fact that for each of us, according to his position and his profession, society has established bounds which he may not pass. Our mental justification of our acts is of no effect in this great court of human kind. We are judged not alone by what we are, and by what we believe, and by that to which we aspire; but even more by that which we profess, and by the extent to which, in the opinion of our fellowmen, practice goes hand in hand with precept. It is a law more ancient than the law of Moses, as inflexible as the law of the Medes and the Persians, and as enduring as the world of God itself. The influence and the effectiveness of this grand body, its leadership among Masons and its respect among men, depend not so much upon its organization, its rules and its traditions, as upon its conformity to the standard which others impose; the standard which in the mature judgment of men comports with the dignity of such a body, with the precepts of the institution of which it is the titular head, and with the pre-eminence which this grand lodge itself asserts.

A long report is made by the Committee on Masonic Homes disclosing the excellent work California is doing in the way of institutional charity.

California has a Committee on Masonic Education and states that they—

> Have prepared lectures on the Entered Apprentice, Fellowcraft, and Master Mason degrees to be presented to candidates after receiving each of the several degrees. These lectures have been submitted to the most worshipful grand master for his approval. If found satisfactory by him, the lectures will be printed and will soon be in circulation among the lodges of this grand jurisdiction.

This sort of Masonic education savours very much of the canned variety. However the committee are laboring along the right lines.

The Committee on Appeals and Grievances make what they call an omnibus report. It may have been an omnibus but judging from the size of it it looked more like a fliver. However, the committee are to be congratulated upon their good taste in eliminating names of offenders and details of their offenses.

Among the salaries provided for the coming year were those of the grand secretary fixed at $3600, the grand lecturer fixed at $3000.

One thing the grand lodge did was to waste its funds by providing that hereafter every candidate raised to the sublime degree should be presented with a copy of the constitution of the grand lodge. Newly raised candidates are not looking for such dry reading as the average grand lodge constitution. However, it looks as though the grand lodge had decided what the candidate ought to have and prescribed accordingly.

The grand lodge took time to observe the 50th annual installation of Samuel D. Mayer as grand organist and presented him with a cane.

Illinois lodges that are disposed to kick on the amount of grand lodge dues they have to pay ought to be thankful that they don't live out in California where the per capita tax is approximately $2.50.

The report on fraternal correspondence is prepared by Edward H. Hart. Illinois is given two and one-half pages, the principal transactions of the grand lodge being briefly noted and lodges of more than 1000 members enumerated together with their membership.

Brother Hart thinks that Grand Master Wheeler displayed a marked degree of zeal in visiting 103 jurisdictions during his year of office.

Concerning Past Grand Master William H. Scott, Brother Hart says—

> Brother Scott was well known in California; he was a frequent visitor at various Blue Lodges, and had been seen many times in the annual communications of the grand lodge, he having made California his home for many years preceding his death, which occurred in San Francisco, and his remains were interred in the military cemetery in the Presidio of San Francisco.

Commenting on the decision of the supreme court in reference to the education of children from the Illinois Masonic Orphans' Home in the schools of the city and the grades he comments—

> Certainly a very righteous and proper decision; and the only surprise caused in connection with this case is the action of the Board of Education in attempting to exclude the Home children except upon payment of tuition fees not exacted from other children.

He calls the correspondence report of Charles H. Martin capable and exhaustive and prepared with excellent judgment.

Lodges 379 — Wm. Rhodes Hervey, G. M., Los Angeles.
Members 60,384 — John Whicher, G. S., San Francisco.

CANADA, A. F. & A. M.

1917

At the present time all Americans feel very close to their cousins on the northern border. Now that we are brothers in arms we are vitally interested in the things which they do.

The sixty-second annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Canada in the province of Ontario was held in the city of Belleville, Wednesday, July 18, 1917.

The mayor of the city welcomed the grand lodge and the grand master responded in a very appropriate manner.

Immediately following the opening ceremonies the grand master granted permission for the admission to side seats of all Masons in good standing.

The address of Grand Master Sidney A. Luke was the first business of importance.

The entrance of the United States into the European war is commented on with much enthusiasm. One thing which the grand master said will be interesting to our Illinois brethren—

> There has been a great change of sentiment towards Great Britain in the United States in recent years. The rancour of the Revolution was intense and enduring. The War of 1812 added bitterness, and up to twenty-five years ago there was pronounced ill-feeling against anything British. Now that has gone, and if one requests it, a cup of tea may be had even in Boston; and it is notable also that the very significant memorial of sympathy signed by representative citizens of the Union, which was presented soon after this war started, should have issued from that city in which the War of Independence originated. If this is the beginning of the end of all bitterness, it is indeed a manner of peculiar fitness; for it was a German king with a small character, and stupid, ruling in England, who started the row, and it is a German emperor with the same characteristics, who perhaps, and unwillingly, is ending it. It is time that the memory of old grievances between the two nations should be buried, never to be resuscitated. Our ideals of individual freedom and justice, and of self-government won at Hastings and Runnymede are identical. Neither covets what the other has and it would be a good thing for the world at large, a wonderful forward movement, if all the nations sharing the language of Shakespeare, Milton, Hampden, would hereafter stand shoulder to shoulder against crazy arrogance, and all bandits and tyrants of the world.

Among the jurisdictional courtesies mentioned is one from the Grand Lodge of Illinois to initiate, pass and raise a candidate.

The total assets of the grand lodge in the General Fund as recorded by the grand master, were $113,957.87, and in the Semicentennial Fund $103,288.68.

Four dispensations were issued for the formation of new lodges and 469 issued for general purposes of which 199 were granted giving permission to confer degrees within time limit.

The grand master must have been busy for he states that he examined and approved amendments to by-laws for 117 lodges.

The grand lodge is apparently awakening to the value of music in the various ceremonies for the grand master reports the completion of the work of a committee appointed to arrange appropriate music for use in the degrees.

A number of lodges were visited and Bro. Luke reports that he was received with all the honors due his exalted station.

In closing his address to the grand lodge he pays the following tribute to Freemasonry—

> It is said to be a truth—a valuable truth—that man learns his lesson oftener through his emotions than through reason. From naked, plain truth men indifferently turn away to search in myth and symbol for that which was clearly exposed and explained from the beginning. If these are facts, the wonderful success of Masonry as a teacher of a science which in purpose and scope embraces everything which makes up the sum total of man's striving in this life—morally, socially, politically and industrially, is due to the form, sign and symbol by which it conveys its lessons, and in my judgment, there is no system, no place, nothing proclaimed from platform, stage or pulpit, which excels in practical value to men these lessons of the lodge room. For example, the preparation and initiation ceremony. The whole is a protest, a warning to avoid haughtiness, conceit, ostentation, and ambition for power, place or wealth; and whether suited to the occasion by habit and inclination or not, each for the time being is made to assume the humble part, that the lesson may be more forcibly impressed, and sink into the mind. It is a valuable lesson to learn—that before God's Providence we are equal and that worth of intellect, integrity of character, and altruism are virtues that count before noble birth or princely fortune.

The grand treasurer reports total receipts of $78,324.44 and expenditures of $66,588.53.

The report of the grand secretary is purely financial in character. From the items listed the idea is obtained that clerks in the grand secretary's office who become superannuated are given an allowance of $66.00 per month.

The reports of the district deputy grand masters are made to the grand lodge, and are very complete in every particular. To each is attached a detailed statement of conditions in each of the lodges as the district deputies found them. One thing the Grand Lodge of Canada is to be congratulated upon and that is the very thorough manner in which the lodges of the jurisdiction are inspected and checked up. Other grand lodges might profit from the system which our Canadian brethren have adopted.

The Board of Benevolence, which is apparently maintained by the grand lodge, announces 469 applications for assistance for which the sum of $36,515.00 was expended.

There is one thing to be said in favor of our English and Canadian brethren. When it comes to the care of their less fortunate members they far excel their American brethren.

The celebration of the 200th anniversary of the revival of Masonry in England was made a special feature and a splendidly prepared paper on the subject was read by Brother A. T. Freed.

And now we come to the most interesting feature in the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Canada and that is the report of the Board on the Condition of Masonry. It seems that this board is appointed for the purpose of digesting and compiling the statements of the district deputy grand masters for it appears that they have carefully analyzed these documents and have selected therefrom such information as bears upon the condition of Masonry in Canada and have presented the several items to the grand lodge in a report covering twenty-eight printed pages.

Should space permit, the writer would like very much to reproduce here some of the items and ideas gleaned from a perusal of the report of this board, because it shows clearly and exactly how Masonry is applied and understood in the various sections of the jurisdiction.

According to the record the tellers are called scrutineers of the ballots.

District deputy grand masters in Canada are nominated by representatives of the lodges and past masters of the respective districts and are confirmed by the grand master. This is not a very bad idea for it keeps these appointments out of politics and no doubt results in securing officers who are willing to accept the office for the service of the craft rather than to become the henchman of some particular grand lodge faction.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by A. T. Freed. Illinois is given two and one-half pages.

The reviewer commends Grand Master Wheeler for his statement—

That the symbolical teachings of Masonry ought to be shown

to candidates, as well as the dramatic representations of the degrees, and that this teaching should be begun at state schools of instruction.

The action of the grand lodge declining to cooperate with the Grand Lodge of Cuba in calling a Masonic convention is commented upon and an extensive review made of the decision of the Supreme Court relating to the LaGrange school matter.

Various other items of the grand master received comment but there is no disposition to criticise or find fault with anything the grand lodge did. He hands Charles H. Martin a few flowers in the following—

His Masonic rank is not stated, but he will probably take his place in the front rank of Masonic writers. His report is long, and all of it is good.

Lodges 449 — Wm. H. Wardrope, G. M., Hamilton.

Members 63,500 — R. L. Gunn, G. S., Hamilton.

COLORADO, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Colorado are presented in a neat, well printed volume of nearly four hundred pages, sixty of which are given to the publication of the officers and members of the Masonic lodges of the state.

The proceedings are prefaced with detailed minutes of nine special communications held for the purpose of dedications and the laying of cornerstones.

The 57th annual communication was held at Denver, September 18th, and 19th. The report of the Committee on Credentials presented in detail takes up almost thirteen pages of the introduction.

Colorado follows the custom of calling the roll of deceased grand masters, after which a tribute of respect is paid to their memory.

Another feature is calling the roll of representatives which is done prior to the address of the grand master.

William W. Cooper, the representative of Illinois, near the Grand Lodge of Colorado was present.

In his opening remarks the grand master refers to the great war in which we are engaged and says—

> Masonry teaches us that we should be loyal to our government and obedient to its laws; that we are not to countenance disloyalty or rebellion, but patiently submit to legal authority and cheerfully conform to the government of the country in which we live. It is, therefore, our imperative duty to have reverence for the law and lawful authority, to inspire the same respect in others as this is fundamentally necessary to the maintenance of our government and our institutions. In the titanic struggle now waging, it is hoped that each member of the craft will heed the teachings of the fraternity, and the duties of good citizenship, and forget not that our government is worthy of his utmost loyalty and patriotism, and that its interests must always be first and foremost.

His remarks on necrology are very brief, as he leaves to the committee the duty of paying due reverence to the fraternal dead.

The grand lodge apparently allows the grand master but $600 for contingent expenses, as he reports the expenditure of the appropriation given him.

He had the pleasure of constituting three new lodges during his administration.

Colorado apparently has not become a member of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Association for the grand master suggests that if it is to be represented at the meetings the grand lodge should take some affirmative action.

Concerning the bicentennial celebration of the first grand lodge the grand master states that the grand lodge had instructed the grand master to convene a special communication of the grand lodge at Denver, Colorado, on St. John the Baptist Day, 1917, for the purpose of appropriately celebrating this event. But finding so very little interest among the Masons of Colorado concerning this anniversary the grand master decided to hold no celebration but recommended to the lodges of the state that they observe the day in a manner befitting its Masonic importance.

The grand master made a number of official visits which he reports in detail. Like all grand masters he issued many dispensations. Only one of them attracts unusual attention and that was to transact business at a special communication. He says that he was generous in granting dispensation to confer degrees out of time for the reason that—

> It is the duty of everyone to do everything in his power to further enlistments in the military and naval service of the United States, and that we as Masons owe every duty and obligation to our government, it seemed to me that it was proper in each of these cases to grant dispensations. I have done so with the result that in these cases it has been made possible to confer degrees on deserving candidates who otherwise would undoubtedly have had to forego the same.

The usual number of requests for conferring degrees passed through the grand master's office and he notes the cheerful compliance not only on the part of Colorado lodges but also those of other grand jurisdictions.

The lodges of Colorado are forbidden from conferring the Entered Apprentice degree for a lodge outside of its jurisdiction, hence all requests of this nature were refused.

The grand master gives a very interesting account of a reception, tendered Lawrence N. Greenleaf, past grand master, in commemoration of the fifty-first anniversary of his service as worshipful master of Denver Lodge No. 5, and the fiftieth anniversary of his service as high priest of Denver Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.

The writer has long had an editorial acquaintance with Brother Greenleaf and is very happy to note the Masonic recognition given him by his fellows in Freemasonry.

The grand master fires a broadside at a—

> So-called Publishing Company of New York, for sending circulars and letters to lodges and members of lodges in this state, calling attention to their alleged Masonic publications, and says this so-called Masonic Publishing Company is composed in part or wholly of expelled Masons, and all Colorado Masons are hereby cautioned not to have any communication whatever with this or similar concerns.

This same company each year floods the state of Illinois with their nefarious circulars beguiling the unsuspecting. It is a notorious fact, however, that when the grand lodge of Illinois corrected its work some two or three years ago within thirty days thereafter this same company issued a book purporting to contain the revised work and in which certain changes which had been made were noted. This clearly proves that we had within our own rank traitors who would make Judas Iscariot ashamed of himself.

The only way to meet the cipher ritual menace is by a few first class expulsions then brethren will wake up to the fact that it is a very dangerous thing to have spurious rituals in their possession.

The grand master notes a request for a waiver of jurisdiction from a Colorado lodge in favor of Damascus Lodge of Chicago. Of the material prosperity of this grand lodge he says—

> The condition of the craft in this grand jurisdiction is very satisfactory and with very few exceptions all our lodges are in a flourishing condition. The report of the grand secretary shows that there has been an increase of 948 members over the report of last year. This is the highest annual increase that we have yet experienced, as shown by a comparison of reports of previous years.

Another important matter is brought to the attention of the lodges of his state in the following—

> I believe that more attention should be given by lodges to the keeping of a full and correct historical record of membership. This, in my judgment, is a very important requirement, the manner of keeping which is fully set forth in the Book of Forms. I speak of this subject particularly because, during the year, it came to my attention on several occasions that the historical record of certain brethren could not be obtained from the secretaries of their lodges, and when occasion makes it necessary to have such information, it is a matter of regret that it cannot be had.

This is an age of thorough business methods and any lodge which is careless in the matter of keeping its records will have cause for regret.

The grand master recommended that members of lodges engaged in military and naval service be exempted from the payment of dues. He also told the grand lodge that it ought to pay the grand secretary more money.

The reports of the grand secretary and the grand treasurer show the grand lodge to be in a highly prosperous condition.

A petition for the formation of a military lodge to be attached to the first Colorado cavalry was presented and referred to the Committee on Jurisprudence. That committee recommended the granting of the petition and the grand lodge concurred.

The most interesting thing connected with the proceedings is a detailed report from the grand lecturer. It seems that this official not only went about the state giving instructions but during the year personally visited and inspected the 129 lodges under his charge. When grand master of Masons in Illinois the writer sought to accomplish this same thing through the district deputy grand master and succeeded to a considerable extent. Complete success would have crowned the effort had the grand lodge paid the expenses of the district deputies in making these official visits.

Colorado is accomplishing its purpose because the grand lecturer being a paid official devotes his time to this service. Every detail concerning the lodges of the state is gone into and the grand lecturer by reason of these official inspections has brought to the grand lodge information which is not only highly desirable but makes for the future upbuilding of the lodges of the state.

A few brief items from the grand lecturer's report are quoted—

> Average number of meetings held by each lodge 27, average lodge attendance 28, percentage of membership attending lodge 20, lodges meeting in halls used exclusively for Masonic purposes 74, lodges keeping records in safes 74, lodges carrying fire

insurance 84, estimated equity of lodges in real estate and buildings $185,000.00. Estimated assets of lodges of the state $730,000.00, or an average for each lodge of approximately $5,500.00. Number of lodges not auditing accounts of officers 12. Masters able to confer all degrees in full 92. Number of lodges in which the three degrees are conferred in full by one or more of the officers 102.

The grand lecturer in his report asks what can be done to increase the attendance at lodge and the interests of Masons and says—

> Many plans have been suggested having in view the increasing of the interest of Masons in Masonic activities. Some lodges have lectures delivered at intervals. A few lodges have adopted the plan of having a short talk made at each meeting by some intelligent brother. Study-clubs have been formed in some lodges. Such organized efforts for the intellectual improvement of the members are highly commendable, and should be encouraged; but at the same time they cannot be considered a remedy for all our ills, because Masons are like other men, in that only a certain proportion are interested in study; and participation in the work of the lodge should not be limited to one class of members. Much of the success of a lodge depends upon its officers, and particularly upon the character and personality of the master. Some men are so constituted that as presiding officer they could revive a dead lodge in a year, while others would put a live lodge to sleep in less than that time. The problem is a large one, and involves this question: "How can we interest all classes of Masons in the work of the lodge and give each something to do?"

The Committee on Necrology make an extended report and record the name of Past Grand Master Albert B. Ashley.

The oration was delivered by Brother Haslett B. Burke. It was a splendid effort dealing with practical things. The grand orator is to be commended for his efforts in presenting splendid Masonic lessons.

The Committee on Finance recommended that the salary of the grand secretary be fixed at $2400 per annum, an increase of $600.

The grand lodge resolved to take up the study side of Masonry for a committee was appointed to be known as the Masonic Research Committee. The result of their labors will be awaited with much interest.

The grand lecturer made such a success of his official visits of instruction and inspection that the grand lodge adopted a resolution directing him hereafter to instruct and examine the officers of lodges in the laws of Masonry.

The Committee on Correspondence asked that the request of the Grand Lodge of France and the Grand Lodge of Panama for recognition be deferred for one year in order that they might make a satisfactory examination.

The report on correspondence is prepared by that excellent Masonic litterateur, Lawrence N. Greenleaf.

He notes the principal items in Grand Master Wheeler's address and quotes in full all that he said concerning members changing their names and political discussions. He refers to the address of Brother Oscar A. Kropf as being practical and extracts a brief paragraph. Concerning the correspondence report he says—

> Brother Charles H. Martin signalizes his appearance at the round tables with a fine report on correspondence. Colorado for 1915 receives a review of four pages, in which he notes the salient features of the address of Grand Master Dudley, from which he makes several extracts. He credits Brother Kellogg with an oration of more than ordinary merit. The business of the session is kept well in view, and our report receives due attention.

Lodges 129 — L. D. Crain, G. M., Ft. Collins, Colo.

Members 19,123 — Charles H. Jacobson, G. S., Denver, Colo.

CONNECTICUT, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings are a well printed volume opening with a half-tone portrait of L. G. Nickerson, grand master for 1917 and contain an honor roll of all members of Connecticut lodges who are in the service of their country. There is published a tableau showing the officers as well as the names of those initiated, affiliated, reinstated, dimitted, died, suspended, etc.

The record of four emergent communications held for the purpose of laying cornerstones and dedicating Masonic temples are introductory to the proceedings proper. One emergent communication is quite unusual. It was for the purpose of placing the final piece of masonry in a highway bridge. The record states that the stone was laid with ancient Masonic ceremonies. The question is, was this a cornerstone or a cap stone? If the latter where did the ancient ceremony come from?

The 130th annual communication was held in the city of Hartford, February 6, 1918.

The report of the Committee on Credentials credits George E. Parson, representing Illinois with being present.

The address of the grand master, L. J. Nickerson, is a document of unusual merit. The conjecture is that he is a lawyer, for in discussing many matters he sets up argument to sustain his views.

In his opening remarks he says—

> While we are charitable let us remember that the monarchies and militarists responsible for such brutality and barbarism, against whom our nation is now at war, have always placed upon Freemasonry the heel of contempt because Freemasonry stands for equality among men and denies the divine right of kings to rule. From the time of Frederick the Great it has been the practice of the house of Hohenzollern to toss people about from sovereignty to sovereignty. We have had presented to us a spectacle of a German ruler claiming that the "spirit of the Lord" had descended upon him because he was the Emperor of the Germans and that God demanded the destruction of all the enemies of the German people.

He also points out very clearly the duty of every Mason in the present crisis—

> I trust, I believe, that every Mason is a patriot. Universal brotherhood can never be fulfilled under the rule of a selfish despot ambitious to control the world. No class, no party, no religion, no person is more true and loyal to the principles for which our country fights than we of the Masonic Order. It is at such a time when every day is important in the world's history that the Masons of Connecticut meet in grand lodge. Let us give our most careful attention and conscientious consideration to the work before us.

He pays tributes of respect to the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions. He reports the appointment of quite a number of grand representatives. It may be that the grand master looked up the attendance at the several grand lodges of those supposed to represent Connecticut and weeded out all who were purely ornamental, and who did not regard the position of sufficient honor to merit any attention.

Concerning interjurisdictional courtesies the grand masters says that in all his correspondence the highest degree of courtesy and fraternal regard has been observed.

The George Washington Memorial Association is highly commended and the grand lodge advised to take some action that will result in lending substantial support.

A number of lodges were visited by the grand master during his term of office.

The reports of the district deputies are carefully analyzed by the grand master, and the salient points in each are brought out.

All dispensations issued are recorded in full, giving the date thereof and the cause for which granted.

The grand master was very reluctant about issuing dispensations to confer degrees in less than the lawful time. In this connection he says—

> Masonry is an education. The rules and regulations regarding the time between the reception of the petition and the ballot on the same and for conferring the degrees are made because it has been found that they were for the best interests of the fraternity. Haste is to be deprecated. It is only when the petition is from one who is about to depart in the service of our country and realizing that he wants the great far-reaching and fraternal privileges of the order that I have exercised the prerogative and granted the dispensations and shortened the time which our rules and regulations so wisely prescribe.

One subject received the earnest consideration of Brother Nickerson and that was the replacement of the present frame buildings in the Masonic home at Wallingford with fireproof construction.

A committee was appointed in accordance with the resolutions of the grand lodge to solicit contributions to the amount of $150,000 for this purpose.

In September there was held at the Masonic home what was called Grand Master's Day and a special program of various features was presented for the benefit of the grand master and the visitors who were present.

The grand master refers to the work that is being done in the home by the Order of Eastern Star and lauds that society to the skies. He urges every Master Mason in his jurisdiction to get into the Order of the Eastern Star and have all members of his family do likewise. The grand master goes in quite strong for petticoat Masonry. It looks very much like sedate old Connecticut had listened to the song of the siren and was being lead astray.

The chain letter nuisance reached Connecticut and the ancient Masonic prayer gained wide distribution. The grand master urged all Masons to do their utmost to suppress this business. With nine associate grand chaplains, the spiritual needs of our Connecticut brethren are well looked after.

A long list of what are called decisions was rendered by the grand master. Most of them appear, however, to be merely local constructions of law with some little twist or turn which might require an answer a little different in wording from the established regulations.

One lodge wanted to create a Masonic Tobacco Fund and collect 10 cents a month from each member during the war, in fact this enterprising lodge wanted to make the tobacco movement national in character. The grand master replied as follows—

> Masonry is a science for the education and betterment of its members. There is no occasion to come out in competition with any other order or fraternal body, or make any flourish, or advertisement or attempt to gain any notoriety for the Ma-

sonic Order. The great requirement of Masons today is that they do their full duty in providing the government with every facility to win the war we are now engaged in. All moneys belonging to lodges which can be spared should be invested in government bonds that the government may have the use of the money and the lodges at the same time have a safe and secure investment. Any ostentatious display, or movement, to create a Tobacco Fund would in my judgment detract from the dignity and great purposes of Masonry. While the individual Mason is at liberty to contribute, or do, whatever he sees fit to provide luxuries and comforts for soldiers in the war, the lodge as such, would have no right to dispose of its funds for any purpose not contemplated by the by-laws, rules and regulations governing expenditures of lodges. There are so many things to-day that call upon Masons and which impose upon every member of the order a sacred duty, that I do not think the creation of a Tobacco Fund should be encouraged. Our great duty is to aid our country to win the war and to do our duty towards those of our brethren who will be entitled to our care and help upon their return. There is no objection to a lodge presenting any suggestions or resolutions of that character before the grand lodge, in fact there is the place to discuss the situation in all its phases.

Brother Nickerson attended the meeting of the Masonic Relief Association at Omaha in September and was so favorably impressed with all that he saw and heard that he recommended that Connecticut immediately join the association. This is not at all surprising. If the grand master of Connecticut went down to Omaha and fell into the company of those distinguished worthies, Ralph H. Wheeler and Lou B. Winsor, the chances are that if he had stayed with them long enough he would have given them the Grand Lodge of Connecticut. They are an irresistible pair.

Concerning the raising of a National War Fund by the grand lodges of the United States, Brother Nickerson says—

> There has been an effort and it has the approval of several grand masters, to raise a great national fund for the purpose of assisting and providing for the comforts and convenience of Masons engaged in the war. It seems to me that such action savors too much of a spectacular exhibition of what the Masonic Order can do. Masonry needs no encomium. It has counted among its members, the wisest and best men of the time, whose names shed luster upon the pages of the history of our country. Washington was a Mason and even now we are arranging to build a temple upon the Potomac to hold the priceless relics of his time.
>
> Chief Justice Marshall, the greatest jurist who ever adorned the bench, was a grand master of Virginia. Masonry needs no publicity, no great speeches, no long newspaper articles proclaiming its goodness or greatness. Its great power and influence has been and is in the character, standing and personal influence

> of the individual brother. Let us not forget that if the war continues and our brethren are engaged in battle some of them will return to us crippled, maimed or blind. It is then the Masons of Connecticut and of each grand jurisdiction in the country must be ready to respond and give to such brethren the care and fraternal support which they will deserve and to which they will be entitled. Let us not omit the necessary preparations which will enable us to perform that duty that we may be ready to give to them a brother's care.

The Grand Lodge of France is given an extended review. The conclusions of the grand master are that until such time as the Grand Lodge of France reestablishes belief in God and places the bible upon its altars it should not ask American Masons to enter into fraternal relations with it because of its infidelic and agnostic principles.

The grand master asked for a compilation of the laws and decisions of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut claiming that when various questions have arisen he has been compelled to consult 120 volumes in order to ascertain if any similar rule had been established which might establish a precedent.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $37,288.60 and expenditures of $9,016.07 for current expenses and placed the sum of $28,778.60 in the Masonic charity foundation.

The grand secretary makes the usual report. One item discloses the fact that 4280 members in Connecticut are exempt from the payment of grand lodge dues. The reason therefore is not given.

The grand lodge extended fraternal recognition to the Grand Lodge of Panama, also to the Grand Lodge "Cuscatlan" San Salvador. The record at this point reports the appointment of a Committee on Chain Letters. Just why this should be necessary is not apparent.

The following recommendations from the Committee on Jurisprudence were approved and adopted by the grand lodge—

> That a committee be appointed to compile, digest and index the Masonic laws of the state; that no lodge shall confer the Fellow Craft or Master Mason degrees within one week after conferring the preceding degree without a special dispensation from the grand master; that in the future no lodge in the jurisdiction be excused from roll call at the annual meeting.

A special committee appointed on the Grand Lodge of France recommended that no action be taken at the present time.

The installation of officers reveals the fact that eight associate grand chaplains were appointed to look after the spiritual welfare of our Connecticut brethren. Their salvation is no doubt assured.

The correspondence report is prepared by George A. Kies, grand secretary. Illinois is given three pages of comprehensive review.

He commends Grand Master Wheeler for declining to accept gifts from lodges. He calls his attitude toward military lodges wise. Concerning his ruling, that a lodge loses jurisdiction over a petitioner who in the interim between reception and ballot moves away, he thinks the decision is open to question.

Several quotations are taken from the correspondence report of Brother Charles H. Martin which is sufficient evidence that Brother Kies was pleased with what Brother Martin had to say.

Lodges 110 — William F. English, G. M., Hartford.

Members 28,114 — George A. Kies, G. S., Hartford.

CUBA

1916-1917

It being a red hot afternoon in the middle of summer the writer thought it would be a splendid opportunity to review the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Cuba because the heat of the day might serve in some way to help him appreciate the atmosphere of Masonry in a warm country. He therefore summoned his private secretary and prepared to dictate his observations. Upon opening the book the type looked a little peculiar but a readjustment of his nose glasses very soon convinced him that the proceedings were printed in Spanish or some other language unknown to the writer. In fact languages were never his college pets and the many times that he has flunked in Latin, French and the now despised Teutonic dialect need not be recorded.

As an examination of the Proceedings of Illinois revealed no special appropriation for the translating of foreign documents (will Edward H. Thomas, Thomas A. Stevens, E. Edwin Mills please take notice) it was thought at first that it would be necessary to send over to Camp Point and have Isaac Cutter come to Bloomington and translate the document. However, upon turning to the closing leaves of the book there was found some pages printed in English labelled "The Grand Master's Address, the Grand Secretary's Report and the Report of the Committee on Correspondence," but ye reviewer wont swear that the grand master's report as printed in English is the same one that is printed in Spanish.

In his address to the Grand Lodge of Cuba Grand Master Carlos G. Charles says—

> When I, in the beginning of the Masonic year just ending, carefully studied how to act justly, I always thought that our progress would be greater and our credit would surpass that of previous epochs; but really the success obtained has been greater than what was calculated, and for that reason our satisfaction ought to be greater too. Just think how much we have done, undoubtedly with your help and that of our constituent lodges: we have founded a public library; we have a true treasury not mortgaged in any way; we have held festivities which have greatly pleased the members of the fraternity and have caused the outside people to regard us as we properly are and understand the end we prosecute; we have built several Masonic temples in places where for it the standing of Masonry has been consolidated, while more temples are yet being built, we have propagated our ideals by means steady and successful, bringing us an increase in membership. Now I invite you, brethren, to survey our country and decide which of the existing institutions in the Republic of Cuba has done better labor and can show a more positive success than we. Think what we possessed shortly ago, review what our moral and material concerns are now, and tell me frankly whether you are satisfied with the balance or not.

If the Grand Lodge of Cuba has done all these things it is certainly showing remarkable Masonic progress and is due the congratulations of all good Masons.

The grand master reports that dispensations were issued for the formation of eight new lodges which reveals that Masonry is rapidly extending in the island of Cuba.

One thing the grand lodge does which shows the right spirit. It loans money to lodges to help them in the construction of new Masonic temples and during the year such assistance was extended to three lodges on the island.

The grand lodge is evidently prosperous because the grand master states that plans are being perfected for the erection of a temple for the uses of the grand lodge.

During the year the census was taken of the number of Masons in the island and found to be 7047. There were also discovered 3000 non-affiliated Masons.

The grand master is evidently a believer in Masonic propaganda for in this connection he says—

> Convinced, as I am, of the efficience of reaching all homes by the truth envolved by our doctrines, so that the people being acquainted with our ideals and procedures, become attached to our labor, no matter the difficulties I met with, I undertook to

distribute, in many cases personally, over 10,000 papers, pamphlets and books, containing essays and explanations upon Masonic subjects, specially what refers to the moral preparation of citizens, the triumph of healthy and positive Justice and Democracy, love of one's country and due respect to Liberty and the fraternal sentiments toward our fellowmen.

The grand master reports efforts on the part of his grand lodge to prevent what he calls a rupture between the grand lodges of the United States, Mexico and San Domingo. In this connection he observes—

As you see we have not neglected a single opportunity for strengthening our fraternal ties, carrying everywhere the greatness of our sentiments and the firm and strong purposes held by the Masons residing in Cuba to labor in behalf of mankind.

I am convinced that from the careful zeal sustained by us in our international foreign relations depends the affection and love with all other grand lodges. It is important for Cuban Masonry to persist in that duty, as it will give us not only great moral and material advantages but will lead us to reach one of our principal ideals, already entertained by several American grand lodges, consigned by them in their answers to our circular letter, appealing to universal peace, declaring that *Cuba seemed to hold a true conception of the mission of Masonry.*

According to the report the Masons of Cuba have been generous in their charity. The grand master evidently believes that everyone ought to give according to his ability for he says—

Why not awake in some of our rich members the noble and generous idea we see existing in other institutions, that allow them to construct asylums, hospitals and good buildings? In real life we must add to the purpose of doing good the call to consciences, remembering that many poor people vague through the world hungry and homeless, to whom Masonry owes a helping hand, do not forget it, think in it often and try to accord them the benefits of so doing.

Concerning what he calls the cursed war he comments—

The grand spanish literateur Vicente Blasco Ibañez, in his genial work *Los cuatro ginetes del Apocalipsis,* says: "That men agree to live a better life, that the strong may sacrifice himself for the weak, the wealthy for the humble, and that the world be ruled by fraternity always seeking the greatest quality."

I have thought most opportune to cite here the past paragraphs because I think that the evil of the Cuban problem is originated by the lack of practising those counsels in them recommended for the educational preparation of our people.

What matters that some good willed men practice and teach those virtues and that they may be backed by institutions helping to obtain a complete success, if in the reality of republican life is to be found a most strong nucleus of citizens who, ignoring them, if for their unlimited egoism they carry to the

bosom of society, together with their ambition, the venomous germ of their evil intentions and deeds to destroy, instead of rebuild the social edifice upon solid foundations of love and justice!

The grand secretary's report discloses the fact that in the island of Cuba there are 106 Masonic lodges with membership of 6907. The province of Havana leads with 44 lodges.

The number raised during the year was 743 and the net increase in membership, 717. The total amount spent by the lodges for charity was $5,924.27, while the sum of $454.77 was invested in education.

The Masonic newspapers of the island receive the endorsement of the grand secretary who says very nice things about them.

The Committee on Correspondence presents a report which might very properly be termed an essay on the condition of Masonry throughout the world.

The grand jurisdictions of the United States and elsewhere are not separately reviewed.

The reviewer takes a poke at North Carolina in the following—

> Often, strange events happen in the international Masonic field that astonish even old and proved Masonic scholars; such is, for instance, the existence of Art. 270 in the Constitution of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, which enforces not on the candidate for initiation the requisite of being able to read and write. Although the grand master of that grand lodge recently asked its revocation, there is no notice that the grand lodge acted on the recommendation. Generally, the Cuban people are regarded as most illiterate, but we, nevertheless, believe our Masonry is far from being so, truly, we think our grand lodge to be as advanced and cultured as any; oh! this fact makes us understand now why North Carolina needed 46 years to extend to Cuba her right hand of fellowship.

Concerning the French situation he says—

> It is very sensible, but by no means strange, that the new Independent Grand Lodge of France cannot show any progress. It is very difficult to establish new Masonic bodies in any place where old and strong ones already exist, no matter the reasons for so doing. England, the decided supporter of the new French body, must probably have recognized her error now. That the orthodox grand lodges do not accept the Grand Orient of France is easily understood, for the G. O. denial of the deist philosophy professed by true Masonry from her beginning; but it is not the Grand Orient the only Masonic grand body to be found in France, there is in that country, beside, the Scottish Grand Lodge, worthy and faithful to the traditions of the rite and a friend of us since its establishment in 1879. Why the Grand Lodge of England did not treat with her instead of fostering a new body? Was it on account of her origin? Well, brethren, if that was

the cause, let me remind you that civil law any where does not ignore naturalized children and even foundlings receive due attention, as many of these have astonished the world by their grandeur. That class of sins ought to fall on the parents and never on the children, wholly innocent of the faults of their forefathers.

Evidently the grand master of Connecticut pleased him for he says—

Most opportune has been the grand master of Connecticut by calling **Masonic divulgers** those that "publish many things that should never go beyond the gates of the temples." Surely, indiscretion is found anywhere, the constant advices addressed in within the temples, not being sufficient to withhold from outsiders many things pertaining to internal affairs. What desire to throw far from themselves the Masonic gowns, when by so doing they undertake to suggest bad thoughts on us, inducing us to falsely step in wrong paths.

His closing remarks are reproduced because in a measure they show what is in the mind of the Masons of Cuba.

The clamor among Anglo-Saxon Grand Lodges against Cuba, for our not speaking, or, at least, not writing in English, even *in partibus,* our proceedings, steadily continues.

This incident we lament, more yet, we have always stated that in this matter the advantage was for the illiterate Cuban, as we proved our culture by complying with the demand coming from outside; nevertheless, sometimes when the petition is not carefully made, it can become a motive of annoyance and arrogance, this we say with pardon to Masons.

Hear what ex-Grand Master Atkinson has to say upon that matter in his last report on correspondence to the Grand Lodge of West Virginia—

Our West Virginia grand secretary has mailed to me a copy of the proceedings of this M. W. Grand Lodge (Cuba), which is so fairly good size, and is well and neatly printed, but it is printed in Spanish, and as I know comparatively nothing about the Spanish language, it is out of my power to even attempt to review any of its transactions. I, therefore, must of necessity, "pass it up."

Lodges 106 — Francisco Sanchez Curbelo, G. M., Havana.

Members 6,907 — Jose Marti, G. S., Havana.

DELAWARE, A F. & A. M.

1917

The grand lodge met in October, 1917. Several requests for copy of proceedings addressed to the grand secretary failed to evoke even the courtesy of a reply. This leads to the conclusion that either the grand secretary or the grand lodge has gone out of business, perhaps both.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, F. A. A. M.

1917

If there is a spot in America upon which the eyes of all the world are directed at this time it is the District of Columbia. Naturally much interest attaches to the work of the Freemasons in this jurisdiction. The proceedings are presented in a well printed volume of 450 pages. One thing which claims first attention is the title of this Grand Lodge F. A. A. M. as indicated on the front page. It is a safe bet that should a brother bearing credentials with the above title thereon present himself to an Illinois lodge the Committee of Examination would soon scurry to someone in authority to find out if this grand lodge was regular. It is too bad that the grand lodges of the United States cannot get together and agree upon a uniform designation. After all what is in a name? At least Romeo didn't let the name worry him very much in his wooing of the fair Juliet.

The Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia evidently believes that when there is business to transact the thing to do is to get together and do it. March 10, 1917, there was held in the city of Washington, a stated communication attended by nearly all the officers of the grand lodge and representatives from constituent lodges. This meeting was given over to the Committee on Work and Rituals and the degrees of Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft and Master Mason were conferred in full form and ceremony.

A special communication held April 10th was for the purpose of conducting the funeral of Most Worshipful Brother Henry Kedglie Simpson, past grand master and grand treasurer. At this emmergent communication it is noticeable that nearly every grand officer of the grand lodge was present and in his place. This is as it should be. When a grand lodge assembles for any public function the grand officers should be present and their expenses should be paid by the grand lodge. The idea of grand lodges created by proxy does not find favor with the writer and takes away from the whole transaction much of dignity. A second stated communication was held on May 9th which was attended by grand officers and representatives of the several lodges. Just what the necessity for this meeting might be is not apparent from the records as very little of the business transacted was of sufficient importance to demand immediate attention. However, a very interesting report was presented concerning the establishment of a non-sectarian university under Masonic auspices. The report is quite lengthy and in substance approves of—

> The formation of an incorporated company or oganization of an endowed foundation under Masonic auspices and direction for

the purpose of carrying out the fundamental principles and teachings of the fraternity in reference to benevolence and education.

The grand lodge approved the report and named a special committee of five to carry out its provisions. The writer has long thought that somewhere in this great United States there should be a splendid university endowed by Masons where their sons might go and receive an education under those influences which Freemasonry ever fosters and encourages. It will be a difficult matter for the District of Columbia to interest other grand lodges in their project because it goes without saying that every grand lodge has ideas of its own upon every possible Masonic subject and it will be a mighty hard matter to get them together in such a laudable enterprise as is contemplated by the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia.

One of the most interesting reports presented at this meeting is that of the employment bureau. During the year three hundred and twenty-five applied for positions, ninety-four of whom secured positions through the employment bureau. Of those applying fifty-eight were past fifty years of age. Every young man who reads this article ought to profit from this statement and conserve his finances in his youth so that when he approaches the age of fifty years he does not have to worry about securing a position but may be in a position to enjoy "the happy reflection consequent on a well spent life."

The committee appointed at a previous communication to prepare an appropriate flag ceremony submitted a very elaborate ritual for this particular service. Action on the report, however, was postponed until the next stated communication.

That distinguished Freemason, George Fleming Moore, whose friendship the writer prizes very highly, was introduced and delivered an instructive and entertaining address. Brother Moore always has something good to say. His remarks concerning the ideas which men hold concerning Freemasonry is interesting and amusing.

> Some years ago I sent out a questionnaire to about fifty prominent Masons, asking them to give me a definition of Freemasonry. It was amusing to read the multitude of answers which I received—I think I had five from the fifty questionnaires—and they were as diverse as the creeds of our different churches, and that, to use our common slang phrase, is "going some."
>
> The definition of Freemasonry given in the old English lectures of a hundred years ago is that it is "a peculiar system of morality veiled in allegory and illustrated by symbols," but, for the life of me, I could never see the use of veiling a system of morality! It seems to me, especially in these days, that our morality ought not be veiled at all; it ought to be made about as public as we

can possibly make it, and ought to be used as consistently as possible. So that definition is in every way inadequate.

The Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia evidently believes in holding its annual meeting when the weather is cool, for the date of this most interesting session is given as December 19th.

The address of Grand Master James W. Witten, is an entertaining document and shows very clearly that during the time he served his grand lodge as grand master he has been thoroughly alive to his responsibilities and has met them fearlessly and courageously. He granted many dispensations. The purpose of most of them was to make men in the uniforms of our country into Master Masons before they were ordered abroad. He makes an elaborate obituary report, but as the grand lodge apparently provides no special committee for this duty it is supposed that the grand master is expected to take care of it. Of the exchange of courtesies between grand jurisdictions which are so numerous at the present time he says:—

> It is well worthy of note in this connection that so generally have these courtesies been exchanged that the grand master of a jurisdiction in which they have not heretofore been granted has joined with all the other grand masters in extending them very much to his credit.

This all goes to prove that perhaps when the present war is over we will emerge therefrom with many of our prejudices battered to pieces and with a new conception of Freemasonry. The grand master endorses the Washington Memorial Association as well as several associations composed of Masons operating within the jurisdiction. The grand master was generous in this respect. If he knew to a certainty the inner workings of all these various organizations and is assured that they may not ultimately foment trouble in the fraternity, his endorsement was probably within bounds, however, this writer has always been opposed to organizations within Masonry, they spell trouble with a capital "t."

The grand master refers to various war activities and the efforts for the promotion of patriotism. The Red Cross receives his unqualified endorsement and the sum of $5,270 was raised in its behalf during his administration. He speaks enthusiastically of what he terms the "War Daddy Movement," designed for the entertainment of visiting soldiers and sailors while in the city of Washington. What the grand master has to say concerning the extension of the privileges of war cantonments to the Masonic Fraternity is interesting but as the objectionable order of the War Department was satisfactorily modified much credit must be given the Masons of the country for standing boldly upon their rights. Concerning reciprocity with French Masons, the grand master expressed the hope,—

> That such charges might be effected as the time rendered affiliation with French Masons both desirable and possible.

The report of the grand secretary deals almost wholly with the financial affairs of the grand lodge. The total receipts were $16,521.95 and the expenditures $20,523.64. However, the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia is in a most excellent financial condition. The total assets in general funds being $261,938.29. The report of the grand lecturer discloses the fact that the grand lodge still adheres to the custom of conferring the Past Master's degree on brethren elected to preside over their respective lodges. It seems mighty hard to break away from useless procedures simply because they have been the custom.

The Jurisprudence Committee had an easy time. The grand master made no decisions and the committee, therefore had nothing to report. The Grand Lodge of Argentine was recognized and an exchange of representatives ordered. In response to the petition of the Grand Lodge of France for recognition the special committee appointed upon the subject after what it claims as a very careful investigation made the following report which was adopted—

> The Grand Lodge of France is sovereign, and has no more connection with the Grand Orient of France than has the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia with the Grand Lodge of Maryland or Pennsylvania. It has never before asked our recognition, but its lodges have uniformly cordially received visitors from our members when visiting France. It has not offended, as the Grand Orient has. We therefore cordially recommend granting the Grand Lodge of France our formal recognition and an exchange of representatives.

It is interesting to note that the report on flag ceremonies carried over from the May communication was again postponed.

The Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia evidently believes in the observance of the Masonic festivals for on St. John's day, December 27th, a St. John's day communication was held with grand lodge officers and representatives of lodges present. No business of interest was transacted at this meeting, except the election of officers.

The report on correspondence is prepared by a committee on which G. W. Baird, past grand master, is chairman. The committee are very generous in their review of Illinois and quote in full the resolutions adopted and sent to the president. In this connection the committee state—

> It is worthy of note that the Grand Lodge of Illinois has the good taste to refer to the chief executive as "the President" and not "Wilson," as is the practice of the daily press.

Concerning Grand Master Wheeler and his constitutional amendments the following comment is made—

> We pass his mention of constitutional amendments. It always invites attention to the Nation's Constitution, the amendments to which may be likened to plucking the plumage from beautiful birds. It makes us shudder.

The report of the Committee on Appeals and Grievances is approved on the following—

> It is gratifying to read the report on appeals and grievances, for it gives all the facts the fraternity needs, and suppresses both names and offenses, which have so often been read by the enemy and hurled back at us as horrible examples.

The report of Illinois Correspondence by Brother Chas. H. Martin commended it as a good review of the proceedings of all the English speaking grand lodges. The committee complimented the Proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Illinois by saying—

> The report is enriched by artistic photogravures of the new temples in the state, which add much to its value.

Lodges 30
Members 10,830

Lem. Powers, G. M., Washington, D. C.
Arvine W. Johnson, G. S., Washington, D. C.

ENGLAND, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The Grand Lodge of England holds quarterly communications at which current business is transacted and social features observed.

The proceedings of these quarterly assemblies are issued in small pamphlets quite unattractive.

One peculiar thing about the transactions is that in recording the minutes proper every word spoken either by an officer or a representative is recorded in full, even to the (cheers) (loud cheers) (hear hear).

What is called an especial grand lodge was held in the city of London, Saturday, June 23, 1917. The purpose of this grand communication was "to commemorate the first assembly of the Grand Lodge of England, which took place on the Festival of St. John-in-Summer, 1717."

A long list of dignitaries was present consisting of right worshipfuls, very worshipfuls, worshipfuls, etc. Every man who has an honorary title is given credit for same.

Among the visitors present was a deputation from the Grand Lodge of Ireland consisting of officers of that grand body headed by the grand master, the most worshipful right honorable, the Earl of Donoughmore, K.P. The Grand Lodge of Scotland was also represented by Most Worshipful Brigadier General Robert Gordon Gilmour of Craigmillar and officers of the grand lodge. Many other dignitaries were present from grand lodges in close allegiance with the Grand Lodge of England.

The masters and wardens and members of the Lodge of Antiquity, No. 2, the Royal Somerset House and Inverness Lodge No. 4, and the Fortitude and Old Cumberland Lodge No. 12, entered the grand lodge in procession, and were conducted to seats reserved for them. A grand lodge procession was then formed and the right worshipful deputy grand master, the Right Honorable T. F. Halsey was escorted into the lodge room. The grand lodge was then opened after which a deputation of grand officers retired and another procession was formed and the most worshipful grand master, His Royal Highness The Duke of Connaught, K.G. was escorted into the presence of the grand lodge.

The grand master having taken his seat on the throne was saluted by numerous dignitaries present and addressed the grand lodge advising them that he had sent a telegram to His Majesty the King renewing the expressions of loyalty and devotion of the Grand Lodge of England. The King replied by telegram and said in part—

> The traditional loyalty of British Freemasons is a force upon which the sovereign of this country has ever reckoned, and has been to me a proud memory during the anxious years through which we are passing.

The right worshipful deputy grand master then addressed the grand master and grand lodge and said in part—

> When on St. John's Day-in-Summer in 1717, the brethren of four lodges, who had previously formed themselves into the Grand Lodge of England, elected and installed their first grand master, could the most sanguine among them have anticipated that from this foundation, however well and truly laid, such a splendid super-structure would arise, so perfect in its parts and so honourable to the builders, who through so many generations have laboured with ever-increasing care, until we welcome it now, glorious in wisdom, strength and beauty? Truly the small seed has grown into a magnificent tree, with branches overshadowing the whole world, a refuge from the storms of life, with fruits of love and peace to all in sorrow and affliction.

Concerning the growth of Freemasonry in England and the British Empire the deputy grand master called attention to the fact that—

> At the first meeting of this grand lodge in 1717 we had working under our banner four lodges, all in London. Now we have 3,226 in active work throughout the British Empire and beyond its boundaries.

In concluding his address the following peroration was greeted with loudest cheers—

> It is not for us mortals to forecast the future, but may it not be possible that this edifice, the completion of which we celebrate to day, may in itself be but the foundation of a still more glorious edifice to be reared by our children and children's children, long after we shall have been summoned to the Grand

Lodge above, to carry on and amplify our benevolent work till time shall be no more.

In response to this address the grand master said—

Satisfaction is deepened today by the bringing together of this vast assemblage of Freemasons, all imbued with the same principles, all believing the same tenets, each determined to strive to the utmost to maintain at the highest point of perfection those grand principles of brotherly love, relief, and truth, which not only supply the foundation, but cement and adorn the fabric of Freemasonry.

The grand master of Ireland then expressed his felicitations to the grand master saying that—

Irish Freemasons feel proud that the grand master of English Freemasons is also grand master of Irish Masonic Knight Templars. This is another link connecting Freemasonry in England with the order in Ireland.

The grand master of Scotland also conveyed his congratulations and emphasized the fact that the Grand Lodge of England and the Grand Lodge of Scotland were bound together by many ties historical and fraternal.

Amid storm of cheers the deputy grand master paid the following tribute to American Freemasons—

To our American brethren, we say how sincerely we recognize that spirit of love of truth and loyalty to freedom which has led their nation to join with our own and with our allies in the present struggle. (Cheers). From its beginning we have felt that the cause which we defend is that of Masonic brotherhood in its noblest aspects (Hear, hear), and that the victory of our cause will ensure the spread throughout all lands of the three grand principles on which our order is founded, and the triumph of which was never more necessary, and, we trust, never more assured, than it is at this hour.

The assistant grand secretary then read the names of a long list of grand officers on whom promotion had been conferred and those in attendance were presented to the grand master.

A telegram from British Freemasons interned in Germany was read—

We, the British Freemasons interned as civilian prisoners of war at Ruhleben, Germany, having the prosperity of our ancient fraternity at heart, humbly desire to offer our sincere congratulations and fraternal greetings to the most worshipful grand master, His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., and to the other eminent members of the United Grand Lodge of Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons of England on the occasion of the Bicentenary Celebration of the foundation of this honourable institution.

We most cordially wish you all happiness, and pray the Great Architect of the Universe of His infinite mercy and goodness to

guide and direct you in the governance of this grand lodge; and pledge ourselves, though parted from that country whence we derived our birth and infant nurture, never to lose sight of the allegiance we owe to the sovereign of our native land. (Cheers.)

May Peace, Plenty and Unity ever subsist among the craft until time shall be no more.

The remainder of this meeting was given over to a report of the Bicentenary Committee and the reading of other historical data bearing on the formation of the first grand lodge.

On Sunday, June 24th, at 11 o'clock in the morning in the Royal Albert Hall, London, there was held a Masonic service commemorating the 200th anniversary of the first Grand Lodge of England. The service consisted of hymns, Scripture reading, prayers and an address by Very Worshipful Brother The Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Birmingham, grand chaplain. The address was in keeping with the occasion and was fervent with appeal to Masons to do their full duty in the present war.

On the 5th day of September, 1917, a quarterly communication of the grand lodge was held at which there was a large attendance.

The resignation of the grand secretary, Right Worshipful Brother Sir Edward Letchworth, P.G.W., was presented on account of ill health and was accepted by the grand lodge with the deepest regret.

The Board of Benevolence report receipts and expenditures and advised the grand lodge that the fund was in excellent condition.

The Board of General Purposes which seem to be possessed of the authority of the grand master, made an extended report. It recommended that Brother Edward Letchworth be retained by the grand lodge in a consultative capacity and that his salary be fixed at 2,000 pounds per annum. It is refreshing to note that the Grand Lodge of England did not soon forget the splendid services rendered it by Brother Letchworth during his twenty-five years of activities as grand secretary.

Another matter which the board calls to the attention of the grand lodge was the careless bookkeeping on the part of a number of lodges and they were urged to see that their secretaries gave better attention to the details of their respective offices.

The question of the salary of the newly elected grand secretary was the subject of much discussion. It was, however, finally fixed at 1200 pounds per annum rising by biennial increments of 100 pounds to 1500 pounds. The grand lodge voted to place a memorial tablet on the Church of St. Paul Convent Garden, to Anthony Sayer, first grand master of the Grand Lodge of England.

It is evident that the Grand Lodge of England like a good many grand lodges wastes time in quibbling over trifles. Concerning an amendment passed a brother got up and said—

> I do not know if the president of the board would consider the advisability of putting the words "by the secretary" after the word "shall." It seems to me it would express the intention better. The rule would then read "The lodge shall by its secretary" instead of "The lodge by its secretary shall." (Laughter.) It seems to me more English.

> The President of the Board of General Purposes replied: R.W. Deputy Grand Master, this is a matter of rather delicate literary taste, and it affects a rule which offends against practically every canon of such taste. The brethren will find in it the split infinitive and many similar horrors to strict grammarians which should not exist in the Book of Constitutions; and when grand lodge decides to revise that book, to make it literature as well as art (laughter) I shall be delighted to have the co-operation of the brethren in making everything read well. The point raised by our brother is purely a verbal matter; and I think, if you will trust to the taste of the R.W. the deputy grand master, when authorizing these proceedings, you will find we will endeavour to get in the words in such order as will fit their present position in that line of the book. I am not prepared at the moment to argue whether "by the secretary" shall go in front of "shall" or after; but the point is to make it clear that the duty of making the return is put upon the secretary. If, then, we decide to place that duty on the secretary, whether you say "shall" before or after "by" it will mean that it will be done. (Laughter and cheers).

One thing the Grand Lodge of England frowned upon at this quarterly meeting and that was the growing practice of publicly advertising for brethren to become founders of new lodges.

The quarterly communication held on Wednesday, the 5th day of December, was presided over by the deputy grand master, Right Worshipful Right Hon. Thomas Frederick Halsey, P.C., M.A.

The first business was the reelection of the Duke of Connaught as grand master for the ensuing year.

The Board of General Purposes rehearsed its activities during the past quarter and urged lodges to observe the strictest economy in the consumption of food.

Lodges were cautioned to exercise vigilant scrutiny over candidates for the degrees whose normal homes are in the dominion oversea. They were advised to communicate with the lodges in whose jurisdiction these petitioners may reside in order that full inquiry may be made into their characters and qualifications.

One splendid thing was done by the grand lodge as is shown by a special report of a committee appointed to look after English Masons interned in enemy countries. The following gives an idea of their work—

> From the outset, a plentiful supply was arranged of parcels of such food and personal comforts as our interned brethren signified they most required; and the despatch every three weeks first arranged has, in accordance with the requirements of the Central Prisoners of War Committee, for the past eighteen months consisted of parcels of 10 lbs. each, of which three are despatched to each prisoner at intervals covering a period of 14 days. Testimony has come to hand that, in the overwhelming majority of instances, every consignment has reached its destination intact; and certain of the brethren, who have been repatriated under the system of exchange of prisoners, have informed the board that, without this assistance, their already hard lot would have been considerably aggravated. The disbursements up to date have been £5,707 2s. 6d, leaving in hand £1,062 12s. 6d.; and, as this sum will ensure no more than a few months' supply at the present rate, which is hoped to be maintained, the board makes a further appeal to the generosity of the craft on behalf of this most deserving fund.

Concerning the chain prayer which seems to have reached England, the president of the Board of General Purposes referred to it as a nuisance and urged every Mason to break the chain whenever possible.

The following colloquy which took place shows that after all our English cousins are quite human—

> V.W. Bro. Roberts: Is it in order to ask, R.W. Deputy Grand Master, whether and when and in what manner one as a Mason may draw attention to the circumstances surrounding enemy membership of English Freemasonry?
>
> The R.W. Deputy Grand Master: I do not think that arises on this question, but the worthy brother is quite as well acquainted, from my knowledge of him and from my knowledge of the office that he has held for many years in a neighbouring province—he is quite as well acquainted with the provisions of the Book of Constitutions as I am myself. Any brother who feels that he has any grievance had better consult the Book of Constitutions, and find out from that book the proper course that he should take.
>
> V.W. Bro. Roberts: R.W. Deputy Grand Master, it was with a view to attacking that Book of Constitutions that I wanted to make some remarks. We cannot get at the Book of Constitutions, we cannot get at the Board of General Purposes, and we want to if we can.
>
> The President of the Board of General Purposes: R.W. Deputy Grand Master, the Book of Constitutions is published in this building at the price of one shilling. It is, therefore, perfectly possible to get at the Book of Constitutions.

V.W. Bro. Roberts: In that sense.

The President of the Board of General Purposes: As for getting at the Board of General Purposes, I assure you, R.W. Deputy Grand Master, my experience is that that body can be "got at"—sometimes, its members venture to think just a little too often and a little too easily. There is no difficulty at any time, indeed, in "getting at" the Board of General Purposes.

A Special Fund for the care of sailors is in charge of the grand lodge. The grand master gave to this fund 500 pounds and the king 5000 pounds.

A memorial to the late Brother Edward Letchworth was presented manifesting the deep sorrow felt by the Masons of England over the demise of this worthy man and Freemason.

A fraternal correspondent is no doubt regarded as a useless commodity of the Grand Lodge of England for throughout the reports there is no reference to other grand jurisdictions.

Lodges

Thomas Frederick Halsey, D. G. M.

P. Colville Smith, G. S.

FLORIDA, F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings make up an attractive volume. They are printed in clear, readable type, and the grand secretary has the thanks of the writer.

A portrait of A. S. York, grand master for the year 1917, also a half tone illustration of the Masonic hall at St. Petersburg adorns the opening pages.

The 89th annual communication was held in the city of Jacksonville on Tuesday, January 15, 1918.

The opening prayer of the grand chaplain is well taken because it was not only in keeping with the spirit of the times but was within the bounds of Freemasonry.

The roll call of representatives failed to elicit a response from the representative of Illinois who apparently was not present.

The address of the grand master, A. S. York, is a well written paper. He opens with reference to the war in which the country is engaged and says—

> If among all our people there are any who are prepared and will not shirk any of the responsibilities of the hour they are the Freemasons of this country. Surely our fraternity which kept alive the light of learning through the Dark Ages, made the first assaults on the divine right of kings, which first established a brotherhood planned on the foundation stones of the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, will not be found wanting in this grapple to the death between the forces of autocracy and the forces of democracy, this struggle which we hope and pray may settle forever the elemental rights of man for which Freemasonry has stood through all the ages of its existence. While regretting poignantly, my brethren, the awful carnage which deluges the earth with blood, we welcome the opportunity for patriotic service which the need of our country offers. I know that I speak for the Freemasons of this country when I say that among us, there is no division of opinion, no whisper of doubt, no fear of our ultimate victory. We stand loyally behind our country and its government and with all that we have and with all that we are, are ready to serve their cause to the utmost.

His report on necrology is quite lengthy and he left very little for the Committee on Memorials to cover.

One new lodge was instituted during the year and one lodge had its charter revoked because the worshipful master and senior warden opened the lodge privately and secretly and forced a ballot on the petition of an applicant without notifying other members of said lodge who were present in the building. What else could the grand master do under the circumstance? There is a good deal of clandestine balloting and examination of candidates going on in a good many of our lodges and it is refreshing to find a grand master who measures up to the situation and who proposes to stop these illegal practices.

The grand master issued twenty-seven dispensations to elect officers. Rather an unusual number.

He also issued eighty-nine dispensations to ballot and confer degrees in less than the lawful time. In this connection he says—

> It will be apparent by a reading of this report that many more than the usual number of dispensations to ballot on applicants and confer degrees short of time have been granted during the past year. This has been caused by the fact that our nation is engaged in a great war and many of her sons have been leaving the United States, and many others are preparing to leave, for a foreign shore, to risk their lives in defense of their country. It was found necessary in many cases to grant these dispensations if these young men were to receive the benefits

> of Masonry before making this supreme sacrifice on the altar of their country. Under these circumstances it was my judgment that the wise and liberal exercise of the power to grant dispensations was a patriotic and Masonic duty.

Florida evidently permits its particular lodges, so designated in the proceedings, to lay cornerstones for two dispensations were issued for this purpose.

It is also noticed that the grand lodge itself lays cornerstones. Evidently the Grand Lodge of Florida is willing to extend to its particular lodges the same rights which it holds itself.

Among the dispensations refused was one to take a ballot at a called communication, and another to permit a lodge to attend the unveiling of a monument "to a deceased brother in a body"—at least so the record states.

Among the rulings made by the grand master was one that the petition from a yeoman on board a United States warship which had been stationed at Key West might petition a lodge near by.

Another decision is interesting—

> An old brother had requested that he be allowed to place a trust fund with the lodge to be held by it for himself and wife, the amount not used by them during life to be used by the lodge in paying funeral expenses and for the upkeep of their lot in the cemetery after their death.

The grand master ruled that inasmuch as the grand lodge is not authorized to act as trustee for the property of a member of the fraternity the same regulation would apply to a particular lodge. It seems to the writer that the grand master stretched a point in this case. There may be very good reasons why the grand lodge itself should not engage in the business of trusteeships but there isn't any reason in the world why one of its lodges should not become trustee for a small fund to be used in carrying out the last wishes of an old and devoted member of the craft. Of course the acceptance of a trusteeship entails some burden of responsibility upon the lodge, but what is Masonry organized for? Is it merely for the indulgence of the vanity and the selfishness of its members, or is it to make the world brighter and happier through service to the brethren?

Another ruling by the grand master shows the waywardness of human nature. A brother wrote the grand master that there was a member of his lodge that he didn't like and he wanted to know if he came down to lodge ahead of the object of his animosity if he could object to his entering the lodge. Of course the grand master had to say no.

The grand master also decided that a bookkeeper for a brewery could petition a lodge in Florida because the applicant had nothing to do with the manufacture or sales of the product. He might, however, be a consumer, a question which ought to be taken cognizance of.

Three edicts were issued by the grand master which are quoted in full—

1. It is gross unmasonic conduct for a Mason to distribute business cards having on the back thereof a parody on a subject of Masonry, or a piece of doggerel tending to make light of any of the Masonic lectures or ceremonies. The Masonic ceremonies are too sacred and beautiful to be lightly treated and ridiculed.

2. It is improper for the lodges in this jurisdiction to rent their lodge room or temple to any organization based on Masonic membership, except those included in the York Rite, the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, the Order of the Eastern Star, and the Mystic Shrine.

3. It is improper for a Mason in this state to send out, either signed or unsigned, a letter containing a supposed Masonic prayer of ancient origin, asking the recipient to pray the enclosed prayer and to send other copies of same to other individuals.

The grand master reported a matter of great Masonic import. It appears that a petitioner in the Order of the Eastern Star must be a Master Mason in good standing and when suspended by his lodge he is automatically suspended in the Eastern Star. In order to carry out these provisions of the law the Eastern Star must have some authentic way of knowing who are in good standing in the lodges and likewise who have been excused from the fraternity for failure to pay dues. Hence the grand master presented this momentous question with the request that something be done to meet this vital issue for the reason that the support of the Eastern Star was seriously needed in the plans now going forward for the construction of a Masonic home in the state. Suppose the Order of Red Men or the Daughters of Isabella should have made a like request from the grand master stating that they did not want any suspended Masons joining their organization and would like to be kept advised on these matters that they might protect themselves. The Order of the Eastern Star has absolutely no connection whatsoever with the institution of Freemasonry. Just the moment that our fraternity commences to recognize and accord privileges to those organizations making affiliation in the Masonic Fraternity a basis for membership, just that moment it invites serious trouble.

The grand master recommended the appointment of a grand lecturer for the purpose of holding schools of instruction and teaching the work.

This suggestion was made because of the chaotic condition of the ritual in Florida.

The editor of a Masonic paper in Florida who held membership in the jurisdiction of Georgia came in for a severe scoring by the grand master because of the fact that he had devoted much of his energies during the year to belittling the Grand Lodge of Florida and advising members to disobey the mandates of the grand master. It looks very strange that a brother from one jurisdiction would have so little sense of propriety as to go into another jurisdiction and proceed to tell them how to run their affairs.

Masonic journals edited by Masons of standing who have some knowledge of Freemasonry are greatly needed in order that the fraternity may be properly represented in the field of journalism. But there ought to be some law prohibiting those lazy, shiftless members of society who can't make a decent living at anything else from starting a Masonic newspaper and not only misrepresenting the craft but abusing everybody who doesn't fall in with their ideas and lend them their pocketbooks.

The reports of the district deputy grand masters are interesting papers and are printed as a part of the grand master's report. In Illinois they are put over in the back part of the proceedings where nobody can find them.

The deputy grand master, having served as grand master during the absence of the real article from the state, made a detailed report of his acts. Apparently the grand master of Florida is not jealous of his prerogative and did not absent himself from the state for a couple of weeks without saying anything about it as the writer has known some grand masters to do.

The report of the grand secretary deals with many affairs connected with his office purely of local interest. His financial statement shows receipts of $24,650.15 and the grand treasurer's report shows expenditures of $26,019.51.

The grand lodge adopted a resolution exempting all members of Florida lodges who are serving in the army and navy from the payment of dues. It also adopted a resolution forbidding lodges in Florida from suspending members during the period of the war.

The second day's session opened with a lengthy address delivered by Brother J. W. Hanan, past grand master of Indiana. It was excellent, but if a visitor were to come to the Grand Lodge of Illinois and consume as much time as Brother Hanan apparently did he would be shot on the spot. The only man who gets any leaway in the matter of time is the grand orator.

The Building Committee of the home and orphanage made an extended report which shows that the grand lodge proposes to put the cottage plan into operation. The committee recommended that they be given power to commence their building plans on a plat of ground donated to the grand lodge, located near the city of St. Petersburg. The grand lodge willingly concurred with all that the committee asked and then introduced a resolution inviting the Order of the Eastern Star to provide a Representative Committee with authority to co-operate with the Building Committee of the grand lodge and the writer will bet a buttered biscuit that the time will come when the grand lodge will regret this matrimonial venture and seek means to obtain a divorce.

The Committee on Jurisprudence made quite a lengthy report. Concerning the matter of Edict No. 2 they were of the opinion—

> Edict No. 2, wherein the grand master declared "that it is improper for the lodges of this jurisdiction to rent their lodge rooms or temple to any organization based on Masonic membership, except those included in the York Rite, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, the Order of the Eastern Star and the Mystic Shrine." The committee were of the opinion that the edict should be withdrawn and declared of no effect, because it is clearly within the province and right of the particular lodges to rent their rooms for any proper purpose not subversive to the ground work and principles of Freemasonry.

Concerning the request of the Order of Eastern Star for certain information to which they are not entitled the committee reported—

> The grand secretary of the grand lodge and the secretaries of the particular lodges are authorized and directed to furnish to the officers of the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star and to the secretaries of any of the subordinate chapters of the O. E. S. upon proper application by them, information as to the standing of any Mason who is or may have been a member of any of the lodges in this Grand Jurisdiction, which may be necessary for the purpose of obtaining membership in that order.

They knocked out the recommendation of the grand master relating to the selection of a grand lecturer because of the additional expense.

This committee also recommended the following amendment to the constitution to lie over one year—

> When all of the three principal officers of a particular lodge are absent, the lodge may be opened and presided over by a district deputy grand master, or by the junior past master present.

Apparently some of the officers of Florida lodges are not as attentive to their duties as they should be else such legislation would not be required.

The Committee on Memorials made a report of just about one page. It is assumed that since the grand master took upon himself the duty of paying proper respect to the memory of the dead there was very little left for the committee to do.

A special committee appointed to erect a monument to the memory of Past Grand Master Carnell reported that the duty assigned to them had been performed. It is very unusual for a grand lodge to take sufficient interest in the memory of its past grand masters as to mark their final resting places with suitable monuments. The Grand Lodge of Florida has performed an exceptional service and is to be commended.

The report on foreign correspondence is from the pen of Silas B. Wright and he has been exceedingly generous with Illinois, giving nine pages to the review.

He briefly and entertainingly writes up the principal items in the address of Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler as well as the various transactions of the grand lodge.

He makes neither criticism nor comment.

He evidently liked the remarks made by Owen Scott concerning the work done by the Masons in Illinois at the various state encampments for he quotes the speech in full.

Concerning the correspondence report he says—

> The correspondence report by Brother Charles H. Martin is his second, and is interesting from start to finish. He ably and in an interesting manner presents the principal points of the proceedings of the various grand lodges with numerous pleasant criticisms and comparisons of the matters presented.

Lodges 241 — W. T. Picton Warlow, G. M., Orlando.

Members 14,035 — Wilber P. Webster, G. S., Jacksonville.

GEORGIA, F. & A. M.

1917

The one hundred and thirty-first annual communication was held in the city of Macon, October 30-31, 1917.

The grand lodge indulged in a little ostentation, for the record states that the grand marshal called the grand lodge to order and gave three ringing blows of the gavel which brought the twelve hundred representatives to attention while the grand lodge officers entered.

The first thing done was to call the roll of grand officers and grand representatives. Illinois was represented in the person of Joseph Gregg, Jr. of Atlanta.

An alarm at the door, when attended, disclosed the fact that the American flag was waiting to be received. As it was proudly carried down the aisle under escort of two veteran heroes of the Southland and of Masonry, the audience sang America.

The roll call of lodges and delegates must have consumed considerable time.

The grand secretary would greatly improve his proceedings if he would print this list, together with the names of past masters in attendance, as a part of his appendix.

In his opening remarks, the grand master says—

> It has never been my pleasure to be associated with a more affable, courteous, gentlemanly body of men than those who make up the corps of officers of the Grand Lodge of Georgia.

The grand master well says that Masons are gentlemen.

He devotes two pages of his address to the subject of necrology, Past Grand Master Albert B. Ashley of Illinois being mentioned.

The grand master reported that he had received nearly three hundred letters asking for decisions upon various matters. Not one of the inquiries involved any new construction of law, hence, he had no decisions to report.

One answer which he made is hardly in keeping with Masonic ethics. He decided that there is no objection for a worshipful master to allow a discussion on a candidate before the ballot has been spread; but after the ballot has been declared there must be absolutely no discussion.

The Jurisprudence Committee approved this ruling. It looks very much to the writer that to permit any discussion as to the merits or demerits of candidates prior to the ballot would mean interminable trouble. There can be no objection to a statement which might positively identify the petitioner but for a brother to get up and harangue the lodge, urging the election of the petitioner is not in keeping with the usages of Freemasonry.

During the year district conventions were held throughout the state, and, according to the grand master's report, they were highly successful. An instructor in the uniform work was present to give instruction in the ritual and there was an exchange of ideas and experiences. Attendance at these conventions was purely optional with the lodges. The plan of district conventions is most excellent. The writer has for a long time

been trying to get the Grand Lodge of Illinois to see the wisdom of holding a get-together meeting in every Masonic district in the state. The problem of the present day is to reach the individual lodge officer and, through him, the members of his lodge. The only way this can be accomplished and Masons brought to a better understanding of Freemasonry is through district conventions such as our Georgia brethren have inaugurated.

The grand master says that he did not make as many visitations as he wanted to, however, he enumerates in detail a large number of visits to lodges.

Among the cornerstones laid was one for a new Odd Fellows' hall. This certainly was proper, for Freemasonry is the only society which by reason of its traditions has an inherent right to the ceremony of corner-stone laying.

The grand master refers in very complimentary language to the Scottish Rite hospital for crippled children, and urges the Masons of the state to give it their moral and financial support. In this connection he remarks—

> I am happy to say there is no conflict whatever between the two branches,—the York Rite and Scottish Rite Masons, each working to the same end, the uplift of humanity and the betterment of mankind.

Of course he will be criticized by some for the remark.

The grand master recommended a stenographer for the grand secretary.

The grand master incorporates in his address a report from the trustees of the Masonic home, and calls attention to the fact that the board as now constituted consists of twenty-three members and suggests a reduction to seven good, active business men. He does not see any reason why grand lodge officers and past grand masters should be members of the Board of Trustees simply by reason of their official connection with the grand lodge. Neither does he think that the grand master should be chairman of the Board of Trustees.

In the above this officer shows good business acumen. Each grand lodge should place the management of its homes in the hands of the very best business men that it can command, regardless of their grand lodge affiliations. There is no reason in the world why grand lodge officers should be charged with the management of these institutions, nor is it to the best interests of the home to have trusteeships regarded as political plums to be divided among a special coterie of aspiring office holders.

Georgia has undoubtedly quite recently adopted a uniform work for the grand master states that this act was one of the most far reaching in the history of the grand lodge. He appointed a board of seven custodians to disseminate the new work.

Lodges of instruction were held throughout the state and much was accomplished in the way of acquainting brethren with the new ritual.

The grand master granted over three hundred dispensations, all of which are given in full. It looks as tho the grand lodge ought to give him a dispensation clerk.

The grand master took a kindly interest in the grand secretary and recommended an increase in his salary.

The report of the grand secretary is a very peculiar document. He briefly gives the total of receipts and devotes the balance of his report to enumerating letters that he wrote and other things which he did. In view of the grand master's recommendation for an increase in his salary perhaps the grand secretary thought it might be advisable to boost the thing along by showing to the grand lodge a minute account of the things which he did. There is nothing unusual or at all burdensome in the grand secretary's office as judged from his detailed service rendered.

Concerning recognition of the Grand Lodge of France the Committee on Foreign Correspondence asked for time to complete their report, stating that they have been unable to secure necessary documentary evidence. The question of recognizing the Grand Lodge of Panama was laid over until the next annual meeting.

A resolution was adopted fixing the salary of the grand secretary at $3,000 per annum. Our brother is to be congratulated. There is no complaint whatsoever concerning the generosity of the grand lodge toward him.

The Committee on Grand Master's Address refers to itself as the Committee on Topical Distribution.

The report of the custodians of the work is quite interesting because during the year they had been dealing with many new problems. The committee found that the task of teaching the new ritual to the Masons of Georgia was one of gigantic proportions and recommended the issuance of a cipher ritual and its distribution among the lodges of the state. But a wise old grand master got up and moved to knock out of the report all references to the publication and use of a key or cipher and the grand lodge concurred.

The grand treasurer evidently makes his report to the Finance Committee for it is printed as a part of the report of those watch dogs of the treasury. The grand lodge is apparently in excellent financial condition and has very little to worry over.

The following resolution was adopted—

> Resolved, by the Grand Lodge of Georgia, That the position of the most worshipful, the grand master, in protesting against discrimination in favor of the Knights of Columbus against other orders, is cordially approved and this grand lodge congratulates him upon the happy results obtained.

This naturally arouses some curiosity. It would be interesting to know the details.

The Committee on Memorials made a very brief report, no doubt its reading pleased the representatives for it was not much more than half a page in length.

The Committee on Jurisprudence got after the grand master for stating in an answer to a question that a waiver of jurisdiction carries with it in a sense a recommendation and ordered that these words be stricken out.

The grand lodge has one committee that is a little out of the ordinary. It is called the "Committee on General Welfare." This committee seems to exercise a sort of supervision over the craft in general, and makes such suggestions and recommendations as appears to it wise and expedient. For instance, in the report under Review it calls attention to the fact that numerous fires occurred during the year entailing severe losses upon the lodges and recommends that some sort of a protection fund be established whereby a lodge might be reimbursed to an amount not exceeding $200. The grand lodge evidently did not want to embark in the insurance business for it rejected that portion of the report.

The following resolution ought to have the effect of causing brethren to avoid suspension for non-payment of dues.

> Resolved, That all approved resolutions and edicts authorizing expulsion for non-payment of dues be repealed, and the old regulations be restored, and a suspended member for non-payment of dues can only be reinstated by unanimous consent of his lodge expressed by secret ballot.

Another resolution introduced during the closing hours provides—

> That each subordinate lodge in Georgia be requested to take a voluntary collection for an endowment fund for the Masonic home with the aim to raise an endowment fund for said institution of $300,000.00.

The report on correspondence called "Review of Foreign Proceedings," is prepared by Raymond Daniel. One thing he is to be commended for is his detail of notable decisions rendered during the year. He refers to the Proceedings of Illinois as a big book containing the proceedings of a big year. He notes the fact that Brother Arthur E. Wood, Georgia's representative, was present in grand lodge. Of course Arthur Wood was present. Somebody has charged him with being omnipresent.

Brother Daniel calls the Grand Masters' Advisory Council an inovation and in very brief items and without comment details the principal things reported by Brother Wheeler.

He passes the correspondence report of Charles H. Martin with a favorable comment.

Lodges 664 M.W. Wm. G. England, G. M., Cedartown.
Members 43,675 R.W. Frank F. Baker, G. S., Macon.

HOLLAND.

1917

Proceedings not received with closing of report.

IDAHO, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings are offered in a neat volume with a blue cover. Masonic lodges seem partial to blue which may account for the misnomer "blue" lodge.

An item on the title page attracts attention because of its rather unusual requirements—

> Ordered that the worshipful masters shall read the proceedings of the grand lodge, or cause the same to be read to their respective lodges, within three months from the receipt thereof, which fact the secretaries are required to report to the grand secretary forthwith under the seal of the lodge.

The fiftieth annual communication was held in the city of Boise on Tuesday the 11th day of September, 1917.

The grand lodge was opened in ample form, after which the roll of deceased past grand masters was called by the grand secretary while the grand master responded with the year of service and date of decease. Then followed a prayer in memory of the departed grand masters.

The roll of representatives of grand lodges was called and these dignitaries were escorted before the altar and received by the grand master. The representative of Illinois does not appear to have been present.

Grand Master John D. Bloomfield presented a carefully prepared document dealing with the affairs of his office. His opening remarks are for the most part reminiscent and congratulatory.

Permissions were granted to a number of lodges to move their places of meeting. Like all grand masters he received and granted numerous requests to confer degrees by courtesy.

The Grand Lodge of Idaho evidently believes in pocket book Masonry for two orders were issued to replace rituals which had been lost or worn out.

A request was made for a dispensation to install a Master elect who was without a certificate of proficiency from the grand lecturer. This involved some new constructions of the law upon the subject which the grand master thought should receive the consideration of the Jurisprudence Committee. A law of this sort may work all right in a small jurisdiction but it is believed that in a large jurisdiction like Illinois it would require a regiment of grand lecturers in order to post and examine the newly elected Masters each year. Then again think of the expense.

The grand master renders a number of what he terms decisions. For the most part they are merely constructions of local law. The following are submitted as out of the ordinary.

Concerning the request for a dispensation to hold an election of officers at another time than Christmas night, the grand master said—

> The powers of the grand master are limited and he cannot grant a dispensation to any constituent lodge to hold its annual election of officers out of time for such dispensation would be setting aside the by-laws of your lodge and one of the Grand Lodge By-Laws.

He replied to the question "Can a member of the Mormon church petition for the degrees of Masonry?"—

He can. There is no more restriction against a member of the Church of Latter Day Saints petitioning for the degrees of Masonry than against a member of the Baptist, Methodist, Presbyterian or any other church. Freemasonry requires that the candidate for initiation be a good man and true, that he obey the laws of the country under whose protection he lives and that he must express his belief in the existence of one ever living and true God.

Relating to the question of the propriety of the master conducting correspondence of the lodge the following answer was given—

The secretary of your lodge has charge of and should conduct its correspondence but this does not preclude the master from taking charge of such correspondence as he may think best for the general welfare and harmony of his lodge.

The question was asked if a lodge might use robes when conferring the degrees, and the following reply was given—

This is a matter which has never been passed upon by this grand jurisdiction but the principle of keeping the work uniform has been passed upon repeatedly and the wearing of robes by the officers and members when conferring the degrees is not provided for by our regulations and is a practice which cannot be followed by the smaller lodges and those struggling with financial difficulty. It would, therefore, have a tendency to place such lodges at a disadvantage with the more fortunate ones who are able to provide robes or secure them from some of higher orders. We regard no man on account of his worldly goods or honors, and the work of conferring the degrees should not depend upon the financial ability of the constituent lodges to provide paraphernalia, but rather upon the willingness and ability of the officers to learn and perform their work. I, therefore, hold that the wearing of robes by officers or participants in the work of the degrees or of any lodge work is not in conformity with our adopted work and is not permissible.

Two dispensations for the formation of new lodges were issued. The Orphans' Fund was highly praised and the magnificent sum of $84,000 reported in the treasury.

The grand master recites a rather peculiar thing. When the proceedings for 1916 were issued it was found that the reports of the Committees on Credentials, Necrology, Distribution, Returns of Lodges and Jurisprudence were printed without showing what action was taken thereon. He asked that these reports be formally readopted at this session. It looks very much as tho the grand secretary and his staff of assistants went to sleep on the job, or it may be that a lot of busy bees assembled around the grand secretary's table and engaged him in conversation over trivial

matters when they ought to have had the good sense not to bother him when his time and attention were demanded elsewhere.

The sentiments of patriotism voiced by the grand master in his address are to be highly commended. No doubt the Masons of Idaho can be relied upon in any emergency.

In recording his visitations to lodges the grand master lays particular stress upon the honors and courtesies which were shown him by the Order of Eastern Star. Grand masters are a favorite object of attack on the part of our dear sisters of the Twinkler Family. They like to tote him about, present him with bouquets and indirectly leave the impression of the sisterhood and brotherhood of Freemasonry and the Order of the Eastern Star.

In his visitations the grand master made a couple of discoveries—

> I find in some of our lodges, however, that they have been in the habit of giving a candidate the first section of the first or second degree and then postponing the lecture and charge and giving it at a subsequent meeting. This I believe to be wrong, as a candidate is not properly initiated or passed until he has received both lecture and charge. We should at all times at the initiation of a candidate endeavor to make the first impressions permanent and give the candidate a clear conception of the high ideals and noble principles for which the fraternity stands. I do not feel that a candidate has been as properly impressed by simply conferring the first section of the degree, which is short, as if the lecture and charge were given at the same meeting.
>
> I have found a serious lack of knowledge of Masonic law among the constituent lodges, and have endeavored to impress upon them the necessity of becoming better acquainted with our code and digest and of having a broader and better knowledge of Masonic traditions, rules and practices, and I feel that too little attention is given to that part of our work which will explain the meaning of the ritual, its symbols, traditions and history, and that too few of our members understand and appreciate the full meaning of the beautiful lessons and teachings to be found in our first degree; and I feel that a better understanding of all that Masonry stands for will draw them even more closely to this honored fraternity.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $17,811.20 and expenditures of $19,014.04.

Now comes the grand secretary with a lengthy report rivaling in appearance and makeup that of the grand master. He says that he

was able to place the proceedings in the hands of the brethren fifteen days after the close of the grand lodge. This is an excellent record.

During the year he visited a number of like officials through the United States, and in commenting upon his visits makes the statement that—

> In the presence of grand secretaries you are, as a matter of fact, at the very fountain of Masonic light.

Brother Knepper is very modest. It is rather surprising that he did not declare the grand secretaries to be in themselves the entire Masonic works.

His purpose was to secure data on a card index system and he reports that he liked the Iowa plan better than any that he had seen. What's the matter Isaac Cutter? There are a lot of us who have thought that you had the best system. Better keep your eye on those Iowa fellows.

Brother Knepper says that he has in his office evidence to prove that the proceedings were read in open lodge in every Masonic constituent body in the state within the time limit set by statute. Concerning this requirement of the grand lodge the grand secretary says that the order on the title page concerning reading of proceedings in open lodge is merely a stereotyped edict adopted in 1888; and observes that it seems somewhat of a joke to make a pleasing duty mandatory and to impose a $5.00 fine for its non-observance. Of course the grand secretary is simply putting the thing diplomatically, he knows very well that the whole affair is more or less of a farce, and says—

> The key to the whole situation is this: The first meeting of the lodge after the return of its grand lodge delegate should be set aside as a social evening. To secure a good attendance refreshments may be served. Then the grand master's address and the reports mentioned, should be taken up and reviewed, not read, by the brother in attendance at the grand lodge and discussed by the brethren. Upon the arrival of the full text of the proceedings the lodge could at its next meeting complete the so-called reading much to the profit of all concerned. The worshipful master should not allow his term of office to expire before having completed this pleasing and profitable requirement.

He hands the grand master a fragrant bouquet in the following recommendation to his grand lodge—

> Grand masters are necessarily among the ablest men in the fraternity. Their personal influence cannot be overestimated and every member of the order should have the privilege of meeting him at least once a year. But grand masters are busy men and their business will not permit them to lose so much time. The

remedy is to pay the grand master a per diem sufficient to enable him to throw aside business cares for four months in the year. The good accomplished would fully justify the expenditure. Idaho must come to this before many days. A grand master may successfully pass the scrutiny of the Jurisprudence Committee and yet be of little or no value to his brethren throughout the state. Dealing with technicalities of Masonic law is a small part of a grand master's work.

It is a beautiful thing to see grand masters and grand secretaries working in perfect harmony particularly in reference to their personal financial interests.

The grand master made but one recommendation—

That the grand lodge, under proper restrictions, permit constituent lodges to initiate, pass and raise candidates for the degrees in classes of three with but one ceremony. This is in harmony with many of the leading grand lodges and will result in great benefit to at least a half dozen lodges in the state.

The grand lecturer reports a lack of interest in the work during the year but attributes it to the activity of the Red Cross and the Home Guards.

The grand lodge proposed to lessen the work of the grand master in the matter of examination and approval of by-laws for a committee was appointed to prepare what is termed "skeleton by-laws" which would be in keeping with the regulations of the Grand Lodge By-Laws.

The report of the Committee on Distribution was not made until the morning of the second day. Apparently the grand master did not furnish them an advanced copy of his report in order that they might be prepared on the first day.

Grand lodge dues come high in Idaho for an amendment was adopted fixing the following charges—

Every chartered lodge under this jurisdiction shall annually pay to the grand lodge the sum of one dollar for each degree conferred and further not to exceed the sum of one dollar for each Master Mason returned as a member in the annual returns, and the further sum of one dollar for each contributing member.

The proceedings describe what is called a good-bye—

One of the most pleasing incidents of the grand lodge was the good-byes said by the grand masters—Brother Lawler of Washington and Brother Jones of Montana. Standing somewhat apart before the altar the grand masters extended hands and

> as their hands met in a firm and brotherly clasp, Grand Master Lawler delivered one of those touching addresses for which he is so justly noted. The figure before the altar represented the Grand Lodges of Washington and Montana united by Idaho. The good-byes of these distinguished Masons left a most marked impression upon the members of the grand lodge that will linger many days.

The Jurisprudence Committee presented a very terse report although they disposed of several very important matters. The so-called decisions of the grand master were all approved. This is a little bit surprising. It is usually customary for Jurisprudence Committees to pick some flaws in the rulings and decisions of grand masters simply to display their authority. The committee declined to concur in the suggestion of the grand secretary that subordinate lodges be permitted to initiate, pass, and raise more than one candidate at the same time with one ceremony.

The last thing the Committee on Jurisprudence did was to recommend the adoption of the following and in which the grand lodge concurred—

> We approve the suggestion of the grand secretary that it is bad practice and without Masonic authority for a brother who has not attained at least the rank of warden to be permitted to confer degrees upon candidates, and we recommend that the attention of masters of lodges be called to this state of acts wherever such practice is in vogue with instructions that it be discontinued.

The writer is perfectly free to say that such a provision in a fraternal society such as is ours where every brother is supposed to stand upon an equality with every other member of the lodge is distasteful. Why shouldn't any member of a Masonic lodge be permitted to confer a degree provided he can do it in an intelligent, decent manner? The provision that is adopted by our Idaho brethren is simply to build up an aristocracy of workers and to discourage many competent and worthy brethren from learning the work.

The idea has been held in some quarters that the ritual of Masonry is a holy something handed down from time immemorial by God Almighty or somebody else and that to touch it with profane hands is sacrilege. Ritual is simply a means to an end. It is a vehicle to carry to the hearts and minds of men the great truth which Freemasonry inculcates and the lessons that it teaches. Every member of the lodge should be encouraged to learn the ritual and lectures of Masonry, and when he knows them sufficiently well should be given every opportunity to display his knowledge among his brethren.

The Finance Committee fixed the salary of the grand lecturer at $75.00 per month and expenditures. Six hundred dollars were appro-

priated for the expenses of the grand master; and the salary of the grand secretary fixed at $1200.00 per year. Of course the grand secretary can't live on that. He will probably have to do as did Brother Dave Jackson of Kentucky, get a job as a traveling salesman.

It is apparent that the Grand Lodge of Idaho doesn't see the necessity of the grand lodge incorporating itself, for a note states that the committee appointed relative to the incorporation of the grand lodge was discharged without report.

The closing hours were devoted to the installation of officers and the exploitation of the latest Masonic fad—the presentation of the signet ring.

George E. Knepper, grand secretary, prepares the correspondence report and does a good job.

Concerning the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Illinois he says—

> The proceedings before us is a neatly printed volume of 700 pages. It contains as frontispiece fine pictures of both the grand treasurer and the grand secretary. It is a volume that in every way appeals to the reviewer. More than all this, it reached our table on the twenty-fifth day of November, 1916, 44 days after the meeting of the grand lodge. This was a splendid achievement, excelled in only one jurisdiction, which modesty forbids us to mention.

He likes the attitude of Grand Master Wheeler and says—

> The grand master's purpose, as found in his address, was to slave rather than to rule. He acknowledges the very good opportunities afforded by his office both to serve his brethren and to benefit himself—something that too many grand masters fail to grasp.

He also notes a remark in the grand master's address and comments as follows—

> It sounds a little strange to read from the grand master's report that the volume of records has increased very materially and the grand secretary has been obliged to store them in various places in the town where he resides, and they are not in vaults or fire-proof buildings. A great jurisdiction like Illinois should not be in this provincial condition.

Our reviewer evidently likes the report of the Committee on Chartered Lodges for he quotes liberally from the various items which they disclose.

Concerning the correspondence report Brother Knepper says—

> Illinois has again changed correspondence writers. Brother Scott at his own request was permitted to retire after a few years of brilliant work. He was succeeded by Brother Charles H. Martin who takes up the work with some diffidence. His report of 250 pages shows him to be a man who wields a facile pen. But then

it is easy enough to find a good man in Illinois for this delicate job as the grand master has 150,000 from which to choose. Brother Martin has given his grand lodge an able report.

Lodges 64
Members 5,112

Sherman M. Coffin, G. M., Boise.
Geo. E. Knepper, G. S., Boise.

INDIANA, F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings are offered in an attractive volume of over five hundred pages, printed in large readable type. A full page illustration of Old Glory in colors makes the frontispiece after which follows an excellent likeness of Thomas B. Bohon, grand master for 1918-1919.

A carefully prepared honor roll takes up sixty-three pages of the proceedings. This is arranged by lodges and shows that the Masons of Indiana have generously answered to the call of their country.

The 97th annual meeting was held in the city of Indianapolis, May 28th and 29th, 1918.

Preliminary to the opening ceremonies of the grand lodge a program with stirring patriotic features was observed. The service flags of the various Indianapolis lodges were on display and the grand lodge flag containing 3121 stars occupied the center of attraction.

The Indianapolis Masonic Quartette was on hand and sang a number of patriotic airs.

The address of the hour was delivered by Albert W. Funkhouser of Evansville and it was a good one. It dealt with the relation of Masons and Freemasonry to the present war. There are many paragraphs in this oration that the writer would like very much to quote for the benefit of the Masons of Illinois. The following however, are excerpted—

> The "survival of the fittest" is one of the inexorable laws of nature. What is there in Masonry that has given it life and vitality from the "time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary?"
>
> Its great fundamental creed is—The Fatherhood of God and the Brotherhood of Man—a belief and trust in God and fraternal democracy.
>
> Masonry is more than a secret society, it is a cultured and enlightened democratic brotherhood.

The Masonic Lodge is not a rich man's club. We "meet upon the level and part upon the square." Before the Masonic altar there is no aristocracy but that of Right; no nobility but that of Manhood. Masonry regards no man for his worldly wealth or honors; the internal and not the external qualifications of a man render him worthy to be a Mason.

Masonry is not only essentially democratic, it is fundamentally religious.

Erected to God and dedicated to Democracy, Masonry is in full accord with the great heart of civilization today.

The final overthrow of the Hun will be an American task. This great Republic of the West is today, in a very real sense, the Reserve Army of Civilization.

We have developed a crop of wild-eyed I. W. W.'s, bewhiskered Bolsheviki, and dirty-faced anarchists.

Our boasted "little red school house" has too often been made a breeding place of German kultur, its walls adorned with the ugly mug of the Kaiser, the only man on earth who ever publicly shamed his own mother.

As Masons and as Americans, my brethren, let us see to it that never again shall there be banished from our schools the Star Spangled Banner, the Holy Bible nor the English language.

Then, and only then, will this world of ours cease to be an armed camp; then, and not before, will there be "Peace on earth—good will to men."

Our boys will fight like a bag of wild cats, but they will fight like men and soldiers. They will not be found skulking from the trenches with spiked clubs to beat out the brains of the wounded and dying enemy.

His statement that Masonry is fundamentally religious will be, however, challenged by those who hold to the idea that all religion in the world belongs to certain sets of sects who have the inherent right to determine just what constitutes religious belief and to prescribe the way and manner it shall be practiced.

After the oration, the grand lodge was opened in ample form. Five hundred forty-nine of the 562 chartered lodges were represented.

The first item of interest was the grand master's address by Elba L. Branigin. In his prelude he says—

We need to remind ourselves on this as on every other occasion where free-born men meet together in a common cause that our nation is at war; that the issues of that war are as yet undecided; that the entire resources of our country are pledged by the laws of the land and by an enlightened public conscience to a victorious conclusion of that war on peace terms laid down by the Christian Knighthood of the world; that America calls

to every man and woman and child, to every body corporate and politic, to every fraternity and society to find its place and fulfill its function in helping to win this war.

He pays a tribute of respect to the dead of foreign jurisdictions.

Nine cornerstones were laid during the year, mostly by proxies. Only two of them were for Masonic edifices.

Two Masonic temples were dedicated and at each ceremonial the grand master officiated. He reports a large number of visitations showing that he desired to keep in close touch with the brethren of his jurisdiction.

Indiana requires all lodges to submit proposed amendments to their by-laws to the grand master for approval, and the list presented by Brother Branigin is a long one.

He refused to issue a dispensation to form a new lodge in the city of Terre Haute. From his statement of the facts it is apparent that somebody's nose was out of joint who sought to even up scores by organizing a new lodge.

A large number of special dispensations is reported to elect officers.

The grand master reports that the grand inspector visited and inspected practically all the lodges in the jurisdiction. Detailed reports of conditions as found were sent to the grand master. Indiana is to be commended for the adoption of this practice because it insures at the outset efficient and well organized lodges.

Plans which had been made for a grand lodge celebration of the centenary of the Grand Lodge of Indiana were upset by reason of war conditions. The grand master did, however, issue a letter asking each lodge in the state to hold a proper observance of this auspicious anniversary during the month of May.

The grand master recommended the remission of the dues of all soldiers and sailors while in active service. He also recommended that the per capita dues of the grand lodge be increased from 25 to 40 cents. Now that the Grand Lodge of Indiana has embarked in the Masonic home business the lodges of the state may well prepare themselves for further increases in the per capita tax.

The subject of income tax on the fees and dues of Indiana lodges caused the grand master considerable uneasiness. Frank E. Gaven, grand treasurer, was employed as special counsel and went to Washington in the interest of the case with the result that a special ruling was rendered exempting the lodges of Indiana and all other grand jurisdictions from the payment of both income and excess profit taxes.

The grand master refused to grant permission to lodges to participate in patriotic parades because of existing laws upon that subject. He did, however, submit the question to the grand lodge and asked its reference to the Committee on Jurisprudence.

The grand lodge in 1917 directed the appointment of a Special Committee to prepare a flag ceremony. The committee had a meeting and were unanimous of the opinion that such a ceremonial would be an innovation in the body of Masonry and asked that the whole question go to the Committee on Jurisprudence for final decision. In presenting the findings of the Committee to the grand lodge the grand master observes—

> I concur in the recommendation of the committee, but am constrained to say that in my opinion it will be difficult, if not impossible, to formulate any ceremony of this character without violating the traditions of the order. Masonic lodges and Masons as individuals are most happy to render obedience to civil authority and the American flag is the highest sign and symbol of our loyalty and patriotism. The flag ought to have and does have a prominent place in every lodge room, and no public ceremony ought to be held without its recognition. But we submit with deference that, judging by the past, Masons are not wanting in patriotism by reason of any omissions from our time-honored rites and ceremonies; and that any innovation of this or any other character will but open the door for changes which may ultimately overturn the Ancient Landmarks of the order. In addition, I beg to note that such a ceremony as contemplated must of necessity include a salutation or other recognition of this emblem as the flag of our country, and until Masonry sees fit to exclude from its membership all persons not citizens of the United States, such ceremony will impose a rite upon members of the order under allegiance to other governments. If such ceremony be adopted, let it be such that all Masons whether citizens of America or not, may, without doing violence to their own fealty, cheerfully submit to and enjoy.

Concerning several plans which were presented during the year for connecting up the Masons of Indiana with other patriotic societies for various war activities, particularly a co-operative effort with the State Council of Defense, the grand master said—

> Your grand master was constrained to disapprove of this plan for the reason that such organization would be cumbersome, a duplication of the activities of the several fraternities, and would remove or lessen the spirit of friendly rivalry which is necessary to the best work. We also believe that there was no special work either in the education of the people or in the maintenance of the war charities that the several organizations might not better do than the entire group of bodies.

A detailed report is presented by the grand master covering the New York conference of grand masters. He refused, however, to commit himself to the New York plan of establishing Masonic headquarters in the

recreation centers of France. In his analysis of the subject he referred to two groups of Masons and announced himself as being in accord with the views of the second group which he describes as follows—

> In the second group were those who held to the belief that it is contrary to the traditions of Freemasonry to engage in social welfare work and that other organizations supported by the order are better adapted thereto; that insofar as Masonry, as a separate organization, has a duty to perform and an opportunity for service at home and abroad, it is in the line of relief and assistance for the brethren in the service and their dependents at home; that to carry on this work of relief, each jurisdiction can be relied upon to provide the necessary funds either by voluntary contributions or by a per capita tax; that the funds for war relief in each state should be under the control of a State Masonic War Board which would keep in close and intimate touch with the subordinate lodges in its jurisdiction; that, insofar as possible, the several State Masonic War Boards should co-operate in a common effort to render helpful and efficient service to our brethren and our country; that, if in the exigencies of the war an unequal burden fell upon any lodge or any one grand jurisdiction, the several war boards would gladly contribute to a common fund for special relief.

The grand master did, however, recommend the formation of an Indiana Masonic War Board consisting of nine members to raise funds and co-operate with the government, Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. in every possible manner.

The Masonic home recently organized is highly commended, and the following observation made—

> If Masonry demands and receives recognition as an organization devoted primarily and principally to charitable and benevolent aims, we may not content ourselves with spasmodic and occasional gifts to the needy either as individuals or as lodges. We have rightly chosen to establish and maintain in Indiana an institution which in a concrete way expresses the great heart of the craft and keeps before us day by day the cause of the needy and the suffering. As this institution grows, let us measure up to the growing demands upon our time and our money and so prove ourselves worthy of the name we bear and the principles we profess.

The grand treasurer reported receipts of $26,531.07 and expenditures of $27,936.86.

The cash balance in both the General Fund and Masonic Home Fund is $41,609.03.

The grand secretary, Calvin W. Prather, presents minutely various matters appertaining to his office. He announces the net increase in membership for the year passed as 4721, a most excellent showing.

The trustees of the Masonic temple make a report showing a net earning on the grand lodge interest in the Masonic temple of $1,842.68, not a very adequate return however on the investment, but then Masonic temples are never figured as investments—they are luxuries and can only be so classed.

The directors of the Indiana Masonic Home make a long report showing a total of 119 men, women and children in the home. According to an exhibit of expenditures published in connection with the home report it cost the grand lodge $310.00 per capita per annum to care for each member in the home.

The grand inspector enters into the particulars of his work during the year. He doesn't like the word "inspection" and suggests that it be changed to instruction. He relates one peculiar thing. Some years ago Indiana adopted a cipher ritual. It was supposed at that time that all its ritualistic troubles were over and that uniformity would prevail throughout the state and a Masonic millennium be at hand. The following paragraph taken from the grand inspector's report upon this subject will be read with much interest—

> The uniform work which I had hoped prevailed I did not find. Under the former method it was impossible to visit the lodges under three years and in consequence they were not afforded an opportunity to receive the full measure of instruction necessary to interpret the authorized ritual, and availed themselves of any method of instructions that offered the least resistance, resorting to corrupt and spurious works, and where they are found the work is sadly distorted and corrupted. I have been persistent in reminding the brethren of the serious offense they were committing against Masonry and our laws, and that in resorting to these corrupt works they were contributing to thwart the attainment of that for which all true and devoted Masons of Indiana have been striving for the past fifteen years —uniformity in conferring degrees.

An amendment to the general regulations was introduced by Past Grand Master Elmer F. Gay waiving the present laws upon physical qualifications and permitting the initiation of those defective upon dispensation from the grand master. The amendment was adopted. The grand lodge concurred in the grand master's recommendation to increase the per capita tax to 40 cents, also to remit the dues of soldiers and sailors in the service of their country.

The Committee on Distinguished Dead of other jurisdictions made a general report in the line of eulogy but did not mention the names of the deceased brethren under consideration.

The Committee on Jurisprudence announced that they had before them a petition from 300 Master Masons, members of Indiana lodges for

the formation of an army lodge at Camp Shelby, Mississippi. The grand master of Mississippi having given his permission for the formation of the lodge the Jurisprudence Committee recommended the issuance of the dispensation to form said lodge with full power to initiate, pass and raise candidates. This lodge to cease whenever the cantonment at Camp Shelby is abandoned or at the close of the war.

The Jurisprudence Committee declined to modify the law to permit the initiation of petitioners in less than four weeks from the date the petition is received. It is certainly refreshing to find a grand lodge which makes a certain law and then lives up to it. One of the most ridiculous things connected with our grand lodge system is the vesting in the grand master of the right to break the laws of the grand lodge through the dispensation system. The committee also declined to recommend any change in the present law relative to public appearance of lodges and could see no reason for departure from the time-honored customs of the grand lodge by introducing a flag ceremonial in the lodges of the state. The grand lodge concurred in the committee's recommendations.

At the annual grand lodge dinner, held on the evening of the first day, there was a patriotic entertainment and an address by Senator Burton of Indiana. This affair partook of the nature of the centenary observance of the Grand Lodge of Indiana.

A resolution was adopted permitting Masons from Indiana during the period of the war to visit and hold Masonic intercourse with lodges in Europe regardless of the fact that they may not be recognized by the Grand Lodge of Indiana.

Another report on fraternal dead was made by a committee which submitted a general eulogy for those of the state of Indiana who passed on during the year.

A pleasing feature occurred on the second morning of the grand lodge meeting. The thirty children in the Masonic Home at Frankfort were presented on the stage before the grand lodge and were given an ovation.

The Indiana annual review of other grand lodges is prepared by Elmer F. Gay who is remembered most pleasantly as grand master of Masons in Indiana during the same time that the writer was serving in Illinois. The writer had the pleasure of visiting the Grand Lodge of Indiana that year and of being officially received. Brother Gay gives Illinois three pages of very courteous treatment. He finds nothing to criticise in our transactions and if the extracts which he quotes form any basis of judgment then what we did was satisfactory to him.

Lodges 562 — Thomas B. Bohon, G. M., Jeffersonville.
Members 82,568 — Calvin W. Prather, G. S., Indianapolis.

IOWA A. F. & A. M.

1918

Through the courtesy of Newton R. Parvin, grand secretary, it is possible to offer a review of the Grand Lodge of Iowa at this time. A request for a copy of the proceedings brought the reply that they had not been printed, but that an advance copy would be forwarded if possible, and the same was received this morning.

The seventy-fifth annual communication was held in the city of Ottumwa, on Tuesday, June 11th, 1918. The public exercises, preliminary to the opening of the grand lodge, consisted of a parade from the hotel to the place of meeting, after which, Brother Frank Day welcomed the grand lodge to the city, Past Grand Master Thomas Arthur responding.

The grand lodge was opened in ample form, and at once settled down to business. Grand Master John W. Barry, presented his address to the grand lodge, which proved to be a very valuable Masonic document. In his opening remarks he said—

> The high twelve of a momentous year is striking in tones that summon all to the most profound attention. The achievements of humanity for more than a thousand years are in jeopardy. Twenty-seven nations are pitted in the strife, and the prize is liberty. Attila, the Hun, known as the Scourge of God, is now reincarnated in the Kaiser, who would impose the basest serfdom of the dark ages on the twentieth century. To prevent such peonage more than two millions of our own citizens have gone from the paths of peace to the trenches of war. There is issuing from our lodges a continuous line of their young men that liberty may continue to grow, blossom, and bless. Truly it is the most momentous year in the annals of time, and as we gather here today we are bowed down with the sense of our responsibility.

He refers to the rapid growth of Freemasonry in Iowa and presents a table showing that there are twenty-six Master Masons to each thousand total population. He refers to the grand secretary's office as being well organized for efficient service and calls it 100% plus.

Brother Parvin deserves all the good things that may be said about him. He is a splendid officer, and is always found on the job.

The grand master indulges in a long dissertation upon the subject of French Masonry and, in his conclusion, suggests that the grand lodge and grand Orient had been for over one hundred years in actual charge of Masonry in France and recommends that recognition be extended.

He reports that a call for 25 cents per member for an emergency war fund netted the sum of $14,531.40.

Brother Barry has considerable to say upon the subject of physical qualifications. He draws the conclusion that according to Anderson's Constitution of 1723, it is the tools of operative Masonry that are symbolized and not the rules, and for this reason, the law should be modified to admit one who possesses physical defects, provided that he can, by artificial appliances, comply with the demands of the fraternity.

He has considerable to say, under the head of dispensations, and assumes that he has the right to suspend the law in all cases where it does not specifically state that "No dispensation of the grand master shall defeat this provision." He reports the issuance of a dispensation to return the petition of an alien enemy, after it had been received by the lodge. He granted two dispensations to lodges, to open on Sunday and confer the degrees on soldiers who were under over seas orders. He admits that the law prohibits the opening of a lodge on Sunday for work. It is assumed that, inasmuch as there was no clause to the effect "No dispensation of the grand master shall defeat this provision," that he assumed that he had the right to do so.

He reports a decision involving a rather peculiar case. A lodge some years ago made a provision setting apart one-third of its dues and one-half of its fees for a Building Fund, now aggregating $2,000.00. To divert this fund the unanimous consent of the members present was required. In the meantime, the lodge became bankrupt. The grand master, very wisely decided that a lodge had no right to place its funds beyond the control of its members, and ordered the Building Fund to be used to pay the debts and obligations of the lodge.

Brother Barry made one decision clear out of the ordinary. He decided that when proper notice is given, the commercial business of a lodge may be transacted at a special or called meeting.

Many requests were received asking for dispensations to receive petitions and confer degrees out of time. All of these were emphatically refused.

Somebody in Iowa has evidently been digging up statistics, for the grand master reports that during a period of six years, only 338 out of 529 active lodges were represented at every communication of the grand lodge, leaving 191 lodges absent from one or more meetings.

The writer has long had a suspicion that this same condition obtains in Illinois and that an investigation along similar lines would be most desirable.

Brother Barry has considerable to say upon the subject of district deputy grand masters, and recommends their introduction as a part of the Masonic machinery of the state in order to relieve the grand officers of much burdensome labor.

Concerning the dues charged by the lodges of the state, Brother Barry presents a table showing them to vary from $1.50 to $6.00, the majority of the lodges charging less than $4.00. He recommends a minimum annual dues of $4.00.

Concerning the meeting of grand masters in Washington last September, he makes the following observation, which tells its own story—

> While it was apparent that the most effective things could not be done by the grand jurisdictions acting separately, yet no plan to act unitedly could be agreed upon because some of the jurisdictions feared that something of their sovereignty would thus be lost. It is strange logic to hold that what one can not do at all by himself yet can do jointly with others, could when jointly done be in the remotest degree a limit of any kind on his individual sovereignty. Yet this is the rock on which we split—the old argument against the rule of many in one—against all unity of action. So we Masons failed at the Washington meeting. Yet let us not despair—there will yet be unity of action among United States grand lodges.

He believes that Masonry is very much a matter of education and states that he has done everything that he could to encourage the work of the Research Committee.*

He thinks the fees for the degrees in a good many Iowa lodges are too low and recommends a minimum fee of $30.00.

He made a recommendation that under normal conditions, Iowa lodges confer the degrees for other grand jurisdictions without charge, but that whenever a cantonment is located within the jurisdiction of any lodge, one-half the fee of the parent lodge be charged to pay increased expenses, due to such additional work.

Brother Barry believes in fraternal correspondence, and he observes—

> The Masonic leaders of each jurisdiction have come to look on these reports as a clearing house of Masonic thought and activities—a sort of Masonic mirror in which each may see himself as others see him. Without the daily newspapers one could hardly expect to keep abreast of the march of events—its the news that forms the link between peoples, states, and nations. So it is that these correspondence reports are a sort of a cable tow between jurisdictions, along which pass the currents of Masonic thought, enabling each to apply the corrective of publicity to local situations.

He speaks of what he calls "Our annual billion dollar fire, which is explained in the following paragraph:

> I am mentioning it only to plead that when setting such fires at least some regard should be observed for the rights of others—the abutting property, if you please, that may be more or less damaged by your smoke. Ladies at banquet tables frequently have cigar or cigaret smoke puffed all over them. While some may not mind it so much yet others say they would much prefer as the lesser evil that the gentleman should fill his mouth with water and puff that over them instead of the smoke, because the water would soon evaporate without leaving an odor.

It is evident that Brother Barry is not a smoker. The question, however, of Masons smoking at banquets in the presence of ladies is purely one of culture and good manners.

The grand master closes his address to the grand lodge with a dissertation upon the subject of "Implied Obligations," two of which might be summed up as the efficiency of Freemasonry, and the predominance of internal over external qualifications in the category of Masonic fitness.

Following the report of the grand master, the committee on the Appeals and Grievances submit a report remitting penalties assessed against certain lodges.

The grand treasurer of the Board of Charity reports receipts of $20,322.22 in the Charity Fund, and expenditures of $17,844.24. The table of amounts expended for charity and the recipients is intensely interesting to the writer for the reason that the Grand Lodge of Iowa maintains no great institution in which to care for its dependents, but follows the true Masonic plan of relieving the distress of its members to the extent of its ability. From the report, the idea is obtained that the Grand Lodge of Iowa did its full duty to the aged, the widowed and the orphaned, with an expenditure of something over $17,000.00, while Illinois is obtaining practically the same results with an expenditure of nearly five times that amount.

The deputy grand master, senior grand warden, and junior grand warden, each present reports to the grand lodge, which reveal the extent of their Masonic activity during the year. Inasmuch as Iowa has no district deputy grand master, the officers of the grand lodge serve a purpose which is something more than merely ornamental.

The grand secretary, Newton R. Parvin, presents an extended report covering very many interesting matters, connected with the affairs of his office. His statement as librarian of the Iowa Masonic Library is interesting, and shows that that splendid institution is constantly grow-

ing and is ever on the alert to secure valuable contributions to its already amazing stock of literature, Masonic and otherwise.

Inasmuch as the Committee on Foreign Correspondence was unable to review grand lodges in foreign jurisdictions, the subject was placed in the hands of the deputy grand secretary, Brother C. C. Hunt, who submitted to the grand lodge, a brief critique covering the subject assigned to him.

The grand treasurer of the grand lodge reports receipts from all sources, $71,724.43, and expenditures of $64,055.19.

The grand lodge stopped long enough in its proceeding to officially receive the grand high priest of the grand chapter, the grand master of the grand council, the grand commander of Knights Templar of the state. Where was the sovereign grand inspector of the Scottish Rite, as well as the grand patron of the Eastern Star? Can it be that the Grand Lodge of Iowa is discriminating in favor of York Rite Masonry? It may be that when these officials find out that they were not given the same recognition as their competitors, their noses may be out of joint.

An amendment to the Iowa code was presented and adopted, prohibiting the use of the word Masonic in connection with any business enterprise. The amendment is almost identical with one recently adopted by the Grand Lodge of Illinois.

The grand lodge extended recognition, both to the Grand Orient and Grand Lodge of France.

The report of the Committee on Appeals and Grievances does not publish the names of the offenders, but does give in detail, their misdeeds.

The report of the Committee on Masonic Jurisprudence is interesting. The committee sustained the grand master in his ruling that commercial business of the lodge could be transacted at a special meeting, providing that due notice was given to all members. It refused to sustain the grand master in his ruling that a petitioner for degrees may withdraw a petition before reference to a committee. It also took the grand master to task for issuing a dispensation for conferring the degrees on Sunday and says in this connection,—

> We think the grand master has erred because of his misapprehension of the theory of our constitution and statutes respecting the prerogatives and powers of the grand master. Our constitution and statutes were adopted and enacted among other things for the purpose of defining and limiting his powers. In fact the grand master has only delegated powers, the powers which attach to his office by the ancient usages of Freemasonry,

subject to limitations of our constitution and requirements of the jurisdiction as expressed by our statutes.

The recommendations of Brother Barry, as to minimum dues of $4.00 and minimum fees of $30.00 and a charge of one-half the fee where degrees are conferred near a military cantonment were not sustained. The committee recommended an increase in the mileage of representatives from six to seven cents.

Concerning war activities, a recommendation was introduced to the effect that should several grand jurisdictions unite in a definite plan of action, that the Grand Lodge of Iowa would join in the enterprise.

The report of the Committee on Chartered Lodges, shows that they have been fully awake to their duties and presents a summary, which ought to be interesting and helpful.

The closing paragraph of the committee is reproduced because it reveals a vision which every true Mason is hopeful may become a reality.

> I close my eyes and in a vision I can see soldiers by the millions marching down the streets of German cities, with the smile of victory and the shout of triumph. As they march past the great Berlin armory—the pride of all the hordes of Central Europe—and past the statue of Frederick the Great, I can see the boys in khaki swing into line at the head of twenty-one allied nations bearing aloft the battle flag of a republic that has never known defeat, and from the throne room of the Hohenzollerns they shall decree the banishment and exile of the most brutal royal family that ever lived and in lieu of autocracy they shall establish the divine rights of the individual and the sovereignty of man.
>
> Then shall begin the triumphal tour home. Back through the capitals of Europe and the cities of America. Through the avenues of Washington and the highways of Iowa, back to mother, and wife, and child, and home. Glorious triumph of love and heroism and patriotism. Back from the battlefields of Europe to the citizenship of America. Back from the mightiest conflict that was ever waged. Back from the defeat of autocracy, and slavery, and all that is wrong and the triumph of liberty, freedom, and democracy.

Somebody must have scented trouble by reason of Brother Barry's decision with reference to transacting commercial business at a special meeting of the lodge, and its affirmation by the Committee on Jurisprudence for Past Grand Master Clark, presents the following resolution which was adopted—

> *Resolved*, That it is the sense of the Grand Lodge of Iowa that it is agreeable to the ancient rules and regulations of Masonry that no business of a commercial nature be transacted at

a special communication of a lodge, but that all such business shall be transacted at stated or regular meetings.

The following amendment on the subject of physical qualifications was presented by the Jurisprudence Committee and adopted.

> Section 285. A man to be eligible for the degrees must be able to conform to all the ceremonies required in the work and practice of Masonry. The substitution of artificial parts or limbs for portions of his natural person shall not be a bar, provided, such are under practical control of the petitioner. Deformities or blemishes of the natural person may or may not be disqualifications, depending on the nature and extent of same.
>
> Masters and lodges will be held strictly accountable for the observance of this law. The lodge has a discretion which must be exercised with care and prudence.

In adopting this amendment, the Grand Lodge of Iowa has taken a step forward. Other grand lodges will no doubt follow this action, because the times demand modifications of a rule which is today merely a relic of the dark ages.

The Committee of Masonic Research make a very long report, disclosing their activities and the good work that is being accomplished in many ways. It is noticed that the committee reports an annual contribution from the grand lodge of $600.00 for the extension of their work. The committee states that the National Masonic Research Society continues to grow. Just why our Iowa Masonic brethren insist on the use of the word, "National" Masonic Research Society in connection with this particular propaganda, when it is merely an Iowa institution, officered and managed by Iowa men, we are at a loss to understand. So far as known, no attempt has been made to nationalize the society to the extent of inviting other grand lodges to appoint representatives to participate in the work of the society. National as applied to the society, is understood to mean universal that its operation is not limited to the state of Iowa, but extends east, west, north and south, from the earth to the heavens and from the surface to the center.

Concerning the circulating lectures, which are sent to lodges to be read to the members, something is said about the Obelisk Lecture. This undoubtedly refers to Cleopatra's Needle, which was brought from Egypt and set up in Central Park, New York. When this Obelisk was taken down, there was found underneath it, a stone on which was inscribed the square and compasses. This fact has been seized upon, and by a process of insinuation, the idea has been extended, that this Monolith is of great Masonic value because it is indicative of the fact that some sort of Freemasonry, must have existed at the time of its con-

struction by reason of the fact that there was inscribed upon the foundation stone, a square and a pair of compasses. The cold facts are, that Freemasonry had nothing whatsoever to do with the construction of this Obelisk, and the inscriptions found were merely the work of some craftsman who sought to leave his mark on something permanent, hence he did the most natural thing—he etched his working tools.

Masonic research is all right, but it always carries with it a vague suspicion that there is some great secret or historical fact concerning Freemasonry which may yet be upturned, and in this respect brethren are being misled, and any paper, document or lecture which either directly or indirectly connects Freemasonry with old time circumstances or events in an attempt to establish an antiquity which does not belong to it, should be promptly suppressed.

The grand lodge closed with the modern folly of presenting the grand master with a signet ring, which has become known in Iowa as the "Hutchinson Succession." It seems surprising that our Iowa brethren who have made such wonderful advancement in Masonic research and in intellectuality, would fall for something which is clear outside of the traditions of Freemasonry.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by that splendid Mason, that alert Masonic student, and that master of good English, Louis Block. The writer has known Brother Block for many years and feels an intimate acquaintance with him, although he has never met him personally. One thing about Brother Block, is that he has a mind of his own and possesses the courage to say what he thinks. He belongs to the new school of Masonic thought and while he is true to traditions of Freemasonry, yet he believes that it is a progressive society and that it must reconcile itself to the conditions of the times in which it lives.

Brother Block has been exceedingly generous to Illinois. He devotes nine pages of splendid review, commending where he thinks commendation should be extended and criticising when he feels that it should be given. He calls our proceedings "great, big, and beautifully printed," and says that they are a credit to Uncle Ike, whom he knows personally.

Referring to the picture of Ralph H. Wheeler, he says,—

> Knowing this noble gentleman personally, we are qualified to testify as to the superior quality of his portrait. Brother Wheeler has made an enviable record for himself in the annals of Illinois Masonry.

Brother Block quotes liberally from Grand Master Wheeler's address to the grand lodge. Concerning the character of the petitioners

of degrees which Brother Wheeler referred to, Brother Block makes the following comment,—

> We have in mind a case in our own city where the applicant, who was of unsavory reputation, was rejected, but who afterwards got into a Detroit lodge by falsely answering this question, and who later on turned out to be a chronic loafer and wife deserter. The craft should deal severely and summarily with fellows of this sort.

He sees no harm coming from Masonic clubs and agrees heartily with Brother Wheeler concerning what he said in connection with military lodges, the following being his observation,—

> He does not approve of the mad rush of candidates who are obviously crazy to get into Masonry just for the sake of what good they can work out of it while they are in the war. These are the sort of fellows who are always looking for something for themselves and who scarcely ever give a thought to the matter of what they can do for their fellows. They join Masonry for what they can get out of it and not for what they can put in it, and the order gains precious little by taking them in.

Nearly two pages are extracted of the oration of Oscar K. Kropf.

Concerning the action of the grand lodge in passing legislation prohibiting Masons from going into public drinking saloons, in Masonic clothing, Brother Block says, what a pity it is that it should have been necessary to pass such legislation. There are more of us, Brother Block, who think the same way.

The action of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in refusing recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama is declared to be in accord with its ultra conservative policy.

Brother Block does not like it because in Illinois the Committee on Appeals and Grievances suppress the names of Masonic criminals, and says,—

> We would like very much to know what the argument is for such a practice. We can see how the names of the recipients of Masonic charity can well be withheld. This would be in keeping with a proper spirit of modesty and might spare the beneficiary some unmerited humilation, but why a Mason who has been false to his obligations or has insulted the institution by his dirty deeds should be shielded and protected in this way is beyond our comprehension.

He takes a liberal extract from the address of Brother Lowden and quotes generously from the oration of Joseph Fort Newton, delivered at a Chicago school of instruction.

Brother Charles H. Martin comes in for some review himself. In his report last year, he referred to the report of Brother Block, as spicy

matter, most of which *would bear reading.* In response to this, Brother Block states—

> This is a rose with a thorn in it. For this sparing compliment, our dear brother, accept our most profound thanks. We have not missed the sprig of smart-weed so deftly concealed within the midst of your bouquet. However, grudging praise is real praise—genuine at least so far as it goes.

Concerniug Brother Martin's preachment, that the only way to know Masonry is to work at it, Brother Block says,—

> Somehow this makes us think of a man who cranks away at his car, trying to make it go, without first having studied it to find out how it is built. It is just this sort of mechanical Masonry that the research movement is fighting against. We researchers believe in familiarizing ourselves with the construction of our Masonic machine by finding out what is the matter with it, and *why* it goes so poorly, and why at times it doesn't go at all. You must understand the different parts of an intricate machine before you can make it go, and no mere effort, no matter how vigorous and persistent, will get you anywhere without intelligent direction, and a purpose to work toward the accomplishment of clearly defined ideals.

Brother Block does not agree with Brother Martin on the question of landmarks, for he says,—

> When we are striving for the good of Masonry and of humanity, it is not the question whether our practices are hoary with age or whether they are "the law," but the true question is—is the practice right? Is it good, kind, and manly?
>
> There are those who say that to conserve our ancient requirements as to physical qualifications would be for Masonry to open and "maintain an asylum for cripples." Well, if that were true, Masonry might find herself in a much worse business. An institution that would make life sweeter and happier for human cripples would be a credit both to itself and to humanity. We are not to be frightened by this word "landmark," for if the "landmark" is wrong, then it must yield to the right as everything on earth that is wrong must sooner or later do.
>
> Besides, our Masonic studies have convinced us that there is precious little agreement among the Masonic authorities as to what "the landmarks" really are, and every time some Masonic conservative feels that one of his ancient idols may be destroyed, he writes the word "landmark" upon it and dares you to touch it. After all, my brethren, the real question is whether our faces are turned toward the light of the future or toward the darkness of the past.

This question of landmarks suggests an incident that occurred during the time that Alexander H. Bell was grand master. This question of landmarks came up and it was suggested that there was much disagreement of authorities as to just what constituted the ancient land-

marks. Brother Wm. E. Ginther, a splendid man, and an earnest Masonic student, said that there ought to be no question, for he had given the subject very careful consideration and the correct landmarks of Freemasonry as established by him would be found in his article, called, "What is True Masonry?" This only goes to prove that Brother Block is not far from right in the stand which he has taken on the question of landmarks, because the subject is a matter of disagreement and very largely one of individual belief and opinion.

Lodges 539 George L. Schoonove, G. M., Anamosa.

Members 59,508 Newton R. Parvin, G. S., Cedar Rapids.

IRELAND, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The brochure called the annual report, contains but fifty-five pages.

The frontispiece is a photographic reproduction of "The Chetwode Crawley Library in Reception Room, Freemasons' Hall Dublin." The place looks inviting. The writer would like to get into this room and examine the many interesting volumes which no doubt can be found in the spacious book cases.

The stated communication was held on St. John's Day December 27, 1917.

The address of the deputy grand master, Charles A. Cameron opens with the remarks—

> Every one of us, I think, has to lament the death of relatives or of near friends. There never has been in the history of the world such a deplorable loss of life as has taken place within the last three years. It is of melancholy significance to us on account of the large number of our brethren who have given up their lives or have been maimed for life in heroically fighting for their king and their country. On the other hand we have to rejoice that so many of our brethren have contributed to the professional and citizen armies—to the extent, I believe, of almost five millions of men engaged in the war. I should venture to say that there is not a single lodge in Ireland the members of which have not contributed to one or other of these two great armies.

In the Grand Lodge of Ireland it is apparent that the manner and form of offering toasts is almost as important to the brethren of that grand jurisdiction as is the standard work to the Masons of Illinois, for the grand master says—

I observe in the report of the deputy grand master of Antrim, in which reference is made to the toast and salute of "The Masonic Charities," and pointing out that "our poor and distressed brethren" is the most ancient form and that universally adopted in England and Scotland. I hope that the ancient form of this toast will be observed on their menu cards. These ancient forms ought not to be lightly departed from. With regard to the salute given to the toast, the grand lodge of instruction some years ago recommended that the salute should be that of an Entered Apprentice, and that was confirmed, but at the same time in my opinion there is much to be said in favour of the salute of a Fellow Craft being substituted therefor.

Speaking of toasts I may mention that "The King and the Craft" was the form given to the first toast at Masonic festivities from the earliest period in this country until the reign of Queen Victoria, and as it was honoured to this day in England and Scotland as well as the colonies. When Queen Victoria ascended the throne, the fact that she was a woman and could not be a Freemason appeared to have led to the disuse of this toast, but it was not to be forgotten that none of the four Georges was a Mason. The Grand Lodge of England, whether the king was a Freemason or not, invariably gave the toast of "The King and the Craft."

He congratulates the grand lodge upon the splendid condition of its various funds.

Concerning the entrance of the United States into the war he says—

The enormous numbers of the inhabitants of the United States and their enormous pecuniary resources enable us to speak with almost certainty as to the final victory which will crown our united efforts. On two former occasions I ventured the hope that before the succeeding St. John's Day the awful struggle would have been closed with victory to our arms. Hope now, with me at all events, is changed into absolute certainty, for I verily believe, and I am sure you believe also, that with the assistance of our great English speaking allies, with their countless numbers and great resources, that this war will certainly be terminated victoriously to our cause before our next St. John's Day meeting comes round.

The deputy grand secretary makes quite an extended report. He opens with the statement—

The entry of the United States with its vast Masonic population has brought the brethren of the great republic into closer touch than ever with the Freemasons of the Old Country, and it is characteristic of the Masonic leaders there to find them calling on their brethren to show their patriotism in a practical form by subscribing to the great American "Liberty Loan." The grand master of Illinois in a circular addressed to the lodges under his jurisdiction strongly urges them to adopt this course, and writes:—"Freemasonry has ever taught patriotism, and in all its lessons and teachings duty to country has ever been held

foremost. In this war every man must do his part. Those who cannot go to the front must help with their money, and a great opportunity is offered for service in that direction at the present time.'' * * * *

''It is urged that this subject be given immediate consideration, that in this great work the Masonic fraternity may be properly represented, and when Prussianism is finally crushed, and our brave boys, who are now at the front, return home, we may have the satisfaction of knowing that in this great victory the Masons of Illinois did their part.''

Evidently the relations between the Grand Lodge of Ireland and the Grand Lodge of England are most cordial for the warmest felicitations were exchanged during the occasion of the celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the formation of the Grand Lodge of England.

The war, no doubt, caused the Grand Lodge of Ireland to depart from some of the old time procedures for the grand secretary says—

It has always been the custom amongst Irish lodges as a matter of courtesy to confer degrees on candidates of other lodges of the Irish Constitution on receiving a request to do so signed by the worshipful master and secretary of the lodge seeking the favour, but if the candidate was a member of another constitution it would be necessary to first affiliate him as an Entered Apprentice or Fellow Craft as the case might be, and subsequently complete his degrees, in which case he would be registered as an Irish Master Mason. A mutual arrangement has now been made by the grand lodges of England, Ireland and Scotland, whereby any lodge in the United Kingdom may as a favour and without affiliation, pass or raise a member of an English, Irish or Scotch lodge on receiving a proper requisition and a certificate from their respective grand lodges that the lodge itself is regularly enrolled on the register.

The chain letter nuisance reached as far as Ireland for it is reported that the Board of General Purposes found it necessary to express their disapproval of this fake.

The following note concerning military lodges will be read with more than passing interest—

Some of the military lodges under the Irish Constitution have ceased meeting as a consequence of the war, but a few are still carrying on their labours, in many cases under very trying conditions. The secretary of Lodge No. 595, attached to the Fifth Royal Irish Lancers, writes from the Western Front:— ''We are having a rather rough time just now. All this devastated country is terrible evidence of the worst side of war. Wanton destruction everywhere, villages just heaps of ruins, blown up by the Huns before they evacuated them, trees either absolutely felled or ''ringed,'' so that they are as good as dead. We have managed to hold our meetings fairly regularly up to date but shall have a difficulty next month, as in this part of

the line there are no dugouts, nothing but open trenches, however, we must hope for the best.''

The forethought of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in reference to the preservation of lodge record books is disclosed in the following taken from the grand secretary's report—

> The attention of lodge secretaries is drawn to the fact that a strong room has been prepared in the Freemasons' Hall, Dublin, for the storage of completed minute books, and the Board of General Purposes recommended that such books or other records should be deposited therein in order to preserve them from loss or destruction.

Here is a suggestion for other grand lodges. Why shouldn't the grand lodge at some convenient place arrange for a fireproof vault wherein the lodges of the state might send their old record books for preservation?

The Grand Lodge of Ireland is by no means negligent in the matter of looking after the orphans of Master Masons, for it creates a substantial fund for their education and preparation for usefulness in life.

There is no Committee on Correspondence and consequently there is no review of foreign grand lodges attached to the report.

Sir Charles A. Cameron, G. M.

Lord Plunket, G. S.

KANSAS, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings are issued in an unusually attractive volume richly illustrated with half-tones of the new grand lodge office building recently completed at Topeka, Kansas.

The exterior view shows the building to be a handsome one constructed of white stone. Many interior views are given and Grand Secretary Albert K. Wilson certainly has a luxurious place to do his work.

A group picture is presented of the appointive grand officers for the year 1917.

The Past Grand Masters' Association gets into the proceedings with a full account of its transactions thereby saving itself a printing bill.

The 62nd annual communication was held in the city of Topeka, Wednesday, February 20, 1918. The grand master, Charles E. Lobdell sounded the gavel and announced to the grand lodge that owing to illness he would be unable to preside and called the deputy grand master, William I. Stuart to take charge.

The opening prayer by the grand chaplain was in keeping with the teachings of Freemasonry.

Grand representatives were presented to the grand master and formally introduced to the grand lodge. Matthew M. Miller, grand representative for Illinois, was present.

The Committee on Credentials record the names of all past masters present together with the number of their lodges. Perhaps these brethren have a vote. In Illinois the past masters in attendance on grand lodge have one vote collectively. Imagine the foolishness of such a provision and what would occur should an attempt be made to round up the two or three hundred past masters usually present and endeavor to secure a unanimous vote on some proposition.

The Committee on Credentials report that 114 lodges were not represented. Perhaps this was at the opening, and they may have come in later. However, such a large number of absentees is somewhat startling.

The grand master, Charles E. Lobdell, presented his address. Being engaged in public service he found it impossible to devote as much of his time to the office as he had hoped. He was, however, ably assisted by the deputy grand master to whom he acknowledged a debt of gratitude.

Brother Lobdell refers to the completion of the grand lodge building which cost, with furnishings, $107,760.54. He states that he was one of those who questioned the wisdom of this undertaking, but that he is now convinced of the foresight of the grand lodge and that the building has proven itself a necessity.

The loss of the Masonic home by fire came as a severe blow to the Masons of Kansas. The grand master refers to the matter and urges all the lodges to respond promptly to the levy that was made upon them for the reestablishment of this magnificent charity.

Concerning the present war the grand master said—

> Victor Hugo said, in substance, that it were idle to search in the strategy of the battle of Waterloo for the reason for Napoleon's defeat. He lost because for him to have won would have been for man to have triumphed against God. We may borrow his thought as a rainbow of hope. We know not at what sacrifice of blood and treasure; we know not on what field or by what strategy; but as God reigns, we do know that William of Germany must fail, because for his ideas of government to

> triumph would mean the defeat of infinite justice, which is God Himself. And it would seem especially in keeping with our traditions if the final thrust which shall strike military despotism from the government of men should be administered by American soldiers bearing the Stars and Stripes on the banks of the Rhine.

Deputy Grand Master William I. Stuart, having had charge of many of the affairs of the grand lodges during the illness and absence of the grand master, makes an extended report. He issued 278 special dispensations to confer degrees upon candidates without waiting the statutory period. The fees therefrom amounted to $1,170.

Eight cornerstones were laid and one Masonic hall dedicated.

The deputy refused to issue dispensations permitting lodges to appear in loyalty parades, stating that he urged Masons to do as citizens, and that everyone should show his loyalty to his country through his works.

A lengthy report is made upon the subject of military lodges. The deputy grand master made an extended research among various authorities upon the subject and cites an opinion by the Grand Lodge of California—

> An army lodge is an anomaly in Masonry. Its meetings are held at any place where the exigencies of the military service may cause a temporary encampment. If held in our own country, such meetings are necessarily an invasion of the jurisdiction of other regularly constituted lodges. During the clash of battle in our late Civil War, it sometimes happened that army lodges, with their charters and records, were swept from existence, and the unfortunate members of such lodges were thus deprived of membership, without dimits or other records to show that they had received the degrees of Masonry in a regularly chartered Masonic Lodge.

As a result of his conclusions Brother Stuart refused to issue any dispensations for the formation of military lodges.

To collect funds for the rebuilding of the Masonic home the grand master with the Council of Administration started out to raise the sum of $160,000 from the constituent lodges of the state. Each lodge was allotted a certain sum to be raised. The total amount received from all sources was $141,015.12, which is a most excellent showing.

The statement of the grand treasurer credits him with handling considerable money during the year as he reports receipts of $251,475.86. His expenditures were $287,199.86.

Grand Secretary A. K. Wilson makes an extended report dealing with various subjects and containing comprehensive tables showing various receipts and expenditures.

One subject received considerable attention from him during the year and that was the proper care of lodge records. He importuned all lodges to procure fire proof safes.

In order to induce brethren to attend district meetings held within the borders of the state the grand secretary urged a rearrangement of the several districts and the addition of ten new ones. The experience in Illinois has been that the smaller the district the better the results.

A rather unique table prepared by the grand secretary shows the number of Master Masons to each thousand male white citizens 21 years of age and over in the several states. Illinois is credited with 86.9 per-cent, ranking 12th.

It is noticed that the grand secretary prepares a budget showing the estimated expenses for the next year.

The Council of Administration makes a long report, most of the details being concerned with the finishing and equipment of the new grand lodge building.

The report of the Committee on Grand Officers is lengthy and with no attempt whatsoever at separation and reference of the grand master's address.

Kansas follows the Illinois plan of introducing an address on some Masonic subject as a part of the proceedings of the grand lodge. In consequence the oration was delivered by W. Austin M. Keene.

The orator certainly could not have been very well acquainted with either the history or traditions of Freemasonry or he would not have made some of the statements that he did. This oration is typical of many others that are delivered to Masons, in which statements are made which are purely visionary.

In discussing the construction of King Solomon's Temple the orator concludes with the assertion—

> There can be no doubt that such a Masonic lodge existed at the temple during its erection, its existence being an absolute necessity. And here I doubt not was perfected and developed the organization and the forms and methods adopted that have largely governed Masonry ever since.

It is too bad that such misleading statements go unchallenged and that the great body of unthinking Masons are constantly deceived thereby.

The following by the grand orator is not true—

> Do you know that fifty-two out of the fifty-six signers of the Declaration of Independence were Masons? That the historic

"Boston Tea Party," was an adjourned Masonic lodge? That every one of the officers of the Revolution, from the rank of major to the commander-in-chief, was a Mason except Benedict Arnold?

Only a very few of the signers of the Declaration of Independence were Masons. There is very little authentic history on the Boston Tea Party. This much, however, is known—the men constituting the Boston Tea Party met in a Masonic lodge room and it is surmised that there were several Masons among the number.

Every one of the officers of the Revolution was not a Mason as has already been proven. To illustrate how eagerly events like the above are seized upon to popularize various propaganda the writer recalls that a prominent Red Man told him not long ago that the Boston Tea Party were the original Red Men. Because the members of this party disguised themselves as Indians the circumstance was seized upon to make it appear that the Boston Tea Party was instituted and carried out by a lodge of Red Men.

The present age is demanding to know the truth concerning Freemasonry, and every speaker who addresses a Masonic audience should first of all know what he is talking about.

Concerning the recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama the Committee on Correspondence reported that they had been unable to secure reliable data and asked for further time in which to complete their report.

The report of the Committee on Chartered Lodges is a curious document devoted for the most part to clerical errors on the part of secretaries of lodges. It seems strange that intelligent men want to waste their time in hunting for i's without a dot and t's without a cross.

From a reading of this report it is impossible to gain any idea as to the welfare and the condition of the lodges in Kansas, things which every grand lodge should be fully informed upon.

One thing in the proceedings is noticeable. The retiring grand master was presented with his jewel before the installation of officers took place.

The Finance Committee fixed the salary of the grand master at $800, the grand secretary at $1800 and allowed $300 for a private secretary for the grand master.

Prior to the close of the grand lodge the minutes were read by the official stenographer and according to the records were adopted. It has always been thought that minutes were approved.

The correspondence report is prepared by Past Grand Master Matthew M. Miller and he goes at the job as tho he had done it before. He gives Illinois four pages, and his treatment is very kindly. He quotes the President's telegram in response to the grand lodge's pledge of loyalty.

He refers briefly to various items in the report of Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler.

Concerning the oration he says—

> The oration, "Am I My Brother's Keeper?" by Grand Orator Oscar A. Kropf, is one well worthy in thought and general excellence to attain for the orator a high place in the long list of those whose orations have added honor and fame to the record of the craft of Illinois. Contemporary—though not Masonically—with the year of birth of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, it was our good fortune to have known personally and listened to many of those who were the grand orators of Illinois, beginning with its first Stephen A. Douglas, and among many others J. M. Palmer, Stephen A. Hurlburt, and Ely S. Parker. They were all worthy of the best traditions still extant concerning them or possibly from those yet living who were in their day charmed by their wisdom and eloquence.

Evidently Brother Miller does not like the idea of Masonic insurance for he says—

> We note that the Grand Lodge of Illinois, by the adoption of Bro. J. K. Lambert's amendment striking out the words "insurance company," have prevented the possibility of using the word "Masonic" as a cat's paw for any further hauls from Masons of money to go into—another so-called "Masonic" insurance company.

One thing, however, pleases him and he says—

> We are glad to note and heartily commend the adoption by the Grand Lodge of Illinois of resolutions under which the strict letter of the law was laid aside, and the law of mercy substituted in favor of admission to the Masonic home of an aged Mason, seventy-six years of age, and his aged wife. Well done, brethren!

Concerning a case of discipline in Kavanagh Lodge No. 46 reported last year Brother Miller recalls that—

> Fifty years ago we were the guest of Kavanagh Lodge No. 36 in their new building just completed for occupancy. There was an orator, but if he said anything worth while we have forgotten it. There is one thing however, we have never forgotten—the spirit of absolute harmony which prevailed on that occasion; the good comradeship, jollity and mirth on the part of all, were of the "let joy be unconfined, no sleep 'till morn" variety; and as we remember all this, the wonder strikes us at the possibility of any "attitude" of inharmony ever arising to vex old Kavanagh No. 36. The old Masonic song again rings true: "Harmony alone reigns here."

Concerning the quiz code the comment is made—

> Past Grand Master Owen Scott has prepared a Masonic code-quiz that must be invaluable to Masonic students. We commend it for systematic study. If it gets it, we think grand masters could devote more time to matters worth while and less to answering inconsequential conundrums.

Brother Miller refers to the 300-page correspondence report prepared by Charles H. Martin and remarks—

> That in Kansas would be a violation of the modern ideas on space conservation appropriate to a jurisdiction that is engaged in building additions to its Masonic home property amounting to a quarter of a million or more.

Lodges 416 — William I. Stuart, G. M., Hiawatha.

Members 48,157 — Albert K. Wilson, G. S., Topeka.

KENTUCKY, F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings are presented in a voluminous book. They are badly padded however for the reason that three hundred twenty-six pages are given over to a display of the officers and members of the lodges of the state.

Half-tone portraits of the retiring and incoming grand masters occupy the front pages. Half tones of past grand masters who have died are also presented in the first part of the proceedings. It would suit the writer much better if these appeared in connection with the report of the Committee on the Dead.

The 107th annual communication was held in the city of Louisville commencing Tuesday, October 16, 1917. The Credential Committee, whose report covers fourteen of the opening pages, gives the names of all past masters present together with their lodges and number.

The first thing the grand lodge did was to display the American flag and to salute same with the grand honors of Masonry.

The address of the grand master, James N. Saunders, is a decidedly pointed and positive document. He speaks right out in "meetin" and makes no attempt whatsoever to go around the barn. He makes frequent use of the personal pronoun "I." By some he might be charged with the "Big I," but then you know that the Grand Master of a Grand Lodge is considerable of an autocrat, provided he wants to use the power which he imagines to be vested in him.

In his opening remarks he says that he has answered fifteen hundred letters and remarks and if the craft would read the constitution and regulations grand masters would be relieved of a great volume of work.

He pays tributes of respect to three past grand masters who died during the year.

Concerning the right of visitation and Masonic intercourse of Masons of Kentucky with those of foreign lands he says that there is no defined policy on the subject, and remarks—

> Upon this question there are two distinct theories held by two distinct groups of Masonic jurists, and practiced by two groups of grand lodges:
>
> *First*—A Mason may lawfully visit a lodge of a jurisdiction other than his own, provided the grand lodge to which the lodge of his membership owes obedience has Masonically recognized the grand lodge to which the lodge he proposes to visit owes obedience; and
>
> *Conversely*—A Mason hailing from another jurisdiction may lawfully attend a lodge within the jurisdiction visited, provided the grand lodge of that jurisdiction has Masonically recognized the grand lodge to which the lodge of his membership owes obedience.
>
> *Second*—A Mason, made in a just and lawfully constituted lodge, may visit lodges of a jurisdiction other than his own, provided the grand lodge having jurisdiction over the lodge he proposes to visit has issued no edict of non-intercourse against the grand lodge to which the lodge of his membership owes obedience; and
>
> *Conversely*—A Mason, made in a lodge duly constituted by a grand lodge, may visit lodges of another jurisdiction, provided the grand lodge to which the lodge of his membership owes obedience has issued no edict of non-intercourse against the grand lodge to which he proposes to visit owes obedience.

He asks the grand lodge to go upon record and define which of these courses shall be pursued.

Concerning the great war in which we are all engaged he says—

> Thousands of our craft have answered the country's call, and thousands are yet to follow. With them have gone and are yet to go hundreds of noble women, who, as members of the American Red Cross Society, will nurse the sick, succor the wounded and whisper comfort into dying ears. If these brave women, with gentle hands and holy touch, are to tie the bandage upon the bleeding wounds of our sons, our brothers, our neighbors, our kinsmen and our friends—let us who are at home in safety buy the bandage. I recommend the Grand Lodge of Kentucky this day send the sum of $2,000 to the American Red Cross Society, to be expended in its relief work for Ameri-

can soldiers and seamen and their allies in arms upon the foreign field and upon the sea.

He calls the attention of the grand lodge to the fact that—

> The men who constitute this grand lodge have no opportunity to know, and do not know the financial condition of the grand lodge; to do intelligently what they come here to do, they must know, and we should provide a means for them to know.

He insists upon the grand treasurer and grand secretary making a joint financial budget so that the grand lodge will know exactly the moneys it has on hand, its probable income and can regulate its expenditures accordingly. In other words the grand master says we should know what we have before we spend.

The grand master didn't hesitate to take a poke at the grand secretary, for he indulged in the following declaration—

> During the last session of the grand lodge an amendment was offered to increase the salary of the grand secretary from $1,500.00 to $2,000.00 per year. We are now paying a larger salary to our grand secretary than has ever before been paid to an incumbent of this office. We furnish him a stenographer, to whom we pay $1,000.00 a year, and who so largely relieves him of his duties of the office as to enable him to act as a traveling salesman for a wholesale mercantile establishment. Our demands for money, by reason of the higher education and vocational training we are giving to our orphan wards, make this proposed generosity to our grand secretary ill-timed. I recommend the proposed amendment be tabled.

It is rather unusual to find a grand master and a grand secretary pulling in opposite directions, usually the grand master is for anything that the grand secretary wants. However, in this case our sympathies are with Davie Jackson because if the grand lodge pays him the meager salary of $1500 a year in these times and conditions it is no wonder that he had to hike out and get a job as a traveling salesman in order to earn a decent wage.

It is apparent that the Grand Lodge of Kentucky is having its troubles with the temple which it owns in Louisville, for the grand master recommends that a committee of three be appointed to sell the temple. The reason therefor is contained in the following excerpt—

> It has been proven beyond all doubt the Grand Lodge of Kentucky cannot, without great financial loss, operate an office and theater building. Our losses have been large year after year, with no reasonable prospect of a change from loss to profit, or to an even break.

Brother Saunders goes into detail concerning the Orphans' Home which is maintained by the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, and urges the

abolishment of the present institutional system and the adoption of the village idea with the cottage mother. He truly says—

> The mule-drawn car has been supplanted by the electric tram, the smoking kerosene lamp has yielded place to the incandescent burner and the arc light, grandfather's rockaway and the old roan mare have given place to the fast-flying, luxurious automobile; but our home, from very necessity, has been a witness to, though not a participant, in the wonderful and manifold advancements that the past fifty years have ushered in.

What he has to say concerning the village system is quoted at length because his ideas are progressive and it is believed that the management of all our charities are trending in this direction—

> For the children who cannot be left at home, the men and women who have given greatest study to child training, and who have had widest experience with dependent children, are agreed that what is known as the cottage or village system more nearly approaches the natural home life, which is *God's plan*, than any other system that has been *devised by man*. By this method we could provide for separate cottage homes with from six to twelve children under the supervision of a cottage mother, each home with its private yard and garden, fowls and other accessories of home life. Here the children of each family could study, play and work under the superintendence of the cottage mother; the close association of home life run its natural course; the disposition of each child be manifested to the cottage mother, and by her shaped and trained as the individual case requires; home industry, home restraint, home love, home life be taught; each home made in part self-sustaining, and the children given the practical lessons of home life. The village farm, the village dairy, the village blacksmith and wood shops worked by the boys; the village store operated, and its accounts kept, under superintendence, by the boys and girls; there the surplus product of each family marketed; there the farm produce distributed; and the needs of the several homes supplied, debit and credit accounts being kept with each, and the stimulus offered each home and each child to make its own household, as far as possible, independent of the community treasury; the children, for their services, paid in checks, redeemable in goods at this store, each child making its own purchases, taught the lesson of industry and thrift, of personal independence and self-reliance. The marbles and the dolls, the shoes and the stockings, the coat and the dress, the candy and apples, thus made the fruit of their own labor, which makes men and women, and not the unearned offering of charity which dulls the pride and makes beggars of all who receive it.
>
> The cottage mother would here guide and counsel as does the natural mother, and give the same support and help as does the natural parent. The institutional *uniformity* of discipline, suited to no child; the *uniformity* of hours, oppressive to all; the *uniformity* of rations, pleasing to none; the feeding in one great mess hall like mules in a shed, the entrance and the exit all together at the tap of the bell, *the very penal lock-step of institu-*

> *tionalism,* would be abandoned, and you have the natural happy home life of the village and the farm, the village school and the village church, and the natural home life for the growing child. The nominal expense would be greater, but there would be an income of produce and money from the farm, from the gardens, from the poultry yards and the stock pens to counter-balance, *and you would fit the boys and girls for the battle of life,* fit for leadership, and not make mere followers and imitators of men.

Kentucky requires one month to elapse between the conferring of the degrees and in all cases except where candidates were called into military service all applications for dispensation to waive this section of the law were denied.

The grand master did issue a dispensation permitting a lodge to participate in the dedication of a court house. Here are his reasons—

> The highest evidence of good citizenship is reverence for the law, and when a free people gather, with serious and solemn intent, to dedicate a building in which their representatives are to construe the laws of the land, suppress violence and enforce right, a Masonic lodge can and should be a participant in such consecration to such sacred use. The dispensation is granted.

The grand master is very insistent that the regulations of Kentucky shall not be mussed up by other grand jurisdictions, for he says—

> Kentucky has always maintained the doctrine of territorial jurisdiction, and accorded to other grand lodges what it reserves to itself, the right to pass upon the fitness of candidates who have been bona fide residents of the state for the requisite time. The grand lodge has never claimed power to act outside of its own jurisdiction, nor will it allow its own action to be construed by any body of Masons.

A rather unusual case of discipline caused the grand master a good deal of trouble but he had the moral courage to make a courageous stand for what he believed to be right, and it is a matter of congratulation that the Committee on Jurisprudence saw things as did the grand master and fully sustained him. The case in brief is as follows: A Mason seduced the daughter of a Master Mason, married her to escape the charge of illegitimate parentage then deserted her. The case went to trial, the defendant plead guilty and the lodge inflicted a penalty of reprimand. The case was appealed to the grand lodge and the Committee on Appeals recommended that the appeal be dismissed for the reason that the lodge is the sole judge of the penalties to be inflicted upon its members for Masonic offenses. The grand lodge, however, refused to concur in this report and recommended the expulsion of the offender. The lodge concerned declined to comply with the mandate of the grand lodge and went to see the then grand master who told them that the grand lodge had no right to direct what the judgment of the subordinate lodge should

be and advised the brethren to disregard the orders of the grand lodge. Grand Master Saunders, believing that justice had miscarried again brought the case into the grand lodge. The Committee on Jurisprudence ordered the lodge in question to obey the edict of the grand lodge adopted in its meeting in 1916 and immediately expel the offending brother.

In this day of laxity in enforcing discipline and in upholding the laws of the fraternity it is refreshing to note that in this serious case justice finally triumphed although it took a long time to accomplish it.

The grand master submitted a petition signed by a number of soldiers to form an army lodge and advised the grand lodge of the granting of a dispensation to the petitioners authorizing them to open and hold a Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons at or near the military stations of said regiment, to be known as Kentucky Rifle Lodge, with jurisdiction not territorial, and limited to residents of Kentucky in the service of the United States with the Second Kentucky Infantry, now the One Hundred and Sixtieth United States Infantry.

It didn't take the Committee on Grand Master's Address long to dispose of that document for it did so in seven very brief lines.

The report of the grand treasurer discloses the fact that the total receipts were $113,835.00 and the expenditures $110,563.50.

The grand secretary, Dave Jackson, presents a statement which was somewhat out of the ordinary. It reads very much like a Grand Master's address and was considered of sufficient dignity to receive attention at the hands of the Committee on Distribution, for the various items mentioned were referred to the different committees of the grand lodge.

Concerning the membership he says—

> Increase in membership of the lodges, as reported up to the close of the fiscal year, is 1,666, and total in the state, 46,046. The gain for 1917 is 616, more than that of 1916. The amount of dues and assessments received up to that date is $99,984.55, which includes the payment of twenty belated lodges last year, but does not include the amount received since September 30.

He reports a large number of lodges as delinquent in both annual returns and the payment of dues. Perhaps had he been paid sufficient salary to enable him to devote all his time to his duties he might have been able to announce 100% in these important matters.

The total assets of the grand lodge as given by the grand secretary are $230,151.26.

The grand lodge maintains what are called "Trustees of the Educational Fund." A detailed report is given of the splendid work done in educating dependent children.

The grand lodge in a stirring resolution, commended the statesmanship of the president and pledged its loyalty and support.

Lodges of the state were ordered to give to the grand secretary the name of every member enlisting in the service. The grand lodge, in a very brief resolution, revoked the edict of non-intercourse issued against the Grand Orient of France in 1869.

The Committee on Necrology make an extended report. The opening remarks are decidedly melancholy. Freemasonry is a hopeful institution and there is no reason why Obituary Committees should be continually painting death as a horrible thing.

What is called a Commission on Masonic Unity made a very extended report. Its purpose may be best defined from the following paragraph taken therefrom—

> It is expressly declared that the appointment of the Commission on Masonic Unity is for the sole purpose of producing a unity of purpose, aims, fraternal relations and essential procedure in Masonic matters among the several Masonic governments of the world, and does not refer to a unity in or exchange of form of organization or government of any body of Masons, nor to a centralization of government or authority in any body.

Toward the close of the session the grand master was presented with a beautiful basket of roses on behalf of the Grand Chapter of the Order of Eastern Star. Some years ago this custom started in the Grand Lodge of Illinois but the wise acres thought they saw trouble coming and have eliminated all presentations except the grand master's jewel.

It is pleasing to note that the Committee on Homes endorsed Grand Master Saunder's plan of the community cottage and recommended to the Board of Directors that they give the subject immediate consideration.

A note in the report of the Finance Committee recommends that fines which had been assessed against lodges should be remitted. Now what in the world is the use of imposing penalties for failure to comply with the regulations if the grand lodge is going to come into annual session and remit them. At any rate fines have no place in Freemasonry. They are a childish procedure and smack too much of the justice court.

The Finance Committee thought as did the grand master and recommended that no change be made in the salary of the grand secretary.

The installation of officers was conducted by the retiring grand master, Brother James N. Saunders. In the list of those installed the name of Dave Jackson, grand secretary does not appear, maybe he holds over and maybe he didn't like what the grand master said about his salary and didn't care to be installed by him.

The correspondence report is written by Brother William W. Clark. The grand lodge gives him the title of "Reporter" although he signs himself as Committee on Correspondence. He gives two and one-half pages of his review to Illinois.

Concerning the opening of the grand lodge by Deputy Grand Master Scroggin he says—

> We have understood that a Masonic body could be opened in ample form only by the grand master. Are we mistaken?

He refers to the devotional exercises which were conducted by R. Keene Ryan and says—

> Brother Ryan is a Kentuckian, and an old Owensboro boy, the home town of this writer. We are proud of him.

He quotes all that Grand Master Wheeler said concerning patriotism and alludes to his remarks as fine sentences.

He finds no fault whatsoever with anything that the grand master did and mentions his acts very liberally.

Concerning the report of Charles H. Martin, the reporter says "It is his first and is interesting throughout."

He enters into an argument with Brother Martin concerning the expulsion by a Texas lodge of a member of a Kentucky lodge, and suggests that the law of Illinois regulating questions of discipline is better than the Kentucky law, but that it might be further improved.

The reporter says there is much more in the Illinois report that he would like to take up but the printer in calling for copy causes him to limit his review.

Lodges 593 — Earl W. Weathers, G. M., Elkton.
Members 46,046 — Dave Jackson, G. S., Louisville.

LOUISIANA, F. & A. M.

1918

It requires a volume of nearly five hundred pages to record the transactions and exploit the various tabular matter of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana.

This grand lodge, like a good many others, prints in its proceedings the list of officers and members of every constituent lodge in the state.

The proceedings are ordered to be read in all lodges but there is nothing to show that it was done nor how it was accomplished.

The one hundred seventh annual grand communication of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana was held in the city of New Orleans, opening on Monday night, February 4, 1918. Just why the annual communication is called a grand communication is not apparent unless it is to distinguish it from emergent and special communications.

The grand lodge was opened in ample form, after which eulogies were delivered in memory of William M. Baker, grand lecturer and Charles F. Buck, past grand master, both of whom died during the year.

The list of grand representatives present does not disclose the name of the brother representing Illinois. Of course nobody believes that the grand representatives' system as now organized and constituted amounts to very much. It is natural for grand lodges to want to be represented by their ambassadors in the communications of foreign grand bodies. Why wouldn't it be a good idea for our grand secretaries to formally notify other grand jurisdictions of the presence of their representative in annual meeting instead of depending upon correspondents digging the information out of much irrevelant matter found in the proceedings of all grand lodges. In this manner continued absence of grand representatives would be noted and opportunity given for the appointment of more active brethren.

The address of Grand Master John W. Armstrong is a long document in which he has thoroughly covered the many matters which came under his supervision during the year.

In his opening remarks he says—

> Many have, at the call of their country, left friends and home to serve its behests on the tented field and in the deadly strife of battle. A Mason's duty is to his God, next to his country, and then to his neighbor, before himself. This is the order of a Mason's duties and the true Mason knows how best to fulfill them. May we who remain at home remember them in our prayers and look after those depending upon those of our brethren who have answered their country's call.

He called upon each lodge to keep a correct record of every member going into the service upon specially prepared cards called "War Service Cards." In view of the large number of young men constantly leaving home the grand master called upon the older brethren to again return to their active duties in the lodge and to help keep the fires of Masonry burning brightly upon the altars.

The state of the order in Louisiana is reported to be most excellent. At least this is the idea which the grand master gained in his correspondence during the year, he having written over thirty-two hundred letters.

The illustrious dead of Louisiana and other grand jurisdictions are noted with appropriate memorials.

During the year dispensations were issued for the formation of five new lodges.

Owing to the fact that Camp Beauregard is located very near the city of Alexandria it was found necessary to establish another lodge there in order to take care of the tremendous amount of work entailed on account of conferring degrees by courtesy. This lodge was instituted under the name of Liberty Lodge, and the dispensation permits it to do degree work by courtesy only.

A Masonic rest room was also fitted up at Alexandria where soldier Masons might have some comforts not otherwise provided in army camps.

Concerning this rest station the grand master says—

> Oliver Lodge No. 84 very graciously tendered me the use of a room gratis, which I accepted, and have equipped it with suitable furniture, writing material and reading matter, and have placed in charge Brother A. L. Churchill as its secretary, whose duty it is to look after the welfare of those who are our own brothers and the sons of our Brother Masons whose fathers are requesting information regarding their sons. It is also his duty to answer all correspondence coming from such channels requiring information that prior to this came through my office, and before same could be answered I would have to have some brother in Alexandria to look up for me. Brother Churchill is competent to lecture those who are deficient in their degree lectures on account of having received their degrees at one and the same communication, or have left their home lodge before becoming proficient. This field is a broad one and one that can be added to, for we owe to our soldier-Masons, who have given up all to fight for our home and country, a great deal, and anything that we, as Masons, can do for their welfare, who do not have to go to the Front, we should be willing and ready to do.

The Grand Lodge of Louisiana having clearly outgrown the present Masonic temple in New Orleans the grand master presented the subject in his annual address and asked the grand lodge to take under consideration the construction and equipment of a new building.

The grand master refers to the pernicious activity of a certain organization whose prerequisite for membership is that of being a Master Mason and issued a circular letter forbidding—

> Any solicitation for membership or for business in any order or society at lodge meetings and on lodge premises.

The name of this particular organization is not mentioned but it wouldn't be a bad guess to name it The Grotto for the reason that grand masters throughout the United States have been taking a poke at this

particular organization because of its interference with the legitimate work of lodges.

The Grand Lodge of Louisiana operates a Masonic cemetery and the grand master reports that on account of an inefficient sexton the grand lodge was now involved in considerable trouble settling disputes over property rights. It looks to the writer as though the Masonic cemetery business was a sort of a jinx for lodges and grand lodges. Everyone of them seem to be involved in more or less litigation.

The grand lecturer having died during the year, twenty applications were filed by ambitious brethren for the appointment much to the embarrassment of the grand master. He thought at first that he would be able to parcel out the work among various brethren but was unable to get enough of them to do the work and was compelled to select a new grand lecturer.

A large number of rulings and decisions are reported, most of them of purely local application.

In one lodge the master permitted a brother to sit in the lodge without voting. When the grand master found it out he ruled that the particular ballot was null and void and ordered them to vote again.

Concerning the conferring of degrees by courtesy the grand master says—

> This has brought me into close and intimate touch with other grand masters of sister grand jurisdictions, and has strengthened the cordial and fraternal relations existing between these jurisdictions and ours, and wherever the requests came within our laws they have been promptly approved by me and executed by our Louisiana lodges, which have worked both night and day in order to accommodate lodges in other states and to see that the boys who wear the khaki finish their degrees in Masonry before being called to foreign shores. I here pay public acknowledgment to the lodges of this state and to sister jurisdictions for their prompt and efficient handling of these cases wherever I have made these requests.

Among the grand representatives appointed to fill vacancies it is noticed that some of the grand jurisdictions favored were the Grand Orient of Paraguay and the Supreme Council of Columbia. It looks as tho the Grand Lodge of Louisiana was taking a long chance in granting recognition to councils and orients operating exclusively under the control of the Scottish Rite.

Among the many dispensations granted by the grand master was one permitting a lodge to meet in a hall which had not yet been consecrated.

Another dispensation granted permission to a lodge to hold a joint installation with an Eastern Star chapter.

Grand Master Armstrong was particularly generous in the matter of granting special dispensation for balloting and conferring degrees on soldiers. He justifies his action by saying—

> The average age of a petitioner for the Masonic degrees is between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-one. This also was made the draft age by Congress. I know that the average young man who desires to be a Mason intends to place his application in a lodge when he became of age, and in nine cases out of ten delayed on account of the lack of necessary funds. When he is drafted he makes an extra effort and applies to his local lodge. In all cases where the circumstances justified it, I have granted dispensations waiving statutory time; every case has been judged on its own merits.

Among the recommendations made was one limiting the number of copies of proceedings sent to each lodge to one. The reason given was that the cost saved to the grand lodge could be used to a much better advantage during the war.

The following recommendation is somewhat peculiar—

> Masonry has to adjust itself to the unusual conditions brought about by this world war. Letters received from many Masons have come to me requesting that the privilege of wearing Masonic emblems be extended to their sons who, though of age for service, are under age for the Masonic degrees. In the logic of things it seems to me that if a man is old enough to serve his country, we should consider him of age to become a Mason. I would respectfully recommend that in the case of sons of Masons the old Masonic custom of permitting a Lewis to petition for degrees be revived. If in the judgment of the grand lodge this may not be permitted for all time, at least it should be permitted for the term of this war.

The grand master made twelve official visits to subordinate lodges. He states that at one of them he delivered an appropriate address on what Masonry means to man. It is a little unusual for a speaker to determine the fitness of his address, the audience usually doing that.

The grand master reports at length on the relation of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana with the various so-called Masonic grand bodies of France and finally closes with the recommendation—

> As a great many of the grand lodges of America have submitted through resolutions a modus vivendi between American and French Masons permitting unrestricted fraternization with the members of the several grand bodies of France, let us go a step further, being true to ourselves and to the institution of which we are members and resume once and for all, free and fraternal intercourse with the Grand Orient and the Grand Lodge of France, leaving time and results to prove the rectitude of our line of action.

The proceedings record that the address of the grand master was received, adopted and distributed but there is nothing to show as to who made the distribution.

The receipts, as shown by the grand treasurer, are $48,126.55, while the expenditures were $41,298.25.

The detailed financial report discloses the fact that the grand master's traveling expense for the year was $2,627.47. It is surmised that if the grand master of Illinois were to put in a bill of similar proportions the Finance Committee would fall dead. However, this writer has always held that the grand master ought to give personal attention to the affairs of his office and go wherever duty calls him, no matter what the expense may be.

The Board of Relief submitted to the grand lodge a detailed report of moneys that were expended in the care of sojourning brethren and it is noticed that Illinois is charged up with $112.00. It would be interesting to know whether the Louisiana Relief Lodge ever had any of this money returned to them by the lodges whose members were benefited.

The financial budget prepared for the coming year allowed the grand master for office expense $1500 and fixed the salary of the grand secretary at $2500, his assistant at $1500 and allowed the grand lecturer $4200. It is a wonder that the Masons of Louisiana do not aspire to become grand lecturer rather than grand master, it is so much more remunerative.

The report of the Committee on a National Tuberculosis Sanitarium made a report to the grand lodge showing that they were unable to get any interest in the project at this time for the reason that—

> The majority of replies from the different jurisdictions are of the opinion that an institution so located would be so far from the majority of the Masons who are actually in need of such assistance that they very much fear their lodges would not deem it wise for them to enter into the support of a national institution.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence makes a very unusual report in that he approves the appointments of representatives made by the grand master and suggests amendments to certain edicts relating to exclusive grand lodge jurisdiction. He recommends the repeal of the edict of non-intercourse against the Grand Orient of France and the immediate exchange of representatives. The recommendation went through with a hoop, for the record states—

> The adoption of the resolutions restoring fraternal relations with the Grand Orient of France and recognizing the Grand Lodge of France was followed by an outburst of applause, the national colors of the United States and of France being displayed, one on each side of the station of the grand master,

and the national airs of each of the countries pealed forth from the Cathedral organ. When the grand lodge was again ready for business, M. W. Brother B. B. Purser moved that the name of M. W. Brother John Stanley Thibaut be tendered to these bodies for commission as their representative, and said motion, being duly seconded, was carried unanimously.

The Committee on Work reported that—

> While we recognize that the work is only the earthen vessel in which the treasure of Masonic symbolism is hidden, still we are impressed that the proceedings of lodges and the conferring of degrees should be done in a duly dignified manner and with practical uniformity, and we believe that measures should be taken to reinforce the work now being done by the grand lecturers.

The committee placed a limitation of two years on grand lecturers' certificates of proficiency and ordered that hereafter every holder of such certificate desiring its continuance must present himself for a new examination and secure another certificate.

The Committee on Appeals and Grievances themselves commit an offense in printing the names of brethren whose cases came under their supervision. It is decidedly unmasonic to publish the shortcomings of members of the craft who in an hour of weakness depart from the straight and narrow path.

A pleasure feature of the grand lodge meeting was the introduction of eighteen brethren who had attained a Masonic record of over forty years. They were escorted to the east and accorded the private grand honors of Masonry.

The Committee on Jurisprudence made a report in which it approved every decision made by the grand master. But with the sentence of approval also went either a suggestion or criticism on the part of the committee as to the form or manner in which the grand master had expressed himself or with a suggestion on the part of the committee as to a better construction of the law. It must not be forgotten, however, that it is always the right and prerogative of Jurisprudence Committees to air their superior knowledge, they never want to give the new grand master credit for anything, they are afraid that if they encourage the youngster too much that when he gets on the committee he will proceed to tell his elders where to get off at.

One statement in the report of the Committee on Jurisprudence promotes a smile. They state—

> We feel that in this and many similar cases the masters and brethren of lodges are prone to refer to the grand master, questions that should not be brought before him, and particularly that in regard to physical qualifications. The lodges should judge for themselves as far as is possible to do so.

That's just exactly what they tell masters and brethren in Illinois, then if the master doesn't happen to know any more about Masonry than the law allows him and chances to initiate somebody minus a big toe the grand master jumps on him with both feet and suspends him from office for six months. The ignus fatuous of Freemasonry is that terse little sentence "the lodge shall be the judge of the physical fitness of its candidates." It lures many worthy masters into the slough of trouble.

The proceedings close with a certificate from the grand secretary attesting the fact that the proceedings contain a true transcript of the transactions of the grand lodge.

It is evident that our Louisianians do not believe in wasting very much of their funds for the benefit of foreign correspondence. A report of 48 pages is prepared by Herman C. Duncan in which Illinois gets one page. But one quotation is made from Grand Master Ralph Wheeler's address and that is his paragraph relating to military lodges. A few brief sentences are taken from the oration of Oscar A. Kropf.

Concerning the refusal of the Grand Lodge of Illinois to recognize the Grand Lodge of Panama Brother Duncan says—

> Whether the working of degrees in Symbolic Masonry can be lawfully done in other rite than that of the York Rite has been repeatedly argued, and to your committee it seems inopportune to renew the discussion. Some day liberty will be established everywhere in this world. The Teutonic claim to be the only people will cease. Then it will be timely to again consider those matters. For that hour we wait. May the bells soon ring out declaring liberty throughout not this land alone, but every land. Then Illinois will recognize the liberty for others she claims for herself. Then she will recognize that our brethren of the Scottish, living in countries where it is the only rite, or the dominant rite, have the liberty in working in Symbolic Masonry.

Lodges 228 — George A. Treadwell, G. M., New Orleans.
Members 19,387 — John A. Davilla, G. S., New Orleans.

MAINE, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The grand lodge met in May. Proceedings not received at this writing.

MANITOBA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The forty-third annual communication convened in the city of Winnipeg, June 12, 1918. The grand lodge was opened in ample form, after which Grand Master Percy E. Kellett presented his annual address.

He has considerable to say about the great war, and introduces the following paragraph,—

> During the past year forty members of our lodges have made the supreme sacrifice for country and liberty in the great war. Words cannot express the debt of gratitude we owe them. The barbarian threatens our very existence as a free people. Reason and Righteousness must be forced upon him that the foundation may be laid for the brotherhood of man. These soldiers died battling for that brotherhood which Freemasonry has for its ideal. We have ample reason, then, to cherish their memory. The glory they acquired will always live. To their dear ones, we would extend our deepest sympathy, and where necessary, may we be privileged to give counsel and assistance. Instinctively we remember these familiar sentences: "Death is swallowed up in Victory." "O Death where is thy sting, O Grave where is thy Victory?" Formerly they breathed consolation, now, in addition, they stimulate courage and hopeful aspiration. The work continues. Their bodies are dead, but their souls go marching on. Living and dead battle together for victory. Their death will not interfere, but will hasten the victory to which they looked forward.

He reports great success in the bi-centenary appeal for the Benevolent Fund.

He states that the year, 1917, should be of particular interest to the Masons of Manitoba because it is commemorative of the introduction of Freemasonry into the province, which took place in 1864.

The grand master states that he issued a number of dispensations but in so doing, established no new precedent. In this connection, he says,—

> I refused dispensation in one case where a soldier had lost his legs, both off a few inches from the body. Sympathy would urge one to overlook almost any physical defect in a soldier who had become maimed in this war. But I felt no great hardship would be incurred by waiting. Dispensation can be applied for again. I did not want to establish a precedent, which might turn out to be dangerous and costly for this grand lodge to follow. This is a question that should be carefully considered at this grand lodge session, and a definite policy laid down for future guidance. The problem will be placed before you for your decision, when the new constitution is being considered. My own opinion is that we should guard against being swayed

altogether by sympathy. It would rebound very much to the discredit of our fraternity, if we assumed a burden greater than we could bear. Our fraternity is not in any sense a benefit society. If the bars are taken down almost altogether, it will undoubtedly result in our having added to our membership a great many who would be a charge against the fraternity for the balance of their natural lives.

He advises the grand lodge, that in case it would appear advisable to change the present law on physical qualifications that he would recommend—

> That in all cases of physical disability, it be insisted on that an applicant for membership be not only able to support himself, but also able and willing to contribute to the assistance of those in need. Only in this way, it seems to me can we assure ourselves of a membership vigorous enough to carry out Masonic work on its broadest lines. I would recommend also that a set form of application for dispensation in cases of physical disqualification be drawn up, so that complete information as to the circumstances and capabilities of the applicant may be placed before whoever has to decide on whether dispensation should be granted or not. Such form should be used in all cases where dispensation is asked for on account of physical disqualification.

In connection with a conference of grand officers and the Board of General Purposes held early in the year, the subject of general Masonic Utility was considered. The following expression is taken from the grand master's comment on this meeting,—

> Reduced to fundamentals, it seems to me, the main object of our fraternity is to give the individual member increased opportunity for self-development, self-realization and service. If for any reason, this object is lost sight of or obscured, our institution has no real place in a world such as exists today. This purpose cannot be fulfilled by the mere performance of ceremonies and the recitation of rituals. We must have a practical application of our truths and morals in social uplifting work. Unless we can do this, thinking people will have no time for us.

He has considerable to say upon the subject of French Masonry, from which the conclusion is drawn that M. Joseph Caillaux, is not a Freemason, and never has been, but that M. Meline, and Marshal Joffre, both belong to the Grand Orient of France. As to the sources from which many false reports concerning Freemasonry have emanated, the grand master leaves each reader to draw his own conclusions.

The district deputy grand masters submit exhaustive reports, and the inference is that these officials do something more than to receive official receptions and draw mileage and per diem at grand lodge.

On the afternoon of the second day, a splendid oration was delivered to the grand lodge, by the Rev. Thomas G. Bethell. His sub-

ject was leadership and personality, and it makes good reading for all Masons.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $9,724.38 and expenditures of $10,760.83. There was appropriated from the Benevolent Fund of the grand lodge the sum of $2,822.40 for the care of the grand lodge dependents.

The report of the grand secretary covers many details.

Among the dispensations detailed is one to give Masonic burial to an Entered Apprentice.

The Board of General Purposes make the customary report, concerning the general welfare of the fraternity. One item chronicles the fact that the ceremonials of the grand lodge are so much in disrepute among the brethren and a committee was appointed to recast them.

Concerning the position of the Three Lesser Lights, it was recommended that a light be placed in front of each of the three principal officers' chairs. This certainly would be placing them, east, west and south.

The Committee on Jurisprudence reported that nothing had been submitted to them for consideration.

The Committee on Masonic Research and Education state that they are devising plans for the education of the craft upon Masonic subjects.

The most interesting report in the proceedings is that of the Committee on the Condition of Freemasonry, in which about everything connected with the fraternity from its incepta to the present time is considered. There are a lot of good things in this report and if time and space permitted, the writer would like very much to reproduce some of them.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence make a very pretentious report of the grand lodge. What the committee did was to review the proceedings of other grand jurisdictions and extract therefrom the best things that it could find and present them in topical form to the grand lodge.

The Committee on the Bi-Centenary Fund submit an itemized statement of their efforts. They deserve congratulations. The allotment to be raised was $64,760.00. The amount subscribed was $72,418.55.

The grand lodge closed with the election and installation of officers.

There is no detailed report by states by a Committee on Foreign Correspondence.

Lodges 77 — Edward T. Greenway, G .M., Crystal City.

Members 7,600 — James A. Ovas, G. S., Winnipeg.

MARYLAND, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The Grand Lodge of Maryland meets twice each year in semiannual communication. Being located in compact territory with abundant railroad facilities there is no reason why the grand lodge should not meet oftener than once each year.

In examining the proceedings it is noticeable that organ and vocal music is interspersed among the various transactions.

It is generally agreed nowadays that music hath power to tame the savage breast. Perhaps the use of music is one reason for the general harmony which seems to prevail throughout the transactions of the Grand Lodge of Maryland.

Here is an idea for the Grand Lodge of Illinois. Why not order George Kurzenknabe and some of the quartettes of Chicago on hand during the grand lodge session and when things become rancorous have them sing a little. Again it would be a most excellent thing to have them chant a lullaby during the reading of some very lengthy reports which besides being extremely dry are rendered inaudible by the stage fright of the reader. A lullaby at this time might be highly soothing to the sleepers in the audience who were out late the night before.

The grand lodge began with considerable eclat. The deputy grand master opens the grand lodge and then sends the grand marshal out to inform the grand master that the grand lodge is ready to receive him. Accompanied by the grand sword bearer the grand master is escorted into the presence of the grand lodge amid a tumult of grand honors and music.

What, in Illinois, is known as the Committee on Credentials is called in Maryland the Committee on Conference. The detailed report which they make would look much better in the appendix.

The grand master of Maryland makes no detailed report of his transactions. Probably he considers that it is none of the grand lodge's business what he did.

At the meeting under Review held the second Tuesday of May, 1917, complete statements of the grand secretary and the grand treasurer were received. The grand secretary makes a detailed statistical report covering the first half of the year.

In the record of the Library Committee is noticed a disbursement of $2.00 for subscription to the American Freemason. The American Freemason is a splendid publication but why does the Grand Lodge of Mary-

land confine itself to this one journal when there are so many more of merit? Why not take them all and thus give the reading Masons Masonic information from all parts of the country?

Grand Master Shryock calls attention of the grand lodge to—

> A fund, called the "Baltimore Fund," was being raised in the city of Baltimore for the relief of the dependents of the soldiers and sailors who are enlisted in the army and navy in the world war, and in order to show the loyalty of the fraternity suggested that the grand lodge take part therein.
>
> On motion it was resolved that the grand lodge appropriate fifteen hundred dollars to this fund, payable in three installments of five hundred dollars per annum for the next three years.

With the adoption of this recommendation the Star Spangled Banner was sung, quite appropriately.

The reports of various committees submitted at this semi-annual meeting were extremely brief.

Following the account of the May meeting is one of the cornerstone laying of the Maryland State College of Agriculture participated in by officers of the grand lodge, very few proxies being in evidence. It gives in full the cornerstone ceremony, and the question naturally arises as to whether this was a special service arranged for this particular occasion.

The second semi-annual communication was held November 20th, and is called the "Annual Communication."

The opening ceremonies were identical with those related heretofore. The business transacted was unimportant. The reports of all the committees were brief and disclose nothing of unusual character. This is probably due to the fact that in Maryland the grand master is the whole works, while committees are merely for ornamental purposes.

At this annual meeting there was presented to the grand lodge a bronze bust of General George Washington in Masonic regalia. The gift was from the grand master, Thomas J. Shryock.

Along about five o'clock in the afternoon of the second day the grand lodge called off, formed in procession and proceeded to the banquet hall where dinner was served. This certainly would be a pleasing custom in a small grand lodge, but it would hardly work in the grand lodge of Illinois.

The manner of conducting the election of officers in Maryland is somewhat unusual. The record states—

> The most worshipful grand master announced that the time had arrived for the election of grand officers for the ensuing term, and then vacated the East, which was assumed by Brother

Charles C. Homer, Jr., right worshipful deputy grand master, who presided during the election of most worshipful grand master, the result of which was the unanimous re-election of Most Worshipful Brother Thomas J. Shryock, most worshipful grand master for thirty-third time.

It is noted that the deputy grand master installs the grand master and the grand master installs the balance of the officers.

The report on correspondence is prepared by the Reverend Henry Branch. He gives one page only to Illinois. Maybe the grand lodge put the soft pedal on him. He very briefly enumerates points in our transaction which seem to attract his attention.

Concerning the matter of tuition at the LaGrange Home he says—

> The question of admitting the children in the Masonic homes to the school in the district in which the home is located, instead of compelling them to attend the schools in their own home, was settled in the interest of the Masonic Home, the real home, for the time being, a distinct rebuke to the school authorities, who demanded tuition as for non-resident pupils. How uncharitable and narrow-minded.

Of the reports of the district deputies he observes—

> Reports from the fifty Masonic districts are very frank in the criticism of the work and proceedings, and indicate a healthfulness and efficiency that augurs well for the future.

He extends a cordial greeting to Charles H. Martin, correspondent, in the following words—

> Right welcome is our newly appointed correspondent, with unlimited means at his disposal and free to control as many pages as the rest of the proceedings. A new feature commends itself to our judgment, the Index to Correspondents, though Brother Branch is christened over again and gains an added initial.

Lodges — Charles C. Homer, Jr., G. M., Baltimore.

Members 18,552 — George Cook, G. S., Baltimore.

MASSACHUSETTS, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts for the year 1917 are a rather complex volume. The annual communication was held December 12th. The proceedings, however, were not delivered until the middle of July following, nearly seven months elapsing between the time of meeting and the receipt of the printed volume. It is understood that

labor troubles were responsible for the long delay. At first glance the book might be taken for a historical review of numerous Masonic incidents and events, for it contains a number of articles dealing with the early history of Freemasonry together with illustrations of prominent men connected with the early and formulative period of the fraternity. These are scattered through the volume, in many instances being interspersed with the business transactions of the grand lodge. This makes it somewhat difficult for a novice to readily obtain an idea of what the grand lodge did. However, there may be method in this procedure, because it insures the various papers and documents being called to the ready attention of the reader, whereas, if placed in an appendix their examination might be deferred and possibly fail to secure attention.

The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts follows very closely the plan of most English grand lodges by holding quarterly communications. The proceedings under review record the transaction of four quarterly communications, one of which is called the annual, eight special communications, one deputy grand lodge and one stated communication for the observance of the feast of St. John the Baptist.

The volume opens with a splendid steel engraving of Leon M. Abbott, grand master, and is followed by a half-tone portrait of the Masonic temple at Christobal, Canal Zone, a very imposing structure. The deputy grand lodge heretofore referred to, is given first consideration.

According to the record Melvin M. Johnson, past grand master, was appointed special deputy grand master to visit the Canal Zone and look after the interests of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts so far as certain lodges therein owing it allegiance were concerned.

The official report discloses the fact that among the acts transacted were the deliverance of a dispensation for the formation of Isthmian Lodge and the erection of a district grand lodge for the Canal Zone. A protocol was arranged and signed between the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts and the Grand Lodge of Panama, whereby the former was to be recognized as a sovereign grand lodge and the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts granted certain jurisdiction over symbolic Masonry in the Canal Zone, so far as lodges instituted by it might be affected.

A quarterly communication of the grand lodge was held March 14, 1917 in the Masonic temple at Boston. The grand master, Brother Leon M. Abbott, opened his address with tributes of respect to the memory of several distinguished craftsmen. He stated that he would willingly visit lodges of his jurisdiction when his presence was deemed necessary or of vital assistance to the craft, but that he preferred to have the district deputy grand master present at all lodge functions held within

their respective districts. He did say one thing for which he is to be commended—

> I shall not attend, in my official capacity as grand master, any *tiled* meeting of the so-called higher bodies or appendant orders in Masonry. It does not seem to me that I ought to attend officially any Masonic meeting held behind tiled doors which I or my officers would not be able to attend if only Blue Lodge Masons. I believe you will agree that this position is logical and consistent. It certainly cannot be said to be inspired by any personal hostility to the higher-degree bodies, in several of which I am at present, or have been in the past, an officer. These appendant orders occupy a most important place in the Masonic world, but my concerns as grand master are with the grand lodge and the lodges under its jurisdiction.

The chain letter nuisance is severely condemned by Brother Abbott and a number of substantial legacies to the Charity Fund of the grand lodge are recorded.

The grand master appends to his quarterly report a detailed account of the Panama expedition as submitted by Past Grand Master Johnson.

Following the address of the grand master the question of the recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama was introduced, and an exhaustive preface on the question was presented by Past Grand Master Johnson recommending that the recognition be accorded and representatives exchanged. The grand lodge adopted the report by a unanimous vote.

The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts evidently believes that the moral law should be rigidly upheld for at the quarterly communication referred to, a member of one of the lodges who had introduced a young man to a woman of questionable character thereby causing his Masonic downfall was expelled from the fraternity. At this quarterly meeting there was delivered a profound address by Roscoe Pound of the Harvard Law School upon the subject "A Preface of Masonic Symbolism." It is a very able article, and will appeal to the educated, thoughtful men of the fraternity but because of its psychological turn it is a little too laborious to interest the average craftsman.

An amendment was introduced waiving the six months residence requirement over all soldiers and sailors having no definite Masonic residence.

A quarterly communication was held in the city of Boston on June 13, 1917, which partook somewhat of the nature of a celebration of the bicentenary of the Grand Lodge of England.

The grand master opens his address with the usual report on necrology.

He stated that he had been repeatedly asked if it was permissible for lodges to give from their lodge funds for the support of the Red Cross and other war activities. He suggested that there was nothing in the law which would prevent them from so doing, but that it would be far better for them to conserve their funds and be prepared to meet those calls for relief which in the near future will undoubtedly tax all Masonic lodges to the very limit of their resources.

The question of the payment of income tax by the lodges of the state engaged the attention of the grand master and he caused a bill to be introduced into the legislature of Massachusetts specifically exempting the property of fraternal organizations from taxation. This bill was vigorously opposed by certain elements but finally became a law.

The grand master referred to the bicentenary of the Grand Lodge of England and introduced Past Grand Master Chas. T. Gallagher who delivered a splendid address dealing with those events and circumstances which lead to the formation of the Mother Grand Lodge of the world.

At this meeting a member of the fraternity who had deserted his wife and defrauded his creditors was expelled from all the rights and privileges of Freemasonry. This is good Masonic information. It is high time that the wife beaters and deserters of families were given to understand that Masonry will not tolerate such conduct.

The amendment to the constitutions introduced in March relating to the Masonic residence of soldiers and sailors was adopted with an additional clause requiring full investigation as to the character and fitness of applicants as well as to previous residence and application for the degree.

The question of the recognition of the Grand Lodge of France was presented in the form of a memorial to the effect that until the Grand Lodge of France is ready to bring its ritual within the requirements of English speaking grand lodges so far as to recognize a supreme being that no recognition be extended but that the hope is expressed that negotiations may be opened which will lead to the recognition of the Masons of France.

A quarterly communication of the grand lodge was held in September in the Masonic Temple in Boston. In his opening address the grand master states that there were few matters to receive attention at this communication. He suggests that the constitutions and regulations were somewhat of a patch work with many a rent and seam and proposes a committee to revise and codify existing laws and regulations. Just how much good the codification will do will depend wholly and solely upon the number of amendments and alterations that may be brought forward

in the future. Just as long as brethren seek to improve and change and modify existing laws just that long must the laws of the jurisdiction resemble a crazy quilt.

The grand master refused to issue dispensations for the formation of army lodges, but says should the war continue and a sufficient number of troops be sent abroad the question of traveling lodges would be considered.

Concerning the dispensations to receive and act upon petitions in less than the lawful time Grand Master Abbott says—

> I have not, however, in a single instance waived the requirement of the constitutions that a candidate proposed at a regular monthly communication must stand over before being balloted for until the next regular monthly communication. This requirement is so important and basic of quality in membership that in my judgment it ought never to be set aside. Masonry knows no distinction among men. It is our duty, as it is our pleasure, to support the National Government and all legally constituted authorities in this grave world-crisis. Every sacrifice in every avenue of effort that is necessary to carry forward the war to a successful issue should and will be cheerfully made. The spirit of true patriotism is given emphasis by every loyal Mason.
>
> Commending to the utmost enlistment in the military or naval service of the country does not mean that we should lower the dignity of our institution to serve the convenience of applicants, nor set aside sacred traditions and time-honored laws to make admission to its ranks of easier accomplishment.

At this quarterly meeting there is reported the expulsion of a certain brother because he wrote in plain English the lecture of the 1st degree and mailed it to a person not a member of the craft. The party receiving the lecture claimed to be a Mason; that he had taken his degrees in a lodge in Illinois, and exhibited a variety of different insignia of the various orders and degrees in Freemasonry. Other than this the respondent took no means of ascertaining whether or not said party was a Mason. During their acquaintance the respondent frequently conversed in regard to the work and lectures of the order and endeavored to instruct him therein, but finding said party a dull pupil he wrote out the lecture of the first degree in plain English and mailed it to him.

The last quarterly communication for the year was held in the Masonic Temple at Boston, December 12th and was in the nature of an annual meeting.

The first thing recorded is a memorial to Moses C. Plummer, deputy grand master of the grand lodge. It is with sincere regret that the writer learns of the death of this most estimable man, as he knew him personally and admired him because of his high character and standing as a Mason.

Grand Master Leon M. Abbott opens his address by referring to the decease of a number of prominent Masons of the state. He urges all lodges to rally to the assistance of the government by observing the conservation of food law, and eliminating all unnecessary collations and banquets. Judging from the large number of dinners mentioned there is good reason for making such a request.

Concerning public appearances of Masons in parades and other public demonstrations the grand master has considerable to say and quotes numerous Masonic authorities upon the subject. His conclusions are as follows—

> When the masters of lodges are asked to participate in these affairs they should remember that from the beginning Freemasonry has done its own peculiar work in its own way. It does not challenge any comparison with others. It does not advertise itself. It does not seek for the applause of the general public and it is indifferent to its criticism.
>
> In stating the position of the fraternity, masters have no need to take a deprecatory or apologetic tone. Freemasonry has taken its part in the civic life of this country for nearly two centuries. Its members have been conspicuous for loyalty and public service. Through eight wars before this one, Massachusetts Freemasons have ever been foremost at the post of duty, both in military and civil life. The crisis of today will not find them wanting.
>
> I reaffirm the principles held by my predecessors and I shall continue to refuse dispensations to participate in public demonstrations.

The grand master having received no answer from the Grand Lodge of France in response to the memorial previously transmitted, the grand secretary was directed to represent the subject.

He reports a long list of visitations made him.

The membership statistics show that the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts covers extended territory for the grand master says—

> There are two hundred and fifty-five lodges in Massachusetts, four in China, three in Chile, and five in the Canal Zone. There are three lodges in Massachusetts under dispensation: Universal, of Orleans, Baalis Sanford, of Brockton, and Seaview, of Revere. There are two lodges under dispensation in the Canal Zone, Isthmian and Darien. This makes a total of two hundred and sixty-seven lodges under this jurisdiction—an increase of five.

The financial reports, which are presented at this meeting, are interesting. They are somewhat complicated however, as most reports are when prepared by official auditors.

The valuation of the Masonic Temple in Boston is placed at $1,510,000 on which $26,727 annual taxes are paid. The Board of Directors report that after paying the interest on the mortgage of $188,000 that very little margin is left in the way of net receipts.

The Masonic Education and Charity Trust reports a total fund of $816,837.89, yielding a net income per annum of $28,309.72.

Concerning the War Relief Fund which the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts proposes to raise, Grand Master Abbott said—

> Some people have asked, "What are you going to do with the money which you raise if the war should end within a short time?" My answer is that every dollar will be needed and will be spent for war relief purposes. If the war should end today there would be need of every dollar subscribed to this fund to provide suitably and properly against the want and distress of those who have offered their lives for their country, and for their dependents. Positions of employment will in some cases have been lost; health will in many cases be impaired, some sort of pension system may have to be provided. Brethren who have risked their lives—their all—should never have to ask for help. Their needs should be sought out and anticipated. This is no time for mere Masonic lip service. Deeds should substitute words.

The election of officers resulted in the re-election of Leon M. Abbott as grand master and Frederick W. Hamilton as grand secretary.

A detailed financial report of the Masonic Home Fund is attached to the report of the proceedings and it goes into much detail concerning the Masonic home. It will prove very interesting to those brethren who are charged with the responsibility of managing similar institutions for their respective grand lodges.

The proceedings conclude with a report of a stated communication of the grand lodge held December 27 for the purpose of celebrating the feast of St. John the Evangelist, and according to the old English custom, to install the grand officers who had been previously elected and appointed. At the conclusion of this interesting service the brethren indulged in the grand feast. Four regular toasts were observed as follows, after which numerous interesting addresses were delivered—

> To the memory of the Holy Saints John.
>
> (The toast was duly honored by the brethren, all standing.)
>
> Brethren, the second regular toast: To the memory of our illustrious brother, George Washington.
>
> (The second toast was duly honored by the brethren in the same manner.)
>
> Brethren, the third regular toast: To the memory of our departed brethren.

(The toast was duly honored by the brethren in the same manner.)

Brethren, the fourth and last regular toast: To all the fraternity, wheresoever dispersed upon the face of the earth.

(The toast was duly honored by the brethren in the same manner.)

Appended to the proceedings is an extensive paper prepared by Emery B. Gibbs called the anti-Masonic movement. There is nothing to show as to where it was delivered or what led to its preparation. It deals largely with the abduction of William Morgan and is a very interesting document.

The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts apparently does not believe in wasting either paper or printer's ink in the preparation of fraternal correspondence. Of course the Grand Lodge of Massachussets is a very independent and aristocratic body, claiming to be the oldest Masonic organization in this country, which claim is disputed by both Pennsylvania and South Carolina. Maybe the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts doesn't regard it as worth while to have presented in its proceedings a resume of the transactions of other grand lodges and maybe it doesn't care a mill site what they did.

Lodges 267 — Leon Martin Abbott, G. M.

Members 75,685 — Frederick W. Hamilton, G. S.

MICHIGAN, F. & A. M.

1918

A letter to our genial friend and grand secretary brought the reply that the proceedings of his grand lodge had not been issued. He kindly consented to forward copy at the earliest possible moment. It is with regret that this report closes with Michigan not reviewed.

MINNESOTA, A. F. & A. M.

1913

The city of St. Paul had the honor of entertaining the Grand Lodge of Minnesota at its annual meeting held January 16th and 17th. The proceedings are issued in a well printed volume embellished with sufficient illustrations to lift it out of the commonplace. The volume opens with a portrait of Most Worshipful Grand Master Albert Berg. His face is good to look upon and reflects intelligence and honest conviction. An unusual feature of the proceedings will be found in the report of the Masonic Veterans Association, which is printed as a sort of an addenda to the correspondence report, the expense being paid no doubt by the grand lodge. The grand secretary is to be commended for printing in the report the honor roll containing the names of those of their boys who have enlisted in the service of their country. This is given by lodges and shows that the Masons of Minnesota are not slackers.

A note on the title page reads "Ordered to be read in all lodges." It would be very interesting to know just how this direction is accomplished and what effect it has upon lodge attendance at the particular time when the proceedings are to be read.

The grand lodge opened with the singing of America. The Committee on Credentials reported 207 out of 268 lodges represented. The question naturally arises where were the representatives of the other 61? It looks like somebody ought to start an inquiry.

The address of Grand Master Berg is a plain statement of affairs incident to his office, devoid of any attempt at ornate display. Just why the grand master injected so many quotations from new testament scripture into his report is not understood unless he thinks Ancient Craft Masonry ought to be christianized. He approved the by-laws of 33 lodges from which the idea is gained that the Grand Lodge of Minnesota proposes to see that legislation enacted by its constituent lodges is in accordance with its regulations. Eleven dispensations were issued during the year, all of them of small importance. The grand master very wisely made no decisions but submitted his answers to all questions to the Committee on Jurisprudence for review. Two recommendations were made. One that the master and wardens who are named as officers of a new lodge must furnish a certificate from the Board of Custodians that they are able to open and close and confer the degrees according to the ritualistic requirements of that jurisdiction. This has long been the Illinois way and insures a good working lodge at the outset. Another recommendation was to the effect that the elective officers of the grand lodge and one mem-

ber of the Board of Custodians should be allowed traveling expenses when accompanying the grand master on official ceremonials and visitations which partake of a public character. The Jurisprudence Committee reported on the above recommendation that so far as the elective officers of the grand lodge were concerned provision was already made for the payment of their expenses but the committee were unable to see any good reason why any member of the Board of Custodians should be carried as a grand lodge exhibit.

Fifty-six requests to confer degrees were received by Minnesota lodges and seventy-six were transmitted to lodges in other states.

The grand master refused to make Masons at sight or to establish military lodges giving as his reason—

> Our fraternity is founded upon laws, principles and policies, established and promulgated by the founders.

Our beloved and revered Albert Pike once said:

"The dead govern—the living but obey."

The grand master had considerable to say about the secrecy of the ballot and quotes Grand Master Gobin of Illinois. He is a new one, as the records of this grand jurisdiction fail to disclose any past grand master of that name. Of course nearly every grand master has something to say about the secrecy of the ballot. It is a fruitful subject.

Following the report of the grand master a rather unusual procedure took place. Those distinguished Iowa brethren so well known to the craft, Brother G. L. Schoonover and Brother H. L. Hayward were announced. A committee was appointed to escort them into the presence of the grand lodge. In due time the committee returned with our distinguished Iowa brethren and also had with them the grand high priest of the grand chapter, the grand master of the grand council, the deputy grand commander of the grand commandery and the sovereign grand inspector general of the Scottish Rite, all of whom were received and warmly welcomed according to the record. But one enterprising brother discovered in the transaction what he considered a very serious omission, and a little later in the proceedings introduced a resolution including the grand patron of the Order of the Eastern Star among the functionaries to be recognized by the grand lodge at its annual meetings. Just why he didn't make it the grand matron, the real head of that organization, is not stated, and the surprising thing about it all is that the grand lodge adopted the resolution. Why not send out and get the presiding genius of the Red Men, the Eagles and the Daughters of Pocahontas and have a real show?

Prior to the report of the grand treasurer a lengthy resolution was presented by Brother W. A. Pittenger providing for the—

> Formation of a grand body or a Supreme Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons having general and supreme jurisdiction and governing authority over Blue Lodge Masonry and the grand lodges having jurisdiction thereof; such proposed body to consist of representatives from the grand lodges composing the same.

Of course it did not take the Committee on Jurisprudence long to dispose of the resolution, which they did in the following language—

> "Be not adopted, as the plan is directly contrary to the plan of Masonic territorial jurisdiction universally in practice in this country."

A resolution was introduced abolishing that relic of the dark ages, known as the Past Masters degree and the Committee on Jurisprudence recommended an amendment to the by-laws doing away with this useless and annoying procedure.

The report of the grand treasurer shows the receipts of the year to be $22,238.32 and the disbursements $21,781.69. The permanent relief fund, according to the grand treasurer's report, shows a grand total of $124,-175.57. A most excellent showing.

The report of the grand secretary gives the total net gain for the year in membership 1,535. In his table under increase he makes use of the word "joined" which probably means the same as affiliation in Illinois. Again under decrease in membership he uses the term "stricken from the roll." It would be interesting to know the reasons for dropping members from the roll.

The first day's session concluded with a splendid oration delivered by the grand orator, Harry G. Gearhart. This oration is out of the ordinary. It is devoid of Masonic platitudes and deals with the present European war, and its effect upon the institution of Freemasonry. Lack of space forbids any liberal quotation therefrom; but all Masons should take home his closing injunction—

> We Masons must all get into this war and fight—fight for our country and our Masonic principles, in one way if not in another. Let us realize that every assistance we give our government, everything we do to help our soldiers, every contribution we make to the Red Cross, everything of which we deprive ourselves in order that our soldiers may be better supplied, everything which we can do to keep the wheels of industry and of commerce moving at a greater efficiency than ever before, everything which we can do to secure the punishment of the spreaders of this seditious talk and thus suppress it, is not only giving to our government the support it deserves from its citizens, but is fighting the battle in defense of the principles and teachings of our order. Let us not be slackers in our obligations to our government or in our obligations to Masonry.

The report of the custodian of the work discloses the fact that in Minnesota they are following very closely along the Illinois plan, the Tuesday evening session of every school being given over to the National Masonic Research Society. The average attendance of the schools this year was 334 and the number of lodges represented at the schools 175.

The Committee on Necrology presented a very brief report of about one page. If the committee read this report to the grand lodge, representatives were no doubt pleased because of its brevity.

Among the various reports of the committees will be found one from the Committee on Ancient Land Marks, from which it is taken that the Grand Lodge of Minnesota has especially organized a home guard to protect the ancient land marks from assault. It is noticeable that about the last thing the grand lodge did was to elect officers. This, of course, strikes us in Illinois as unusual because it has been customary to elect officers in this jurisdiction immediately after the opening of the grand lodge. The principle reason therefore being to prevent any concerted effort toward a political demonstration.

An unusual committee is one called "Our Nation's Welfare." The committee, however, made a most excellent report pledging the loyalty of Minnesota Masons in the present crisis. Copies were ordered sent to the president and the secretary of the treasury.

The grand lodge evidently believes that grand officers should keep their financial transactions within due bounds for the report of the Committee on Appropriations presents a well prepared budget in which various sums are appropriated and set apart to meet the expenses of the grand lodge during the coming year.

The correspondence report is prepared by Brother Irving Todd for the committee. It is a very brief document of sixty-seven pages. He devotes scarcely a page and a half to Illinois. He notes the principle transactions of our session of 1917. Otherwise the review is devoid of either criticism or praise.

Lodges 268 William N. Kendrick, G. M., Spring Valley.
Members 35,377 John Fishel, G. S., St. Paul.

MISSISSIPPI, F. & A. M.

1918

It required a volume of over six hundred pages to record the transaction of the one hundredth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi.

The book is printed on a splendid quality of enamel paper and is profusely adorned with the portrait of every grand master serving since the formation of the grand lodge.

The roll of honor as prepared by the grand secretary is printed on pages beautifully embellished with a border of American flags, the top of each page being adorned by a group of flags representing the allied nations. These pages are very striking and are singularly appropriate.

The annual communication which was held in the city of Natchez, commencing February 18, opened with a centennial celebration at which there was rendered a specially prepared program of music, Scriptural readings, hymns and addresses. All the remarks made were befitting the occasion and dealt very largely with the history, growth and development of Masonry in the state of Mississippi.

The 100th annual communication commenced on Tuesday, February 19 at 9:30 a.m. with a public reception at which there were present members of the grand lodge and their ladies. This service was held in the Presbyterian Church at which a musical program and addresses were given. The only address printed in full is that of the worthy grand matron of the Eastern Star in which she undertook to emphasize the intimate relationship existing between Freemasonry and the Stellar System.

Immediately following the public service the grand lodge was opened in ample form.

The grand representative of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, Paul H. Murphy, is reported as being present.

The first business was the report of the grand master. He had something to say about the war and expressed the idea that Freemasonry is approaching a new era when all the world will experience and enjoy that for which Masonry from its very inception has contended. The fraternal dead received extended notice from the grand master.

Concerning the grand lecturers the grand master makes the observation that the lodges of the state were not making as good use of them as they should and says—

> I wish that all of our subordinate lodges would make better use of the opportunities they have of perfecting themselves in the work and thereby be better enabled to give the candidate for Masonry value received for his initiation fee. Brethren, get busy and use your deputies. Put more "*pep*" in your work and you will not fail to get a quorum at your stated communications and thereby allow your lodge to die the slow death of *dry rot*, for of such a disease most of our lodges which become defunct die, and the sure cure for this trouble is, use your deputies and if unable financially to use them, petition your grand master to send the grand lecturer to you, for he is a most efficient one and always ready to stretch forth his hand and support a weak or falling brother or any number of them who are formed into a lodge.

Concerning the schools of instruction the grand master charges that a few of them seem to have a tinge of dry rot and he exhorts the brethren to get behind the schools and make them a success. He particularly urges the senior deacon to attend for he says that of all the officers of a lodge who should be conversant with the floor work the senior deacon is the most important.

Four cornerstones were laid during the year, only one of them being for a Masonic edifice.

The grand master refused to lay the cornerstone of a government building because the authorities refused to comply with the laws of Masonry in regard to foundation stones. This is an instance where the grand master demonstrated that Masonry was bigger than the U. S. A. There are some who will question the attitude of the grand master in a situation of this kind and who will claim that the rules of the government should have been met and the fraternity not placed in a haughty attitude.

Three dispensations for the formation of new lodges were granted.

The grand master reports that he issued 200 dispensations to ballot out of time and confer degrees. He justifies his action by saying—

> Brethren, when doing this I realized my action was, I might say, unheard of in the history of Masonry, but I felt then and do yet, if there is anything that we as Masons can do for the boys who have gone and are going out in defense of all that we as Masons stand for and hold most dear, it is our duty to do it. I have in all cases left it to the good judgment of the lodge as to who should receive the degrees in this manner.

The charters of five lodges were arrested by the grand master, and it is pleasing to find a grand master who has enough backbone to maintain the dignity of Masonry and not permit lodges to flagrantly violate the law and get away with it. What Masonry needs today more than anything else is a little wholesome discipline imposed upon refractory lodges. The result would be that many other lodges would very soon

get the idea that Masonry permits no trifling and would at once set their houses in order.

A rather peculiar expression is used in Mississippi in relation to deposing a master. The record calls this action "The arrest of Jewel."

The grand master reports a number of law queries which he states were not referred to the Law Committee, none of them however are of an unusual character.

One lodge was unable to open because the three principal officers had entered the service of their country. Hence it became necessary to send the district deputy as the special proxy of the grand master to open the lodge.

The grand master reported a clandestine lodge calling themselves the American Federation of Masons and operating in a neighboring state. Lodges were urged to keep on a lookout for alleged Masons hailing from this spurious organization.

Among the recommendations of the grand master was one—

> That the law as to the county line jurisdiction be repealed and that we know no other jurisdictional lines within the state except the nearest usual traveled route to a lodge regardless of county situation.

Apparently county jurisdictions have not been satisfactory in Mississippi.

The communications of the district deputy grand lecturers immediately follow the address of the grand master. These officials go into detail as to the lodges visited by them, also their accomplishments.

A telegram of confidence was sent to President Wilson. His acknowledgment is printed in the proceedings.

The Committee on Grand Master's Address made a very brief report in which they merely referred to various items contained in the address of the grand master. They made no comments whatsoever concerning his acts.

The record of the Board of Managers for the Masonic Home is a very lengthy document. Those enjoying the privileges of the home are referred to as inmates, a term which would provoke a storm of protest in Illinois where our unfortunates are called members of the home. One hundred and fifty members of the Mississippi Masonic Home were cared for at a cost of $29,874.85 or a monthly per capita expense of $15.48.

The grand secretary, Frederick G. Speed, wrote quite extensively. He states that war certificates attesting the Masonic standing of the holder were sent to every member entering the service. He also records

the names of 34 lodges which during the year conferred 20 degrees and over, the largest number conferred by any one lodge being 118. There are lodges in Illinois which last year conferred as high as 300 degrees, but of course that's about all they did do.

The total receipts for the year were $45,720.11. The expenses including maintenance of the Masonic home were $46,116.22.

The oration delivered by the grand orator dealt very largely with the symbolism of Freemasonry. Judging from the deletion it was necessary to severely censor it before it could be put in type. One paragraph is quoted herewith—

> I wish to impress upon your minds, Brethren, and through you on the minds of the future initiate whom you will instruct, that the symbols of Freemasonry are not fixed dogmas, but images which are susceptible of indefinite interpretations; and that the true teachings of Freemasonry are not to be found on the surface of its symbolism, nor all included in certain fixed ceremonials. The initiate who, on taking Masonic degrees, fails to appreciate the importance of a careful and close scrutiny of Masonic symbolism, is, I believe, wasting the time and money he devotes to Freemasonry. It is true that he will become enrolled as a member of a very ancient and honorable institution; he will participate in the benefits, so far as they go, of the brotherly love and affection that are supposed to prevail within a Masonic lodge; he will feel that if he dies in indigent circumstances his widow and orphan children will be assisted by the fraternity; he will have the melancholy satisfaction of knowing that if he keeps his annual dues to the lodge paid in full his remains will receive burial with Masonic honors, and that his memory will be cherished to a very limited extent by his brethren after he has passed away; but so far as any comprehensive understanding of the true aims and objects of Freemasonry is concerned, he will continue to remain in the dark if he does not endeavor to look underneath the symbolism of Freemasonry in order that he may discover that which was intended to be symbolized.

The Committee on Law and Jurisprudence didn't have very much to report for the reason, the chairman states, that during the year the grand master kept in close touch with the committee and presented the many perplexing cases which came before him for opinion. Grand Master Cullins showed his wisdom in taking the Jurisprudence Committee into his confidence and as a result he saved himself the embarrassment of having the committee take a poke at him for statements which did not coincide with its views.

One opinion rendered by the committee is a little unusual—

> On the refusal of the lodge to reinstate the brother who had been suspended for nonpayment of dues for more than two years, he is entitled to a dismissal certificate, which has the force and effect of a dimit. His status is that of a non-affiliate, and he has

the right to petition his own or any other lodge for membership.

The Committee on State of the Craft in Mississippi made a report urging every lodge member to reconsecrate himself to the work of Masonry because of the large number of active young men who have gone into the service of their country the older members being vitally needed in carrying on the work of Masonry.

Illinois' representative, Paul H. Murphy, demonstrated the fact that he is a Mason at heart for he introduced a resolution providing for the creation of an educational fund. His idea was to ask every lodge of the state to contribute $25.00 each year for a period of two years. By this plan a total sum of $20,000 would be raised. This money at 6% would yield an annual income of $1200 which money could be used to a wonderful advantage in educating the children of deceased Masons.

The grand lodge adopted the report and it looks very much as though the Grand Lodge of Mississippi would soon be possessed of a substantial educational fund.

The record states that on motion of the grand secretary two members of local lodges were elected members of the grand lodge with the title of Honorary.

Concerning army lodges the grand lodge adopted the following resolution which is given in full in order that brethren may understand the Mississippi plan of operation—

> That the grand master of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi be and he is hereby authorized in his sound judgment to grant dispensations for the organization of war lodges among the Mississippi Masons who are or may be in foreign service, such lodges to be organized as lodges are now organized under dispensation, but with no fixed domicile other than that of the unit in which it shall be organized; the membership of such lodges shall be limited to members of Mississippi lodges. Such lodges to continue only for the period of the war, and to submit reports as other lodges report. Such lodges shall have all the rights and privileges of other lodges, but shall not entertain petitions for initiation or advancement; however, such lodges may confer degrees when regularly requested by any regular lodge not an army lodge. It shall not be necessary for the members of such war lodges to demit from the lodges of which they are now members. Such lodges may be organized before their departure from this country, but shall do no work until after their departure.

Another resolution was adopted requiring every lodge in Mississippi during the period of the war to drape its altar with the American flag.

The records state that the business of the grand lodge having been concluded the mystic circle was formed and words of love and farewell

spoken. Evidently the Grand Lodge of Mississippi does not end with a football rush directed toward the location of the Committee on Mileage and Per Diem.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by Henry C. Yawn. Illinois is not included among the jurisdictions reviewed. Perhaps the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Illinois were not placed in the hands of Brother Yawn or it may have been that he found nothing in our proceedings of sufficient importance to warrant his notice.

Lodges 382 — W. Lawrence Wilson, G. M., Laurel.

Members 20,775 — Frederic Gordon Speed, G. S., Vicksburg.

MISSOURI, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings of our sister jurisdiction on the west are taken up with much interest. The volume is well printed and the stock used is above the average. A portrait of Grand Master Edward Higbee adorns the front page and a picture of ninety-two youngsters of the Masonic Home is of more than passing interest. A beautiful example of the engraver's art is reproduced in the proceedings, being a facsimile of the greetings sent by the Grand Lodge of Missouri to the Grand Lodge of England in honor of the two-hundredth anniversary of its organization.

The prayer of the grand chaplain offered at the opening is Masonic. The first thing done was to send a telegram to the President pledging the loyalty of the Masons of Missouri. Next thing was to receive two ambassadors extraordinary representing the Grand Lodge of Illinois. The proceedings relate that—

> Most Worshipful Brother Wm. F. Kuhn, acting as grand senior deacon, introduced M. Wor. Bro. Ralph Wheeler, present grand master of Illinois, and R.W. Bro. Isaac Cutter, present grand secretary, of the same state. They were escorted to the Grand East and accorded the grand honors. Both distinguished brethren responded fittingly with patriotic and fraternal addresses which were enthusiastically received by the brethren.

The grand master's address is a state paper of Masonic importance. In dealing with various questions, he has quoted liberally the opinions of others, whatever may have been his reasons for so doing the craft are more interested in knowing what the grand master himself thinks about these subjects.

He paid his respects to the Prussian war cult in language which cannot be mistaken. He refers to Masonry in the American Revolution, and thinks that the fraternity of the present day should profit from the example set by the illustrious Freemasons who fought in those early days.

The grand master expresses the opinion that military lodges are desirable as a means of doing great good and keeping up an interest in the institution.

He quotes liberally from the writings of others in order to substantiate his position, among them George E. Frazier of Illinois.

The grand master says that he visited as many lodges as time would permit. He believes that any grand master can make himself useful to the craft by visiting lodges and participating in the conferring of degrees.

His statement "if unable to confer the degrees and deliver the lectures to the candidates his visits will be unprofitable" is hereby challenged. Evidently here is a grand master who believes that the sine qua non of Freemasonry is to be found in ritualistic attainment. The grand master does not need to know one line of the ritual to be an efficient force in advancing the cause of Freemasonry.

Brother Higbee makes an extensive report of the George Washington Memorial Association and recommends that the Grand Lodge of Missouri levy a per capita tax of twenty-five cents on all Missouri Freemasons, the same to be used as a contribution to this enterprise.

Concerning the bicentennial of the first grand lodge, the grand master recommends the celebration of the same by the lodges of his state. It would be quite interesting to know just how many of the lodges of Missouri felt sufficient interest in the history and conditions of the society to celebrate this auspicious event.

Regarding Masonic trials the grand master says—

> It is of the utmost importance that the trials should be conducted so as to safeguard the interests of the accused and of the craft. Our records show that in many cases findings so reached have been set aside on appeal. On the one hand, many innocent brethren have been humiliated and their characters unjustly besmirched, while, on the other, many clearly proven guilty have been acquitted, to the scandal and disgrace of the fraternity. In my opinion, every trial should be conducted before a committee or jury of disinterested brethren, whose findings should be based solely on the evidence and not on their preconceived opinions.

Illinois sometime ago realized the truth of all that Bro. Higbee has said, and enacted legislation providing for trials by commission.

Among the many cases of discipline mentioned by the grand master is one involving a shooting scrape in the ante-room of a Masonic lodge.

From the report the idea is gleaned that the grand masters of Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi and Missouri met at Memphis, Tennessee, to consider the question of border jurisdiction. The issue being a uniform method of procedure over the matter of waivers, this is a step in the right direction. The only regret is that all the grand lodges cannot enter into a similar conference and establish some universal rule not only upon the question of waivers, but also transfers of membership and other equally vital matters.

Concerning dispensations to confer degrees in advance of time, the grand master holds that he should be entrusted with the discretion to grant such dispensations, using his best judgment as to the exigencies of the case.

Six cornerstones were laid during the year, none of them being for Masonic edifices.

Among the many dispensations issued were twenty-four to reballot. Naturally one is curious to know how many of these reballotings resulted in the election of the candidate.

Five dispensations for the formation of new lodges were granted during the year.

A large number of questions and answers are reported. None of them, however, are unusual.

The grand master found it necessary to take one of the Masonic newspapers to task for asking its readers to patronize its advertisers, all of whom were members of the fraternity. The grand master held that such advertising was in the nature of soliciting patronage, on the ground of being a member of the Masonic fraternity. Another individual who came in for attention from the grand master was a dancing master, who advertised a grand opening of his new dance hall as a Masonic dedication. It is strange at times the uses to which men put Freemasonry. It is often charged that much of the present influx into the fraternity is inspired wholly and solely by business reasons. It sometimes appears as though there were some truth in the statement.

The report of the Committee on Grand Master's Address is concise and to the point. Missouri has evidently found some place to dispose of its past grand masters, for it is noticed that twenty-one of them signed the above report.

The statement of Grand Secretary Parvin is out of the ordinary. He details a number of items which are usually controlled by the grand master's office. His financial account is complete, and leaves no doubt either as to the receipts or expenditures of the grand lodge. He announces a total receipt of $124,824.83. The disbursements were $121,235.31. The

books of both the secretary and treasurer are audited by an expert whose certificate is printed in the proceedings.

On the evening of the first day the grand lodge held an evening session which was turned over to the grand lecturer who exemplified several of the degrees.

The following resolution providing for the appointment of a special committee on visitors was unanimously adopted—

> Resolved, That the grand master, prior to the opening of the grand lodge, shall appoint a committee consisting of three, to be known as the "Committee on Visitors." It shall be the duty of this committee to receive, introduce, accommodate and look after the entertainment of visiting grand and past grand officers of sister grand jurisdictions. All expenses incurred by this committee shall be presented to the Committee on Ways and Means.

What is the matter with the grand stewards? The installation service enjoins upon the stewards of the lodge the injunction to be attentive to visiting brethren.

Some thoughtful brother, having the best interests of the craft at heart introduced the following amendment to the by-laws, which failed to carry because the Jurisprudence Committee deemed that such action would not be for the best interests of the lodges of the state. Undoubtedly all the committee want a lodge to do is to grind out degrees by rule and rote

The proposed amendment read—

> Any one of the three degrees may be conferred upon not more than five candidates at one and the same time, at any special or stated communication; Provided, that such candidates shall be received separately in the first, second and third degrees and shall pass separately through the second section of the third degree. Provided, further, that before degrees shall be conferred on more than one candidate a dispensation from the grand master shall be obtained.

The report of the Committee on Necrology is long. The writer was generous in recording the life and works of Past Grand Master Albert B. Ashley.

The report of the Masonic Employment Bureau is interesting. From July, 1916, to June, 1917, thirteen hundred and forty-two positions were filled at an average cost of $2.09. The work of this bureau is to be highly commended.

On the evening of the second day the grand lodge observed the bicentennial of the organization of the Grand Lodge of England with an appropriate program. The addresses were all of a very high order. The one which excites the admiration of the writer is by William F. Kuhn on

the Evolution of the Operative into the Speculative Craft, and were it not that the injunction *Be brief*, hangs over his head like the sword of Damocles he would print the entire address.

Brother Kuhn believes that the time has come when the truth should be told about Freemasonry, and that the attempt to connect Freemasonry with circumstances, conditions and Old World societies is dishonesty in itself. He says—

> Because a Freemason has a thigh bone does not prove that an Egyptian mummy was a Freemason, because a thigh bone was discovered in him. It is related that a Freemason, with a Moslem pin on the lapel of his coat and a combination watch charm of the double eagle, cross and crown dangling from his vest, accidently happened on some Egyptologists as they uncovered the grave of a man of the late stone age; in the grave were the remains of the man, food and other things usually found in such tombs, also a stone hammer with a wooden handle attached by withes. When the Freemason saw the hammer he exclaimed: "Eureka, this man was a Freemason and the master of his lodge, because here is his gavel." This incident may not be true, but it is in keeping with some of the eloquence dispensed from Masonic platforms and Masonic papers about "the great antiquity of our great and magnificent order."

His conclusion should be taken home by every member of the fraternity—

> In conclusion, I would restate that Freemasonry is a brotherhood and not a secret society; the secret signs, grips and steps, in its ceremonies today, are remnants of its evolution. These remnants are a hindrance to the full glory of Freemasonry in that they create curiosity for the aborigines of the twentieth century and a veil of mystery for the illiterate and self-seeking. Signs, grips and steps are nothing, and ritualism is only secondary to the all-embracing spirit of Freemasonry—Brotherhood.

The grand lodge has a special committee called the Masonic Home Visiting Committee. This strikes the writer as being a mighty good idea. Why shouldn't the Grand Lodge of Illinois have a similar committee? Let them visit our homes and inspect them and give to the grand lodge an account of conditions as they find them. This might result in spurring the trustees to a keener appreciation of their responsibility.

The Committee on Appeals and Grievances print in full the names of all defendants with detailed specifications of their offenses. This is extremely bad taste and furnishes the outside world with much undesirable information.

Somebody moved that the grand secretary edit the report of the Committee on Appeals before the same is published. It did not need editing so much as censoring.

The Committee on Recognition of Foreign Grand Lodges gives an extended account concerning the recognition of the Grand Lodge of France and thinks it inadvisable to take formal notice of such grand lodge at this time, stating as a reason—

> Your committee holds now, as it has in the past, that a belief in Deity and the open "Book of the Law" on our altars is the very fundamental principle of the fraternity of Freemasons. To acknowledge anything else means chaos and anarchy. For this reason, your committee must again deny fraternal recognition to the Grand Lodge of France.

One thing the grand lodge did was to adopt a uniform system of bonding all officers of the grand lodge, the Masonic home, the boards of relief and employment bureaus.

The correspondence report is prepared by Reverend C. C. Woods. But two and a half pages are devoted to Illinois. He apparently finds little to criticize and nothing to commend. Being a minister he is naturally partial to prayers, and repeats in full the prayer at the opening because of its beauty and reverential tone. He quotes Grand Master Wheeler's introductory remarks in his address to the grand lodge and all that he said about the flag. Concerning Charles H. Martin's report as correspondent he calls it a most worthy one.

Lodges 639 — William A. Clock, G. M., Jefferson City.
Members 70,144 — John R. Parson, G. S., St. Louis.

MONTANA, A. F. & A. M.

1917

Every effort was made to secure proceedings of this grand lodge held in May, 1917. There was, however, no response to the appeal.

NEBRASKA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

Through the courtesy of the grand secretary, Francis E. White, it is possible to present a review of the proceedings of this grand lodge, at this time. A request to the grand secretary for a copy of the 1918 Proceedings brought word that the regular volume had not been issued. He stated however, that he was able to forward a proof copy, such as is sent to the lodges of the state, for their examination and correction before final issue. The grand secretary advised that the report of the Committee on Correspondence had not been put in type, and that it was doubtful whether this report would ever be printed.

Grand Secretary White is taking a long chance in enlisting as proof readers the 270 lodges of his jurisdiction. It is safe to say that he gets about 270 suggestions as to the best way to get his book out.

The sixty-first annual communication was held in the city of Omaha, June 4th and 5th, 1918. Two hundred and twenty of the 270 lodges were present at the opening ceremonies. The American flag was escorted into the presence of the grand lodge by a committee of Masonic dignitaries, the representatives present saluting the flag during the singing of America.

The annual address of the grand master, Frederick L. Temple, is short and to the point. He opens with references to the present world struggle and the part that Masonry is playing in its duty to the country. Nebraska has apparently been promulgating a new work, for mention is made of the fact that six schools of instruction were ordered held in prominent cities of the state for the purpose of exemplifying the ritual. The grand master states, however, that the attempt to hold schools of instruction in individual lodges without expense to the lodge itself did not warrant results in proportion to the time, money, and energy expended.

He says that the fault is not with the grand custodian, nor in the method used, but in the attitude and indifference of the lodge members who fail to take advantage of the opportunity offered them.

Two corner-stones were laid by the grand master, one for a public school building, the other for a Methodist church. Five dispensations for the formation of new lodges were issued.

The grand master reports that he granted 275 special dispensations to confer the Fellowcraft and Master Masons degrees out of time, but refused to grant any authority to receive and ballot on a petition, in

less than the lawful time. He speaks of the Masonic Home of the state, as the crowning glory of Nebraska Masonry, and pays a tribute to the Order of the Eastern Star for the splendid assistance being rendered by that body.

The grand master commends the Masonic Relief Association of the United States and Canada. One case of trespass of jurisdiction is reported and which was readily adjusted, showing the fraternal feeling that really exists between different grand lodges.

The grand master reports no decisions, stating that he believed the law to be sufficiently clear without any attempt on his part to introduce interpretations thereof, under the title of "Decisions."

He suggests that the payment for banquets and cigars out of the lodge treasury is not consistent with the spirit of the time. One thing the grand master did, and for which he is to be commended, he discouraged the idea of serving any banquet on the occasion of his official visits. He also reports the issuance of an order through the grand custodian that every Masonic Lodge in Nebraska should display the American flag in its lodge room. He states that the order was universally complied with.

The grand secretary, Francis E. White, makes quite a lengthy report. He starts out by getting after secretaries for their neglectful habits, so far as the grand secretary's office is concerned, and he wants the grand lodge to assess full penalties against all secretaries who do not comply with the requirements. It's all right to assess the penalties, providing they are inflicted, but it has been noticed in a large number of jurisdictions where penalties are inflicted that somebody gets up in grand lodge and makes a motion that they be remitted, and it is usually carried with a whoop. Lodges finally come to understand that the penalty for various sins of omission is simply a sort of a teaser.

The grand secretary calls attention to the roll of honor which appears in the proceedings and contains something like 1500 names. Brother White has been giving attention to the question of printing the proceedings, which the grand lodge makes a practice of electrotyping. The grand secretary sees no value in the practice, and recommends its discontinuance. As an evidence of what the electrotyping business means, he calls attention that when the grand lodge moved into its new temple this year, the Transfer Company estimated that they moved 22½ tons of metal electrotype plates. Inasmuch as it required fifty-one wagon loads to move the grand secretary's office and an expense of $351.00 it is no wonder that Brother White would like to discontinue the practice of electrotyping the proceedings of his grand lodge.

The grand secretary makes a detailed financial account of all funds belonging to the grand lodge.

The grand custodian in his report delivers quite an oration. He suggests that it would be a saving of time and expense, both to the craft and himself if lodges would cease submitting questions of law to him. This is a little out of the ordinary. It has been noticed this year that the disposition in several grand jurisdictions has been to make the grand lecturer an encyclopedia of Masonic law and usage. Some grand lodges have even gone so far, as to insist upon examinations on the constitution and by-laws.

The report of the trustees of the Nebraska Masonic Home, show that that institution is abundantly financed. If the writer understands the report correctly there are securities on hand at the present writing of $121,100.00.

An amendment was introduced in grand lodge to come up for consideration next year, amending the law so that one ballot only shall be necessary for the receiving of the three degrees. The following rather peculiar resolution was introduced and adopted—

> *Resolved,* That the incoming grand master be requested to submit his appointments to the grand lodge as soon as possible after his election, which shall be at least one hour prior to installation, so that due inquiry and consideration may be had.

On the evening of the first day, an oration was delivered by John R. Webster, grand orator. He dealt with the present world war and drew Masonic lessons therefrom. He sounds a note of warning in the following paragraph,—

> Victory in the trenches may be ours; but behind the trenches lurks a deadlier foe—the spirit of ruthlessness, of outrage, and of wrong. Whether enthroned in palaces of power, or slinking in the hovels of penury, it is the same loathsome thing of villiany and vileness. As a Prussianism it holds the German people in its grip. As Bolshevism it is dragging Russia in the mire of degradation and ruin; and as the Sinn Fein it would chain the Sons of Erin to the chariot wheels of the Kaiser. There has been begotten among men a monster more terrible and repulsive than any dream of mythology. Can it be reality, or is it a nightmare. This "thing with the ugly face" is knocking at our American door. Its ominous growl is sounding in our ears. Shall we grapple it as men, and hurl it back into the hell from whence it came? Then must we "put on the whole armor of God," and fight with something more than powder and ball; for every thinking mind and every throbbing heart is a field of battle, where victory must be won ere lasting peace can be attained.

The Committee on Dues to Lodges submit a report which is quite interesting, as they go into many details concerning the affairs of the

Nebraska constituents which disclose internal conditions as they really are. The dues of Nebraska lodges vary from $1.50 to $6.50.

The Committee on Jurisprudence submit a very brief report dealing with purely local matters.

The Committee on the Care of Orphans make a detailed report showing that the Masons of Nebraska are thoroughly alive to their duty and are doing splendid work in caring for the dependents.

The report of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence, reports that they have had under consideration the question of extending recognition to the Grand Lodge of Panama, and recommends that said request be denied. The committee arrive at the same conclusions as did the Grand Lodge of Illinois, at its last annual meeting.

The grand lodge closed with the installation of officers.

As heretofore noted, there is no report on foreign correspondence.

Lodges 270 — Ambrose C. Epperson, G. M.

Members 26,585. — Francis E. White, G. S., Omaha.

NEVADA, F. & A. M.

1917

The title page of the proceedings which come to us in a volume of two hundred and fifty pages contains the notation "To be read in all lodges." It is noticeable that the annual communication was held in the city of Reno, that city which we, in this part of the country, look upon as the city of "Eternal Triangles."

It must be pleasant to attend a grand lodge composed of such a small number of representatives because everyone has the opportunity of getting acquainted with his neighbor.

As soon as the grand lodge was opened a Masonic veteran accompanied by the grand stewards, entered the hall carrying the American flag, while the grand lodge arose and sang America.

A splendid tribute to Old Glory was then given by Brother Harry H. Atkinson. He said in part—

> Conceived at the battle of Lexington when the bullets of the Minute Men spelled death to the Red Coats, born on the fourth day of July, in the year 1776 in the image and character of the Declaration of Independence, sustained and vindicated on land

> and sea in the conflict of 1812, its dominion was enlarged and extended in the war with Mexico to cover that territory out of which the battle-born state of Nevada was formed; but only to be again defended and preserved from disruption and ruin by the boys of '61. Flying for humanity, its magnanimous folds spread over the ignorant and suffering of Cuba in 1898, rescued the unfortunate natives of the Philippine Islands from ignorance and religious tyranny, and now unfurls its broad mantle of enlightenment and democracy on behalf of the crying millions of the old world in a God-like endeavor to help them in their fight for freedom from oppression, for the establishment of a world peace, and, for a government of the people, by the people and for the people. "May we ever be faithful to its leadership, may we ever santify it, love it, and with might and main strengthen its influence for the freedom of peoples, of thought and of religion, so that its stars will ever be the beacon light of liberty, and its stripes the never failing pathway leading to everlasting joy and felicity."

It is quite apparent that the meeting of the grand lodge partook something of a social nature, for there is noted an invitation on behalf of Reno Lodge No. 13 to the officers and members of the grand lodge and their ladies to attend a reception and entertainment in their honor on Wednesday night.

The Committee on Credentials reports that twelve out of the thirty-three lodges were not represented, and the total number in attendance at the grand lodge was 101.

The grand master makes a very brief report, but it is none the less interesting. Immediately following his preliminary remarks he pays a tribute of respect to those who have gone on before. He called upon the grand secretary to read the roll of the dead, which was done. The grand chaplain was then escorted to the altar and prayer was offered. This certainly must have been a very impressive service.

The grand master reports a number of visitations, and regrets that it is smaller than he had hoped for. He says that numerous questions have been submitted to him but that none of the answers are of sufficient importance to be dignified as decisions.

Several by-laws were approved showing that the grand lodge keeps strict supervision over the acts of its constituents.

All requests to confer degrees by courtesy are reported in full.

One thing the Grand Master did was to ask all the Masons of his state to take an obligation of fidelity. On this subjest he says—

> Masonry stands where it has always stood—for that which is right, for that which is true, and at its sacred altar its members are pledged to be true to their government, just to their country, to submit patiently to legal authority and to conform

with cheerfulness to the mandates of the land in which they live. Though the spirit of Freemasonry is antagonistic to war, and while every Masonic lodge is a temple of peace, harmony and brotherly love, still to be good Masons we must be good citizens. We love our country and its institutions from the highest motives that can inspire the soul of citizenship.

In consonance with these teachings and in unison with our sister grand jurisdictions throughout the land I ask the Masons of Nevada in annual communication assembled to pledge their allegiance to the government and its flag, the Stars and Stripes, and to the principles of right and justice for which they stand, representing "one country, indivisible, with liberty and justice to all."

Among his recommendations was one suggesting that the law be changed so that two lodges might hold joint meetings for the purpose of installing officers.

The grand master evidently believes with the writer that lodges are devoting too much time to ritualistic endeavor for in his conclusion he says—

I am of the opinion that more time should be given to the study of the design and philosophy of Freemasonry. Occasional addresses by well informed brethren will best accomplish this. Not that I wish to imply that I do not approve of a close conformity to the ritual, but there is a broader and grander spirit in our institution than can be expressed in the mere formula of words. To keep step with the advance of civilization and brotherhood we must not forget that instruction of the noblest kind should attend a Mason's researches, and that in the diligent pursuit of knowledge, the intellectual faculties are employed in promoting the glory of God, and the good of man.

The report of the grand secretary partakes somewhat in the nature of a master's address. It is noticed from the list of expenditures that this official draws a salary of but $600.

The Committee on the Washington Memorial voices their sympathy in the project but deems it impossible at this time to take further action.

The Committee on Correspondence is evidently a very important person in Nevada, for the reason that he is called "The Grand Commissioner of Review." There must be something very fascinating about that word "grand," for it seems to be an inherent trait of the individual to tack it on wherever possible.

Concerning a communication from the Grand Lodge of Cuba relative to the holding a Masonic convention at the close of the present war, for the establishment of a permanent peace and closer relation between Masonic grand bodies of the world, the grand lodge voted to lend to the movement its cordial support.

The master of instruction, commonly called in Illinois a grand examiner, in his ramifications about the state, came across one lodge which seemed to want to get out of the rut for he observes—

> In company with our grand secretary I visited Churchill Lodge, No. 26, the occasion being a "get-together" meeting of the members of that lodge, to inaugurate plans whereby the lodge might serve as a more useful organization. The members of this lodge feel that their lodge should be interested in the welfare and upbuilding of a better spirit in the community, and that our lodges should be educational centers, devoting at least one meeting night a month to the consideration of some civic, economic or Masonic subject. This does not serve to inject partisan politics into our lodges. It is simply a display of public spirit.

The Grand Lodge of Nevada does one thing which might well be imitated by other grand lodges. It provides an educational fund whereby deserving children of Master Masons may be given proper schooling.

The Committee on Legitimacy of Grand Lodges submitted a report deferring recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama until the next annual meeting.

They made a further report concerning a spurious organization. It is in its entirety herewith—

> Your committee to whom was referred the communication of the grand secretary of Utah regarding the "American Masonic Federation" would respectfully report that we have had the same under consideration and are of the opinion and would recommend that our grand secretary warn constituent lodges of this grand jurisdiction to beware of the aforesaid spurious organization and their publication called the "Universal Freemason." We ask that the grand secretary read said communication to this grand body so that its members may have due notice thereof.

The Grand Lodge of Nevada proposes to line itself up with other similar organizations, for a resolution was passed providing for the appointment of deputy masters of instruction.

Just before the close of the ceremonies the grand representatives of other grand lodges nearest Nevada were formally presented and grouped about the altar. Charles E. Mack, representing Illinois, was present.

In the closing hours the following general regulation was adopted—

> The grand secretary is empowered to collect the sum of nine dollars per annum from every member of an extinct lodge residing in the state of Nevada who desires to pay his dues to the grand lodge. He shall retain one dollar thereof for the revenues of the grand lodge and pay the balance over to the lodge holding jurisdiction over the member of an extinct lodge so paying his annual dues to the grand secretary.

It looks to the writer as though it would be much cheaper for the stay outs to affiliate and pay dues in some existing lodge.

The report on correspondence is written by E. D. Vanderleith, who signs himself the grand commissioner of review.

He refers to the fact that the proceedings of the grand lodge are ornamented by full page portraits of L. A. Goddard and Isaac Cutter. He made no mistake when he used the word "ornamented," but we in Illinois regard them for their useful qualities rather than for their ornamental ones.

He characterizes Grand Master Wheeler's address as an admirable narrative and quotes generously therefrom.

He likes the idea of the advisory council and the regional districts created by Brother Wheeler—

> Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler's address is an admirable narrative of an active business administration. Upon his induction into office he requested permission to name an advisory council. He found it of inestimable value and recommends the continuance of the practice. We can readily see how it would be productive of much good and await its adoption in other grand jurisdictions. Brother Wheeler, though a worker himself, does not believe in letting others flag. The state was divided into three regions and he assigned one to each of his three principal officers. The work advanced from strength to strength and results show that it will be finer and more impressive in its influence.

Of his visitations to lodges, he says—

> The visitations averaged nearly nine a month. An enviable record. Such visits are refreshing to the visited, they carry new life and it is amazing how the vigor multiplies, and how the gift passes on to others.

Trials by commissions, lodge publications, political discussions as treated by Brother Wheeler are highly commended. The grand commissioner of review quotes nearly half a page from Brother Oscar Kropf's oration which he characterizes as an instructive address.

Of the correspondence report of Brother Chas. H. Martin he says—

> He has written with discrimination, the doings of the Masonic world are clearly set forth and his comments are to the point.

The writer likes Brother Vanderleith's remarks concerning the use of the word "universality"—

> Universality is surely an all-embracing word, but its use in a boasting way is both harmful and wearisome. Vauntings akin to the sun never setting on the vast world of Freemasonry are idle. What Masonry is concerned with is the greatest happiness for the greatest number of the brotherhood of man, and getting at it through its teachings, by its craftsmen, in the most practical way is the best method of accomplishment. Character, and service through character are what count.

Lodges 23 Thomas Lindsay, G. M., Tonopah, Nevada.

Members, 2,032 Edward D. Vanderleith, G. S., Carson City, Nevada.

NEW BRUNSWICK, F. & A. M.

1918

The grand lodge met in April. Proceedings not received.

NEW HAMPSHIRE, F. & A. M.

1918

The book of proceedings opens with a half-tone portrait of Grand Master Abraham L. Garmon, who served during 1917. The book also contains portraits of deceased members of the fraternity who held official positions as well as an honor roll of all members of New Hampshire lodges engaged in the service of their country. Among the portraits is one of Josiah L. Seward, a man of unusual intellectuality and oratorical ability. His dissertations upon the subject of Freemasonry were of exceptional merit.

Following the English custom, a semi-annual meeting of the lodge was held on St. John's Day, December 27, 1917. The afternoon and evening were devoted to an exemplification of the ritual, otherwise no business was transacted.

The annual communication of the grand lodge was held May 15, 1918, in the city of Concord. The grand lodge was opened in ample form after which Grand Master A. L. Garmon read his address. His opening remarks are very brief, and are followed by extended obituary reports, concerning the prominent dead of his own jurisdiction. A long list of dispensations is reported, many of which were to confer degrees out of time. Numbers of degrees were conferred by courtesy, showing that New Hampshire has been no exception in the present demand for the honors of Masonry.

He calls attention to the Masonic Home and the great good that is being accomplished by that institution and urges all members of the grand lodge to remember it in their wills.

Among the recommendations made by the grand master are the following:—that the fees exacted for conferring degrees in less than the lawful time, be remitted in the case of petitioners engaged in war service; also that the salary of the grand secretary be increased $200.00 per annum. Appended to the report of the grand master are the re-

ports of the district deputy grand masters, which go very much into detail concerning official visits made by these officers.

Following the address of the grand master a resolution was adopted, levying an assessment of $1.00 upon each lodge member as a war fund.

A report was presented on the conference of grand masters held in the city of New York on May last, and it was unanimously voted that the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire join in the over-seas work, and the sum of $1,000 was appropriated for that purpose.

No report appears in the proceedings from either the grand secretary or the grand treasurer, the matters usually considered by them are handled by the Finance Committee in a detailed statement made by them.

The election and installation of officers concluded the business of the annual communication.

The Grand Lodge of New Hampshire evidently does not believe in wasting any time, as but one day was devoted to the transaction of the business of the grand lodge.

The Masonic Home appears to be treated as a separate enterprise, for a very handsome half-tone portrait of that institution together with a report thereon, to the grand lodge, appears as the last thing in the book of proceedings. The home is sustained by contributions from various sources. The grand lodge per capita tax yielded the sum of $5,555.50, while the Eastern Star chapters of the state contributed the sum of $410.00. The operating expenses of the home for the year were, $6,931.38. As the home has but sixteen members it will be seen that the maintainance cost per capita was $433.00.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared, by Harry M. Cheney. He makes a brief review of the report of Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler, commending him particularly because of his putting a stop to the giving of gifts to the grand master. Concerning the refusal to issue dispensations to receive petitions and confer degrees in less than the lawful time, Brother Cheney observes, "This does not jibe with our notions, which are of course, of no worth in Illinois."

The correspondence report of Charles H. Martin is characterized as being "man-sized, inclusive and a bureau of information."

Lodges 80 — Eugene S. Head, G. M., Hooksett.

Members 11,284 — Harry M. Cheney, G. S., Concord.

NEW JERSEY, F. & A. M.

1918

The one hundred and thirty-first annual communication was held in the city of Trenton, April 17th and 18th, 1918. The book of proceedings, which is under review, is in keeping with the dignity of New Jersey Masons. A steel engraving of William M. Thompson, grand master for 1917, adorns the front page. Illustrations of Masonic Temples are also scattered through the proceedings.

The injunction to be read in all lodges, appears on the title page. The conjecture naturally arises as to just how this is accomplished. Why wouldn't it be a good idea to make Bob Sheriffs reading clerk of the grand lodge, and have him visit the several lodges of the jurisdiction, for the purpose of reading to the brothers, the record of proceedings. His sonorous "Hear ye! Hear ye! Hear ye!" would awaken the heaviest sleeper.

The grand lodge was opened in ample form, after which William M. Thompson, grand master, read his annual address. He refers to the increase in membership the past year, as the greatest in the history of New Jersey Masonry, and expresses the thought that this unprecedented prosperity ought to enable the fraternity to carry into effect its objects and purposes.

Concerning the future of Freemasonry, he says,—

> It will endeavor to unite all men of intelligence and of good will, it will be all powerful to assure in society the reign of equality, of justice for all, of lasting peace, and of real concord among all peoples for all generations. It has been a part of the life and growth and inspiration of men in the past, and so will it be in the time to come. Its potency will remain, while men remain to teach the sublime principles of fraternity, good will, and universal brotherhood.

Six new lodges were constituted during the year, and two dispensations issued for the formation of new lodges. Two corner-stones were laid, one for a Masonic temple, the other for a high school building.

The grand master reports a long list of visitations, to the lodges of his jurisdiction, and thinks that—

> These visitations are truly the bright spots in the life of a grand master, without which he cannot strengthen the ties of friendship which form a vast line of sympathy and help.

In referring to the condition of the Masonic Home of the state, the grand master calls the attention of the grand lodge to the fact, that

the sum of thirty cents, now paid by the lodges as a per capita tax for the maintenance of the home is not sufficient and recommends that the amount be increased to fifty cents.

The grand master reports that he had refused to use the Charity Fund of the grand lodge for the maintenance of widows and dependents who desired to live in their home communities, on the ground that the equality of Freemasonry forbade discrimination in matters of this sort and that, if they desired the assistance of Freemasonry, they should go into the Masonic Home.

The writer cannot help but think that the grand master of New Jersey takes a wrong view of the subject. Charity cannot be dispensed by rule and rote. There are many elements that enter into its administration, all of which must be considered.

The grand master reports that during the year, he received 124 requests for permission to receive petitions from applicants possessing physical defects. Each case was investigated by the district deputy of the district wherein the petitioner resided and a full record of the case and the decision thereon was filed with the grand secretary. The grand master recommended that the practice of printing in the proceedings, a tableau of work done by the constituent lodges, be discontinued for the reason that it served no real purpose. A few more grand masters ought to make the same recommendation to their grand lodges.

The dispensation business of the grand master netted the very handsome sum of $2,080.00, which amount the grand master recommended be made the nucleus of a fund to be known as the Grand Lodge War Fund.

Concerning the indiscriminate issuance of dispensations the grand master has the following to say,—

> I cannot reconcile myself to the belief that it is necessary to obliterate the landmarks, throw down our traditions, and ignore the immemorial usages and customs of our fraternity, even in war times, in order to be true Americans and loyal to our country. The making of Masons by the wholesale, and particularly those not of lawful age, is in direct opposition to the basic principles of Masonry, and necessarily offensive to every true Mason. The whole fabric of Masonry has been constructed on a strict adherence to the ancient landmarks, usages and customs, which is the very quintessence of Masonic jurisprudence; so important is it considered to preserve these ancient landmarks, that in the installation of every master of a lodge he is solemnly called on to acknowledge "that it is not in the power of any man, or body of men to make innovations in the body of Masonry."

Concerning the introduction of the flag into our Masonic Lodges the grand master expressed pleasure at seeing it displayed in nearly every Masonic Lodge visited. He did however, deprecate,—

> The custom practiced in some jurisdictions of using the flag to decorate the altar. The universality of our order forbids that the flag of any country should decorate the sacred altar of Freemasonry anywhere in the world. The altar is to be used exclusively for the support of the three great lights of Masonry, symbolizing a belief in God, over which any Mason may salute without regard to race, country, or religion. What place more fitting and appropriate could be designated for the flag in our lodges than the East, the place of light.

The grand master refused all requests for lodges to appear in regalia on any other occasions than those strictly Masonic.

He recommended that all lodges in the jurisdiction be required to do their work in the English language.

The necessity of a practical and dependable code for trial was called to the grand lodge and the recommendation made that a committee be appointed to secure this most needed formula.

Something must have happened to the tylers in New Jersey for the grand master recommended that the law be changed to read as follows,—

> The tyler of a lodge need not be a member thereof, but must be a member of a lodge in good standing in this grand jurisdiction.

The grand master called attention to the careless manner in which lodges were receiving and acting upon petitions of soldiers, regardless of the legal requirement as to residence and calls attention to the fact that it looked a little peculiar that a man would live ten or fifteen years within the jurisdiction of a lodge and never think about petitioning it, and the moment that he finds out that he is going to war, come to the conclusion that Masonry is a good thing and immediately present his petition.

The grand treasurer reports general receipts of $59,570.72, and expenditures of $76,358.06. The report of the grand treasurer is the usual document. He shows the net gain of the year to be $3,100.00, the largest in the history of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey.

The report of the Committee on the Masonic Home, shows that that institution has 87 "inmates." From the report it is apparent that the home is well managed and is doing splendid work.

The report of the Committee on Necrology is extremely long, the dead of each lodge in the jurisdiction, receiving proper mention.

The Grand Lodge of New Jersey believes in getting its work done regardless of the length of time it may take to do it, for the first

day, an evening session was held, at which the esoteric work of the three degrees was exemplified by the grand instructor.

On the morning of the second day the Committee on Foreign Correspondence made a brief report extending recognition to the Grand Lodge of France, the Philippines and the Grand Lodge of Panama. The grand lodge very promptly adopted the report. A second report by this same committee, was also adopted. It extended recognition to the Grand Orient of France.

One thing the grand lodge did, was to present a resolution to the effect that the grand lodge dues of soldiers and sailors enlisted in the service of their country, be remitted. Objection being made to the immediate consideration of the proposition, it went over for one year.

The Committee on Jurisprudence recommended an amendment to the by-laws to the effect that a three-fourths vote by ballot shall be necessary to grant permission to another lodge to receive the petition of a rejected candidate.

The election and installation of officers concluded a busy and interesting session.

One thing the grand lodge did, and that was to allow the Committee on Correspondence the sum of $500 together with an appropriation of $100 for translations.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by that distinguished juggler of English, and coiner of unheard of phrases, Robert J. Sheriffs. The report is somewhat of a disappointment, because it is apparent that with our reviewer the scissors have been mightier than the pen. Of course, this has been a busy year for many of us, and we have been compelled to shirk wherever we could. It would have been interesting, however, to have had more of the personal comments of Brother Sheriffs than appear in the report under review. However, he is forgiven, because the writer likes him personally and recognizes his high character as a Mason, and his adherence to Masonic fundamentals. One thing however, ought to be explained, and that is, why, Illinois is not included in the New Jersey review of 1918. This omission has been noticeable in one or two other reviews, and if the fault rests with Illinois in not getting its proceedings into the hands of these several jurisdictions, then the remedy will be sought here, but the writer has a suspicion that if Doctor Watson were put on the job, the discovery would be made that some grand secretaries have not been as attentive as they should have been in seeing that the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Illinois were placed in the hands of the reviewer.

Lodges 210 — Herbert C. Rorick, G. M., Trenton.

Members 47,481 — Isaac Cherry, G. S., Trenton.

NEW MEXICO, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings open with the record of nine emergent communications of the grand lodge called for the purpose of dedicating temples and laying cornerstones.

In connection with the laying of the cornerstone of the new Masonic temple at Tucumcari the grand orator defined Freemasonry as—

> The subjugation of the base that is in man, by the Divine; the conquest of appetites and passions by the moral sense and reason; a continual effort, struggle and warfare of the spiritual against the material and sensual. That victory, when it has been achieved and secured and the conqueror may rest upon his shield and wear the well earned reward "Well done, good and faithful servant, enter into the joy of thy Lord."

The fortieth annual communication was held in the city of LasCruces on Monday, October 8th, 1917.

The first thing of interest was the reception of the traveling bible sent out by Equity Lodge No. 878 of Chicago, which up to that time had visited twenty-seven different lodges in twelve jurisdictions and had traveled the distance of 20,000 miles. A committee was appointed to receive the bible and to properly inscribe the same. There is nothing in the record, however, to show that any passages were read to the brethren from this great light in Masonry.

The report of Grand Master Alonzo B. McMillen, is a state paper of importance in which the various affairs which came under his notice during the year were dealt with in a forceful manner. He reports the craft in the state to be in a prosperous, harmonious condition. The usual amount of requests to confer degrees for other lodges were received and transmitted.

Among the various dispensations issued was one to a lodge permitting it to sublet its hall to the Knights of Pythias.

Another lodge was granted permission to sublet its hall to the Order of the Eastern Star. Evidently the Grand Lodge of New Mexico proposes to know just what sort of meetings takes place in halls that are used for Masonic purposes.

The grand master refused to issue a dispensation permitting a lodge to hold its election of officers on another night than Christmas night.

He refused to permit a lodge to rent an Odd Fellows hall for the reason that under the laws of New Mexico no lodge is permitted to lease from any other organization but must have absolute control of its own rule.

The grand master apparently believes in upholding the landmarks of Masonry and it shows very clearly that he knows what they are. In numerous parts of his address, in order to substantiate some view which he holds, he cites some one of the landmarks to prove the correctness of the stand which he takes.

He makes the following point which is well taken—

> The tendency of the people of this country is to attempt to cure everything by legislation, and that without any particular consideration or any training for the work. Hundreds of thousands of new acts are presented every year to Congress and various legislatures. The same tendency is sometimes found in Masonic affairs. Nothing in my opinion could be more dangerous. No one is fit to write a by-law for any grand jurisdiction of Masonry who is not thoroughly familiar with its landmarks; and certainly no one is fit to write by-laws for a subordinate lodge who is not familiar with the Ancient Landmarks of Masonry and also with the constitution and by-laws of the grand lodge of the jurisdiction. One of the great benefits, and our boast for Masonry, is its universality. But there can be no universality of Masonry if it is the subject of legislation without regard to those ancient landmarks and principles which constitute the universality of Masonry.

New Mexico is following very closely along the Illinois line of endeavor for the grand master says—

> The work of the grand master has been greatly supplemented by the able district deputy grand masters. Almost every lodge in this grand jurisdiction was visited one or more times by the several district deputy grand masters, and detailed reports made on blanks furnished for that purpose, and in most cases written communications of great interest upon the condition of the several lodges within this jurisdiction.

The grand master had some trouble over electioneering for office in one of his lodges and cites a bill of particulars which shows the extent to which electioneering can be carried—

> Electioneering in at least one of the subordinate lodges has been common for a number of years, and increasing each year. It has gone beyond a friendly rivalry and has attempted to stir up a class hatred. At the last election there was known to be a "slate" in opposition to those holding office and in line for promotion. The voting for those in line is not unusual, because they are supposed to be advanced unless there is some good reason for the contrary; but there is no means under our Masonic practices of knowing who are to be voted on in opposition. As I recollect, there was an opposition candidate for every office except one. The exception to which I refer got exactly the same number of votes as the other members on the slate, as against a brother who was his superior in office, and this exception was advanced to the next higher office by unanimous vote, thus combining the opposition vote and those of the brothers who were

voting to advance the officers in regular line. On this particular occasion all the members of the lodge had been summoned to attend and there was an unusually large attendance; yet more than one-third of the total number present voted as a unit for the opposition candidates as above stated.

He asked that the law be amended granting the grand master power to stay the installation of any brother elected to office through methods of a political character.

The concluding remarks of the grand master were as follows—

> It behooves every citizen of this great Republic to stand by the president and his country in this great contest. If he can not fight he can work. If he cannot work he can contribute of his means, and if he is not able, through misfortune, to perform any of these services, he can still be a patriot. There is no room for "slackers" or traitors; all must follow the flag, so that not a star of its bright galaxy shall be dimmed or a fold of its bright colors soiled by disloyalty.

The grand treasurer reports receipts $5,828.73 and expenditures of $4,979.05.

The grand secretary presents a very concise report and makes no attempt whatsoever to rival the grand master nor to furnish the grand lodge with a lot of advice. He seems to appreciate the fact that he is the clerk of the grand lodge, and has kept himself within due bounds.

The Committee on Grand Master's Address make a report very unusual in character. A number of the so-called rulings and decisions of the grand master are approved by this committee while others are disapproved.

One ruling makes the writer sit up and take notice. It appears that a lodge in New Mexico conferred the degrees by courtesy for a lodge in Missouri. It happened that the candidate only had one leg and as New Mexico adheres to the old idea of physical perfection a great hullabaloo was made with the result that the Committee on Grand Master's Address came before the lodge with a ruling to the effect—

> That any member of another jurisdiction applying for the conferring of degrees in this jurisdiction by request must be able to conform to the requirements of this jurisdiction. In so holding we do not attempt to criticize or invade the right of other jurisdictions to prescribe such qualifications as they may see fit, but insist that we must, by precept and example, in conferring degrees in our subordinate lodges, conform strictly to the requirements of this jurisdiction.

Why doesn't the Grand Lodge of New Mexico get right with itself and refuse to allow its lodges to confer any degrees by courtesy? Why be so discourteous as to say to the Grand Lodge of Missouri that any

of its candidates expecting favors from New Mexico must measure up to the Masonic requirements of that state?

The grand secretary was made happy because his salary was increased to $1,500 per year. The grand lecturer also got a boost being allowed $4.00 per diem and mileage.

The writer looked in vain for the report of the Committee on Jurisprudence. It is presumed that the committee if such there be were forced to take a back seat in view of the pretentious report made by the Committee on Grand Master's Address.

The report on fraternal correspondence is prepared by Brother John Milne. He opens by saying—

> The grand master divided his state in much the same way that Grand Master Pollard of New Mexico did during his administration last year.

He then outlines the plan adopted by Grand Master Wheeler.

Other transactions adopted by the grand lodge are commented upon and briefly reviewed.

Concerning the correspondence report of Brother Charles H. Martin, he says—

> He does not deal in criticism alone, but gives much information gleaned from the proceedings of the jurisdictions reviewed.

Lodges 45 — Richard M. Thorne, G. M., Carlsbad.

Members 3,976 — Alpheus A. Keen, G. S., Albuquerque.

NEW SOUTH WALES, A. F. & A. M.

1917

This grand lodge holds quarterly communications and each is treated separately in the 29th annual report which is under review.

At the quarterly communication held September 13, 1916, Grand Master William Thompson made a brief address, the principal portion of which was devoted to a recital of his visitations to lodges. He reports the issuance of 135 dispensations, some of which are new to us Illinoisans, such as permission to occupy chair 3rd year, initiation of a Lewis, and permission to wear regalia.

The grand master states that he has given many dispensations permitting brethren in the service to take their subsequent degrees at intervals of not less than seven days.

The report of the Board of General Purposes which seems to have in charge the affairs of the grand lodge reports the approval of by-laws, appointment of grand representatives and various other items which usually fall to the care of the grand master. It is apparent that the board looks after these details and submits its findings to the grand master for approval.

The grand inspector of workings makes quite a lengthy report in which he goes into detail concerning lodges visited and inspected by him.

An effort was made in grand lodge to have two inspectors of workings but after much discussion the proposed amendment was defeated.

The roll of honor which is attached to the proceedings giving the names of all members of lodges who enlisted with the Australian Expeditionary Forces is a long one, and brings home to the observer the realities of war.

At the quarterly communication held December 13, 1916, the grand master made a very brief address. He reported that of 1908 members at the Front, 75 had been reported killed.

The War Benevolent Fund contained something over $30,000, a sum which the grand master considered inadequate to the requirements. He urged steps to be immediately taken to augment this fund.

He reports that for the first time he issued a dispensation permitting the initiation of six candidates, five of whom were brothers and one the son of another brother.

The Board of General Purposes recommended a rather peculiar amendment to the book of constitutions—

> Provided also that where an adverse opinion has been given by the lodge or lodges from which inquiry has been made, as to the candidate's fitness for admission, the candidate shall not be balloted for unless the matter be referred to the Board of General Purposes for inquiry and decision.

The grand inspector of workings made a long report which shows that he was active in attending to his visitations and inspections.

The quarterly communications of March 14th and June 12th were very similar to those previously reviewed.

The grand master recites that—

> A letter also from Belgium stating their intention, in order to signify their appreciation of what Australia has done, to dedicate a lodge to be called "Australis," with the G. M. of this Jurisdiction as its first master. Nothing can be done till the barbarous invader is compelled to relax his grip on that unhappy little state, but I am sure the proposed compliment will be sincerely appreciated by the brethren throughout this commonwealth.

The Board of General Purposes report the formation of a new lodge at West Maitland to be known as Mindaribba. They also state that—

A letter was received from the new proprietors of the "Keystone" newspaper, asking for recognition as the official organ of grand lodge. The board resolved that the request to publish the "Keystone" under the sanction of grand lodge be granted, and that the proprietors be informed that should any matter be published that, in the opinion of the board, was prejudicial to the interests of Freemasonry in New South Wales, such sanction would be withdrawn.

Here is an idea for Grand Master Scrogin's advisory council. Why not have them censor the Masonic newspapers of the state?

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence at the June quarterly makes a rather unique report. He says—

In the interests of N.S.W. brethren we have spent laborious hours, and burned the midnight oil, in our endeavour to gather, from the reports of foreign Masonic lodges, some information which will prove instructive and interesting to them.

But, after all is done, we regret that our general experience, gained by conversations with brethren with whom we foregather in our lodges from time to time, points to the fact that our work is not even perused, so that it can neither be criticised nor appreciated, and we are sometimes inclined to ask *cui bono?* and often to say despondingly—"Alas! alas; my labour is lost."

Our consolation is that we have a mandate from this grand lodge for our work, and as Masons we are pledged to obedience. We shall, therefore, go on treading the path of duty with a stout heart and a clear conscience, and remembering for our consolation that the Stone which the Builders rejected, possessing merits to them unknown, ultimately became the head Stone of the Corner, we shall still cherish the hope that the work we present to our brethren will ultimately be approved and appreciated, and we may be able to say "Thanks be to God, I have my reward."

There is much truth in all that he has said. Not every lodge member is interested in the reports on foreign correspondence but there are brethren in every grand jurisdiction who look forward to these statements and who read them from "kiver to kiver." It is for these brethren who are really interested in the growth and development of the institution of Freemasonry that the midnight oil is burned in an effort to gather something that will claim the attention of the Masonic student.

The report of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence is prepared by S. Scott Young. Illinois is not reviewed, and we sincerely hope that our genial grand secretary, Isaac Cutter, will take it upon himself to see that a copy of our proceedings gets into the hands of the correspondent of New South Wales as we are naturally quite anxious to know what he may have to say concerning our endeavors.

Lodges 267 — William Thompson, G. M., Sydney.
Members 24,042 — Arthur H. Bray, G. S., Sydney.

NEW YORK, F. & A. M.

1918

The book of proceedings of the largest grand jurisdiction in the states is taken up with much interest. It is seldom that any grand lodge meets during interim. However, Grand Master Thomas Penney found it necessary to assemble the Grand Lodge of New York, on Monday morning, September 10, 1917, to consider various important issues brought up as a result of America's participation in the war.

As to his reason for assembling the grand lodge, Grand Master Penney made the following statement, which ought to be taken home by every grand jurisdiction:

> I have been told by those who are wise in Masonic law that there is inherent in the grand master certain prerogatives not limited by the constitution, and that I had, as grand master, a perfect right to do a great many things which are not outlined in the constitution. I appreciate that great honor and the importance of that suggestion, but I have had two things in mind in thinking of that. Brethren, you know and I know for many years it has been the policy of this great jurisdiction to define in written form as far as it could the powers of its various officers. Whether it has comprehended all of the powers of the grand master I am not now going to discuss; but the policy of the grand lodge has been to express through a constitution the powers of its various officers, and I think personally that it would be inopportune to attempt at this time to exercise the broad prerogatives which have been for such a long time unused without at least conferring with and securing the support of this great fraternity as a whole.

For a long time the idea has obtained in many quarters that the grand master of a grand lodge was a law unto himself. In other words that he could do pretty much as he pleased without getting into trouble for his acts. Again it has been assumed that a grand master possessed certain autocratic powers, that he might create Masons at sight and by an instanter process deprive members of their existing rights. Just when this assumption of unwarranted powers fastened itself upon the fraternity is unknown. It must have grown out of the self importance of individuals, for there is nothing in the traditions or history of Freemasonry to warrant the so called "autocracy" of grand masters. Grand Master Penney has shown himself to be every inch a Mason and a man to be trusted with the affairs of his grand lodge.

The principal matters taken up at this occasional were the formation of sea and field lodges. Quite a lengthy report was made by a special committee on that question with the result that a resolution was

introduced and adopted providing for the formation of such lodges during the period of the war.

Another subject which was presented, appertained to the recognition of the Grand Lodge of France. John L. Thomas introduced a resolution, providing for the recognition of French Masonry.

In speaking before the grand lodge in favor of his resolution, Brother Thomas said—

> This boy of mine, and your boy,—some of you are going to France,—you have given them a chance to have their Masonic associations in their own lodges in France. I want that boy of mine, and your boy, to be able to go into the lodges of the Grand Lodge of France and preach to them intimately, humanly, heart to heart, the doctrine that there can be no brotherhood of men except in the fatherhood of God, whom we adore.

If Brother John expects the regeneration of French Masonry through the preaching process of our soldier boys, he is taking a mighty long chance.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Correspondence, but not however, until William Sherer, one of the pillars of strength in New York Masonry, and been heard from. He said—

> This question of fraternal relationship with the Grand Lodges of France has been up before the grand lodge on many occasions. Men who have gone before, the Fathers in Masonry, have held to this, that we could not have formal relations, fraternal relations, with a grand body that did not recognize the Deity, and did not have the bible on the altar. Three grand lodges of France—one of them I think has jurisdiction over three lodges, and I am surprised that one has jurisdiction over one hundred and thirty-six—I guess they are very thin—but, however, brethren, Bro. Thomas, who is associated with me on the Committee of Foreign Correspondence, did not submit this resolution to me at all. I have heard nothing of it, but I come here today and the Committee on Foreign Correspondence is nicely slid over, and their duty and work given to other people. No man with the principles of an infidel is worthy of being a Mason, and our boys should not be contaminated by associating with infidels.

While the committee were out considering the report, Brother F. Parks Cadman, made a speech to the grand lodge which the writer would like to get to the attention of every Illinois Mason,—

> My one fear for Masonry is that we may lose ourselves in ritualistic pomp. We forget the spirit and essence of this glorious order in being duly tiled, tidy and properly clothed, and in supposing that because we make certain genuflections in the right manner, therefore we have received the spirit of our calling. A man might as well try to gain literary culture by sleeping in a library. But you may be sure that unless Masonry does some-

thing now, after having absolutely failed to do anything hitherto to prevent this war (if anything could be done) she will not maintain the standing that she deserves and which her doctrines warrant in her children.

The Committee on Correspondence made the following report, which the grand lodge adopted:

Resolved, That during the period of the present war we should extend to every member of the Masonic Fraternity under the obedience of the grand bodies of Freemasons of countries allied with us an invitation to come to the lodges of our obedience in the state of New York, and authorize further such reciprocal intercourse as may be mutually agreed upon between Freemasons and Masonic Lodges of our obedience and the regular Masonic bodies of Freemasons of those countries.

According to New York law, all resolutions submitted in the above manner must go to the lodges of the state and be ratified by a two-thirds vote, and with setting the machinery in motion to accomplish this, the grand lodge adjourned.

The annual communication of the grand lodge opened in the city of New York, in the afternoon of May 7, 1918.

Grand Master Thomas Penney delivered a very long address—a highly valuable Masonic document.

Extensive tributes are paid to the fraternal dead of New York, and other grand jurisdictions. The grand master certainly left very little for his Committee on Obituaries to do. Among the deaths reported is that of Henry H. Guttman, representative of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, near the Grand Lodge of New York.

A number of dispensations were issued, most of them to take care of the ordinary affairs of lodges, none of them however, were for the purpose of receiving petitions or conferring degrees in less than the lawful time.

The Grand Lodge of New York permits its constituents to confer the degrees on five candidates at one time, but requires an interval of two weeks to intervene between the conferring of the several degrees. Five dispensations were issued for the formation of new lodges.

The home at Utica pronounced to be in a most excellent condition.

The grand master reports that splendid progress had been made in the matter of providing a sinking fund to take care of the mortgage on the Masonic Temple in New York City. The plan formulated calls for five annual per capita payments of $1.40 each based upon the lodge membership at the time when the building was constructed.

The grand master reports the issuance of his warrant for the establishment of Sea and Field Lodge No. 1. This lodge conferred the degrees on 431 candidates, 39 of whom were under the age of twenty-one.

Following the report of the grand master, resolutions were adopted pledging the loyalty of the Grand Lodge of New York to the President of the United States. The grand lodge was then called to ease and Miss Susanne Silvercruys, daughter of the Chief Justice of Belgium, who spoke at length to the brethren describing some of the wrongs that had been inflected on that country by the Hell-hounds of Germany.

The report of the grand secretary is purely financial and statistical. The number raised during the year was 12,970, making a net increase of 8,478. The grand treasurer reports receipts of $263,415.61, and expenditures of $267,797.62.

The grand lecturer makes a, no doubt, interesting report. He says that the weather was severely cold and the roads almost impassable; that service flags adorned the walls of many lodge rooms and that the hearts of many fathers, whose boys were at the front were deeply saddened. But says little about the condition of the ritual, so far as the lodges of the state are concerned.

The judge advocate made a report that went to the Committee on Jurisprudence. It appears that this legal luminary, takes up various mooted questions, submits his opinions to the grand lodge, which in turn refers them to the Committee on Jurisprudence to scrape about.

New York has under consideration, one plan, and that is advanced school training for graduates from the Masonic Home at Utica. Owing to the demands made upon the grand lodge at the present time, by reason of the war, no definite action was taken. There is every indication, however, that this subject will receive earnest consideration as soon as possible.

The grand lodge is also providing itself with a set of ceremonials, for it is noted from the proceedings, that a special committee has been gathering much information upon the subject, and expects to present its conclusions in the near future.

A large number of matters were disposed of by the grand lodge according to its usual procedures. One report is particularly interesting to the writer—that of the grand historian, in which various subjects concerned with the early history of Freemasonry are taken up and discussed. It is rather unusual for a busy grand lodge to give any attention to the consideration of matters of this sort. However, it shows that in the state of New York, there are Masons who can find some-

thing in the fraternity to interest them besides oracular and gymnastic Masonry, sometimes referred to as ritual.

Just before the close of the grand lodge, a stranger was discovered among the workmen and was introduced to the grand lodge as Past Grand Master A. H. Bell of Illinois. He was given the grand honors, and replied with one of his characteristic speeches, which is quoted in full,—

> Brethren, I certainly thank you in behalf of the grand jurisdiction which I have the honor of representing here for this most cordial reception. You know that New York and Illinois are the great big brethren of the Masonic families of America. New York Grand Lodge is the greatest on the continent, and Illinois is the next. (Applause.) I have been immensely gratified by the unanimity and harmony which have governed your election of officers. I have about made up my mind to come to New York and be a candidate for office in this grand lodge. I like that way of doing it.
>
> Now, brethren, I am not here to make a speech to you. I know that it isn't the time for speech making. I noticed that your grand secretary took the time to tell you a little story. There was an old Irishman out in my country, who was a great big double-fisted stalwart man, rather a rough man,—physically, I mean,—and he had some daughters who were quite cultured. They walked in the very high circles of society. And when Christmas came they gave the old gentleman a pair of beautiful embroidered ear muffs. He had never worn ear muffs. The hair on his ears kept them warm. (Laughter.) But he was so proud of those ear muffs that he wore them, not only in cold weather but in warm weather. But one cold day, a very bitter cold day, a friend of his met him on the street, and he wasn't wearing the ear muffs. The friend said, "Why, Casey, where are your ear muffs?" and he said, "I haven't worn the darn things since the accident." He said, "Accident? Have you had an accident?" And he said, "Indeed, I have." "Why," he said, "what was the accident?" "Indeed," he says, "you see, I was coming down the street and I met me friend Tim McCarthy, and as I met him he said, 'Casey, my boy, come and let's get a drink,' and by gosh, I didn't hear him."
>
> Now, I sincerely hope you all have your ear muffs now. I am not here to make a speech, brethren, at all. I want to thank you for this reception. I want to bring to you from your brethren in Illinois the most cordial Masonic greetings.
>
> I am very glad indeed to be here. I didn't know the Grand Lodge of New York was in session, or to be in session at this time. When I sought this building, and found that the grand lodge was in session, the tyler wouldn't let me in, and I had to send in for Brother Thomas to come out and vouch for me, and it was through his acquaintance and his kindness that I have been brought before you, so if you have any kick coming

about this performance take it out on him. It isn't my fault that I am here. I was asked when I was brought forward if I wanted to say a few words, and I said, "No, I don't." Well, he said, "Will you say a few words?" I said, "I can always say a few words, but there is nothing very entertaining or attractive about public speaking to me."

I sincerely hope, brethren, that I may have the privilege in the future of visiting you, either in grand lodge or in some of your lodges frequently. I am a stranger in New York. I was never here but once before in my life, and then I was down on Wall Street, fooling around with some lawyers and brokers, about some railroad litigation out in Illinois, and I got out of it all right, and got the railroad. (Laughter.) And when I got to the railroad—you know, these innocent looking people from the wild west aren't always as green as they look to be.

Well, brethren, you are in such a good humor I think it is good management to leave you in that condition. I want to thank you. (Applause.)

The grand lodge closed with the election and installation of officers, subject to the call of the grand master.

The report on foreign correspondence was prepared by a committee of which William Sherer is chairman. Illinois is recognized to the extent of a page and a half. Two quotations are taken from Grand Master Wheeler's address to the grand lodge and the correspondence report of Charles H. Martin, spoken of as an excellent one. Illinois is credited with 258 lodges. Either the correspondent or the compositor made a slip. It should have been 858.

Lodges 867 William S. Farmer, G. M., Syracuse.

Members 211,293 Robert Judson Kenworthy, G. S., New York.

NEW ZEALAND, A. F. & A. M.

1917

Proceedings not received.

NORTH CAROLINA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

A very attractive copy of the proceedings of the one hundred thirty-second annual communication, held in the city of Raleigh, January 15th, 16th and 17th, 1918, is under review.

The book is well printed from clear legible type and contains many half-tone portraits of distinguished members of the grand lodge who have died during the year as well as a splendid picture of the Masonic and Eastern Star Home at Greensboro.

The grand lodge was opened in ample form after which Grand Master George S. Norfleet read his annual report, an unusually interesting document, the various matters handled by him being given discriminative attention.

In his introduction he says—

> The great, long-looked-for, world-wide opportunity for Masonry has come, my brethren, the opportunity of sending forth the thousands who have knelt at our sacred altar and learned the sublime lessons which Masonry inculcates, out into the heights, the depths, into the very bosom of the other nations of the earth, taking with them as a part of their very being, if we have labored well, the great Masonic teachings: freedom of thought, freedom of speech, the rights of the masses of humanity, and their peculiar right to worship their God according to the dictates of their own consciences.
>
> The Jubela of Austria, the Jubelo of Turkey, and the still more determined Jubelum of Germany have set themselves at the gates of the modern world and demanded of a patient, plodding mankind the priceless jewel of human rights—the right of liberty, the right of universal peace, and the right of the pursuit of happiness gained through years of labor and of sacrifices.
>
> From out of somewhere of time and space, an order has come thundering from the heart of the Great I AM. To the three He speaks in ancient tones, "What of thy Brother? Go find the ruffians, or you yourself shall be deemed as guilty as the murderers." In response to that great mandate, with hearts aflame with brotherly love, relief and truth, with hand linked in hand and heart joined to heart, go forth the three principal Fellow Crafts of the modern world on the Master's bidding,—France, England and America.

In the above the grand master convinces the reader that he has some knowledge of the Masonic ritual. His paraphrase however, will be severely criticized by those members of the old Masonic school who hold to the idea that the chief glory of Freemasonry lies in its secrecy.

The grand master pays extended notice to the dead of his own as well as foreign jurisdictions.

He reports the issuance of a number of dispensations granted lodges for various purposes, such as laying cornerstones and conducting the funerals of past grand officers. It is apparent that the grand lodge does not reserve to itself the right to establish an embargo on ceremonials of this character.

Certain correspondence which the grand master had with other grand jurisdictions in the United States is grouped under the heading of "Foreign Correspondence," from which the inference is taken that the grand master regards everything outside of the bounderies of North Carolina as foreign.

He has considerable to say concerning the recognition of the Grand Lodge of France, and recommends that in case the Grand Lodge of France will agree to restore the bible to its altar that recognition be given it.

Some misunderstanding having arisen between the Grand Lodge of Georgia and the Grand Lodge of North Carolina over certain jurisdictional lines the grand masters of these respective jurisdictions came together and established a concurrent understanding, and it is assumed that according to the traditions of the country, the grand master of North Carolina said to the grand master of Georgia, "It is a long time between drinks." At any rate the two grand masters made an agreement which it is hoped that their grand lodges will ratify thereby increasing a happy relationship between the two grand jurisdictions.

Brother Norfleet refers to the congress of grand masters held in the city of Washington on December last. He states that a review of the minutes discloses the fact that there was nothing of importance accomplished. The grand master read the record correctly. There never was a congress of grand masters that accomplished anything and there never will be until each grand jurisdiction advances to a point in its evolution when it can see something in Freemasonry besides mere rules and regulations.

One item in the grand master's report is particularly interesting to the writer because it involves our mutual friend, Charles Mikels, of Indiana, he of national grand lodge fame. Charlie is a jolly good fellow and he really is striving along the right lines, but many of his ideas are so far in advance of present day Masonry that he is looked upon as a revolutionist. He asked permission from the grand master of North Carolina to address the brethren of that state on the matter of wearing a patriotic button. The proposition did not find favor with Brother Norfleet for he said—

> Masonry is a peculiar institution, with a definite world-wide purpose. If our order teaches anything, it is against pomp and display. We do not have to wear buttons, or go about telling people what patriotic Masons we are. We live it and teach it day in and day out, and it is a part of our very institution. Therefore, the proposition seemed a useless one to me and the burden of expense unnecessary. Liberty Bonds are much better and serve to accomplish something.

Of course the grand master of North Carolina was correct. A good many Masons have a mistaken idea concerning patriotism. To be patriotic it is not necessary to be flying flags, marching in street parades and hallooing on the slightest provocation. The world is full of people who fight with their mouths and lay down their lives in their minds, but the real patriot is the man who goes quietly about his business, putting service to his country above all else, doing everything which his government asks of him to the best of his ability, and when the time comes, should it be necessary, shoulders his rifle and goes over the top. When the present war is over there is going to be a new standard of patriotism established, and like charity it will not be of the tinkling symbol and the sounding brass variety.

The grand master favored the formation of army lodges and granted dispensations for that purpose but required these army lodges to confine their efforts to soldiers of the jurisdiction of North Carolina.

He also directed the preparation of a complete roster of all soldiers from the jurisdiction of North Carolina who are in the service of their country. This roster when completed will be preserved in the archives of the grand lodge.

In speaking of the conservatism of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in reference to the George Washington Memorial Association he suggested that it is a good idea to be conservative but there was a possibility of being so conservative that our posterity shall regret it, a point which it would be well for all grand lodges to remember.

In speaking of the Oxford Orphan Asylum the grand master reminded the Masons of North Carolina in a very frank manner that even if the enterprise were a most righteous one there was nothing to insure that God Almighty was going to finance it and that the fraternity must therefore assume the responsibility. There are a lot of lazy people in the world who go through life on the assumption that the Lord will take care of them, and he probably does for it is noticed that most of them wind up in the poorhouse.

The splendid work being accomplished by the Masonic and Eastern Star Home receives favorable commendation.

The grand master reports that there has been endless trouble in the jurisdiction over the code. He seems to think that the code is all right but that it needs an index. It is quite apparent that something must be radically wrong with the code considering the fact that the grand master made forty-five decisions and the deputy grand master almost an equal number. Most of them were merely interpretations of local law and in no sense should have been dignified as decisions. Among those reported were the following: Citizenship in the United States is not a requirement in the qualifications of candidates. A man subject to epileptic fits cannot be made a Mason. A master duly installed must serve his full term to be a past master. A Masonic lodge is not a collective agency for personal debts.

The grand master is very complimentary concerning the Board of Custodians and grand lecturers and commends them not only for their work in keeping the ritual but also in their unfolding of the symbolism of Masonry. This must be a very unusual Board of Custodians. Most ritualists do not favor the introduction of symbolism or other matters into the work of the schools for fear it may detract from the personal element and make the thing done appear of more importance than the fellow doing it.

The grand master refused to issue an edict to the lodges of his state requiring the American flag to be displayed upon the altar of the lodge. These are his reasons—

> In the first place, it would be improper at such a time as this to place anything above the flag for which we are sacrificing all that we hold so dear. In the second place, it is hardly necessary to explain to any good Mason that it would not be convenient, expedient, or proper to place the flag above the usual jewels that are required to be displayed upon our altar in a legal lodge. In the third place, I would not so offend the Americanism, nor insult the patriotism, of the master of any lodge in my grand jurisdiction. Surely they will love and honor and protect their flag and the flag of their fathers, but such an edict to *compel* them to do so would be a reflection upon their Americanism and cast official doubt upon their patriotism.

One thing to be said in favor of Brother Norfleet is that he seems to have escaped the sting of the dispensation bug, for he refused many requests for dispensations to set aside the time-honored procedures of the fraternity and only granted four dispensations which were for the purpose of holding elections and installations.

Grand Master Norfleet must have served the Masons of North Carolina in an intelligent manner for his whole report shows an acquaintance with the fundamentals of Freemasonry which, alas, cannot be said of all who preside in the Grand East.

The grand treasurer discloses receipts of $28,900.33 and disbursements of $24,739.09.

The grand secretary's report submitted by W. W. Willson is an extensive paper covering many details of his office. He announces the completion of the card index system of the active lodges of the state. The total number of Master Masons raised during the year was 1,841.

He says that very few lodges purchased codes during the year. If what the grand master said about the code is true then there is probably a reason for the brethren not wishing to invest their money in the document.

Following the reports of the secretary and treasurer is one from an entirely new grand lodge official called the grand auditor. It may be that this office was created to take care of some favored friend or for some other reason; but it is apparent from the report of the Committee on Finance that something is wrong with the idea of a grand auditor for they recommend that the office be abolished and that hereafter the books and vouchers of the grand lodge be audited by a public accountant.

A committee called the Committee on By-Laws shows that their functions are to pass upon all by-laws and amendments to by-laws which constituent lodges may pass.

The Grand Lodge of North Carolina is evidently a Masonic temple owner for an extended report is made by a committee covering the operations of the temple. Their report shows net earnings of approximately $2100. This, on the investment of $274,431.80, is but about 1% net revenue.

The directors of the Oxford Orphan Asylum make a very long report. It is apparent that the institution is well conducted and that the directors are thoroughly alive to their responsibility. The statement of the treasurer discloses an item of $20,000 appropriated by the state of North Carolina for the maintenance of this institution. Why shouldn't the state contribute to the support of these various Masonic institutions when it is remembered that their operation relieves the state of a large burden of responsibility?

The report of the trustees of the Masonic and Eastern Star Home contains much interesting detail matter for those interested in charitable enterprises. The maintenance cost per person in the home during 1917 is given as $15.75 per month.

The Board of General Purposes which corresponds in many grand lodges to the Committee on Grand Master's Address, made a favorable

recommendation on everything that the grand master did and the grand lodge adopted the report. Brother Norfleet is to be congratulated upon getting off with a clean score.

The accounts of the Finance Committee are very interesting. They made the discovery that of 115 warrants paid out by the grand treasurer 70 of them were for amounts less than $25.00, while only 27 were in excess of $50.00. To cure this tremendous evil which was proving so burdensome to the now overworked grand treasurer it was proposed to give the grand secretary a contingent fund of $1,000, out of which to pay all claims for less than $25.00.

The Finance Committee made one recommendation which discloses some of the senseless habits which we fall into. They recommended the discontinuance of the giving of souvenirs to those attending the meetings of the grand lodge. The souvenir habit if persisted in and if managed by the peddlers of these wares will break up an ordinary grand lodge.

The correspondence report is prepared by Marshall B. Haywood, who in his preface states that he had barely time to write the review and wants his Committee on Correspondence increased from three to five.

Illinois is given a page and a half. The principal acts of Grand Master Wheeler as well as the transactions of the grand lodge receive laconic treatment. The reviewer seems to think that inasmuch as Illinois has 300 grand lecturers it ought to be a well instructed body, and he suggests that the only thing which saves the Masons of Illinois from being talked to death is the fact that there are nearly 150,000 of them in the state, which gives the aforementioned grand lecturers a rather wide distribution of their instructive efforts.

The reviewer takes the correspondence report of Charles H. Martin somewhat to task because of a statement made concerning distinguished visitors to the effect that "John W. Voorman of New York, acting grand master of *Virginia*, etc." He thinks that such clashes of jurisdiction are awful to contemplate and charges that the intelligent compositor mixed his type or his drinks. Of course nobody ever charges the man who prepared the copy with a similar offense. Poor compositor, what sins are laid at thy door.

Lodges 440	George S. Norfleet, G. M., Winston-Salem.
Members 27,257	William W. Willson, G. S., Raleigh.

NORTH DAKOTA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The grand lodge met in June. Proceedings not received.

NOVA SCOTIA, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings are made unusually attractive through the introduction of a number of halftones showing views of the Freemason's Home at Windsor. The brethren of Nova Scotia have every reason to feel proud of what they have accomplished in the way of institutional charity.

The annual communication of the grand lodge was held in Truro in the auditorium of the high school. A very appropriate place of assembly for Masons.

Soon after the grand lodge had been opened and preliminaries attended to the grand master ordered a procession formed and the grand lodge marched to St. Johns' Anglican Church, where divine services were held. A sermon to the brethren was preached by the grand chaplain. In this transaction the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia has adhered to one of the old customs of the fathers in Freemasonry who made divine worship an essential part of the duty of every Mason.

The address delivered by the grand chaplain was befitting the occasion. One thing he is to be congratulated upon—he did not abuse the brethren present for devoting more time to their lodges than to their churches, something which not a few ministers have the bad taste to do.

Concerning what Masonry may be able to do in the war the speaker says—

> As Canadians, we are proud to be permitted to do our share, to enter the fray, and to assist the Mother Country and her Allies in the defeat of the worst enemy to mankind either hemisphere has ever seen. In this war Canada has found her soul. From this time on, she will never lose it. Canadian Masons unanimously approve the step that England took in August, 1914, because Masonry stands for freedom, political, social and religious.
>
> Masonry cannot but uphold the hands of those who are bringing on a real peace, a lasting peace, based as it must be, and can only be, on the utter defeat of the German, who desires neither freedom for others nor democracy for himself. Ma-

sonry will stand for the right, the plumbline manifesting that Masons and the principles of the order, will stand for the right, give of her means for the right, give of her sons for the right. Calmly she will wait in the sure and certain hope that right will prevail.

It is inevitable but that we in Canada must suffer, suffer with the rest of the empire. In the midst of this suffering of soul and body Masons have a large part. We have shown by our loyalty and devotion to the Supreme Grand Master, our unswerving loyalty and devotion to the cause of freedom and justice, and in this way have proved ourselves well tested by the plumbline which the Lord has placed against us to prove us.

The report of the grand master delivered upon the reassembling of the grand lodge, is a business like document. He refers to the war which has been brought close home to the Masons of Nova Scotia.

Regarding the state of the craft in his jurisdiction he says—

It is a matter of gratification that within the jurisdiction there has been a marked degree of activity in the large majority of our lodges. They have grown in membership and strength and now we find them in a better position than ever to carry on the work of the brotherhood. In one or two instances due to a decline of some industry upon which the locality was dependent the lodges there have not had the smooth sailing of some of their more fortunate sisters. These lodges deserve special consideration at our hands and what assistance we can in justice render. But on the whole the year has been a good one and one calling for congratulation. Many of the lodges are to be commended for clearing up their books. While it may seem hard at the moment, in applying without unnecessary delay the regulations respecting non-payment of dues it is after all but dealing charitably with the delinquent brother and acting in all fairness and in the best interests of the lodge.

One need not seem unduly boastful in recording that Masonic interest in the subordinate lodges is as great as at any time since the organization of grand lodge, and there are on the horizon no lowering clouds to suggest that the interest and enthusiasm will not be continuous. The good regard for the fraternity is everywhere apparent and the constant endeavour in lodge and individual practice should be to more firmly implant Freemasonry the oustanding exemplar of the virtues, the greatest of which is charity, remembering there is no standstill, that Masonry is as ever a progressive science.

The grand master made a large number of visitations to his lodges, showing his deep interest in the welfare of the craft.

Among his rulings are the following—

That a clergyman could preach a sermon on Masonry without being a member of the craft.

That it was in order to receive an application for Freemasonry from one who had an artificial eye.

Somebody wanted to know what right a clergyman not a member of the craft had at a Masonic funeral. The grand master, in reply, merely quoted from the regulations—

The Masonic service does not begin until the other services, if any, are concluded.

One new lodge instituted by the grand master is called Lodge of Research. It would be interesting to know to just what extent this lodge proposes to devote its energies to digging up the hidden mysteries of Masonry.

The grand master reports a condition relating to the Masonic home which recalls that the Grand Lodge of Illinois experienced the same thing and met the exigency in the construction of a hospital in connection with a home for old people—

The regulations governing admission to the home, have also created considerable difficulty for the Trustees owing to the requirement that guests should be in perfect physical condition before they can be accepted. The most liberal interpretation debar those upon whom the frailities of life have been visited with a heavy hand. Unfortunately we have those among us, and ever will have those who are broken in health. They are no longer able to care for themselves; shall we care for them? I am sure it was never the intention that they be left by the roadside; that our energies be concentrated only upon the equally deserving, but who fortunately are not suffering from the physical infirmities so often the accompaniment of old age. To meet the demands the door must be thrown open wider, and attendance skilled to a degree in caring for the ill secured. A situation has developed that you must early deal with, and I misjudge my brethren in this jurisdiction, if having put their hand so nobly to the plough in this great work they will be content with halfway measures or shirk Masonic duties which they own in all conscience to be theirs.

One thing is noticeable and that is that the district deputy grand masters make a visit to the lodges of their district and then forward a detailed report to the grand master concerning conditions as they found them. It is refreshing to note an absence of generality and perfunctory bunk as well as the time-worn "peace and harmony prevailing. Congratulating you upon the splendid success of your administration and thanking you for the honor of my appointment, I am etc."

The report of the Committee on Grand Master's Address makes neither separation nor reference and might very properly be labeled "state of the craft."

District deputy grand masters who have seen two years' service get an extended handle to their names reading as follows "P.D.D.G.M." whatever that may be.

Concerning the grand master's ruling on physical qualifications the Committee on Jurisprudence make the following statement—

> We note with especial pleasure his ruling regarding an application for Freemasonry from one who had an artificial eye. It would be a matter of deep regret if such minor physical defects should be allowed to constitute a bar to our privileges at this particular time, when so many good men are exposing themselves to the greatest physical risks for the honor of our nation, and in the defence of our king and empire. We believe that under these entirely new conditions unprecedented in the history of Masonry it may be necessary in the future to exercise even greater leniency as to physical defects.

The grand lecturer of Nova Scotia must have been loafing on the job for the Committee on Rituals in their report, say that they—

> Are convinced that however excellent a ritual may be, and however well fitted to teach the philosophy and truths of Masonry, yet there cannot be uniformity in its practice unless the office of grand lecturer be made an office of real service to the craft instead of as at present an empty title.
>
> We would therefore recommend that the grand lodge devise means whereby the grand lecturer may be enabled to do justice to his office.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by James C. Jones. Illinois is given three pages consisting mostly of quotations from some things which Grand Master Wheeler said.

The oration of Oscar Kropf is described as eloquent and a full page devoted to a quotation therefrom.

The reviewer says that he is pleased to note that Brother Roy K. Wheeler, Nova Scotia's grand representative, was on deck. The writer never knew Roy Wheeler to be anywhere else than on deck, and sometimes he has been seen in the crow's-nest.

Concerning Charles H. Martin's review the correspondent thinks he did very well for his first attempt.

Lodges 66	Donald Fisher Fraser, G. M., Glasgow.
Members 6,927	Thomas Mowbray, G. S., Halifax.

OHIO, F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings are issued in a handsome volume of nearly 500 pages, printed upon excellent stock from clean large type. The frontispiece is the American flag in colors and gold, dedicated to "Our Boys." A portrait of Most Worshipful Brother Henry Marcellus Hagelbarger follows, together with his civil and Masonic record.

The proceedings are readable because the grand secretary had the good taste to place in the appendix tables and list of names.

An interesting page in the proceedings is one which has a photograph of an unbroken line of twenty-five past grand masters all living. In this group the writer recognizes some Masonic friends in the persons of Barton Smith, William B. Melish, Horace A. Irvin, Frank S. Harmon, Thomas B. Guitteau and Joel C. Clore.

The grand lodge evidently believes in a certain degree of publicity, because the record states that the officers and members of the grand lodge met in the Shawnee Hotel at Springfield, Ohio, and were escorted by Palestine Commandery No. 33, Knights Templar to the Memorial building where the session was to be held.

The report of the Committee on Credentials showed 518 of the 546 lodges represented at the opening. Eighty-nine masters were represented by proxy.

After an address of welcome the grand lodge settled down to work. The first item of interest was the report of the Committee on Unfinished Business. This certainly is a most excellent thing, for it insures any deferred matters receiving the attention of the grand lodge.

The address of Grand Master Joel C. Clore, is to the point and devoid of any attempt whatsoever at forensic display. In his introduction he refers to the two-hundredth anniversary of the organization of the Grand Lodge of England and also makes a rather extended reference concerning the Scottish Rite observance of the fiftieth anniversary of that body.

Later on in the proceedings a report is made by a committee concerning the presentation of a past grand master's jewel, which it is related, was attended to on the occasion of a jubilee banquet of a Scottish Rite body. It might look to one at long range as though the Scottish Rite interests of Ohio had subsidized the grand lodge.

The grand master reports the largest increase in membership in the history of the grand lodge and cites the fact that neither the quality of the material seeking admission nor the requisite standard had been lowered.

His report on necrology is extended; and among the dead in other grand jurisdictions is mentioned the name of Albert B. Ashley.

Concerning the twenty-five district lecturers, the grand master says—

> Each of these brethren has proven himself a grand master by proxy in his own district. The inspections of the lodges throughout the state have been thorough. These brethren have spread the gospel of Freemasonry wherever they have gone, have settled differences, ironed out the rough places, and have made themselves generally useful and beneficial to the order. I thank each one of them for the burdens he has lifted from my shoulders and for the great good he has accomplished for our beloved institution.

The grand master issued ninety-three dispensations, which he mentions in detail and they are published in the appendix. He states that he refused more dispensations than he issued, among them being requests to confer degrees out of time. In this connection he says—

> I do not deem it wise to confer degrees out of time. I am of the opinion that much harm will be done to Freemasonry and little good to the petitioner by this method. It were better to return to the old law of requiring a man to remain an Entered Apprentice for one year before becoming a Fellow Craft, and to remain a resort to this unseemly hysterical method of conferring degrees wholesale, thereby destroying the constitution, landmarks, and code of the Masonic institution.

Five dispensations were issued for the formation of new lodges, five lodges were constituted and eight Masonic halls dedicated and thirteen cornerstones were laid by the grand lodge but only two of them were for Masonic edifices.

Brother Clore must have had his hands full approving amendments to by-laws of constituent lodges, for the list which he submits is quite extensive.

The grand master states that numerous degrees have been conferred by courtesy and that the favors extended by other grand jurisdictions have been generous.

The grand master was unable to see any necessity for the formation of military lodges, and advised the grand lodge not to be prevailed upon to take a step which he regarded as dangerous.

He reports the grand lodge as liberal in the matter of purchasing Liberty bonds.

The grand master says that he did not find it necessary to render any decisions during the year, all questions which were submitted to him being readily answered by reference to the code.

He made thirty-two visits to lodges during his administration.

The report of the grand treasurer shows the receipts to have been $91,180.88 and the expenditures $88,678.53.

The report of the grand secretary is something more than a mere compilation of statistics. The lodges in Ohio must have had a busy year, for the number raised is 9178, making a net gain of 7254, or 1400 more than the previous year.

The grand secretary calls the attention of lodges to the fact that he would like to have photographs of Masonic buildings in order that they may be reproduced in the proceedings.

It is noticed that the committee which handles the grand master's address is called Committee on *Topical Reference.* The report is concise and the committee confined themselves solely to their duties.

Ohio has a Masonic home of which it may feel justly proud. This grand lodge was one of the pioneers in the movement toward organized charity. The special report of the Committee on Masonic Home shows that the managers have their problems in reference to the admission of applicants.

Apparently Ohio finds itself in need of additional revenue to maintain its home for the following amendment is introduced and laid over under the rules.

> Striking out the words "sixty cents and inserting therein one dollar and twenty-five cents," and adding to said section as follows: "twenty-five cents of said dollar twenty-five to be retained by the grand lodge and the one dollar to be turned over to the trustees of the Ohio Masonic Home, fifty cents of said dollar to be placed in a building and equipment fund and fifty cents to be used for maintenance; but no part of said dollar shall be placed in the Endowment Fund."

The election of officers took place on the morning of the second day. Ohio believes that one year is sufficient for any brother to serve as grand master, and as a result the officers in line were regularly advanced.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence made a rather detailed report concerning recognition of the Grand Lodge of Queensland. The committee recommended that fraternal recognition be accorded the Grand Lodge of Queensland and representatives exchanged and the grand lodge concurred.

The Committee on Charters and Dispensation seem to have jurisdiction over amendments to by-laws that are proposed by lodges for it reports a number of approvals and some disapprovals. This committee favored the organization of military lodges and recommended the formation of one to be known as Ohio Military Lodge U. D.

Concerning rules and regulations for the government of these lodges the following was submitted by the committee and approved by the grand

lodge. For the information of brethren who may be interested in the modus operandi of these lodges according to the rules formulated by the Grand Lodge of Ohio. They are submitted in full:

1. Dispensations for military lodges may be granted by the grand master upon the same petitions, certificates, and prerequisites as are required for the establishment of civil lodges, except that the consent of other lodges shall not be required, nor a dimit from the lodge to which the petitioner belonged, but always provided that said dispensations shall in every case end with the present war; and provided further, that such lodges shall have no right to confer degrees in any part of the United States or its dependencies, but only in foreign countries.

2. Dispensations shall not be issued to any but Ohio Masons who are members of Ohio lodges.

3. No military lodge shall, on any pretense, initiate into Masonry any inhabitant or sojourner in any town or place at which its members may be stationed, or through which they may be marching, nor any person who does not, at the time, belong to the armed forces of the United States, nor any person who at the time of his petitioning or at the time of his enlistment or selection was not eligible to petition an Ohio lodge.

4. Every military lodge under the authority of the Grand Lodge of Ohio shall so conduct itself as not to give offense to the Masonic authorities in the country or place in which it may sojourn; never losing sight of the duties it owes to the Grand Lodge of Ohio, to which communication is ever to be made and all dues and fees regularly transmitted.

5. In case of the death, removal, resignation, or permanent absence of any officer of the military lodge, the grand master may supply the vacancy.

6. Military lodges shall make the same returns as civil lodges.

7. Any brother joining a military lodge shall not thereby forfeit his membership in the lodge to which he formerly belonged, but such joining shall operate to suspend his payment of dues to the lodge to which he formerly belonged and of the payment of grand lodge dues by said lodge for him.

8. At the close of the present war all members of such military lodges who were Masons before their connection with the same shall immediately be restored to full membership in their respective lodges; all persons initiated by said military lodge and members thereof at the close of the war shall receive certificates from the Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Ohio which shall clothe them with the same rights and privileges enjoyed by the holder of a dimit.

9. At the close of the present war it shall be the duty of the master or other officer having the dispensation, records, jewels, papers, and other property of such lodge in charge, to forthwith deliver the same to the grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Ohio.

The Committee on Masonic Jurisprudence made a very brief report, no matters of vital consequence being referred to them.

The Committee on Necrology made a report which was not long. Most Worshipful Brother Albert B. Ashley of Illinois, is mentioned.

The grand lodge closed with the installation of officers and the appointment of a committee to buy a jewel for the grand master and present it at some favorable time. It would be interesting to know why the jewel is not provided in advance and presented to the grand master before the closing hours. Perhaps it is not legal to present it other than in a Scottish Rite meeting.

The correspondence report is written by Brother Nelson Williams. He devotes four pages to Illinois. He reviews the principal acts of Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler, without comment.

Concerning his remarks on political discussions in lodges Brother Williams says—

> He discouraged all such discussions and said that if the political aspirant would exemplify the teachings of Freemasonry in his everyday life, he would not need to go before lodges in order to obtain the votes of Masons. He laid down the rule that no brother should be allowed to speak on any subject in any lodge except his own while a candidate for political office. This was certainly curtailing the freedom of speech, about which we have so often heard, but the grand master says the rule met with favor among some of the most active politicians.

He compliments the work of Brother Charles H. Martin in the following—

> Bro. Martin seems to have the ability of gleaning from the much that is offered the little that is attractive in the proceedings of the various grand lodges, and he weaves them into an interesting report.

Lodges 546 — Henry M. Hagelbarger, G. M., Akron.

Members, 114,293 — J. H. Bromwell, G. S., Cincinnati.

OKLAHOMA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

According to the title page of the official proceedings, the thirty-fifth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Indian Territory and the twenty-sixth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Oklahoma Territory and the tenth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of the State of Oklahoma was held February 26, 27 and 28, 1918, in the city of McAlester.

The book begins with a half-tone portrait of Joseph William Morris, grand master for 1918, together with a short biographical sketch. The preliminary ceremonies of the grand lodge are very similar to those recently adopted in the Grand Lodge of Illinois. The deputy grand master opened the grand lodge, after which he announced that the grand master, Samuel W. Hogan, was in one of the reception rooms and then dispatched the grand deacons to conduct him into the presence of the grand lodge. This whole proceeding is by no means devoid of ostentation, and when practiced, always impresses the writer with the idea that the grand master is endeavoring to challenge the crowd with the importance, if not of himself, at least of his office. Freemasonry is a democratic institution, and those elevated to official positions should remember that their first duty is to serve, and that duty when well performed carries with it all the eclat that any reasonable man ought to expect.

The first business was the presentation to Grand Master Hogan of a past grand master's apron, the gift of his own lodge. The Committee on Rules and Order of Business, then offered a report in which they indicated the order of procedure that was to be followed at this annual meeting.

This is not a bad practice as it insures much regularity in the despatch of the business of the grand body. Much time would be saved in all of our grand lodges if a fixed plan of action was agreed upon and rigidly followed. The idea of committees reading reports when they feel like it and representatives making motions and introducing resolutions at vulnerable points simply results in the whole transaction resolving itself into a jargon.

The preliminary report of the Committee on Credentials gives the exact number of accredited votes in the grand lodge. There may be a suggestion in this that Masons are disposed to pad the ballot. But the writer knows of one instance wherein a "vest pocket vote" upset all calculations and nearly precipitated a riot.

The grand master, Samuel W. Hogan, presented to the grand lodge a full and complete report of his activities. He makes an extended report on necrology in which adequate tributes are paid to the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions. He reports having attended the meeting of the Masonic Relief Association of the United States and Canada held September 25, 1918, and commends the work of that society. He reports the holding of three memorial communications of the grand lodge for the purpose of conducting the Masonic burial service over the remains of past grand officers.

He reports a number of emergent communications of the grand lodge, called for the purpose of laying corner-stones and dedicating Masonic halls.

Five new lodges were organized during the year, and six lodges working under dispensation were constituted.

The grand master states that he presided in person at three Masonic trials. This is rather unusual. Whenever there is any disagreeable work to perform it is usually customary for the grand master to send his man "Friday."

The grand master states that the correspondence and detailed work of the office is increasing to such an extent that it will be difficult for him to make many official visits, and suggests that the district deputy grand masters each work up one rousing big meeting in their districts which he may attend and thereby come in personal touch with a large number of Masons.

Concerning the reports of the district deputy grand masters, he advises, that where it was found that these officers had put forth unusual efforts in promoting peace and harmony he sent them a personal letter of commendation.

Brother Hogan found a new use for the district deputies It appears that all applications for admission to the Masonic home require personal investigation, and in order to reduce the expense thereof, the Board of Control of the Masonic Home, requested that these investigations be made by the district deputy grand masters.

The grand master very wisely made no decisions but he did present a number of interpretations of Masonic law. All of these however, are of merely local importance.

The grand master reports four acts of lodge consolidation—the surrendering of two charters by lodges which had become inactive, and the arrest of a charter because of lodge dissension.

Of course Grand Master Hogan issued a few dispensations. What would become of the grand masters if they were to become suddenly bereft of the dispensation privilege. However, it must be said in Grand Master Hogan's favor that he issued no dispensations to set aside Masonic fundamentals. Most of those issued were to permit elections and installations of officers.

Among the recommendations of the grand master were the following: That Past Grand Master David D. Hoag be created E. meritorious grand lecturer for life at a salary of $75.00 per month, Brother Hoag being seventy-six years of age and having been an active Mason for fifty-three years. The recommendation is excellent.

He also recommended that the annual dues be fixed at $1.00 per capita, twenty-five cents of which shall be set aside as a special war relief fund.

The grand master called attention to the cantonment at Fort Sill, where there are approximately 25,000 men, and records the appointment of a special

deputy for this camp to look after various interests connected with the soldiers who were members of the Masonic Family. So numerous were the requests sent to Lawton Lodge to confer degrees that it was unable to comply and the grand master authorized his special deputy, with the assistance of the grand lecturer to take charge of the conferring of degrees in Lawton Lodge with the result that considerably over 30 degrees were conferred upon soldier boys as a courtesy to other grand jurisdictions.

The grand master states that the expense of the spcial deputy and the work accomplished by him cost the grand lodge $250.00 a month, and so voluminous was the correspondence that the employment of a special stenographer was made necessary.

The first business of the grand lodge on the 2nd day of the session was the report of the Auditing Committee, which shows the grand lodge to be in a most excellent financial condition.

The report of Grand Secretary William M. Anderson, is quite an extensive document, in which numerous matters which passed through his hands during the year, are given proper publicity.

The grand secretary states that he acts as secretary to the Board of Control of the Masonic Home, which adds somewhat to his labors. He reports a number of substantial donations to the Masonic Home Fund, showing very clearly that the brethren of Oklahoma are sufficiently interested in this worthy enterprise to remember it when making their wills.

The grand lecturer, David D. Hoag, presents a very interesting report. He observes that a large number of brethren have mastered the work and received commissions. His report of the expenses of the schools which he held, claim attention. A total of 167 schools, cost the grand lodge $3,502, which added to the item of per diem and other expenses paid by the lodges themselves made the grand total of school expense $6,468.82. These figures ought to make the Grand Lodge of Illinois sit up and take notice. The measly little sum of $1,500 which it appropriates each year for school purposes is not only beneath its dignity, but fails to furnish adequate instruction in a grand jurisdiction of 175,000 Masons.

A splendid oration was delivered during the grand lodge meeting by Woodson E. Norvelle. It was a plain discussion of some of the causes leading to the present war and a clear exposition of the peculiarities of the Prussian character. The oration is highly instructive and it ought to be read by every Mason who desires to broaden his intelligence.

The Board of Control of the Masonic Home make a very lengthy report in which every detail is given exhaustive consideration. All the brethren of Oklahoma need to do, is to read this report, to know where their money went to and the worthiness of the cause.

Just prior to his departure for home, the grand master of Arkansas, Milton Winham, who had been the guest of the Grand Lodge of Oklahoma during its session, made an extended address. He said one thing which all good Masons should keep steadily in mind—

> Let our lodges and our lives be as light houses, blazing out truth to the community, state and nation that we may serve and bless society. A low grade of morality in any community where a lodge is located, is a severe criticism on that lodge, a weak, feeble moral sentiment in a community is a condemnation of its local Masonic Lodge. Masons should create all about them that healthy public opinion that gives dignity to our laws and sancity to our churches, and security to our homes. Your conduct, your conversation, your right living, my brethren ought to set the pace for others to follow. This is the service we ought to render, and unless we do so live and serve, then we as Masons, as lodges, do not deserve to live. It should be said to us, as it was said to the barren fig tree, "Cut it down, why cumbereth it the ground?" So, my brethren, Masonry is not, primarily, a thing of honor and dignity alone, its honor and dignity should arise from the faithfulness and effectiveness of its service. Service should be the watchword, honor and dignity will arise like shadows, and grow greater as the service becomes more useful.

The proceedings record the report of a special committee showing that a monument to cost $900.00 had been contracted for, to be erected to the memory of Henry M. Furman, past grand master. The Grand Lodge of Oklahoma evidently believes in honoring its deceased past grand masters in a substantial manner.

The grand lodge ordered the preparation of a complete roll of all masons of Oklahoma lodges engaged in the service of their country, together with information concerning their nearest relations and other valuable data.

The Committee on Masonic Law and Usage make the usual report. They approve many acts of the grand master, but got after him because he permitted the conferring of the degrees upon more than one candidate at the same time, but when they called the grand master in on the Carpet, and he made it clear that his dispensation did not allow the conferring of the second section of the third degree on several candidates at one throw, and as the material worked upon was not Oklahoma timber, but hailed from the four quarters of the country, they forgave him and presented him with a clean bill of Masonic conduct.

Concerning the extending of permission to Oklahoma Masons to fraternize with French Masons, the committee declined to grant the privilege, but recommended that the Committee on Foreign Correspondence gather all obtainable information and report to the grand lodge next year. The grand lodge refused to concur in the report of the committee and voted to place

the whole matter in the hands of the grand master for such action as he might desire to take. The committee also recommended that the laws of the jurisdiction be amended to require the payment by each lodge, of the sum of $5.00 for each candidate initiated, passed and raised, to go with the Masonic Home Fund and also approved the grand master's recommendation of making the annual per capita tax $1.00, 25 cents of which to go into a war relief fund, but the Committee on Finance not being satisfied with the amount, moved that it be made $1.25, which amount was finally fixed by the grand lodge.

The report of the Committee on Finance and Appropriations, fixed the office expenses of the grand master at $1,800, and allowed the grand secretary a salary of $2,700 and appropriated $1,020 for an office assistant.

The retiring grand master was presented with a jewel and a busy grand lodge session came to a close.

The report on fraternal correspondence is prepared by Thomas Chauncy Humphry. Illinois receives nearly three pages. Referring to Grand Master Wheeler's portrait, which adorns the opening proceedings of Illinois, he says, "His phiz indicates that he is a very pleasant looking Mason." Brother Wheeler's "phiz" may be very pleasant to look upon, but being a physician of the old school, his physic is not so pleasant to contemplate.

Brother Humphry must have liked the prayer of Grand Chaplain Ryan, for he quotes liberally therefrom. He also makes mention of other acts of the Grand Lodge of Illinois and presents nearly a page of excerpts from Charles H. Martin's report on foreign correspondence.

Lodges 438 — Joseph William Morris, G. M., Snyder.

Members 32,335 — Wm. M. Anderson, G. S., Oklahoma City.

OREGON, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The grand lodge met in June. Proceedings not received.

PENNSYLVANIA, F. & A. M.

1917

This grand lodge holds quarterly communications as well as an annual grand communication.

The proceedings are issued in an attractive volume, the frontispiece being a steel engraving of the Masonic temple at Philadelphia. The proceedings also contain a steel engraving of Israel Israel who served as grand master from 1883 to 1885.

At the quarterly communication held March 7, 1917, the business transacted was largely of routine character.

The Finance Committee report that the Illinois Masonic Hospital Association of Chicago had for eight years assumed entire care of a young lady, a daughter of a Master Mason of a Pennsylvania lodge. The total amount expended was $1,356.39, and the committee recommended that one-half the amount be loaned by the grand lodge to its constituent in order that the bill might be settled.

The session closed with a report by the grand master, Louis A. Watres, concerning the George Washington Memorial Association.

At the quarterly communication held June 6, 1917, the Committee on Library, through its chairman, Brother John Wannamaker, reviewed the incidents connected with the formation of the Grand Lodge of England 200 years ago.

Several committees reported on routine matters which have been in their charge.

A memorial to George Wilkins Guthrie, past grand master, who died in Tokio, Japan, was offered. A number of prominent Masons spoke concerning the Masonic record of the deceased and of his great devotion to Freemasonry.

The quarterly communication held September 5, 1917, was given over to the consideration of a statistical report from the grand secretary showing the number initiated during the year to have been 8,506 giving the grand lodge a net increase of 6,102 for the year 1916.

The Committee on Masonic Temple reported that the interior of the building had been painted and frescoed and was now in most excellent condition.

The Employment Bureau, through its chairman, J. Henry Williams, made a report stating that 1,086 applications for positions had been re-

ceived and 600 given employment. Among the number were 50 widows and 112 orphan girls. The committee report that five men were taken out of the Masonic home at Elizabethtown and given employment but one had to be returned because of intemperate habits.

The grand master addressed the grand lodge concerning the present war and called attention to the fact that a conspicuous and prolific source of waste is the Masonic banquet. He urged all lodges to practice the utmost economy and suggested the creation of a War Fund of a quarter of a million dollars.

A resolution was adopted pledging to the Government of the United States the loyalty and support of the Masons of Pennsylvania and urged every member to make a voluntary contribution of not less than $2.00 for the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania War Relief Fund.

The quarterly communication held December 5, 1917, appears to have been given over largely to the consideration of financial matters and the report of the Board of Trustees of the Masonic Homes.

The Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania is probably one of the wealthiest Masonic bodies in the world. In the early and formative period of this grand lodge there must have been someone who had good business acumen and splendid foresight for there have been built up a number of trust funds until the grand lodge now has a number of such funds amounting in value to $1,671,964.26. Add to this the real estate holdings of the grand lodge together with cash on hands amounting to $3,032,542.11 and it will be noticed that the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania is worth in round numbers nearly $5,000,000. These figures stagger one and it only illustrates that the men who made substantial bequests to the grand lodge had confidence in the perpetuity of Freemasonry and believed that moneys left in the care of the grand lodge would be honestly administered and used for the relief of worthy distressed Master Masons and their widows and orphans.

The Committee on Masonic Homes made a very long report going into detail concerning all matters connected with the welfare and management of the Masonic homes.

Everything that the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania does is on a large scale and the management of its homes is no exception. The grand lodge is to be congratulated upon what it is achieving in the way of institutional charity.

The annual communication of the grand lodge was held on December 27, 1917.

The Committee on Library report many books and curios having been given during the year.

The address of Grand Master Louis A. Watres opens with a statement of the financial condition of the grand lodge, and he congratulates the brethren on the fact that a deficit of $140,488.65 existing November 15, 1916, had been wiped out and that a balance in cash in the bank amounted to $14,207.67. He states that a large amount of this deficit was overcome by requiring every petitioner for initiation and affiliation to pay the sum of $20.00 in addition to the regular initiation fee.

The grand master reports a large number of visitations to lodges and that in company with the grand officers be paid a visit to the Grand Lodge of New York at its annual meeting.

Concerning the question of physical qualification he states that he has adhered strictly to the law refusing to issue any dispensations to set aside the landmarks.

He had some trouble with lodges overdoing the casting of black balls. In each case the offense was handled without gloves, and brethren given to understand that the lodge was not to be used as a means of evening up outside differences. In this connection the grand master says—

> The Masonic ballot is sacred. He who knowingly misuses it should be promptly expelled from the fraternity; and it is a clear misuse of it when objections are raised to a petitioner for any other than Masonic reasons. Private piques, business transactions, and personal differences, which do not relate to the character of the petitioner, have no place in Freemasonry, and the lodge, whose members continue to abuse the ballot by such practices, deserves to lose its warrant. A community is better off without a Masonic lodge than with one which stamps as unworthy a petitioner for any other than a truly Masonic reason. While the black ball has its place in Freemasonry, it should be used only in the true Masonic spirit. Its abuse cannot be tolerated, and they who abuse it should be promptly and speedily dealt with.

Five dispensations were issued for the formation of new lodges. Three cornerstones laid, and two Masonic temples dedicated.

The grand master rendered a number of decisions, some of which are as follows: A lodge which had distributed a calendar on which was set forth the frontispiece of the lodge notice was directed to cease the distribution of said calendar. Permission was refused to have a card index prepared of the Masons in a certain county, the grand master holding that only the grand secretary and the secretary of the lodge should have such lists of members. Permission was refused a lodge to have a lecture entitled "The Masons as Makers of America" for the reason that there was no evidence that the lecturer himself was a Mason. Permission was granted to lodges to donate part of their funds to local Red Cross societies. Permission was given lodges to present those of their

members who had been called to the colors with a bible suitably engrossed. Permission was refused to lodges permitting them to issue lodge certificates to their members certifying that the holder is a worthy Master Mason. Permission was refused to circularize lodges for the sale of buttons, badges, etc., to be presented to members who are in the service. The grand master reported that the War Relief Fund had reached the sum of $49,000.00, and that there were indications that the quarter million mark would be attained.

Concerning the subject of banquets he reported that lodges had willingly denied themselves and have contributed the amount ordinarily expended therefore to the Grand Lodge War Fund.

The grand master did not issue any dispensations for army lodges, quoting as a reason a statement made by Richard Vaux in 1862—

> Freemasonry is a serious, solemn institution, for man's instruction, benefit, happiness, and improvement. It is intended to elevate him, to teach him high virtues, and oversee their exemplifications in his conduct.
>
> It is to be calmly considered if this can be well done, either on the field of battle, or in the camp of an army. The surroundings and associations which naturally attend the elements of military bodies at rest, or in action, are not surely the best adapted to such a purpose.

Immediately following the report of the grand master the officers of the grand lodge who had been elected at the quarterly meeting December 5th were duly installed, and the new grand master, James B. Krause, addressed the grand lodge at length upon the policies which he would pursue. He expressed the hope that no man would be induced to join a lodge merely as an essential prerequisite to affiliation with a commandery or Scottish Rite body. He stated that he did not favor limited membership but that the motive of the applicant should always be considered.

While he urged economy on the part of the lodges this did not mean that social hours were to be abandoned but that they should be encouraged when conducted within proper bounds and conditions.

Grand Master Krause made it very clear that he proposed to keep well informed as to the condition of the lodges throughout the state for he advised that blanks would be furnished the district deputies upon which to gather vital information needed by the grand master in determining the condition of lodges in the jurisdiction.

His concluding remarks were—

> The fraternity has not been unmindful of the dominant themes of grand masters, admonishing its votaries "to serve" and "to be imbued with the spirit of Masonry," and how better is it accomplished than by engaging as individuals in our re-

spective communities, in all those activities that are for the glory of God, our country and the fraternity; the world more than ever before needs men of vision, courage and conviction, who conquer by the mighty influence of moral, upright and self-sacrificing lives. The spirit of civilization and the spirit of Masonry do and must of necessity go hand in hand, moving ever forward with equal and exact strides in the progress of humanity, each in the trend of a ceaseless evolution that is perhaps carrying us day by day towards an idealism of which manhood has ever dreamed. This call to broader and more unselfish duty should, therefore, be the dominant note of brotherly love and kindness, and of mutual uplift and helpfulness of suffering humanity.

We are associated together for purposes that are holy and not for private interest, we profess much, and much shall be required of us. With the re-birth of the nations shall come greater opportunities for deeper impress and wider spread of the increasing purposes of the world's institution, which we are pleased to call Freemasonry, destined to reign in the hearts of men, and having for its ultimate goal universal brotherhood, and a world holy empire, wherein there is but one king and that king, God.

Following his address to the grand lodge he announced the appointment of grand lodge officers, committeemen and various trustees, etc.

It is noticed that he appointed sixteen grand chaplains. Whether this large number of clergymen is necessary for the spiritual welfare of the grand master or for the craft at large is a matter of conjecture. The writer, who has been closely associated with Brother Krause in another Masonic body, has always looked upon him as a paragon of Masonic virtue. However, in the appointment of so many grand chaplains he may have taken into consideration the spiritual needs of certain other prominent members of his grand lodge well known to the writer whose names need not now be mentioned.

The correspondence report for Pennsylvania is prepared by Thomas F. Penman. He reviews Illinois for 1916 also for 1917. He notices a number of the acts of Grand Master Wheeler but finds nothing to evoke his criticism, at least there is none expressed.

A liberal quotation is taken from the address of Governor Frank O. Lowden made last October.

The correspondence report of Charles H. Martin is commended with the statement that he well maintains the excellence of his report of the preceding year.

Lodges 507 — James B. Krause, G. M., Philadelphia.

Members 131,954 — John A. Perry, G. S., Philadelphia.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, F. & A. M.

1918

The sixth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands was held in the Masonic Temple in the city of Manila on Tuesday the 22nd day of January, 1918.

The proceedings of this meeting are issued in a very attractive volume printed upon excellent stock from clean, clear type. Evidently the art of printing is well advanced in our islands of the Pacific Ocean.

The grand lodge was opened in due form by the deputy grand master. The opening prayer by the grand chaplain is an excellent one and in accordance with the teachings of Freemasonry.

The first business after the usual preliminaries was the roll call of grand representatives. Amos G. Bellis responded for Illinois. They were welcomed by the grand master and his words of greeting properly replied to.

Owing to the unavoidable absence of the grand master the deputy grand master, Brother Manuel L. Quezon, read the grand master's annual message. In his opening remarks Brother Quezon calls attention to the following interesting event—

> During his term as grand master, and due to his ability and energy, the most important Masonic event ever recorded in these islands took place, an event which has given vigorous life to Masonry and has insured its complete triumph. I refer to the unification of our Masonic bodies. United under the banner of the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands, we shall bring Masonic light to every corner of the Archipelago and the principles of justice, equality and brotherhood of men, will in due course reign supreme over here.

The grand master, in his opening remarks, refers to his very slow recovery from an operation and his great desire to again mingle with his brethren of the craft.

Concerning the entrance of the United States into the war he says—

> Since last we met the United States has joined in the world-wide war which now involves twenty-two nationalities. As President Wilson in one of the greatest and most inspiring speeches ever delivered before an American Congress, has well stated, this is a war of democracy against autocracy; a war in which each and every one of us is vitally interested, for this is our war, a war to preserve to our children and our children's children a right to grow up to be free men and women with the privilege of enjoying their God given institutions for free thought and individual initiative. Our Masonic Institution is one of the great forces for true democracy. We know what it is to

contend against the forces of autocracy. We in these fair islands need not be reminded of what would happen to the world should autocracy gain full control of the world. We have the fate of our martyred Brother Rizal as an immortal reminder of how autocracy works.

He holds to the idea that somehow out of the great world war there will come a newer and better Freemasonry for he says—

> It seems incredible but that from this horrible Armageddon there must come a rebirth of national ideals and inspirations. The oldest foundations on which our civilization was erected have stood the test of years, but the superstructure has crumbled because of the evil in the world, and we find that after the rubbish has been cleared away that a new temple must arise. In this noble and glorious work Masonry must take its part. Never in the history of the fraternity has its opportunities been greater or its responsibilities heavier. Our past efforts should have produced great good, but did rather at times produce a condition which rapidly developed into indifference and neglect. The world of humanity is beginning to have this truth more and more strongly pressed home to them. There is already a positive tendency to unite forces and amalgamate efforts for the solution of the great problems which will confront the world when this war comes to an end.

The grand master reports the recognition of the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands by Cuba, New Jersey and Tasmania. Also that a number of other grand lodges have the subject under consideration.

The grand master reports that it was unnecessary for him to render any decisions during the year.

A very interesting table is submitted showing the genealogy of the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands. Whoever conceived this table is entitled to credit because one by a mere glance can trace the origin of the lodges which united to form the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands. It would be a most excellent idea if other grand lodges would prepare similar tables, and print them as a part of their proceedings merely as a matter of interesting information.

The following comment by the grand master is interesting—

> From this table you will note that our ritual is in a great part handed down by that Grand Lodge of England which was denominated by the "split" party as the "Moderns," while they (the split) appropriated to themselves the title of the "Ancients." During this formative period of Masonry both the Ancient and Modern Grand Lodges of England granted charters to lodges in America. In addition there grew up spontaneous lodges both in Pennsylvania and Virginia, which introduced still new and different elements into the ritual. Hence the differentiations which are apt to prove somewhat confusing to a Mason who visits extensively in the various jurisdictions in the

states. At the present time there are, in fact, two different rituals used in England due to the origin of the lodge in question from either the Ancient or Modern as the case might be.

The first institution of an organized Masonic body in America under authority of the English Grand Lodge was the establishment of St. John's Grand Lodge in Boston in 1733. Before this time however there existed a lodge in Philadelphia whose records from 1731 to 1738 are still in existence.

The "Ancient" element predominates in the rituals used in New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Michigan. The "Modern" predominates in most of the other American states including California from whence we get our ritual.

The "work" in Pennsylvania, however, is radically different from either of the other two groups and must be witnessed in order to appreciate what a difference does exist.

Among the recommendations made by the grand master was one to the effect that a committee of five be appointed to suggest some plan whereby the breach between French and Anglo-Saxon Masonry may be healed without the sacrifice on either side of any essential principle or matter of conscience. The grand master also recommended that brethren hailing from lodges in the Philippine Islands be permitted to hold Masonic intercourse with Masons in France, Belgium and Italy and to visit any of their lodges.

The Masonic research propaganda seems to have reached the Philippine Islands for the grand master recommends the formation of study clubs and the appointment of a committee on same by the grand lodge along the Iowa plan.

In his concluding remarks the grand master observes—

The thought suggests itself to me that our field of usefulness in this jurisdiction is ever widening. China is a fruitful field for the extension of Masonry. It is an open field Masonically and it is but natural that, in the future, applications for dispensations and charters should be made to us rather than to the States or Great Britain, owing to our nearness.

The senior grand warden, Brother Edward E. Elser, made a report of certain acts performed by him while serving as grand master during the absence of both the grand master and the deputy grand master. The deputy grand master likewise made an accounting of his stewardship; the matters related being largely of routine character.

The report of the grand treasurer shows the grand lodge to be in excellent financial condition.

The grand secretary goes much into detail and covers many items that passed through his office during the year. He remarks that the

monitor was printed in both English and Spanish and had a good sale but that the sale of proceedings of the grand lodge was not worth mentioning. The writer has never felt that the policy of selling proceedings of grand bodies was wise. If any member has sufficient interest in the transactions of the fraternity to want to wade through the average book of proceedings in a search for something that will interest and instruct him then by all means he should be encouraged to the extent at least of being furnished a copy of the proceedings without charge.

The Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands is evidently following along the lines of the grand lodges of the States for the grand lecturer reports that he has visited a number of lodges, held schools of instruction and otherwise aided in a dissemination of the work of the jurisdiction. He also says that he accompanied the grand master on many of his official visitations. Perhaps the grand master wanted somebody in the party who could confer a degree. Illinois is quite fortunate at the present time in having a grand master who cannot only confer every degree in full but can do it in a masterly manner. Brother Austin H. Scroggin is a ritualistic expert and acknowledges no superior on the Board of Grand Examiners or elsewhere.

The annual oration was delivered before the grand lodge by the Reverend Bruce S. Wright and is an unusually interesting and well prepared address. He got away from the usual humdrum preachment and discussed the three features of Masonry, the first of which he designated as its simplicity. Concerning this he said—

> I know that many of you are inclined to disagree with me. You say, "The attractiveness of Masonry is its mystery." Most men superficially look upon Masonry that way. They think of Masonry as a chamber of mysteries, surrounded by high, thick walls, secrets jealously guarded. What are the facts? We are initiated into Masonry. We enter the lodge room. What do we see? We do not see anything at first. But when light has been given us we see an ordinary room, with men, our fellow citizens, gathered there. We see lighted candles, an altar, the Holy Bible. We are later shown and told about common instruments of labor, the gavel, and gauge, the square and plumb and level, and the trowel. Is there any mystery about these things? All the world knows them. The simple principles of true character are impressed upon our minds,—fortitude, prudence, justice, mercy, love and truth. Where is the mystery of such doctrines? Study the immortal characters of history; look upon the enduring architecture of the world; behold the famous paintings; think of the undying poetry and literature; look into the workings of efficient government and business, what is the one mark they all have? Simplicity. Mystery is not a mark of greatness; simplicity is. Sirs, I do not detract from, rather do I add to the glory of Masonry when I say that the attractiveness of Masonry is its simplicity.

The third feature he called chivalrous manhood and made the following observation—

> A few years ago I attended the sessions of the Grand Lodge of the State of New York. I was one of about a thousand representatives. For three days I sat in the meetings, listened to the speeches, took part in the deliberations and mingled with the men. I came away to my home with a strange experience. Three letters formed themselves again and again in my mind; I could not get rid of them, M M M, M M M, M M M—they were the result of my attendance upon that grand lodge, M M M, and this is what they said to me, *Masonry Means Manhood, Masonry Means Manhood.* And it does. If Masonry does not mean manhood then it has no meaning. Masonry must live up to its purposes. Masonry must produce chivalrous, loyal, big-minded men. These Philippine Islands must be a better place in which to live because Masonry is here. You should be a truer man than you were a year ago or you are not a true Mason. Let it never be said that Masonry produces cheats, cowards and poltroons.

The Committee on Necrology present a melancholy and doleful introduction to their report, evidently they have found nothing in Freemasonry that is at all hopeful.

The report of the Committee on Grand Officers separates and refers the grand master's address, the deputy grand master's address, the report of the senior grand warden, the grand treasurer, the grand secretary, the grand lecturer and the district deputy grand masters. It is evident that the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands does not propose to have anything slipped over on them by the adoption of reports which are read in hurried and closing hours of the sessions. This is not a bad plan—to have all reports, such as the above, referred to a committee—as it insures any contemplated legislation being given a fair and impartial hearing.

The proceedings contain the following paragraph—

> The presence of "OLD GLORY" in the Grand East was an inspiration. The flag which was displayed in the East was a flag that had been used by Roome Lodge No. 746 of New York during the Spanish-American war to mark the vacant chair of the master who was at the "front," and who later presented it to Manila Lodge No. 1.

The Committee on Masonic Jurisprudence endorsed the grand master's recommendation as to study clubs, and recommended that each lodge in the jurisdiction appoint a special committee to work along this line and to co-operate with a special committee appointed by the grand lodge. The report was adopted.

The subject of physical qualification seems to be bothering the brethren of the Philippine Islands, for the Committee on Jurisprudence closed their report with the following—

We are more and more convinced, as time goes on, that "It is the internal and not the external qualifications which fit a man to be made a Mason," and that a physical defect which will not prevent compliance with the requirements of the ritual, or interfere with his earning a livelihood, should not bar a good man from being made a Mason. We therefore recommend that the decision in question be approved.

The following resolution adopted, is timely and shows the disposition on the part of the grand lodge to protect as far as possible our soldier boys—

Resolved, That the honorary title of past master be and hereby is conferred upon each master and warden of any subordinate lodge of this jurisdiction, who, during the present war, may be called to the colors outside the Philippine Islands.

And be it further resolved, That such brethren be and hereby are entitled to all rights, privileges and prerogatives of past master as members of this grand lodge.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence concurred with the grand master in the recommendation that Masons in the Philippine Islands be permitted to visit lodges in France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland even though said grand bodies are not yet recognized by this grand lodge. The committee voted to extend recognition to the Grand Lodge of Panama and the report was adopted. The reasons given by the committee as a result of much investigation are printed herewith in full as a matter of information to Masons in Illinois.

With regard to the recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama, this matter should be taken up in accordance with our proposed Basis of Recognition.

First. Legitimacy of Origin.—This grand lodge traces its genealogy very indirectly to the Grand Lodge of England. Its lodges, which joined in the founding of the grand lodge were all under some generally considered irregular source, not having been chartered by any grand lodge, but having their origin in and through other bodies than Freemasonry which consists of three degrees only. Yet having separated themselves therefrom and established a regular grand lodge with sovereignty in the territory of the Republic of Panama, we commend their efforts to get right, and the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts has sanctioned their action and granted full and free recognition and exchanged representatives, as well as a number of other grand bodies.

Second. Sovereign and Independent Control of Ancient Craft Masonry in the Territory Under Control.—This grand lodge is independent of any other governing body and holds allegiance to no other body. It controls only the lodges working the first, second and third degrees.

Third. Belief in God and the Use of the Bible as the Great Light and Belief in the Immortality of the Soul.—It is under-

stood that this new grand lodge meets our own requirements, that they consider the Great Light as one of the indispensable parts of the lodge, and use it as we do, and demand a belief in God and in the immortality of the soul, make only men Masons, adopted the ancient landmarks and charges, use the York ritual.

The report on review is prepared by Newton C. Comfort. Illinois is given two pages. Reference is made to the stage decorations during the session and to the presentation of the American flag in grand lodge.

Quotations are made from the address of Grand Master Wheeler and no fault whatsoever found with his suggestions or acts.

Lodges 43 — Manuel L. Quezon, G. M., Manila.

Members 2,894 — Newton C. Comfort, G. S., Manila.

PORTO RICO.

A copy of a document in a foreign language now in the hands of ye correspondent is supposed to be the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Porto Rico. In the absence of a translator the review is passed.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

1917

The proceedings are issued in a small volume of scarcely one hundred pages. They open with a half tone of Grand Master Benjamin Rogers.

The dedication of a new lodge room at Cape Traverse on May 22nd was the occasion of a special communication of the grand lodge. It is noted that in connection with the dedication the usual annual inspection of the lodge books and finances took place.

The forty-second annual communication of the grand lodge was held at Summerside on June 27th.

The first business of importance was the reading of the regulations for the government of the grand lodge during its session which duty fell to the grand secretary.

The grand master's address is in the main a dissertation on the principles of Freemasonry and its possibilities for good in the world. In his opening remarks he said—

> In this age of commercialism and business activity many times we are forgetful of the duties which as Masons we have bound ourselves to perform in aiding a fallen brother to rise, or extending a word of cheer and comfort to the brother who has grown weary and discouraged, and we can never tabulate the value of these ministrations.

Concerning the amalgamation of the Anglo-Saxon people in the present war the following is observed—

> If ever there was a time in the world's history when plain living and high thinking should be the universal rule, this is the time. We have been prodigal of time and means, and it now becomes our duty to render our best service to our country in this the time of her greatest need. In these days, large with opportunity, let it be everything to each of us what we do and how we do it, and be ever found in the path of duty, regardless of reward and applause, and always as in the sight of Him who gave the strength and opportunity to do our part. Let us dedicate our lives, our talents, our means, everything we are, everything we have, in this great struggle for world freedom. We welcome the entrance of the United States into this great struggle, and a new element of union and strength has come into the cordial relationships that have existed for one hundred years between Great Britain, Canada, and the United States. For a century the only rivalry we knew was in business; the only contention indulged in was one of love and good work. We speak the same language, hold the same faith, are the heirs of the same past, and cherish the same high ideals, and now that the great republic which occupies with us this North American continent is our mighty ally in this struggle against Prussian arroganee, aggression and ambition, our brotherhood will develop into a yet stronger one in which blood will be shed in defence of freedom and in punishing a ruthless enemy who holds life and honor so cheap, and as the flags of the two nations are placed side by side in the mighty struggle, may they ever float side by side over free, enlightened, and God-fearing people, and forever in defence of liberty and righteousness. Evidently the Anglo-Saxon race have found once more a common ground in the defence of liberty.

He truly says—

> Freemasonry endeavors to develop a feeling of solidarity among the members of human society, and I believe that the higher a man ranges in the process of civilization, the surer he is to recognize his fellowmen as brothers.

The grand lodge evidently believes in the universality of Freemasonry at least so far as the virtue of charity is concerned; for a circular letter was sent to each of the lodges of the state asking contributions for the benefit of the Prince Edward Island Protestant Orphanage and the Grand Master reports a liberal response.

In his report on necrology the grand master concludes with the following paragraph for which he is to be highly commended—

> In closing this report, I feel that we cannot resist the temptation to refer to the unnumbered, unnamed, and unreported thousands of the craft, who, amid the roar of cannon, the din of musketry, and the carnage of battle, have fallen to the dust in the old countries of Europe within the last year. And while we know not their names, or their positions in our beloved fraternity, yet we cannot withhold our sympathy for them, and offer up on our altars our fervent prayers that peace may soon come to their surviving brethren, and spread its banners over their consecrated graves.

Of course the grand master issued some dispensations. Five of them were to attend divine service.

Following the report of the grand master the deputy grand master made a report concerning certain official visits which he made. The query naturally arises as to why the deputy reports to the grand lodge direct instead of to the grand master as the matters involved are merely social and were no doubt carried out under the orders of the grand master.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $488.10.

An item discloses the fact that the grand secretary receives for his services the munificent sum of $200.00 per year subject to future increase at the discretion of the grand lodge.

The report of the Benevolent Fund Trustees gives the total amount under their charge as $5,199.59.

The Committee on Grand Master's Address commends the grand master on his words concerning the Anglo-Saxon unity in the present war and says—

> We rejoice with the grand master on the entrance of our neighbor, the Great Republic, into the colossal struggle that is now deluging Europe with blood. With him we feel that, "We must be free or die, who speak the tongue that Shakespeare spake, the faith and morals hold that Milton held." We trust that the co-operation of the two great English speaking races is prophetic of a continuous aim and effort in the direction of the welfare of the race irrespective of creed or color, by seeking the advancement of the right, the protection of the weak, and the securing of an international peace, consistent with honor.

Seven hundred copies of the proceedings were ordered printed and distributed. This is almost enough to supply one copy to each of the members in the jurisdiction.

It was ordered that a letter of congratulation be sent to Brother Harry C. Green, who has attained the great age of a full hundred years, a circumstance unique in history, and seldom recorded in sister jurisdictions.

The grand master appointed a Committee on Foreign Correspondence. Apparently they have not as yet commenced their labor for there is no evidence in the proceedings of any activity on their part.

Lodges 15 — Benjamin Rogers, G. M.
Members 881 — Walter P. Doull, G. S.

QUEBEC, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The forty-eighth annual communication was held on the 13th day of February in the city of Montreal.

The report of the Committee on Credentials credits the representative of Illinois, F. W. Hearle, with being present.

In the summary of representatives the committee report that three hundred forty-nine ballot papers were issued. It is quite apparent that the grand lodge doesn't propose to have any ballot box stuffing. It counts up the number of votes in grand lodge and then issues blank ballots accordingly.

The annual address of the grand master is not long but in it he deals with those events and circumstances coming under his notice and of which the grand lodge should be apprised.

Concerning the entrance of the United States into the great war he says—

> Undoubtedly the most impressive and world inspiring event of the past year was the entrance of our southern neighbor into the war on the side of our Empire and her Allies, thus bringing the last of the great and enlightened nations into the melting pot of Europe. Under existing conditions, no other event could have such significance to the world at large, in view of the complete disorganization of our Russian allies, and the temporary setback to our Italian allies, and the present year will doubtless be the most strenuous and important in this gigantic struggle for righteousness and humanity. We were prone to condemn our kinsmen for what seemed unwarrantable delay in repelling the inhuman deeds of a reckless and diabolical foe, but the wise statesman presiding over the destinies of over one hundred million people, trod cautiously the perilous path, and exerted every effort to avert participation in this ruthless warfare until he and his advisers were fully convinced that his nation's self-preservation, and the preservation of those principles which are the life-giving blood of all the free peoples of the world, were in extreme jeopardy, following which conviction they ranged themselves

with all their might on the side of those who for nearly three years had been carrying on the fight for freedom and honor. We, of the Masonic tie, long knew by word of mouth and written page, that the sympathies and longings of our brethren in the south were with us in our determination to slay the beast which had reared its defiant head, indeed there can hardly be any doubt that from the moment that great Armada sailed from our shores in the autumn days of 1914 across the ocean to fight on foreign soil for those principles Masons hold most dear, that epochal event not only affected our own land, but affected the whole continent of America, and made it inevitable that sooner or later our neighbors would respond to the call of the blood and to the call of liberty, and to-day we, Masons of Quebec, welcome our kinsmen as brothers in arms, who thereby have linked together at last the English speaking nations of the world in a common cause, and may this union promote a speedy and victorious peace and continue for the benefit not only of our own peoples, but of the whole world.

The grand master asked the grand lodge to arise and listen reverently to the reading of the names of those who passed out during the year.

He affectionately refers to the death of the grand secretary, Will H. Whyte, and reports that a quarters remuneration was placed to the credit of his estate in recognition of his long and faithful service to the craft.

The grand master reports a number of visitations to the lodges of his province and states that on four occasions he was privileged to attend church services which were held in honor of certain lodges of the jurisdiction.

The question of a Masonic home seems to be uppermost in the minds of the brethren of Quebec, so much so that great pressure has been brought upon the grand master in an effort to induce him to take the necessary steps toward the establishment of such an institution. The grand master says, however—

I have taken great interest in the criticism on Masonic homes, made several years ago by Most Worshipful Bro. Chambers in his annual review, and am in accord with him, that the experience of other jurisdictions much larger than this, who have provided such homes, does not warrant us in undertaking such a burden, also that there has not, up to the present, been a necessity for such an institution. Some years ago I advocated that this grand lodge should lay a foundation for the time when it might be called on to establish some relief along these lines, by purchasing twenty-five or fifty acres of land in a desirable section of the country near Montreal, which would not entail a large outlay, and would be self-sustaining until required for Masonic purposes, but whether such a project would be acceptable to this grand body, or meet the requirements, is to be determined.

Concerning physical qualification he voices some ideas which may well be taken home by every grand lodge in the world and that is the attitude of Freemasonry toward those of our countrymen who went forth to battle for human rights and who have returned seriously maimed.

Grand Master Williamson says—

> I have been asked on more than one occasion to grant a dispensation to initiate a candidate who fell short of the requirements as interpreted in the past, and as no essential part of our initiation was involved, I granted the requests, but these isolated cases have not been difficult to dispose of. The question we are urgently called upon to consider, however, is that of our returning soldiers who have been maimed for life, and who may desire to enter into fellowship with us. I am sure it is not the desire of any member of our order to deprive these brave and uncomplaining heroes of any of the privileges and enjoyments of our social and fraternal life, and yet, if we follow precedent, it would be impossible to meet their requests unless a reasonable letting down of the bars under strict supervision is sanctioned, and I place the matter before you for serious consideration and action, if found desirable.

Of the lodges of the state, according to the grand secretary's report, 49 made a net increase in their membership which is a most excellent showing.

The grand treasurer announces receipts of $6,651.85 and disbursements of $7,559.27.

One item of expenditure is for past grand master's regalia and the sum of $147 was used for the purpose. It apparently costs something to decorate a past grand master in the province of Quebec.

During the session the grand lodge was treated to an address by Reverend George Duncan. His subject seemed to be Freemasonry and the church. In one paragraph he says—

> While ours is not a religious order in the technical sense, it might justly claim to be. With us there is no peevish questioning about God, no nervous, speculative anxiety about God. God, to Masons, is a great reality, and religion a natural, reasonable, manly thing. I do not know any class of men who speak so freely, yet reverently, on matters of religion as Masons. Any external criticism which we may have to face is necessarily due to ignorance and misunderstanding. It is curious, but not unintelligible—and I say it with all charity—to find the chief opposition emanating from that branch of the Church Catholic which, during the mediæval period of Operative Masonry, encouraged and fostered the brotherhood of those who were engaged in the building of its cathedrals, that branch of the Church, too, which makes most use of signs, symbols, vows, and mysteries in its own ritual and practice to-day. And it is only fair to state here that French Masonry, which is supposed to

> have been unfriendly to the Roman Church in France, is a thing apart from British Freemasonry, is like the old National Church of France, a thing by itself, and is unrecognized by the greater brotherhood throughout the world, though this war may work in it a reformation.

The reports of the district deputy grand masters are interesting because they give evidence of some of their functions. For instance, applications for dispensations passed through their hands as did proposed amendments to by-laws, waivers of jurisdiction, attendance on church services and installation of officers. Of course it was necessary for the grand masters to pass upon these matters in their finality, but they went first to the district deputies who determined the needs of the case.

It is learned that every lodge in the state was visited and inspected.

From the account of the Finance Committee the statement is gleaned that the assets of the grand lodge amount to $107,040.19. The grand master receives no salary and but $100 for office expenses. The grand secretary is paid $1200 per year.

The temple trustees reported that the building owned by the grand lodge yielded a revenue in excess of the expenditures of the sum of $448.03.

One thing the grand lodge did which is to be commended. It directed that—

> A committee be appointed by the grand lodge to go into the matter of securing information as to the best means of getting in touch with wounded brethren in hospitals in France and England, with a view of giving help and comfort during their hours of suffering.

The report of the Committee on Grand Master's Address was not presented until near the close of the session. Its keynote is felicitation and the grand master is the recipient.

In the election of officers it is noticed that those brethren appointed to count the ballots are designated as scrutineers. This is a new term in Masonry, and is undoubtedly exclusively Canadian and English.

Immediately after his election and installation the grand master named a Nominating Committee which made a report recommending the appointment of what are termed "Standing Committees." Here is an idea for the grand master of Illinois. It is well known that every incoming grand master is besieged with applications for various grand lodge appointments. Just why brethren go to the extremes that they do to secure these petty grand lodge jobs is hard to figure out but they resort to all sorts of strategy in order to secure these so-called plums, much to the embarrassment of the grand master. Now if this whole matter

could be delegated to a special committee appointed for that purpose it might result in relieving the grand master and at the same time result in the various grand lodge appointments being awarded to Masons on the ground of merit rather than because of devoted attachment to some political faction in the grand lodge.

The correspondence report is prepared by E. T. D. Chambers and he treats Illinois very generously. He compliments the proceedings by saying—

> One of the bulkiest and best reports of the year is that of the Grand Lodge of Illinois. Matter, paper, printing and illustrating therein contained would be difficult to excel. Some of the illustrations in question are those of newly dedicated Masonic temples, many of them disclosing exquisitely beautiful designs.

He calls the meeting of the grand lodge a war-time meeting because of the patriotic observances that attended its ceremony.

The telegram sent to President Wilson is quoted in full.

The reviewer speaks in a very complimentary way of the acts of Grand Master Wheeler and quotes nearly a page and a half from the address of Governor Frank O. Lowden.

Of the correspondence report of Charles H. Martin he says—

> It is scholarly in both conception and execution, is both informative and instructive, and discloses keen discernment and a studious mind.

Lodges 68 W. H. Williamson, G. M., Montreal.

Members 8,861 Walter D. Hagar, G. S., Montreal.

QUEENSLAND, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The stated communication was held at Brisbane on Monday, September 11, 1916.

The first business of importance was the installation of the grand master and the investiture of grand lodge officers.

It is the custom in this grand lodge as it is in some other foreign jurisdictions to install the grand master at a special communication of the grand lodge called for that purpose. Owing to the illness of the grand master it was impossible to hold the installation until the stated communication in September.

The first business was the address of Grand Master A. M. Hertzberg. Concerning the general condition of Masonry in Queensland he says—

> Numerically our progress is satisfactory, making due allowance for the strenuous times we are passing through. Since the inauguration of our grand lodge, we have initiated, passed and raised 2,286 brethren, which is a good guide to our number, whilst financially we have also made fair progress, our accumulated funds being £9,000, represented by the Widows, Orphans and Aged Masons Institution funds—our justification and our pride—the Benevolent Fund and the General Fund. The treasurer's statement of accounts and report of the Widows, Orphans and Aged Masons Institution just published give you the fullest details of our financial position.

He made numerous visits to the lodges of the province, his itinerary covering 6,700 miles.

In regard to the mission of Freemasonry the grand master gives expression to the following—

> And now in conclusion, brethren, permit me to record some further impressions as to the true mission of Freemasonry. First of all, we must study such literature as will help us to fully realise the beauties of our teachings and the idealism to which they lead. Towards that idealism the world is progressing—slowly, it is true, but surely nevertheless. Freemasonry, through its broad platform and its altruistic teachings, is specially destined to proclaim liberty to the world. Our history, our works, our philosophy and our outlook, wherever we have planted the banner of the craft—if we will only lift our voice—is assuredly destined to be a great factor in the establishing and preserving of a permanent peace in the world. Our mission makes us pioneers of peaceful means for the adjustment of misunderstandings, be they personal or national. Brethren, let us then ever be mindful of our duty and the noble efforts that should at all times be our aim, in our private and public activities within the community wherein our lot is cast; then, and then only, will the craft earn the approbation of God and man and prove itself worthy of the mission which has been entrusted to us by Providence.

The Board of General Purposes make an extended report covering various details connected with the administration of the affairs of the grand lodge.

Among the permissions granted were six to receive applications for affiliation. Undoubtedly the grand lodge proposes to know something concerning petitioners for affiliation and the lodges from which they hail.

Among the representatives of sister grand lodges nominated during the year was Abi Murray as representative of the Grand Lodge of Illinois.

Numerous correspondences are printed in the proceedings from grand jurisdictions of the United States showing that the Grand Lodge of Queensland has been having a rather difficult time in securing recognition on the

part of these grand lodges, not so much on its merits but because of apparent inability to get its cause properly presented.

One item taken from the report of the Board of General Purposes is to the effect that a policy of insurance of the tylers of all lodges under the employers' liability act was taken out with an insurance company in the name of the grand lodge. The board evidently do not propose to be made the defendant in a damage suit because some careless tyler falls down stairs with a bucket of coal.

The reports as to the financial condition of the Grand Lodge of Queensland as gathered from the proceedings show that it is in excellent condition. One thing which impresses the writer is its attention to the matter of benevolence, thereby carrying into practice the fundamental idea of Freemasonry.

Lodges 68 James Stodart, G. M.
Members F. Holland, G. S.

RHODE ISLAND, F. & A. M.

1917

A semiannual communication of this grand lodge was held in the city of Providence on Monday, November 20th.

The grand master announced that owing to the death of Past Grand Master Newton B. Arnold, a vacancy was created on the Board of Trustees of the Masonic Home Fund which he had filled by the appointment of Past Grand Master Rueben S. Bemis.

The first business of importance at this communication was the report of the Committee on Jurisprudence relative to the subject of physical qualifications.

It seems that the grand master in 1916 suggested that the matter was one of frequent rulings and various interpretations were being placed upon the present law according to the views held by different grand masters.

The committee recommended that the standing order be amended to read as follows—

> No man who is unable to perform every part of the work in the three degrees of Symbolic Masonry is eligible to receive those degrees; but an applicant, physically defective, who can by artificial means, controlled by himself, perform all the requirements of the work, shall be eligible.

The recommendation of the committee, however, was not concurred in by the grand lodge and the law was left as it now stands requiring that every candidate must be able to perform every part of the work in the three degrees.

At this semiannual meeting recognition was extended to the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands. No other business of importance was transacted.

At a special communication held March 2, 1917, at Manchester, Rhode Island a special ceremonial was performed for the purpose of consecrating the altar of Manchester lodge to the uses of Freemasonry. This service is entirely new to the writer. It may be similar to the ceremony of dedicating a Masonic temple.

On this occasion a most instructive address was delivered by E. Tudor Gross on the subject "The Altar of Masonry."

The one hundred twenty-seventh annual communication of this grand lodge was held on the 21st day of May, 1917, in the city of Providence.

The grand master, Wilbur Allen Scott, made an extended address. He reported the issuance of a number of dispensations to attend divine service. As in most jurisdictions there were a number of requests to confer degrees by courtesy.

Among the grand representatives appointed was Frederick I. Dana of Providence to represent the Grand Lodge of Illinois near the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island.

The necessity for revision and reprinting of the book of constitutions required the appointment of a special committee for this purpose.

The grand master makes several decisions, some of which are as follows—

> Held that an applicant whose right leg has been amputated six (6) inches below the knee, but who was able by use of an artificial limb to substantially perform every part of the work of the three degrees of Symbolic Masonry, and was in no likelihood of becoming a charge upon the fraternity, was eligible to receive these degrees, provided he possessed the proper internal qualifications.
>
> When a lodge accepts the escort of a commandery at a Masonic funeral, the place of the commandery, as escort, is at the right of the Masonic line, non-Masonic organizations and profanes preceding the commandery.
>
> Held that it was improper to permit an officer or member of any other organization (in this case a commandery), at a funeral conducted by a lodge, to pronounce any portion of the

burial service of such other organization, and that the service as laid down in "The Freemasons Burial Office" should be strictly adhered to.

Held that it was proper to conduct a Masonic funeral where the body had been cremated, provided the ashes were to be entombed or interred, but not otherwise.

The grand master must have been kept very busy socially during his period of service for not only did he make a number of official visits to lodges but he attended a large number of annual banquets. Judging from the list the idea is gained that the Masons of Rhode Island are mighty good feeders. Mr. Hoover must be very busy in other sections of the country else he might put an embargo on the number of Masonic banquets held in our eastern jurisdiction.

The grand master reports invitations to attend various functions held by chapters, councils, commanderies, shrines, and he even mixed with the Order of the Eastern Star.

Concerning conservation and economy the grand master said—

If our lodges have been criticised in the past, and perhaps rightly, for extravagance in their banquets and refreshments, such criticism will be still more justified in the present world crisis, when every effort is being made to conserve our food supply, and to economize in all reasonable ways. There is, however, a happy medium between the lavish banquet or spread, which appears to have become almost a Masonic tradition, and the entire elimination of food and refreshment.

We must not forget that we are first of all a social and fraternal organization—and that nothing conduces more directly to enjoyment and to true sociability, than to eat and drink together in true fraternity.

Of course the grand master is merely giving the conception of Freemasonry as held by the Masons of Rhode Island who no doubt look upon the institution as purely convivial. There are others who see in the fraternity something more than mere self indulgence and are willing to make sacrifices in order that lodge funds may be used to help the less fortunate members of human society.

The grand master commended those lodges that had remitted the dues of soldiers during the period of the war.

The trustees of the Masonic Home Fund of Rhode Island are certainly a numerous body. According to the grand master's report they are made up of thirty-nine members, one from each Masonic lodge in the state.

The reports of the district deputy grand masters which follow the address of the grand master show that those officers keep in close touch with affairs in their districts.

The grand lecturer in his report declares that he has visited every Masonic lodge in the jurisdiction. He makes one suggestion and asks an amendment to that effect—

> That in conferring the degree of Entered Apprentice, no more than one candidate shall be present in the lodge during the working of the first section of said degree.

The grand secretary reports receipts of $6,355.31 and expenditures of $4,418.19.

As an evidence of the fact that our eastern brethren go in for external show it is only necessary to refer to a report of the Committee on Jurisprudence. A recommendation was made to the grand lodge suggesting the adoption for the use of the grand master of the same regalia that is used in the Grand Lodge of England and in the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts.

The Committee on Jurisprudence, however, made a report for which they are to be commended. They state that they have given careful study to the recommendation and—

> Are of the opinion that it would be inadvisable, for the present at least, to adopt such regalia as suggested.
>
> Where the use of such regalia is the result of ancient custom and tradition, it has a certain significance and symbolism. But, in the opinion of the committee, to adopt such regalia without the justification of such ancient custom and use would not add to the dignity of the fraternity or its officers.

The Grand Lodge of Rhode Island evidently does not believe that there is very much value to grand lodges in correspondence reports for there is none attached to the proceedings.

Lodges 37 — Herbert A. Rice, G. M., Providence.

Members 9,832 — S. Penrose Williams, G. S., Providence.

SASKATCHEWAN, A. F. & A. M.

1917

A very good half tone of Grand Master James McCalley adorns the opening page. He is fully regaled in the insignia of his office consisting of collar, cuffs and apron, magnificently embroidered and rich in design.

It is doubted if Solomon in all his glory was ever similarly adorned.

The annual communication was held in the city of Saskatoon on Wednesday, June 20, 1917. The record states that the grand master, James H. Anderson, was on the throne.

According to the Committee on Credentials the district deputy grand masters take rank following the deputy grand master. By the way these officers are selected during the grand lodge session by the representatives and past masters of the district and approved by the grand master.

The grand master's address was not a long document. He opens with the following remarks concerning the war—

> Our empire is still engulfed in the toils of a great military cataclysm. Armageddon is yet being waged. Material progress is at a standstill; ruin and devastation more than counteract the effects of increased production. And yet infinitely more deplorable than material losses is the great sacrifice of human life on the altar of liberty and justice. For, while industrial and financial depression will no doubt be succeeded by an era of marked prosperity, yet alas, bleeding hearts may be assuaged but never healed. The vacant chair, the memory of a cheery voice will bring the pang of grief to many a breast; but there is also the bright side to the picture. Many of our heroes will return to take an honored place in our midst and to renew the associations of former days.

He calls the acts of the Prussian despotism, murder in uniform.

Concerning the problem for Masons at home Brother Anderson states that the organization of relief work has not been effectively established and that the burden of supporting the various patriotic funds has fallen largely upon those most willing and that ability to pay has been lost sight of. This condition is probably not alone peculiar to Saskatchewan but to other nations as well.

The grand master urges the brethren of his grand lodge to seriously consider the matter of the establishment of a Masonic home and expresses the hope that they will get behind the project and increase the Grand Lodge Benevolence Fund to such a point that the construction of the home may be seriously considered.

Masonry in Saskatchewan seems to be expanding for ten new lodges were constituted during the year.

Concerning the teaching of the work the grand master says—

> Efficient instruction in the meaning of Masonic symbolism should do much to revitalize the spirit of many of our lodges and to dispel those signs of apathy which naturally ensue when the allegorical truths of the ceremonial work are permitted to deteriorate into mere ritualistic formalism. At present grand lodge can lend little direct assistance. It may be that at some

future date lecturers in Masonic lore will be appointed to visit regularly the various lodges. In the meanwhile, however, the question must be a local one, and the duty devolves upon the master and officers of each lodge of injecting that intellectual stimulus which will make attendance at the various meetings seem not only a duty but a distinct pleasure as well.

Among the many dispensations declined was one permitting a lodge to confer two or more degrees at the same session. It is apparent that initiates in Saskatchewan get all that their money will buy. Should the Grand Lodge of Illinois attempt to limit the number of degrees that a lodge may confer at any one session to an only candidate the storm that would arise would rival in thunder the mighty guns on the western battle field of France.

Among the grand representatives commissioned was William O. Butler of LaHarpe, near the Grand Lodge of Illinois.

The grand master reports that he was obliged to suspend a worshipful master from office and deprive him of past rank.

Three rulings were made by the grand master which are quoted in full—

> It is not permissible for a brother from a grand lodge not recognized by the Grand Lodge of Saskatchewan to either visit or affiliate with a lodge in this grand jurisdiction.
>
> Any grand lodge officer, including the grand master, on entering a lodge shall give the pass grip and pass word of the degree.
>
> The loss of any member of an applicant disqualifies him if he cannot comply with the ceremonials of grand lodge.

In his concluding remarks he observes—

> Masonry is not a religion in the general acceptance of the term; it is not characterized by dogma or subservience to outworn creeds; it is not a system of hair-splitting or metaphysical abstractions which sharpen the wits of the analyst and philosopher; its ritual is merely symbolic of those fundamental tenets which enable its genuine adherents to comprehend their true relationship to the Great Architect of the Universe and to their fellowmen.

Why is it necessary for grand masters and other church Masons to be eternally explaining that Freemasonry is not a religion? Why is it necessary that Masons should be always apologizing to the church because of its existence? It is left to every man to conceive religion as his own mind and conscience may dictate. What is religion to one man is a mere ceremonial rite to another. Therefore if a man without any church connections whatsoever affiliates with Freemasonry and finds in it that which satisfies his conception of a religion and if he believes in it and trys to

live up to it to the best of his ability, why persistently remind him that Freemasonry is not a religion and that he ought to go and join some church?

The reports of the district deputy grand masters which are made directly to the grand lodge are interesting, for they disclose a very thorough system of visitation and inspection. The tabulated data gathered by the district deputies are printed in full and arranged by districts. The writer would like very much to call the attention of Brother Phil Barclay to these tables in the Proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Saskatchewan for they are very much in keeping with the same mode of detailed reports on lodges which Illinois is trying hard to secure.

The grand treasurer announces receipts of $12,137.64 and expenditures of $7,214.40. The total amount in the Benevolent Fund including investments is $21,762.56.

The report of the grand secretary covers many particulars of his office. He says that returns from lodges show a roll of over 1000 brethren from the province who are doing their bit for king and country.

The report of the Committee on Appeals and Grievances follow very much the Illinois plan as no details of trials nor names of defendants are printed in full.

The Committee on Finance reported an estimated income for the ensuing year of $8,600 and estimated expenditures of $7,960.

The grand secretary's salary was fixed at $2150 and the grand master voted the sum of $135 for a testimonial.

A rather unusual committee is that of the Committee on Condition of Masonry which defines its duties as follows—

> To carefully examine all reports, returns, proceedings, correspondence, etc., referred to it; to consider all matters respecting the craft at home, the doing and reports of the officers of grand lodge and the internal economy of grand lodge and the subordinate lodges; to recommend for the rank of R.W.P.D.G.M. such brethren as in its opinion have faithfully discharged their duties as D.D.G.M.

Then follows a detailed report containing much valuable information for the benefit of the grand lodge.

The Committee on Grand Master's Address in this grand jurisdiction is combined with that of the Committee on Jurisprudence. The committee concurred in—

> The suggestion of the grand master that a Masonic Day be set apart each year with a view to emphasizing the needs and purposes of the Grand Lodge Benevolent Fund, and that a col-

lection plate be passed at each annual communication of grand lodge as suggested.

Concerning the latitude which may be taken in the issuance of special dispensations the committee report—

> While we agree with the grand master that great care should be observed in granting dispensations to confer degrees within the prescribed time laid down in the constitution, we submit that we are passing through an unusual time in our Masonic life, caused by this ruthless war, and while in ordinary times a request might be submitted for a deviation from our Masonic Rules and declined, emergencies might arise at times when the grand master may be justified in using his prerogative and grant a special privilege by dispensation and waive the time limit required by the constitution if the preliminaries required are complied with according to his best judgment.

One thing the grand lodge did which is not a bad idea. Immediately at the close the newly installed district deputy grand masters were turned over to the grand secretary for instruction in the secret work and in the duties of their offices generally.

The report of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence was prepared by Brother A. S. Gorrell with the assistance of a pair of scissors and a paste pot. The report on Illinois consists of two clippings from the address of Grand Master Wheeler. One on lodge publications, the other on political discussions. Further the reviewer of Saskatchewan sayeth not.

Lodges 122 James McGauley, G. M., Moose Jaw.

Members 7,618 W. B. Tate, G. S., Regina.

SCOTLAND, A. F. & A. M.

No proceedings received.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings of this grand lodge for the year ending April 17, 1918, are presented in a small volume of 168 pages.

The book opens with various tables usually found in the appendix of most grand lodges.

The first official record deals with the half yearly communication held on Wednesday, the 17th day of October, 1917, to confirm the minutes of the April 18th communication, to receive the report of the Board of General Purposes, and to consider proposed amendments to the constitution.

The Board of General Purposes, which apparently assumes the prerogatives of a grand master, makes a general report announcing the death of the president of the board, Alfred M. Simpson.

Dispensations for the formation of two new lodges were recommended—one at Port Broughton and one in Adelaide. One new Masonic temple was dedicated and one cornerstone laid.

As an evidence of the fact that in South Australia there are some genuine Freemasons it is reported that on Wednesday, September 12th, the Lodge of Faith had arranged a meeting for the purposes of congratulating Past Grand Master A. M. Simpson on the attainment of his Masonic jubilee. Owing to illness he was unable to be present and the festivities had to be postponed. However, Brother Simpson was unwilling that the event should pass unnoticed so he donated $5,000 to the Benevolence Fund of the grand lodge.

The Board of General Purposes has made satisfactory progress in the matter of collecting funds for the construction of the new Masonic temple, an enterprise in which the grand lodge proposes to engage. The sum collected to date amounts to nearly $47,000.

The report of the Board of General Purposes was adopted as read and copies ordered sent to every lodge in the jurisdiction.

The communication was closed by quite an extended address delivered by the grand master, Eustace B. Grundy. He refers to the death of Past Grand Master A. M. Simpson and introduced a memorial service at which a number of grand lodge officials took part, paying high tributes of respect to the distinguished craftsman who has passed on.

Various other matters of local importance were discussed and the grand lodge closed at 9 o'clock p. m. with the singing of the national anthem.

A special communication of the Grand Lodge of South Australia was held on Wednesday, November 21st. All that was done at this meeting was to approve the records and adopt some amendments heretofore presented.

The annual communication was held on Wednesday, April 17th, 1918, in the city of Adelaide.

The first business on hand was the election of a grand master which resulted in Brother Eustace B. Grundy being nominated and elected. The grand master then addressed the grand lodge. He expressed personal disappointment because of the fact that he had found it advisable to abandon the creation of a Masonic War Relief Fund for the present. In consultation with the Board of General Purposes it was found that there was quite a considerable surplus from one of the Trust Funds which could be drawn upon for the relief of soldiers in cases of necessity. He also reported that the Board of General Purposes had decided to immediately commence the erection of four cottage homes to be used as a quiet resting place for members of the craft who were incapacitated by wounds, or by widows and children of those who had made the supreme sacrifice. The grand master refers in his concluding remarks to the great war and pledges the loyalty of every good Mason in the jurisdiction to his king and his country.

The deputy grand master made an address which was largely general in character and full of hope for the future welfare of the grand lodge.

Brother T. C. Holland was selected as president of the Board of General Purposes and his investiture made a very interesting half hour for the grand lodge.

The grand inspector of lodges in reporting upon Masonic conditions throughout the jurisdiction, states that there was some variety in the method of imparting Masonic instruction and said in part—

> I have been particularly impressed with the need of some continuity of instruction from the inspectors regarding the essential points of the ritual. It is frequently observed in country lodges that succeeding inspectors have a different interpretation of the ritual, and, so that the inspectors could speak with more emphasis on essential points concerning the working of the lodge, I would respectfully suggest that a small committee be formed—selected from past inspectors and the two present inspectors—so that a definite agreement can be arrived at regarding the essential points of the ritual, and that the determinations of this committee should be passed on from time to time to each succeeding inspector. This will tend to save confusion and strengthen the office of the inspector.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by a committee, Illinois being reviewed by S.H.G. or in other words Samuel H. Good.

The various acts of Grand Master Wheeler together with legislation enacted by the grand lodge are briefly reviewed and commented upon.

Concerning the action of the grand lodge in raising a War Relief Fund of $1.00 per capita Brother Good says—

> Our American brethren always can be relied upon to carry their propositions to a successful conclusion, and with such a fund to draw upon, and the prospect of a united committee of the various American grand lodges to further supplement it, Masonic brethren at the Front should be properly cared for. The suggestion is such an excellent one that we sincerely hope the British and Australian grand lodges will immediately copy it.

Concerning the action of the grand lodge in prohibiting brethren from appearing in drinking saloons in Masonic clothing Brother Good says—

> We have a vivid recollection of the horror expressed by a dear old brother—long gone to his rest—in recounting to us a visit he paid to a lodge—when visiting America—on finding that smoking was permitted. Still, it was permitted, although we are glad to find it is gradually dying out, but to know that brethren have so little knowledge of the respect due to the craft as to appear in a drinking saloon, clothed in their regalia, staggers us.

In commenting upon Brother Chas. H. Martin's quotation of Fielding's classification of writers, Brother Good observed that some of us think first and write afterwards, while others reverse the process. He says—

> A "foot-loose" pen often lands its owner in trouble, Bro. Block, of Iowa, has reminded our brother of Illinois of this fact in very decided terms. We drew attention to this before, but as Bro. Martin has made a handsome *amende honorable* we say no more. Barring this fault, our brother's work is such as to make him a welcome addition to the "Round Table."

Lodges 79 — Eustace B. Grundy, G. M.

Members 6,165 — Chas. R. Glover, G. S., Adelaide.

SOUTH CAROLINA, A. F. M.

1918

An attractive and comprehensive book covering the proceedings of the 181st annual communication opens with a half-tone portrait of Wm. W. Wannamaker, grand master for 1918.

The grand lodge met in the city of Charleston on Tuesday, December 11th.

Following the opening ceremony the grand lodge adopted a resolution allowing representatives of lodges, working under dispensation, mileage and per diem, the same as members of chartered lodges. The grand

lodge showed its good judgment in the above action. Since it is customary to collect dues from lodges under dispensation there is no reason why there should not be paid the mileage and per diem expense of the brother representing the lodge in grand lodge.

A strong patriotic resolution to be forwarded to the President of the United States was adopted by a unanimous rising vote.

The address of Grand Master R. A. Cooper is a document of forty pages dealing with affairs connected with his office during the year.

In his opening remarks he says—

> The Masonic Fraternity has always championed the cause of human liberty and human justice and its members have loyally supported the government of the country in which they live. The present crisis is no exception. I think it proper that the annual dues of those who are in the military or naval service of the country should be remitted by both the subordinate lodges and the grand lodge during their service, and I so recommend.

He also recommends the purchase of $100,000 worth of Liberty Bonds, the funds of the grand lodge to be used for that purpose.

Among the dead of other grand jurisdictions mentioned is the name of Past Grand Master Albert B. Ashley of Illinois.

The record of dispensations issued is a long one. Most of them, however, dealt with ordinary matters.

Six dispensations were issued to form new lodges and two cornerstones laid, both of them being for school buildings.

The exchange of courtesies, which the grand master reports, is large in number and shows that the Grand Lodge of South Carolina has exerted itself to extend every possible courtesy to candidates hailing from other grand jurisdictions.

The grand master reports that owing to the war the proposed celebration of the 200th anniversary of the Grand Lodge of England was abandoned.

Thirty-seven so-called general decisions are reported. Most of them were merely constructions of local law.

He ruled that a lodge could not drop a member from the roll because he was serving a term in the penitentiary but that charges must be preferred, fair trial given and the lodge pass upon the guilt or innocence of the accused.

He ruled that a brother who was a minister but who devoted part of his time to teaching in the public schools and to soliciting life insurance must pay dues to his lodge until such time as he devotes himself

to the work of a minister of God. From the above it is apparent that ministers are exempted from the payment of dues in South Carolina, a procedure which is both unfair and unmasonic.

The grand master also ruled that a lodge could not confer more than five degrees on one occasion without a dispensation. His decision was that the lodge might confer three first degrees and two second degrees and that the law meant five degrees regardless of how the lodge might divide the work.

The reports of the district deputy grand masters are attached to that of the grand master. For the most part they contain nothing but a record of social visitations and general Masonic conditions.

The grand treasurer shows receipts for the year of $29,826.93. He paid out for the running expenses of the grand lodge $27,725.30. Of this amount $12,000 was paid to the Masonic Relief Board.

Among the items of expense is one of $225.00 for a wedding present for the grand master. It evidently pays for grand masters of South Carolina to do their marrying while in office.

The grand secretary states that after making arrangements for securing bonds on secretaries and treasurers of lodges very few of them availed themselves of the opportunity offered to comply with the law which requires each lodge to bond its treasurer.

The grand secretary reports the collection of Red Cross contributions of $960.00 and Y. M. C. A. contributions of $425.00.

The Masonic Board of Relief reports that ten applicants presented themselves during the year from other grand jurisdictions. It is noted that Illinois gets credit for one.

The report of the Cemetery Committee discloses the fact that the Grand Lodge of South Carolina is in the mortuary business. However, there is nothing to indicate that the grand lodge is having any trouble with the enterprise which is somewhat unusual.

The trustees of the Masonic Relief Fund submitted a very interesting paper. The total amount on hand at the beginning of the year was slightly over $128,000. The sum of $3,630 was expended for the support of thirty-seven Masonic orphans in public orphanages, while the sum of $1,605 was expended for the support of thirty orphans not in orphanages. Thirty-eight Master Masons were assisted to the extent of $3,700 and thirty widows received $2,738.

The grand lodge seems to have been able to take care of its needy and poor with an expenditure of $11,673. These figures offer a very interesting study for those grand lodges which are dispensing their chari-

ties through institutions and are confronted with a much larger expenditure. It is believed that every grand lodge ought to conduct a part of its charity through a relief fund, which may be drawn upon to sustain needy members of the fraternity in their home vicinity. It often happens that an old couple own a little home but are in needy circumstances. By the payment of a small monthly sum they may be enabled to keep up their home and spend their declining years in the presence of friends and neighbors with whom they have lived for many years. The policy as adopted by some grand lodges of compelling this old couple to sell their home and go into an institution in order to be cared for is not wise nor is it consistent with the fundamental principles of Freemasonry.

The Grand Lodge of South Carolina follows a rather peculiar procedure of referring all reports of the grand master, grand treasurer and grand secretary to the Committee on Distribution of Work. This leaves the Committee on Grand Master's Address nothing to do but to convey its congratulations to the grand master and to spread liberally its effusive felicitations.

Among the appropriations made for the coming year were $1,000 for the traveling expenses of the district deputies, $500 for traveling expenses of the grand master, $200 for stenographer for the grand master, and $600 for stenographer for the grand secretary.

The grand lodge adopted a resolution exempting all members of the fraternity engaged in military service from the payment of dues. The grand secretary was authorized to procure a sufficient number of past master's aprons and present one to each past grand master. The grand lodge should have bought the grand secretary an adding machine as it might perhaps be an incentive to him to add up his membership statistics so that some idea might be gained concerning the material welfare of the lodges in South Carolina.

The report on fraternal correspondence is prepared by J. L. Michie who subscribes himself as P.G.M. He devotes four and a half pages to Illinois. He enumerates various acts of Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler and commends his Advisory Council as "a first class idea, more especially when composed of brethren who naturally expect to reach the grand East in the near future."

Concerning the action of the Grand Lodge of Illinois relative to the Washington Memorial Association the following comment is made—

> While in favor of the Washington Memorial Association, "commemorating one of the most devoted and noblest patriots the nation has ever known," he does not feel that his brethren should make any effort at this time to raise money for the memorial, as "the Grand Lodge of the State of Illinois is in need of every dollar available for the development and maintenance of

its charitable institutions.'' This reminds us of the Quaker who was asked if he did not sympathize with the surviving family of a deceased brother, to which the friendly, good old soul replied, ''Friend, I sympathize fifty dollars; how much do you sympathize?'' In this connection, South Carolina ''sympathized'' three thousand dollars for this memorial to ''the Father of his Country.''

Brother Michie hopes that Grand Master Wheeler's action in prohibiting political speeches in lodges will have the desired effect, but he says ''we hae oor doots.''

Brother Michie enumerates the various appropriations made by the Grand Lodge of Illinois for the support of its Homes with the following comment—

> From the report of the Board of Managers of the Masonic Homes we learn that the various properties have been valued by competent appraisers as follows, these figures being exclusive of the value of the land: La Grange Home, $120,910.91; Sullivan Home and Hospital, $239,586.97. Just think, $360,497.88 sunk in brick and mortar, and constantly in need of repairs! These Homes cease to be assets and become liabilities, drawing upon the resources of the grand lodge to keep them up to date.

He considers the correspondence report of Brother Charles H. Martin as a well arranged and carefully considered report replete with instructive comment.

Lodges 272 — Wm. W. Wannamaker, G. M., Orangeburg.

Members — O. Frank Hart, G. S., Columbia.

SOUTH DAKOTA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The grand lodge met in June. Proceedings not in type August 20, 1918.

TASMANIA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

A pamphlet of fifty pages constitutes the proceedings covering two special communications of this grand lodge, one being for the laying of a cornerstone and the other to confer on amendments to the book of constitutions. The twenty-seventh annual communication was held at

Hobart, Thursday, February 28, 1918. It is recorded that the grand lodge was opened in ample form with solemn prayer at three p. m.

The first thing on the trestle board was the report of the Board of General Purposes which seems to be a wholesale review of the principal items of occurrence during the year.

From a reading of the report it is a difficult matter to determine just exactly what the board is trying to accomplish.

The Board of Benevolence make a report stating that during the year nine brethren and fourteen widows were assisted, two children educated, and $125.00 paid in funeral expenses. This fund is maintained by gratuitous contributions from the members of the fraternity.

The deputy grand master makes a very short report, which is general in character.

The report of the grand secretary reviews very briefly a few of the affairs of his office but contains neither statistics nor financial statement.

A motion was passed by the grand lodge that hereafter inspectors of lodges be paid their expenses incurred while in the discharge of their duties.

Several proposed alterations to the constitution received consideration at the hands of the grand lodge. One of them involving the number of country and city members that should constitute the Board of General Purposes caused a lengthy discussion.

The election of officers resulted in the re-election of the grand master, Brother C. E. Davies. He was proclaimed by the grand director of ceremonies and saluted three times with sound of trumpet.

The installation of the remaining officers took place and the grand master then delivered his address to the grand lodge. The whole document is a sort of a review of Masonic events during the year. He has no criticisms and the address is devoid of recommendations, being of a congratulatory nature.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence reviewed the proceedings of thirteen grand jurisdictions. Illinois was not among the number.

Lodges 27 Hon. C. E. Davies, G. M.

Members W. H. Lean, G. S.

TENNESSEE, F. & A. M.

1918

The annual communication was held in the city of Nashville, commencing January 30, 1918.

The proceedings contain a splendid half tone of the retiring grand master, John T. Peeler.

In the report of those present is a list of past masters of various lodges and they were given rank immediately following the list of district lecturers.

Among the grand representatives present at the opening was John T. Spaulding representing Illinois.

The first thing the grand lodge did was to read the law and edicts governing the attendance of representatives, also the law of the grand lodge in regard to furnishing information of the proceedings to newspapers. Evidently the grand lodge does not propose to have its transactions heralded to the four winds of the heavens.

Immediately following the opening ceremonies there was presented to the grand lodge a silver mounted gavel fashioned out of white oak timber taken from a gunboat sunk during the Civil war. The wood from which this gavel was made had remained under water fifty-five years.

That there might be no question of the loyalty of the lodges of Tennessee a resolution was unanimously adopted requiring every lodge in the state hereafter to display the United States flag in their lodge rooms at each meeting.

In his introductory remarks the grand master calls attention to the fact that he was presiding over the one hundred and fourth annual communication. He laments the present great world struggle.

He believes that all Masons have been loyal to the grand lodge for he says—

> So far as we have been able to ascertain, the ancient landmarks, usages, and customs have been observed throughout this grand jurisdiction in the past year. Much interest has been manifested among the brethren; much progress has been made.

The grand lodge having directed that a blanket bond for all secretaries and treasurers of subordinate lodges be procured, the grand master reports that this has been accomplished and that any shortages or defalcations will be promptly covered. They must be a suspicious lot down in Tennessee when the grand lodge finds it necessary to usurp the functions of the lodge itself and proceed to take such action.

Concerning the observance of the two hundredth anniversary of the formation of the Grand Lodge of England the grand master issued a letter asking all the lodges of the state to observe the occasion. In this circular he suggested certain subjects for discussion. Because they are interesting they are reproduced herewith—

> Ancient Masonry. Convention at York in the tenth century. Organization of the grand lodge in 1917. Masonry from 1717 to the organization of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee. Masonry from the organization of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee to the present time. Objects, aims, etc., of Masonry.

Four new lodges were constituted during the year. Four cornerstones were laid, none of them being for Masonic edifices.

The grand master advises that he received several applications from lodges asking permission to send out appeals for relief. All cases were referred to the General Masonic Relief Commission of the Grand Lodge.

The day of sending out circulars of appeal to the lodges of the state is past and gone. When the lodge itself is unable to take care of its own indigent members then the grand lodge should lend its assistance. Nothing in the world cheapens Masonry so much as these circulars of appeal and the customary motion, "move we send them a dollar."

The grand master issued a generous number of dispensations and his detailed report shows that he refused some. He declined to grant a dispensation to a lodge to conduct the burial services over a brother who had been dead for sometime. Gee whiz! If this service were to take place in hot weather the members of the lodge would no doubt be compelled to wear gas masks.

The grand master gives a large number of questions and answers which he calls "Official Rulings." They are for the most part merely constructions of local law. One answer which he made was to the effect—

> A lunar month shall elapse between the conferring of respective degrees upon a candidate. Twenty-eight days is universally accepted as a lunar month.

It is apparent that the Grand Lodge of Tennessee does not propose to have candidates hustled through the degrees. Here in Illinois we often make a man a Master Mason within three days after the date of his election.

The grand master visited as many lodges as his time would permit. These he reports in detail.

He recommends an increase in the Board of Custodians of the Work. He thinks three is too small a number and that more are necessary in order to carry the work to every subordinate lodge in the state.

The grand master endorses the Order of the Eastern Star and boldly states "We need their encouragement and co-operation." That's all right

Brother Grand Master, all you need is to give them a little bit of encouragement and you will get considerably more cooperation than you have bargained for.

The grand master submitted the following proposition for the consideration of the grand lodge—

> That a committee be appointed from this grand lodge to confer with a committee from the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star, with the view of enlisting, if possible, their aid in improving and maintaining our Widows' and Orphans' Home instead of establishing a separate and independent one.

The grand master of Tennessee attended the Grand Masters' Conference held in Washington on December 13th. The grand master failed to state, however, that this assembly accomplished nothing, because that old Masonic bugaboo of state sovereignty appeared in the meeting and caused those present to hike for home.

The grand master, in his address, calls up the question of the recognition of the Masons of France and asks that the grand lodge give same consideration. He does not favor military lodges, believing that the organization of such will result in much confusion. He does recommend that the dues of all soldiers and sailors be remitted during the period of the war. He urges all good Masons to stand by their country and says—

> We should renew our activities and stand shoulder to shoulder in support of our nation. Many of us cannot go; some of us will not go. Many of those young men who will say, "Here am I; send me," are our fraternal brethren. The government, in its wise and well-devised plan, has outlined to us in some measure our duty, such as the purchase of government securities in the way of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps, contributions to the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. and various other ways. Surely there is no brother who possesses the high honor of membership in our time-honored fraternity who will be lacking in interest and derelict in duty in this world-wide struggle for liberty against a government of autocracy.

Among the recommendations by the grand master were the following—

> To increase the Board of Custodians to five, seven or nine; to amend the law prohibiting lodges from burying non-affiliates who have held dimits for a period longer than one year; that there be published hereafter in the proceedings of the grand lodge the names of all brethren who have been restored, and that there be published in the proceedings the membership roll of each lodge in the state.

The Committee on Topical Reference, known in Illinois as Grand Master's Address, made about the most concise report that the writer has ever observed, it contains just five lines.

The grand treasurer announces receipts of $58,017.52 and expenditures of $59,864.85 and the grand treasurer does not do his work for nothing.

He received 3% on the General Fund, 1½% on Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home Fund, 1½% on Old Masons' Home Fund, all which netted him $1,306.31. It pays almost as well as the grand secretary's job.

The grand secretary's report is given in detail. During the year there were raised 1567, the net gain being 998. This officer gives one item showing the generosity of the brethren of that state and that was a collection which was taken for the purpose of paying a mortgage on the home of a widow. The entire amount was raised and a residue of $9.25 given to the widow. Good for the Masons of Tennessee. This is the sort of Masonry which everyone likes to read about.

The Board of Control of the Masonic Home make an extended report which shows that the grand lodge is making splendid progress in its organized charity. Among the contributions of the year was one from the grand commandery appropriating $3000.

The grand lecturer submits quite a detailed account. It shows that during the year 176 lodges were visited by official instructors and 17 district schools of instruction held.

The report of the Committee on Appeals and Grievances is not in good Masonic taste because it goes into minute detail concerning offenses which are of no general concern.

The Committee on Ways and Means recommended the continuance of membership in the General Relief Association, the appropriation of $125.00 to pay for painting a portrait of the retiring grand master, and that the salary of the grand secretary be fixed at $2000.

The Jurisprudence Committee in its lengthy findings did not hesitate to revise a number of the answers to questions which the grand master had made, to suit its way of thinking. Concerning the recommendation of the grand master that the number of custodians of the work be increased the committee said—

> This grand jurisdiction has had a "try out" of the present number and of larger numbers in the membership of the custodians of the work, and the judgment of this committee is that the smaller number is, for many reasons, preferable.

They are to be congratulated on their declining to concur in the recommendations of the grand master that the names of members of subordinate lodges be printed in the proceedings.

The grand lodge closed with the reading and approving of the minutes.

It is noticeable that the Grand Lodge of Tennessee has fallen in with the idea that the grand master should wear a signet ring as an emblem of his authority for one was presented to the incoming grand master.

The correspondence report was prepared by Brother H. A. Chambers. It is brief and to the point. He quotes all that Grand Master Wheeler said concerning military lodges as well as what he said on the subject of conservation. He calls the oration of Brother Kropp a very eloquent address and makes a brief quotation therefrom.

Regarding the correspondence report of Brother Charles H. Martin he merely states that Tennessee received five pages of fraternal and careful review.

Lodges 457 — S. C. Brown, G. M., Athens, Tenn.
Members 30,456 — Stith M. Cain, G. S., Nashville, Tenn.

TEXAS, A. F. & A. M.

1917

Texas is a large state and so are its proceedings which are issued in a commodious volume of 800 pages. The book would not be so cumbersome were it not for the fact that 548 pages are devoted to the printing of the names of the officers and members of each Masonic lodge in the state. Just what particular good comes from the publishing of this directory is not understood. No doubt it serves a useful purpose for canvassers, solicitors and mail order houses. Maybe too, the grand secretary and the grand printer are in cahoots. Proceedings usually are charged by the page, the more pages the larger the bill.

The proceedings open with a special communication held April 5th, for the purpose of conducting the funeral services of Archibald William Campbell, past grand master.

A second special communication was held August 20th, for the purpose of laying the corner-stone of the boys' dormitory at Orphans' Home, Ft. Worth.

The 82nd annual communication was held in the city of Waco the first Tuesday in December, 1917. The grand chaplain made an excellent prayer at the opening. He showed the good taste to keep within the bounds of Ancient Craft Masonry. Distinguished guests were present and introduced. A patriotic resolution pledging the loyalty of the Masons of Texas to the government of the United States was unanimously adopted after which the audience joined in the singing of America.

It is noted that the grand master then asked the representatives of other grand lodges to assemble around the altar and welcomed them as

the representatives of their several grand jurisdictions. Usually this ceremony is deferred until the closing hours of the grand lodge. The Texas plan, however, seems to be better.

The address of the grand master, Frank P. Jones, covers 123 pages. He goes into detail concerning the affairs of his office and furnishes the grand lodge with that information to which it is entitled and should receive. The grand master makes an extended obituary report, notwithstanding the fact that a special committee was appointed for this purpose.

The grand master reports an appeal from the Masonic Bureau for Allied Armies in France for support. In view of the fact that the Grand Lodge of Texas does not recognize French Masonry the grand master declined to circularize the lodges of his state but did submit the appeal to the grand lodge for such action as it might care to take.

The grand master reports some complications growing out of the initiation of a soldier from Kansas in army lodge. It will be strange if there are not always more or less complications arising incident to the organization of army lodges.

One thing the grand master did upon coming into office was to revise the list of grand representatives, the grand master finding that many of the accredited representatives were dead and in their graves. The fact of the matter is that the whole representative system has been dead for many years. Perhaps there may come a millennium when a wise Gabriel will proclaim some sphere of usefulness for these ancient worthies and raise them from their long slumber.

The grand master reports a large number of cases of discipline. He must have been extremely busy if he handled all the cases in the way and manner as reported. One case in particular is interesting because it deals with treason on the part of a brother Mason.

Five new lodges were chartered and set to work by the grand master.

In Texas the law on physical qualifications has been modified to permit the grand master to issue dispensations permitting the initiation of those who are physically imperfect. The responsibility in these matters is placed wholly upon the grand master. In Illinois the law works differently. It states that every petitioner for the degrees in Masonry must possess no maim or defect which will prevent him from complying literally with what the several degrees require from him. Then there is another section of the law which says each lodge shall be the sole judge of the physical fitness of its candidates; and this is how it works: A sympathetic master who doesn't know very much about Masonic fundamentals comes into office and initiates a man with the thumb gone off of the right hand. The case

is reported to the grand master, and the master of the lodge calls attention to that provision of the law which says that each lodge shall be the sole judge of the physical fitness of its candidates. The grand master cites the other law which requires physical perfection and then proceeds to discipline the kind hearted master. In Texas the whole matter is put up to the grand master, and by this method the best interests of the fraternity are subserved.

The grand master granted permission for the initiation of 76 who were defective. Among the reasons cited are the following—

> Loss of fourth toe on left foot. Loss of small portion of end of middle finger, portion of nail remaining, right hand. Second toe of left foot missing. Little finger on left hand amputated. Loss of first joint of little finger on left hand. Top part of outer membrane of left ear cut horizontally when a boy; being improperly dressed adhered to the head. Hearing not affected. Loss of second toe on left foot. Otherwise physically perfect. Loss of great toe on right foot. Loss of end of great toe and toe next to great toe, sufficient to lose the nail, on left foot.

The grand master declined to grant permission in fifty-five cases. Some of the defects cited are mentioned below—

> Loss of little finger right hand. Applicant had right leg broken several years ago, which, when healed, was about one and one-fourth inches shorter than left. One defective eye, sight almost entirely gone. Eyesight in left eye very deficient. First joint of little finger on right hand. Loss of first joint of index finger on right hand. Withered arm. Glass eye.
>
> Some of the above are positively silly.

The fact that some of the largest army camps are located in Texas brought 234 requests to that grand jurisdiction for conferring degrees by courtesy, while lodges in other grand jurisdictions conferred 115 degrees for Texas lodges.

The grand master issued 21 dispensations for conferring degrees out of time. He goes into extended detail in each case, that the grand lodge may be fully apprised of the facts.

It is noted from the proceedings that 20 dispensations were issued to publicly install officers. From this it is gained that the grand lodge proposes to exercise jurisdiction over the public display of lodges.

During the year 29 corner-stones were laid. Only two of them, however, being for Masonic edifices. The others were churches and school buildings. The grand lodge has certainly been very accommodating in this matter. It is an American trait to want to advertise, and about the only way that Masonry can possibly do so is through its public exhibits.

The grand master refused to issue a number of dispensations to appear in public, one of which was to permit a lodge to attend divine service on Easter Sunday as escort to a Commandery of Knights Templar. The incongruity of such a spectacle is somewhat laughable. The grand master apparently refused all requests for lodges to march in loyalty parades clothed with aprons and jewels.

Down in Texas if a lodge wants to sell or dispose of its real property it must get a dispensation from the grand master. Seventeen such instruments have been issued during the year. Just why the grand lodge dictates to its constituents in matters of this sort is not readily understood, unless it is to prevent a lodge which is anticipating the surrender of its charter from diverting its funds from the grand lodge treasury.

The Grand Lodge of Texas seems to have fallen in with the custom of the retiring grand master presenting his successor with a signet ring to be worn during his term of office. It is noticeable that several other grand lodges are adopting the same custom, showing that after all we are very much like our ancestors, the monkeys, we like to imitate. It is understood that King Solomon was very fond of jewels. He may have worn a signet ring on his finger, if so the modern grand master is certainly in keeping with the traditions in wearing a signet ring.

The grand master rendered what he calls decisions. There were thirty-five of them. He refused to grant a lodge permission to use several ballot boxes when a large number of petitions were to be voted on. He decided that a lodge room cannot be used for the purpose of a public entertainment to raise money, and in this decision showed his good wisdom.

It appears from the grand master's report that Texas has embarked in the business of Masonic Research. It made a start by requesting each subordinate lodge to write a history of itself and forward same to the grand secretary. Just exactly what connection the history of a lodge at four corners has to do with Masonic Research is not clear.

It is apparent that the brethren of Texas are not very much interested in the present proceedings of the grand lodge, for the grand master says in his report—

> Heretofore this grand lodge has furnished three copies of the printed proceedings to each lodge in this grand jurisdiction each year. I find that in a majority of cases one copy to each lodge is all that is necessary. It is kept on file in the lodge room, and is accessible not only to the secretary and other officers, but to the membership, and the remaining two copies are frequently thrown about the lodge room and finally are lost or destroyed. I recommend in the future instead of furnishing three copies to each lodge, that two copies of the printed proceedings be furnished to each lodge in this grand jurisdiction.

Perhaps had the grand secretary mailed a copy of the proceedings to the master, the senior warden and the secretary the volumes would have been placed in the hands of those most interested in them. The trouble is that the grand secretary usually sends the three volumes to the secretary of the lodge depending upon him to place the books with the proper officers. In many cases the secretary never opens the package, hence the proceedings serve no purpose.

The grand master recommends the adoption of the card index system, the same as Illinois installed several years ago. He also asks that future grand masters be given a secretary because of the tremendous amount of work which devolves upon the office.

The report of the Committee on Grand Master's Address is less than one-half page in length and demonstrates clearly that the committee knew what was expected from them, and confined their efforts to separation and reference.

The grand treasurer reports receipts in the general fund as $54,826.04, and disbursements of $42,542.92.

The report of the grand secretary presents several interesting matters. Of the thirty-two hundred proceedings which were printed for the preceding year the waste of which the grand master complained, the grand secretary reports but few copies on hand at his office.

In the tabulated report the grand secretary states that 4,893 Master Masons were raised and the grand lodge made a net gain in membership of 3,042.

The grand secretary reports in detail an investigation trip to other grand jurisdictions in order to ascertain how they did things. He states that he intended to go to Camp Point to see Brother Isaacs (note the s on the end of the word Isaac) Cutter, but upon telephoning to this location he learned he was not at home. It is too bad that the grand secretary of Texas had to go home without having an opportunity to beard the lion in his den. The grand secretary of Texas has by no means completed his investigation, nor will he have done so until he comes to Illinois and sees how Uncle Ike does things. Maybe Ike will forgive our Texas scribe for that "s" which he attached to that good, honest, Biblical name—Isaac.

The Grand Lodge of Texas does one pleasing and highly commendable thing—it calls to the Grand East all Masons in the assemblage who have been Master Masons in good standing for forty years.

The children from the Masonic home at Fort Worth visited the grand lodge and gave an entertainment. It is a most excellent thing to intro-

duce these little charges into the presence of the members of the grand lodge. It brings home to them a sense of the responsibility which is resting upon them as members of the craft.

According to the proceedings, Brother Tom Lea, grand orator, delivered a beautiful oration. The writer has often heard of beautiful orations but has never been able to understand just exactly in what particular an oration becomes beautiful. As the oration of Brother Lea is not printed in the proceedings the subject is passed.

It is noticeable from the report of the Committee on Transportation that the grand lodge secured a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip. In Illinois we used to get a concession in the matter of railroad rates but of late years representatives have been compelled to pay the full tariff.

Among the recommendations of the Committee on Finance were the authorization of the installation of a complete card index system in the grand secretary's office. That hereafter only two copies of the printed proceedings be furnished to each lodge. That the grand lodge dues of all members serving in the United States Army be remitted during the period of the war. The committee were generous to the grand secretary, for they raised his salary to $3000 per year.

Those members of Illinois lodges who are disposed to complain because of the $1.00 per capita levied as grand lodge dues should notice the following amendment which was adopted by the Grand Lodge of Texas—

> Each lodge shall pay annually as a contribution to the grand lodge the sum of 50 cents for each member, $1.00 for each degree conferred, $2.00 for each dispensation for degrees, and the further sum of $1.00 additional for each member, to be used for the support and maintenance of the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home, which amounts shall be forwarded and paid with its returns to the grand lodge.

The Committee on Jurisprudence, in reviewing the decisions of the grand master, objected to the decision—

> It is left to the sound discretion of the worshipful master of the lodge as to whether or not Masonic burial should be accorded to a suspended Mason. The committee were positive in stating that decision cannot be sustained, there being no edict, resolution or other Masonic authority upon which to base the decision. None but a Mason in good standing is entitled to Masonic burial, and the only instance in which any discretion is lodged in the worshipful master is in the case of a demitted Mason.

They also took exception to—

> The ruling that a lodge cannot occupy the second story of a building when a dance hall or pool room is located on the first or

lower floor, is too broad and comprehensive, and it should not be formulated as a general rule that under no circumstances can a lodge meet on the second floor of a building when the ground floor is occupied by a pool room or dance hall. Each case of this kind should be governed by the circumstances surrounding it, the object to be attained being the prevention of a lodge being held with environment that might bring reproach upon Freemasonry.

The grand lodge gave the grand master power to issue such dispensations for the formation of army lodges as he might deem expedient. In a very brief resolution the grand lodge recognized the Grand Lodge of France and recommended the exchange of representatives.

A rather amusing note appears in the proceedings announcing that fraternal greetings were sent to "Brother A. C. Murray, commonly known as By-laws Murray." It would be most interesting to know just exactly how our brother acquired the title of "By-laws." Was it because he was always tampering with the by-laws of the grand lodge? If so a new name has been found for some brethren in Illinois, who are eternally seeking Masonic "Improvement." There used to be a good brother in Illinois who never missed an opportunity to introduce a resolution in grand lodge of some sort or other. His persistency in this direction soon gained for him the title of "Resolution," and he was thereafter known as "Resolution Doe."

The report of the Committee on Memorials is an extended document in which due respect is paid to the distinguished dead. Past Grand Master Albert B. Ashley of Illinois is kindly mentioned.

In response to a request from the Grand Lodge of Panama for fraternal recognition the grand lodge deferred action pending further investigation.

A noticeable feature of the proceedings is to be found in that both the bonds of the grand treasurer and the grand secretary are printed together with the names of their sureties.

The correspondence report was to have been prepared by Brother John L. Terrell, past grand master. He was taken sick and unable to complete the report. The grand secretary very kindly printed such review as had been prepared, Illinois not being among them. It is a matter of sincere regret that Brother Terrell could not have been given the strength to complete his report.

Lodges 893 — John R. Arnold, G. M., Henderson.
Members 71,366 — W. B. Pearson, G. S., Waco.

UTAH, F. & A. M.

1918

The Grand Lodge of Utah with but twenty constituents and a little over two thousand five hundred Masons issues a book of proceedings which in appearance and volume rivals that of the Grand Lodge of Illinois.

The frontispiece is a very fine half-tone portrait of the incoming grand master, Herbert R. McMillan followed by a biographical sketch.

The title page contains the following notation:—

> It is the duty of each worshipful master to have the printed proceedings of the grand lodge read in open lodge that no brother can plead ignorance of the transactions of the grand lodge.

The forty-seventh annual communication was held in Salt Lake City on Tuesday, January 15th. The grand secretary called the roll of lodges and nineteen out of the twenty responded. It is too bad that it was not one hundred percent.

The first thing the grand master did was to invite the grand representatives of other grand lodges to the Grand East and there accorded them the grand honors of Masonry.

In his opening remarks the grand master said—

> While we contemplate the ways in which our fraternity, and each of us, can be of the greatest service to our fellow-men, we must also recognize that included in our obligation to humanity is the necessary and unavoidable duty of supporting in the fullest possible measure, every effort which is being put forth by our national government to "make the world safe for democracy." I know to a certainty that the Masonic Fraternity of Utah is willing and determined to answer the call in a way befitting us as MEN, worthy of the proud title of Masons and Americans. May God give us wisdom to direct us, and may He strengthen our endeavors in the entire fulfillment of our duties and responsibilities.

His report on obituary is brief as he makes no attempt to usurp the functions of the Committee on Necrology.

He reports the appointment of a grand historian in the person of Past Grand Master Parley L. Williams. In this connection he says—

> I do not believe the importance and value of this work to the craft can be exaggerated, and I would urge that it be carried on as actively as circumstances will permit. Many interesting incidents live only in the memories of our older members, and will soon be lost to us for ever unless they are recorded while the facts are still obtainable.

The Masons of Utah recognize Memorial Day for the grand master reports that at his direction the grand secretary sent a formal notice to all lodges calling attention to the action of the grand lodge on this subject, and—

> Urging every brother within the jurisdiction, to wear a sprig of evergreen on each Memorial Day, in honor of the Masonic soldier and sailor dead of the nation.

A number of visitations are reported and in every one he was entertained with work in one of the degrees. The idea seems to obtain among a great many lodges that the only possible way for any lodge to pull off an entertainment is to exploit one or more degrees. As a result grand masters and grand lodge officials become surfeited with ritualistic display.

When the grand master comes to visit a lodge there should be no work whatsoever. Every opportunity should be given the brethren not only to meet the grand master personally but to listen to anything that he may have to offer.

The grand lodge is working along the lines of Masonic education and instruction. The Grand Master declares that owing to war conditions the progress has not been as satisfactory as had been hoped for. It appears that during the year two lectures were given in the state concerning which the grand master says—

> Personally, I am not convinced that the method we agreed upon for this year's work, has been productive of the desired results. One lecture given in May last, by a well-known Mason from Iowa, was of a character to which we cannot give the endorsement of the grand lodge. Another lecture given in Salt Lake in August was highly entertaining and pleasing in character, but in my judgment, scarcely met the requirements of our jurisdiction.
>
> I am convinced that the future development of this work lies in the study of Masonic subjects by one or more groups in each lodge, rather than through the medium of lectures by Masons of whose Masonic attainments we know but little.

Among the interjurisdictional courtesies reported is a request from Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler on behalf of Garfield Park Lodge, Chicago.

The grand master announces the approval and non-approval of the by-laws of a number of lodges which shows very clearly that nothing escaped him which needed correction.

Brother McMillan found it unnecessary to make any decisions, for he says that the grand lodge has a good set of laws and that the code is complete and specific. As a usual thing grand masters like to make a decision or two in order to set up a monument to their departed glory.

So called decisions on the part of grand masters are merely habits and attempts to develop fine legal points.

Concerning the request of Louisiana that the Grand Lodge of Utah join in the erection of a national tuberculosis sanitarium the grand master believed that the grand lodge was not in a position at this time to enter upon this particular work.

During the year Brother McMillan discovered that a number of lodges were not keeping their property in fire proof safes and made the subject one of special importance with the lodges of the state.

The chain letter nuisance broke out in Utah to the annoyance of the brethren.

Concerning military lodges the grand master says that inasmuch as the Grand Lodge Code is silent upon the subject it is construed to him that the grand lodge does not favor such organizations.

The lodges of Utah have devised a plan of making themselves useful during the war by paying the life insurance premiums on such soldier brethren as might be in need of assistance in this direction.

The grand master may not have been a prophet but he looked into the future and sounded a note of warning that ought to be taken home, not only by every lodge but also every grand lodge in the country. Not only must Freemasonry care for the widows and orphans of those who may go down upon the bloodstained fields of France but must also be prepared to furnish employment and material aid for those of our brethren who may return to their homes maimed and incapable of pursuing their usual vocations.

An unusual thing in the proceedings is the statement of the senior and junior grand wardens which covers in detail their social activities during the year.

The grand treasurer announces receipts of $3,966.38 and expenditures of $6,475.04, $3,000 of which were for the purchase of Liberty Bonds.

The report of the grand secretary is purely financial and statistical.

The war activities of various grand jurisdictions as compiled by the Committee on Correspondence is interesting.

Concerning the Grand Lodge of France quite a detailed report is made by the Committee on Correspondence with the following recommendations—

> First—That all Utah Masons in France be given permission to hold Masonic intercourse with the members of the lodges holding under the Grand Lodge of France and to visit such lodges.

Second—That the matter of establishing fraternal relations with the Grand Lodge of France be placed in the hands of such committee as may be designated by grand lodge, or the grand master, and that such committee report, with recommendations, at the next annual communication.

The first recommendation was adopted. The second recommendation was referred to a committee to report on at the next annual communication.

It is apparent from the proceedings that when a man is selected as master of a lodge he must secure a certificate of qualification from the grand lecturer before he can enter upon his prerogative of wielding the gavel.

A peculiar thing concerning the session of the grand lodge is that the report of the Committee on Grand Master's Address appears well along in the proceedings and after considerable business had been transacted.

In the report of the Committee on Masonic Education and Instruction there is a suggestion that the idea of lectures upon Masonic subjects by brethren is not just exactly what the committee desires along the line of Masonic education.

During the year two lectures were given as quoted in the grand master's address. It is apparent that the committee were disappointed in these lectures for they say—

While we feel that lectures similar to the one delivered by Brother Graham are of value and justify the expense and trouble involved, we are of the opinion that the future policy of this committee should be along somewhat different lines, and recommend:

First—That this committee be charged with the responsibility of delivering at least five lectures during the year, these lectures to be given at such times and at such places as to them seem wise.

Second—That the constituent lodges be urged to hold during the year, at least one lodge of instruction at which the principal consideration shall be the disseminating of Masonic information, especially as to Masonic customs and etiquette.

Third—That the membership of each lodge be encouraged to pursue some definite course of Masonic study.

Fourth—That an appropriation of $200.00 be made for the use of this committee.

The system of imparting Masonic instruction through lectures is all right provided the lecturer is sufficiently well versed in the history, traditions, philosophy and ethics of the fraternity to be able to give to the brethren information which they should have. The trouble is that the suggestion of Masonic education is construed by a lot of Jack in the

Box lecturers as an invitation to them to immediately get into the field and bestow upon the craft the great wealth of Masonic information which they imagine themselves to be possessed of, much of which, is the result of their own overwrought imaginations. In these cases it is not so much the idea of service which actuates them as it is the financial return to themselves. A friend of the writer listened not long ago to an illustrated Masonic lecture on Jerusalem wherein the speaker exhibited on the screen a picture of some rocks with the statement, "These are undoubtedly the identical rocks behind which the three principal characters of the third degree secreted themselves." Such assertions can only serve to disgust intelligent Masons and have no place in any system of Masonic education.

The grand lodge fixed the compensation of the grand secretary at $1,000 per year.

The Committee on Appeals and Grievances show the good taste to omit names and eliminate details of Masonic trials.

It is apparent that the Masons of Utah thought the grand lecturer didn't have enough to do for a resolution was passed directing him to use his influence toward having officers of lodges acquaint themselves with the by-laws of the grand lodge.

The Committee on Finance made the usual appropriations but refused to set apart anything for Masonic education and instruction and suggested that hereafter only local talent be employed as lodge speakers. Here is another grand lodge to espouse the latest Masonic fad. The retiring grand master passed on to his successor the signet ring.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by Brother Sam H. Goodwin, and he goes at the job as tho he had done it before. He gives four pages to Illinois, and says of our proceedings that it is a great volume in size, make-up and contents.

He quotes liberally from Grand Master Wheeler's address and commends many of the things which he did. One of Brother Goodwin's side remarks is quoted herewith—

> We like very much the sanity of the grand master, as shown in connection with the issuing of dispensations for the conferring of degrees out of time. He urged upon the brethren the fact that the "candidate was entitled to know something about Masonry and that if they would devote special attention to him and instruct him in the work, they could confer the degrees upon him in a very short space of time by calling special meetings." How different from the practice of using the dispensing power to hustle 30 or more candidates through at a single meeting to the great loss of the candidates—who are deprived of the knowledge they need and should have—and to the disgrace of the institution.

Concerning the report of the Committee on Libraries giving a short list of books suitable for a lodge library the comment is made—

> It is of interest, as representing difference in point of view—no two committees of course, would present the same books. With reference to one item: Mackey's Encyclopaedia—we wondered why the committee did not recommend the much more valuable two-volume edition of that monumental work, which has the advantage of being brought more nearly down to date, under the supervision of Hughan and Hawkins.

He likes the code quiz very much. He quotes the first two questions and answers and says—

> Suitable general headings are provided, and the matter put into such shape that if anyone studies the "Quiz," he is "hopeless," if he does not get a good understanding of Masonic law as it is promulgated in that jurisdiction. P.G.M. Scott is certainly to be congratulated upon the scope and execution of this piece of work.

Of the correspondence report of Brother Charles H. Martin the reviewer says that it seems to him to show that our brother is finding himself in this work and congratulates him on the scope and quality of his report.

Lodges 20 — Herbert R. MacMillan, G. M., Salt Lake City.

Members 2,727 — Freeman A. McCarty, G. S., Salt Lake City.

VERMONT, F. & A. M.

1918

The book of proceedings under review contains a tableau of the lodges of the state together with their officers and members. It is surprising what expensive habits some grand lodges have, particularly in following practices which accomplish no real good. But those of us who drive automobiles know how hard it is to get out of a rut, when once we get into it.

The Masonic Veteran Association is exploited in the proceedings as a full report of its transactions appears.

The one hundred and twenty-fifth annual communication of the grand lodge was held in the city of Burlington, June 12, 1918, and the grand lodge was opened in ample form.

The grand master, David A. Elliott, submits a short well written report. One of his opening paragraphs is as follows—

> To us is accorded the privilege as well as the duty, of providing the sinews of war, of upholding the hands of the government, of

> combating the dangerous propaganda of those who through treachery, or in ignorance of its baleful effects spread the unfounded and pernicious rumors that are continually being disseminated. The strongest allies that Germany has today are those same rumors. Rumors tending to weaken the morale of the nations, destroy the influence of the governments, fostering distrust and a lack of confidence in those having the direction of the war, in its various ramifications, in charge. As an example of the power and influence of this propaganda, take the case of Russia.

He briefly refers to the fraternal dead, after which he takes up the subject of the condition of the craft, which he reports as very satisfactory.

The grand master states that he attended all district meetings held by the grand lecturer and states that much good was accomplished through these attendances.

He followed the practice of most grand masters by issuing 66 dispensations to ballot on petitions without waiting the statutory time. He reports that an honor roll was being maintained by the grand secretary and urges all brethren to keep that official advised concerning military enlistments.

The only decision made by the grand master, was to the effect that a man who cannot hear without the aid of a horn, or other mechanical device cannot be made a Mason.

Concerning waivers of jurisdiction he states that a request through the grand master of Illinois met with an adverse reception.

The grand master recommends that the mileage paid representatives at grand lodge be increased from 5 to 7 cents per mile. He also states that it has been found that the cost of running the grand lodge has increased to such an extent that the per capita tax should be increased from 20 to 25 cents per member.

The subject of French Masonry is presented and the recommendation made that the claims of that stricken nation for recognition be given just consideration.

The Committee on Doings of Grand Officers make a report which cannot be misunderstood. They confined their efforts to the separation and reference and accomplish their purposes with laconic effectiveness.

Brother Henry H. Ross, grand secretary, presents a very short report. He leaves entirely to the grand treasurer and the Committee on Finance the privilege of presenting the details of financial matters of his office.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $5,999.30 and expenditures of $6,599.77.

The salary of the grand secretary was increased $200.00 per year.

The Committee on Correspondence made a report upon the question of recognizing the Grand Lodge of France and reported that it had been unable to obtain proper evidence concerning the Masonic standing of this body, and recommended that consideration of the subject go over for one year.

The Committee on Jurisprudence make a report approving practically everything that the grand master did. They called his decision with reference to a deaf man, as unnecessary for the reason that the situation was already covered by law. They also make this report—

> As the law in the New York jurisdiction provides that any person serving in the Army or Navy of the United States is eligible to admission in that jurisdiction without further inquiry as to residence, we do not feel it is our duty to proceed further with this case.

The above only goes to illustrate the necessity for certain uniform laws among grand lodges, bearing upon questions of this sort. The feelings of the Grand Lodge of Vermont, toward the Grand Lodge of New York, because of its usurpation of the rights of personal jurisdiction can readily be understood. The Grand Lodge of Vermont, however, is not at all belligerent. It shouts "Kamerad," and lets it go.

The election and installation of officers was the closing feature of the meeting.

The report of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence in presented by Charles H. Darling. He looked over the proceedings of other grand lodges, picked out matters, that pleased him, arranged them in topical form, and gave them to his grand lodge. He quotes in full an address by Walter L. Stockwell of North Dakota, which must have pleased him. Comments on the use of the word, Blue Lodge, and says—

> From time to time foreign correspondents and others refer slightingly to the use of the expression "Blue Lodge" and maintain that it is a misnomer; but the name as applied to the first three degrees of Masonry has been in use so long, its acceptance so general and it is understood by so wide and universal use, that it will always remain the designation for these degrees, whatever may have been the origin of its use or however erroneously applied.

The term "Blue Lodge," is just a habit. Brother Darling, however, takes the opportunity to reproduce something that Silas B. Wright, of Florida said upon the subject—

> "A number of requests for information have appeared in the Masonic periodicals of recent date, and in one or two instances, grand masters have ventured a criticism upon the appellation 'Blue Lodge' as applied to the Masonic Lodge for the Craft Degrees in the English and American jurisdictions. There are a large number of historical incidents and much Masonic data on this subject. Probably the best is by Dr. W. J. Chetwood-Crawley, late grand treasurer of the G. L. of Ireland and a noted Masonic writer. Much

of his work has appeared in the 'Arts,' that most excellent periodical published in London.

He says that the use of the word 'Blue' as applied to lodges first came to us from many centuries ago and the first authentic Masonic record in regard to the color 'blue' is in the English and Irish Grand Lodge minutes of 1731 and 1734 where they ordered the three grand lodge officers to have 'blue silk lining to their aprons and blue ribbons for their jewels.' In the Scottish Grand Lodge, green was used and their color records date back to 1637, but the first three degrees are known with them as the 'Blue Lodge' and in their third degree work, they make a very marked preference to 'blue.' In the English Grand Lodge records, the shades of blue were at one time termed as of a 'watery tinge,' which is very near what is now called 'garter blue.'

Going back beyond the Grand Lodge of England to ancient and biblical history we find an abundant field, and there 'blue' was almost universally associated throughout Christendom with the 'Virgin Mother' and it was one of the principal colors of the Orders of Imperial Rome, Byzantium, and Egypt.

Going back to the tabernacle erected under the direction of Moses, we find blue especially mentioned. In Exodus, 25th chapter, 8th verse, we find that Moses said, 'Of this is the offering which ye shall take of them, gold and silver and brass, and blue and purple and scarlet and let them make me a sanctuary that I may dwell among them.'

Again in Exodus, 26th chapter, we find the instructions, 'And shalt make loops of blue upon the edge of one curtain,' etc.

In summing up the matter from these and from other references not given above, it seems a natural sequence that the lodges of Craft Masons should be known as the 'Blue Lodge.' ''

The only reference which our reviewer makes to Illinois is to be found in a paragraph under the head of ''Clubs.'' It is reproduced in full—

In Illinois in answer to the question submitted as to whether a lodge might lawfully provide and maintain, so-called, lodge rooms in apartments adjoining its place of meeting, the grand master decided that ''if such place, conducted within reasonable limitations, were closed during all sessions of the lodge and only such rooms as were used as reading rooms were permitted to be opened on Sunday, that a lodge might lawfully maintain such apartments.''

It is difficult to understand why a club conducted in accordance with this rule should be objectionable as some form of club life has come to be the demand of a large part of the craft. The difficulty is in enforcing the rule, for many attend the club that ordinarily would not attend the meetings, and if the club is to be open and patronized during the meetings of the lodge, much interest is likely to be withdrawn from the lodge; if, on the other hand, the club is to be closed during the meetings of the lodge, the purpose of

the club would be defeated especially in communities and during the season in which the work is nearly continuous.

Lodges 103 — David A. Elliott, G. M., White River.

Members 14,887 — Henry H. Ross, G. S., Burlington.

VICTORIA, A. F. & A. M.

1917

A quarterly communication was held in the city of Melbourne on Wednesday, March 21, 1917. The grand lodge was opened in ample form, the Honorable Charles Carty Salmon being on the throne.

The first business of importance was the election of a grand master, the present incumbent being re-elected.

The Board of General Purposes makes a report which is general in character, nothing of specific importance outside of the jurisdiction being considered.

The grand secretary presents quite an extended report. He covers many details which are usually recorded by grand masters.

Each newly raised brother is given a certificate of membership in the fraternity by the grand lodge, which adds considerably to the labors of the grand secretary.

According to the grand secretary's report rituals are very easily obtained provided a man has been a Master Mason for twelve months. All that is necessary for him to do is to remit the prescribed sum and the book is forthcoming.

The Grand Lodge of Victoria permits the grouping of candidates, allowing lodges to confer the degrees on more than one candidate at a time with the exception they must be separately raised.

Four hundred and fifty-three dispensations are reported by the grand secretary, 150 of which were to confer degrees within limits and 130 to initiate before minutes relating to election have been confirmed. Eighty dispensations were granted to meet on a day not more than seven days before or after the regular day of meeting and 47 dispensations were granted to wear Masonic clothing at funerals.

The address of the grand master is the concluding feature of the communication. He deals with the general condition of the craft and

is loud in the praise of the brethren because of their generous donations to the various charities of the jurisdiction.

A quarterly communication was held in Freemasons' Hall in Melbourne on Wednesday, June 17th.

Owing to the illness of the grand master the lodge was opened by the deputy grand master. The Board of General Purposes made a characteristic report.

The principal items of interest concerned the various relief funds and the amounts distributed for worthy distressed Master Masons, their widows and orphans.

The board approved the issuance of circulars of appeal to raise money for the purchase of tobacco for soldiers and sailors overseas. Subscriptions to a society called the Belgian Order of St. John having been sent to the lodges of the jurisdiction the board asked that no contributions be made until something more could be learned concerning the society and its antecedents.

Permission was granted for the publication of a Masonic journal to be known as the Victorian Craftsman, showing that the grand lodge exercises a rigid censorship over Masonic opinion in the jurisdiction.

A quarterly communication of the grand lodge was held on Wednesday, September 17, 1917, in the city of Melbourne. The death of Grand Master Charles Carty Salmon was formally reported by the deputy grand master, and a half hour was given to eulogizing the virtues of this distinguished craftsman.

The Board of General Purposes made their report disapproving of chain letters and recommending the discontinuance of the placing on lodge summons the names of the Committee of Inquiry.

Quite a rumpus was kicked up because of the introduction of an amendment to the rules and regulations providing that any lodge founded for the purpose of research and composed of subscribing members of other lodges should be exempted from the payment of quarterly contributions. The amendment with certain modifications was passed.

The Lodge of Sorrow, held in the town hall at Melbourne, in memory of Past Grand Master Salmon, was an imposing ceremonial. Many tributes were paid to the high character and standing and devotion to Freemasonry of the distinguished craftsman.

The final quarterly communication of the year was held December 19, 1917. At this meeting Right Worshipful Brother F. T. Hickford was elected as grand master.

The Board of General Purposes made a report that the Belgian Order of St. John of Jerusalem had no official recognition and therefore had no authority to issue circulars to the lodges of the jurisdiction. Other matters reported were of purely local interest.

The grand inspector of workings evidently made the discovery that candidates were not being properly instructed for in his report he says—

> Every candidate should at least be able to answer the questions required of him before being passed or raised, and I would suggest that the proposer hold himself equally responsible with the secretary to see that the candidate receives in some form the questions, and also that they are properly interpreted to him; further, that the J.D., in the 2nd; and the S.D., in the 3rd degree, be able to guarantee the worthy master that the candidates know the answers to the questions before the worthy master proceeds to ask them.

He also found that a number of lodges were commencing their work as late as 8:40 p. m. thereby compelling late hours and tiresome procedures. He states that when a lodge has considerable business and there are very many visitors that in case the lodge has work the tyler shall prepare the candidate, so that at the proper time he may be introduced without delay. He also observes that a past master's night is all right provided there has been sufficient rehearsal to acquaint the officers with their duties but that in a good many instances these affairs are beneath the dignity of Freemasonry.

No correspondence report is attached to the proceedings.

Lodges 224 F. T. Hickford, G. M.

Members 17,126 Chas. James Barrow, G. S., Melbourne.

VIRGINIA, A. F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings are voluminous in appearance made so because two hundred pages are devoted to printing the names of officers and members of the lodges of the state.

The 140th grand annual communication was held in the city of Richmond on the 12th day of February. The grand lodge lost no time in getting down to business, for immediately following the opening the grand master read his address.

He says that the progress of Masonry in the state has been onward and upward and he shows his confidence in his brethren when he remarks—

> We know that each lodge has performed its full duty in relieving distress and has heeded the cry of the widow and orphan. I know that each Mason has delighted to speak a word of comfort and cheer to the oppressed and downhearted, and has made the world brighter and better because they have passed this way.

For the 4th time in the history of the grand lodge a grand master died in office. Henry Knox Field departed this life within six months following his installation as grand master, and was buried by the grand lodge on August 2nd with full Masonic honors.

The craft in Virginia evidently believe in giving some encouragement to the Masonic publications of the state for the grand master states that he directed the grand treasurer to continue a card in the Virginia Masonic Journal at a price of $15.00.

It is apparent from the report of the grand master that lodges in Virginia are permitted to lay cornerstones for a number of dispensations are recorded granting permission to local lodges to lay cornerstones of various edifices. This is a question which has been much discussed in Illinois as to whether the cornerstone service was a general Masonic rite which any lodge might perform or whether it was a function which belonged exclusively to the grand lodge. The latter organization at present assumes that it is one of its prerogatives, and does not delegate to its lodges the right to lay cornerstones.

The grand master evidently believes that the individual who is to serve in the capacity of grand master ought to be an all-round man for he says—

> Observation covering a period of about six months has convinced me that the grand master of Masons in Virginia should be an expert in mechanics and building operations, be versed in both civil and Masonic law, should be a financier and also a peacemaker, and should be thoroughly equipped to master the problems arising out of the conduct of a home caring for children. He should have ability to make a pretty good speech without notice. He should know how to refuse a request and yet so phrase the words denying the request that the brother whose request is denied is convinced that he is actually being done a favor. He should combine in one man the best qualities of an executive officer of a corporation as well as have his heart responsive to sentiment and filled to overflowing with the true spirit of fraternity.

Reference to the World War is made and the subject discussed at some length. One paragraph is excerpted—

> In making the world safe for democracy we are making it safe for the Masonic Order. Many of the members of our lodges

> are in the military service. All honor and glory to them. We hope that all will return. Some are now on foreign soil, some in training camps, and some on naval vessels; may the example of such illustrious Masons as Washington and Warren, and those who did such valiant service for the colonies in 1776, as well as the splendid achievements of John Paul Jones, be an incentive to them to do their full duty, whether as officers or privates. We know that the honor of Old Glory will be safe in their hands.

The grand master took the liberty of creating a new committee which he called "the Special Committee on Masonic Defense." He stated that its purpose was to handle all matters relating to the grand lodge and the government of the United States.

Blanks were ordered sent to all lodges in the state asking them to report the names of all their members engaged in military service in order that a roll of honor might be prepared and printed in the proceedings.

Very naturally the grand master commends the George Washington Memorial Association and refers to the work that it is doing and the large number of relics in its care.

Concerning military lodges Brother Cunningham expressed himself as opposed to such organizations in case they were to confine their activities to the conferring of degrees, for he says the facilities for obtaining degrees are so great now that no worthy man need be kept out. He stated that he would not object—

> Where there was a sufficient number of Masons in a company or a regiment from this state, to granting them a dispensation to open a Masonic lodge, provided they would not be permitted to receive the petitions of anyone or confer degrees. In other words, if they wanted a lodge for purely social and benevolent purposes, I would not be adverse to granting dispensation for same.

It appears from the Grand Master's address that the brethren are figuring on a new Masonic temple as the present one is inadequate, and either it should be remodeled or a new one constructed.

The grand lecturer is handed a nice bunch of posies in the following—

> The splendid work that has been accomplished by the grand lecturer since his appointment deserves more than passing notice. I would not in any way detract from the ability with which my predecessors have discharged their duties as grand master. Neither would I take away from them any of the glory that has attended their administrations, but I would not be just to you, to the grand lecturer, myself or them, if I failed to say that the onward march of Masonry in Virginia has been due in a great measure to that brother who, giving up the comforts of home, the companionship of his loved ones and association with his home people, in winter and summer, has taught our beautiful and impressive ritual to the Masons of Virginia, so that today, from the mountains on the west to the shores of the Atlantic, from our northern boundaries

to where our state joins North Carolina and Tennessee on the south, in every lodge you find brethren qualified to confer the degrees, due to the careful and painstaking work of our beloved Grand Lecturer George W. Wright.

Concerning the recognition of the Grand Lodge of France the grand master made no recommendation but suggested to the grand lodge the propriety of enacting some legislation upon the subject.

Some very nice things are said in the grand master's address regarding the Virginia Masonic Journal, and its work is highly endorsed. About all the Masonic publications in Illinois get from grand masters is an occasional calling down.

The grand master admits that he has been generous in the matter of issuing dispensations for conferring degrees out of time and says—

> I have set aside the law, both as regards the receiving and balloting upon petitions and the conferring of degrees, probably in more cases than any other grand master who has presided over the grand lodge in the last twenty-five years. The peculiar conditions, however, are responsible for the dispensations granted. I have not hesitated to set aside the law so as to enable the young manhood of our state who were called to the colors and desired to be Masons before they left for foreign shores, to gratify their wishes. In every case, however, I have required that the request should be either approved by the district deputy grand master or some prominent Mason in whose judgment I had implicit confidence, and in all cases I have required that the entire membership be notified of the action contemplated under the dispensation.

Among the recommendations made were the following—

> That the roll of officers, past masters and members of subordinate lodges be not printed in the proceedings, but be printed in a separate volume to be known as the Roster of Membership of the Subordinate Lodges of the Grand Lodge of Virginia, A. F. and A. M.

I recommend that Section No. 19 be amended to read as follows—

> The acting grand master shall nominate a candidate for each office, and any member of the grand lodge shall have the privilege of nominating additional competitors.

> I recommend that any lodge exempting any of its members from dues on account of their being in the military service of our country shall be exempted from the payment of grand lodge dues on such members for the year 1918.

Among the decisions rendered by the grand master was the following which is in accordance with the best Masonic usages—

> I decided that a man who had received degrees in a clandestine lodge could petition a lodge in Virginia, provided that accompanying his petition was a full statement of the facts and his complete renunciation of the lodge, its grand lodge, or any alleged Masonic body affiliated with or having jurisdiction over it. If

the ballot was favorable, the degrees must be conferred the same as upon any other petitioner.

The grand master was compelled to get after a lodge in another state for sending literature into his jurisdiction asking the lodges to buy $5.00 bonds, the proceeds therefrom to be used for the construction of a Masonic temple. He asked for a law prohibiting lodges from using any of their funds for purposes outside of the state unless approval of the grand master has been given.

In concluding the grand master says—

> We are engaged in a great work as members of the Masonic Fraternity that will not be completed until the working tools of life fall from our hands. We are building a spiritual temple that we trust shall be our dwelling place for eternity, and in the building of that temple our labors should be so beneficial to mankind as to erect for ourselves a monument that shall live in the hearts of grateful humanity. Our Temple, to stand in the days of trials and temptations and withstand the storms of malice and envy and the winds of persecution and privation, must have its foundation built upon a relief and faith in God as the Supreme Architect and Governor of the Universe. If the foundation of a structure is not strong, then the building erected thereon will eventually go down to destruction. It is therefore absolutely necessary that in the preparation for the building of our Mystic Temple, we rest our foundation upon the solid rock.

The special Committee on the Recognition of the Grand Lodge of France after setting forth such facts as they were able to gather concluded their report with the following—

> Your committee might go on to quote more and say more, but we of Virginia Masonry DO believe in God, we ARE deists and not atheists, and cannot recognize as Freemasons those who do not require a direct and positive belief in the Mason's God as a fundamental, the first and chief fundamental of any claim as Freemasons.
>
> We will not stop to discuss the question of their well known political activities, nor do more than call attention to Section 234 of our Digest, which has been our law for more than a century, but in view of the above, and the fact that we, in common with British Grand Lodges, have for years recognized the National Independent Grand Lodge of France, which IS of our sort, we recommend, if recommendation be necessary, that no action be taken.

The grand lodge approved.

The net assets of the grand lodge as set forth by the grand treasurer are $207,389.18.

Quite a lengthy report is made to the grand lodge by the Committee on Property, which has charge of the Masonic temple. They report that for the year the net earnings of the temple were $2,656.11. Not knowing the

cost or value of the property it is impossible to state whether the grand lodge earned a fair percent on its investment or not.

The district deputy grand masters of Virginia make their reports to the Committee on Grand Officers, and what they have to say is printed in full in the proceedings. In the main they are on a parallel with those submitted to the grand lodge in Illinois.

In line with many other grand lodges a telegram was sent to the President pledging the loyal support of the Masons of Virginia.

The Committee on Grand Master's Address did not agree with the grand master in exempting soldiers from the payment of dues for they said—

> We do not think any lodge should be exempted from the payment of grand lodge dues for any member for any reason, and do not concur in the recommendation of our grand master that this should be done in cases where the lodge exempts brethren in military service from payment of dues.

The grand lodge found it necessary to increase the per capita tax to the sum of $1.25, 75 cents of which goes to the Masonic Home.

The Committee on Masonic Charity, from accounts, evidently handles appeals for assistance which lodges are unable to take care of. It has discovered that there are slackers among the workmen for it says—

> Your committee is sometimes embarrassed by having appeals from some of the large and influential lodges, who seem to have the idea that this committee was formed for the purpose of relieving them of the responsibility of taking care of their own indigent Master Masons, their widows and orphans, and do not seem to realize that the committee was created for the purpose of assisting the smaller and poorer lodges of the state in taking care of their indigent members where they are unable to afford the necessary relief themselves.

Evidently the line of elective officers in Virginia commences with the junior grand deacon for the record shows a lively contest for that office.

The grand lodge permits the grand treasurer to select a deputy and to name him. The grand secretary enjoyed the same privilege for the appointment of his deputy is recorded.

It is right and proper that grand secretaries should have the right to select their deputies because a real foxy grand secretary is not going to select some ambitious brother, who as soon as he becomes deputy, will commence to lay plans for nosing his superior officer out of the job which he so much covets.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence is Past Grand Master Joseph W. Eggleston, and if the writer remembers correctly he was grand master of Virginia at the time of the formation of the George Washington

Memorial Association. If so he is remembered most pleasantly for the writer never spent two more enjoyable days than those on which he partook of the hospitality of the Masons of Alexandria.

Brother Eggleston in his review has been generous to Illinois.

He opens with the remark concerning our proceedings—

> A striking feature of the immense volume is, not the number of pictures of Masonic temples, but the singular variation in styles of architecture. Many are really novel in ornamentation and design. Could we reproduce them in this review, they would make a sensation.

He quotes what Grand Master Wheeler had to say concerning religious antagonism and says—

> Ignoring utterly, as we should do as an organization or even as individual Masons, all question of the merit or demerit of the charges so often made against that "church or religion," as individual citizens each has a right to his own opinions and actions in this or any other question on which men differ; but no controversies, or even antagonisms, have a proper place in the brotherhood of man.

A very liberal extract is taken from the address of Governor Frank O. Lowden. His comment thereon is as follows—

> The Governor was immediately appointed grand orator for next year and unanimously elected an honorary member of the grand lodge. The first was all right; but we do not like the making any Mason an honorary member of the grand lodge. It is not a good precedent.

The writer is disposed to agree with Brother Eggleston in his objection. No doubt the Grand Lodge of Illinois acted hastily and without precedent but it should not be forgotten that the grand lodge was under a patriotic spell and no matter what subject might have been presented at that time, if it involved the least element of patriotism it would have been carried with a tumult.

A very high compliment is paid to Brother Leroy A. Goddard in the quotation of almost a page of his remarks to the grand lodge.

Brother Eggleston is evidently a good judge of human nature and has the extraordinary ability to read men, for he notes the address of Joseph Fort Newton at a Chicago school of instruction and remarks—

> We all have our weaknesses. His showed up in the fact that before he sat down he managed to give his book quite a good press notice, skillfully led up to, by arousing curiosity.

Charles H. Martin's correspondence report, so far as Virginia is concerned, is referred to as five pages of bright running summary.

One thing Brother Eggleston says which is quite true and should be kept in mind by all reviewers is that—

Quotations of grand master's decisions should be full in order to be perfectly fair.

Brother Eggleston prepares for his grand lodge a most excellent review. He has the rare faculty of being able to pick out of the great mass of material that is submitted to him those bright and helpful things which Masons ought to read and know.

Lodges 328 Earnest Lee Cunningham, G. M., Newport News, Va.

Members 27,246 Charles A. Nesbitt, G. S., Richmond, Va.

WASHINGTON, F. & A. M.

1917

Another volume of proceedings in a handsome blue cover. A note on the title page contains the direction ordered to be read in all lodges.

The sixtieth annual communication was held in the city of Seattle on June 12, 1917. The roll call disclosed the fact that there were a large number of past masters present and all lodges represented but 12.

The grand representatives were formally presented and accorded the customary honors. The brother representing Illinois appears not to have been present.

The grand master requested all past grand masters to assemble before the altar and to retire and escort Old Glory into the lodge room. This is a new use for past grand masters and in honoring the flag they honor themselves.

The opening ceremonies of the grand lodge consisted of addresses of welcome, and responses with plenty of music furnished by the Seattle Masonic quartette.

The report of Grand Master George R. Malcolm is not long and in presenting the affairs of his office he indulges in no attempt at lengthy discussions or wearisome exhortations.

He states in his opening remarks that he has been compelled to handle the business of the grand lodge through correspondence and that he has been unable to visit very many of the lodges of the state.

He issued a large number of dispensations, most of them to confer degrees in less than the statutory time.

Four dispensations for the formation of new lodges were issued.

A dispensation to form an army lodge was refused. In this connection Brother Malcolm says—

> I am convinced that for various reasons it would not be for the best interests of the craft to grant dispensations of such a character, at least not until the grand lodge has determined the manner and method by which such dispensations are to be granted.

He refused to issue a dispensation to confer the degrees in one evening for the reason that the candidate had not been elected at the time the dispensation was applied for.

Two decisions were rendered by the grand master—

> A Master Mason, dropped from the rolls for non-payment of dues, shall not be entitled to the rights and privileges of Masonry while under that status.

> A profane, working on a steamer plying between ports on Puget Sound, is not a seafaring man.

Among the recommendations was one asking the Committee on Jurisprudence to define who are seafaring men. This leads to the conclusion that the Grand Lodge of Washington like many other grand lodges, has local conditions which must be met with special rules and regulations.

A recommendation that the law be amended to preclude Masons or Masonic associations, being used for political purposes attracts the curiosity of the writer. It would be interesting to know just what happened in the state of Washington to prompt the suggestion.

Another recommendation is out of the ordinary. It reads as follows—

> That it be made a Masonic offense to solicit members for the so-called higher degrees of Masonry until after the brother shall have received the Master Mason's degree.

It looks as tho some of our consistory and commandery boys have been a little bit over zealous in the matter of getting their friends into high society. The recommendation is timely. It is a breach of Masonic etiquette for any Mason to solicit a candidate to advance in Masonry or for any other purpose until after he has received his Master Mason's degree.

The grand master referred to the work of the grand lecturer and his deputies stating that they had visited and instructed ninety-two lodges during the year. In this connection he says—

> The present system of instruction is not satisfactory.

> There are many lodges in this jurisdiction that need instruction, but do not ask for it. If we are desirous of having the lodges proficient in the work we must adopt a method of reaching the lodges that fail to ask for instruction.

> I would recommend that the grand lecturer be put on a salary of $1,800.00 a year and expenses, and that he act under the immediate supervision of the grand master; the idea being to have him visit and instruct, especially, the smaller and younger lodges.

The report of the grand secretary consists for the most part of tables showing receipts and expenditures. The per capita tax paid to the grand lodge in Washington is practically $1.50 per member. The Grand Lodge of Illinois now pays $1.00, and those best acquainted with the future needs of our homes realize that it is only a short time until an increase will have to be made.

The grand lodge inherited some trouble when it took over a Masonic cemetery formerly owned by Kane Lodge now deceased. One Frederick Schmidt claimed title to the property which forced the grand lodge into the courts to determine its rights. It seems a little unusual that a Masonic lodge should provide itself with a cemetery and immediately give up the ghost. This ought to be a warning to other lodges.

The proceedings record the appointment of what are termed regular committees. We suppose regular committees belong in the same class with standing committees. There may be irregular committees and there may be sitting committees, at least a sharp lookout will be kept for such.

The Masonic Home report presents many interesting details concerning the care of the helpless of the fraternity.

The Grand Lodge of Washington does one mighty good thing. It provides a fund for the care of worthy members of the fraternity, their widows and children outside of the Grand Lodge Home when it is preferable to so care for them. Last year the sum of $3,206.05 was expended in this good work.

Grand Orator Morton Greggory delivered an address to the grand lodge on the second day. He states in his opening remarks that the oration which he had prepared for presentation at this time would be most improper in view of the fact that the nation was now at war, so he was compelled to select another subject and prepare a new address. Maybe the grand orator is a pacifist, if so it is probably a good thing that he changed his subject.

No subject is given to the address under review, and a careful reading of the same fails to disclose just what particular line of argument the speaker was trying to present. He did say one good thing which will be heartily approved by those Masons who deplore the haste with which degrees are conferred—

> I am much concerned because on every hand I see that which persuades me that men are not willing to build character as char-

acter must be built. Indeed, Most Worshipful Sir, is it not a deplorable condition when men shall rush through the degrees of Masonry almost over-night, and is it any wonder that some Masons are not Masons at all?

The so-called higher degrees of Masonry do not amount to anything, so far as the character of the individual is concerned, unless the necessary time has elapsed to enable one to comprehend in a reasonable degree at least the fundamental principles of the craft.

We may be contented in our scheme of education to cram hard facts into the plastic minds of our children and thus educate their memories only; but we cannot hope to make Masons in any such manner. The definition of education,—of *educo*, is to lead out of, not stuff into.

I submit, Most Worshipful Sir, that the first and foremost object of Freemasonry is to make Master Masons and not to confer on them a name or to swell their pride, or enable them to wear a button obtained under false pretenses.

The grand secretary received a little eclat because the Committee on Segregation and Reference took his report, separated the various items, and referred them to the committees heretofore designated as regular.

Concerning the request of the Grand Lodge of Panama for recognition the committee asked for further time, as they had been unable to obtain such data as they desired.

Concerning a brother holding a dimit from a lodge in Panama and who desired to affiliate with a lodge in Washington the committee recommended that the dimit be held in abeyance until such time as the attitude of the Grand Lodge of Washington toward the Grand Lodge of Panama might be determined.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence also deals with a few other subjects, one of which is noted in full—

There is a note of growing unrest among the grand lodges of this country over the increasing use of the Blue Lodge degrees as a membership basis for extraneous organizations. The feeling is growing that these organizations are taking the attention of the members from the serious features of Masonry which are their fundamentals. There is a further feeling that most of the things which these organizations attempt to do should properly be done within the body of the lodge. They are simply doing things which the lodge should do itself and which are properly a part of its functions. Some of the grand lodges have gone so far as to prohibit their members from joining any organization which makes Blue Lodge membership a condition of eligibility, unless such organization has received the sanction of the grand lodge.

What's the matter Brother McAllister, won't they take you in?

And now comes the Committee on Segregation and Reference dividing the report of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence and parceling its several departments among the regular committees of the grand lodge.

The Committee on Jurisprudence sustained the grand master in his refusal to grant a dispensation for the formation of army lodges.

Concerning Masonic burial services the committee quote from a section of the Washington law which is based upon the sound Masonic principle that Masonic burial is a rite and not a right.

In a supplementary report the committee reported that in their opinion it was proper for a lodge of Masons in Masonic clothing to appear in public for the purpose of participating in patriotic demonstrations.

The Grand Lodge of Washington is revising its monitor, the matter now being in the hands of a committee.

From the report of the Committee on Returns it is gleaned that in the lodges of Washington there are 178 honorary members and the number of indigent members paying no dues is 157, a small percentage.

Concerning the recommendation that the salary of the grand lecturer be fixed at $1800 the Finance Committee refused to concur and recommended that the law be left as it is. The committee also recommended that a lodge which had been fined $11.00 for some delinquency be remitted the amount paid.

The salary of the grand secretary for the coming year was fixed at $2400 and the assistant grand secretary at $1500.

The correspondence report is prepared by Brother Ralph C. McAllister. He gives two pages to Illinois and accords generous treatment.

He briefly notes the principal acts of Grand Master Wheeler and quotes what he said about politics in lodges with the following comment—

> There are other jurisdictions that ought to get after some of the "blatherskites" of the fraternity in the same way.

Brother McAllister thinks—

> The grand lodge authorized a queer Masonic procedure when it appropriated money to purchase new paraphernalia in accordance with the following resolution—
>
> "Whereas, The ever increasing demands for the use of the grand lodge jewels and other equipment at ceremonies of constitution, institution and other occasions make the possession of another set of jewels and other paraphernalia almost a necessity, *so that two such ceremonies may be held at the same time,*" etc.

The same criticism has also been expressed here in Illinois. The grand lodge absolutely refuses to allow one of its constituents to hold

two separate meetings at the same time in different departments and yet it divides itself up into two groups whenever occasion may demand. There is a serious inconsistency in the whole business, and it is no wonder that the correspondent of Washington has said what he did.

Concerning the social activities of Grand Master Wheeler he says—

> We can imagine a large measure of pleasure and profit derived from a club whose daily vocation brings them into personal touch when that is strengthened by the fraternal bond.

Brother McAllister very pertinently asks what prompted the grand lodge to recognize legislation prohibiting Masons from appearing in public drinking saloons in Masonic clothing. Naturally the inquiry arises in the mind of anyone as to why an institution of high morality should be required to take up legislation of this character.

Concerning the use of the word Masonic for business purposes Brother McAllister says—

> It is hard to tell where to draw the line, but the curtailment of its use is the surest way to protect against its abuse. Personally we cannot see why, if it is proper to ask for your dollar on the strength of Masonry, it is improper to ask for your vote on the same basis.

He calls the correspondence report of Chas. H. Martin an extremely readable one.

Concerning Brother Martin's criticism of the tendency of grand lodges to limit the activities of local lodges and interfere in their private concerns Brother McAllister says—

> He may as well give that up. The tendency of the times is to usurp authority in favor of the grand lodge, and neither he nor the writer can stop it.

The writer, however, is disposed to agree with Brother Martin because there is a feeling of unrest among the fraternity and a growing conviction that there is entirely too much legislation for the best interests of the society. It is possible to carry this to such an extreme that lodges will rise in their might and absolutely clean out of their grand lodges those meddlesome, office-holding, authority-seeking brethren who imagine that the future success of the fraternity lies wholly and solely in the enactment of petty legislation which in many cases is without Masonic precedent and becomes highly burdensome to the present overworked and much annoyed Masonic lodge.

Lodges 209 — George Lawler, G. M., Tacoma.

Members 22,573 — Horace W. Tyler, G. S., Tacoma.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA, A. F. & A. M.

This grand lodge holds quarterly communications.

The proceedings are presented in a neat volume with no attempt toward an elaborate display. The frontispiece is a half-tone portrait in full military uniform of Most Worshipful Brother the Most Reverend C. O. L. Riley, D.D.V.D., archbishop of Perth, chaplain-general, grand master for the fourteenth consecutive term.

In the opening pages the grand secretary records the apologies of a number of brethren for their inability to be present at the first quarterly meeting at Kalgoorie, July 27, 1916. This is rather unusual but shows a proper interest in the grand lodge on the part of the brethren.

The grand master's address at this meeting was brief. It is apparent that he is devoting much of his time to military service, for he says—

> Now first of all I have to apologize, in a way, for myself. The grand secretary tells me I had to say something about myself, as I am going away, but first I have to apologize for having done so very little for Masonry during the last two years. When I tell you that owing to extra work I have never had a day's holiday the last two years, you will perhaps forgive me this omission. I have to leave in a few days on military duty, and so I shall be away from my office temporarily. But perhaps you will understand that if one has served as a good head of any institution work ought to be so arranged that it can go on in his absence as in his presence.

The grand master reports having visited twenty-two lodges.

Among the dispensations issued was one to appear in regalia at a Masonic funeral. This is out of the ordinary and there is no good reason why a lodge should be put to the necessity of securing a dispensation to turn out as a lodge to bury one of its members.

The grand master calls attention to the fact that on the honor roll of the grand lodge are three hundred and twenty-six names with weekly additions constantly augmenting the list. He remarks—

> We owe those brethren a debt of gratitude that we can never repay, and our duty will be to see that such service is not forgotten, but ever remembered with veneration and gratitude.

Extended mention is made of the Widows', Orphans' and Aged Freemasons' Fund and the grand master asks the brethren for a continuance of their support to this most excellent charity. He says—

> The Great Masonic Charities of England are supported entirely by voluntary contributions, and each year sufficient money has to be raised by this means to keep the schools going, and it was thought that like many other institutions, benevolent in character, they would this year be called upon to face a de-

creased income with consequent curtailment of benefits. With great anxiety the responsible officers made a strong appeal to the craft, and the response was entirely beyond their most sangine anticipations, the Girls' School and the Royal Masonic Benevolent Institution for the old people receiving between them no less a sum than £76,000 at their annual festivals, and the Boys' School function has not yet taken place, but there is every reason to believe that its success is assured, and that the total voluntary contributions to the three charities will in this—the second year of the greatest war in all history—exceed £110,000. All this effort is entirely outside the operations of the Benevolent Fund of the Grand Lodge of England itself and the various provincial charities. One of the most self-sacrificing and touching incidents that has come under my notice was the request of the girls themselves attending the Royal Masonic Institution for girls, that they should be permitted to go without prizes this year, and that the amount usually expended in this way should be given to the Red Cross Fund to provide comforts for wounded soldiers. Their request was acceded to, and the sum of £70 was handed over to one of Queen Mary's Funds. It may interest the brethren to know that something like 700 boys are being educated under the auspices of the Royal Masonic Institution for boys in England, and of boys who have been educated there considerably over 300 are serving at the Front.

The grand master pays a high tribute to the late Lord Kitchener, who—

> Nearly twenty years ago was made a past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England when the late King Edward presided over one of the largest gatherings ever held in connection with the craft, the occasion being the celebration of the Diamond jubilee of the late Queen Victoria. It was at that gathering that the late Sir Samuel Way was made a past grand warden and myself a past grand chaplain. The late Lord Kitchener took a great interest in the craft in every part of the empire in which he was located, or even which he visited. He was district grand master of Egypt, and held the same office in the Punjaub while in the Indian command. There are three lodges named after him —the Kitchener Lodge at Greenwich, England; the Kitchener Lodge at Simla in the Punjaub; and the Kitchener Lodge at Cairo.

The grand master reports that he found it necessary to issue a dispensation to one of his lodges permitting it to go into recess for twelve months owing to the fact that so many of the members had enlisted in the service of their country and left the district.

No business of importance was transacted at this quarterly communication.

The members of the grand lodge were visibly affected as the deputy grand master bid the grand master bon voyage as he was leaving immedi-

ately in connection with his duty as chaplain general of the commonwealth forces abroad.

At the second quarterly communication, held Thursday, October 26th at Perth, the meeting was presided over by the deputy grand master, A. C. McCallun. This official announces that he has been carrying on the work of the grand master and that he has visited thirty-eight lodges in the three months past.

In his closing remarks he says—

> Never has there been a time when brotherly love was so necessary, not only to the craft, but to the whole community, when it was so necessary that we should regard it in its broadest sense, that sense which considers the whole of our citizens as one great family, created by an all-wise Being and placed here for the mutual assistance of each other. When nations are ranged against nations in the deadly struggle of war, there is surely trouble enough, and we, as a brotherhood, should not allow actions of ours to offend others, or permit differences of opinion to disturb our friendly relations as members of the craft, which we all love so dearly.
>
> It is not enough that we remit a brother's dues. Our plain duty is to visit those he has left behind and see that they are properly cared for, and generally to fill the part of the brothers that we claim to be. We have still another duty. Many brethren have already fallen, and we fear that many others may do so before the war is over. To the widowed and the fatherless we have to show our practical sympathy, by seeing not only that they do not want for necessaries, but that the children are educated and properly fitted out to fight the battle of life.

The Board of General Purposes of this grand lodge call attention to the fact that a number of lodges owning property have defective titles caused by their failures to fill vacancies created by the death of trustees or their removal from the province. Lodges in Illinois might profit from this experience and find it to their advantage to investigate their own titles and see if they are being kept in good standing.

The third quarterly meeting of the grand lodge was held at Perth on Thursday, January 25, 1917. The deputy grand master presided.

He reports to the grand lodge the narrow escape of the grand master who was on board the steamer Iverna which was torpedoed in the Mediterranean. At last reports the grand master was alive and well and none the worse for his adventure.

In his closing remarks the deputy grand master says—

> I have heard Freemasonry described as "A religion of morality," but I think it better to adhere to the opinion of some of our ablest writers, that "Freemasonry is one universal and benevolent brotherhood, ignoring altogether sectarian differences

of opinion, but promulgating ever most distinctly the sacred volume's lessons of morality and duty and responsibility."

Freemasonry is a great association of men who have made it their task to live in perfect equality, united by the bonds of mutual confidence, mutual esteem and friendship under the name of brothers, and to stimulate each other to the practice of benevolence and morality.

We have, at times been accused of "the inculcation of bare morality." Freemasonry does what it can fitly and honestly; it accepts the V.S.L. as the one true teaching of moral duty and personal responsibility, and it recommends all its members to regulate their words and actions by the divine precepts it contains.

The Board of General Purposes reported that it was satisfied as to the regularity of the Grand Lodge of the Philippine Islands and recommended that official recognition be accorded said grand body.

The board report a case of relief which shows that too great care cannot be given in rendering assistance to strangers.

Quite recently a Freemason presented himself at the grand secretary's office and told the story that he had been accidentally stranded at Fremantle through the transport on which he was working having sailed while he was ashore. He proved himself and represented that he was a member of a certain lodge in New South Wales, and a wire to the grand secretary in Sydney elicited the reply that he was deserving. Through the kindness of several Fremantle brethren, his wants were attended to and arrangements made for his proceedings to the East by another boat, but he got drunk in the interval, abused the kindness of a brother who had provided him with board and lodging, and did other things proving himself totally unworthy. Upon a report being made to Sydney and a description of the man furnished, it was established that he had impersonated the brother who was reported "worthy."

The fourth quarterly communication was held at Perth on Thursday, April 26th, 1917, and was presided over by the grand master himself. He was given a most royal welcome.

Immediately on his return to the jurisdiction the grand master took up the affairs of his office and his report shows that he has been by no means idle.

The Board of General Purposes recommended the refund of all grand lodge dues paid by brethren who are in the active service.

The business transacted at this last quarterly meeting was largely routine. The grand master naturally was re-elected to the office for another year. He appointed Brother Alexander C. McCallum as deputy grand master and named the balance of the officers.

The report on foreign correspondence is apparently prepared by a committee. Illinois is given two pages, and was undoubtedly reviewed by P.D.G.L. whoever that may have been.

The opening remarks of Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler are quoted in full. Various items of interest from his report as well as the transactions of the grand lodge are briefly noted. The remarks of Brother Hilliker in presenting the children of the home to the grand lodge are liberally quoted.

Concerning the correspondence report of Brother Charles H. Martin he says that—

> He has had a very high standard set in past reviews, and has proved himself a worthy successor to others who have filled the position.

Lodges 97 — C. O. L. Riley, G. M., Perth.

Members 4,131 — J. D. Stevenson, G. S., Perth.

WEST VIRGINIA, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings are issued in a well printed volume of five hundred and fifty pages, of which two hundred and twenty-five are devoted to a display of the officers and members of the lodges of the state.

A certificate signed by the grand secretary assures readers that the pages which follow contain a true and faithful transcript of the proceedings. This is a little out of the ordinary, although it has been held by some Masonic authorities that all proceedings of grand lodges should be certified by the grand secretary.

Details of thirteen special communications of the grand lodge held during the year for various Masonic functions are recorded in full. In nearly every instance these grand lodges were imitations being made up of proxies for the various grand officers.

The annual communication was held in the city of Parkersburg on the 14th of November, 1917, at 7:30 o'clock P. M.

It is noticed that quite a number of southern grand jurisdictions hold evening sessions, believing no doubt that time should be conserved, which is quite different from Illinois, where but one session is held each day. No wonder so much important legislation receives hasty consideration.

Grand Master Charles E. Carrigan, in his opening remarks to the grand lodge, said—

> Assembled then as we are, at such an hour in the world's activity, it is altogether fitting that we, as Masons, should pledge anew our deepest devotion to all those immortal teachings made sacred by the life-blood of our fathers. While the many important duties devolving upon us here shall require every moment of our time and will tax to the utmost all our energies, may we pause long enough to recall the all important fact that to be good Masons, also makes it absolutely necessary that we be good citizens.

He pays tributes of respect to the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions.

He issued a large number of dispensations for various purposes. None of them, however, were out of the ordinary.

Under a heading "Permissions Granted" were quite a number allowing lodges to move from one location to another. One permit allowed a Masonic lodge to extend the use of its meeting place to the Order of Odd Fellows during the annual meeting of that body. From this it is gleaned that the Grand Lodge of West Virginia exercises complete control over the lodge rooms of the state as to the character of meetings held therein.

Among the requests refused was one forbidding a lodge from extending the use of its lodge room to a ladies' organization, also refusing permission to a lodge to participate in a flag raising.

The grand master records his official visitations which are given in detail and will no doubt be appreciated by the lodges visited.

The grand lodge maintains an Educational Fund to assist the children of deserving brethren living or dead to secure an education. Only one application was made to the grand master during the year. The Grand Lodge of West Virginia is to be congratulated upon entering this field of Masonic endeavor. This is practical Masonry and a wonderful field of helpfulness is here suggested to every grand lodge.

Among the decisions rendered by the grand master was one to the effect that a single candlestick bearing three arms could not be used in his state because the lights must be placed east, west and south of the altar requiring the use of single candlesticks.

Another decision of interest is one to the effect that—

> A Masonic lodge is not permitted to hold joint ownership of property with any other than Masonic lodge, or allow its funds to be used jointly with the funds of other lodges in any such business transactions.

Another decision is interesting—

> A candidate rejected on account of not being proficient in the lecture or catechism of any degree may appear for re-examination at the next regular communication of the lodge, or at any subsequent regular communication thereof until he is considered qualified in the catechism of such degree. No specified period of time is required to intervene between his rejection and his appearance for re-examination, within the required one year.

In this connection it might be observed that the enforcement of this provision will depend wholly and solely upon the worshipful master. If he has considerable work on hand and is striving to make a record, as so many masters do, it goes without saying that very few candidates would be sent back for reposting. The examination in most instances will be satisfactory, even if it has to be conducted behind the anteroom door.

Somebody asked the grand master if the American flag could be spread over the altar of the lodge when open provided the regular lights were properly displayed. The grand master ruled as follows:—

> As to the proper place for the flag in the lodge room no provision is made in the ritual. However, no possible objection can be made to making a display of the American flag in the lodge room. But the one particular place it should not be is upon the altar. The teachings of our order clearly and explicitly define just what the decorations of a Masonic altar are. These and nothing else should be there displayed. The flag may be appropriately displayed elsewhere about the lodge.

The grand master made an eloquent plea in behalf of those engaged in the service of their country and said—

> It is, however, in behalf of those who are members of our own fraternity that I plead. It is hardly possible that there is a single subordinate lodge in all our country, that does not have at least one brother who sleeps this night in a soldier's tent. If there was ever an hour when there should be an united effort to aid in all possible ways to make camp life pleasant, pure and home-like, that time is now. For years to do good to others has been a theory, today it is a practical reality. One of the district deputy grand masters of this grand lodge is authority for the statement that nearly one-third of all the young men now in training at one of the officers' training camps of our country are Masons. If this be true of all the camps of the nation, what is the present duty of our fraternity?

He recommended the remission of the dues of all soldiers.

The grand treasurer reports receipts of $15,586.59 and expenditures $12,070.31.

The Educational Fund shows cash on hand of $6,180.00.

The grand secretary makes an extended report in which he details a number of matters, some of which belong to his office and others to the grand master's.

He likewise suggested that members of the army or navy be exempted from the payment of dues during the period of the war.

The financial report of the grand secretary is one of minute detail and there can be no question either as to the receipts or expenditures of the grand lodge.

The deputy grand lecturers of the state each make a detailed report of their lodges of instruction to the grand lecturer, all of which is printed in the proceedings. Here is a good suggestion for the Grand Lodge of Illinois and is somewhat along the line that the writer has been insisting upon during the past year—that all teaching of the ritual in Illinois shall be placed in the hands of the Board of Grand Examiners who shall be made directly responsible not only for the efficiency of the teaching force but likewise for the results attained.

A lengthy report was made by the Special Committee on Masonic Home, the substance of which was that the grand lodge having accepted the provisions of the will of one Henry Krug it was irrevocably committed to the establishment and maintenance of a Masonic home.

The election of officers in this grand lodge took place on the afternoon of the second day and was immediately followed by the installation, after which the grand lodge resumed its labors and listened to the reports of various committees.

The report of the Committee on Proceedings of Grand Officers was offered near the close of the session and is purely congratulatory in character. The grand secretary was allowed $900 for stenographer's services, and on recommendation of the Committee on Finance all members of lodges engaged in the service of their country were exempted from the payment of dues.

In the memorial section of the proceedings is a page dedicated as follows: "In Memoriam of all Masons, Good Men and True, who died on Land and Sea since this Memorial Page was printed one year ago."

The grand secretary is to be commended for his thoughtfulness and fraternal spirit.

The review of foreign grand lodges is prepared by G. W. Atkinson. He devotes two pages to Illinois, quoting in full the opening remarks of Grand Master Ralph H. Wheeler. He reviews the visits which Brother Wheeler made to one hundred and one lodges and says—

> If this is not going some I confess I do not know what that slang expression means.

He commends the action of Brother Wheeler in building up the study side of Masonry in our schools and says—

> Very few grand masters have gone to this trouble and expense, and yet it is the very thing to lift up to the highest standard the principles and teachings of the fraternity.

Concerning the grand secretariat he refers to the lengthy detailed report of Isaac Cutter, which, he says, reveals his activity as a scribe and not a Pharisee.

Concerning the grand lodge taking over the monitor, Brother Atkinson thinks that the right thing was done and says that every grand lodge should own and control its monitor and reap the profits of its publication.

The correspondence report of Charles H. Martin is proclaimed as a valued and carefully prepared production.

Lodges 151 — Charles S. Angel, G. M., North Fork.

Members 20,711 — John M. Collins, G. S., Charleston.

WISCONSIN, F. & A. M.

1918

The proceedings of this substantial and conservative grand lodge, come to us in an attractive volume, well printed, but without any attempt, whatsoever, at display.

The seventy-fourth annual Communication was held in the city of Milwaukee, June 11, 1918. The grand lodge was opened in ample form, after which, Willard S. Griswold, grand master, presented his annual report. In his opening remarks he refers to the tremendous efforts that the country is making in its prosecution of the war, and observes—

> There is nothing but loyalty among us, nothing but an exalted devotion to our country in this supreme hour of her destiny. Gladly have we given up our sons and our brothers, our money and our time, our energies and our talents, and we stand ready to give more and more and still more until the strongholds of autocracy fall before the free democracies of the earth and a peace shall be achieved which no sinister military power shall be able to disrupt or disturb. And when it shall all be over and the victory shall be won it will be Masonic truth and Masonic principles of Justice and Charity and Brotherhood which shall, in ways which we cannot now foresee, bring the nations of the world into a unity of spirit and of purpose never dreamed of before the commencement of this war. What important role Freemasonry may be called upon to play in the last great act of this world drama when the guns have ceased to roar, we can not know. It may be no different in kind or in degree than

> our present mission, and if so it is much and it is enough. If so it is to continue with ever increasing influence in a fast growing field to inspire Masons with a deeper sense of justice, a keener regard for truth in all their dealings, a quicker response to the cry of human need, and a more sympathetic and comprehensive love for all our fellow-men.

The grand master briefly refers to the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions. He submits what he calls, eleven decisions. He decided that a Masonic Lodge could not permit an Eastern Star Chapter to hold a card party in a Masonic hall but that it might do so in rooms adjoining thereto.

A peculiar question was one, wherein a lodge wanted to know if it could receive and act upon the petition of an alien enemy. The answer was, that the matter was one for the grand lodge to decide. Another decision was that a lodge could not prepare and present an act in a public vaudeville show, the proceeds of which were intended for the Red Cross.

He decided that physical defects, existing from birth, did not place such cases in a class by themselves. Another momentous question submitted, was as to whether a lodge should have by-laws. The grand master replied, that while there was no provision in the law requiring them, no lodge should be without them. This is a rather peculiar state of affairs, and the query naturally arises, as to just exactly how our Wisconsin lodges, manage their affairs without some sort of local regulations.

The grand master reports that he issued 358 dispensations to waive the time limit in the matter of balloting and conferring degrees. He states that all but ten related to men entering military service.

All requests from lodges to participate in public parades were refused with but one exception, permission having been granted to one lodge to participate in a Liberty Loan parade. Why the grand master made this discrimination is not indicated in his report.

The grand master reports that he wrote about 1300 letters and sent about 100 telegrams. He certainly got off easy.

Two dispensations for the formation of new lodges were issued, and two corner-stones were laid, one of which was for a Masonic Temple. The brethren of Wisconsin must be financially prosperous for the grand master states that he took care of all requests for relief with an expenditure of $165.00.

Concerning the conference of Grand Masters, held in Washington, last December, the grand master makes this observation, which shows very clearly that the Grand Lodge of Wisconsin, feels amply able to "paddle it's own canoe."

> I believe that a National Masonic Council of Defense and a huge war fund would accomplish little more, compared with what

is now being done, than to advertise Freemasonry and its achievements in the public press—a thing which cheapens it and which it neither needs nor desires. I believe that this and every other grand jurisdiction is amply competent to manage its own affairs and to measure up to the high standard of the responsibilities of this hour without help or interference from any other source.

In speaking of the unsettled condition of our times Brother Griswold says—

> I speak of this to draw the lesson of admonition that we should exercise the utmost care to hold fast to our ancient and time-honored customs and usages—not to deviate one iota from the important principles which Freemasonry upbears—never to lose sight of the landmarks of our Masonic faith through all the storms of the voyage. Oh, let it be burned into our thought in the midst of the perils which surround us that Masonry without its God is a poor, useless creed, and without its Bible is an empty, unmeaning form, "a tale told by an idiot, full of sound and fury, signifying nothing," and that anything that calls itself Masonry, and has not the one true God and the one holy book, is not Masonry in fact, and can never be recognized by us as such.

Among the recommendations made by the grand master were the following:—that the provision demanding special fees for the conferring of degrees out of time, be abrogated during the period of the war; that all grand lodge dues and assessments against members who are in military service be remitted during the period of the war. Also that there be incorporated in the law an edict requiring all candidates to show an element of proficiency in the Master Mason's degree before participation in the membership of the lodge. This latter recommendation is characteristic of those members of our fraternity who judge its worth wholly and solely by its ritual and its regulations. Their idea of doing something for the fraternity is to add a new regulation, or requirement or to make some ruling whereby it is possible to distinguish a Masonic legal hair, "twixt south and southwest side." There is absolutely no argument in favor of requiring candidates to pass an examination in the catechism of the third degree more than to make the candidates progress through Masonry a little more burdensome and to exploit the pet projects of grand lecturers. The catechism as now required from candidates are entirely too long and as a result the examinations passed in nearly every lodge are far from satisfactory. Some of the keenest and brightest men in the business world have found it next to impossible to master the long array of irrelevant matter which they are required to learn in their Masonic progress. This whole question ought to be solved by the preparation of short, concise catechisms embodying those essentials which every Mason ought to know. It should then follow that every candidate be made to master these, and pass a satisfactory examination thereon. Every Masonic lodge should be penalized which attempts to

smuggle through candidates improperly instructed, and every master who conducts an examination behind the ante-room door ought to be deposed from office.

There are some things in our Masonic system, that every Mason should know. For instance, how many Masons are acquainted with the five points of fellowship, wherein is to be found a declaration of Masonic duty. Every newly raised Master Mason, ought to be made to learn these and be brought to a realization of his relationship with his Masonic brethren. Such instruction is far more desirable than much that is now required.

The grand treasurer reports receipts from all sources of $174,828.05, and expenditures of $116,636.24.

The report of the grand secretary, William W. Perry, is devoted to statistics and various financial matters. He reports a net gain in membership for the year 1917, of 1,578.

The report of the Board of Directors of the Masonic Home is complete. The committee report that there are not as many members in the home as might be accommodated. This is a rather unusual condition as in most jurisdictions the demand for admission is constantly growing.

The Committee on Masonic Research, state that they have been devoting their efforts toward the organization of study clubs and the preparation of subject matter for the enlightenment of the brethren.

The grand lecturer discloses the fact that he visited and instructed, 141 lodges, and that he finds an increasing interest in the ritual.

A resolution appropriating the sum of $365 for the care of ten orphaned French children, received the approval of the Finance Committee and was adopted by the grand lodge. The Finance Committee, recommended that the mileage paid representatives for attendance on the meetings of the grand lodge be left at three cents per mile each way, but that the per diem be increased from $2.00 to $3.00.

The salary of the grand lecturer was increased from 15 to 18 dollars per day, he to pay his own expenses.

The Committee on Masonic Jurisprudence found little fault with the grand master, for they approved everything he did, with one exception, and that related to the examination of candidates in the Master Mason degree. It was a level headed committee that handled this subject. Their conclusions are sound and this is what they said—

> Such measures have been adopted in other grand jurisdictions and wherever adopted have been ineffectual. They seem to deprive a Mason of a portion of his Masonic rights without a trial. To be consistent such a regulation, if adopted, should require as well

periodic examinations of the older members of the lodge and for their exclusion from lodge membership if found not to be proficient.

Our clever Iowa brethren must have been at work among our Wisconsin brethren for a resolution which was introduced asking the grand lodge to officially recognize the Iowa Research Society and its publication went to the Committee on Jurisprudence and was disposed of in the following language—

> The magazine, published by this society is one that has much merit, but it is only one among a number of excellent magazines published in the United States. It has always been the policy of the grand lodge not to give its official endorsement to any Masonic publication.

Wisconsin apparently has some very wise heads on the shoulders of some of its committeemen.

The grand lodge closed with the installation of officers, and the presentation of the customary jewel.

The report on foreign correspondence is prepared by Aldro Jenks. Illinois receives five pages of very generous treatment. Liberal paraphrases are taken from the report of Grand Master Wheeler. All that he said upon the subject of military lodges is quoted. Concerning Brother Wheeler's decision to the effect that the petition and fee should be returned to a petitioner who permanently removes to another jurisdiction, Brother Jenks has the following to say—

> It seems to us this decision is unsound. If a petition is presented to a lodge by a person who is proper material of the lodge, that lodge obtains full jurisdiction; it has territorial jurisdiction of him and personal jurisdiction by virtue of his voluntary petition. It cannot be divested therefrom by the action of the candidate in removing outside of the jurisdiction of the lodge. We think the Committee on Jurisprudence must so have understood the question when it said:
>
> That while the construction of the most worshipful grand master placed on this proviso should not be disapproved, yet it should not stand as a precedent for future most worshipful grand masters in dealing with a like situation.
>
> The decision is radically unsound and illogical.

Concerning the regulation adopted prohibiting Masons from appearing in public drinking saloons in Masonic clothing, Brother Jenks makes the following observation—

> We cannot believe that any great necessity could exist for such legislation, particularly the last class of legislation mentioned and would regard it as a Masonic offense irrespective of any express provision being made for it in the code. That such an act would bring disgrace to the name of Masonry is very apparent.

Brother Jenks is quite right and the legislation referred to should never have been considered by the Grand Lodge of Illinois because as a result the impression has gone out to the Masonic world that we are a bunch of booze fighters and that we have been compelled to resort to legislation in order to accomplish that, which we have failed to acquire through our teachings.

Concerning the correspondence report of Brother Charles H. Martin, Brother Jenks quotes in full his report to the grand lodge upon the recognition of the Grand Lodge of Panama, because he looks upon the position assumed as a correct one.

Concerning the Correspondence report in general, Brother Jenks makes this comment—

> A year ago in reviewing the work of our brother we said that "his labors will meet with a fair measure of commendation and deserve it. We miss, however, the freedom which characterized the writings of Brother Joseph Robbins and Brother Owen Scott."

Lodges 280 — David Harlowe, G. M., Milwaukee.

Members 34,877 — William W. Perry, G. S., Milwaukee.

WYOMING, A. F. & A. M.

1917

The proceedings are offered in an attractive volume. The injunction ordered to be read in every subordinate lodge in the jurisdiction appears on the title page.

There is printed as a part of the proceedings the list of officers and members of every lodge in the state. As has been heretofore noted under other jurisdictions this practice serves no real purpose.

Three special communications for the purpose of laying cornerstones were held during the year. These are given in detail as a sort of preface to the proceedings proper. It has long been the custom in Illinois for the grand master to report these special ceremonials as a part of the transactions of his office.

The forty-third annual communication was held at Cheyenne. The first thing after the opening was the reception of the American flag and the singing of the Star Spangled Banner.

A detailed statement of the Committee on Credentials burdens the introductory pages of the proceedings.

In his opening remarks the grand master referred to the great European war in the following—

> In this national crisis, the Masonic Order has a serious and extremely important duty to perform. Almost everything depends on the individual member, whether the fraternity will realize the sense of its responsibility or not. We should be actively engaged in the Red Cross work in every town and city in this jurisdiction. In every community our order should be represented in the public organizations for national relief work. It is a time when we should make every effort to co-operate in the common cause of our country.

His report on necrology is quite lengthy. He pays tributes of respect to the dead of his own and other grand jurisdictions.

The grand master accepted the invitation of the grand master of Oregon to join in a general conference of grand masters, but later—

> Received a letter from the grand master of Oregon, stating that in view of the alarming lack of interest on the part of the majority of the grand jurisdictions of the United States, the Grand Jurisdiction of Oregon, therefore, believed it would be wisest and more in comport with the general feeling on the subject, to withdraw its overtures for a Grand Lodge Conference at this time.

The grand master rendered a few decisions, one of them to the effect—

> That all visiting brethren from outside jurisdictions be required to present their receipts to the secretary of the lodge visited once a year, the secretary keeping a record of the same.

The grand master reports that permission was given to a traveling lecturer to visit and speak to lodges under such arrangements as he might be able to make with them.

A number of dispensations were issued, none of them covering unusual circumstances.

A detailed account of the visitations made by the grand master are made a part of his report. These items will no doubt be read with much interest by the lodges concerned as they will be anxious to know what he said about them.

Having received numerous inquiries as to the propriety of displaying the United States flag in lodge rooms, the grand master issued an order requiring all lodges to display the Stars and Stripes in their places of meeting.

Our brethren of Wyoming were not exempt from pursuit of the chain letter crank for it seems that he tried to get them to disseminate his little prayer. The grand master advised the lodges of his state to pay no attention to chain letters.

He apparently thinks that all good Masons should pay their dues promptly for he says—

> One whose receipt is over two years past due is not entitled to visit in this jurisdiction, and will recommend to the grand lodge that they make it one year, believing that it is long enough for anyone to be delinquent.

The report of the grand secretary is largely statistical and financial. He mentions the purchase of some copies of the list of regular lodges from the Pantagraph Company at Bloomington. This no doubt pleased the grand printer of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, Alonzo Dolan.

The grand secretary reports the issuance of past masters' certificates to such past masters as complied with the requirements whatever they may have been.

The grand lodge is collecting a fund for its Masonic home and already has a very substantial amount on hands.

The Committee on Grand Master's Address is called in Wyoming the Committee on Distribution, and they kept within the limitations as defined by this word.

Some confusion arose in the state by reason of the meetings of the several grand bodies occurring on the same date, and a committee was appointed with the idea of arranging the annual sessions in such a manner as to avoid conflict.

It is gleaned from the proceedings that a committee has been at labor revising the code of the grand lodge. When their report was presented a motion was made that a picture of the Code Committee be bound with a printed copy of the code of laws. This is rather an unusual thing but it will serve one mighty good purpose. In later years when any brother is disposed to want to cuss the committee for some provision in the law which he doesn't happen to like he can have some satisfaction by turning to their pictures and gaining some idea of what they looked like.

A motion was made and carried that a special committee be appointed to index the code. Why not let Elmer Edwards of Illinois do the job? Some time ago he indexed the constitution and by-laws of Illinois and when he got through the index was bigger than the subject matter indexed and now the grand lodge is seriously considering having an index made to the index.

It was truly a patriotic and thoughtful impulse that caused the grand lodge to direct—

> That every subordinate lodge in this jurisdiction shall procure a book for the purpose of recording the names of brothers who have answered to the call of their country in this great struggle for the Great Masonic Principles of Liberty and Equity, and that the secretary of each lodge shall keep in communication, when possible, with each and every brother above mentioned, and send to

him a notice of the meeting of their lodges and such other information as may be deemed proper.

It also adopted the following resolution—

That the secretary of each subordinate lodge shall, within thirty days after a brother of his lodge has answered his country's call, notify the grand secretary of such fact, giving the full name of said brother and in what capacity he is serving his country.

Be it Further Resolved, That this grand lodge refund to each subordinate lodge of this grand jurisdiction the amount of grand lodge dues paid by said subordinate lodge on brothers who have answered their country's call, where said subordinate lodge has refunded the local dues to said brother.

The correspondence report is prepared by Joseph N. Lowndes in a manner which shows his disposition to be fair as well as charitable. He quotes in full Grand Master Wheeler's opening remarks to the grand lodge and reproduces what he says upon the question of life members who have not been heard of for seven years and endorses his action in dealing with public dances, picnics and other entertainment which introduce features objectionable to Masonry. He likes the correspondence report of Charles H. Martin and calls it an excellent one.

Lodges 34 M.W. T. Blake Kennedy, G. M., Cheyenne, Wyo.

Members 3,701 R.W. Joseph M. Lowndes, G. S., Lander, Wyo.

ADDENDA

TO THE

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON CORRESPONDENCE

1918

MEMBERSHIP STATISTICS

Grand Lodge.	*No. of Lodges.*	*Year.*	*Latest Report.*	*Net Gain.*	*Net Loss.*
Alabama*	546	1916	29,681	1,085	
Arizona	24	1917	2,876	208	
Arkansas*	565	1916	21,436	670	
California*	379	1916	60,384	2,634	
Colorado	132	1917	19,123	948	
Connecticut	110	1917	26,954	977	
Delaware	22	1916	2,698	149	
District of Columbia	34	1916	10,526	355	
Florida	243	1917	13,364	640	
Georgia	661	1916	42,749	1,252	
Idaho	64	1917	5,112	307	
Illinois	858	1917	157,208	9,153	
Indiana	564	1917	77,847	4,127	
Iowa	529	1917	56,592	2,623	
Kansas	416	1918	48,157	2,473	
Kentucky	593	1916	44,437	1,050	
Louisiana	227	1917	18,314	546	
Maine	206	1917	31,855	527	
Maryland	116	1916	17,800	665	
Massachusetts	262	1916	72,499	2,245	
Michigan	439	1917	86,993	4,442	
Minnesota	264	1917	33,766	1,752	
Mississippi	378	1917	20,467	133	
Missouri	639	1916-17	70,144	3,291	
Montana	104	1916	9,902	921	
Nebraska	270	1917	25,044	1,380	
Nevada	23	1917	2,032	55	
New Hampshire	80	1917	11,111	53	
New Jersey	199	1917	44,381	2,124	
New Mexico	45	1916	3,737	173	
New York	861	1917	203,716	6,293	
North Carolina	437	1917	25,910	880	
North Dakota	114	1917	10,668	613	
Ohio*	546	1916	114,293	7,254	
Oklahoma	441	1917	29,520	965	
Oregon	142	1916-17	15,204	425	
Pennsylvania*	497	1916	120,546	5,086	
Philippine Islands	38	1917	1,839	1,128	
Porto Rico	42	1917	2,000	382	
Rhode Island*	39	1916	9,832	364	
South Carolina	268	1917	17,397	617	
South Dakota	143	1917	12,226	522	
Tennessee	462	1917	29,258	958	
Texas	901	1916	68,324	2,515	
Utah	20	1917	2,605	132	
Vermont	103	1917	14,533	292	
Virginia	328	1917	26,244	697	
Washington*	203	1917	22573	875	
West Virginia	150	1916	19,693	865	
Wisconsin	277	1917	33,299	1,433	
Wyoming	34	1916-17	3,701	183	
Total U. S.	15,038		1,850,570	72,432	

*Figures, 1917.

GRAND LODGES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES RECOGNIZED BY THE GRAND LODGE OF ILLINOIS

Grand Lodge.	*No. of Lodges.*	*Year.*	*Latest Report.*	*Net Gain.*	*Net Loss.*
Alberta	93	1916-17	7,513	347	
British Columbia	79	1917	7,683		93
Canada*	453	1916	63,477	2,415	
Cuba	106	1916-17	6,907	717	
England‡		1917			
Ireland‡	426	1916			
Manitoba	77	1917	7,393	152	
New Brunswick	39	1916-17	3,806	121	
New South Wales	263	1916	22,465	959	
New Zealand	205	1916	13,622	187	
Nova Scotia	73	1917	6,927	72	
Prince Edward Island	15	1917	881	27	
Quebec	66	1916-17	8,491	238	
Queensland*	69	1916	2,510	220	
Saskatchewan	125	1917	7,618	501	
Scotland†					
South Australia	77	1917	6,020	163	
Tasmania‡	31	1917	about,400		
Victoria	220	1916	15,812	592	
Western Australia	90	1916	4,131	23	
Total foreign membership	2,521		186,795	6,734	103
Deduct net loss				103	
Foreign totals	2,521		186,795	6,631	
U. S. totals	15,038		1,850,570	72,432	
Grand totals	17,559		2,037,365	79,063	

*Figures 1917.
†Lodges not reporting.
‡No figures given.

COMPARISON OF THE NUMBER OF MASTER MASONS TO EACH THOUSAND MALE, WHITE CITIZENS, AGE 21 YEARS AND OVER, BY STATES BASED ON LAST AVAILABLE RETURNS.

PREPARED BY THE GRAND SECRETARY OF THE GRAND LODGE OF KANSAS.

over, by states. *Based on last available returns.*

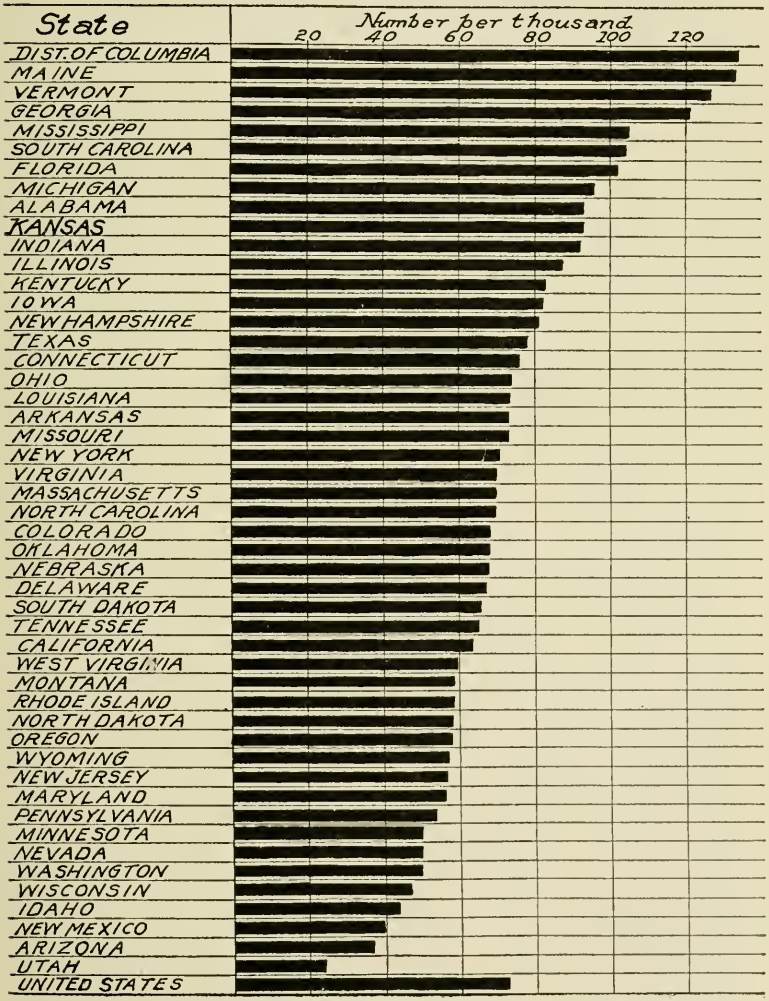


TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF MASTER MASONS PER ONE THOUSAND MALE WHITE POPULATION, AGE TWENTY-ONE YEARS AND OVER, BY STATES, WITH THEIR RELATIVE RANK.

State.	*Male White Population 21 years and over.*	*Number of Master Masons*	*Number of Master Masons per thousand Population.*	*Relative Rank.*
Alabama	299,188	27,916	93.3	9
Arizona	73,287	2,688	36.5	48
Arkansas	284,459	20,766	73.3	20
California	912,254	57,856	63.5	32
Colorado	267,364	18,175	68.1	26
Connecticut	342,927	25,983	75.8	17
Delaware	52,837	3,541	67.1	29
Florida	124,536	12,724	102.0	7
Georgia	353,802	42,749	120.6	4
Idaho	110,535	4,811	43.6	46
Illinois	1,703,199	148,055	86.9	12
Indiana	801,783	73,720	91.9	11
Iowa	658,229	53,969	82.0	14
KANSAS	490,941	45,684	92.9	10
Kentucky	527,760	43,387	82.3	13
Louisiana	240,708	17,768	73.5	19
Maine	235,251	31,328	133.2	2
Maryland	303.945	17,112	56.2	40
Massachusetts	1,009,078	70,254	69.6	24
Michigan	864,610	82,551	95.5	8
Minnesota	639,279	31,903	49.9	42
Mississippi	193,252	20,334	105 2	5
Missouri	920,141	66,853	72.7	21
Montana	154,166	8,981	58.3	34
Nebraska	350.401	23,664	67.7	28
Nevada	39,797	1,977	49.8	43
New Hampshire	136,468	11,058	81.0	15
New Jersey	746,101	42,257	56.6	39
New Mexico	93,993	3,737	39.6	47
New York	2,790,796	197,423	70.6	22
North Carolina	359,382	25,030	69.6	25
North Dakota	173,573	10,055	57.9	36
Ohio	1,445,077	107,039	74.0	18
Oklahoma	410,425	27,788	67.8	27
Oregon	256,422	14,779	57.8	37
Pennsylvania	2,244,754	120,576	53.7	41
Rhode Island	160,767	9,466	58.8	35
South Carolina	165,891	16,712	103.8	6
South Dakota	177,848	11,709	65.8	30
Tennessee	433,526	28,300	65.3	31
Texas	836,959	65,809	78 6	16
Utah	103,547	2,473	23.9	49
Vermont	112,531	14,241	126.7	3
Virginia	363,939	25,547	70.0	23
Washington	438,174	21,698	49.6	44
West Virginia	315,592	18,827	59.6	33
Wisconsin	682,661	31,866	46.7	45
Wyoming	61,876	3,518	56.9	38
District of Columbia	76,140	10.171	133.8	1
	24,540.172	1,774 808	72 4	

COMPARISON OF MASONIC CHARITIES.

By J. Le Grand Everitt, Grand Lodge of North Carolina

It is not out of place to record the charitable activities of Masonry in different parts of America.

From the foundation of the oldest Masonic lodge of England, the Mother Lodge of 1717, Masonry has devoted a large part of its energies to relieving the distress of needy brethren. In 30 jurisdictions, homes for the old and indigent, hospitals for the sick and afflicted, and orphanages are conducted.

In seven states the Masonic Order maintains separate institutions for the old and the children. Pennsylvania maintains three.

In every instance the Order of the Eastern Star has voluntarily contributed to these charities. In North Carolina the Order of the Eastern Star is very active in helping the Masons to finance our home, though to this date we have never received an application from an Eastern Star Chapter for admission of one of their members. Every guest of the home at this date has come under the credentials of a Masonic lodge.

In Oklahoma, Ohio, Alabama, Kansas, and Missouri, the O. E. S. has built hospitals in connection with the established Masonic Homes. Kentucky claims to be the pioneer in Masonic Home work, having established her home in 1871. North Carolina was one year later at Oxford.

The amount of money invested in Masonic Homes of America is $15,000,000. About 5,000 old people are being cared for in 39 institutions. The following states maintain homes:

Alabama has, near Montgomery, on an estate of 326 acres, a Masonic Home established in 1912-13, with hospital built and furnished by Order Eastern Star in 1915. Assets, $133,408.83.

Arkansas has a Masonic Orphans' Home at Batesville on an estate of 100 acres. Cost, $125,000. Established in 1909.

California has two homes. Assests $449,596.48. The De Soto Home for adults, on an estate of 267 acres, was established in 1889. The San Gabriel Home for boys and girls was established in 1909. The Grand Lodge of California has established a third home. On May 20, 1916, there was laid at Covina the corner stone for a new Masonic Home for children.

Connecticut has a home at Wallingford on an estate of 100 acres. Resources, $158,015.95. Established in 1889.

Delaware has a small but beautiful home at Wilmington, established in 1912. Assets $30,144.04.

District of Columbia has a home at Tacoma Park, established in 1913, which represents an outlay of more than $100,000. Established by the Sisters of the Order of the Eastern Star and is now receiving the support of the Masonic Fraternity. The Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia taxes each of its members $1.00 per year to support the same. Endowment Fund, $4,080.02.

Florida has no home, but has accumulated for the establishment of a Masonic Home and Orphanage a fund of $27,866.69.

Georgia established a home at Macon in 1905 on an estate of 100 acres. Assets, $45,000.

Illinois has two homes. The Sullivan Home established in 1914, with its hospital built in 1915, is on an estate of 474 acres, all of which was donated and is very valuable. Cost of buildings, $350,000. The La Grange Orphans' Home, erected in 1910, has assets amounting to $165,000.

Indiana laid the cornerstone of a new Masonic Home at Franklin in 1916 on an estate of 273 acres. The Order Easter Star contributed $32,000.00 of the $246,000.00 raised, and there is no debt on the property.

Kansas has a home at Wichita, established in 1896. Assets, $275,000, of which $25,000 is Endowment Fund.

Kentucky was first in America to establish a home, and now has two homes. The Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home was founded in Louisville in 1871. Assets, $694,016.03, of which $327,859.24 is Endowment Fund. The Old Masons' Home at Shelbyville was established in 1901 on property valued at $65,000.00.

Massachusetts opened its Masonic Home at Charlton in 1911 on an estate of 397 acres. Assets, $244,165.94.

Michigan maintained a Masonic Home for 20 years at Grand Rapids. It was lost by fire in 1910. A generous friend, Mr. Ami Wright, although not a member of the craft, gave to the Grand Lodge of Michigan in 1911 its present home at Alma, which after remodeling and the addition of a $35,000.00 hospital is valued at $220,000.00, and has bequests of over $25,000.00.

Minnesota is raising a Home Fund, and has about $75,000.00 of the $100,000.00 required before starting to build. Of this the Order Eastern Star has contributed $25,000.00.

Mississippi has an orphanage at Meridian. Established in 1911. Assets, $195,460.00, of which $112,460.00 is Endowment Fund.

Missouri has a home at St. Louis, founded in 1889, and a hospital erected in 1915 at a cost of $100,000.00. Assets, $638,450.00, of which $130,950.00 is Endowment Fund.

Montana established a Masonic Home near Helena in 1909. Assets, $83,526.45.

Nebraska established a home at Plattsmouth in 1903. Assets, $211,653.29.

New Hampshire established a home at Manchester in 1903.

New Jersey established a Masonic Home and Orphanage at Burlington in 1898 on a large farm. Additional assets, $267,000.00.

New York established a Masonic Home at Utica in 1902 at a cost of $638,965.24.

North Carolina established a Masonic Orphans' Home in 1874 at Oxford on a fine farm, and care for nearly 400 children. A Masonic and Order Eastern Star Home for old people was opened at Greensboro in 1914 on property valued at $48,000.00.

Ohio established a home in 1897 on an estate of 150 acres near Springfield. Assets, besides the land, about $600,000.00, of which $153,964 is Endowment Fund.

Oklahoma has transferred the old Indian School Reservation at Darlington, with building and 674 acres of land, into a Masonic Home, which was opened in 1910. Assets, $191,050.00.

Pennsylvania has three homes. The Broad Street Home and the William Elkins Orphanage are included under the title, "The Masonic Home of Pennsylvania," and are controlled by a corporation. Established in 1885. Assets, $981,636.84. The Grand Lodge Home at Elizabethtown was opened in 1913 on an estate of 982 acres. The cost was $1,188,000.00. The home will accommodate 700 persons. It is said to be the largest and costliest Masonic Home in the world.

South Carolina has no home, but has accumulated a Home Fund of $100,000.00.

Tennessee established a Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home at Nashville in 1892 on property valued at $50,000.00. An Old Masons' Home is being built and will soon be open.

Texas has two homes. The grand lodge controls one at Fort Worth with an investment of $426,375.00, and Endowment Fund of about $200,-

000.00. The Home for Aged Masons was established in 1911 at Arlington at a cost of $78,000.00.

Virginia established a Masonic Orphanage near Richmond in 1890 on an estate of 63 acres. Assets, $130,000.00, including an endowment of $30,000.00, besides the buildings.

Washington opened a Masonic and Order Eastern Star Home at Puyalluy in 1914. It has a beautiful and valuable location, and in addition an investment of $65,000.00, and a bequest of $150,000.00.

The Grand Lodge of West Virginia has recently received a handsome legacy, which is to be used for a Masonic Home.

Wisconsin has a Masonic Home at Dousman under the control of Wisconsin Consistory. Arrangements are being made for it to pass to the control of the Grand Lodge of Wisconsin.

These institutions are established and maintained by appropriations from the grand bodies, contributions, legacies, and nearly every jurisdiction levies a per capita tax, the Grand Lodge, A. F. & A. M., tax ranging from 20c to $1.50, 50c being the usual assessment. The Eastern Star tax ranges from five to 25c per capita, but the Star supplements this tax with contributions on Home Day and from entertainments.

Rhode Island and New Mexico Grand Lodges are accumulating Home Funds, and several others are considering the advisability of doing so. All but four of the grand jurisdictions of the Order of Eastern Star are each accumulating funds for a home, either independent, or in connection with the Masonic Home, and these four, as also many others, have each a Charity or Benevolent Fund.

MILITARY LODGES.

Francis V. Keesling, Grand Master of California.

A request for a dispensation empowering brethren who have entered the service of the United States in the Ambulance Corps to meet in a lodge capacity within camp or post, there to perform all functions of a regular lodge of Masons, except conferring degrees, was denied for the following reasons:

First: There is no power vested in the grand master to issue dispensations for traveling lodges;

Second: Rigid observation of the limits of, and diligence in avoiding intrusion upon, the jurisdiction of other grand lodges;

Third: Safeguards provided for the formation of regular lodges would to some extent be slighted, namely: the recommendation of a nearest lodge as contemplated by the constitution, near in the sense of being neighbors; the provision of a safe and suitable lodge-room; the certificate of an inspector based upon investigation among, and the good report of, neighbors, among other things; and thereafter the requisite supervision;

Fourth: The question of the propriety of so-called army lodges of any kind which seems to me to be as important a factor as any stated. Without question, a man who thoroughly understands the objects and purposes of Masonry should make an ideal soldier, and, viewed from the position of one who understands, it would seem that nothing but benefit should be derived from such an institution. One of the important elements in military training is thorough appreciation of lack of distinction, except such as is due to rank which experience has demonstrated to be necessary for the system. While the attempt to make use of membership in the institution and, as well, the results of any such attempt, may readily be disregarded as negligible, yet there must be taken into consideration the point of view of non-members of the fraternity who are comprised in the same military establishment and the dissatisfaction which might be occasioned by the existence of such a lodge.

It seems self-evident, even were there authority to grant such a dispensation, that there is possibility of greater detriment than benefit. One of the lessons most thoroughly impressed upon a Mason is that of loyalty and it should at once be apparent that he should pursue such a course as will contribute most to the welfare of his country. A citizen in the exercise of an unquestioned prerogative becomes a Mason —as a soldier he will recognize the limitations peculair to the establishment and be concerned in the proper discharge of his duties as

such. The establishment of a military lodge is unnecessary for the exemplification of fraternity and even more important Masonic precepts, or for instruction and even some ceremonials. It has been said that California is a conservative jurisdiction. It would be better to say that true to tradition the Masonic system is recognized as a finished product.

In connection with the subject matter it is interesting to note the position of our own grand lodge in the sixties, at which time the question was under consideration.

The chairman of the Committee on Correspondence of the grand lodge for the year 1863 was Brother Gilbert B. Claiborne, grand master in 1865-66, and an eminent Masonic authority.

The following is from the report of the Committee on Correspondence of 1863:

"New Jersey: The report on correspondence is from the familiar pen of Brother Joseph H. Hough, grand secretary, reviewing proceedings of twenty-seven grand bodies in an interesting manner. Ours is very fully noticed. He takes occasion, in considering the report of Rhode Island for the year ending June, 1861, to express an opinion concerning traveling lodges in connection with the army now in the field; and as there is already developed a difference of opinion, we present his view of the subject. He says:

" 'Have we not all acknowledged that state lines are the territory exclusively belonging to the grand lodge of the states? And do we not expect that they on their part will be true to their vows? But if we encroach upon them by founding lodges, traveling or otherwise, we violate a principle which has never been questioned. The Grand Lodge of Hamburg granted a warrant to Pythagoras Lodge located in the city of New York, which has been universally condemned by all the American grand lodges, and very properly so; and we can not but see that this matter of making traveling lodges to meet on the territory of another is of very doubtful propriety.'

"The grand lodge concurred in the opinion of the grand master and the committee. * * * We choose to express an opinion concerning the propriety rather than the legality, at this time. * * * As we have been in our intercourse honest and true in respect for the jurisdictional rights of another's, we will not be consistent, at least, if we do not agree that there is impolicy—saying nothing of the legality —in permitting brethren, by the authority of our seal, to hold a lodge within the recognized limits of a sister jurisdiction of an American state. We believe that such an act would damage the interest and reputation of our grand lodge, and accomplish no good which can not

be done by individual Masons who are lovers of our whole fraternity wheresoever dispersed.''

Brother Claiborne continued as chairman of the Committee on Correspondence for the year 1864 and the following is quoted from the report of that committee submitted to the grand lodge that year:

''Maine: The address sustains the reputation its author (M. W. Josiah H. Drummond) has acquired by three years of active and steady devotion to the duties of his office. He issued dispensations to form five new lodges. Consequent upon grave doubts expressed last year by him concerning the propriety for granting dispensations for traveling lodges with the army, he denied an application in the preceding August, made by certain Masons of the Ninth Maine Regiment, and in bringing the matter forward he says:

'' 'This grand lodge has always held that the jurisdiction of a grand lodge should never be invaded under any pretext or for any cause whatever. She has taken that position in regard to herself in her contest with the Grand Lodge of England, and has called upon her sister grand lodges to sustain her in it. They have with one voice responded to her call. She must be the last to depart from the policy she has done so much to establish.'

''In addition to this legal objection, he entertains doubts respecting the policy, even if there was no legal barrier because the regiments are made up of men coming together from different sections of the state, having little or no acquaintance with or knowledge of each other, and because the knowledge which they acquire of each other in camp is not sufficient to enable them to determine whether the applicant would be an ornament or a disgrace to us. He gave permission to his Craftsmen in the armies to assemble in safe places for mutual instruction and rehearsal of the lectures and exemplification of the work, for exchange of fraternal greetings and the performance of ceremonial rites at the funeral of a brother. The grand lodge approved his reasons for declining to grant a dispensation.''

The value of this opinion is appreciated by all who know the eminence attained by M. W. Josiah H. Drummond in the ranks of Masonry.

In the case of application for a dispensation for a lodge with full powers and prerogatives two additional objections may be made:

First: Possible conflict arising from residence of those who might be admitted into such a lodge;

Second: Confusion relative to membership upon surrender of the charter of such a lodge.

Somewhat akin to this was an inquiry whether the grand master would grant a dispensation for the formation of a lodge at Mare Island Navy Yard, to which I responded as follows:

"I am of the impression that dispensation for lodges at barracks or navy yards situated within a reasonable distance from lodges regularly established in home communities should not be granted.

"Without reflection upon the character of the men in the army or navy, the membership of the fraternity must be safeguarded and it can be no better safeguarded than by generally insisting upon application for membership in lodges in the community where a man has been reared or wherein he has lived for such a length of time as to have established a reputation. Lodges established in towns will proceed more cautiously and carefully and will safeguard not only the membership of this jurisdiction, but do full justice to the jurisdiction from which the applicant hails and who may only be temporarily removed therefrom, and in this connection I am of the opinion that the dispensation to ballot upon members of the army and navy should be carefully safeguarded and extended only in case of those who are regularly engaged in that service and not temporarily, in due consideration of the jurisdiction to which a man temporarily enlisted in the army and navy will eventually return."

Many of the reasons assigned in support of my position with reference to traveling lodges are applicable to lodges of this character.

REPORT OF GRAND CORRESPONDENT OF UTAH ON THE REQUEST OF THE GRAND LODGE OF FRANCE.

To the M. W. Grand Lodge, F. & A. M. of Utah:

A letter from the Grand Lodge of France, under date of July 26, 1917, has been referred to your Committee on Correspondence for consideration and report.

This communication, after briefly reciting the conditions which called it forth,—viz., the landing of American soldiers upon French soil, and a desire for a closer union of the Masons of the two countries which this event aroused,—extends an invitation to the Grand Lodge of Utah to enter into fraternal relations with the Grand Lodge of France.

Since the reception of this request, your committee has given to the subject much careful consideration, and has endeavored to gather from all available sources information which would make possible a fair, impartial presentation of the matter.

In view of the fact that so little is known about French Masonry by the craft of this jurisdiction—and by Masons, generally—and that the causes of the present strained relations have not always been quite fairly presented, it seemed well to begin with a brief statement of some of the outstanding features of the situation.

Let it be borne in mind at the outset that the Grand Lodge of France and the Grand Orient of France are independent of each other, and have been independent since 1895, and that they differ in several particulars. Also, that the Grand Lodge of France has been independent of the Supreme Council of Scottish Rite, since 1904.

With this preliminary word, let us now note the causes of the rupture of fraternal relations between Masonry in France and that in English-speaking countries.

Sometime in the Fifties, a spurious Scottish Rite Council began creating symbolic lodges within the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. Because of relations existing between the prime mover in this invasion of jurisdiction, and the Grand Orient of France, appeal was made to that body for recognition. This was most emphatically denied, and the spurious council denounced as irregular and clandestine, by the Grand Orient. About ten years later—October 17, 1868—the new head of Freemasonry in France, accorded recognition to the spurious council, and commended its principles and work.

At once, Louisiana protested and then severed fraternal relations with the Grand Orient of France, and appealed to the grand lodges of

the United States to take similar action, thus giving added emphasis to the protest of Louisiana. In response, some twenty-eight or thirty of the grand lodges of this country took the action desired. In this, we have the original cause of the dissolution of fraternal relations between French Feemasonry and that of the English-speaking countries.

A little prior to this event, and for some years subsequent to it, there had been discussed in the Grand Orient of France the proposition to make certain changes in the constitution of that grand body. The Franco-German war, and events growing out of that struggle, appear to have pushed aside this matter. It came up again, however, and finally, at its session held September 10-15, 1877, the Grand Orient voted for the change, 135 to 76 lodges.

By this action the Bible was removed from the lodge rooms, references to the Deity in the constitution—and later in the ritual—were expunged, and the affirmation of belief in T.G.A.O.T.U. was no longer required of candidates.

It might be noted in this connection, that the statements adopted declared, concerning Masonry, that

"Its principles are absolute liberty of conscience, and human solidarity"; and further that "It excludes no person on account of his belief." This last clause was in the constitution before the changes were made.

At once when this action became known the Grand Lodge of Ireland, later, the Grand Lodge of England, and then other grand lodges in English-speaking countries followed in dissolving fraternal relations. In this country, those grand lodges which had taken such action, on account of the invasion of the Jurisdiction of Louisiana, protested against the course taken, and reaffirmed their determination to have nothing whatever to do with the Grand Orient of France.

Section 159 of the Utah Code, was adopted in 1872, as a standing resolution, thus registering the protest of this grand body against the invasion of the jurisdiction of a sister grand lodge.

We must not overlook the fact that, prior to the year 1849 the constitution, and the position of the Grand Orient—on the matters under consideration—were practically, if not precisely what they are today. It further appears that anterior to the date named not a few of the grand lodges of the United States were in fraternal relations with the Grand Orient.

However, in the year 1849, for reasons that are not quite clear—but for which various explanations have been alleged—the Grand Orient

modified its law so as to conform to the requirements set forth in that of the Grand Lodge of England. The much discussed action of 1877, as your committee understands it, simply restored the provisions of the constitution, as they were in 1849, and previous to that date.

The Grand Orient itself declared that in making the changes in 1877, it was simply reverting to the constitutions promulgated by the Grand Lodge of England in 1723, known to us as, "The Charges of a Freemason," published in our code, and "recognized and adopted by this grand lodge as the fundamental laws, rules and regulations for the government of all Masons" (Section 213). Reference to Article I, of those "Charges" seems to show that the point is well taken, and that the contention of the Grand Orient in this particular is sustained.

French Masons further declare that in making the changes of 1877, they had no thought either of becoming, or being known, as atheists. Your committee has been unable to find any evidence bearing directly upon the truth or falsity of this statement, but is strongly inclined to the belief that it accords better with the teachings of Masonry, and is more in harmony with that charity which should characterize the Mason, to accept the statement of these brothers. So far as your committee has been able to ascertain, assertions to the contrary are practically confined to two classes: Those who have not been in a position to investigate for themselves, and so have been obliged to take the statements of others, who, perhaps, were no better informed on the subject than they. Secondly, those who are the recognized, avowed, and unremitting enemies of Masons everywhere, as they have been, for some hundreds of years.

So much of a general statement concerning the Grand Orient, and French Masons, appeared to be necessary in order that we might have something of a background upon which to project other details which may seem to have a closer connection with the matter in hand.

It must be obvious too, that in dealing in this general way with the Grand Orient, we have at the same time indicated, in faint outline at least certain facts essential to an understanding of the Grand Lodge of France. The different threads of their history were so closely interwoven through so many years that they seem to form one, rather than two strands, and after their separation, and independence of organization came, there would still be, in things fundamental, such a community of interests and similarity of ideals, as to make the annals of the one, bear many of the marks of the history of the other. And in the great end sought, they are one. For the practical mission of Masonry in France, as was recently pointed out by a member of the Grand Lodge

of France, is "* * * to promote and sustain liberty, to further equal conditions and opportunities for all men, to urge a true fraternity among the people."

The Grand Lodge of France had its birth in 1804-1821, says another French writer, and became an independent, sovereign body in 1895, as already indicated. It has 150 lodges under its jurisdiction with a membership of 8,000, according to recent reports.

In the matters upon which the Grand Orient and English-speaking lodges differ, the Grand Lodge of France appears to be more tolerant, in that it permits its lodges to exercise their own judgment. At least one lodge under its jurisdiction is composed for the most part of English-speaking members, and follows the Grand Lodge of England in its religious requirements.

The Grand Lodge of France, like the Grand Orient, stands squarely on the constitution of 1723, and these, as already intimated, seem not to justify any such insistence upon the three points in dispute, as characterizes the attitude of grand lodges in this country. It may not be amiss to note in this connection, just what is demanded by that article "Concerning God and Religion."

It declares that "A Mason is oblig'd by his Tenure, to obey the moral law." It further declares, that, "if he rightly understands the Art, he will never be found a stupid atheist, nor an irreligious libertine." Without pausing to consider the possible or probable meaning of the words "atheist," and "libertine," as used in the year 1723, you notice that the condition is found in the words: "if he rightly understands the Art." It does not say that he may not be both an atheist and libertine (as well as a Mason; nor does it say that an atheist or a libertine, may not be a Mason. It does say that "if he rightly understands the Art" (but this he may not do), he will be neither the one nor the other. Then follows a statement of what formerly was required of the brethren, viz., to be of the religion of the country in which they lived, but now it is "thought more expedient only to oblige them to that religion in which all men agree, leaving their particular opinions to themselves; that is, to be good men and true, or men of honour and honesty, by whatever denominations or persuasions they may be distinguished." In this, then, we have the religious platform upon which the Grand Lodge of France takes its stand. In explanation of this, its grand secretary wrote recently: "Concerning metaphysical problems we impose no dogmas, but propose by symbols to give the initiate the proper conception of the G.A.O.T.U., believing that with our aid they will rightly understand our art and not be 'stupid atheists nor irreligious libertines'."

With this statement of the position of our French brothers, on the one hand, and the "essential requirements of regularity," as developed by various grand lodges on the other, it must be apparent to the least observant, that, as has been repeatedly pointed out by others, religion is the rock which has split our great fraternity into its several fragments or groups. It is no less apparent, to the Mason who observes, and reads, and thinks, that some grand lodges in the United States are very perceptibly swinging toward a confounding of Masonry and Christianity. For example, here is a grand orator who declared: "True Masonry * * * recognizes the church as having been founded by God, with His Son Jesus Christ as the chief corner-stone." And a grand master insisted that "Our Book of Constitutions teaches us that the Sublime Person, the Lion of the Tribe of Judah, is the Christ, the Son of the Living God: and if our Book of Constitutions does not so teach, then is our Masonry a sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal."

It is not the purpose of your committee to discuss this feature, or to indicate any of the results which naturally follow,—both as regards our relations with foreign bodies of Masonry, and in our own conception of the scope and character of the mission of Masonry,—from the injection of such radical and extraneous ideas into the teachings of Masonry. Our only purpose in thus contrasting and emphasizing the positions held by the two parties, on the questions at issue,— and at the same time directing attention to the fundamental principle which both accept,—is that we may be led to see more clearly what is our own attitude, and at the same time be helped to do justice to the claims of our brothers of France.

There is another fact which bears upon the situation, that should not be overlooked. The Grand Lodge of Utah is now, and has been for eighteen years, in fraternal relations with the Grand Orient of Belgium. In this, it does not stand alone, as there are fourteen other English-speaking grand lodges—all but one, your committee believes—in the United States, who are in fellowship with the Belgian Craft. Yet, on the question at issue, the Grand Orient of Belgium stands on precisely the same platform, as do the Grand Orient, and the Grand Lodge of France. And, like their brethren of France, Belgian Masons have been forced into what their critics call "political activities." This does not mean, however, in either case, petty partisan politics. On this matter a prominent Belgian Mason recently wrote, after giving a brief glance at the history of the craft in that distressed land, since 1832: "During all these years the fraternity has had to defend its existence against an enemy that has never become lax or indifferent. Its position has been peculiarly difficult, as representing liberal thought in a state that

has until of late years been closely under the influence of the Catholic church.'' And again, the same writer observes: ''As an organization, Belgian Masonry has on occasion entered the political arena. Unless this had been done, political intriguers hostile to us would have destroyed Freemasonry in our country, and would thus have weakened the liberal elements.'' It would therefore appear to be a fair and legitimate inference, that any objection to recognition of the Masonry of France, based on the conditions which are always specified, would apply with equal force to that of Belgium. Yet, as already noted, fifteen English-speaking jurisdictions, including Utah, maintain fraternal relations with the Grand Orient of Belgium.

Another set of facts, to which some weight at least should be given, is what may be called a noticeable trend in Masonic circles since the beginning of the war toward a new appraisal of the questions at issue. One manifestation of this appears in the unmistakable desire to go to the proper sources for information, rather than to accept the dictum of those who sometimes speak of the issues involved, with an emphasis of seeming conviction, out of all proportion to the extent and character of the knowledge possessed. Pending the outcome of such investigations, in some cases, and in others not even instituting them, significant action has been taken by several grand lodges.

The committee of one grand lodge reported adversely on the request of the Grand Lodge of France that is now before us. The principal reason adduced was, as stated in the words of the committee, that while ''the Grand Lodge of France is not strictly an atheistic organization, yet it is not deistic. It does not require of the petitioner a belief in deity.''

On the other hand, the Grand Lodge of New York, the largest and strongest, numerically, in the United States, if not in the world, at a called communication, held September 10, 1917, granted ''full liberty * * * to all New York Masons in France, to hold Masonic intercourse with French Masons and visit their lodges.'' This, your committee understands, was restricted to the Masons and lodges of the Grand Lodge of France.

The Grand Lodge of California, at its annual communication, held October 9-12, 1917, provided for a committee of five to consider the breach between French and Anglo-Saxon Masonry, and if possible, to devise some means by which it may be healed. Further, it modified any inhibition upon the right of visitation, in existence at that time, insofar as to allow California Masons to hold Masonic intercourse with the Masons of France, Belgium and Italy, and to visit any of their

lodges. Apparently, no distinction was made between members of the Grand Lodge and the Grand Orient of France.

At the annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, which occurred October 16-18, 1917, a resolution was adopted which declared null and void the edict of non-intercourse with the Grand Orient of France, which had been its code since 1869. Grand lodge also adopted the grand master's recommendation, "That where no official prohibition against intercourse exists, Kentucky Masons may visit all foreign lodges." This leaves the Kentucky brethren practically free, Masonically, to go where they please.

Earlier in the year just past, the grand master of Louisiana, in his address at the annual communication of that grand lodge, recommended that the Grand Orient of France should be recognized. This was referred to the Committee on Correspondence. Later in the session this committee reported that we "are inclined to believe that it is the right of the Grand Orient to receive our renewal of recognition," but it asked for further time, pending the arrival of certain documentary evidence which was desired.

When the Grand Lodge of Manitoba met in annual session in 1916, the Committee on Foreign Correspondence—now grand master of that jurisdiction—presented a very full and exceedingly valuable report on the status of the several grand lodges with which his own was not in correspondence, and made certain recommendations. At the annual communication of 1917, the same committee brought forward additional facts and recommended that the Grand Orient of France be recognized. By resolution the grand secretary was directed to bring this recommendation to the attention of the several lodges of the jurisdiction, request them to give the whole subject careful consideration, and to instruct their representatives to the annual communication of the present year in order that definite action may be had.

The foregoing are some of the considerations which have been pondered by your committee during the last six months.

The matter before us is intensely practical. Already Utah Masons are on the battlefields of France. Others will follow. The tremendous pressure of events is driving into the human mind and heart the fact that: New occasions teach new duties and that time makes good uncouth. New alignments, new adjustments, new evaluations of human relationships have been forced upon the world by the titanic life and death struggle which has now become our own, and in which we are to have, we trust, an honorable and no small part. Our soldiers from every part of this broad land—tens of thousands of whom are brothers

of the mystic-tie—are girding themselves for this awful conflict. Soon they will come to death-grips with the foe of every ideal for which America has stood in the years that lie behind—the foe of our common humanity. In this they will come into intimate fellowship with our brothers of England and our brothers of France, whose heroism on a hundred battlefields have glorified—beyond the power of time to tarnish—those qualities of human life which unmistakably link it to the Divine. Into all the fellowships and relationships of the soldier's life our boys will come—but into the joy of Masonic fellowship with the Mason heroes at their side, our members may not come till we speak the word. They will turn to us with the question:

> "Shall I ask the brave soldier, who fights by my side
> In the cause of mankind, if our creeds agree?"

To such a question, your committee believes a specific answer should be given. It is also of the opinion that the interest of all concerned will best be served by the adoption of the following recommendations:

First—That all Utah Masons in France be given permission to hold Masonic intercourse with the members of the lodges holding under the Grand Lodge of France and to visit such lodges.

Second—That the matter of establishing fraternal relations with the Grand Lodge of France be placed in the hands of such committee as may be designated by the grand lodge of the grand master, and that such committee report, with recommendations at the next annual communication.

The first recommendation was adopted. The second recommendation was referred to a committee to report on at the next annual communication.

THE GRAND LODGE OF ENGLAND.

Address of M. W. Charles T. Gallagher, Before the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts.

According to Anderson's Constitutions of 1738, an original copy of which is before you and which is referred to hereafter, on page 109, we read as follows:

"And after the Rebellion was over, A. D. 1716, the few lodges at London, finding themselves neglected by Sir Christopher Wren, thought fit to cement under a grand master, as the center of union and harmony, viz., the lodges that met—

1. At the Goose and Gridiron Ale-house in St. Paul's Churchyard.
2. At the Crown Ale-house in Parker Lane near Drury Lane.
3. At the Apple Tree Tavern in Charles Street, Covent Garden.
4. At the Rummer and Grapes Tavern in Channel Row, Westminster.

"They and some old brothers met at the said Apple Tree, and havin put into the chair the oldest Master Mason (now the master of a lodge), they constituted a GRAND LODGE pro tempore in due form, and forthwith revived the quarterly communication of the officers of lodges (call'd the grand lodge), resolved to hold the annual ASSEMBLY and feast, and then to choose a GRAND MASTER from among themselves till they should have the honour of a noble brother at their head.

Accordingly

on St. John Baptist Day, in the third year of King George the 1st, A. D. 1717, THE ASSEMBLY and feast of the Free and Accepted Masons was held at the foresaid Goose and Gridiron Ale-house.

"Before dinner, the oldest Master Mason (now the master of a lodge) in the chair, proposed a list of proper candidates: and the brethren by a majority of hands elected.

Mr. ANTHONY SAYER, gentleman, grand master of Masons, who being forthwith invested with the badges of office and power by the said oldest master and install'd was duly congratulated by the assembly who pay'd him the homage."

Mr. Jacob Lamball, Carpenter
Capt. Joseph Elliot
} Grand Wardens.

A cut of the Goose and Gridiron as an illustration from Mackey and other Masonic historians is to be found in our Proceedings for 1914, page 246, in a comprehensive and interesting address by M. W. Brother Johnson when grand master.

One of the basic principles of our Anglo-Saxon civilization is a foundation on which to build. The Doomsday Book of the Norman Conquest established titles to all lands in England; our Puritan settlers at Charlestown who came to William Blackstone's spring for water when they settled on our peninsula within a dozen years thereafter made their Book of Possessions, fixing the title to every lot of land in Boston.

The system by which land titles are fixed serves as an example in everyday use and is a sample of the foundation principle in the development of our civilization. South Carolina united its two grand lodges as did Massachusetts, while the Scottish Rite of the Northern Jurisdiction is this year celebrating the jubilee of its union of several bodies. It is part of a system that looks for a recognized and settled authority. On that principle grand and supreme bodies are formed, and it was natural that brethren of intelligence and education, such as represented the speculative Masonry of London and Westminster, should early in the eighteenth century have conceived the plan of an organization of scattered lodges with no recognized head that should create a stable and strong institution. It is the formative part of the development of civilization into the family, the family into the clan, the clan into the tribe, etc., and finally into political divisions.

So it was with the "Four Old Lodges," as they were called, that got together at the Apple Tree Tavern to arrange for a first meeting which took place on June 24, 1717, at the Goose and Gridiron, with the Crown at Parkers and the Rummer and Grapes, as told in the printed and published accounts of this anniversary.

This principle of organization finds its parallel in the foundation of our own government, where the Preamble of our Constitution recites, "We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect Union," etc. Perhaps they took their plan from this organization of the Four Old Lodges in London. We are apt to speak of the influence of Masonry on the foundation of our own government by stating as object lessons that all of Washington's generals were Freemasons, Lafayette being the last to receive his degrees, which he did in the Valley Forge Campaign that a majority of the signers of the Declaration of Independence and the Constitutional Convention were Masons; while the Masons on the Committee of Public Safety in Boston were John Hancock, Paul Revere, and Joseph Warren, all grand masters, the latter holding that position when killed at Bunker Hill—these are outward evidences. If we carry the parallel further, as suggested in Spencer's American Union and Ambrose's Letters, we find that the thirteen original states formed under the Federal Constitution on a similar plan to the Four Old Lodges of London: the one with their state rights and the other

with their local authority in fixed relation to the federal government and the grand lodge respectively. New lodges, like new states, were to be created by charter from the general body of federal government, and these states, like the lodges, whether original or of new creation, should be subject to amendment by the general constitutions or grand lodge regulations. Thus we may say that in a political as well as national sense the organization of 1717 may have affected the form without the ceremony of our national government.

The questions that naturally present themselves to us as Masons are why the event is so important as to be celebrated by an anniversary; what was the condition of Masonry before that required it? The working of the subject in our minds naturally suggests the questions what were the "ancients" and "moderns"? When did "operative" Masonry become "speculative" in whole or in part? When did Masons become "accepted" as well as "free"? In seeking the answer to these questions, which has led my research into everything in our own library and in the extensive one presented to our grand lodge by Past Grand Master Lawrence, I feel farther than before from solving the problem and making definite answer. Leading Masonic historians like Hughan and Gould take for granted that the date we celebrate was the "Doomsday Book" or "Book of Possessions" of Freemasonry, and all back of it was unnecessary and need not be considered; the famous constitutions of Anderson, Payne, Desaguliers, Preston, and Entick seem sufficient from the beginning of the world to their time without speculation as to causes or the course of events. Other historical writers, Brother Henry Sadler, librarian of the Grand Lodge of England, for one, claim that the historians have neglected to give credit to the Scotch, Irish, York, and Athol lodges so called that flourished during several hundred years before and whose records still show the good work done by them; and in fact it is from them rather than the older historians that we must derive the answer to our questions.

For our purpose it might be sufficient to read some well-founded history of Freemasonry, such as Mackey's, where the conclusions which we shall reach may be found; but it is a delight to delve among the volumes in original research and to go to the sources of information, so I bring to you from our own and the Lawrence library some of the old volumes extant at the time and prepared by the men who formed the organization of 1717 which we celebrate.

The great misfortune in connection with the action of 1717 is that no record was kept of the events of the time or preceding the union or of what took place thereafter for some years, for it was not until 1720 that any action was taken, and in 1722 James Anderson was directed

to form a book of constitutions to which were added the charges, both appearing in 1723. This was enlarged and improved by Anderson later, in 1738. An original of 1723 appears among the books before you in modern binding, and on the easel is one of the same originals inset in heavier paper and bound in morocco, making a book more than a foot wide and two feet long. This bound volume, prepared at a much later date than the pages of the original, contains fifty-one original steel- and copper-plate engravings and mezzotints of the kings and queens of England with Grand Masters Inigo Jones and Sir Christopher Wren, an original engraving of Pine's allegorical design making the frontispiece.

The whole book as you see it has transformed an original constitution into a de luxe edition evidencing the Masonic devotion of some brother who wished to embellish a great idea.

The literary work of these constitutions was prepared with great care. James Anderson very properly has the credit for the work that bears his name. George Payne, who was the second grand master, was a learned antiquarian and compiled these regulations by Anderson. He also revised the Entick Constitutions in 1756, a year before he died in 1757.

Payne was a scholar with the degree of Master of Arts. Dr. John Theophilus Desaguliers, who was grand master after Payne, was a natural philosopher of great reputation, a fellow of the Royal Society and at one time curator, respected by Sir Isaac Newton and complimented by Butler, and while Anderson is to have credit it may be said of these two latter that honors can be divided between them by giving to Desaguliers the credit for a great knowledge of ritual and the application of its principles, while to Payne acknowledgment is made for a knowledge of Masonic jurisprudence and a power to formulate constitutions. Thus with the research of Anderson supplemented by the work of these two we have before us all the literary wisdom which such minds could adduce from the old constitutions, charges, and regulations back to the Middle and Dark Ages of English letters.

On account of the meagre records of the English lodges it has been and always will be a matter of honest difference when "operative" Masonry became "speculative" in whole or in part. Adopting traditions and legends, St. Edwin, king and martyr, was an undoubted patron of Freemasonry in the building of the Cathedral of St. Peter's at York, begun by him in 627, and when King Athelstan marched against the Scots he stopped at York in 936 and there at York-minster issued the oldest charter extant for an operative lodge. It must be remembered that from the fifth to the fifteenth century literature flourished the least of any of the liberal arts and sciences.

Tradition traces the operative Mason in an organized form from the Roman Collegia, the Saxon Guilds, the Steinmetzen of Germany, the orientalism brought by the Crusaders from the East, all kept alive during the church building of the Middle Ages, where were retained the symbols of the craft. The square and compasses and other instruments of the trade being found by the antiquarian at the base of the obelisks of the Nile, the monuments of Thibet, like the stone found on Goat Island in Annapolis Basin in 1606 probably left there by French Masons, and in the ruins of religious houses and cathedrals dating back to the earliest time of written history (the stone of Goat Island furnishing a modern instance), all furnish evidence of the operative Mason, but add nothing to the speculative search.

There is an original Masonic poem of the fifteenth century extant, a fragmentary legend, but many of the manuscripts reproduced by Hughan in his famous work on the Old Charges appear to have been founded upon it.

The four martyrs invoked as tutelary saints of builders appear as the Quatuor Coronati of Four Crowned Martyrs of A. D. 619 of Canterbury and among the patron saints of the French and exhibit a unanimity in the dedication by various nations to the operative guild of Masons; one such is found in 1459 with the Strasburg fraternity; and evidence of the existence of the operative Mason may be multiplied by similar examples.

In 1425 we find during the reign of Henry IV an attempt to suppress lodges which was not successful.

William Preston, whose portrait with an admirable address by our R. W. Brother Pound is to be found in our proceedings for 1914, page 467, in his book on Freemasonry published in 1772 describes the differences that arose between the Duke of Gloucester, supported by the Masons, and the Bishop of Winchester of the Catholic faith who tried to recall the Duke of Bedford, brother of the Duke of Gloucester, the Bishop claiming that his attack was not on the Duke of Gloucester but on the assemblage of Masons, etc. Later, when Bedford returned and the Bishop of Winchester came into power, Gloucester and his followers were beheaded. It is stated also that King Henry himself was affiliated with Masonry.

In the reigns of Henry VII and VIII questions arose as to the operative Masons, and while attempts were made to break up their chapters, congregations, and meetings none were successful, all investigations reporting favorably that they were good people and loyal to the crown.

In 1514-15 legislation was made that no Masons should take greater wages than the statute limited, and under Edwin VI, 1548, it was forbidden to interrupt any Freemason, rough Mason, etc.

Elizabeth, dissatisfied with an organization of strength and power to which she could not belong, investigated it by royal commission, but they reported that Masons were good men, loyal, etc., and so they were let alone.

With Inigo Jones as grand master in 1603-18 and again in 1640 we have a revival of the operative Masonry. He brought the Augustinian style into England. He was the architect of such memorable plans as Whitehall Palace and of numerous others equally great and important. He died in 1651 at the age of seventy-nine years, after a memorable life's work. His portrait is before you.

But more wonderful still was Sir Christopher Wren, knighted for his greatness as an architect and operative Mason, grand master after the accession of William and Mary in 1688, and rechosen in 1698. He planned the building of London after the great fire of 1666 which destroyed thirteen thousand dwellings and millions of property besides many lives; streets, churches, cemeteries, parks, and all public improvements were under his direction. Besides building St. Paul's Cathedral, begun in 1673 and completed in 1710, he planned and superintended the construction of fifty-four churches in London. He died at the age of ninety years. It is no wonder that the printed account of the 1717 gathering should recite that the few lodges in London wanting an active grand master by reason of Sir Christopher's disability saw fit to cement under a new one or, as the historian has stated it, the craft had been neglected by him. Certainly his duties were sufficient on the operative side for his failure to do much for speculative brethren.

But, you say, Masonry was flourishing elsewhere in the United Kingdom. Perhaps it was, but strange to say no meeting was held at the York Grand Lodge from 1716 to 1723, when it got an impetus presumably from this action in London. We must look elsewhere than to Sir Christopher Wren for the decline in London lodges at this time.

But to pursue our inquiry as to the operative and speculative, etc. Let us go back. In Scotland we find Nicholas Stone, master of the company in 1633, not an "accepted" Mason until 1639; this is true also of Sir Anthony Alexander, who came to this country in 1628 as Knight Admiral of Nova Scotia and who was not a Mason until 1634; the same is true of David Ramsay, the great soldier of fortune, and others of those who went from Scotland to serve under Gustavus Adolphus in the Thirty Years War; none of them were operative Masons.

That most interesting work of Robert Freke Gould's on the military lodges from the sixteenth century to the present time records numerous instances of men high in positions of state, war, and navy not operatives who prior to the eighteenth century were prominent in Masonry. Elias Ashmole, the famous antiquarian, founder of the Ashmolean Museum at Oxford, wrote in his diary: "1646 Oct. 16, 4:30 P. M. I was made a Freemason at Warrington in Lancashire with Col. Henry Mainwaring of Harinchan in Cheshire." Moray, the famous soldier, is also spoken of, and there is an instance of three military leaders each taking part in England's Civil War, a Covenanter, a Royalist, and a member of the Parliamentary party respectively, all nonoperative Masons.

It is recorded in the Lodge of Aberdeen in 1670 that less than one fourth were of the mason's trade, the rest were ministers, military and business men, and men of rank, and at that time and in 1607 at the time of the union of the two countries it is stated that the ancient symbols of Masonry had descended to the ordinary level of the artisan, while in the South the old framework with its symbols existed, and the narrative cites in support of this statement Sir Richard Steele, the famous literary man, who in an essay complained of the neglect of the operative Masons.

The historical account would be incomplete at this time if I neglected to mention the attempted history of Freemasonry of Leon Hyneman, going back into the sixteenth century, or the more dignified and pretentious, but none the less fantastic historical attempts of Laurence Dermott, each of which exhibited such strong racial tendencies as to destroy any useful reasoning and collation of facts; both of them have been made famous by having their errors uncovered by such historians as Hughan and Gould, who have thus brought to notice what otherwise might have passed into oblivion. In the writings of both these parties there are some truths, although their conclusions are not useful.

So while there is abundant evidence down to the sixteenth century of the free and rough Mason as an operative workman with his chapter, lodge, congregation, or meetings, those who are not operative Masons and were therefore "accepted" first appear on record in the sixteenth century.

According to James Stevens, the past master of Quatuor Coronati Lodge, who wrote in 1892 "the evidence demonstrates the continuance of 'speculative' Masons with 'operative' from 1599 to 1717 with an unbroken series of records." Thus Speculative Masonry was developed from our institution when it was altogether practical and when the members were engaged in building public edifices; these later were the Freemasons. Those taken in for their prestige and rank, their interest

in learning, and their personal worth, being at first called honorary members, afterwards became "accepted" and assumed the title of "speculative." Their influence finally became so great they absorbed the operative side and the latter ceased to have an important place even down to 1717, and in 1723 ceased to exist. The transformation was gradual and interesting, but most difficult to analyze and explain. Mackey likens it to the development from the acorn to the oak. Speculative Masonry was thus developed from an operative institution and became a body whose object was the elevation of their fellow-men; philanthropy and charity were made prominent by their addition, and the beneficent influence of the institution has extended to every quarter of the world. The development and improvement in a code of laws with the creation of a ritual for degrees by cultured minds has been the fruition of the men of 1717.

Whence came also the name of "Ancients" and "Moderns"? There our history consists largely in calling each other by epithets. Henry Sadler, above referred to, who had the advantage of finding in the library of the Grand Lodge of England in 1885 the record of the "Ancients" beginning in 1752, and whose research led him to the first sources, concludes that the true origin of the Ancients was in 1735. While they did not take up with the English Masons until later, they began with the Irish Masons and Sadler in support of his theory claims that omitting the two Dukes of Athol and the Duke of Kent six of the seven remaining grand masters were Irish, the first constitution being derived from them also.

Sadler is fair enough to give a little credit to Laurence Dermott's long screed and admits there may be some truth in it.

The Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1730 elected a grand master following the Grand Lodge of England and claimed to have the same customs and usages.

Sadler further says that the historians who denounced the Grand Lodge of 1753 as seceders and schismatics were actuated by "a spirit worthy of a better cause" and says they should have accepted the old names of "Ancients" and "Moderns" as so much good was to be had in each; for while the "Ancients" published no list of their lodges as did the "Moderns," their records were more complete and many of them, like those of St. Mark's of Edinboro, are continuous from the first foundation, and that the Scotch Irish, and old York lodges were "ancient" as compared with our "moderns." By a curious anomaly, however, writers refer to the "Ancients," 1751, and "Moderns," 1717; this began before Sadler's discovery, but has been kept up since.

So in the early part of the eighteenth century we find ourselves confronted with Masonry in England in the condition of different musicians "playing the same melody in different keys"; all united in a common purpose, but lacking a leader or head. Masonry had been through tribulations. From the fifth to the fifteenth century was the Dark Age of civilized literature. There had been the decimation of the flower of Europe by the Crusades; in 1377 began the Hundred Years War in France; and in 1349 began the visit of that great scourge the Black Death, in which thousands died; by the Wars of the White and Red Roses whole families under York and Lancaster passed away and villages were depopulated; arts and sciences were neglected until by the Reformation in the sixteenth century a death-blow to mediaeval architecture was struck. Coming directly to London and the South of England, in addition to the great scourge which carried away one hundred thousand of the population, we have the great fire already referred to in 1666. This latter alone would have been sufficient to impoverish a people; so that not only architecture but the church itself might well have waned in influence; and their is no doubt that the influx of thousands of foreign operative workmen who helped restore and rebuild London for fifty years after the fire so demoralized the operative Masons and their lodges that the influence of the latter also waned. Being separate and individual bodies without recognition of a head, acting independently, not troubling themselves about warrants or constitutions, they lacked the cohesion of an organization. They were careful to look after their personal wants, such as the members contributing toward the expense of the evening meeting, limited in some cases like the following, according to old records: "The bowl shall be filled at the monthly lodges with punch once; ale, bread, cheese, and tobacco in common, but anything more that shall be called for by any brother either for eating or drinking, that brother so calling shall pay for it himself besides his club." "No money shall be expended out of the stock after the hour of 10." With the same regulations are found that an hour shall be set apart for Masonry, and "if any dispute shall arise the master shall silence that with a knock of the mallet." (It does not say who or what is to be knocked with the mallet.) There was provision also for the benefit of the sick. Even the social status evidenced some misfortune although no disgrace, for the first grand master of the 1717 Grand Lodge (Worshipful Brother Sayer) was the object of relief from the Charity Fund. No records were kept of lodge meetings, as in fact there was no record of the meetings of the new grand lodge until 1723 when William Cowper was appointed secretary, and since then the record has been unbroken.

The meetings prior to 1717 were not unlike those of the brethren of Philadelphia prior to 1723 who met together in gatherings which they may have called lodges but which were without warrant. When Benjamin Franklin came to Henry Price to be "further instructed in the Royal Art" he said of them that in Philadelphia "they were making Masons for a bowl of punch," and so forth, and he took back with him authority for Pennsylvania "which was the beginning of Masonry there" in 1734-35. Later Franklin became a deputy in that colony for Henry Price.

This brings us to the union of 1717 with "Free and Accepted," "Operative and Speculative," "Ancient and Modern" Masons; and here we appreciate the part that "Ancients'" records played in the formation of the new organization, for the substance as well as the spirit of Anderson's Constitutions is to be found in the old manuscripts and charges so interestingly collated in the work of Brother Hughan published in 1895 wherein are seventy-five spoken of and eleven accounted for as missing. Among the number recounted is our own parchment from the Carson library bought by General Lawrence, being seven and one fourth inches by seven feet under date of 1677. It is called one of the Stanley manuscripts. This was examined in England in 1890 and declared genuine. Among those old manuscripts are many interesting historical data, one showing a royal investigation, "That ye Lords or Ye Honorable Concell" having perused these lodges "they have allowed them well and said they were right good and reasonable to be holden," the record from which it was written being in the reign of Henry IV, and further quoting something regarding King Athelstan of the tenth century and King Edwin.

It was one of these old charges that our industrious brother, the librarian of the Pennsylvania Grand Lodge, ignorantly palmed off on one of their grand masters and had it published as evidence of a St. John's Lodge of Philadelphia. Many of us will recall this as the subject of a scathing exposure by our late Brother Nickerson as his last official act, showing that it was a copy written by one Carmac in 1727, of one of these old charges or manuscripts and which somebody in Pennsylvania found in 1756. Because it had written over the top of each page in a dozen different forms the words "St. John &c &c" in the usual different styles of the old manuscripts the unhistoric librarian seized upon it as "bread," but found it was "a stone."

Among the old charges and so forth are found, too, some authority for the claims of Bazot, the French historian who published a manual in Paris in 1811, and others, that the St. John referred to by dedication was St. John of Jerusalem, the same St. John the Almoner to whom the

Knights Templar are dedicated; he being the son of the King of Cyprus and canonized by the Greek and Roman Churches and for whom festivals are held each year. To all these old charges and so forth Anderson, Payne, and others had access in creating the new constitutions.

Apparently no attempt was made by Anthony Sayer during his first year as grand master at any new enterprise, but under George Payne, the second grand master, with his antiquarian tastes and literary knowledge, these old manuscripts were studied and brought out. The result was the compilation appended to the first book of constitutions which was performed by him. This was in 1718; two years later his literary talents appear in the general regulations which took the place of the old charges. These were the constitutions that became the Legend of the Craft taken up by Anderson in 1721 and which later, in 1723, were published with authority. These were enlarged threefold and improved by Anderson in 1738 and an original of each is before you.

The 1738 edition has the same engravings and frontispiece as 1723 and is dedicated to Prince Frederick Louis, Prince of Wales. Reference is made in them to the fact that until the Duke of Montague ordered these constitutions there were none, and so forth. The 1738 edition is in three parts, from the time of Adam to the invasion of England, thence to 1603, and thence on to 1738; a list of the grand masters is published in it with illustrations by Pine, the engraver.

Another book before us, bound in vellum, is the Constitutions of the Honorable Fraternity of Free and Accepted Masonry with the history and charges and regulations by order of the grand lodge; they consist of the old records, traditions, and constitutions by James Anderson revised by John Entick, M. A., London, 1756, with an allegorical frontispiece. A dedication by the committee to the Marquis of Carnarvon, grand master, has not only his sanction and recommendation, but this constitution operates as "disclaiming all other books that have not the sanction of the grand lodge." This apparently was the last word on constitutions, as it contains all that appears in the previous constitutions for the government of the craft from 1717 down.

I have spoken of the frontispiece by Pine. He was a famous engraver; besides general work he with Bowen was the one who designed and engraved the lists of lodges of which many original and fac-simile copies are in our own and the Lawrence library.

The production of 1723 was ordered by Philip, Duke of Wharton, grand master, and was produced by Desaguliers, the third grand master, who was also deputy under Wharton's two successors and again under Lord Paisley, in 1725. When Viscount Montague gave Henry Price his

warrant in 1733, and he in turn immediately chartered the first lodge in Boston, that lodge immediately appeared in the Pine list of lodges for 1734 in its proper place, "Royal Exchange;—Boston in New England; 2nd and 4th Saturday; 1733." A cut of a page from a later edition of Pine's list and reference to it was made by our Past Grand Master Johnson in his memorable historical address on "Freemasonry in America prior to 1750," found in our proceedings for September, 1916. (1916 Mass. pp. 309, ffg.)

While we are on old books, an interesting contribution to Masonry in this line is that of William Preston, already referred to, with a dedication to Lord Petre, grand master, published May 21, 1772, in which he describes a grand gala at the Crown and Anchor Tavern and relates many historical facts, among others the attempt of Henry IV to suppress Masonic Lodges which came out at the trial for treason of the bishop of Winchester.

But, you ask, what of the four old lodges that united to make the Union of 1717? According to this same William Preston only one was extant in 1781, that being his lodge that met at the Goose and Gridiron in St. Paul's churchyard and was later the Lodge of Antiquity No. 1 which afterwards refused to agree to the edicts of the New Grand Lodge of 1717, claiming to retain its own prerogatives, and finally set itself up as a "Grand Lodge of England South of the Trent" getting its authority from York in 1779.

No. 2 at the Crown in Parker Lane near Drury Lane had been extinct in 1781 for fifty years by the death of its members.

No. 3 at the Appletree Tavern, Covent Garden, had been dissolved many years. This lodge was at one time dropped down to No. 10 in the list, which illustrates the rule and custom by which a lodge lost its precedence after one year's failure to pay "quarteridges" and so forth.

No. 4 at the Rummer and Grapes became incorporated with the Somerset House Lodge.

But though dispersed and absorbed they had built an organization "that has stood the test of time"; it has been patronized by royalty and encouraged by the church; with the exception of the first three grand masters all the grand masters of England have been titled.

The date of the death of the first grand master, Anthony Sayer, is not known, although in June, 1742, a tyler was appointed to succeed the one deceased and as this position had been held by Sayer it is supposed he died in 1741. The London Freemason has an ex-

tended sketch of his Masonic career, which was not conspicuous. George Payne, A. M., the second grand master, was, as I have said, a scholar, and the third, Desaguliers, was a philosopher and thinker. All grand masters since have been titled. During one hundred years there have been but five grand masters: the Duke of Sussex, the Earl of Zetland, the Marquis of Ripon, the Prince of Wales, afterward Edward VII, and the present Duke of Connaught who has been grand master for sixteen years.

But all was not peace and harmony in the 1717 creation for besides this regular Grand Lodge of England we find the "York Masons Grand Lodge" of 1775 and the "Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. According to the Old Constitutions" which started as a rival in 1751 and was called the seceders of 1753; also there was "the Grand Lodge of England South of the Trent," being Lodge of Antiquity No. 1 which broke out in 1779 and was the old "Goose and Gridiron" Lodge which claimed to be a rival of the 1717 body.

The body, however, which maintained supremacy and could be regarded as the one having proper conditions for Masonry was the London Grand Lodge of 1717 whose day we celebrate. The others became of less importance in their influence until on December 27, 1813, we find all differences healed and the three outsiders joining them under the "United Grand Lodge of A. F. & A. M. of England" as it is today, not unlike our own union of 1792 or of Scottish Rite Masonry in 1867 whose jubilee we have recently celebrated. Thus we have "Speculative" Masonry "Free and Accepted," without "Ancients" or "Moderns" a "system of morality veiled in allegory and illustrated by symbols" that gives us the tenets of our profession and our cardinal virtues.

We are little interested in how it originated or grew; a subject of interest to the historian and the antiquarian it may be, our interest is to maintain it in its purity. Masonry does not depend for its strength on length of years, but rather on the unchangeable principles that it professes which have remained unimpaired through two centuries; entitling us to claim credit for the good it has done, and with the right to expect the same conditions for the future. Symbols of material objects coming to us from a once operative organization are used by us "to impress upon the mind wise and serious truths" having for an end and aim the advancement of civilization. Our present duty is simple: to preserve the landmarks, rituals, and usages that have come to us from the fathers and to transmit them to posterity as pure as we received them. To the profane or those ignorant of our institution, when they ask what Freemasonry is doing, let us do as advised by Brother Hughan, "answer it in your daily acts and lives"; thus the world will be better for having known you as a Mason.

THE MOTHER GRAND LODGE.

By M. W. Brother A. T. Freed, before Grand Lodge of Canada.

Freemasonry existed in England at the end of the fourteenth century. How long it existed before that time we may guess, but we do not know. For the purposes of the present paper I shall not attempt to guess, but shall content myself with repeating that we know it was in existence at the end of the fourteenth century. And then it professed to be and certainly was, very old.

It was a society or guild of operative Masons. Originally formed by voluntary association of artisans for mutual benefit, it was afterwards taken under royal protection, and was granted many privileges, such as immunity from the Statutes of Labourers. On the other hand, it was subjected to supervision by sheriffs and other royal officials, who were required to be present at general assemblies of all the guilds and to take a leading part in framing the rules and regulations for their government. In no essential particular did the societies of Masons differ from those of other guilds; it was a trade society and nothing else. It is true enough that men not operative Masons, and men not in any way connected with the building trades, were members of the guilds of Masons, and of all the guilds. But that fact is easily accounted for.

In the first place, as has been said, the sheriffs, city officials and other government and municipal officers were required to be present at the general assemblies of the Masons, as well as those of other guilds, and it is not improbable that they, or some of them, were enrolled among the members.

In the next place, the employers of Masons, or the "lords," as they are called, and the architects, would desire to keep in touch with the workmen, and the workmen would be quite willing to have their countenance and protection.

The greater part of the buildings erected in those days were churches, cathedrals, abbeys and other ecclesiastical edifices, and the ecclesiastical "lords," then as now, desired to know what the members of the secret societies were doing. The Masons, for their part, were quite willing to have their spiritual pastors and masters among their membership, and to benefit by the protection that membership gave them against the crown and the barons.

But there was another and more effective cause for the acceptance into Masonic bodies of men not operative Masons. All persons engaged in mercantile business, or practicing any industry or mystery, were re-

quired by law to form themselves into guilds or companies. Where, in any town, the weaker trades were unable to maintain sodalities for each, several of them united to form one guild, and, where very few were engaged in a calling, they sought admittance into one of the existing guilds, and were accepted on payment of certain fees or fines. On the one hand, the law made it encumbent upon them to be members of some guild, and, on the other hand, such membership was of great value to them. Only members of the guilds were permitted to carry on business in the cities, and many privileges and immunities were given them by the crown. They elected aldermen and municipal officers; in fact, they were the electors of the towns in which they lived.

Thus, at the end of the fourteenth century—the date of the oldest existing Masonic documents—Masonry was:

1. A trade union or guild, differing in no essential from other trade guilds.

2. It had a charter from the crown, was under supervision by officers of the crown, and was governed by regulations partly framed by and satisfactory to the king's officials.

3. Its members, with those of other guilds, formed the electorate of the cities and towns, and chose the municipal officials.

4. Only members of the guilds were permitted to carry on business in the towns.

5. Men not Masons by trade were accepted as members of the societies, so that there were Free Masons, or men who enjoyed the freedom of the towns by reason of having served as apprentices to the trade, and Accepted Masons, or men who became members on payment of certain fees, because they had no guilds of their own trade or calling.

The rules and regulations for the government of Masons differed in no important particular from those of the other guilds.

The apprentices were to serve faithfully for seven years; they were to be zealous in the interests of their masters, to be content with their wages, to do no villiany with the wives or daughters of their employers or their fellows; were to be free by birth, no bastards, to have the proper use of their limbs, and not to consort with evil characters.

The like regulations with slight modifications, applied to the fellows of the craft, or journeymen.

The masters or employers, were to be true to their lords, that is, those for whom they contracted to do work; they were bound to attend

congregations or assemblies of the craft when properly summoned; they were to take only a limited number of apprentices—none for less than seven years, and none that were bondmen. They were to pay apprentices not more than fair wages. They were not to take contracts without feeling assured that they could carry them to completion; were not to supplant others in the work they had undertaken, and were not to employ cowans or inferior workmen. If a traveling workman came to them for employment they were to give him work or "refresh" him with money, to enable him to reach a place where work might be obtained.

All classes were to be true to the church, loyal to the king, obedient to the law, loving to their brethren and charitable to the poor and the unfortunate. They were to live honestly and reputably; the employer was to pay fair wages and the workmen to give honest work. In five hundred years, Masonry, as a rule of conduct and a code of morals, has made no improvement.

So far as has been ascertained there was but one ceremony of initiation. Whether there was any difference at all between the initiation of an Apprentice and the reception of an Accepted Mason is not known.

Between the end of the fourteenth and the beginning of the eighteenth century, many and important changes took place in the religious, legal, social and industrial condition of the people of England, and these changes had a marked effect upon the fortunes of the Masonic guilds. In 1536 and 1539 Henry the Eighth suppressed the monasteries and confiscated their property, and thenceforward for more than a hundred years no more ecclesiastical buildings except churches were erected. The Roman Catholic clergy no longer had power over or interest in the building trades, and the clergy of the Reformed church, do not appear to have taken notice of them.

In the reign of Queen Elizabeth, the Statutes of Labourers were repealed, and that monarch gave evidence of unfriendliness to all secret societies. Indeed, it appears that proceedings were instituted against Masons for frequenting unlawful assemblies, for Coke, in commenting on one of the cases, pointed out that the indictment charged a violation of the Statutes of Labourers, and that, those statutes having been repealed, all prosecutions based on them must necessarily fail.

After the death of James the First, Masonry fell more and more into decline. We know that lodges met occasionally, and that they accepted men who were not operative Masons; but the lodges were few and the attendance at the meetings small. In 1646, when Elias Ash-

mole and Colonel Mainwaring were initiated at Warrington, in Lancashire, there were but seven members present; and in 1682, when Ashmole attended a lodge in London, there were ten members present, including himself.

The rebuilding of St. Paul's Cathedral and other churches and secular structures, after the great fire in London, gave some new life to operative Masonry; but in the year 1717, the lodges of that city were few and feeble. It is generally asserted that there were but four in the cities of London and Westminster. Hughan thinks there were probably more, and Hughan's opinion certainly carries great weight.

At the beginning of the eighteenth century, there was no general organization of Freemasonry, if, indeed, there ever had been such. When a large building was in progress the workmen got together and formed a lodge. In the majority of cases the lodge died when the work was finished. There was no grand lodge or central authority of any kind to grant warrants. There was no grand master, as we understand the term. Anderson, Preston, Oliver and other Masonic writers speak of Sir Christopher Wren as having been grand master for many years, and say that in later years the lodges fell into decay because he neglected them. Undoubtedly, Sir Christopher was grand master over the Masons who wrought on St. Paul's Cathedral, and possibly over those who wrought on other buildings of which he was the architect; but it may be remarked that, if Sir Christopher ever was a Freemason at all, he was grand master long before he was a Mason. St. Paul's Cathedral was begun in 1675. On the 18th of May, 1691, Aubrey, an English author, cited by M. W. Bro. J. Ross Robertson, wrote that there was that day to be a great convention of Freemasons at St. Paul's Church, when Sir Christopher Wren and others would be adopted as accepted brethren. Thus, so far as he was grand master at all, he was grand master for at least sixteen years before he was a Freemason. In fact, he was merely the superintendent of the workmen.

The condition of English Freemasonry, then, at the beginning of the eighteenth century, was substantially this:

There were four (and possibly more) weak lodges in London and Westminster. There members were operative and accepted or gentlemen Masons.

There were a few lodges in other parts of England, but their number is not known.

There was no grand lodge organization or central authority.

Each lodge was absolutely independent.

Masons met and formed lodges at their pleasure, and left them to die when they had served out the term of their usefulness.

There was but one ceremony of initiation and but one degree.

This being the condition of Masonry, the members decided that they would cement the lodges in and about London into a grand lodge, under a grand master, and restore the quarterly assemblies. What their motives were cannot be certainly known. One writer suggests that, as at that time many social clubs were formed, nothing more was intended than the organization of such bodies. Another thinks that the accepted, or gentleman Masons, wished to control the lodges and get rid of the operative brethren. Still another holds that the scholarly and philosophic members, finding ready to their hand a beautiful system of morality, decided to organize and strengthen it and to diffuse its benefits over the whole earth. In a paper such as this it is impossible to discuss these questions.

Be the reason what it may, a number of the brethren held a preliminary meeting in February, 1717, and resolved to form a grand lodge. On the 24th day of June of the same year (St. John the Baptist's Day) they met again and carried that scheme into execution. All that is known of those meetings is told by Anderson as follows:

> King George the First entered London most magnificently on the 20th of September, 1714, and after the Rebellion was over, A. D. 1716, the few lodges at London, finding themselves neglected by Sir Christopher Wren, thought fit to cement under a grand master as the centre of union and harmony, viz.: the lodges that met—
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> 1. At the Goose and Gridiron Ale House in St. Paul's Churchyard.
> 2. At the Crown Ale House in Parker's Lane, near Drury Lane.
> 3. At the Apple Tree Tavern, in Charles Street, Covent Garden.
> 4. At the Rummer and Grapes Tavern, in Channel Row, Westminster.
>
> They and some other old brother met at the Apple Tree, and, having put into the chair the oldest Master Mason (now the master of a lodge) they constituted themselves a grand lodge pro tempore, in due form, and forthwith revived the quarterly communication of the officers of lodges (called the grand lodge), resolved to hold the annual feast, and then to choose the grand master from among themselves, till they should have the honour of a noble brother at their head.
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> Accordingly, on St. John the Baptist's Day, in the third year of King George the First, A. D. 1717, the assembly and feast of the Free and Accepted Masons was held at the aforesaid Goose and Gridiron Ale House.

Before dinner, the oldest Master Mason (now the master of a lodge) in the chair, proposed a list of proper candidates, and the brethren, by a majority of hands, elected Mr. Anthony Sayer, gentleman, grand master of Masons; Captain Joseph Elliott, Mr. Jacob Lamball, carpenter, grand wardens, who, being forthwith invested with the badges of office and power by the said oldest master, and installed, was duly congratulated by the assembly, who paid him the homage.

Sayer, grand master, commanded the master and wardens of lodges to meet the grand officers every quarter in communication at the place appointed in his summons sent by the tyler.

The preliminary meeting was held on the 20th of February, 1716, according to the old style, which was in use at that time grand lodge was formed and when Dr. Anderson wrote, but it was in 1717 as we now reckon time.

Steps were at once taken to harmonize the legend of the craft with modern ideas, to frame a system of regulations for the government of the newly created grand lodge, and to rearrange the ceremonies. James Anderson, D. D., a Scotchman, and pastor of a Presbyterian Church in London, was asked to undertake the first of these tasks. He procured as many Masonic documents as possible and "digested" them into a new narrative, adding such items of later history as he thought necessary. The Charges of a Freemason were also rewritten by Anderson, and are retained in the degree work in his jurisdiction.

The General Regulations (which may be called the first Constitution of Grand Lodge) were compiled by George Payne in 1718, when grand master. They were revised by Anderson and adopted by grand lodge.

It is reasonably certain that there was but one degree in the old Masonic work, used at the initiation of Apprentices and at the acceptance of members not Masons. The second and third degrees appear to have been written between 1717 and 1723, but by whom is not certainly known.

Apparently there was rivalry between the operative Masons and the accepted, of gentleman Masons, for control of the new grand lodge. For the satisfaction of the former, it was provided that the old landmarks should be carefully preserved, and that no new regulations should be adopted, nor change made in the old regulations without the assent of the majority of all brethren, even of the youngest apprentices.

There is reason for thinking that the phrase relating to the ancient landmarks merely meant the privileges and customs of the lodges of

operative Masons, and that this enactment was afterwards strengthened by the declaration that it was not in the power of any man or any body of men to make innovation in the body of Freemasonry. The old lodges which united to form the grand lodge did not surrender their independence, but continued to exist by immemorial right, while lodges constituted thereafter derived their authority from the warrant or charter approved by the grand lodge and granted by the grand master.

The constitutions of the Freemasons, and the accompanying documents were submitted to and solemnly approved by the grand lodge in 1723. The declaration is as follows:

> We, the present Grand Master of the Right Worshipful and most ancient Fraternity of Free and Accepted Masons, the Deputy Grand Master, the Grand Wardens, the Masters and Wardens of particular lodges (with the consent of the brethren and fellows in and about the cities of London and Westminster) having also perused this performance, do join our laudable predecessors in our solemn approbation thereof, as what we believe will fully answer the end proposed; all the valuable things of the old records being retained, the errors in history and chronology corrected, the false facts and the improper words omitted, and the whole digested into a new and better method.
>
> And we do ordain that these be received in every particular lodge under our cognizance, as the only constitutions of the Free and Accepted Masons amongst us, to be read at the making of new brethren, or when the master shall think fit; and which the new brethren should peruse before they are made.

This was signed by the grand master, the deputy grand master, the grand wardens, and the masters and wardens of the twenty lodges then existing in London and Westminster.

And thus the Mother Grand Lodge of the world was established.

Apparently, it was formed for the government of lodges in and about the metropolitan area, and its first members had no thought or desire for control of lodges outside of that territory. The National Grand Lodge was an institution of slow growth.

In 1725 the ancient lodge at York declared itself to be a grand lodge, and called itself the Grand Lodge of All England. It did not associate other lodges with it, but acted solely by its own authority. During a fitful existence which continued with intervals of inactivity till 1791, it granted warrants to a number of lodges, but had no permanent influence on Masonry in England or elsewhere.

In 1753 some Masons in London seceded from the regular grand lodge and established another, which they called "the Grand Lodge of England According to the Old Institutions." This body has generally been called the Ancient or Atholl Grand Lodge. It remained active till 1813, with growing numbers and influence, when a union was happily effected between it and the old grand lodge, under the title of the United Grand Lodge of England. Much of the Masonry of North America was established by the so-called Ancient Grand Lodge.

Masonry was first brought to this province by military lodges, but the first permanent lodges were formed by authority of the Ancient Grand Lodge in 1792, when William Jarvis was appointed provincial grand master. Some lodges were warranted by the Grand Lodge of Ireland, and one or two by the Grand Lodge of Scotland. After the formation of the United Grand Lodge of England, the Atholl lodges received warrants from the united body. In 1855, the present Grand Lodge of Canada, in the Province of Ontario, was formed at Hamilton, and may the blessing of the Great Architect of the Universe rest upon it.

From the little gathering of representatives of four weak lodges, and some of the older brethren, at the Goose and Gridiron Ale House in London, the light of Freemasonry has spread to every quarter of the habitable globe. The little band has become a mighty host of about two and a half millions. All classes and conditions of men are enrolled among the brethren, from the artisan and the labourer to the king on his throne. The principles of the craft have broadened the minds of men, helped to shape the world's ethics, and influenced the laws of empires. The beneficence of Masonry has been active wherever there has been suffering to alleviate or sorrow to assuage. It has sought out misery in the lowly lot and reached the dying hero on the field of battle. It has not only been active in all good work but it has educated men into deeds of beneficence.

Day by day its influence is growing and strengthening, lighting men to thoughts and deeds of goodness, mercy and righteousness. And let us unite in gratitude to the Great Architect of the Universe for having so enlightened the minds of the men who met at St. Paul's Churchyard in 1717, that they gave to future generations the great moral force which has gone on for two centuries in its wondrous work of love, and which we trust will continue to do so till time shall be no more.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE OPERATIVE INTO THE SPECULATIVE CRAFT, THE REVIVAL OF 1717.

M. W. Bro. Wm. F. Kuhn, P. G. M., Before Grand Lodge of Missouri.

The formation of the Grand Lodge of England, on St. John's Day in June, 1717, is the base point on which the Masonic surveyor places his compass; from which he obtains his levels, and lays his chains to plat the field of Masonic history. It is the observation point on which the Masonic historian stands, as he looks backward into the mists of uncertainties and speculation, and on which he looks forward through two hundred years of recorded growth and achievements. This basic point lies just this side of tradition and uncertainty.

The Freemasonry of today is not that of 1717; neither was the Freemasonry of 1717, that of the traditional past; but through it all there runs a life that has pushed itself upward and forward from an undifferentiated mass into a differentiated, definite unity, into a reality possessed of a personality, with unlimited potentialities. Whatever may have been its origin, wherever it may have arisen, is secondary to the great fact, that Freemasonry is here, and is a living thing, throbbing and pulsating with inestimable efficacy. In its successive growth it was never a revival, but always an evolution.

To the question, Whence came Freemasonry? there have been many answers. Some are purely fantastic, others clearly absurd, while many show deep research and study. But even here there is necessarily an element of conjecture, and until more reliable data are found, this uncertainty will remain. The history and origin of Freemasonry must be traced by certain fundamentals peculiar to it. These lie in its special symbolism, in its laws and in its ethical and religious conceptions. In this research the Masonic student should be warned against two classes of blind guides—the wild-eyed Masonic archeologist, and the fantastic Masonic symbologist. There is no limit in time or space for either of them, when vagary and fancy seize the reins and drive them on in a furious pace. In studying the origin of Freemasonry, we must make the distinction between a mere secret society and a brotherhood. A secret society is the outgrowth of primitive minds and primitive conditions. A brotherhood is the product of culture and enlightenment. A secret society hedges itself about with a cloak of mystery, superstition and curiosity. A brotherhood has no secrets or mysteries, but bears within it a common bond of mutual helpfulness and a stimulous to investigation in the broad field of intellectual, moral and spiritual development.

I admit that to some Freemasons, or rather to some men who are members of a Masonic lodge, Freemasonry is a mere secret society, but let us make the clear distinction that Freemasonry is not such, but that it is a brotherhood, without mystery, whose germ is clearly and consistently pushing upward to a greater and fuller recognition of what Life means in all its relations. While Freemasonry has in it the obsolete parts of a secret society, indices of its evolution, yet these rudimentary remnants do not make or constitute Freemasonry.

The Masonic student who would trace Freemasonry to some mere secret society has plenty of fantastic material. It is an historical fact that secret societies have always existed in great multiplicity among the most primitive people and savages. It appears as an aboriginal instinct. These secret societies seem to have a common origin in the "Men's House" of the aborigines. In these men's houses gradually arose certain secret ceremonies, even degrees, typifying Youth, Manhood and Old Age, often attended with barbarous rites of torture and mutilation. In some of the African, Australian and Hebrides societies the candidate received a "New Name," and he was taught an esoteric speech. In some a hideous representation of death and the resurrection was presented, even some modern paraphernalia was used, such as masks, "bull-roarers" and other devices and equipment to impress the candidate with the important lessons. In passing, I might add that the "bull-roarers" was an instrument capable of making a prodigious noise.

The following taken from "Primitive Secret Societies"—Webster—is illuminating: "The process which converts puberty institutions into secret societies of peoples more advanced in culture seems, in general, to be that of the gradual shrinkage of the earliest and democratic organizations, consisting of all the members of the tribe. The outcome of this process, on the one hand, is a limitation of the membership of the organization to those who are able to satisfy the necessary entrance requirements, and, on the other hand, the establishment of a fraternity so formed of various degrees through which the candidate may pass in succession. With a fuller development of secret society characteristics, these degrees became more numerous, and passage through them more costly. The members of the higher degrees formed an inner circle of picked initiates. These control the organization in their own interests. The best examples of this practice are to be sought in the Australian and African tribes." It will not require a wide stretch of the imagination to find some analogy of thought between primitive minds and some modern thinkers and their methods.

Some form of secret and magical societies has always existed among the aborigines of all countries. The snake dance of the Hopi

tribe is a part of one of these ceremonies. Their existence with their secret signs has caused some writers to imagine that Freemasonry existed among the American Indians and among the several tribes of the Philippines.

The Mysteries of the classic period of Greece and Rome are to some extent kindred to the secret societies of the aborigines. The Mysteries of Eleusis, of Dionysius, of Mythra, of Osiris, of Demater, etc., embodied more culture and philosophy, and some of the best and greatest minds of that or any other age were members thereof. Yet all these Mysteries were hedged about with certain profound secrets and occultism known and communicated to the adept only. The central idea of all of them was the presentation in a dramatic, allegorical ceremony, life, death and immortality. This ceremony was monotheistic in its elaboration and strongly approached the doctrine of the Fatherhood of God and the Brotherhood of Man. The effect and influence of these Mysteries upon the minds of men would have been greater and more beneficent if these societies had not labored under the delusion that symbol and allegory were means to conceal, rather than to reveal. These Mysteries never rose above the mental conception found in mere occult secret societies. The advent of Christianity into Greece and Rome wrote "Finis" after the history of the Mysteries.

If Freemasonry contained no more than wonderful secrets, symbols, allegories, signs, words and degrees, the Masonic archeologist would have little trouble in tracing its ancestry to the secret societies of the aborigines of Australia, of the Fiji Islanders, to the North American Indian or to the Great Mysteries. Symbols and symbolism are as old as man. It is the primeval, yet universal, language of the world. Symbols and symbolism are not peculiar to any nation, peoples, secret societies or brotherhoods, whether primitive, mediaeval or modern. Symbols and symbolism are not bound down by fast rules and regulations, hence a man with a symbol can have the extreme satisfaction that, as a free moral agent, he can see in it, and through it, more things in heaven and earth than are dreamed by common mortals. Some of the most amusing stunts on the Masonic vaudeville stage are performed by the Freemason with a symbol.

The point, the circle, line, plummet, square, level, trowel and hammer; these implements of theoretical and practical architecture have always been a fruitful source of symbolism. The implement and its symbolism have been a matter of evolution. The cave-man, as he slowly evolved to a higher stage of intelligence, began to use some crude implements in the erection of his simple house of stone. A piece of flint or a stick may have served as a trowel to fill the crevices of his house with

mud. This simple instrument evolved into the modern trowel of the operative Mason of today. The shape of the modern trowel is based purely on its practicability, and not on any supposed geometrical law. The maul, possibly the oldest operative instrument, has become a hammer or a gavel. The plummet, level and square are incident to the development of architecture and other geometrical sciences. It does not follow that because certain operatives used these instruments that they were Freemasons. The discovery of these instruments in old ruins, or pictures thereof cut or painted on old monuments, walls or obelisks, does not prove anything as to the history of Freemasonry. Because a Freemason has a thigh bone does not prove that an Egyptian mummy was a Freemason, because a thigh bone was discovered in him. It is related that a Freemason, with a Moslem pin on the lapel of his coat and a combination watch charm of the double eagle, cross and crown dangling from his vest, accidentally happened on some Egyptologists as they uncovered the grave of a man of the late stone age; in the grave were the remains of the man, food and other things usually found in such tombs, also a stone hammer with a wooden handle attached by withes. When the Freemason saw the hammer he exclaimed: "Eureka, this man was a Freemason and the master of his lodge, because here is his gavel." This incident may not be true, but it is in keeping with some of the eloquence dispensed from Masonic platforms and Masonic papers about "the great antiquity of our great and magnificent order."

The symbolism based on the instruments of the operative is equally ancient and runs through the literature of the greatest teachers of ancient and modern times. The Bible is rich in such symbolism. The Prophet Amos said: "I will set a **plumb line** in the midst of my people Israel." In Proverbs we find: "When he set the **compass** on the face of the deep I was there." Ezekiel in prophetic vision saw a "city four square." In Second Kings it is recorded that Jehovah "will stretch over Jerusalem **a line** of Samaria, and the **plummet** of the House of Ahab." St. Peter said: "Ye also are living stones." In the prophecies of Isaiah we find: "Judgment also will I lay to the **line** and righteousness to the **plummet,**" and Zachariah said: "For they shall rejoice and shall see the **plummet** in the hands of Zerubbabel." These are only a few quotations. There are many other examples of beautiful and impressive symbols used by the Old and New Testament writers. This geometrical and architectural symbolism runs through all literature, ancient and modern, secular and religious. Imagery, symbols, allegory and trope are the beauty and sublimity of Biblical literature. The purpose and use of symbolism among all great religious teachers was to make clear, to elucidate, to make plain, but never to hide or conceal, great truths and precepts. Christ was prolific in the use of symbols, especially in

allegorical form. His parables and allegories are remarkable for their pertinence and graphic in their power to present moral and religious truths with clearness and comprehension. He never used them to cast a metaphysical fog over his listeners.

Because of this extensive use of symbolism in literature it does not make it Masonic, neither must we in our zeal claim that because Amos, Isaiah, Zachariah and St. Peter used the symbolism found in our ritual of today that they must have been Freemasons. Symbolism based on the tool of the operative or on geometrical figures does not prove, in itself, Masonic descent, any more than secret words, signs and grips prove Masonic genealogy.

If secret societies had existed from primitive ages, and symbolism is co-extensive and co-equal with human thought, where lies the genesis of Freemasonry? The answer to this question has been the subject of much controversy and research. The most satisfactory answers can be found in Vols. I, II and III of Mackey's History, Gould's History, but especially in that little incomparable book, "The Builder," by Reverend Joseph F. Newton.

Certain analogies exist between secret societies, brotherhoods, cults and mysteries, and even with the church. These analogies do not prove a common origin, but they establish the fact that men, psychologically, think alike. There may be shades of difference, but on all great issues and truths these opinions blend into a composite whole. Gregariousness is an instinct common to man and animals. We love companionship. We love kindred spirits, and in it lies the secret of brotherhood. Gregariousness with a fondness for the mysterious, coupled with a little leaven of superstition, is the father of the secret societies and the Mysteries. It may be stated as axiomatic that the more primitive the intellectual and moral development of man, the more do secret signs, words, grips and awe-inspiring mysteries appeal to him. It is for this reason that only certain phases of Freemasonry appeal to certain members. It is stating a scriptural truism to say that as a Freemason thinks in his heart, and is able to comprehend in his mind, so is Freemasonry to him.

The symbolism, the laws, and the lofty, ethical and religious principles found in Freemasonry point indubitably to an origin in a cultured religious society of Cathedral Builders in England. There is no evidence that such a society of builders existed in England prior to the Norman Conquest, in the eleventh century. There were builders who wrought in stone and timber prior to this time, but these guilds or societies did not specialize in the building of churches or cathedrals. In

a classical article on architecture in the Encyclopedia Brittanica, the following pertinent statement occurs: "The existing Roman remains show that there was quite enough architecture and decorative art introduced into England by the Romans to have formed a school of Masonic sculptors and builders, if the civilization of the people had been sufficient to make them desire it. Such a school can hardly be said to have been formed, if we look at the few and comparatively rude remains of buildings certainly erected before the Norman Conquest." The same authority further states that: "When Roman architecture ceased, for nearly seven hundred years, nearly every building was ecclesiastical." The study of architecture clearly established the fact that no school of Masonic architecture existed prior to the eleventh century; after that, until near the end of the seventeenth century, such a school flourished, as indicated by the large number of ecclesiastical structures erected. It must also be remembered that the oldest document in reference to Freemasonry is the Halliwell poem, dated sometime in the fourteenth century. It is evident, without going into detail, that a fraternity of Cathedral Builders came into existence with gothic architecture from the eleventh to the twelfth century. The membership was made up of skilled workmen, not only in the practical, but in the theoretical, art of architecture and all its cognate sciences. Whence came the men who formed such a fraternity may find its solution in the existence of former societies like the Roman Collegia and the Comacine Masters.

The fraternity of Cathedral Builders was a fraternity erected, possibly, on the remains of former similar organizations, and this new fraternity was the beginning of Freemasonry of today. But what of the assembly of Masons held in York in 926? So far as this assembly relates to Freemasonry it is a myth. But while the holding of such an assembly is only legendary, it cannot be said that no such an assembly was ever held. I am inclined to believe that such an assembly was held, but it was of the "rough stone masons," and in no sense an assembly of the Cathedral or Ecclesiastical Builders.

Intellectually, in as far as it refers to the Fellows of the Craft and the Masters of this Fraternity of Cathedral Builders, they were of an advanced type. The culture and enlightenment of the age found expression in these cathedrals. The wondrous beauty, symmetry, harmony, ornamentation and color, bear witness to the skill, intelligence and scientific attainments of the members. Such work cannot come from the illiterate or unskilled, but from the minds trained in the sciences of architecture, sculpture and art. Gothic architecture, sometimes called Christian architecture, brought into use the highest skill in the practical and theoretical science of building. The keynote of the artisan

was "Stability, Utility, Beauty." It can be readily seen why Euclid, the great geometrician, figured so prominently in the old manuscripts, and it has also appeared a mystery why Pythagorus was dragged, as if by the ears, into modern Freemasonry, while Euclid and Archimedes, the two great prominent thinkers in practical and theoretical geometry, have been excluded. Intellectually, the Freemason of the Cathedral Builders was an adept in the sciences.

The rules and regulations, by which the craft was governed, might be said to be an application of the Golden Rule. The ethics of these rules and regulations stand undimmed in the centuries, and may be summed up in this, that it is the duty of a Freemason "To do justly, to love mercy and to walk humbly before God." It has been well said: "If as an ethic of life these laws seem simple and rudimentary, they are none the less fundamental, and they remain to this day the only gate and way by which those must enter who would go up to the House of the Lord." To be convinced of this statement, read these rules and regulations as found in the old manuscripts; they are individual to Freemasonry.

Freemasonry stands pre-eminent in its morals and religious teachings. It stands alone among secular institutions in the purity and exalted spirit in its religious conceptions. If there is any evidence, above all others, that connects Freemasonry with the Cathedral Builders, it is this golden thread of ethics and religious architecture, which is but the expression of religion in its highest development, and it has been well said: "Architecture has had its origin in religious feeling and emotions, that its noblest monuments among the pagan nations of antiquity were the temples to their gods, as well as those of the Christian nations." A prominent writer on architecture says: "With the Christian faith there rose those forms of beauty unknown to the pagan, which culminated in the glories of Lincoln and Canterbury." The spirit of the First Crusade is manifest in this new architecture and finds expression in the religious tenets of the members. Their creed was Christian and Trinitarian. In nearly all of the sixty or more copies of the "Old Charges" the following formula of belief, or slight modification thereof, is set forth: "In the name of the Great and Holy God, the wisdom of the Son and the goodness of the Holy Ghost, three persons in One, be with us now and ever. Amen." This invocation was always given in their lodges and also read to the neophyte. This Trinitarian creed was peculiar to the Cathedral Builders and remained so even under the formation of the Grand Lodge in 1717, until the adoption of "The Old Charges of the Free and Accepted Masons" in 1723. Upon the adoption of these Old Charges of Free and Accepted Masons, the formula be-

came purely deistic; that a Mason will not be a stupid atheist,'' and it was ''thought more expedient only to oblige them to that religion in which all men agree,'' viz., a belief in God, the Great Architect of the Universe. The peculiar symbolism, the lofty ethical rules and regulations, and the profound and advanced religious conceptions of Freemasons can find no other origin than that in the Society of Cathedral Builders of the twelfth century.

If such is the origin of Freemasonry, the question arises: Why should an operative craft become a speculative craft? In the Middle Ages the clergy or ecclesiastics, were the repositories of learning. It is not, therefore, strange for them to associate themselves with a society of such technical skill and erudition in the theoretical sciences. The study of geometry in its wide, practical and almost unlimited field, in so many arts, would naturally appeal to them, so that this speculative Mason was, doubtless, a member in its earliest history. The two oldest manuscripts intimate this fact, so that we are not wide of the mark in believing that speculative Masons were members in the earliest history of this Fraternity of Cathedral Builders, and their numbers continued to increase year by year. Proof of this is found in abundance in lodge minutes. Noblemen, students, scholars sought entrance, not because of any special symbolism or mysteries, but because of an opportunity for a wider and more general education and to pursue the fascinating study of the ''noblest of sciences.'' Cook's Manuscript indicates the educational and moral purposes of the fraternity. The writer thereof says: ''And, moreover, He (God) hath given to man wit and knowledge of divers things and handicraft, by which he may labor in this world, in order to therewith get our livelihood, and fashion many objects pleasant in the sight of God to our own ease and profit. To rehearse all these matters here were too long in the writing or telling. I will therefore refrain; but nevertheless tell you some: For instance, how and in what the science of geometry was first invented and who were the founders both thereof and of several other crafts as is declared in the Bible and other histories. You must know that there are seven liberal sciences, from which seven all other sciences and crafts in the world have sprung; but especially geometry, the first cause of all other sciences, whatsoever they be. The seven sciences are grammar, rhetoric, dialectic, arithmetic, geometry, music and astronomy.''

It will be noted that this quotation from the second oldest manuscript shows unmistakably that one of the great ends of the fraternity was the diffusion of practical knowledge and its curriculum of studies compares well with the schools of today. Technical skill and study were paramount to any and all symbolism. There is no evidence that symbol-

ism attracted the speculative Mason into this fraternity, or that there existed within it a school of symbology, neither did its simple ceremonies attempt to elucidate any secret doctrine or waste its time on the mythical numbers of Pythagorus. Whatever secrets were communicated were purely technical and trade secrets, and, possibly, a word and sign whereby the members might make themselves known to each other. The Fraternity of Cathedral Builders was a professional and trade society; symbolism, if any, was incidental. I do not wish it to be understood that these beautiful cathedrals were built in a haphazard way, without any attention to the ideas to be conveyed in their symbolic and geometrical structure. The cross as represented by the transept, the nave and the chancel; the pointed arch based on the equilateral triangle, every column, chapiters, entablature, arches, towers, sculpture and decorations; the whole cathedral was a symbolic expression of the religious faith of the builders. No structure ever erected before or since showed such a wealth and beauty of symbols. But this symbolism was an open and manifest expression. It was a secret revealed to the world in stone. In all the symbolism of the cathedrals there was no primitive conception of the aborigines, no transcendental moonshine nor metaphysical mist. Numbers had no mystical meaning except in so far as they were the practical application of the science of numbers to proportion in structure. The ancient interpretation of symbols was lost in the new and higher conception, and theorizing gave way to utility and beauty.

With the decline of architecture, the transition of the operative into speculative craft was easy, yet gradual, as evidenced in the "Old Charges" of Free and Accepted Masons adopted six years after the formation of the grand lodge. These so-called Old Charges apply more to an operative organization than to a speculative, but it will be observed in paragraph four provision is made for the holding of official station by the non-operative. It reads: "Who is also to be noble born, or a gentleman of the best fashion, or some eminent scholar, or some curious architect, or other artists, descendent of honest parents, and who is of singular great merit in the opinion of the lodge." The entrance of John T. Desaguliers, LL. D., into Freemasonry, 1719, and of James Anderson, D. D., at about the same period, was the pivotal point which gradually completed the transition. Dr. Desaguliers, above all others, is the great figure who changed the operative into the speculative craft. By birth, education, training, and in his associations with the scientific and philosophical schools, he was pre-eminently qualified for this work. While such of the symbolism of Freemasonry was introduced at a later period, yet, the sublime symbolism of Freemasonry is the product of this clergyman's son. In 1723 Freemasonry stood at the dawn of a new age with

great opportunities and potentialities in her grasp. Although conceived and born in a fraternity of Christian architects and scholars, retransformed into a new life by two Christian clergymen, it laid aside its special creed and dogma for the promulgation of the great and fundamental creed—the Fatherhood of God and the Brotherhood of Man.

In conclusion, I would restate that Freemasonry is a brotherhood and not a secret society; the secret signs, grips and steps in its ceremonies today, are remnants of its evolution. These remnants are a hindrance to the full glory of Freemasonry, in that they create curiosity for the aborigines of the twentieth century and a veil of mystery for the illiterate and self-seeking. Signs, grips and steps are nothing, and ritualism is only secondary to the all-embracing spirit of Freemasonry—BROTHERHOOD.

APPENDIX
PART II

LODGE DIRECTORY.

Showing alphabetical list of Lodges and Postoffice, name of Worshipful Master and Secretary, and time of Stated Meeting.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
913	Aaron	3	Chicago	Andrew C. Metzger. 7444 Blackstone Ave.	Henry E. Hansen... 7826 Burnham Ave.	First and third Fridays of each month
185	Abingdon	39	Abingdon	G. A. Hickman	L. W. Cutler	First and third Tuesdays of each month
316	Abraham Jonas	47	Loda	Wm. R. Nye	Fred J. Kemp	First and third Mondays of each month
518	Abraham Lincoln	38	Kirkwood	Howard W. Barnes	Ralph D. Tinkman	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
67	Acacia	33	LaSalle	Thos. Young 919 6th St.	Albert Lang 12th and Berlin Sts.	First and Third Wednesdays of each month
277	Accordia	20	Chicago	Aug. H. Kropp 4649 N. Robey St.	Peter Beringer 4937 Christiana Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
529	Adams	68	Plainville	Harvey G. Boren	Perry Journey	Saturday on or before each full moon
749	Akin	95	Thompsonville	J. H. White Thompsonville, Ill.	Raymond Darnell... Akin, Ill.	First and third Mondays of each month
566	Albany	26	Albany	L. G. Fisher	E. A. Fassett	Friday on or before each full moon
974	Albany Park	15	Chicago	Andrew J. Martin... 4713 N. Drake Ave.	Chas. R. Moore 3024 Wilson Ave.	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
252	Aledo	37	Aledo	James A. Allen	Charles E. Duvall...	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
702	Alexandria	38	Alexis	J. E. Mayfield	A. J. Marnx	Friday on or before each full moon
960	Algonquin	22	Algonquin	Geo. E. Bailey	J. E. McKay	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
752	Allendale	90	Allendale	Frank Gray, Jr.	G. C. Robinson	First and third Mondays of each month
497	Alma	92	Stecleville	J. L. King	Thos. Robertson	Third Saturday
155	Alpha	39	Galesburg	J. Fred Temple 136 East Main St.	Arthur F. Stotts Bank of Galesburg Bldg.	First and third Fridays of each month
748	Alta	49	Alta	S. N. Smith	Edward Matthews Dunlap, Ill	Thursday on or before full moon
533	Altamont	83	Altamont	C. O. Faughr	Geo. N. Grant	Second Saturday of each month
902	Alto	31	Steward	W. A. Foster	M. M. Fell	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
330	Altona	39	Altona	M. W. Callinson	F. C. Krans	First and third Mondays of each month
840	Alto Pass	99	Alto Pass	Ferd L. Rendleman.	Walter Martin	First Wednesday of each month
889	America	8	Chicago	Harry D. Davisson.. 918 Tribune Bldg.	Edward A. Ludiam. 1126 Lorel Ave.	First and third Saturdays of each month
142	Ames	34	Sheffield	Wm. Duke	H. G. Andrews	First and third Tuesdays of each month
472	Amity	29	West Chicago	Albert H. Hills 7 High Street	Ralph B. Gregory	First and third Fridays of each month
261	Amon	58	Dewitt	John H. Callison	M. C. Groves	Tuesday on or before full moon
980	Anchor	59	Danville	Roy A. Wright The Temple.	Winter L Kimball.. 624 N. Walnut St	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
907	Ancient Craft	19	Chicago	M. F. Ascher 509 S. Franklin St.	Adolph S. Kaltnauer 160 N. 5th Ave.	First and third Thursdays of each month

516	Andalusia	36	Andalusia	J. C. Burgoyne	Fred C. Hofer, Taylor Ridge, Ill.	Tuesday on or before full moon
487	Andrew Jackson	95	Corinth	Frank H. Pease, R. R. No. 1, Thompsonville.	Morton C. Sherertz, Pittsburg, Ill.	Second Saturday of each month
520	Anna	99	Anna	W. L. Wiggins	Chas H. McGinnis	Third Tuesday of each month
127	Antioch	21	Milburn	Henry Patch, R.R.No.2, Antioch, Ill.	Roy L. Murrie, Lake Villa, Ill.	First and third Thursdays of each month
676	A. O. Fay	21	Highland Park	Wm. H. Thomas, Box 473,	Richard Bricknell, Lake Forest	First and third Thursdays of each month
642	Apollo	6	Chicago	Sidney Oppenheim, 1703 City Hall Bldg.	Chas. Barnett, 556 E. 50th St.	First and third Mondays of each month
859	Apple River	25	Apple River	Howard R. Lamont	Charlton McFadden	First and third Fridays of each month
717	Arcana	14	Chicago	Chas. J. F. Selearf, 5802 Erie St.	Arthur J. Dors, 4025 Cornelia Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
366	Arcola	74	Arcola	O. H. Woodworth	John R. Clisby	First Tuesday of each month
871	Argenta	61	Argenta	J. H. Armstrong	H. A. Dickey	First Tuesday of each month
354	Ark and Anchor	71	Auburn	F. O. Lorton	A. O. Merriam	First Friday of each month
378	Aroma	44	Waldron	Geo L. Hoke, Aroma Park, Ill.	C. L. Larson, St. Anne, Ill.	Wednesday on or before full moon
737	Arrowsmith	57	Arrowsmith	C. T. Cherry	H. B. Maurice	First and third Thursdays of each month
825	Arthur	74	Arthur	C. D. Robinson	Jas. I. Lawrence	First Monday of each month
1017	Arts and Crafts	57	Bloomington	Pearl C. Somerville.	Delmar D. Darrah	Second and fourth Fridays
929	Ashland	64	Ashland	W. S. Williams	Harry J. Lolman	First and third Thursdays of each month
308	Ashlar	8	Chicago	S. Geo. Crooks, 1341 Glenlake Ave.	John B. Aiken, Congress Park	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
390	Ashmore	75	Ashmore	C. T. Comstock	L. L. Hollock	Saturday on or before full moon
531	Ashton	31	Ashton	F. A. Richardson	Chas. L. Hunter	First Wednesday after full moon
100	Astoria	55	Astoria	R. E. Anderson	Frank W. Basel	Tuesday on or before full moon
793	A. T. Darrah	39	Victoria	E. J. Ericson	John E. Turner	First and third Wednesdays of each month
433	Atkinson	35	Atkinson	M. T. Booth	Lyle L. Lloyd, Geneseo R.F.D 6	Friday on or before full moon
165	Atlanta	63	Atlanta	Benj. I. Pumpelly	P. A. Crihfield	First and third Mondays of each month
651	Atwood	73	Atwood	E. D. Rhodes	Everet L. Taylor, Garrett, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
789	Auburn Park	11	Chicago	Wm. H. Robson, 7832 S. Union Ave.	Frank M. Fonda, 9726 Prospect Ave.	First and third Thursdays of each month
254	Aurora	30	Aurora	John T. Nicol, C.B. & Q. Br'k Office.	Edward C. Swett, 417 Columbia Ave.	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
850	Austin	8	Chicago	Robert B. Wilson, 217 N. Menard Ave.	Wm. O. Lutz, 127 N. Leamington	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
921	Avondale	8	Chicago	H. W. Kuetemeyer, 2937 N. Albany Ave.	Geo Henry Cook, 5038 Bertean Ave.	First and third Thursdays of each month
253	Avon Harmony	51	Avon	Geo. E. Simmons	B. E. Gorham	First and third Mondays of each month
145	A. W. Rawson	23	Pecatonica	A. W. Day	Merton F. Howarth	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
924	Banner Blue	11	Chicago	A. M Hunter, 6618 Parnell Ave.	F. C. Bunegar, 5743 Sangamon St.	First and third Wednesdays of each month

LODGE DIRECTORY.—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
572	Bardolph	54	Bardolph	C. W. Duncan	C. E. Thomas	First and third Friday of each month.
34	Barry	68	Barry	G. H. Wike	C. L. Morgan	Third Friday of each month
618	Basco	53	Basco	Chas. F. Ancelet	E. C. Wetzel	Monday before full moon
404	Batavia	30	Batavia	Willis L. Grimes	H. W. Benson, 145 Blain St.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
771	Bay City	98	Hamletsburg	Geo. A. Neely	C. A. Golden, New Liberty, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
1000	Baylis	68	Baylis	Geo. Fitzpatrick.	L. S. Clark	First Wednesday on or before full moon
784	Beacon Light	10	Norwood Park, Chicago.	Thomas Weston, 80 W. S. Water St., Chicago.	Chas. S. Schmeider	First and third Fridays of each month
665	Beecher City	83	Beecher City	W. L. Smith	H. R. Engel	Friday on or before full moon.
909	Bee Hive	2	Chicago	Morris G. Boas, 5924 S. Park Ave.	A. E. Schnitzer, 6212 Eberhard Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month.
696	Belle Rive	91	Belle Rive	J. Wilkey	S. I. Parfitt, Opdyke, Ill.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
822	Belknap	100	Belknap	S. T. Williams	James H. Taylor, Karnak, Ill.	First & third Thursdays on or before each month
911	Bellflower	58	Bellflower	J. M. Jordan	L. L. Flint	First and third Wednesdays of each month
60	Belvidere	23	Belvidere	Edward Roberts	Gilbert Marshall	First and third Mondays of each month
365	Bement	61	Bement	C. O. Houk	A. L. Hawver	Saturday on or before full moon
52	Benevolent	67	Meredosia	Edward Streuter	W. J. Hale	First and third Tuesdays of each month
962	Ben Franklin	8	Chicago	Myron P. Graham, 4345 N. Kildare Ave.	Wm. P. Ritchie, 4453 N. Kostner Ave.	First and third Fridays of each month
818	Ben Hur	19	Chicago	E. H. Warren, 5946 Glenwood Ave.	J. C. Elphinstone Jr. 2725 N. Troy St.	Thursday evening of each week
297	Benjamin	52	Camp Point	G. W. Cyrus	Orves Hudson	First and third Mondays of each month
64	Benton	95	Benton	Henry Hudson	Mack McCreery	First and third Mondays of each month.
839	Berwyn	4	Berwyn	Wm. F. Struckmann 3421 Oak Park Ave.	Robert D. Bresee, 3501 Oak Park Ave.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
406	Bethalto	79	Bethalto	J. W. McCracken	John R. Elliott	Thursday on or before full moon
884	Bethany	75	Bethany	Walter Roney	J. H. Weidner	First Thursday of each month
1012	Birchwood	9	Chicago	M. E. Smith, 6964 Ridge Ave.	John W. Hill, 1463 Monadnock Bl.	First and third Tuesdays. Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
359	Blackberry	29	Elburn	C. E. Morrill	Paul E. Scott, LaFox, Ill.	Second and fourth Mondays
238	Black Hawk	53	Hamilton	G. S. Reese	C. P. Lindsey	Second Friday
393	Blair	12	Chicago	E. F. Ballard 5434 Winthrop Ave.	Wm. H. Rennice, 3102 N. Ashland Ave.	First, third and fifth Wednesdays of each month
233	Blandinsville	51	Blandinsville	J. L. Griggs	Jas. F. Anderson	First and third Tuesdays
271	Blaney	7	Chicago	A. F. Anderson, 704 Borland Bldg.	G. H. Jackson, 1201 Monroe Bldg.	Second and fourth Wednesdays

458	Blazing Star	97	Carriers Mills	Robt. J. Sneed	Guy Lawrence	First and third Fridays	
148	Bloomfield	73	Chrisman	Walter Skinner	John Owens	Sat. on or before full moon & 2 weeks thereafter	
43	Bloomington	57	Bloomington	Nimrod Mace	Clerc Tilbury	First and third Thursdays of each month	
682	Blue Mound	72	Blue Mound	R. R. McClure	J. M. Beckett	Second Tuesdays.	
647	Blueville	72	Edinburg	C. E. Holyoke	D. A. Mason	First Thursday	
846	Bluffs	67	Bluffs	Russell S. Wolford	S. E. Arundel	First and third Wednesdays of each month	
1	Bodley	52	Quincy	Erde W. Beatty Court House	F. W. Brinkoetter 1019 S. 5th St	First and third Mondays of each month	
943	Bohemia	17	Chicago	Frank Vavrock 4009 W. 26th St.	Otto Pecha 1932S.63rd.Berwyn,Ill	Every Friday	
882	Boulevard	5	Chicago	Oscar D. Olson 30 N. LaSalle St.	John F. Williams 7700 S. Green St.	First and third Thursdays of each month	
486	Bowen	53	Bowen	Clyde M. Smith	Edwin Owen	First and third Fridays of each month	
857	Boyd D.	28	Kirkland	H. L Booth	Chas. Meyer Jr.	First and third Fridays of each month	
514	Bradford	40	Bradford	Harmon J. Boyd	Otto C. Boyd	Thursday on or before full moon	
704	Braidwood	45	Braidwood	A. D. Howat	J. H. Holman	First and third Thursdays of each month	
386	Bridgeport	90	Bridgeport	E. H. Atkins	Byron R. Lewis	First and third Tuesdays of each month	
854	Brighton Park	10	Chicago	Walter E. Felt 4702 W. Congress St.	Wm. G. Sorrensen 5927 S. Campbell Av.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month	
791	Broadlands	73	Broadlands	J. J. Douthit	A. S. Maxwell	First and third Saturdays of each month	
451	Bromwell	76	Assumption	L. A. Tripp	Otto D. Hedrick	Thursday on or before full moon	
282	Brooklyn	32	Compton	Frank Card	Herbert Carnahan	First and third Wednesdays of each month	
986	Brotherhood	6	Chicago	W. A. Pittsford 20 N. Waller Ave.	John H. Cook. B.& O 236 S. Clark St.	First and third Fridays of each month	
963	Broughton	91	Broughton	H. M. Carlisle	I. I. Hall	First and third Thursdays of each month.	
634	Buckley	47	Buckley	H. C. West	O. D. Reed	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month	
399	Buda	34	Buda	James Suggitt	John F. Carper	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month	
945	Buffalo	65	Buffalo	G. C. Edwards	Oliver McDaniel	First Monday of each month	
679	Buffalo Prairie	36	Buffalo Prairie	Chas. F. Krueger Muscatine, Ia.	Glen Boruff Illinois City, Ill.	Saturday before full moon	
151	Bunker Hill	77	Bunker Hill	Geo. H. Baker	Frank E. Bauer	Thursday on or before full moon	
683	Burnside	51	Burnside	R. H. Wilson	S. S. Carlisle	Saturday on or before full moon	
668	Burnt Prairie	89	Burnt Prairie	W. J. Calkin	Geo. E. Jessup	First and third Saturdays of each month	
274	Byron	28	Byron	F. W. Adams	J. M. Heald	First and third Thursdays of each month	
237	Cairo	100	Cairo	J. Heid Court House.	S. G. Richardson 1101½ Coml. Ave.	Second Monday of each month	
47	Caledonia	100	Pulaski	O. F. Lackey	H. H. Moore	Second and fourth Mondays	
792	Calhoun	78	Hardin	R. D. Williams	John F. Linkogle	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month	
716	Calumet	13	Blue Island	Fred S. Wirts 498 Greenwood Ave.	Fred H. Dohrman 216 Oak St.	First and third Tuesdays of each month	
440	Camargo	73	Camargo	A. F. Wiley	Fred Ebel	Thursday on or before full moon	
49	Cambridge	36	Cambridge	Oscar E. Sanquist	Maurice J. Smith	First and third Thursdays of each month	
648	Camden	54	Camden	E. L. Daley	Evertt Cady Huntsville, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon	
927	Candida	13	Chicago	Jas. F. Richmond 3323 Hirsch St.	G. W. Talmage 528 E. 34th St.	First and third Fridays of each month	
575	Capron	22	Capron	F. D. Cornwell	D. O. Caudry	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.	
904	Carlock	65	Mechanicsburg	H. R. Riddle	Lewis W. Lencon	Thursday on or before full moon.	

LODGE DIRECTORY.—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	Dist. No.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
732	Carman	38	Carman	Earl D. Marsden, 5207 Greenwood Ave.	A. C. Babcook, 517 E. 42nd Place.	Saturday on or before full moon
272	Carmi	89	Carmi	Chas. T. Randolph	Wm. E. Day	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
900	Carnation	17	Chicago	Fred P. Sherman	W. D. Methews	First and third Tuesdays of each month
50	Carrollton	78	Carrollton	A. H. Johnston	H. A. Kelly	First Monday of each month
442	Casey	82	Casey	B. B. Sturdevant	Geo. W. Bell	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
23	Cass	55	Beardstown	Walter F. Thron	H. E. Montgomery	First and third Mondays of each month
285	Catlin	59	Catlin	Walter T. Boggess	Chas. A. Voigt	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
444	Cave in Rock	97	Cave in Rock	Walter Barnard	Chas. S. Winn	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
124	Cedar	43	Morris	R. R Dohuty	Philip H. Kohl	First and third Tuesdays of each month
747	Centennial	60	Philo	Wm. Snyder	R. S. Jessee	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
71	Central	65	Springfield	Chas. F. Haendle 1401 N. Fifth St.	Jas. F. Jabusch 210 W. Lawrence Av.	Second Monday of each month
201	Centralia	86	Centralia	W. C. Vass 317 E. Broadway.	J. W. Stedelin 725 S. Elm St.	First and third Fridays of each month
600	Cerro Gordo	61	Cerro Gordo	B. L. Chapman	Wm. A. Dew	Friday on or before full moon
867	Chadwick	27	Chadwick	John O. Kerch	George Daeher	First and third Mondays of each month
373	Chambersburg	67	Chambersburg	Roscoe C. Metz	Oscar Dennis	Saturday on or before full moon
724	Chandlerville	66	Chandlerville	W. D. Leeper	Jean H. Scott Virginia, Ill.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
262	Channahon	43	Channahon	C. R. Hulbert	Albert Tables	Monday on or before full moon
719	Chapel Hill	98	Wolf Creek	O. N. Leutz Carterville, Ill.	T. J. Throgmorton Goreville, Ill.	Saturday on or after full moon
838	Charity	37	Seaton	W. D. Holmes	Alex P. Spence Aledo, Ill.	Wednesday on or before full moon
35	Charleston	75	Charleston	Thos. T. Shoemaker	Wm. B. Tyrn	First and third Tuesdays of each month
236	Charter Oak	72	Litchfield	Harry C. Gorin	C. O. Richards	First and third Thursdays of each month
523	Chatham	71	Chatham	W. H. Whitney	C. H. Dvewman	Saturday on or before full moon
539	Chatsworth	48	Chatsworth	L. C. Smith	H. T. Klover	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
429	Chebanse	44	Chebanse	W. O. Nation	Geo. W. Lane	Second Wednesday of each month
468	Cheney's Grove	57	Saybrook	Thos. W. Nixon	W. O. Butler	First and third Tuesdays of each month
292	Chenoa	57	Chenoa	Jacob Balbach	T. W. Weatherwax	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
173	Cherry Valley	23	Cherry Valley	G. A. Wemple 1035 Pearl St., Belvidere, Ill.	F. W. Howe	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
72	Chester	92	Chester	L. Kuhrtz	Z. Z. Patton	First and third Saturdays of each month
445	Chesterfield	77	Chesterfield	Edwin Hewitt	Dan A Drum	Monday on or before full moon
437	Chicago	16	Chicago	S. M. Frankland 5310 S. Park Ave.	J. V. Phillips 337 W. Madison St.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
851	Chicago Heights	9	Chicago Heights	Otto F. Conrad 1654 Thorn St.	George Roberts 21 E. 15th St.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
1016	Christopher	95	Christopher	Orlie Burkitt	Ozro H. Lewis	Second and fourth Thursdays

955	Cicero	3	Cicero	Fred W. Smith 2621 S. 61st Court.	Wm. G. Howe 2616 S. 59th Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
938	Circle	16	Oak Park	J. Horace Jefferson 922 Wenonah Ave.	Harry J. Vickery 2737 Gladys Ave.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
965	Cisco	61	Cisco	H. B. McKinney	Ray Sloats	Second Tuesday of each month
603	Clark	82	Martinsville	James Porter	R. D. McIntosh	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
153	Clay	86	Ashley	C. H. Brown	Chas. Kerstine	First and third Mondays of each month
488	Clay City	94	Clay City	T. H. White	J. M. Ragsdale	First Saturday of each month
147	Clayton	67	Clayton	J. E. Hough	Geo. H. Swaney	First and third Mondays of each month
680	Clement	35	Colona	F. P. Green	F. J. Deem	Tuesday on or before full moon
211	Cleveland	6	Chicago	Wm. D. Watson 3825 Lexington St.	W. J. Axelson 2419 Smalley Court	First and third Wednesdays of each month
688	Clifton	44	Clifton	M. C. Madison	J. B. Ritter	Second Tuesday of each month
19	Clinton	64	Petersburg	Harry G. Balster	J. L. DuBoes	Third Monday of each month
990	Clover Leaf	80	Herrick	Homer Stafford	Walter Beck	Second Wednesday of each month
466	Cobden	99	Cobden	C. Marberry	H. S. Hardin	First and third Thursday of each month
906	Coffeen	80	Coffeen	A. Studebaker	Wm. R. Haller	Second Friday of each month
496	Colchester	54	Colchester	Henry Roberts	G. R. Hall	First and third Tuesdays of each month
799	Colfax	57	Colfax	J. Fielding	Joseph Martin Sr.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
712	Collinsville	84	Collinsville	Frank W. Needle 206 E. Church St.	Walter Eichman W. Main St.	Second Tuesday
714	Collison	59	Collison	M. S. Campbell	G. V. Juoinall	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
474	Columbia	92	Columbia	H. N. Kunz	Herman Rose	Second Friday
819	Columbian	1	Chicago	John E. Collings 2509 S. Ridgeway Ave.	Wm. H. Wilson 2518 S. Ridgeway Av.	Friday of each week
227	Columbus	52	Columbus	Chas. E. Tilton	J. A. Lohse	Wednesday on or before full moon
641	Comet	64	Minier	B. F. Quigg	Wm. E. Freitag	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
1005	Community	3	Chicago	P. Robert Johnson 4037 N. Robey St.	Albert P. Bauer 822 W. North Ave.	First and third Thursdays
922	Compass	9	Chicago	Oscar L. Carson 6841 LaFayette Ave.	J. C. Carlson 601 Otis Bldg.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
879	Composite	3	Chicago	John Henry Ferre 4942 Blackstone Ave.	F. E. Baker 1009 E. 60th St.	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
917	Concord	7	Chicago	D. W. Jones 1010 E. 42d Place	F. E. Schultz	First and third Mondays of each month
783	Constantia	20	Chicago	Rud Wendt 3059 Diversey Ave.	H. Silberhorn 2947 Polk St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
892	Constellation	11	Chicago	E. A. Johnston 1928 Patterson Ave.	A. W. Moss 3625 N. Hermitage Av.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
489	Cooper	88	Willow Hill	Iley Smith	Harry Yoder	Saturday on or before full moon
205	Corinthian	32	Pawpaw	Chas. A. Tessman	Dr. T. H. Stetler	First and third Fridays of each month
868	Cornell	41	Cornell	S. G. Sands	F. L. Gardner	First and third Tuesdays of each month
875	Cornerstone	19	Chicago	A. J. Wallenta 505 S. Dearborn St.	G. M. Embury 511 Roscoe St.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
808	Cornland	63	Cornland	J. T. Irving	E. A. Day	Saturday on or before full moon
920	Cottonwood	89	Cottonwood	J. P. Halland Omaha, Ill.	W. F. Lanham Norris City, Ill.	Third Saturday of each month
1020	Cosmopolitan	14	Chicago	Morris H. Cohen 1508 Hayworth Bldg.	Gustav Kohn 4719 Forestville Ave	First and third Wednesdays

LODGE DIRECTORY.—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
526	Covenant	1	Chicago	Paul G. Dunn, 412 W. Chicago Ave.	Samuel Perring, 3049 Eastwood Ave.	First and third Fridays
666	Crawford	82	Eaton	C. E. Mitchell	H. E. Wood, Robinson, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon & 2 weeks later
817	Creal Springs	96	Creal Springs	R. M. Taylor	R. M. Camden	First and third Tuesdays of each month
895	Crescent	13	Chicago	David R. Roller, 511 W. 60th St.	Harry J. Lurie, 4746 Ingleside Ave.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month.
320	Creston	31	Creston	Thomas Joce	Thos Pickwell	First Monday of each month
763	Crete	44	Crete	L. S. Cole, Steges, Ill.	W. R. Trowbridge	Third Saturday of each month
534	Cuba	50	Cuba	James Wood	C. M. Ewan	Monday on or before full moon
987	Cyrene	7	Chicago	David C. Hibbott, 7435 St. Lawr'ce Ave.	R. A. Benson, 1443 E. 66th Place	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
188	Cyrus	24	Mt. Carroll	Jacob M. Landis	Frank Schroeppel	First and third Tuesdays of each month
967	Dahlgren	91	Dahlgren	H. E. Bartell	D. F. Whited	Second and fourth Monday of each month
235	Dallas City	38	Dallas City	Wm. Prescott	Homer Cummings	Friday on or before full moon
888	Damascus	7	Chicago	Carl Theo. Johnson, 6222 Dorchester Ave.	H. A. Thomas, 6221 S. Park Ave.	First and third Fridays of each month
742	Danvers	57	Danvers	Chas. C. Lambdin	Edward S. Sloane	Thursday on or before full moon
556	Dawson	65	Dawson	Homer Mitts	Sam Yocom, Riverton, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
643	D. C. Cregier	7	Chicago	Fred F. Handrup, 3417 LeMoyne St.	A. C. Thielberg, 3027 Logan Blvd.	Wednesday of each week
833	Dean	93	Ava	Roger Walwark	Walter L. Husband	Saturday on or before full moon
310	Dearborn	9	Chicago	Geo. D. Chase, 4757 Ingleside Ave.	John W. Biddle, 1750 W. 35th St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
144	DeKalb	28	DeKalb	Geo. Fletcher, 403 Leonard Ave.	Geo. Jenson, 714 N. 12th St.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
812	DeLand	58	DeLand	R. J. Murphy	E. R. Rinehart	First and third Tuesdays of each month
156	Delavan	64	Delavan	Arthur R. Patzer	Wm. F. Donley	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
464	Denver	53	Denver	F. M. Harter, Bowen, Ill.	S. G. Flemming	Saturday on or before full moon
951	Depue	33	Depue	F. W. Krueger	J. H. Graham	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
287	DeSoto	93	DeSoto	D. M. Ragsdale	Lewis B. Marten, Hallidayboro, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
890	DesPlaines	9	Des Plaines	Chas. M. Larson	Robert Duthie	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
84	DeWitt	62	Clinton	Harry L. Bean	Harry S. Macon	Friday on or before full moon
295	Dills	53	West Point	Lynn Crouch	W. G. Barnard	Thursday on or before full moon
581	Dongola	100	Dongola	C. A. C. Parker	R. A. Anderson	First and third Thursdays of each month
255	Donnellson	80	Donnellson	W. F. Allen	R. M. Harwood	Tuesday on or before each full moon
952	Donovan	46	Donovan	G. M. Thomas	Arthur Erickson	First and third Wednesdays of each month
319	Doric	35	Moline	Thos. J. Marshall, Moline Plow Co.	C. D. Boyle, Poole Bldg.	First Thursday of each month

361	Douglas	85	Mascoutah	Geo. Draser	G. H. A. Hamann	First Wednesday of each month
190	Dundee	22	Dundee	F. M. Carr	C. H. Roth	First and third Fridays of each month
321	Dunlap	26	Morrison	A. M. Kidd	H. L. Germann	First and third Mondays of each month
234	DuQuoin	93	Duquoin	Rob't C. Eaton	F. Guy Hitt	Second Thursday of each month
302	Durand	23	Durand	F. L. Randall	N. O. Patterson	First and third Thursdays of each month
923	East Gate	10	Chicago	Wm. J. McKeen, 570 Fulton St.	M. Hammerschlag, 3522 Wilton Ave.	First and Third Thursdays of each month
969	East Moline	35	East Moline	Simeon E. Long, Mnfrs. State Bank Bldg.	A. L. Allmendinger, 116 N. 10th St.	Third Friday of each month
504	East St. Louis	84	East St. Louis	E. S. McIntyre, 510 Veronica Ave.	Joseph A. Masson, 1722 A. Hall St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
672	Eddyville	96	Eddyville	F. A. King	W. L. Reid	First Saturday of each month
829	Edgar	73	Hume	Wm. Yenawine	H. L. Morrow	Third Tuesday of each month
901	Edgewater	18	Chicago	Chas. H. Kern, 5439 Lakewood Ave.	Edward H. Peters, 6330 Wayne Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
484	Edgewood	87	Edgewood	Wilbur Bartley	E. H. Lovett	Saturday on or before full moon
164	Edward Dobbins	90	Lawrenceville	J. O. Martin	Lisle R. Smith	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
99	Edwardsville	79	Edwardsville	F. M. Campbell	Perry H. Hiles	First and third Thursdays of each month
149	Effingham	83	Effingham	Mannie L. Elbow	Wm. H. Bash	First Friday of each month
633	E. F. W. Ellis	23	Rockford	Albert R. Davis, 415 N. 3rd St.	R. C. Johnson, 1130 Cedar St.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
388	El Dara	69	El Dara	Chas. F. Frank, New Castle, R.R. 1.	O. O. Ownby, Hadley, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
730	Eldorado	97	Eldorado	J. M. Burnett	Thos. A. Grable	First and third Fridays of each month
117	Elgin	22	Elgin	Thos. B. Rowlands, 408 S. Liberty St.	F. E. Hallock, 161 Jewett St.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
276	Elizabeth	97	Elizabethtown	Jno. Q. A. Ledbetter	Edward F. Wall Jr.	First and third Thursdays of each month
903	Elkhart	63	Elkhart	Logan Barber	P. J. Barton, Middletown, Ill.	Third Wednesday of each month
941	Elmhurst	29	Elmhurst	A. E. Nelsin	Ernest John Bunge	First and third Wednesdays of each month
246	El Paso	49	El Paso	Chester F. Curtiss	A. C. King	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
715	Elvaston	53	Elvaston	A. J. Lewely	J. L. Baldon	Tuesday on or before full moon
919	Elwood	45	Elwood	Christian Nielsen	J. C. Linebarger	First Thursday of each month
984	Emblem	4	Chicago	Chas. Blind, 6415 Vernon Ave.	David J. Gordon, 104 E 51st St.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
796	E. M. Husted	70	Roodhouse	W. T. Teeple	J. W. Mellen	Second Monday on or before full moon
126	Empire	56	Pekin	H. P. Weybrich	E. A. Merrell	First and third Thursdays of each month
677	Enfield	89	Enfield	W. W. Wallace	M. A. Miller	First and third Fridays of each month
690	Englewood	10	Chicago	Alfred Guthrie, 6914 Wentwo'th Ave.	B. F. Tarner, 7414 Princeton Ave.	First and third Mondays of each month
2	Equality	97	Equality	Carroll H. Davis	James A. Womack	First Wednesday of each month
878	Equity	2	Chicago	Harry C. Kinne, 1504-139 N. Clark St.	D. C. Hutchins, 19 S. LaSalle St.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
667	Erie	26	Erie	Paul D. Carlson	W. J. Mahana	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
65	Euclid	30	Naperville	Chas. F. Rohn	Gustave J. Lindblad	First and third Tuesdays of each month

LODGE DIRECTORY.—Continued.

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69	Eureka	36	Milan	Wm. J. Spencer, 4515 12th St., Rock Is.	Chas. N. Hammond, 812 47th Ave., Rock Is	First Friday of each month
524	Evans	19	Evanston	E. A. Barber, 1580 Sherman Ave.	Chas. W. Leggett, 1907 Maple Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
414	Evening Star	23	Davis	Edw. Degunther	L. F. Ellert, Rock City, Ill.	First and third Fridays of each month
170	Evergreen	24	Freeport	Edgar E. Keck, 14 Washington Pl'ce	Fred F. Pepperdine	First and third Mondays of each month
705	Ewing	95	Ewing	H. Richeson	Chas. V. Clark	First Friday of each month
97	Excelsior	24	Freeport	Chas. C. Wolf, 234 Exchange St.	M. G. Schant, 190 Carroll St.	First and third Fridays of each month
966	Exemplar	10	Chicago	Wm. M. Gilson, 3845 W. Polk St.	J. B. Stidzer, 5210 Winthrop Ave.	First and third Thursdays of each month
424	Exeter	67	Exeter	Clyde Funk, Bluffs, Ill.	Henry Hubbert, Chapin, Ill.	Thursday on or before full moon
206	Fairfield	94	Fairfield	Samuel Pendleton	Chas. C. Hill	First and third Mondays of each month
590	Fairmount	59	Fairmount	Joseph A. Cox	Fred A. Shepherd	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
1006	Fair Oaks	4	Oak Park	Philip H. Gray, 40 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.	Bert Wm. Crissey, 162 N. Lombard Av.	Second and fourth Thursdays
356	Fairview	50	Fairview	Jno. W. Gaddis	Wm. G. Hill	Thursday on or before full moon
601	Farina	87	Farina	J. R. Dillon	S. B. Givin	First and third Thursdays of each month
710	Farmer City	58	Farmer City	S. R. Mitchell	Amos Weedman	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
232	Farmers	98	Brookport	Fred J. McGuire	Elmer I. Farquahar	Second Saturday of each month
192	Farmington	50	Farmington	A. A. Luckey	Ralph Gentle	Fourth Friday of each month
961	Federal	7	Chicago	Thos. A. Bairnson, 6026 Ingleside Ave.	Herbert E. Paaren, 5749 Lowe Ave.	First and third Fridays of each month
89	Fellowship	93	Marion	J. R. Bradbury, Marion St. Sav. Bk.	W. D. Abner	First Tuesday of each month
971	Fernwood Park	12	Chicago	Smith J. Eagley, 10240 Eggleston Ave.	C. J. Holland, 10125 Lowe Ave.	First and third Fridays of each month
152	Fidelity	77	Medora	Earl T. Rhodes	Harry Armstrong, Fidelity, Ill.	Wednesday before full moon
842	Fides	6	West Pullman, Chicago	Homer F. Allen, 12022 Harvard Ave.	Eric B. Ericsson, 10514 Perry Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
592	Fieldon	78	Fieldon	H. L. Schmidt	Herbert Brown	Third Saturday of each month
670	Fillmore	80	Fillmore	Chas. H. Rameyn	Hamilton H. Card	Monday on or before full moon
831	Findlay	76	Findlay	Otis E. Stumpf	Elmer E. Earp	First and third Fridays of each month
585	Fisher	72	Grove City	Sydney M. Hobben, Stonington, Ill.	Roy A. Robinson, Stonington, Ill.	Tuesday on or before full moon
348	Flat Rock	88	Flat Rock	L. P. Magill	Geo. W. Barney	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
204	Flora	94	Flora	A. G. Gaddis	H. T. Patton	First Wednesday of each month

614	Forrest	48	Forrest	D. O. Morris	W. L. Lewis	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
1003	Fortitude	2	Chicago	Emil Selten 2648 Hirsch St.	Martyn L. Nathan 2917 N. Troy St.	First and third Wednesdays
567	Frankfort	95	West Frankfort	Elmer Dorris	John W. Jennings	First and third Thursdays of each month
25	Franklin	79	Alton	Clarence E. Sargent 2610 Walnut St.	Wm. J. Hert 1401 Main St.	Third Saturday of each month
264	Franklin Grove	31	Franklin Grove	N. A. Whitney	F. M. Banker	First Tuesday of each month
58	Fraternal	61	Monticello	J. R. Hetner	T. J. Foster	Second Wednesday of each month
418	Freeburg	85	Freeburg	Cyrus A. Whittaker	Daniel Borger	Second Wednesday of each month
194	Freedom	42	Freedom	C. R. Lucas R.R. No. 3, Sheridan.	L. S. McClure Earlville, Ill., R.3	Saturday on or before full moon
872	Free Will	59	Oakwood	G. D. Carnogey R. F. D. No. 3.	C. J. Oakwood	First and third Thursdays of each month
7	Friendship	31	Dixon	Albert B. Whitcomb	Lee Read	Second Thursday of each month
341	Full Moon	78	Grafton	C. J. Slaten	D. C. Slaten	First and third Tuesdays of each month
189	Fulton City	26	Fulton	Geo. Lein	Earl D. Thomson	First Monday of each month
684	Galatia	97	Galatia	W. T. Smart	Fred Malone	Saturday on or before full moon
243	Galva	36	Galva	Eng. S. Sanders	Robert S. Miller	First and third Tuesdays of each month
141	Garden City	3	Chicago	Edw. L. Holmes 4523 Wash'gton Blvd.	Harry W. Finney 230 S. LaSalle St.	Tuesday of each week
573	Gardner	45	Gardner	L. G. Horrie	Daniel Green S. Wilmington, Ill.	First and third Mondays of each month
686	Garfield	9	Chicago	Chas. W. Walduck 3525 W. Adams St.	Geo. C. Besold 925 S.Oak Park Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
139	Geneva	129	Geneva	Wm. M. Raftree 30 W. 6th St.	Elmer A. Sanders	First and third Tuesdays of each month
288	Genoa	28	Genoa	Thos. M. Frazier	Frank A. Little	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
222	Geo. Washington	49	Chillicothe	A. M. Root	H. V. Thomas	First and third Mondays of each month
182	Germania	20	Chicago	John B. Hartke 2844 Burling St.	John Kiefer 3125 Seminary Ave.	First and third Thursdays of each month
733	Gibson	48	Gibson City	P. C. McKay	Wallace S. Lamb	First and third Mondays of each month
382	Gill	66	Lynnville	Earl R. Landes Jacksonville, R. 2	Thos. R. Dodsworth Jacksonville, R. 2	Tuesday on or before full moon
214	Gillespie	77	Gillespie	H. T. Floyd	Herman L. Seekamp	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
809	Gilham	80	MulberryGrove	Fred E Martin	Warren G. Johnson	First Friday of each month
591	Gilman	47	Gilman	Fred Lueche	W. T. Marberry	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
908	Gil. W. Barnard	1	Chicago	Robert F. Cheyne 7350 University Ave.	F. K. Hendru 1200 Yale Ave.	First and third Fridays of each month
171	Girard	71	Girard	O. B. Metcalf	F. G. Wood	First Monday of each month
983	Glencoe	3	Glencoe	E. Harry Keene 829 Greenwood Ave.	Geo. M. Groves 573 Grove St.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
950	Glen Ellyn	29	Glenellyn	John Le Messurier	Edgar H. McChesney	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
131	Golconda	96	Golconda	Sam'l L. Morse	Wm. G. Boulden	Second Monday of each month
248	Golden Gate	51	Prairie City	Samuel J. Kreider	D. E. Wittenmeyer	First and third Tuesdays of each month
726	Golden Rule	15	Chicago	Adna J. Cornell 30 N. La Salle St.	Grant Sparrow 1447 Belleplaine Av.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
617	Good Hope	51	Good Hope	J. M. James	J. F. Bellomy	Thursday on or before full moon

LODGE DIRECTORY.—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
744	Goode	93	Valier	W. A. Sample R.R. No.4, Benton Ill.	L. G. Payne Benton, Ill., R. 3	Saturday on or before full moon
473	Gordon	84	Pocahontas	D. R. Wilkins	Fred M. Bilyen	First and third Fridays
852	Gothic	84	East St. Louis.	Wm. K. Henderson.. 605 N. 14th St.	Robert M. Vanscoy.. 1721 Ohio Ave	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
660	Grand Chain	100	Grand Chain	J. M. Merchant	G. C. Bartleson	Monday on or before full moon
776	Grand Crossing	6	Chicago	E. L. Eckersall.. 7245 Champlain Ave.	W. E. Goodere 6212 Dorchester Av.	First and third Saturdays of each month
877	Granite City	84	Granite City	John W. Costley 2028 C St.	Cleve Curtright. 2321 G St.	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
928	Grant Park	44	Grant Park	C. A. Newton	John R. Hanlon	First and third Fridays of each month
129	Greenfield	77	Greenfield	Hugh A. Shields	Merrill B. Metcalf	Friday on or before full moon
125	Greenup	81	Greenup	W. W. Rothrock	J. H. Nels Sr.	First and third Thursdays of each month
653	Greenview	64	Greenview	John H. Stone	Earnest Tripp	First Tuesday of each month
245	Greenville	84	Greenville	Clark K. Denny 337 N. 3rd St.	Harry A. McLain	First Wednesday of each month
45	Griggsville	68	Griggsville	John S. Felmley	W. E. Doane	Tuesday on or before full moon
824	Grove	30	Downers Grove	Fred E. Dowe	Geo. O. Prickett	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
352	Groveland	56	Morton	Levi Mosiman	P. J. Yentes	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
778	Gurney	96	Allen Springs	C. W. Murrie Vienna, Ill.	James Wright. Rock, Ill.	Saturday before full moon
443	Hampshire	28	Hampshire	C. H. Klick	Frank E. Ball	First and third Tuesdays of each month
20	Hancock	53	Carthage	Wm. H. Bartels	Ernest O. Reaugh	Second Monday of each month
905	Hanover	25	Hanover	John J. Miller	John Lester Spees	Second Friday of each month
731	Harbor	16	Chicago	Frank J. Winzeler.. 3059 E. 91st St.	John F. Brown 7336 Phillips Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
44	Hardin	67	Mt. Sterling	H. A. Perry	D. R. Peters	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
756	Hardinville	88	Hardinville	I. G. Pringle	Geo. R. Hall	First and third Wednesdays of each month
3	Harmony	66	Jacksonville	John R. Phillips. 331 W. College St.	Robinson, Ill., R. 2 Wm. R. Hamline 552 Hardin Ave.	First and third Mondays of each month
325	Harrisburg	97	Harrisburg	J. W. Richardson	Geo. E. Anderson	First and third Tuesdays of each month
309	Harvard	22	Harvard	Hugh H. Megran. 103 N. Diggins St.	John Chas. Harris	First and third Tucsdays of each month
832	Harvey	2	Harvey	John J. Gard 153 155th St.	Edward Anderson... 45 154th St.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
88	Havana	55	Havana	Adolph Schill	Clyde C Caldwell	First Monday of each month
580	Hazel Dell	82	Hazel Dell	J. G. Sample	Bruce Kelly	First and third Tuesdays of each month.
604	Hebron	21	Hebron	W. M. Millar	M. D. Brooks	Second and fourth Mondays.
820	Henderson	62	Kenney	J. Aughenbaugh	Perry Wine	Saturday on or before full moon
119	Henry	40	Henry	Frank Johnson	Elmer Gwinn	First and second Tuesdays of each month

669	Herder	20	Chicago	Henry Nause 1009 Thomas Ave., Forest Park	John B. Maier 2626 Indiana Ave.	First and third Mondays of each month
39	Herman	52	Quincy	P. J. Schlagenhauf Stern Bldg.	J. A. Worttmann 615 S. 19th St.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
356	Hermitage	90	Albion	W. H. Siefferman	Albert J. Kimball	First and third Mondays of each month
193	Herrick	38	Pontoosuc	Chas. W. Hettrick	Geo. F. Graff	Saturday on or before full moon
693	Herrin's Prairie	95	Herrin	Horace Barnhill	James B. Smith	First and third Thursdays of each month
411	Hesperia	14	Chicago	Gerry R. Walker 6687 Normal Bvd.	Oliver M. Foss 806 McCormick Bldg	Thursday of each week
251	Heyworth	62	Heyworth	Albion C. Lake	Otto M. Claflin	First and third Tuesdays of each month
249	Hibbard	77	Brighton	Thos. A. Jones	John R. Ash	Second Monday of each month
583	Highland	84	Highland	Fremont C. Kuhmer	Henry T. Jost	First Thursday of each month
301	Hinckley	30	Hinckley	A. F. Prince	James H. Clark	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
837	Hindsboro	74	Hindsboro	C. L. Watson	James G. Green	Wednesday on or before full moon
934	Hinsdale	30	Hinsdale	Arnold Thies 283 Third St.	S. T. Collins Jr. 202 6th St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
1009	Hiram	7	Chicago	Edward A. Titcomb 171 N. Lockwood Ave.	Stephen A. Cross 5050 N. St. Louis Av.	First and third Tuesdays
508	Home	18	Chicago	Henry H. Blake 3845 Ellis Ave.	James A. Hunter 1653 W. 104th Place	First and third Fridays of each month
199	Homer	60	Homer	F. M. Conkey	Jas. C. V. Taylor	Tuesday on or before full moon
1010	Honor	8	Chicago	Jas. F. Fernock 943 N. Crawford Ave.	Paul L. Wachtel 703 N. St. Louis Ave.	First and third Wednesdays
886	Hooppole	26	Hooppole	Elmer E. Tate	Ray H. Petty	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
162	Hope	92	Sparta	Chas. E. Wilson	Clarence A. Braden	Second Friday of each month
622	Hopedale	64	Hopedale	Joseph Fishel	L. C. Brighton	First and third Thursdays of each month
363	Horeb	50	Elmwood	Harry L. Kelly	Clifton J. Callister	Second and fourth Wednesday of each month
244	Horicon	31	Rochelle	W. W. Wheeler	W. D. Pickle	First and third Tuesdays of each month
910	Hull	68	Hull	Lewis Weir	Everett L. Lawrence	Thursday on or before full moon
555	Humboldt	42	Ottawa	R. A. Nickerson 404 2nd Ave.	Leon F. Levy Nertney Bldg.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
813	Humboldt Park	17	Chicago	Chas. H. Witbeck 3847 N. Keystone Ave.	Wm. H. Milleville 3310 Palmer St.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
465	Huntsville	54	Huntsville	Troy P. Bilderback Augusta, Ill.	C. E. Bilderback Augusta, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
1004	Hurst	93	Hurst	G. W. Warmack	R. E. Edmonds	Second and fourth Fridays
136	Hutsonville	82	Hutsonville	A. C. Lindsay	Roscoe B. McQueen	First and third Mondays of each month
698	Hutton	81	Diona	H. G. Devinney R. R. 1, Charleston.	Lewis E. Baughman Greenup, Ill., R. 1	Saturday on or before full moon
989	Hyde Park	9	Chicago	Wm. W. Rosenthal 26 W. Wash'gton St.	Dan DeBaugh 221 Institute Place	First and third Fridays of each month
263	Illinois	49	Peoria	Isaac M. Hornbacker 9056 Jefferson Bldg.	Carl Hulsebus 800 E Nebraska Av.	Fourth Tuesday of each month
178	Illinois Central	31	Amboy	W. L. Berryman	W. F. Entorf	First and third Mondays of each month
521	Illiopolis	62	Illiopolis	L. D. Barnum	Adrian Lucas	Thursday on or before full moon
327	Industry	54	Industry	J. S. McCreight	O. E. Kinkade	Thursday on or before full moon

LODGE DIRECTORY—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
997	Integrity	16	Chicago	E. J. Hartwich, 5508 Glenwood Ave.	Thomas A. Bartlett, 2135 Lincoln Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month.
691	Iola	87	Iola	Thos. W. Williams	J. E. Downey	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
312	Ionic	61	Decatur	R. F. Davidson, 1155 W. Cerro Gordo	A. R. Reynolds, 328 City Title & Tr.	Second Monday of each month
213	Ipava	55	Ipava	R. W. David	James M. Bedwell	Saturday on or before full moon
455	Irving	79	Irving	W. V. Berry	J. W. Crouch	First Monday of each month
53	Jackson	76	Shelbyville	E. A. Johnston	John J. Baker	First Wednesday on or before full moon.
915	Jackson Park	5	Chicago	J. T. Brown, 6407 Blackst'ne Ave.	D. D. Kegy, Ft. Morgan, Colo.	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
570	Jacksonville	66	Jacksonville	E. L. Kinney, 197 S. Prairie St.	Normal Kuybandall	First and third Thursdays of each month
368	Jefferson	91	Opdyke	J. W. Kern	E. L. Miller	First and third Wednesdays of each month
460	Jeffersonville	94	Jeffersonville	C. N. Hambleton	F. C. Hambleton, Geffs, Ill.	Second and fourth Tuesdays in each month
394	Jerseyville	78	Jerseyville	Chas. S. Jewsbury	James C. Downey	Second Monday of each month
90	JerusalemT'mple	30	Aurora	E. Homer Cooley, 74 N. View St.	John D. Gray, 421 Columbia St.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
318	J. L. Anderson	54	Augusta	Geo. H. Slingerland.	Horace N. Holmes	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
278	Jo Daviess	25	Warren	E. J. Wilcox	J. C. Renwick	Second and fourth Fridays of each month.
880	John B. Sherman	4	Chicago	F. T. Rusch, 5335 Emerald Ave.	Frank Hradecky, 5420 S. Paulina St.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
944	John Corson Smith	18	Chicago	Bernard Breakstone, 4558 Prairie Ave.	Leon Edelman, 1554 S.Trumbull Av.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
510	John D. Moody	86	Iuka	Wm. C. Hinderer	Ernest Hinderer	Second Friday of each month
1013	John Paul Jones	10	Chicago	Marcus Curshan, 3200 Douglas Blvd.	Louis Steinberg	First and third Tuesdays
713	Johnsonville	94	Johnsonville	M. M. Galbraith, Cisne, Ill.	Guy Bradham, Cisne, Ill.	First and third Saturdays of each month
111	Jonesboro	99	Jonesboro	Ed. Lee	Willis W. Hileman	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
706	Joppa	76	Cowden	Chas. E. Zeigler.	B. W. Lamb	First and third Wednesdays of each month.
930	Joseph Robbins	49	Peoria	Frank Nelson, 913 Humboldt St.	Lewis J. Woodbier, 141 Stanley St.	Fourth Thursday of each month
946	Joy	37	Joy	John D. Carnahan	Clarence A. Morrow.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
537	J. R. Gorin	60	Sadorus	J. B. Dillon	D. J. Holtermann	Tuesday on or before full moon
949	Justice	1	Chicago	Andrew O'Donnell, 1801 Conway Bldg.	Frank Hillinger, 5431 W. Adams	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
389	Kankakee	44	Kankakee	Chas. F. Whitmore	Geo. A. Huse	First and third Tuesdays of each month
280	Kansas	75	Kansas	Frank S. Anderson	T. S. Wright	First and third Tuesdays of each month
86	Kaskaskia	92	Evansville	Philip E. Sauer	Wm M. Schmurk	First Saturday after first quarter of each moon.
36	Kavanaugh	25	Elizabeth	E. A. Laign	F. H. Tucker	Second Friday of each month
340	Kedron	72	Mt. Auburn	J. F. McCool	Geo. A. Parish	Second Wednesday of each month

471	Kendall	42	Yorkville	Oscar Knudson 6242 Greenview Ave.	L. R. Jeter 6404 N. Clark St.	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
430	Kendrick	67	Timewell	Wm. H. McPhail Timewell, Ill.	Don Brown Mt. Sterling, Ill. R.1	Saturday on or before full moon
947	Kenmore	19	Chicago	Ira Markwell 39 E. 107th St.	Otto L. Dahlgren 11725 Prinston Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
804	Kensington	15	Chicago	H. A. Wray 29 S. La Salle St.	Wm. H. Wilson 2437 Wilson Ave.	First and third Saturdays of each month
800	Kenwood	14	Chicago	L. M. Brown 410 Arlington Place	O. Herbert Hill 4314 N. Robey St.	Monday of each week
159	Kewanee	34	Kewanee	F. M. Wedge	W. B. DePry	First and third Fridays of each month
639	Keystone	5	Chicago	G. P. Allmendinger. 641 W. Wash'gt'n Blvd	Harry F. Rodrigues. 3149 Broadway	First and third Wednesdays of each month
311	Kilwinning	10	Chicago	Norton F. Stone 1009 Conway Bldg.	Jas. A. Atchison City Hall, Health Dept.	First and third Thursdays of each month
353	Kinderhook	68	Kinderhook	F. A. Langnecker	A. C. Bancraft	Wednesday on or before full moon
855	King Oscar	11	Chicago	Nels. J. Johnson R. R. No. 1, Baylis	S. F. Manning Barry, Ill., R. 1	First and third Fridays of each month
197	King Solomon	78	Kane	Fred T. Witt	H. B. Brooks	Saturday on or before full moon
266	Kingston	68	Kingston	Everett Sykes	L. M. Morrison	Saturday on or before full moon
398	Kinmundy	87	Kinmundy	E. R. Hensley	A. M. Allen	First and third Wednesdays of each month
402	Kishwaukee	28	Kingston	J. W. O'Brien	C. A. Anderson	Thursday on or before full moon
896	Kosmos	14	Chicago	Fred A. Frosch 8749 Elizabeth St.	H. O. Guild 6328 S. Elizabeth St.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
61	Lacon	40	Lacon	H. E. Rowley	Homer Barney	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
657	La Fayette	99	Grand Tower	L. M. Crow	Elmer Kunce	First and third Thursdays of each month
770	La Grange	4	La Grange	Norton L. Rowley	Geo. W. Gale	First and third Tuesdays of each month
195	La Harpe	51	La Harpe	J. E. Kilgore	J. C. Ash	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
729	Lake Creek	95	Johnston City	R. R. Hunter	N. S. Owens	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
739	Lakeside	17	Chicago	Joseph W. Leverenz 5751 Prairie Ave.	Geo. F. Comar. 2409 Wilson Ave.	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
774	Lake View	5	Chicago	Chas. A. Rohde 3848 N. Seeley Ave.	L. H. Kerber 4022 Belle Plaine Av.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
659	Lambert	52	Quincy	Chas. E. Lane % G. C. B. C.	Albert F. Smyth Care Acy Coal Co.	First and third Thursdays of each month
383	La Moille	33	LaMoille	F. V. Koepke	E. R. Lippincott	First and third Fridays of each month
935	La Moine	54	Brooklyn	T. D. Lewis	M. S. Crone	Monday on or before full moon
423	Lanark	24	Lanark	C. E. Olmsted	C. B. Swigert	First and third Thursdays of each month
106	Lancaster	56	Glasford	W. G. Robinson	Otto McElhaney	First Friday of each month
422	Landmark	15	Chicago	John Hosburv 831 Bowen Ave.	Jas. B. Bennett 4729 Champlain Av.	Friday of each week
267	La Prairie	53	Golden	Harry M. King	Freeman Selby	First and third Mondays of each month
853	Latham	62	Latham	M. M. Vaughn	A. J. Pease	Saturday on or before full moon
203	Lavely	63	Williamsville	H. E. Conrey	John Wm. Filfer	First Saturday of each month

LODGE DIRECTORY—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
815	Lawn	18	Chicago	J. R. Hayden, 3529 W. 60th Place	E. E. Pond, 3248 W. 63rd Place	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
995	Lawndale	14	Chicago	Joseph T. Mlnarik, 2312 S. Clifton Pk. Av.	Frank J. Kohont	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
415	Lawn Ridge	40	Speer	O. W. Hurd	Ben E Davis	Wednesday on or before full moon
110	Lebanon	85	Lebanon	Jefferson R. Moore	Russell S. Phillips	Second Tuesday of each month
146	Lee Center	31	Lee Center	A. Aschenbrenner, R. R. No. 2, Amboy	E. F. Brukman, Amboy, Ill., R. 5	Friday on or before full moon
558	Leland	32	Leland	Wm. Julian	Jessie Olson	First and third Wednesdays of each month
174	Lena	24	Lena	Geo. A. Boeke	F. P. Donner	First Wednesday of each month
788	Lerna	81	Lerna	G. B. Merrick	R. G. Hall	Third Saturday of each month
221	LeRoy	58	LeRoy	Glenn Patterson	H. H. Crumbaugh	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
557	Lessing	20	Chicago	Alex. Lampe, 2900 N. Racine Ave.	Theodore Remane, 3753 Maplesquare Av.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
270	Levi Lusk	33	Arlington	G. B. Bushee	Justin E. Larkin	Third Wednesday of each month
104	Lewistown	55	Lewistown	Fayette L. Lilly	J. Hughes	Second Friday of each month
482	Lexington	57	Lexington	Edward Murphy	Wm. H. Lawrence	First and third Wednesdays of each month
993	Leyden	12	Franklin Park, Manheim, Ill.	A. G. Boesenberg	Andrew I. Forrest, Kolze, Ill.	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
380	Liberty	52	Liberty	A. L. Enlow	Loren B. Hessert	First and third Thursdays of each month
492	Libertyville	21	Libertyville	Chas. F. Smale, Jr.	Lyell H. Morris	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
135	Lima	52	Lima	J. W. Jacobs	J. M. Hunter	Wednesday on or before full moon
611	Lincoln Park	4	Chicago, 1416 Winemac Ave.	Claude L. Griggs	H. E. Holdoway, 537 S. Dearborn St.	First and third Fridays of each month
517	Litchfield	72	Litchfield, 120 W. Ryder St.	F. C. Blackwelder	Chas. R. Laplant	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
766	Littleton	51	Littleton	C. O. Snyder	H. D. Sellers	Saturday on or before full moon and 2 wks later
371	Livingston	45	Dwight	Frank W. Ford	Martin N. Nelson	First and third Mondays of each month
450	Loami	71	Loami	T. E. Park	Joseph W. Davidson	Wednesday on or before full moon
538	Lockport	43	Lockport, 922 Hamilton St.	Wm. H. Keith	Albert A. Jones, R. F. D. 2	First and third Thursdays of each month
623	Locust	76	Owaneco	M. O Ward	J. S. Ross	Saturday on or before full moon
210	Logan	63	Lincoln	John Smith	Chas. W. Anderson, 413 Keokuk St.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
891	Logan Square	10	Chicago, 3050 N. Sawyer Ave.	Wm. H. Hadam	Will H Bray, 2624 N. Albany Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
848	London	50	London Mills	R. B. Boden	W. F. Shreves	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
552	Long Point	41	Long Point	John McLuckie	Marshall L. Ensign	First and third Tuesdays of each month
893	Loraine	52	Loraine	F. A. Adair	J. O. Wade	Second Wednesday of each month
870	Lostant	41	Lostant	Alfred H. Bell	Gilbert F. Weber	First and third Thursdays of each month

196	Louisville	87	Louisville	S. B. Moore 1018 Republic Bldg.	W. L. Kerr 4912 N. Paulina St.	Thursday on or before full moon
751	Lounsbury	18	Barrington	A. T. Ulitsch	A. W. Abbott	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
228	Lovington	74	Lovington	A. A. Brown	Thomas Logan Conn	Saturday on or before full moon
1007	Loyal	5	Chicago	John R. Verhoeff 330 E. Leafland Ave.	Roy E. France 1102 E. Olive St.	First and Third Fridays
750	Lyndon	26	Lyndon	A. E. Hamilton	C. F. Powell	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
132	Mackinaw	56	Mackinaw	G. A. Field	Bert S. Low	Third Tuesday of each month
17	Macomb	54	Macomb	Wayne Wetzel	S. P. Odenweller	First Friday of each month
8	Macon	61	Decatur	J. Wm. Montgomery Dieterich, Ill.	G. I. Covalt 1701 S. 5th Ave.	First Friday of each month
560	Madison	80	New Douglas	Hersey V. Olive.	John C. Olive	Third Friday of each month
103	Magnolia	33	Magnolia	M. O. Hiatt	Walker Johnston	First and third Saturdays of each month
220	Mahomet	58	Mahomet	M. K. Busey	J. J. Hayward	Monday on or before full moon
434	Makanda	99	Makanda	George Granger	Harry R. Row	Thursday on or before full moon
229	Manchester	70	Manchester	Jas. F. Travis	Howard A. Langdon	Tuesday on or before full moon
476	Manito	56	Manito	R. H. Rohlfs	G. C. Hodkinson	First Wednesday of each month
933	Manlius	34	Manlius	J. L. Martin	S. E. Williams	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
773	Mansfield	58	Mansfield	Duane Ross	F. A. Rock	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
942	Maple Park	29	Maple Park	H. G. Gerlach	Albert Aklin	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
964	Maplewood	9	Chicago	Edward Goodsell 3212 Logan Blvd.	Chas. Wm. Kaiser 2925 N Richmond St.	First and third Mondays of each month
530	Maquon	50	Maquon	L. A. Wheeler	Alva A. Kinser,	First and third Mondays of each month
114	Marcelline	52	Marcelline	F. P. Taylor R. R. No. 1. Ursa, Ill.	John W. Baker Ursa. Ill., R. 1	Saturday on or before full moon
138	Marengo	22	Marengo	A. M. Usborne	Ernest C. Robb	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
355	Marine	84	Marine	Louis Brandes	Lester C. May	Wednesday on or before full moon
130	Marion	86	Salem	L. O. Vogt	A. R. Williams	First and third Wednesdays of each month
881	Marissa	92	Marissa	H. C. Kunze	F. J. Wagner	First Friday of each month
454	Maroa	62	Maroa	Jas. H. Sterling	A. V. Bowden	First Tuesday of each month
417	Marseilles	43	Marseilles	B. V. Stebbins	George W. Sterrett	First and third Tuesdays of each month
133	Marshall	82	Marshall	F. M. Brosman	H. R. Barnesberger	Second Wednesday of each month
491	Martin	25	East Dubuque	Eugene Liddle	A. P. Heller 1195 Clay St., Dubuque, Iowa	First Thursday of each month
845	Martinton	46	Martinton	O. G. Mack	Samuel Pilotte	First and third Thursdays of each month
217	Mason	87	Mason	R. W. Gibson	R. C. Anderson	Wednesday on or before full moon
403	Mason City	64	Mason City	C. D. V. McKinley	A. F. Johnson	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
175	Matteson	43	Joliet	Frank W. Wheeler 410 Richards St.	Eugene E. Woods 301 Hunter Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
260	Mattoon	75	Mattoon	Samuel B. Patheal	Wm. Oliver Strong	First and third Mondays of each month
718	May	89	Norris City	F. L. Swanson	Chas. Wakeford	First and second Wednesdays of each month
664	Mayo	83	Winterrowd	T. J. Dunn	Jas. A. McCorkle	Saturday on or before full moon
869	Maywood	17	Maywood	H. H. Post 808 S. Second Ave.	R. A. Lees 1701 S. 5th Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
826	Mazon	45	Mazon	R. H. Davies	J. A. Fouch	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
158	McHenry	21	McHenry	J. N. Sayler	Arthur J. Hunter	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
469	McLean	63	McLean	Wm. N. Ewing.	Wm. Welch	Second and fourth Mondays of each month

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976	Melrose Abbey	17	Chicago	Charles Meldrum, 1127 N. Karlov Ave.	George Kay, 2247 W. Adams	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
811	Melvin	48	Melvin	W. C. Holmes	C. F. Sharp	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
449	Mendon	52	Mendon	J. R. Urech	W. H. L. Thomas	Tuesday on or before full moon.
176	Mendota	32	Mendota	Ed. Lathrop	H. H. Wright	Second Tuesday of each month.
183	Meridian	32	Earlville	Gilbert H. Wiley	J. Clyde Aitken	First and third Wednesdays of each month.
505	Meridian Sun	28	Holcomb	F. E. Sheaff	C. E. Oakes	Saturday on or before full moon.
283	Meteor	11	Sandwich	C. L. Stinson	Chas. F. Stein	Second and fourth Fridays of each month.
91	Metropolis	98	Metropolis	E. G. Whyers, Jr.	Walter Roberts	First and third Mondays of each month.
860	Metropolitan	12	Chicago	Luke Nettleton, 812 S. Karlov Ave.	Jas. Piggot Jr., 4320 Wilcox St.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
595	Miles Hart	75	Gays	E. C. Harrison	Fred Beldon	Wednesday on or before full moon.
168	Milford	46	Milford	H. W. McCulloch	C. M. Slife	First and third Thursdays of each month.
345	Milledgeville	27	Milledgeville	Fay O. Wolfe	R. S. Freas	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
275	Milton	69	Milton	F. M. Lindsey	J. A. Miller	Saturday before each full moon.
273	Miners	25	Galena	John H. Grimm, S. Bench St.	C. N. Pond, Bench St.	First and third Fridays of each month.
528	Minooka	43	Minooka	Chas. H. Parmenter	Theo. M. Falkinberg	First and third Thursdays of each month.
385	Mississippi	25	Savannah	Roy O. Howe	Ray M. Garrett	First and third Thursdays of each month.
85	Mitchell	93	Pinckneyville	Stanley G. Smith	Wm. O. Edwards	Second Monday of each month.
410	Mithra	20	Chicago	Max Nellert, 3754 Herndon St.	Elias H. Drechsel, 3508 Wabansia Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month.
768	Mizpah	3	Chicago	Edward J. Forner, 1652 W. Marqu'tte Rd.	Harold R. Young, 6938 Union Ave.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month.
925	Molenna	94	Goldengate	R. W. Davis	L. D. Leach	First and third Tuesdays of each month.
1014	Moline	35	Moline	L. A. Foster	Geo. E. Carlson	First Wednesday of each month.
481	Momence	44	Momence	Philip Raffe	Claude C. Johnson	First and third Thursdays of each month.
522	Monitor	22	Elgin	Willard H. Seeley, 875 Larkin Ave.	Chas. E. Cary, 447 Prairie St.	Second and third Thursdays of each month.
37	Monmouth	38	Monmouth	C. H. Madden, 22 South First St.	C. W. Buchanan, 715 N. Main St.	First and second Thursdays of each month.
999	Morgan Park	18	Chicago	Arthur J. Rich, 10763 Drew St.	Edwin S. Libby, 11156 Esmond St.	First and third Fridays of each month.
734	Morning Star	50	Canton	Thos. Glenn Hayes, 554 East Elm St.	Willard R. Sebree, 64 E. Chestnut St.	First and third Tuesdays of each month.
787	Morris	92	Waterloo	Corry M. Fike	H. E. Hauptfleisch	Third Saturday of each month.
681	Morrisonville	72	Morrisonville	A. L. Stocks	Oscar L. Swinger	First Thursday of each month.
122	Mound	72	Taylorville	Harry M. Johnson	Wesley M. Shaw	First Tuesday of each month.
180	Moweaqua	61	Moweaqua	Chas. E. Colbert	Isaac L. Mathlas	Second Thursday of each month.
656	Mozart	20	Bloomington	Peter F. Hoierman, P. O. Dept.	Paul Lieber, 712 W. Jefferson	Fourth Wednesday of each month.
239	Mt. Carmel	90	Mt. Carmel	Christian E. Launer	Cyrus K. Gilkinson	First and third Tuesdays of each month.

331	Mt. Erie	94	Mt. Erie	E. E. Fuller	E. R. Riggs Jeffersonville, Ill.	First and third Saturdays of each month
42	Mt. Joliet	43	Joliet	Fred E. Whallon 130 Illinois St.	Barrett Black 513½ W. Jefferson	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
51	Mt. Moriah	79	Hillsboro	Walter R. McLean	Wm. M. Mollmam	First and third Thursdays of each month
76	Mt. Nebo	71	Carlinville	Sam'l W. David	Percy Cookson	First and third Thursdays of each month
87	Mt. Pulaski	63	Mt. Pulaski	C. M. Silkey	O. W. Upp	First Thursday of each month
31	Mt. Vernon	91	Mt. Vernon	Harry H. Bates	Eli Shirley	First and third Mondays of each month
396	Muddy Point	81	Trilla	O. C. Brown	J. L. Alexander	Tuesday on or before full moon
498	Murphysboro	99	Murphysboro	R. L. Hagler	W. R. Wright	First Monday of each month
432	Murrayville	66	Woodson	S. F. Sooy Murrayville, Ill.	Harry Cade Murrayville, Ill	Thursday on or before full moon
795	Myrtle	12	Chicago	H. W. Boos 4240 Irv. Park Blvd.	Wm. F. Doemland 3838 N. Kenneth Av.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
758	Mystic Star	19	Chicago	Frank M. Bishop 6734 Wentw'rth Ave.	Robert J. Farris 7134 Wentworth Av.	First and third Thursdays of each month
187	Mystic Tie	27	Polo	Chas. H. Johnson 508 E. Buffalo St.	C. R. Clothier	First and third Thursdays of each month
346	N. D. Morse	66	Concord	H. P. Joy	T. W. Murphy	First and third Mondays of each month
1021	Nauvoo	53	Nauvoo	John F. Argast	Walter Griffith	First Saturday of each month
806	Nebo	69	Nebo	J. R. Gant	C. E. Swayne	First Thursday of each month
279	Neoga	81	Neoga	T. W. Higgins	Warren Hagan	Third Thurdays of each month
803	Neponset	34	Neponset	Geo. L. Stuart	George W. Whaples	First and third Thursdays of each month
59	New Boston	37	New Boston	H. O. Baner	Jno. L. Mead	First and third Fridays of each month
772	New Burnside	96	New Burnside	James T. Wise	Orlin A. Wise	Saturday on or before full moon
821	New Canton	69	New Canton	J. R. Easley	Cyrus P. Gard	Saturday on or before full moon
336	New Columbia	96	Ganntown	C. C. Whitworth Reevesville, Ill.	J. T. Warmack Grantsburg. Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
453	New Hartford	69	New Hartford	Louis J. Dober Summer Hill, Ill.	L. L. Anderson Summer Hill, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
230	New Haven	89	New Haven	I. A. Foster	Joel H. Graddy	First and third Wednesdays of each month
741	New Holland	64	New Holland	J. A. Pruett	Andrew T. Peters	First Friday of each month
620	New Hope	82	Livingston	Wash Hollenbeck Dennison. Ill.	Jas. C. Weaver Marshall, Ill., R. 5	Wednesday on or before full moon
369	Newman	73	Newman	C. E. Douglas	Jay T. Burgett	First and third Fridays of each month
218	New Salem	68	New Salem	C. A. Dean	A. E. Hillman	Saturday on or before full moon
216	Newton	88	Newton	H. D. Yelvington	T. O. Martin	First and third Mondays of each month
992	Niagara	11	Chicago	Ernest H. Gager 3516 Herndon St.	James T. Fullerton 7132 S. Ashland Av.	First and third Thursdays of each month
874	Nifong	70	Modesto	C. C. Coots Palmyra. Ill.	H. H. Drum	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
362	Noble	94	Noble	Fred H. Henry	Harry T. Flanders	Thursday on or before full moon
456	Nokomis	79	Nokomis	J. E. Temple	H. L. Hargrave	Second Wednesday of each month
673	Normal	57	Normal	Geo. Champion 607 Broadway	Alfred N. Corrington	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
797	Normal Park	13	Chicago	Chas. W. Hibbard 6926 Yale Ave.	Kirk R. Howard 6433 Normal Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month

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937	North Shore	15	Chicago	Emil J. Merkl, 1327 Earley Ave.	Wm. C. Bliss, 5615 Wayne Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
631	Norton	48	Cabery	H. J. Massion	Nelson Canham	First and third Thursdays of each month
169	Nunda	22	Crystal Lake	P. W. Ranhut	W. B. Wilbeg	First and third Saturdays of each month
219	Oakland	74	Oakland	E. N. Carter	Fred Hall	Friday on or before full moon
540	Oak Park	2	Oak Park	C. Wm. Dexter, 1116 Madison St.	David Rutherford, 823 S. East Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
644	Oblong City	88	Oblong	R. M. Dalrymple	C. W. Griffy	First Saturday of each month
40	Occidental	42	Ottawa	Chas. E. Pettit, 225 Madison St.	C. O. McCarty, 304 W. Center St.	First and third Mondays of each month
392	Oconee	76	Oconee	L. C. Littlejohn	L. F. Diefenthaler	Wednesday on before full moon
401	Odell	45	Odell	Alf. W. Joerndt	J. L. Tombaugh	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
503	Odin	86	Odin	A. J. Farthing	C. E. Sloan	First and third Tuesdays of each month
576	O'Fallon	85	O'Fallon	A. B. Gordon	John J. Koch	Second Wednesday of each month
754	Ogden	60	Ogden	M. D. Taylo	J. A. Ackerman	Saturday on or before full moon
897	Ogden Park	15	Chicago	Otto A. Lies, 8118 S. Peoria St.	Otto Stark, 6335 S. Lincoln St.	First and third Mondays of each month
814	Ohio	33	Ohio	H. A. Jackson	E. P. Spooner	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
506	O. H. Miner	46	Iroquois	W. E. Richison	John Fry, Donovan, Ill.	First and third Saturdays of each month
975	Old Glory	16	Chicago	George H. Ralph, 316 S. Taylor Ave. Oak Park, Ill.	Albert P. Hyatt, 204 S. Taylor Ave. Oak Park, Ill.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
38	Olive Branch	59	Danville	Jas. P. Sutton, 600 The Temple.	Leonard F. Stuebe	First and third Tuesdays of each month
140	Olney	94	Olney	W. F. Beck	S. C. Fulkerson	Third Monday of each month
864	Olympia	15	Chicago	Edgar O. Waldo, 5342 Calumet Ave.	Richard W. Hupe, 10157 Winston Ave.	Tuesday of each week
723	Omaha	89	Omaha	Harry T. Hargrave	H. P. Kinsall	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
305	Onarga	47	Onarga	John L. Shawl	Ira W. Furby	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
337	Oneida	39	Oneida	C. V. Conyers	John Young	First and third Fridays of each month
123	Oquawka	37	Oquawka	Chas. L. Brooks	Walter P. Martin	Tuesday on or before full moon
687	Orangeville	24	Orangeville	H. C. Snyder	R. W. Moore	First and third Thursdays of each month
420	Oregon	27	Oregon	Frank W. Gantz	Homer D. Althouse	First and third Wednesdays of each month
759	Orel	91	Wayne City	John Koontz	Charley McElfresh	First and third Wednesdays of each month
323	Orient	42	Lisbon	Tom Jones	Wm. Quigley	First Saturday of each month
33	Oriental	1	Chicago	Frank A. West, 2121 N. Clark St.	Jas. A. Danner, 4229 W. 21st Pl.	First and third Fridays of each month
358	Orion	22	Union	Eugene Shaw	W. C. Nulle	First and third Wednesdays of each month
367	Oxford	37	New Windsor	Wm. H. Veeder	John W. Petrie	Tuesday on or before full moon
66	Pacific	39	Knoxville	C. T. Liken	Harry A. Parmenter	First and third Thursdays of each month

765	Palace	1	Chicago Pullman	Henry B. Jackson 11239 Vernon Ave. Chicago	Frank A. Rinker 11346 Watt Ave., Chicago	Thursday of each week
314	Palatine	11	Palatine	C. DeWitt Taylor	Herman Wasemann	First and third Saturdays of each month.
849	Palestine	88	Palestine	J. G. Nelson	Charley Caley	First and third Saturdays of each month.
463	Palmyra	70	Palmyra	M. McMahon	F. P. Gangray	Second and fourth Mondays of each month.
226	Pana	76	Pana	Louis W. Paul 2nd and Oak Sts.	Z. M. Roseberry 816 E. 4th St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
1015	Paramount	11	Chicago	H. F. Nightingale 4637 S. Troy St.	Joseph W. Tanner 5933 S. Ashland Av.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
977	Parian	18	Chicago	Robert A. Anderson 6036 Inglinde Ave.	Wm. A. Goldsberry 1007 E. 60th St.	First and third Wednesdays of each month.
268	Paris	74	Paris	Albert Eldredge	Karl G. Gumm	First Thursday of each month
843	Park	7	Chicago	A. W. Craig 2007 Estes Ave.	J. H. O. Engleking 1856 Kenilworth Av.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
509	Parkersburg	90	Parkersburg	Harvey L. Parker	Henry D. Talley	Saturday on or before full moon
899	Park Manor	16	Chicago	D. Mellinger 6729 Langley Ave.	Harry H Bowman 6805 Calumet	First and third Saturdays of each month
988	Park Ridge	8	Park Ridge	S. J. Walpole	O. W. Anderson	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
1008	Parkway	6	Chicago	Paul Huxmann 1611 Conway Bldg.	Chas. L. Erickson 1336 Catalpa	First and third Thursdays of each month.
613	Patoka	80	Patoka	J. W. Crawford	F. M. Smith Vernon, Ill.	First and third Mondays of each month.
998	Paul Revere	17	Chicago	F. W. Bainbridge 4717 N. Talman Ave.	Walter S. Hutchins 4529 Hazel Ave.	First and third Thursdays of each month
675	Pawnee	71	Pawnee	C. M. Hinkle	Wm. R. McTaggert	Saturday on or before full moon
416	Paxton	47	Paxton	Ernest Swanson	I. S. Alford	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
379	Payson	68	Payson	C. R. Fisher	A. H. Wharton	Tuesday on or before full moon & 2 weeks after.
823	Pearl	24	Pearl City	O. Glen Hooker	W. L. Krell	First and third Tuesdays of each month
29	Pekin	56	Pekin	F. W. Soady No. 9 North 4th St.	Glen W. Wynn 1108 S. 4th St.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
15	Peoria	49	Peoria	W. J. Steube 927 Fifth Ave.	C. F. Kohler 1015 E. Republic St.	Last Monday of each month
636	Peotone	44	Peotone	J. J. McMahon	Frank L. Browne Monee, Ill.	First and third Thursdays of each month
574	Pera	47	Ludlow	Milton H. Shinker	Roscoe E. Prather	First, third, and fifth Tuesdays of each month
95	Perry	68	Perry	Harvey Six.	Edw. C. Kopps	First Saturday on or before full moon
973	Perseverance	14	Chicago	Paul C. Mollentine 3900 Cornelia Ave.	Geo. A. Simms 6815 Parnell Ave.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
436	Philo	35	Port Byron	Henry D. Setzer.	Myron J. Yolton	Wednesday on or before full moon
27	Piasa	79	Alton	Jess E. Ferree 511 E. 10th St.	Chas. W. Beall	First Tuesday of each month
608	Piper	48	Piper City	F. C. Ehrhardt	A. E. Lansdale	First and third Thursdays of each month
790	Pittsfield	69	Pittsfield	Bert Whittin	A. B. Carey, Jr.	Second Monday of each month
536	Plainfield	43	Plainfield	W. E. Hawkins	H A. Goodson	First and third Tuesdays of each month
461	Plainview	77	Plainview	R. W. Morrison	Joseph Ambrose Macoupin, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
565	Pleasant Hill	69	Pleasant Hill	A. W. Stewart	W. A. Windmiller	Fourth Saturday of each month

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700	Pleasant Plains..	65	Pleasant Plains..	H. O. Huber.....	Geo. P. Ferry.....	Wednesday on or before full moon.....
940	Pleasant View...	69	Pearl	A. L. Miller	F. M. Thurmon.....	First and third Tuesdays of each month
478	Pleiades.....	17	Chicago.....	Geo. McKenzie..... 3122 W. 16th St.	F. P. Hart..... 2350 W. Monroe St...	Thursday of each week.....
554	Plum River.....	25	Stockton.....	G. W. Menzimec.....	F. E. Coppernoll.....	Thursday on or before full moon.....
286	Plymouth	54	Plymouth	Elmer C. Rigber.....	James D. Hall..	First and third Thursdays of each month.....
137	Polk.....	91	McLeansboro ...	T. W. Biggerstaff....	O. J. Davis.....	First and third Thursdays of each month.
294	Pontiac.....	41	Pontiac.....	Henry D. Wolff.....	Fred C. Kelley. ..	First and third Tuesdays of each month
1002	Portage Park....	1	Chicago	Oscar VonWerder.. 4041 N. Lawler Ave.	A. H. Lambrecht.... 4045 N. Lavier Ave.	First and third Mondays.....
782	Potomac.....	46	Potomac.....	J. E. Moss	H. M. Luckey.....	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month....
77	Prairie.....	74	Paris.....	Winston J. Griffin..	George Corwin	First Tuesday of each month
578	Prairie City.....	83	Montrose.....	C. S. Printz	C. E. Mesnard	Saturday on or before full moon.....
755	Preemption.....	36	Preemption..	E. J. Otto	John Lowe..... Milan, Ill.	Friday on or before full moon.....
587	Princeton	34	Princeton	Jas. L. Norman..... 503 S. Church St.	Geo. O. Smith..... Court House	First and third Tuesdays of each month.....
360	Princeville.....	40	Princeville.....	J. F. Carman	E E. Henson	Tuesday on or before full moon.....
954	Progressive.....	2	Chicago	Wm. C. Kater..... 3402 Cortland St.	M. B. Mortensen 2329 N. Keller Ave.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month.....
293	Prophetstown....	26	Prophetstown....	Guy L. Cleaveland ..	Frank L. Dudley....	First and third Tuesdays of each month.....
957	Prospect	5	Chicago..... ..	Frank Young..... Downers Grove, Ill.	Emil Roegner..... 4101 W. 26th St.	First and third Thursdays of each month.....
711	Providence.....	12	Chicago.....	Paul Geolicher..... 5512 Higgins Ave.	Henry Pabst..... 5415 Giddings St.	First and third Saturdays of each month.....
958	Prudence	6	Chicago	Morris Marx..... 1445 N.Maplew'd Av.	Roland Goldstine.... 3255 W. Polk St.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month.....
887	Pyramid	6	Hegewisch	M. Drinnan..... 4 E. 113th St., Chicago	Edwin H. Miles..... 13685 Brainard Ave. Chicago	First and third Fridays of each month.....
1018	Pythagoras.....	12	Chicago	David T. Singer 7702 Evans Ave.	Geo. S. Herrington.. 622 W. Laramie Av.	Second and fourth Saturdays.....
296	Quincy.....	52	Quincy.....	A. C. Garrett..... Box 135	H. E. King 337 So. 16th St.	First and third Fridays of each month.....
972	Rainbow.....	13	Chicago.....	Albert B. Allshouse.. 7723 Peoria St.	Wm. G. Hercock..... 7827 Morgan St.	First and third Fridays of each month.....
128	Raleigh.....	9	Raleigh.....	Will Gore	C. H. Gore.....	Saturday on or before full moon
405	Ramsey.....	80	Ramsey.....	B. F. Mattes.....	Amos Gage.....	First Tuesday of each month.....
725	Rankin	47	Rankin	Robert Sloan.....	Joseph H. Faith.....	First and third Mondays of each month.....
470	Rantoul	47	Rantoul.....	Nate Reed	Frank Howard.....	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month....
727	Raritan.....	38	Raritan.....	C. E. Perrine.....	Jake Neff..... Stronghurst, Ill.	First and third Tuesdays of each month.....

303	Raven	42	Oswego	Lewis P. Voss	E. G. Rickard	First and third Mondays of each month
777	Ravenswood	7	Chicago	Howard E. Black, 1755 Montrose Ave.	A. G. Raffen, 2027 Eastwood Ave.	Second and fourth Mondays in each month
692	Raymond	72	Raymond	O. R. Lipe	Chas. D. Burris, Butler, Ill.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
427	Red Bud	92	Red Bud	Fred D. Guker	A. C. Guker	Saturday on or before full moon
914	Republic	4	Chicago	Ernest L. Kreamer, Tribune Bldg.	Arthur M. Dean, 5467 Ellis Ave.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
419	Reynoldsburg	96	Tunnel Hill	T. H. Saylor	C. H. Simmons	Wednesday evenings
948	R. F. Casey	86	Kell	R. E. McNeilly	O. V. Cummins	First and third Thursdays of each month
697	Richard Cole	11	Chicago	Bernard Renner, 5158 Union Ave.	J. E. Drawz, 3611 S. Leavitt St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
143	Richmond	21	Richmond	Jas. T. Bouer	J. B. Richardson	First and third Mondays of each month
632	Ridge Farm	59	Ridge Farm	C. E. Baum	C. D. Brown	First and third Fridays of each month
816	Ridgway	89	Ridgway	Jno. A. Nayhew	J. R. Glascock	Second Thursday of each month
685	Rio	38	Rio	C. Frankenburger	James G. Mansfield	Wednesday on or before full moon
115	Rising Sun	21	Grayslake	S. G. Lobdell	A. E. Rich	First and third Saturdays of each month
862	Riverside	13	Riverside	A. E. Harvie	H. R. Moore	First and third Thursdays of each month
786	Riverton Union	65	Riverton	H. H. Grubb	J. L. Parsons	Thursday on or before full moon
113	Robert Burns	37	Keithsburg	J. H. Maddin	J. W. Bloomer	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
250	Robinson	88	Robinson	Sam Faucett	E. E. Core	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
247	Rob Morris	41	Minonk	Winfield Morrison	Cloyd Phillips	First and third Tuesdays of each month
635	Rochester	65	Rochester	Chas. E. Nickols	Robt. T. Fairchild	Wednesday on or before full moon
936	Rock Falls	27	Rock Falls	A. E. Bakeman	W. H. Brown	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
102	Rockford	23	Rockford	Elmer O. Strand, 1129 Eleventh Ave.	John T. Buckbee, 1405 Kishwaukee St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
658	Rock Island	35	Rock Island	Holland S. Bollman, 802 43d St.	Harry Holdorf, 1529 14½ St.	First Friday of each month
830	Rockport	69	Rockport	E. L. Roosa	B. B. Horton	First and third Fridays of each month
612	Rock River	27	Sterling	Elijah K. Jenkins	Frank W. Koth	First and third Fridays of each month
74	Rockton	23	Rockton	Frank W. Truman	P. D. Dingman	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
721	Rome	86	Dix	Gustave Gerber	James H. Kell, Walnut Hill, Ill.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
75	Roscoe	23	Roscoe	E. H. Wilson	Walter Lee	First Tuesday on or before full moon
519	Roseville	51	Roseville	John Conlon	H. E. Lance	First and third Fridays of each month
527	Rossville	46	Rossville	Samuel W. McGuire	C. A. Miller	First and third Tuesdays of each month
807	Royal	95	Macedonia	W. N. Sullivan	C. D. Kern	Saturday on or before full moon
9	Rushville	55	Rushville	Wm. H. Schnur	Bruce Shindel	First Tuesday of each month
154	Russell	59	Georgetown	O. C. Burd	A. L. Carrington	First and third Tuesdays of each month
477	Rutland	41	Rutland	C. L. Foucht	L. H. Willoughby	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
339	Saline	98	Goreville	A. L. Grace	Robert A. Dowdy	Saturday on or before full moon
96	Samuel H. Davis	27	Mt. Morris	J. G. Miller	H. C. Clark	First and third Mondays of each month
932	Sandoval	86	Sandoval	Ed. B. Purnell	Fred Huff	First and third Wednesdays of each month
801	Sangamon	58	Fisher	C. L. Bryant	S. D. Donovan, Dewey, Ill.	First and third Mondays of each month
645	San Jose	64	San Jose	John L. Eyrre	Roscoe Smith	First and third Thursdays of each month
738	Saunemin	48	Saunemin	C. E. McElray	Geo. T Shapland	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month

LODGE DIRECTORY—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POST OFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	MAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
335	Schiller	20	Peoria	John Denzler, 900 Monson St.	Albert Kiefer, 314 Third Ave.	Fourth Friday of each month
79	Scott	85	Carlyle	E. E. Sadler	Maurice B. Johnston	First Monday of each month
743	Scottland	73	Scottland	J. E. Smith	J. L. Dawson	First and third Saturdays of each month
426	Scottville	70	Scottville	James A. Walker	W. I. Wheeler	Saturday on or before full moon
447	S. D. Monroe	88	Birds	Palmer Wampler	E. H. Mills	First Friday of each month
532	Seneca	43	Seneca	C. J. Everhart	F. H. Whittaker	First and third Fridays of each month
918	Sesser	95	Sesser	Roy A. Gulley	S. D. Campbell	Tuesday on or before full moon
827	Sequoit	21	Antioch	Frank B. Huber	Percy O. Hawkins.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
374	Shabbona	32	Shabbona	Geo. Lovering	H. L. Keene	First and third Tuesdays of each month
490	Shannon	24	Shannon	H. C. Good	Chas. Shore	First and third Mondays of each month
550	Sharon	34	Tiskilwa	Wm. M. Repine	Floyd M. Hutchinson	First and third Fridays of each month
200	Sheba	90	Grayville	Walter O. Pope	Raymon H. Johns	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
241	Shekinah	99	Carbondale	H. C. Mertz	Alvin Spousler	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
609	Sheldon	46	Sheldon	Robt. H. Mason	Wm. A. Ward	First and third Tuesdays of each month
735	Sheridan	42	Sheridan	L. A. Beardsley	E. D. Robinson	First Monday of each month
535	Sherman	36	Orlon	Walker W. Kerr	A. F. Anderson, Lynn Center, Ill.	Wednesday on or before full moon
397	Shiloh	42	Troy Grove	Albert Krausse	Ira S. Geft	Thursday on or before full moon
695	Shiloh Hill	93	Campbell Hill	H. Mohlenbrock	H. Dudenbostel	Saturday on or before full moon
212	Shipman	77	Shipman	L. D. Smith	W. G. Frank	Monday on or before full moon
582	Shirley	63	Shirley	O. V. Douglass	Geo. W. Park, Covel, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
761	Sibley	48	Sibley	E. D. Cameron	H. W. Dickerman	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
798	Sidell	59	Sidell	J. A. Seybold	Glen Lough	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
347	Sidney	60	Sidney	Bert J. McCormick	J. F. Rankin	First and third Thursdays of each month.
780	Siloam	9	Chicago, 2927 Adams St.	Edward H. Cass	Fred Michel, Congress Park.	First and third Tuesdays of each month.
898	Silvis	35	Silvis	Edward Eaton	Howard Hough	First Monday of each month
982	Sincerity	2	Chicago, 2180 Wilson Ave.	Wm. F. Lipps	Chas. A. Brasch, 1921 Laschmont Av.	First and third Fridays of each month
805	S. M. Dalzell	33	Spring Valley	Wm. Harman	Richard M. F. Hill	First and third Tuesdays of each month
646	Somonauk	32	Somonauk	H. F. Hess	W. J. Rumney.	First and third Mondays of each month
861	Sorento	80	Sorento	H. L. Childres	H. W. Smith	Monday on or before full moon
968	South Gate	11	Chicago, 6555 S. Green St.	Thos. O. Watson	John P. Dowding, 7715 S. Union Av.	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
467	South Macon	61	Macon	J. I. Lebo	Delmar Byard	Tuesday on or before full moon
662	South Park	8	Chicago, 5239 Ingleside Ave.	Frank A. Long	T. J. Taylor, 7237 Euclid Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
441	Sparland	40	Sparland	F. H. Gehr	Tim. Van Amtwerp	First and third Wednesdays of each month
4	Springfield	65	Springfield, 804 N. 9th St.	John L. Clifford	S. B. Smith, Box 503.	First Monday of each month

978	Square	19	Chicago	John L. Johannesen 6801 Bishop St.	Wm. A. Klatte 5756 Justine St.	First and third Fridays of each month
873	Standard	18	Chicago	John W. Johnson 22 E. Washington St.	Dayton Bumgardner 24 N. Wabash Ave.	First and third Saturdays of each month
863	St. Andrews	14	Chicago	G. Frank Kohl 3312 Eastwood Ave.	Chas. Wright 875 Wells St.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
709	Star	46	Hoopeston	C. E. Mitchell	Joseph H. Decker	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
166	Star in the East	23	Rockford	H. J. Forest 2022 West State St	John Gerber 809 Ferguson St.	First and third Fridays of each month
501	Stark	40	LaFayette	Chas. D. Gibbs	J. Lloyd White Touton, Ill.	First Tuesday after full moon
177	Staunton	79	Staunton	Cornelius Godfrey	J. F. Bonney	Second Tuesday of each month
865	St. Cecilia	16	Chicago	Harry H. Milnor 516 N. Laranice Ave.	Walt. N. H. Harding. 110 N. Pine Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
24	St. Clair	85	Belleville	Louis E. Wangelin	Thos. Chas. Wright	First Monday of each month
769	St. Elmo	83	St. Elmo	Thos. A. Birdsell	Elza L. Greider	First Tuesday of each month
912	Stellar	99	St. Francisville	P. R. Weeden	W. J. Dailey	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
979	Stephen Decatur	61	Decatur	Chas. A. Imbodeu % Millikin Nat'l B'k	E. L. Harris 313 N. Main St.	Second Wednesday of each month
541	Stewardson	81	Stewardson	Geo. T. Tull	Walter Donaldson	First Wednesday of each month
92	Stewart	35	Geneseo	B. Lacher 114 S. Oakwood Ave	Frank Cook	Second Friday of each month
13	St. Johns	33	Peru	Frederick E. Hoberg Masonic Temple	A. E. Olson, 1627 7th St.	First and third Thursdays of each month
970	St. Joseph	60	St. Joseph	C. C. Fenwick	J. D. Henderson	Third Friday of each month
63	St. Mark's	22	Woodstock	Walter T. Wheeler	Fred Darr Wynkoop	First and third Tuesdays of each month
953	Stone Arch	100	Cypress	J. F. Karraker	Harry A. Sturman.	Monday on or before full moon
495	Stone Fort	96	Stonefort	Roy W. Allen	C. E. Simmons	Fourth Monday
500	St. Paul	65	Springfield	Jay T. French 1515 S. 5th St.	F. Gottschalk 301 W. Edwards St.	Fourth Monday of each month
408	Stratton	74	Vermilion	C. A. Hammond	Owen Myers Paris, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
607	Streator	41	Streator	James P. Rollo	John H. Schroeder	First, third, and fifth Wednesdays of each month
847	Stronghurst	38	Stronghurst	Jas. R. Marshall	C. F. Lunber	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
349	Sublette	32	Sublette	G. N. Paige	L. H. Paige	First and third Tuesdays
764	Sullivan	75	Sullivan	E. L. Craig	Chas. D. Lindsay	Wednesday on or before full moon
342	Summerfield	85	Summerfield	Jacob Schuhmacker	H. C. Schuhmacker Olfallon, Ill.	First Saturday of each month
431	Summit	62	Harristown	J. J. Cross	J. W. Ratz	First Saturday of each month
334	Sumner	90	Sumner	A. R. Foster	B. F. Hockman	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
428	Sunbeam	30	Plano	W. H. Parker	W. A. Bell	First and third Fridays of each month
996	Sunrise	15	Chicago	Jos. F. Brown 4556 N. Paulina St.	Chas. J. Phelps 3047 Logan Blvd.	First and third Monday of each month
134	Sycamore	28	Sycamore	G. E. Valentine	Frank C. Paust	Third Friday of each month
939	Table Grove	55	Table Grove	Willis L. Cox	Nicholas Motson	Wednesday on or before full moon
794	Tadmor	97	Karbers Ridge	J. H. Shipp	W. J. McDanel Equality. R.R. 2.	Wednesday on or before full moon

LODGE DIRECTORY.—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETING.
207	Tamaroa	93	Tamaroa	Wm. J. Apple	David Hartman	Friday on or before full moon
351	Tarbolton	48	Fairbury	Henry B. Bull	Jessie W. Arthur	First and third Thursdays of each month
98	Taylor	49	Washington	R. W. Miller	Walter H. Linder	Third Friday of each month.
16	Temperance	80	Vandalia	L. E. Wilson	Frank H. Hoke	Third Monday of each month
46	Temple	49	Peoria	Albert Gregory 913 Fifth Ave.	Darwin C. Rolfe 508 Ravine Ave.	Last Wednesday of each month
701	Temple Hill	96	Temple Hill	W. C. Holmes	R. C. Green	Saturday on or after full moon
559	Thomson	26	Thomson	Roy I. Houghton	A. D. Melendy	First and third Tuesdays of each month
409	Thos. J. Turner	13	Chicago	Wm. Tinsley 618 Wrightwood Ave.	Ralph White. 3506 Pine Grove Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
569	Time	69	Time	Brady Somer Pittsfield, Ill.	Claud Wells Pittsfield, Ill.	Saturday before full moon
307	T. J. Pickett	51	Bushnell	Louis F. Oblander	J. L. Sanders	First Friday of each month
831	Toledo	81	Toledo	Allen J. Reeves	Colonel O. Young	First and third Mondays of each month
391	Tolono	60	Tolono	C. O. Summers	J. P. Crawford	First and third Tuesdays of each month
364	Tonica	41	Tonica	Geo. A. McFerron	Wm. Baldwin	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
93	Toulon	40	Toulon	W. F. Young	Fred Brown	Fourth Thursday in each month
542	Towanda	57	Towanda	F. W. Jones	D. R. Van Pelten	First and third Fridays of each month
493	Tower Hill	76	Tower Hill	Edmund S. McLean	J. P. Wilkinson	First Tuesday of each month
810	Tracy	16	Chicago 9644 Vanderpoel Ave.	G. W. Cummings	C. H. Huls 2036 W. 110th St.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
462	Tremont	56	Tremont	W. L. Gillan	F. A. Blue	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
109	Trenton	2	Trenton	James L. Wilson	W. R. Steffens	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
767	Trilnminar	85	Chicago	Wm. W. M. Bending. 9714 Ewing Ave.	W. S. Hawes 9225 Phillips Ave.	First, third and fifth Fridays of each month
562	Trinity	100	Monnd City	E. P. Easterday	Geo. A. Tharp	First and third Thursdays of each month
57	Trio	35	Rock Island 1013 16th St.	Clifford L. Hubbard	Ray O. Roderick 1524 28th St.	First Thursday of each month
835	Triple	84	Granite City Venice, Ill.	James Kerr	Roger B. Studebaker Madison, Ill.	First and third Wednesdays of each month
981	Trowel	1	Chicago 4254 Potomac Ave.	V. W. Reed.	Raymond Barnes 4925 W. Superior St.	Second and fourth Fridays of each month
588	Troy	84	Troy	H. A. Canedy	Arthur F. Seligman	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
994	True Blue	13	Chicago 321 S. Sacramento Blvd.	Henry E. Schoeneck	Geo. H. Lund 4728 N. Campbell Av	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
630	Tuscan	91	Walpole	Palmer Lasswell Broughton, Ill.	G. W. Burnett Galatia, Ill., R.R. 3.	Thursday on or before full moon
332	Tuscola	73	Tuscola	Myron E. Bigelow	Geo. M. Seip	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
333	Tyrian	65	Springfield 431 DeWitte Smith Bldg.	Asa G. Trees	Arthur H. Davidson 204 N. 6th St.	Third Monday of each month

627	Union	99	Lickcreek	R. M. Damron Makanda, Ill.	A. H. Brooks Cobden, Ill.	Saturday on or before full moon
610	Union Park	3	Chicago	Harry W. Peterson 817 S. Clinton Ave., Oak Park, Ill.	J. F. Anderson 4334 West End Ave.	First and third Mondays of each month
48	Unity	29	St. Charles	Chet L. Noel	Silas Searles	First and third Mondays of each month
985	Universal	5	Chicago	Carl E. McBerty 5352 Prairie Ave.	A. L. Smerling 5329 Michigan Ave.	First and third Mondays of each month
157	Urbana	60	Urbana	Horace B. Ingalls	Peter Furst	First and third Tuesdays of each month
858	Utica	33	Utica	Abe Sumberg	J. F. Blakslee	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
894	Utopia	12	Chicago	Chas. Blind 6415 Vernon Ave.	David J. Gordon 104 E. 51st St.	First, third and fifth Fridays of each month
547	Valley	36	Coal Valley	I. J. Bailey	B. H. Bollman	Friday on or before full moon
762	VanMeter	65	Athens	Elmer L. Primm	John C. Harris	Wednesday on or before full moon
926	Veritas	12	Chicago	Wm. O. Holton 6035 Michigan Ave.	Earl C. Richardson 4739 Gladys Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month
265	Vermilion	59	Indianola	W. W. Gibbs	John W. Enos	First and third Saturdays of each month
116	Vermont	55	Vermont	H. C. Musgrove	L. S. Edie	First Saturday of each month
757	Verona	45	Verona	G. L. Beal	Aug. Wennerstrom	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month
108	Versailles	67	Versailles	E. E. Perry	James Ham	First and third Fridays
584	Vesper	39	Galesburg	Clyde N. Bandy 129 N. Henderson St.	W. E. Ohls	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
1019	Victory	13	Chicago	Lee Hall 4458 West Whipple.	John R. Olson 4527 W. Sawyer Ave	
150	Vienna	100	Vienna	Lucas Parker	Lloyd T. Farris	Tuesday on or before full moon
885	Villa Grove	73	Villa Grove	G. L. Kennedy	Harry B. Landis	First and third Tuesdays of each month
577	Viola	37	Viola	Smith A. Hunting	C. E. Heston	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month
161	Virden	71	Virden	C. H. Post	J. R. Woodward	Wednesday on or before full moon
544	Virginia	66	Virginia	Elijah Needham	Richard B. Long	First and third Fridays of each month
81	Vitruvius	2	Wheeling	J. Schwingel	Edward H. Forke 358 Madison St., Chi	Saturday on or before full moon
175	Wabash	81	Etna	E. T. Allen	Ottis S Hart Mattoon, Ill., R.R. 6.	Friday on or before full moon
512	Wade-Barney	57	Bloomington	J. H. Allen % Cir. Clerks Office	Eugene Duncan Care Union Depot.	First and fourth Thursdays of each month
616	Wadley	70	Franklin	H. M. Tulpin	Henry G. Duncan	First and third Wednesdays of each month
674	Waldeck	20	Chicago	Wm. Dudenbostel 6141 S. Park Ave.	Frank Fiscus 200 West 21st St.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
722	Walnut	33	Walnut	E. M. Fox	C. W. Fordham	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month
475	Walshville	79	Walshville	E. L. Shields	James H. Mann	First and third Saturdays of each month
384	Waltham	42	Waltham	Wm. N. Mitchell Troy Grove, Ill.	Andrew Hunter Utica, Ill.	Monday on or before full moon
14	Warren	89	Shawneetown	S. N. Lowe	J. R. Williams	First Tuesday of each month
959	Warrensburg	62	Warrensburg	John A. Kruran	Jas. M. Eyman	Third Friday of each month
257	Warsaw	53	Warsaw	Wm. G. Fenor	Harry E. Nelson	Third Tuesday of each month
421	Washburn	49	Washburn	Geo. H. Wineteer	Fred C. Barnes	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
55	Washington	8	Nashville	L. T. Phillips	Oscar H. Rinnie	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month

LODGE DIRECTORY—Continued.

NO.	NAME OF LODGE.	No. Dist.	POSTOFFICE.	NAME OF SECRETARY.	NAME OF MASTER.	TIME OF STATED MEETINGS.
956	Washingt'n Park	4	Chicago	Sam'l A. Brunwasser 6141 Evans Ave.	Isaac J. Smit. 5 S. Wabash Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
291	Wataga	39	Wataga	F. W. Applegren	E. P. Robson	First and third Wednesdays of each month.
728	Waterman	32	Waterman	P. E. N. Greeley	E. W. Price	First and third Thursdays of each month
446	Watseka	46	Watseka	Thos. B. Breman.	Fletcher U. Kenney	First and third Wednesdays of each month.
602	Watson	83	Watson	J. W. Cloar	J. C. Trimble	Saturday on or before full moon
160	Waubansia	4	Chicago	H. E. VanLoon. 4851 W. Monroe St.	Carl C. Jensen 4009 N. Kostner Av.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
298	Wauconda	21	Wauconda	F. W. Bangs	H. E. Price	First and third Thursdays of each month
78	Waukegan	21	Waukegan	Thos. A. Simpson 804 N. County St.	Wm. E. Sayle 623 Hickory St.	First and third Mondays of each month
118	Waverly	70	Waverly	W. A. Jones	Robert Etter	First and third Fridays of each month
1001	Wayfarers	19	Evanston	G. W. Carman 1222 Elmwood Ave.	Geo. F. Baker	First and third Wednesdays of each month
172	Wayne	63	Waynesville	Geo. W. Finfrock	Carter Sprague Clinton, Ill.	First Monday on or before full moon
916	Welcome	6	Chicago	James B. Child. 6354 S. Carpenter St.	Chas. Brinkman. 1758 N. Wash. Ave.	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month.
991	Welfare	10	Chicago	John T. Bloomburg. 1417 Olive Ave.	Fred A. Doggett. 3039 Eastwood Ave.	Second and fourth Tuesday of each month
746	Weldon	58	Weldon	Wm. J. Schwehm.	David W. Isenhour.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
344	Wenona	41	Wenona	T. D. Judd	N. E. Moffett	First and third Tuesdays of each month
240	Western Star	60	Champaign	Francis I. Fleming. 204½ W. White St.	Clarence A. Tucker. 614 W. Clark St.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
856	West Gate	78	Hamburg	S. B. Waldron	G. H. Wintjen Hardin, Ill.	First and third Tuesdays of each month.
866	West Salem	90	West Salem	Walter H. Scheurer.	John Mallinson	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
269	Wheaton	29	Wheaton	Arthur Inman	Ed. J. Lambe	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
883	Wheeler	83	Wheeler	J. C. Mason	W. O. Gillson	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month.
80	White Hall	70	White Hall	Robert Dickson	Albert C. Rich	Thursday on or before full moon
805	Williamson	95	Carterville	J. E. Harriss	John A. Hoye	Second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
931	Wilmette	14	Wilmette	Chas. C. Schultz 1609 Lake Ave.	Frank C. Nason. Kennilworth, Ill.	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
208	Wilmington	45	Wilmington	A. S. Hadsall	O. L. Osburn	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
105	Winchester	66	Winchester	Earl C. Nelson	Ralph M. Riggs	First and third Mondays of each month.
322	Windsor	75	Windsor	P. G. Matzen	Chas. Hill	Tuesday on or before full moon and 2 wks after
836	Windsor Park	3	Chicago	Arthur J. Biddle. 7743 Colfax Ave.	Wm. F. Cagwin. 7322 Coles Ave.	Second and fourth Mondays.
745	Winnebago	23	Winnebago	C. M. Cary	H. J. Waterstreet.	First and third Thursdays of each month.
564	Winslow	24	Winslow	Sam'l Sinclair	Rollo H. Stites	First Tuesday of each month
209	Wm. B. Warren.	5	Chicago	Geo. R. Lundy. 2527 Clara Place	Iver Johnson 26 West Lake St.	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month.

306	Wm. C. Hobbs....	49	Eureka.....	Judd H. Leys.....	Lee C. Darst.....	First Tuesday of each month.....
876	Wm. McKinley..	1	Chicago	Frank E. Lawrence. 2136 N. Hamlin Ave.	Edward E. Melum... 4428 Gladys Ave.	First and third Tuesdays of each month.....
502	Woodhull	37	Woodhull	Amos A. Mackey	DeVelo E. Taft.....	Friday on or before full moon.....
841	Woodlawn Park.	5	Chicago	Harlan S. Sylvester. 6449 Minerva Ave.	W. H. Anderson..... 637 E. 64th St.	Second and fourth Mondays of each month
1011	Woodson.....	66	Woodson.....	Joseph T. Self.....	Cyrus C. Self.....	Friday on or after each Calendar moon
779	Wright's Grove..	8	Chicago	Wm. O. Dicus 4800 N. Robey St.	Rich. D. Schuettge.. 30 South Jefferson.	First and third Thursdays of each month
231	Wyanet	34	Wyanet	A. O. Richards.....	Arthur E. Bergh....	Second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
479	Wyoming	40	Wyoming	Geo. F. Earhart	Wm. H. Faull.....	Second Thursday
485	Xenia.....	87	Xenia	Everett E. Dean	H. Loren Elliott.....	First and third Thursdays.....
448	Yates City	50	Yates City	E. J. H. Nooth.....	O. C. Bailey	Second and fourth Thursdays of each month....
313	York	82	West Union.....	Chas. Strome	Harry Davis	First and third Mondays of each month.....
655	Yorktown.	26	Tampico.....	Chas. S. Smith.....	Frank Yarde	Second and fourth Saturdays of each month....

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

GIVING NAME AND NUMBER OF LODGE LOCATED AT EACH.

POSTOFFICE.	NAME.	NO.	CHARTERED.
Abingdon	Abingdon	185	Oct. 3, 1855
Albany	Albany	566	Oct. 1, 1867
Albion	Hermitage	356	Oct. 3, 1860
Aledo	Aledo	252	Oct. 7, 1857
Alexis	Alexandria	702	Oct. 8, 1873
Algonquin	Algonquin	960	Oct. 15, 1913
Allendale	Allendale	752	Oct. 4, 1877
Allen Springs	Gurney	778	
Alta	Alta	748	Oct. 3, 1876
Altamont	Altamont	533	Oct. 1, 1867
Alton	Franklin	25	———1837
Alton	Piasa	27	Oct. 9, 1844
Altona	Altona	330	Oct. 3, 1860
Alto Pass	Alto Pass	840	Oct. 2, 1895
Amboy	Illinois Central	178	Oct. 3, 1855
Andalusia	Andalusia	516	Oct 1, 1867
Anna	Anna	520	Oct. 1, 1867
Antioch	Sequoit	827	Oct. 4, 1893
Apple River	Apple River	859	Oct. 1, 1901
Arcola	Arcola	366	Oct. 1, 1861
Argenta	Argenta	871	Oct. 7, 1903
Arlington	Levi Lusk	270	Oct. 6, 1858
Aroma Park	Aroma	378	Oct. 8, 1863
Arrowsmith	Arrowsmith	737	Oct. 3, 1876
Arthur	Arthur	825	Oct. 4, 1893
Ashland	Ashland	929	Oct. 10, 1911
Ashley	Clay	153	Oct. 3, 1854
Ashmore	Ashmore	390	Oct. 5, 1863
Ashton	Ashton	531	Oct. 1, 1867
Assumption	Bromwell	451	Oct. 4, 1865
Astoria	Astoria	100	Oct. 6, 1851
Athens	Van Meter	762	Oct. 4, 1882
Atkinson	Atkinson	433	Oct. 4, 1865
Atlanta	Atlanta	165	Oct. 3, 1854
Atwood	Atwood	651	Oct. 4, 1870
Auburn	Ark & Anchor	354	Oct. 3, 1860
Augusta	J. L. Anderson	318	Oct. 5, 1859
Aurora	Jerusalem Temp.	90	Oct. 8, 1850
Aurora	Aurora	254	Oct. 7, 1857
Ava	Dean	833	Oct. 3, 1894
Avon	Avon Harmony	253	Oct. 7, 1857
Bardolph	Bardolph	572	Oct. 1, 1867
Barrington	Lounsbury	751	Oct. 4, 1877
Barry	Barry	34	Oct. 8, 1845
Basco	Basco	618	Oct. 5, 1869
Batavia	Batavia	404	Oct. 5, 1864
Baylis	Baylis	1000	Oct. 11, 1916
Beardstown	Cass	23	Oct. 4, 1843
Beecher City	Beecher City	665	Oct. 3, 1871
Belknap	Belknap	822	Oct. 5, 1892
Belle Rive	Belle Rive	696	Oct. 1, 1872
Belleville	St. Clair	24	Dec. 14, 1843
Bellflower	Bellflower	911	Oct. 13, 1909
Belvidere	Belvidere	60	Oct. 4, 1848
Bement	Bement	365	Oct. 1, 1861
Benton	Benton	64	Oct. 5, 1848
Berwyn	Berwyn	839	Oct. 2, 1895
Bethalto	Bethalto	406	Oct. 5, 1864
Bethany	Bethany	884	Oct. 3, 1906
Birds	S. D. Monroe	447	Oct. 4, 1865
Blandinsville	Blandinsville	233	Oct. 7, 1857
Bloomington	Bloomington	43	Oct. 6, 1847
Bloomington	Wade-Barney	512	Oct. 3, 1866
Bloomington	Mozart	656	Oct. 4, 1870
Bloomington	Arts and Crafts	1017	Oct. 8, 1918
Blue Island	Calumet	716	Oct. 7, 1874
Blue Mound	Blue Mound	682	Oct. 3, 1871
Bluffs	Bluffs	846	Oct. 6, 1896
Bowen	Bowen	486	Oct. 3, 1866
Bradford	Bradford	514	Oct. 1, 1867
Braidwood	Braidwood	704	Oct. 8, 1873
Bridgeport	Bridgeport	386	Oct. 8, 1863
Brighton	Hibbard	249	Oct. 7, 1857
Broadlands	Broadlands	791	Oct. 15, 1913

POSTOFFICE.	NAME.	NO.	CHARTERED.
Brooklyn	LaMoine	935	Oct. 10, 1911
Brookport	Farmers	232	Oct. 7, 1857
Broughton	Broughton	963	Oct. 15, 1913
Buckley	Buckley	634	Oct. 5, 1869
Buda	Buda	399	Oct. 5, 1864
Buffalo	Buffalo	945	Oct. 10, 1911
Buffalo Prairie	Buffalo Prairie	679	Oct. 3, 1871
Bunker Hill	Bunker Hill	151	Oct. 3, 1854
Burnside	Burnside	683	Oct. 1, 1872
Burnt Prairie	Burnt Prairie	668	Oct. 3, 1871
Bushnell	T. J. Pickett	307	Oct. 5, 1859
Byron	Byron	274	Oct. 6, 1858
Cabery	Norton	631	Oct. 5, 1869
Cairo	Cairo	237	Oct. 7, 1857
Camargo	Camargo	440	Oct. 4, 1865
Cambridge	Cambridge	49	Oct. 5, 1847
Camden	Camden	648	Oct. 4, 1870
Campbell Hill	Shiloh Hill	695	Oct. 1, 1872
Camp Point	Benjamin	297	Oct. 5, 1859
Canton	Morning Star	734	Oct. 5, 1875
Capron	Capron	575	Oct. 6, 1868
Carbondale	Shekinah	241	Oct. 7, 1857
Carlinville	Mt. Nebo	76	Dec. 4, 1849
Carlyle	Scott	79	Dec. 10, 1849
Carman	Carman	732	Oct. 5, 1875
Carmi	Carmi	272	Oct. 6, 1858
Carriers Mills	Blazing Star	458	Oct. 4, 1865
Carrollton	Carrollton	50	Oct. 5, 1847
Carterville	Williamson	802	Oct. 6, 1891
Carthage	Hancock	20	Oct. 3, 1843
Casey	Casey	442	Oct. 4, 1865
Catlin	Catlin	285	Oct. 7, 1858
Cave-in-Rock	Cave-in-Rock	444	Oct. 4, 1865
Centralia	Centralia	201	Oct. 7, 1856
Cerro Gordo	Cerro Gordo	600	Oct. 6, 1868
Chadwick	Chadwick	867	Oct. 8, 1902
Chambersburg	Chambersburg	373	Oct. 8, 1862
Champaign	Western Star	240	Oct. 7, 1857
Chandlerville	Chandlerville	724	Oct. 7, 1874
Channahon	Channahon	262	Oct. 6, 1858
Charleston	Charleston	35	Oct. 8, 1845
Chatham	Chatham	523	Oct. 1, 1867
Chatsworth	Chatsworth	539	Oct. 1, 1867
Chebanse	Chebanse	429	Oct. 4, 1865
Chenoa	Chenoa	292	Oct. 5, 1859
Cherry Valley	Cherry Valley	173	Oct. 3, 1855
Chester	Chester	72	Oct. 4, 1849
Chesterfield	Chesterfield	445	Oct. 4, 1865
Chicago	Aaron	913	Oct. 13, 1909
Chicago	Accordia	277	Oct. 6, 1858
Chicago	Albany Park	974	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago	America	889	Oct. 3, 1906
Chicago	Ancient Craft	907	Oct. 7, 1908
Chicago	Apollo	642	Oct. 4, 1870
Chicago	Arcana	717	Oct. 7, 1874
Chicago	Ashlar	308	Oct. 5, 1859
Chicago (Auburn Park)	Auburn Park	789	Oct. 3, 1889
Chicago	Austin	850	Oct. 6, 1897
Chicago	Avondale	921	Oct. 12 1910
Chicago	Banner Blue	924	Oct. 12, 1910
Chicago (Norwood Park)	Beacon Light	784	Oct. 6, 1887
Chicago	Bee Hive	909	Oct. 7, 1908
Chicago	Ben Hur	818	Oct. 5, 1892
Chicago	Ben, Franklin	962	Oct. 15, 1913
Chicago	Birchwood	1012	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	Blair	393	Oct. 8, 1863
Chicago	Blaney	271	Oct. 6, 1858
Chicago	Bohemia	943	Oct. 10, 1911
Chicago	Boulevard	882	Oct. 4, 1905
Chicago (Bright'n P'rk)	Brighton Park	854	Oct. 5, 1898
Chicago	Brotherhood	986	Oct. 13, 1914
Chicago	Candida	927	Oct. 12, 1910
Chicago	Carnation	900	Oct. 2, 1907
Chicago	Chicago	437	Oct. 4, 1865
Chicago	Cleveland	211	Oct. 7, 1856
Chicago (Lawndale)	Columbian	819	Oct. 5, 1892
Chicago	Compass	922	Oct. 12, 1910
Chicago	Composite	879	Oct. 3, 1905
Chicago	Community	1005	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	Concord	917	Oct. 13, 1909

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF POSTOFFICES—*Continued.*

POSTOFFICE.	NAME.	NO.	CHARTERED.
Chicago	Constantia	783	Oct. 6, 1887
Chicago	Constellation	892	Oct. 3, 1906
Chicago	Cornerstone	875	Oct. 4, 1904
Chicago	Cosmopolitan	1020	Oct. 8, 1918
Chicago	Covenant	526	Oct. 1, 1867
Chicago,	Crescent	895	Oct. 2, 1907
Chicago	Cyrene	987	Oct. 13, 1915
Chicago	Damascus	888	Oct. 3, 1906
Chicago	D. C. Cregier	643	Oct. 4, 1870
Chicago	Dearborn	310	Oct. 5, 1859
Chicago	East Gate	923	Oct. 12, 1910
Chicago	Edgewater	901	Oct. 2, 1907
Chicago	Emblem	984	Oct. 13, 1915
Chicago (Englewood)	Englewood	690	Oct. 1, 1872
Chicago	Equity	878	Oct. 3, 1905
Chicago	Exemplar	966	Oct. 15, 1913
Chicago	Federal	961	Oct. 15, 1913
Chicago	Fernwood Park	971	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago (West Pullman)	Fides	842	Oct. 2, 1895
Chicago	Fortitude	1003	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	Garden City	141	Oct. 2, 1854
Chicago	Garfield	686	Oct. 1, 1872
Chicago	Gil. W. Barnard	908	Oct. 7, 1908
Chicago	Germania	182	Oct. 3, 1855
Chicago	Golden Rule	726	Oct. 7, 1874
Chicago (G'nd Crossing)	Grand Crossing	776	Oct. 7, 1886
Chicago (So. Chicago)	Harbor	731	Oct. 5, 1875
Chicago	Herder	669	Oct. 3, 1871
Chicago	Hesperia	411	Oct. 5, 1864
Chicago	Hiram	1009	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	Home	508	Oct. 3, 1866
Chicago	Honor	1010	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	Humboldt Park	813	Oct. 5, 1892
Chicago	Hyde Park	989	Oct. 13, 1915
Chicago	Integrity	997	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago Jackson Park	JacksonPark	915	Oct. 13, 1909
Chicago	John Paul Jones	1013	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	John B. Sherman	880	Oct. 4, 1905
Chicago	John C. Smith	944	Oct. 10, 1911
Chicago	Justice	949	Oct. 10, 1911
Chicago	Kenmore	947	Oct. 10, 1911
Chicago (Kensington)	Kensington	804	Oct. 6, 1891
Chicago	Kenwood	800	Oct. 6, 1891
Chicago	Keystone	639	Oct. 5, 1869
Chicago	Kilwinning	311	Oct. 5, 1859
Chicago	King Oscar	855	Oct. 5, 1898
Chicago	Kosmos	896	Oct. 2, 1907
Chicago	Lakeside	739	Oct. 3, 1876
Chicago	Lake View	774	Oct. 8, 1884
Chicago	Landmark	422	Oct. 5, 1864
Chicago (Chicago Lawn)	Lawn	815	Oct. 5, 1892
Chicago	Lawndale	995	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago	Lessing	557	Oct. 1, 1867
Chicago (Franklin Park)	Leyden	993	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago	Lincoln Park	611	Oct. 5, 1869
Chicago	Logan Square	891	Oct. 3, 1906
Chicago	Loyal	1007	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	Maplewood	964	Oct. 15, 1913
Chicago	Melrose Abbey	976	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago	Metropolitan	860	Oct. 1, 1901
Chicago	Mithra	410	Oct. 5, 1864
Chicago	Mizpah	768	Oct. 8, 1884
Chicago	Morgan Park	999	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago (Irving Park)	Myrtle	795	Oct. 8, 1890
Chicago	Mystic Star	758	Oct. 3, 1878
Chicago	Niagara	992	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago (Englewood)	Normal Park	797	Oct. 8, 1890
Chicago	North Shore	937	Oct. 10, 1911
Chicago	Ogden Park	897	Oct. 2, 1907
Chicago	Old Glory	975	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago	Olympia	864	Oct. 8, 1903
Chicago	Oriental	33	Oct. 9, 1845
Chicago (Pullman)	Palace	765	Oct. 3, 1883
Chicago	Paramount	1015	Oct. 8, 1918
Chicago	Parian	977	Oct. 14, 1914

POSTOFFICE.	NAME.	NO.	CHARTERED
Chicago	(Rodgers Park)	843	Oct. 6, 1896
Chicago	Park Manor	899	Oct. 2, 1907
Chicago	Parkway	1000	Oct. 11, 1917
Chicago	Paul Revere	998	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago	Perseverance	973	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago	Pleiades	478	Oct. 3, 1866
Chicago	Portage Park	1002	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago	Progressive	954	Oct. 8, 1912
Chicago	Prospect	957	Oct. 8, 1912
Chicago	(Jefferson)	711	Oct. 8, 1873
Chicago	Prudence	958	Oct. 15, 1913
Chicago	Pyramid	887	Oct. 3, 1906
Chicago	Pythagoras	1018	Oct. 8, 1918
Chicago	Rainbow	972	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago	(Ravenswood)	777	Oct. 7, 1886
Chicago	Republic	914	Oct. 13, 1909
Chicago	Richard Cole	697	Oct. 1, 1872
Chicago	Siloam	780	Oct. 6, 1887
Chicago	Sincerity	982	Oct. 13, 1915
Chicago	South Gate	968	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago	South Park	662	Oct. 3, 1871
Chicago	Square	978	Oct. 14, 1914
Chicago	Standard	873	Oct. 4, 1901
Chicago	St. Andrews	863	Oct. 8, 1902
Chicago	St. Cecilia	865	Oct. 8, 1902
Chicago	Sunrise	996	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago	Thos. J. Turner	409	Oct. 5, 1864
Chicago (Tracy)	Tracy	810	Oct. 6, 1891
Chicago	(So. Chicago)	767	Oct. 8, 1884
Chicago	Trowel	981	Oct. 13, 1915
Chicago	True Blue	994	Oct. 11, 1916
Chicago	Union Park	610	Oct. 5, 1869
Chicago	Universal	985	Oct. 13, 1915
Chicago	Utopia	894	Oct. 2, 1907
Chicago	Veritas	926	Oct. 12, 1910
Chicago	Victory	1019	Oct. 8, 1918
Chicago	Waldeck	674	Oct. 3, 1871
Chicago	Washi'gton Park	956	Oct. 18, 1912
Chicago	Waubansia	160	Oct. 3, 1855
Chicago	Welcome	916	Oct. 13, 1909
Chicago	Welfare	991	Oct. 13, 1915
Chicago	(Windsor Park)	836	Oct. 3, 1894
Chicago	Wm. B. Warren	209	Oct. 7, 1856
Chicago	Wm. McKinley	876	Oct. 4, 1904
Chicago	(Woodlawn Pk)	841	Oct. 2, 1895
Chicago	(Wright's Gro.)	779	Oct. 7, 1886
Chicago Heights	Chicago Heights	851	Oct. 6, 1897
Chillicothe	Geo. Washington	222	Oct. 7, 1856
Chrisman	Bloomfield	148	Oct. 2, 1854
Christopher	Christopher	1016	Oct. 8, 1918
Cicero	Cicero	955	Oct. 15, 1913
Cisco	Cisco	965	Oct. 15, 1913
Clay City	Clay City	488	Oct. 3, 1866
Clayton	Clayton	147	Oct. 2, 1854
Clifton	Clifton	688	Oct. 1, 1872
Clinton	DeWitt	84	Oct. 8, 1850
Coal Valley	Valley	547	Oct. 1, 1867
Cobden	Cobden	466	Oct. 3, 1866
Coffeen	Coffeen	906	Oct. 7, 1908
Cohn	New Hope	620	Oct. 5, 1869
Colchester	Colchester	496	Oct. 3, 1866
Colfax	Colfax	799	May 14, 1891
Collinsville	Collinsville	712	Oct. 8, 1873
Collison	Collison	714	Oct. 7, 1874
Colono	Clement	680	Oct. 3, 1871
Columbia	Columbia	474	Oct. 3, 1866
Columbus	Columbus	227	Oct. 7, 1857
Compton	Brooklyn	282	Oct. 6, 1858
Concord	N. D. Morse	346	Oct. 3, 1860
Corinth	Andrew Jackson	487	Oct. 3, 1866
Cornell	Cornell	868	Oct. 7, 1903
Cornland	Cornland	808	Oct. 6, 1891
Cottonwood	Cottonwood	920	Oct. 12, 1910
Cowden	Joppa	706	Oct. 8, 1873
Creal Springs	Creal Springs	817	Oct. 5, 1892
Creston	Creston	320	Oct. 5, 1859
Crete	Crete	763	Oct. 4, 1882
Crystal Lake	Nunda	169	Oct. 4, 1855
Cuba	Cuba	534	Oct. 1, 1867
Cypress	Stone Arch	953	Oct. 8, 1912

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF POSTOFFICES—*Continued.*

POSTOFFICE.	NAME	NO.	CHARTERED.
Dahlgren	Dahlgren	967	Oct. 14, 1914
Dallas City	Dallas City	235	Oct. 7, 1857
Danvers	Danvers	742	Oct. 3, 1876
Danville	Anchor	980	Oct. 13, 1915
Danville	Olive Branch	38	Oct. 6, 1846
Davis	Evening Star	414	Oct. 5, 1864
Dawson	Dawson	556	Oct. 1, 1857
Decatur	Ionic	312	Oct 5, 1859
Decatur	Macon	8	Oct. 5, 1841
Decatur	Stephen Decatur	979	Oct. 14, 1914
De Kalb	De Kalb	144	Oct. 2, 1851
De Land	De Land	812	Oct. 5, 1892
Delavan	Delavan	156	Oct. 2, 1854
Denver	Denver	464	Oct. 3, 1866
Depue	Depue	951	Oct. 8, 1912
De Soto	De Soto	287	Oct. 7, 1858
Des Plaines	Des Plaines	890	Oct. 3, 1906
Dewitt	Amon	261	Oct. 6, 1858
Diona	Hutton	698	Oct. 1, 1872
Dix	Rome	721	Oct. 7, 1874
Dixon	Friendship	7	Oct. 6, 1841
Dongola	Dongola	581	Oct. 6, 1868
Donnelson	Donnelson	255	Oct. 6, 1858
Donovan	Donovan	952	Oct. 8, 1912
Downers Grove	Grove	824	Oct. 4, 1893
Dundee	Dundee	190	Oct. 6, 1856
Duquoin	DuQuoin	234	Oct. 7, 1857
Durand	Durand	302	Oct. 5, 1859
Dwight	Livingston	371	Oct. 1, 1861
Earlville	Meridian	183	Oct. 3, 1855
East Dubuque	Martin	491	Oct. 3, 1866
East Moline	East Moline	969	Oct. 14, 1914
East St. Louis	East St. Louis	504	Oct. 3, 1866
East St. Louis	Gothic	852	Oct. 6, 1897
Eaton	Crawford	666	Oct. 3, 1871
Eddyville	Eddyville	672	Oct 3, 1871
Edgewood	Edgewood	484	Oct. 3, 1866
Edinburg	Blueville	647	Oct. 4, 1870
Edwardsville	Edwardsville	99	Oct. 6, 1851
Effingham	Effingham	149	Oct. 2, 1854
Elburn	Blackberry	359	Oct. 3, 1860
El Dara	El Dara	388	Oct. 8, 1863
Eldorado	Eldorado	730	Oct. 5, 1875
Elgin	Elgin	117	Oct. 4, 1852
Elgin	Monitor	522	Oct. 1, 1867
Elkhart	Elkhart	903	Oct. 7, 1908
Elizabeth	Kavanaugh	36	Oct. 6, 1846
Elizabethtown	Elizabeth	276	Oct. 10, 1858
Elmhurst	Elmhurst	941	Oct. 10, 1911
Elmwood	Horeb	363	Oct. 1, 1861
El Paso	El Paso	246	Oct. 7, 1857
Elvaston	Elvaston	715	Oct. 7, 1874
Elwood	Elwood	919	Oct. 12, 1910
Enfield	Enfield	677	Oct. 3, 1871
Equality	Equality	2	Aug. 1837
Erie	Erie	667	Oct. 3, 1871
Etna	Wabash	179	Oct. 2, 1855
Eureka	William C. Hobbs	306	Oct. 5, 1859
Evanston	Evans	524	Oct. 1, 1867
Evanston	Wayfarers	1001	Oct. 11, 1916
Evansville	Kaskaskia	86	Oct. 8, 1850
Ewing	Ewing	705	Oct. 8, 1873
Exeter	Exeter	424	Oct. 4, 1865
Fairbury	Tarbolton	351	Oct. 3, 1860
Fairfield	Fairfield	206	Oct. 7, 1856
Fairmount	Fairmount	590	Oct. 6, 1868
Fairview	Fairview	350	Oct. 3, 1860
Fairweather	Kingston	266	Oct. 6, 1858
Farina	Farina	601	Oct. 6, 1868
Farmer City	Farmer City	710	Oct. 8, 1873
Farmington	Farmington	192	Oct. 6, 1856
Fieldon	Fieldon	592	Oct. 6, 1868
Fillmore	Fillmore	670	Oct. 3, 1871
Findlay	Findlay	831	Oct. 4, 1893
Fisher	Sangamon	801	Oct. 6, 1891
Flat Rock	Flat Rock	348	Oct. 3, 1860
Flora	Flora	204	Oct. 7, 1856
Forrest	Forrest	614	Oct. 5, 1869
Franklin	Wadley	616	Oct. 5, 1869
Franklin Grove	Franklin Grove	264	Oct. 6 1858
Freeburg	Freeburg	418	Oct. 5 1864
Freedom	Freedom	194	Oct. 6, 1856
Freeport	Evergreen	170	Oct. 3, 1855
Freeport	Excelsior	97	Oct. 6, 1851

POSTOFFICE.	NAME.	NO.	CHARTERED.
Fulton	Fulton City	189	Oct. 6, 1856
Galena	Miners	273	Oct. 6, 1858
Galesburg	Alpha	155	Oct. 2, 1854
Galesburg	Vesper	584	Oct. 6, 1868
Galatia	Galatia	684	Oct. 1, 1872
Galva	Galva	243	Oct. 7, 1857
Ganntown	New Columbia	336	Oct. 3, 1860
Gays	Miles Hart	595	Oct. 6, 1868
Gardner	Gardner	573	Oct. 6, 1868
Geneseo	Stewart	92	Oct. 8, 1850
Geneva	Geneva	139	Oct. 2, 1854
Genoa	Genoa	288	Oct. 7, 1858
Georgetown	Russell	154	Oct. 2, 1854
Gibson City	Gibson	733	Oct. 5, 1875
Gillespie	Gillespie	214	Oct. 7, 1856
Gilman	Gilman	591	Oct. 6, 1868
Girard	Girard	171	Oct. 3, 1855
Glasford	Lancaster	106	Oct. 6, 1851
Glencoe	Glencoe	983	Oct. 13, 1915
Glenellyn	Glen Ellyn	950	Oct. 8, 1912
Golconda	Golconda	131	Oct. 4, 1853
Golden	LaPrairie	267	Oct. 6 1858
Goldengate	Molenna	925	Oct. 12, 1910
Good Hope	Good Hope	617	Oct. 5, 1869
Goreville	Saline	339	Oct. 3, 1860
Grafton	Full Moon	341	Oct. 3, 1860
Grand Chain	Grand Chain	660	Oct. 4, 1870
Grand Tower	Lafayette	657	Oct. 4, 1870
Granite City	Granite City	877	Oct. 4, 1904
Granite City	Triple	835	Oct. 3, 1894
Grant Park	Grant Park	928	Oct. 10, 1911
Grayslake	Rising Sun	115	Oct. 4, 1852
Grayville	Sheba	200	Oct. 7, 1856
Greenfield	Greenfield	129	Oct. 3, 1853
Greenup	Greenup	125	Oct. 3, 1853
Greenview	Greenview	653	Oct. 4, 1870
Greenville	Greenville	245	Oct. 7, 1857
Griggsville	Griggsville	45	Oct. 5, 1847
Grove City	Fisher	585	Oct. 6, 1868
Grand Chain	Grand Chain	660	Oct. 4, 1870
Grantsburg	Gurney	778	Oct. 7, 1886
Hegewisch	Pyramid	887	
Hamburg	West Gate	856	Oct. 4, 1899
Hamilton	Black Hawk	238	Oct. 7 1857
Hamletsburg	Bay City	771	Oct. 8, 1884
Hampshire	Hampshire	443	Oct. 4, 1865
Hanover	Hanover	905	Oct. 7, 1908
Hardin	Calhoun	792	Oct. 3, 1898
Hardinville	Hardinville	756	Oct. 3, 1878
Harrisburg	Harrisburg	325	Oct. 5, 1859
Harristown	Summit	431	Oct. 4, 1865
Harvard	Harvard	309	Oct. 5, 1859
Harvey	Harvey	832	Oct. 3, 1894
Havana	Havana	88	Oct. 8, 1850
Hazel Dell	Hazel Dell	580	Oct. 6, 1868
Hebron	Hebron	604	Oct. 6, 1868
Henry	Henry	119	Oct. 4, 1852
Herrick	Clover Leaf	990	Oct. 13, 1915
Herrin	Herrins Prairie	693	Oct. 1, 1872
Heyworth	Heyworth	251	Oct. 7, 1857
Highland	Highland	583	Oct. 6, 1868
Highland Park	A. O. Fay	676	Oct. 3, 1871
Hillsboro	Mt. Moriah	51	Oct. 4, 1848
Hinckley	Hinckley	301	Oct. 5, 1859
Hindsboro	Hindsboro	837	Oct. 4, 1894
Hinsdale	Hinsdale	943	Oct. 10, 1911
Holcomb	Meridian Sun	505	Oct. 3, 1866
Homer	Homer	199	Oct. 7, 1856
Hoopeston	Star	709	Oct. 8, 1873
Hooppole	Hooppole	886	Oct. 3, 1906
Hopedale	Hopedale	622	Oct. 5, 1869
Hull	Hull	910	Oct. 7, 1908
Hume	Edgar	829	Oct. 4, 1893
Huntsville	Huntsville	465	Oct. 3, 1866
Hurst	Hurst	1004	Oct. 11, 1917
Hutsonville	Hutsonville	136	Oct. 5, 1853
Illiopolis	Illiopolis	521	Oct. 1, 1867
Indianola	Vermilion	265	Oct. 6, 1858
Industry	Industry	327	Oct. 5, 1859
Iola	Iola	691	Oct. 1, 1872
Ipava	Ipava	213	Oct. 7, 1856
Iroquois	O. H. Miner	506	Oct. 3, 1866
Irving	Irving	455	Oct. 4, 1865
Iuka	J. D. Moody	510	Oct. 3, 1866

POSTOFFICE	NAME	NO.	CHARTERED.
Jacksonville	Harmony	3	1838
Jacksonville	Jacksonville	570	Oct. 1, 1867
Jeffersonville	Jeffersonville	460	Oct. 3, 1866
Jerseyville	Jerseyville	394	Oct. 5, 1864
Johnsonville	Johnsonville	713	Oct. 7, 1874
Johnston City	Lake Creek	729	Oct. 5, 1875
Joliet	Matteson	175	Oct. 3, 1855
Joliet	Mt. Joliet	42	Oct. 8, 1846
Jonesboro	Jonesboro	111	Oct. 7, 1851
Joy	Joy	946	Oct. 10, 1911
Kane	King Solomon	197	Oct. 7, 1856
Kankakee	Kankakee	389	Oct. 8, 1863
Kansas	Kansas	280	Oct. 6, 1858
Karbers Ridge	Tadmor	794	Oct. 8, 1890
Kell	R. F. Casey	948	Oct. 10, 1911
Kenney	Henderson	820	Oct. 5, 1892
Kewanee	Kewanee	159	Oct. 3, 1855
Keithsburg	Robert Burns	113	Oct. 7, 1851
Kinderhook	Kinderhook	353	Oct. 3, 1860
Kingston	Kishwaukee	402	Oct. 5, 1864
Kinmundy	Kinmundy	398	Oct. 5, 1864
Kirkland	Boyd D.	857	Oct. 2, 1900
Kirkwood	Abraham Lincoln	518	Oct. 1, 1867
Knoxville	Pacific	66	Mar. 25, 1896
Lacon	Lacon	61	Oct. 4, 1848
LaFayette	Stark	501	Oct. 3, 1866
LaGrange	La Grange	770	Oct. 8, 1884
LaHarpe	La Harpe	195	Oct. 6, 1856
Lamoille	La Moille	383	Oct. 8, 1863
Lanark	Lanark	423	Oct. 5, 1864
LaSalle	Acacia	67	Dec. 10, 1849
Latham	Latham	853	Oct. 6, 1897
Lawrenceville	Edward Dobbins	164	Oct. 3, 1855
Lebanon	Lebanon	110	Oct. 6, 1851
Lee Center	Lee Center	146	Oct. 2, 1854
Leland	Leland	558	Oct. 1, 1867
Lena	Lena	174	Oct. 3, 1855
Lerna	Lerna	788	Oct. 3, 1889
Le Roy	Le Roy	221	Oct. 7, 1856
Lewistown	Lewistown	104	Oct. 6, 1851
Lexington	Lexington	482	Oct. 3, 1866
Liberty	Liberty	380	Oct. 8, 1863
Libertyville	Libertyville	492	Oct. 3, 1866
Lickcreek	Union	627	Oct. 5, 1869
Lima	Lima	135	Oct. 4, 1853
Lincoln	Logan	210	Oct. 7, 1856
Lisbon	Orient	323	Oct. 5, 1859
Litchfield	Charter Oak	236	Oct. 7, 1857
Litchfield	Litchfield	517	Oct. 1, 1867
Littleton	Littleton	766	Oct. 3, 1883
Loami	Loami	450	Oct. 4, 1865
Lockport	Lockport	538	Oct. 1, 1867
Loda	Abraham Jonas	316	Oct. 5, 1859
London Mills	London	848	Oct. 5, 1897
Long Point	Long Point	552	Oct. 1, 1867
Loraine	Loraine	893	Oct. 2, 1907
Lostant	Lostant	870	Oct. 7, 1903
Louisville	Louisville	196	Oct. 6, 1856
Lovington	Lovington	228	Oct. 7, 1857
Ludlow	Pera	574	Oct. 6, 1868
Lyndon	Lyndon	750	Oct. 4, 1877
Lynnville	Gill	382	Oct. 8, 1863
McHenry	McHenry	158	Oct. 3, 1854
McLean	McLean	469	Oct. 3, 1866
McLeansboro	Polk	137	Oct. 5, 1853
Macedonia	Royal	807	Oct. 6, 1891
Mackinaw	Mackinaw	132	Oct. 4, 1853
Macomb	Macomb	17	Oct. 2, 1843
Macon	South Macon	467	Oct. 3, 1866
Magnolia	Magnolia	103	Oct. 6, 1851
Mahomet	Mahomet	220	Oct. 7, 1856
Makanda	Makanda	434	Oct. 4, 1865
Manchester	Manchester	229	Oct. 7, 1857
Manito	Manito	476	Oct. 3, 1866
Manlius	Manlius	933	Oct. 10, 1911
Maple Park	Maple Park	942	Oct. 10, 1911
Mansfield	Mansfield	773	Oct. 8, 1884
Maquon	Maquon	530	Oct. 1, 1867
Marcelline	Marcelline	114	Oct. 7, 1851
Marengo	Marengo	138	Oct. 5, 1853
Marine	Marine	355	Oct. 3, 1860
Marion	Fellowship	89	Oct 8, 1850
Marissa	Marissa	881	Oct. 4, 1905
Maroa	Maroa	454	Oct. 4, 1865

POSTOFFICE	NAME	NO.	CHARTERED.
Marseilles	Marseilles	417	Oct. 5, 1864
Marshall	Marshall	133	Oct. 4, 1853
Martinsville	Clark	603	Oct. 6, 1868
Martinton	Martinton	845	Oct. 6, 1895
Mascoutah	Douglas	361	Oct. 1, 1861
Mason	Mason	217	Oct. 7, 1856
Mason City	Mason City	403	Oct. 5, 1864
Mattoon	Mattoon	260	Oct. 6, 1858
Maywood	Maywood	869	Oct. 7, 1903
Mazon	Mazon	826	Oct. 4, 1893
Mechanicsburg	Carlock	904	Oct. 7, 1908
Medora	Fidelity	152	Oct. 3, 1854
Melvin	Melvin	811	Oct. 6, 1891
Mendon	Mendon	449	Oct. 4, 1865
Mendota	Mendota	176	Oct. 3, 1855
Meredosia	Benevolent	52	Oct. 3, 1848
Metropolis City	Metropolis	91	Oct. 8, 1850
Milan	Eureka	69	Oct. 4, 1849
Milford	Milford	168	Oct. 3, 1855
Milledgeville	Milledgeville	345	Oct. 3, 1860
Milton	Milton	275	Oct. 6, 1858
Minier	Comet	641	Oct. 4, 1870
Minonk	Rob Morris	247	Oct. 7, 1857
Minooka	Minooka	528	Oct. 1, 1867
Modesto	Nifong	874	Oct. 4, 1904
Moline	Doric	319	Oct. 5, 1859
Moline	Moline	1014	Oct. 8, 1918
Momence	Momence	481	Oct. 3, 1866
Monmouth	Monmouth	37	Oct. 6, 1846
Monticello	Fraternal	58	Oct. 4, 1848
Montrose	Prairie City	578	Oct. 6, 1868
Morris	Cedar	124	Oct. 3, 1853
Morrison	Dunlap	321	Oct. 5, 1859
Morrisonville	Morrisonville	681	Oct. 3, 1871
Morton	Groveland	352	Oct. 3, 1860
Mound City	Trinity	562	Oct. 1, 1867
Mount Auburn	Kedron	340	Oct. 2, 1860
Mt Carmel	Mt. Carmel	239	Oct. 7, 1857
Mt. Carroll	Cyrus	188	Oct. 6, 1856
Mt. Erie	Mt. Erie	331	Oct. 3, 1860
Mt. Morris	Samuel H. Davis	96	Oct. 6, 1851
Mt. Pulaski	Mt. Pulaski	87	Oct. 8, 1850
Mount Sterling	Hardin	44	Oct. 5, 1847
Mt. Vernon	Mt. Vernon	31	Oct. 9, 1845
Moweaqua	Moweaqua	180	Oct. 3, 1855
Mulberry Grove	Gilham	809	Oct. 6, 1891
Murphysboro	Murphysboro	498	Oct. 3, 1866
Naperville	Euclid	65	Oct. 2, 1849
Nashville	Washington	55	Oct. 4, 1848
Nauvoo	Nauvoo	1021	Oct. 8, 1918
Nebo	Nebo	806	Oct. 6, 1891
Neoga	Neoga	279	Oct. 6, 1858
Neponset	Neponset	803	Oct. 6, 1891
New Boston	New Boston	59	Oct. 4, 1848
New Burnside	New Burnside	772	Oct. 8, 1884
New Canton	New Canton	821	Oct. 5, 1892
New Douglas	Madison	560	Oct. 1, 1867
New Hartford	New Hartford	453	Oct. 4, 1865
New Haven	New Haven	230	Oct. 8, 1857
New Holland	New Holland	741	Oct. 3, 1876
Newman	Newman	369	Oct. 2, 1861
New Salem	New Salem	218	Oct. 7, 1856
Newton	Newton	216	Oct. 7, 1856
New Windsor	Oxford	367	Oct. 1, 1861
Noble	Noble	362	Oct 2, 1861
Nokomis	Nokomis	456	Oct. 4, 1865
Normal	Normal	673	Oct. 3, 1871
Norris City	May	718	Oct. 7, 1874
Oakland	Oakland	219	Oct. 7, 1856
Oakwood	Free Will	872	Oct. 4, 1904
Oak Park	Circle	938	Oct. 10, 1911
Oak Park	Fair Oaks	1006	Oct. 11, 1917
Oak Park	Oak Park	540	Oct. 1, 1867
Oblong	Oblong City	644	Oct. 4, 1870
Oconee	Oconee	392	Oct. 8, 1863
Odell	Odell	401	Oct. 5, 1864
Odin	Odin	503	Oct. 3, 1866
O'Fallon	O'Fallon	576	Oct. 6, 1868
Ogden	Ogden	754	Oct. 4, 1877
Ohio	Ohio	814	Oct. 5, 1892
Olney	Olney	140	Oct. 2, 1854
Omaha	Omaha	723	Oct. 7, 1874
Onarga	Onarga	305	Oct. 5, 1859
Oneida	Oneida	337	Oct. 3, 1860
Opdyke	Jefferson	368	Oct. 1, 1861
Oquawka	Oquawka	123	Oct. 3, 1853

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF POSTOFFICES—*Continued.*

POSTOFFICE	NAME	NO.	CHARTERED.
Orangeville	Orangeville	687	Oct. 1, 1872
Oregon	Oregon	420	Oct. 5, 1864
Orion	Sherman	535	Oct. 1, 1867
Oswego	Raven	303	Oct. 5, 1859
Ottawa	Humboldt	555	Oct. 1, 1867
Ottawa	Occidental	40	Oct. 7, 1846
Owaneco	Locust	623	Oct. 5, 1869
Palatine	Palatine	314	Oct. 5, 1859
Palestine	Palestine	849	Oct. 6, 1897
Palmyra	Palmyra	463	Oct. 3, 1866
Pana	Pana	226	Oct. 7, 1856
Paris	Paris	268	Oct. 6, 1858
Paris	Prairie	77	Oct. 4, 1849
Parkersburg	Parkersburg	509	Oct. 3, 1866
Park Ridge	Park Ridge	988	Oct. 13, 1915
Patoka	Patoka	613	Oct. 5, 1869
Pawnee	Pawnee	675	Oct. 3, 1871
Pawpaw	Corinthian	205	Oct. 7, 1856
Paxton	Paxton	416	Oct. 5, 1864
Payson	Payson	379	Oct. 8, 1863
Pearl	Pleasant View	940	Oct. 10, 1911
Pearl City	Pearl	823	Oct. 4, 1893
Pecatonica	A. W. Rawson	145	Oct. 2, 1854
Pekin	Empire	126	Oct. 3, 1853
Pekin	Pekin	29	May 26, 1845
Peoria	Illinois	263	Oct. 6, 1858
Peoria	Joseph Robbins	930	Oct. 10, 1911
Peoria	Peoria	15	Oct. 4, 1812
Peoria	Schiller	335	Oct. 3, 1860
Peoria	Temple	46	Oct. 5, 1847
Peotone	Peotone	636	Oct. 5, 1869
Perry	Perry	95	Oct. 10, 1850
Peru	St. John's	13	Oct. 4, 1842
Petersburg	Clinton	19	Oct. 3, 1813
Philo	Centennial	747	Oct. 3, 1876
Pilot	Newtown	714	Oct. 7, 1874
Pinckneyville	Mitchell	85	Oct. 8, 1850
Pittsfield	Pittsfield	790	Oct. 3, 1889
Piper City	Piper	608	Oct. 6, 1868
Plainfield	Plainfield	536	Oct. 1, 1867
Plainview	Plainview	461	Oct. 3, 1866
Plainville	Adams	529	Oct 1, 1867
Plano	Sunbeam	428	Oct. 4, 1865
Pleasant Hill	Pleasant Hill	565	Oct. 1, 1867
Pleasant Plains	Pleasant Plains	700	Oct. 8, 1873
Plymouth	Plymouth	286	Oct. 7, 1858
Pocahontas	Gordon	473	Oct. 3, 1866
Polo	Mystic Tie	187	Oct. 6, 1856
Pontiac	Pontiac	294	Oct. 5, 1859
Pontoosuc	Herrick	193	Oct. 6, 1856
Port Byron	Philo	436	Oct. 4, 1865
Potomac	Potomac	782	Oct. 6, 1887
Prairie City	Golden Gate	248	Oct. 7, 1857
Preemption	Preemption	755	Oct. 4, 1877
Princeton	Princeton	587	Oct. 6, 1868
Princeville	Princeville	360	Oct. 1, 1861
Prophetstown	Prophetstown	293	Oct. 5, 1859
Pulaski	Caledonia	47	Oct. 5, 1847
Quincy	Bodley	1	Aug. 30, 1836
Quincy	Herman	39	Oct. 6, 1846
Quincy	Lambert	659	Oct. 4, 1870
Quincy	Quincy	296	Oct. 5, 1859
Raleigh	Raleigh	128	Oct. 3, 1853
Ramsey	Ramsey	405	Oct. 5, 1864
Rankin	Rankin	725	Oct. 7, 1874
Rantoul	Rantoul	470	Oct. 3, 1866
Raritan	Raritan	727	Oct. 5, 1875
Raymond	Raymond	692	Oct. 1, 1872
Red Bud	Red Bud	427	Oct. 4, 1865
Richmond	Richmond	143	Oct. 2, 1854
Ridge Farm	Ridge Farm	632	Oct. 5, 1869
Ridgway	Ridgway	816	Oct. 5, 1892
Rio	Rio	685	Oct. 1, 1872
Riverside	Riverside	862	Oct. 8, 1902
Riverton	Riverton Union	786	Oct. 3, 1888
Robinson	Robinson	250	Oct. 7, 1857
Rochelle	Horicon	244	Oct. 7, 1857
Rochester	Rochester	635	Oct. 5, 1869
Rock Falls	Rock Falls	936	Oct. 10, 1911
Rockford	E. F. W. Ellis	633	Oct. 5, 1869
Rockford	Rockford	102	Oct. 6, 1851
Rockford	Star in the East	166	Oct. 3, 1855
Rock Island	Rock Island	658	Oct. 4, 1870
Rock Island	Trio	57	Oct. 3, 1848

POSTOFFICE	NAME	NO.	CHARTERED.
Rockport	Rockport	830	Oct. 4, 1893
Rockton	Rockton	74	Oct. 4, 1849
Roodhouse	E. M. Husted	796	Oct. 8, 1890
Roscoe	Roscoe	75	Oct. 4, 1849
Roseville	Roseville	519	Oct. 1, 1867
Rossville	Rossville	527	Oct. 1, 1867
Rushville	Rushville	9	Oct. 3, 1842
Russell	Antioch	127	Oct. 3, 1853
Rutland	Rutland	477	Oct. 3, 1866
Sadorus	J. R. Gorin	537	Oct. 1, 1867
Salem	Marion	130	Oct. 4, 1853
Sandoval	Sandoval	932	Oct. 10, 1911
Sandwich	Meteor	283	Oct. 6, 1858
San Jose	San Jose	645	Oct. 4, 1870
Saunemin	Saunemin	738	Oct. 3, 1876
Savanna	Mississippi	385	Oct. 8, 1863
Saybrook	Cheney's Grove	468	Oct. 3, 1866
Scottland	Scott Land	743	Oct. 3, 1876
Scottville	Scottville	426	Oct. 4, 1865
Seaton	Charity	838	Oct. 2, 1895
Seneca	Seneca	532	Oct. 1, 1867
Sesser	Sesser	918	Oct. 12, 1910
Shabbona	Shabbona	374	Oct. 8, 1862
Shannon	Shannon	490	Oct. 3, 1866
Shawneetown	Warren	14	Oct. 5, 1842
Sheffield	Ames	142	Oct. 2, 1854
Shelbyville	Jackson	53	Oct. 4, 1848
Sheldon	Sheldon	609	Oct. 5, 1869
Sheridan	Sheridan	735	Oct. 5, 1875
Shipman	Shipman	212	Oct. 7, 1856
Shirley	Shirley	582	Oct. 6, 1868
Sibley	Sibley	761	Oct. 6, 1881
Sidell	Sidell	798	Oct. 8, 1890
Sidney	Sidney	347	Oct. 3, 1860
Silvis	Silvis	898	Oct. 2, 1907
Somonauk	Somonauk	646	Oct. 4, 1870
Sorento	Sorento	861	Oct 1, 1901
Sparland	Sparland	441	Oct. 4, 1865
Sparta	Hope	162	Oct. 3, 1855
Speer	Lawn Ridge	415	Oct. 5, 1864
Springfield	Central	71	Oct. 4, 1849
Springfield	Springfield	4	Oct. 28, 1839
Springfield	St. Paul's	500	Oct. 3, 1866
Springfield	Tyrian	333	Oct. 2, 1860
Springvalley	S. M. Dalzell	805	Oct. 6, 1891
Staunton	Staunton	177	Oct. 2, 1855
Steeleville	Alma	497	Oct. 3, 1866
Sterling	Rock River	612	Oct. 5, 1869
Steward	Alto	902	Oct. 7, 1908
Stewardson	Stewardson	541	Oct. 1, 1867
St. Charles	Unity	48	Oct. 5, 1847
St. Elmo	St. Elmo	769	Oct. 8, 1884
St. Francisville	Stellar	912	Oct. 13, 1909
St. Joseph	St. Joseph	970	Oct. 14, 1914
Stockton	Plum River	554	Oct. 1, 1867
Stonefort	Stone Fort	495	Oct. 3, 1866
Streator	Streator	607	Oct. 6, 1868
Stronghurst	Stronghurst	847	Oct. 6, 1896
Sublette	Sublette	349	Oct. 3, 1860
Sullivan	Sullivan	764	Oct. 3, 1883
Summerfield	Summerfield	342	Oct. 3, 1860
Sumner	Sumner	334	Oct. 3, 1860
Sycamore	Sycamore	134	Oct. 4, 1853
Table Grove	Table Grove	939	Oct. 10, 1911
Tamaroa	Tamaroa	207	Oct. 7, 1856
Tampico	Yorktown	655	Oct. 4, 1870
Taylorville	Mound	122	Oct. 5, 1852
Temple Hill	Temple Hill	701	Oct. 8, 1873
Thompsonville	Akin	749	Oct. 4, 1877
Thomson	Thomson	559	Oct 1, 1867
Time	Time	569	Oct. 1, 1867
Timewell	Kendrick	430	Oct. 4, 1865
Tiskilwa	Sharon	550	Oct. 1, 1867
Toledo	Toledo	834	Oct. 3, 1894
Tolono	Tolono	391	Oct. 8, 1863
Tonica	Tonica	364	Oct. 1, 1861
Toulon	Toulon	93	Oct. 8, 1850
Towanda	Towanda	542	Oct. 1. 1867
Tower Hill	Tower Hill	493	Oct. 3, 1866
Tremont	Tremont	462	Oct. 3, 1866
Trenton	Trenton	109	Oct. 6, 1851
Trilla	Muddy Point	396	Oct. 5, 1864
Troy	Troy	588	Oct. 6, 1868
Troy Grove	Shiloh	397	Oct. 5, 1864

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF POSTOFFICES—*Continued*

POSTOFFICE	NAME	NO.	CHARTERED
Tunnell Hill	Reynoldsburg	419	Oct. 5, 1864
Tuscola	Tuscola	332	Oct. 2, 1860
Union	Orion	358	Oct. 1, 1861
Urbana	Urbana	157	Oct. 2, 1854
Utica	Utica	858	Oct. 2, 1900
Valier	Goode	744	Oct. 3, 1876
Vandalia	Temperance	16	Dec. 10, 1842
Vermilion	Stratton	408	Oct. 5, 1864
Vermont	Vermont	116	Oct. 4, 1852
Verona	Verona	757	Oct. 3, 1878
Versailles	Versailles	108	Oct. 6, 1851
Victoria	A. T. Darrah	793	Oct. 8, 1890
Vienna	Vienna	150	Oct. 2, 1854
Villa Grove	Villa Grove	885	Oct. 3, 1906
Viola	Viola	577	Oct. 6, 1868
Virden	Virden	161	Oct. 3, 1855
Virginia	Virginia	544	Oct. 1, 1867
Walnut	Walnut	722	Oct. 7, 1874
Walpole	Tuscan	630	Oct. 5, 1869
Walshville	Walshville	475	Oct. 3, 1866
Waltham	Waltham	384	Oct 8, 1863
Warren	Jo Daviess	278	Oct. 6, 1858
Warrensburg	Warrensburg	959	Oct. 15, 1913
Warsaw	Warsaw	257	Oct. 6, 1858
Washburn	Washburn	421	Oct. 5, 1864
Washington	Taylor	98	Oct. 6, 1851
Wataga	Wataga	291	Oct. 5, 1859
Waterloo	Morris	787	Oct. 3, 1889
Waterman	Waterman	728	Oct. 5, 1875
Watseka	Watseka	446	Oct. 4, 1865
Watson	Watson	602	Oct. 6, 1868
Wauconda	Wauconda	298	Oct. 5, 1859
Waukegan	Waukegan	78	Oct. 4, 1849
Waverly	Waverly	118	Oct. 4, 1852
Wayne City	Orel	759	Oct. 9, 1879
Waynesville	Wayne	172	Oct. 3, 1855
Weldon	Weldon	746	Oct. 3, 1876
Wenona	Wenona	344	Oct. 3, 1860
West Chicago	Amity	472	Oct. 3, 1866
West Frankfort	Frankfort	567	Oct. 1, 1867
West Point	Dills	295	Oct. 5, 1859
West Salem	West Salem	866	Oct. 8, 1902
West Union	York	313	Oct. 5, 1859
Wheaton	Wheaton	269	Oct. 6, 1858
Wheeler	Wheeler	883	Oct. 3, 1906
Wheeling	Vitruvius	81	Oct. 10, 1850
White Hall	White Hall	80	Oct. 8, 1850
Williamsville	Lavely	203	Oct. 7, 1856
Willmette	Willmette	931	Oct. 10, 1911
Willow Hill	Cooper	489	Oct. 3, 1866
Wilmington	Wilmington	208	Oct. 7, 1856
Winchester	Winchester	105	Oct. 6, 1851
Windsor	Windsor	322	Oct. 5, 1859
Winnebago	Winnebago	745	Oct. 3, 1876
Winslow	Winslow	564	Oct. 1, 1867
Winterrowd	Mayo	664	Oct. 3, 1871
Wolf Creek	Chapel Hill	719	Oct. 7, 1874
Woodhull	Woodhull	502	Oct. 3, 1866
Woodson	Murrayville	432	Oct. 4, 1865
Woodson	Woodson	1011	Oct. 11, 1917
Woodstock	St. Mark's	263	Oct. 4, 1848
Wyanet	Wyanet	231	Oct. 7, 1857
Wyoming	Wyoming	479	Oct. 3, 1866
Xenia	Xenia	485	Oct. 3, 1866
Yates City	Yates City	448	Oct. 4, 1865
Yorkville	Kendall	471	Oct. 3, 1866

DEFUNCT LODGES.

NO.	NAME.	LOCATION.	COUNTY.	CHARTERED	BECAME DEF'T	REMARKS.
5	Far West	Galena	Jo Daviess	April 29, 1840		Charter was never issued
6	Columbus	Columbus	Adams	April 29, 1840	1845-6	Surrendered
10	Joliet	Joliet	Will	Oct. 5, 1841	Oct. 15, 1845	Revoked
11	Cass	Virginia	Cass	Oct. 4, 1842		Rescinded and continued U. D.
12	Rising Sun	Montrose	Iowa*	Oct. 4, 1843	Oct. 3, 1843	Suspended
18	La Fayette	Chicago	Cook	Oct. 2, 1843	Oct. 1864	Arrested
21	Warsaw	Warsaw	Hancock	Oct. 2, 1843	May 9, 1847	Surrendered
22	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Wisconsin*	Oct. 2, 1843		Transferred to Jurisdiction of Wisconsin
26	Hiram	Henderson	Knox	Oct. 7, 1844	March 22, 1902	Arrested
28	Monroe	Waterloo	Monroe	Oct. 2, 1844	1874-5	Arrested
30	Morning Star	Canton	Fulton	Oct. 6, 1845	July, 1875	Arrested
32	Apollo	Chicago	Cook	Oct. 6, 1845	Oct. 1848	Surrendered
41	Far West	Galena	Jo Daviess	Oct. 8, 1846	Oct. 6, 1852	Forfeited
54	Reclamation	Nauvoo	Hancock	Oct. 2, 1848	July 5, 1882	Surrendered
56	Pittsfield	Pittsfield	Pike	Oct. 2, 1848	Oct. 27, 1886	Forfeited
62	Jerusalem	Oregon	Ogle	Oct. 3, 1848	Oct. 4, 1853	Forfeited
68	Naples	Naples	Scott	Oct. 2, 1849	Sept. 16, 1892	Arrested
70	Social	Hennepin	Putnam	Oct. 1849	Jan. 23, 1889	Surrendered
73	Batavia	Batavia	Kane	Oct. 1849	1859‡	Surrendered
82	Metamora	Metamora	Woodford	Oct. 8, 1850	1884-85	Surrendered
83	Iroquois	Middleport	Iroquois	Oct. 8, 1850	1856‡	No record
94	Morning Sun	Jerseyville	Jersey	Oct. 8, 1850	1862-63	Surrendered
101	Madison	Upper Alton	Madison	Oct. 6, 1851	1861-62	Surrendered
107	Fayette	Fayette	Greene	Oct. 6, 1851	Aug. 16, 1875	Arrested
112	Bureau	Princeton	Bureau	Oct. 2, 1851	Feb. 2, 1911	Consolidated with Princeton Lodge No. 587
120	Jacksonville	Jacksonville	Morgan	Oct. 5, 1852	1854‡	No record
121	Cataract	St. Anthony's Falls	Minnesota	Oct. 5, 1852		Transferred to Jurisdiction of Minnesota
163	Westfield	Westfield	Clark	Oct. 3, 1855	Dec. 20, 1894	Surrendered
167	Oswego	Oswego	Kendall	Oct. 2, 1855	Feb. 7, 1859	Surrendered
181	Moultrie	Sullivan	Moultrie	Oct. 2, 1855	May 5, 1879	Arrested
184	Nebraska	Belleview	Nebraska*	Oct. 3, 1855		Transferred to Jurisdiction of Nebraska
186	Fort Armstrong	Rock Island	Rock Island	Oct. 6, 1856	March 9, 1863	Consolidated with Trio No. 57
191	Xenia	Xenia	Clay	Oct. 9, 1856	July 27, 1871	Surrendered
198	Grand View	Grand View Dudley	Edgar	Oct. 6, 1856	Feb. 9, 1889	Surrendered
202	Sterling	Sterling	Whiteside	Oct. 6, 1856	1868	Annulled
215	Weir	Six Mile	Madison	Oct. 7, 1856	1861-2	Surrendered
223	Keeney	Edgington	Rock Island	Oct. 8, 1856	Jan. 12, 1889	Arrested
224	Mt. Pleasant	Mt. Pleasant St Anna Farmer City	De Witt	Oct. 8, 1856	1870-71	No record
225	Owisco	Kankakee	Kankakee	Oct. 8, 1856	1862-63	Surrendered

242	Aegis	Annawan	Henry	Oct. 8, 1857	May 13, 1859	Arrested
256	Algonquin	Algonquin	McHenry	Oct. 6, 1858	Jan. 21, 1880	Surrendered
258	Bonus	Bonus	Boone	Oct. 6, 1865		
	Chemung	Chemung	McHenry		Aug. 26, 1885	Surrendered
259	New Berlin	New Berlin	Sangamon	Oct. 6, 1858	1874	Surrendered
281	Martinsville	Martinsville	Clark	Oct. 6, 1858	1865‡	Mo Record
284	Alton	Alton	Madison	Oct. 6, 1858	May 4, 1874	Consolidated with Piasa No. 27
289	Iroquois	Middleport	Iroquois	Oct. 7, 1858	1860‡	No record
290	Cache	Mound City	Pulaski	Oct. 7, 1858	1875‡	No record
299	Mechanicsburg	Mechanicsburg	Sangamon	Oct. 5, 1859	March 20, 1897	Arrested
300	Hanover	Hanover	Jo Daviess	Oct. 5, 1859	Jan. 7, 1887	Surrendered
304	Cement	Utica	La Salle	Oct. 5, 1859	1883	Surrendered
315	Erwin	Alton	Madison	Oct. 5, 1859	Sept. 19, 1901	Consolidated with Piasa No. 27 as Piasa No. 27
317	New Liberty	New Liberty	Pope	Oct. 5, 1859	Sept. 10, 1879	Arrested
324	Waukegan	Waukegan	Lake	Oct. 5, 1859	Feb. 5, 1864	Cons'lid'ted with Union No.78 as Waukegan No.78
326	Chemung	Chemung	McHenry	Oct. 5, 1859	Dec. 23, 1861	Cons'lid'ted with Bonus No.258 as Chemung No.258
328	Grafton	Huntley	McHenry	Oct. 5, 1859	April 11, 1884	Surrendered
329	Durham	Durham	Hancock	Oct. 2, 1860	1868-69	Surrendered
338	Grand Detour	Grand Detour	Ogle	Oct. 2, 1860	1877-78	Arrested
343	Arcturus	Polo	Ogle	Oct. 2, 1860	1863‡	No record
357	Eddy	Kingston	Peoria	Oct. 2, 1860	1869‡	No record
370	Middleton	Middleton	Wayne	Oct. 8, 1862	April 19, 1878	Consolidated with Belle Rive No. 696
372	Galesburg	Galesburg	Knox	Oct. 8, 1862	Dec. 16, 1880	Surrendered
375	Isaac Underhill	Secor	Woodford	Oct. 8, 1862	1874‡	No record
376	Ash Grove	Ash Grove	Iroquois	Oct. 8, 1862	1869‡	No record
377	Archimedes	Belleville	St. Clair	Oct. 8, 1863	April 8, 1889	Consolidated with St. Clair Lodge No. 24
381	M. R. Thompson	Freeport	Stephenson	Oct. 8, 1863	Jan. 7, 1890	Consolidated with Excelsior Lodge No. 97
387	Greenbush	Greenbush	Warren	Oct. 8, 1863	May 28, 1889	Arrested
		Youngstown				
395	H. G. Reynolds	Whitefield	Bureau	Oct. 8, 1864	May 26, 1880	Surrendered
400	Pacific	Knoxville	Knox	Oct. 5, 1864	March 24, 1896	Conso'd'ted with Knoxville No. 66 as Pacific No.66
407	Blue Grass	Blue Grass	Vermilion	Oct. 5, 1864	April 12, 1882	Arrested
		Marysville				
412	Bollen	Spring Hill	Whiteside	Oct. 5, 1864	Dec. 20, 1915	Consolidated with Erie No. 667 as Erie No. 667
413	Forreston	Forreston	Ogle	Oct. 5, 1861	Dec. 4, 1876	Consolidated with S. H. Davis Lodge No. 96
425	Kaneville	Kaneville	Kane	Oct. 4, 1865	July, 1883	Surrendered
435	Neponset	Neponset	Bureau	Oct. 4, 1865	July 12 1881	Surrendered
438	H. W. Bigelow	Chicago	Cook	Oct. 4, 1865	March 27, 1875	Surrendered
439	Luce	Quincy	Adams	Oct. 4, 1865	Jan. 17, 1889	Surrendered
452	Grant	Richview	Washington	Oct. 4, 1865	July 21, 1887	Surrendered
457	Moscow	Moscow	Union	Oct. 4, 1865	July 9, 1898	Arrested
459	Butler	Butler	Montgomery	Oct. 3, 1866	May 18, 1887	Surrendered
480	Logan	Lincoln	Logan	Oct. 3, 1866	Sept. 26, 1889	Consolidated with Lincoln No.210 as Logan No.210
483	Belle City	Belle City	Hamilton	Oct. 3, 1866	March 27, 1880	Arrested
494	Bath	Bath	Mason	Oct. 3, 1866	Dec. 19, 1895	Surrendered
499	Mt. Zion	Mt. Zion	Macon	Oct. 3, 1866	1874-75	Consolidated with Ionic Lodge No. 312
507	Manteno	Manteno	Kankakee	Oct. 3, 1866	March 14, 1878	Arrested
511	Clintonville	South Elgin	Kane	Oct. 3, 1866	April 7, 1897	Consolidated with Elgin Lodge No. 117

DEFUNCT LODGES.—*Continued.*

NO.	NAME.	LOCATION.	COUNTY.	CHARTERED.	BECAME DEF'T	REMARKS.
513	Cold Spring	Cold Spring	Shelby	Oct. 1, 1867	July 27, 1882	Arrested
515	Dement	Dement	Ogle	Oct. 1, 1867	Jan. 25, 1886	Consolidated with Malta No. 320 as Creston No. 320
525	Delia	Ellittstown	Effingham	Oct. 1, 1867	Jan. 12, 1911	Consolidated with Mayo Lodge No. 664
543	Cordova	Cordova	Rock Island	Oct. 1, 1867	Dec. 17, 1915	Surrendered
545	Elkhart	Elkhart	Logan	Oct 1, 1867	Feb. 21, 1887	Surrendered
546	Nilwood	Nilwood	Macoupin	Oct. 1, 1867	1876-77	Surrendered
548	Apple River	Apple River	Jo Daviess	Oct. 1, 1867	March 4, 1898	Arrested
549	Newark	Newark	Kendall	Oct. 1, 1867	1884-5	Surrendered
551	Darwin	Darwin	Clark	Oct. 1, 1867	Aug. 25, 1887	Surrendered
553	Kyle	Macomb	McDonough	Oct. 1, 1867	1876-77	Surrendered
561	Trinity	Monmouth	Warren	Oct. 1, 1867	Jan. 28, 1886	Surrendered
563	Hamilton	Otterville	Jersey	Oct. 1, 1867	1886	
568	Delta	Cairo	Alexander	Oct. 1, 1867	Feb. 23, 1874	Consolidated with Cairo Lodge No. 237
571	Owisco	Kankakee	Kankakee	Oct. 1, 1867	1869	Surrendered
579	Elbridge	Ferrell	Edgar	Oct. 6, 1868	May 15, 1897	Surrendered
586	Tazewell	Delavan	Tazewell	Oct. 6, 1868	1874-75	Consolidated with Delavan Lodge No. 156
589	Elwood	Humbolt	Coles	Oct. 6, 1868	July 18, 1891	Surrendered
593	W. M. Egan	Jefferson	Cook	Oct. 6, 1868	Aug. 1872	Arrested
594	Lodi	Lodi	Kane	Oct. 6, 1868	April 19, 1876	Surrendered
596	National	Chicago	Cook	Oct. 6, 1868	March 13, 1894	Arrested
597	Lostant	Lostant	LaSalle	Oct. 6, 1868	Jan. 14, 1888	Surrendered
598	Dorchester	Dorchester	Macoupin	Oct. 6, 1868	Oct. 29, 1884	Surrendered
599	Fowler	Fowler	Adams	Oct 6, 1868	Feb. 24, 1879	Surrendered
605	Allen	Allen / Stanford	McLean	Oct 6, 1868	May 5, 1886	Arrested
606	Wapella	Wapella	DeWitt	Oct. 6, 1868	May 26, 1874	Surrendered
615	Anchor	Mason	Mason	Oct. 5, 1869	1874-75	Consolidated with Mason City Lodge No. 403
619	Berwick	Cameron	Warren	Oct. 5, 1869	July 11, 1905	Arrested
621	Venice	Venice	Madison	Oct. 5, 1869	Aug. 21, 1886	Surrendered
624	Dubois	Dubois	Washington	Oct. 5, 1869	Sept. 1883	Surrendered
625	Melrose	Melrose	Clark	Oct. 5, 1869	May 4, 1877	Arrested
626	Putnam	Granville	Putnam	Oct. 5, 1869	Aug. 29, 1871‡	No record
628	Mosaic	Hudson	McLean	Oct. 5, 1869	Aug. 21, 1882	Arrested
629	Old Time	Havana	Mason	Oct. 5, 1869	Feb. 14, 1877	Consolidatedwith Havana Lodge No. 88
637	Burlington	Burlington	Kane	Oct. 6, 1869	Dec. 21, 1876	Surrendered
638	Fortitude	Sagetown	Henderson	Oct. 6, 1869	March 10, 1884	Arrested
640	Coleta	Coleta	Whiteside	Jan. 7, 1870	1874‡	No record
649	Hinsdale	Hinsdale	DuPage	Oct. 4, 1870	Feb. 16, 1895	Arrested
650	Irvington	Irvington	Washington	Oct. 4, 1870	Aug. 31 1891	Surrendered
652	Polar Star	Mulkeytown	Franklin	Oct. 4, 1870	Aug. 10 1888	Arrested
654	Woodford	ElPaso	Woodford	Oct. 4, 1870	March 5, 1877	Surrendered
661	Bethesda	Potosi / Colfax	Livingston / McLean	Oct. 5, 1870	March 1, 1886	Arrested

63	Phoenix	Mapleton	Peoria	Oct. 3, 1871	Feb. 12, 1901	Arrested
671	Farina	Farina	Marion	Oct. 3, 1871	April 1, 1880	Surrendered
678	Sheffield	Sheffield / Rockbridge	Greene	Oct. 3, 1871	May 20, 1886	Arrested
689	Advance	Galva	Henry	Oct. 1, 1872	Nov. 28, 1876	Surrendered
694	Center	Pana	Christian	Oct. 1, 1872	Jan. 14, 1887	Surrendered
699	Libanus	Rosemond	Christian	Oct. 7, 1873	Sept. 21, 1875	Arrested
703	St. Andrews	Chicago	Cook	Oct. 8, 1873	March 20, 1885	Surrendered
707	Circle	Mattoon	Coles	Oct. 8, 1873	April 23, 1896	Consolidated with Mattoon Lodge No. 260
708	Lemont	Lemont	Cook	Oct. 8, 1873	Sept. 7, 1897	Surrendered
714	Newtown	Collison	Vermilion	Oct. 7, 1874		Consl'd with Hopewell No. 844 as Collison 714
720	Varna	Varna	Marshall	Oct. 7, 1874	May 13, 1882	Surrendered
736	Dennison	Dennison / McKeen	Clark	Oct. 3, 1876	Dec. 22, 1888	Surrendered
740	Grant Park	Grant Park	Kankakee	Oct. 3, 1876	May 15, 1895	Surrendered
753	Cornell	Cornell	Livingston	Oct. 2, 1877	Sept. 1, 1888	Arrested
760	Bellflower	Bellflower	McLean	Oct. 5, 1881	July 13, 1886	Surrendered
775	Omega	Charleston	Coles	Oct. 6, 1886	Dec. 9, 1899	Consolidated with Charleston Lodge No. 35
781	Colchester	Colchester	McDonough	Oct. 6, 1886	Jan. 21, 1902	Consolidated with Tennessee Lodge No. 496 as Colchester Lodge, No. 496
785	Stanford	Stanford	McLean	Oct. 3, 1888	April 30, 1903	Surrendered
828	Trinity	Mound City	Pulaski	Oct. 4, 1893	Jan. 1, 1896	Consol'd with Villa Ridge, No. 562 as Trinity No. 562
844	Hopewell	Hope	Vermilion	Oct. 30, 1895		Consol'd with Newtown No. 714 as Collison 714

*State. †Constituted; no date given when chartered. ‡Records cease.

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE				Total Decrease	Present Membership, 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan	
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
1	Bodley	338	15	1	1	...	17	7	...	5	2	...	14	341	340.00	5	15	15	280	61	96.80	227.00		
2	Equality	47	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	2	48	48.00	...	5	1	41	7	10.00	46.00		
3	Harmony	268	9	1	4	...	14	...	...	6	5	...	11	271	271.00	2	15	10	263	28	35.00	267.00	5.00	5.00
4	Springfield	294	22	...	2	...	24	1	...	5	6	...	12	306	306.00	10	24	24	253	53	62.00			
7	Friendship	373	61	1	1	...	63	3	...	4	3	...	10	426	426.00	3	57	58	384	42				
8	Macon	795	32	...	3	...	35	7	...	6	4	...	17	813	813.00	22	32	29	619	194	626.56	85.00		
9	Rushville	131	8	...	4	...	12	...	...	...	2	...	2	141	141.00	...	9	8	129	12				
13	St. John's	149	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	3	...	3	150	150.00	5	4	6	130	20	39.00	25.00		
14	Warren	58	4	3	1	...	8	4	...	1	1	...	6	60	60.00	5	2	1	45	15				
15	Peoria	632	34	5	...	...	39	5	...	8	8	...	21	650	650.00	7	38	33	545	105	153.00			
16	Temperance	116	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	119	119.00	4	4	3	105	14	40.00			
17	Macomb	197	17	...	1	...	18	4	...	2	5	11	22	193	182.00	1	19	15	152	41				
19	Clinton	178	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	3	1	...	4	184	184.00	8	4	6	169	15				
20	Hancock	173	4	...	4	...	8	5	...	2	4	...	11	170	170.00	1	6	4	153	17	17.00			
23	Cass	236	18	1	6	...	25	6	...	4	2	...	12	249	249.00	4	22	18	215	34				
24	St. Clair	229	25	...	4	...	29	...	...	1	5	...	6	252	252.00	15	28	23	246	6				
25	Franklin	185	36	1	1	...	38	...	...	2	4	...	6	217	217.00	11	49	35	179	38	225.00			
27	Piasa	248	31	1	2	...	34	...	...	1	1	...	2	280	280.00	7	44	34	255	25		10.00	10.00	
29	Pekin	148	7	1	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	156	156.00	1	10	9	121	35				
31	Mt. Vernon	224	17	1	6	...	24	...	...	3	4	1	8	240	240.00	...	19	20	201	39				
33	Oriental	622	31	1	1	...	33	4	...	17	9	...	30	625	625.00	8	27	26	488	137	145.00	60.00	25.00	25.00
34	Barry	112	6	1	2	...	9	...	...	2	4	...	6	115	115.00	1	6	6	96	19	26.07			
35	Charleston	233	20	...	4	...	24	...	...	...	4	...	4	253	253.00	4	24	23	218	35	60.00			
36	Kavanaugh	75	5	1	...	...	6	...	...	2	1	...	3	78	78.00	3	7	7	68	10	100.00			
37	Monmouth	251	58	...	7	...	65	4	...	2	2	...	8	308	308.00	14	79	61	178	130	75.00			
38	Olive Branch	531	62	4	6	...	72	5	...	8	7	...	20	583	583.00	15	65	62	493	90	244.95	47.50	10.00	10.00
39	Herman	175	18	...	...	...	18	...	...	5	2	...	7	186	186.00	1	20	19	168	18	40.00			
40	Occidental	316	17	...	1	...	18	1	...	1	6	...	8	326	326.00	2	10	14	270	56	132.77			
42	Mt. Joliet	646	52	...	5	...	57	...	...	2	5	...	7	696	696.00	17	62	57	610	86	191.98			
43	Bloomington	571	54	1	4	...	59	7	...	9	3	...	19	611	611.00	6	53	54	457	154	110.00	15.00		
44	Hardin	122	11	1	3	...	15	4	...	2	2	...	8	129	129.00	...	12	10	118	11				
45	Griggsville	68	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	5	1	...	6	68	68.00	2	5	3	61	7				
46	Temple	1063	68	6	9	...	83	10	...	5	14	...	29	1117	1113.00	23	64	66	1016	101	589.23	100.00		25.00
47	Caledonia	57	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	63.00	3	12	7	58	5		20.00		
48	Unity	148	14	...	2	...	16	...	...	1	2	...	3	161	161.00	1	16	14	141	20	37.00			
49	Cambridge	104	10	...	3	...	13	...	...	1	1	...	2	115	115.00	1	13	10	103	12				

50	Carrollton	159	6	...	5	...	11	...	...	1	1	1	3	167	167.00	...	7	4	141	26				
51	Mt. Moriah	188	12	2	2	...	16	...	...	...	1	...	1	203	203.00	9	14	13	161	42			10.00	
52	Benevolent	66	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	67.00	...	...	1	62	5				
53	Jackson	197	12	1	2	...	15	...	...	2	2	...	4	208	208.00	1	15	13	192	16				
55	Washington	97	6	1	3	...	10	...	...	3	1	...	4	103	103.00	2	7	7	83	20				
57	Trio	402	20	...	2	...	22	...	...	1	8	...	9	415	414.00	4	22	21	354	61	225.00			
58	Fraternal	127	12	...	1	...	13	1	...	1	3	...	5	135	135.00	3	11	14	124	11	18.00			
59	New Boston	107	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	2	...	...	2	115	115.00	...	14	10	112	3				
60	Belvidere	330	19	2	2	...	23	3	...	6	6	...	15	338	338.00	7	26	20	298	40	461.51			
61	Lacon	99	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	5	...	5	98	98.00	...	3	4	87	11	3.50			
63	St. Marks	164	19	...	3	...	22	...	...	3	2	...	5	181	181.00	3	17	17	141	40	15.81			
64	Benton	151	15	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	2	...	2	164	164.00	8	15	16	159	5	158.00			
65	Euclid	171	3	1	1	...	5	2	...	...	3	...	5	171	171.00	1	6	1	150	21				
66	Pacific	76	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	2	2	...	4	76	76.00	...	2	3	61	15				
67	Acacia	198	14	...	2	...	16	...	...	1	2	...	3	211	211.00	6	10	9	191	20	25.00			
69	Eureka	82	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	2	1	...	3	84	84.00	1	10	6	71	13		123.00		
71	Central	336	23	2	...	...	25	11	...	3	3	...	17	344	344.00	10	26	24	312	32	75.00	25.00		
72	Chester	88	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	2	1	...	3	89	89.00	1	5	3	75	16			25.00	
74	Rockton	125	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	2	1	...	3	128	128.00	1	6	6	117	11				
75	Roscoe	103	20	...	...	...	20	1	...	...	1	...	2	121	121.00	1	37	22	90	31				
76	Mt. Nebo	138	14	...	2	...	16	...	...	2	4	...	6	148	148.00	4	14	13	129	19	8.00			
77	Prairie	265	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	2	11	...	13	260	260.00	7	9	5	225	35	75.00	10.00		
78	Waukegan	523	46	2	11	...	59	1	...	5	5	...	11	571	571.00	25	59	52	450	121				
79	Scott	78	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	1	...	...	1	86	86.00	4	7	9	72	14				
80	Whitehall	125	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	1	...	...	2	128	128.00	2	11	7	117	11				
81	Vitruvius	87	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	1	...	3	87	87.00	3	6	5	76	11			100.00	
84	DeWitt	214	23	...	...	...	23	...	...	1	7	...	8	229	229.00	10	27	23	208	21	45.30			
85	Mitchell	117	4	...	1	...	5	1	...	...	5	...	6	116	116.00	2	4	5	98	18				
86	Kaskaskia	36	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	1	40	40.00	...	5	4	30	10		39.00		
87	Mt. Pulaski	93	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	2	...	4	91	91.00	...	4	2	88	3	35.00			
88	Havana	130	3	1	1	...	5	...	...	4	3	...	7	128	128.00	6	3	3	113	15				
89	Fellowship	147	13	2	3	...	18	4	...	...	1	...	5	160	160.00	9	22	17	152	8				
90	Jerusalem Temple	471	29	...	8	...	37	...	...	3	1	...	4	504	504.00	10	28	30	482	22	51.00	25.00		
91	Metropolis	139	14	...	1	...	15	...	...	1	5	...	6	148	148.00	1	9	9	123	25			10.00	
92	Stewart	158	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	1	2	...	3	163	163.00	...	14	7	153	10				
93	Toulon	107	13	...	1	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	121	121.00	1	9	12	114	7				
95	Perry	57	1	5	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	62	62.00	...	1	...	52	10				
96	Samuel H. Davis	104	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	2	...	...	2	112	112.00	3	11	9	98	14				
97	Excelsior	467	26	5	4	...	35	...	...	4	2	...	6	496	496.00	3	36	27	423	73	65.15		5.00	
98	Taylor	114	5	1	4	...	10	3	...	...	1	2	6	118	118.00	1	5	5	112	6	25.00	50.00		
99	Edwardsville	178	11	...	3	...	14	...	...	1	6	...	7	185	185.00	5	8	7	160	25				
100	Astoria	95	14	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	109	109.00	3	17	14	100	9				
102	Rockford	703	205	...	10	...	215	...	...	4	7	...	11	907	907.00	4	293	223	829	78	217.00			
103	Magnolia	92	15	...	...	...	15	...	...	1	1	...	2	105	105.00	1	13	9	99	6		20.00		
104	Lewistown	105	11	1	2	1	15	...	...	2	1	...	3	117	117.00	1	8	9	97	20	40.00			
105	Winchester	101	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	106	106.00	...	4	5	84	22	103.00			
106	Lancaster	137	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	3	...	6	133	133.00	...	4	3	114	19				

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE					Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
108	Versailles	58	3	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	1	62	62.00	1	4	3	59	3				
109	Trenton	87	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	1	91	91.00	...	6	7	86	5				
110	Lebanon	57	3	...	2	...	5	3	...	2	1	...	6	56	56.00	1	1	3	42	14				
111	Jonesboro	80	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	85.00	1	3	3	80	5	63.00			
113	Robert Burns	117	15	...	2	...	17	...	...	2	2	...	4	130	130.00	2	21	16	110	20				
114	Marcelline	59	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	...	1	65	65.00	1	8	7	58	7				
115	Rising Sun	108	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	3	1	1	5	109	109.00	3	10	8	98	11				
116	Vermont	51	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	60.00	1	10	8	51	9				
117	Elgin	580	40	4	4	...	48	5	...	2	7	1	15	613	613.00	9	50	41	549	64				
118	Waverly	108	7	...	...	...	7	3	...	...	1	...	4	111	111.00	3	10	10	99	12				
119	Henry	98	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	98	98.00	1	3	3	86	12		57.00		
122	Mound	197	10	1	2	...	13	3	...	2	3	...	8	202	202.00	3	13	13	190	12		222.00		
123	Oquawka	55	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	58	58.00	1	4	1	45	13				
124	Cedar	180	7	...	2	...	9	...	...	2	2	...	4	185	185.00	...	10	8	133	52				
125	Greenup	89	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	1	1	1	3	95	95.00	3	7	8	82	13				
126	Empire	205	21	1	1	...	23	1	...	2	3	...	6	222	222.00	4	28	21	203	19				
127	Antioch	85	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	1	...	1	94	94.00	...	12	10	83	11		105.00	5.00	
128	Raleigh	65	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	67	67.00	3	4	3	54	13	26.00	10.00		
129	Greenfield	91	5	...	3	...	8	1	...	1	1	...	3	96	96.00	1	...	...	96	...				
130	Marion	183	8	1	3	1	13	...	...	4	3	...	7	189	189.00	4	10	8	173	16	56.70			
131	Golconda	102	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	1	1	...	2	108	108.00	2	8	7	77	31	181.00	69.00		
132	Mackinaw	65	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	1	67	67.00	...	2	2	58	9	13.45			
133	Marshall	139	13	...	...	...	13	1	...	...	3	2	6	146	146.00	4	13	12	118	28	10.00			
134	Sycamore	195	8	1	2	...	11	2	...	3	2	...	7	199	199.00	1	12	6	173	26				
135	Lima	66	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	2	1	...	3	65	64.00	...	...	...	54	11				
136	Hutsonville	45	5	...	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	3	47	47.00	...	7	5	28	19				
137	Polk	96	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	3	3	102	102.00	...	6	9	82	20	35.00			
138	Marengo	115	3	1	3	...	7	2	...	3	4	...	9	113	113.00	...	6	4	67	46				
139	Geneva	96	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	101	101.00	...	9	9	87	14				
140	Olney	147	16	1	3	...	20	2	...	4	1	2	9	158	158.00	5	16	17	122	36	173.12	158.00		
141	Garden City	1612	79	6	2	...	87	10	...	18	19	...	47	1652	1652.00	9	74	75	1485	167	866.00	898.60	25.00	25.00
142	Ames	82	5	2	...	...	7	...	...	3	...	...	3	86	86.00	...	5	5	74	12	15.00	78.00		
143	Richmond	77	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	77	77.00	...	1	1	70	7				
144	DeKalb	205	6	1	1	...	8	...	...	2	3	...	5	208	208.00	1	10	7	163	45				
145	A. W. Rawson	81	10	...	1	...	11	1	...	2	...	...	3	89	89.00	1	9	9	80	9				
146	Lee Center	63	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3	...	...	4	60	60.00	1	...	...	46	14		65.00		

147	Clayton	79	14	1	1	...	16	...	...	1	...	...	1	94	93.00	...	11	13	79	15	20.00			
148	Bloomfield	169	13	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	2	...	2	181	181.00	...	17	14	131	50	74.00			
149	Effingham	109	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	2	5	...	7	108	108.00	1	7	7	82	26				
150	Vienna	91	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	3	1	...	4	92	92.00	3	5	4	64	28				
151	Bunker Hill	88	3	...	1	1	5	3	...	1	...	...	4	89	88.00	...	3	3	62	27				
152	Fidelity	67	13	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	81.00	2	13	13	61	20		77.00	5.00	5.00
153	Clay	114	9	...	...	...	9	3	...	4	...	...	7	116	116.00	1	10	9	108	8				
154	Russell	124	19	3	1	...	23	5	...	...	...	2	7	140	140.00	...	...	...	140	...				
155	Alpha	270	23	...	6	...	29	6	...	3	7	...	16	283	283.00	4	30	27	208	75				
156	Delavan	120	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	1	3	...	4	125	125.00	...	5	9	105	20	18.00		5.00	5.00
157	Urbana	451	22	...	2	...	24	...	...	4	6	...	10	465	465.00	4	21	21	357	108	73.00			
158	McHenry	111	11	...	1	...	12	7	...	4	1	...	12	111	111.00	1	15	11	81	30				
159	Kewanee	242	12	1	2	...	15	...	...	4	...	...	4	253	253.00	4	18	14	205	48		20.00		
160	Waubansia	483	66	2	...	...	68	...	...	15	3	...	18	533	533.00	15	64	70	493	40	592.49		25.00	25.00
161	Virden	162	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	1	...	1	174	174.00	3	13	14	148	26				
162	Hope	105	4	1	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	1	109	109.00	...	3	3	101	8				
164	Edward Dobbins	153	5	...	2	...	7	2	...	1	2	...	5	155	155.00	6	6	5	109	46		75.00	15.00	15.00
165	Atlanta	111	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	2	2	...	4	110	109.00	3	5	2	109	1	142.50			
166	Star in the East	771	140	3	11	...	154	...	...	13	9	...	22	903	903.00	13	221	155	700	203	225.00			
168	Milford	86	2	...	...	...	2	3	...	1	1	...	5	83	83.00	...	...	1	68	15				
169	Nunda	123	8	...	3	...	11	1	...	4	...	1	6	128	128.00	...	5	8	120	8				
170	Evergreen	270	24	...	3	...	27	...	...	5	6	...	11	286	286.00	1	27	26	205	81	273.00			
171	Girard	98	17	...	...	...	17	...	...	2	...	...	2	113	113.00	3	21	17	101	12				
172	Wayne	62	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	3	60	60.00	1	...	...	57	3				
173	Cherry Valley	55	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	2	55	55.00	...	1	1	48	7				
174	Lena	66	15	...	...	...	15	...	...	1	...	1	2	79	78.00	2	22	16	69	10		92.00		
175	Mattison	499	45	4	4	...	53	...	...	6	9	...	15	537	537.00	1	44	40	430	107	725.00			
176	Mendota	143	6	...	2	...	8	2	...	3	5	...	10	141	140.00	2	13	4	139	2			10.00	
177	Staunton	250	13	...	2	...	15	...	...	1	1	...	2	263	263.00	5	21	18	233	30				
178	Illinois Central	123	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	2	2	...	4	127	127.00	3	15	8	120	7				
179	Wabash	46	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	47.00	1	2	1	44	3				
180	Moweaqua	108	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	1	1	...	2	114	114.00	...	5	3	106	8				
182	Germania	427	12	...	1	...	13	...	...	4	4	...	8	432	432.00	2	12	12	412	20	275.00	920.00	20.00	
183	Meridian	65	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	2	...	...	3	65	65.00	...	1	1	58	7				
185	Abingdon	106	3	...	1	...	4	1	...	4	1	...	6	104	104.00	1	2	2	91	13				
187	Mystic Tie	89	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	2	...	...	2	92	92.00	...	...	...	92	...				
188	Cyrus	133	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	3	1	...	4	141	141.00	1	10	11	100	41				
189	Fulton City	88	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	93	93.00	1	7	5	71	22				
190	Dundee	175	8	...	3	...	11	2	...	...	4	...	6	180	180.00	2	9	7	134	46	105.00			
192	Farmington	131	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	137	137.00	2	6	5	120	17				
193	Herrick	53	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	53	53.00	2	2	1	43	10				
194	Freedom	59	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	58	58.00	3	1	...	53	5				
195	LaHarpe	142	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	1	1	...	2	153	153.00	3	18	13	133	20				
196	Louisville	78	10	...	1	1	12	...	...	2	3	...	5	85	85.00	2	11	10	75	10				
197	King Solomon's	67	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	73.00	1	6	6	56	17				
199	Homer	108	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	111	111.00	...	...	...	101	10	50.00	25.00		
200	Sheba	69	5	...	...	...	5	2	...	1	1	...	4	70	70.00	...	5	5	61	9	26.65			

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE					Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
201	Centralia	249	17	...	4	...	21	4	...	2	9	...	15	255	255.00	11	22	22	211	44	27.00	44.90		
203	Lavely	86	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	1	...	2	90	90.00	...	4	5	87	3				
204	Flora	123	11	...	2	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	136	136.00	1	9	9	129	7				
205	Corinthian	70	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	1	5	...	6	70	70.00	...	4	4	70	...	10.00			
206	Fairfield	129	15	...	3	...	18	4	...	1	2	...	7	140	140.00	4	13	14	123	17				
207	Tamaroa	58	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	2	57	57.00	1	6	4	45	12	65.00			
208	Wilmington	125	8	1	...	...	9	1	...	3	1	...	5	129	129.00	2	11	12	114	15	3.50			
209	Wm. B. Warren	693	42	...	1	...	43	11	...	16	10	...	37	699	698.00	1	55	41	545	154	1449.95			
210	Logan	219	7	1	7	...	15	...	...	4	6	...	10	224	224.00	4	15	9	220	4	88.00			
211	Cleveland	876	58	1	2	...	61	2	...	15	13	...	30	907	905.00	1	56	52	112	795	823.03		25.00	
212	Shipman	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	56	56.00	...	1	...	50	6		56.00		
213	Ipava	76	5	1	1	...	7	...	...	1	2	1	4	79	79.00	...	6	5	66	13		75.00		
214	Gillespie	139	14	...	2	...	16	2	...	8	2	...	12	143	143.00	4	15	14	128	15				
216	Newton	119	8	1	3	...	12	2	...	...	4	...	6	125	125.00	...	6	7	106	19	108.50			
217	Mason	53	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	2	3	52	52.00	2	2	2	46	6				
218	New Salem	31	9	...	...	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	41.00	...	12	9	38	3	60.00			
219	Oakland	135	12	1	2	...	15	...	...	2	...	...	2	148	148.00	2	19	14	137	11				
220	Mahomet	68	12	...	...	...	12	...	...	1	...	...	1	79	79.00	2	11	11	73	6				
221	Leroy	107	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	3	1	...	4	115	115.00	1	11	10	99	16				
222	Geo. Washington	142	11	...	3	1	15	1	...	1	2	...	4	153	152.00	8	16	11	131	22				
226	Pana	225	11	2	...	...	13	1	...	3	3	...	7	231	231.00	1	12	12	190	41				
227	Columbus	35	2	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	38.00	2	5	3	35	3				
228	Lovington	104	2	1	1	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	107	107.00	2	6	4	87	20				
229	Manchester	76	3	1	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	81.00	...	3	...	70	11				
230	New Haven	76	7	3	1	...	11	...	...	3	...	...	3	84	84.00	2	5	4	66	18	69.00			
231	Wyanet	45	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	45	45.00	...	4	2	42	3		10.00		
232	Farmers	59	8	2	2	...	12	...	...	2	1	...	3	68	68.00	5	9	9	58	10	11.00			5.00
233	Blandinsville	117	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	5	...	7	112	112.00	...	1	2	90	22	79.00			
234	DuQuoin	133	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	2	2	...	4	137	137.00	3	11	8	111	26				
235	Dallas City	107	19	...	2	...	21	...	...	4	2	...	6	122	122.00	...	19	16	108	14	45.00	72.00		
236	Charter Oak	119	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	1	...	2	124	124.00	1	10	7	103	21	12.00			
237	Cairo	227	11	...	3	...	14	...	...	2	2	...	4	237	237.00	9	19	13	166	71	116.00	130.00	5.00	5.00
238	Black Hawk	116	8	...	1	1	10	...	...	3	1	...	4	122	122.00	1	8	8	93	29				
239	Mt. Carmel	261	33	...	2	...	35	5	...	4	2	...	11	285	285.00	4	37	33	235	50	50.00	5.00		
240	Western Star	489	43	1	5	...	49	11	...	7	9	...	27	511	511.00	6	47	48	464	47	231.67	85.00		
241	Shekinah	225	20	1	...	...	21	...	...	2	4	...	6	240	240.00	6	9	3	210	30	20.00	5.00		

243	Galva	134	10	...	1	...	11	...	...	1	3	...	4	141	141.00	2	16	12	124	17				
244	Horicon	173	14	...	2	...	16	...	...	3	2	...	5	184	184.00	...	19	14	179	5	25.00			
245	Greenville	149	12	...	4	...	16	1	...	2	7	1	11	154	154.00	1	19	13	131	23	142.50	200.00	10.00	5.00
246	El Paso	172	4	...	1	...	5	1	...	2	1	...	4	173	173.00	...	10	10	153	20	48.00	10.00		
247	Rob Morris	90	9	1	...	...	10	...	...	1	2	...	3	97	97.00	5	6	6	89	8	25.00			
248	Golden Gate	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	59	59.00	...	...	...	45	14				
249	Hibbard	40	6	1	...	...	7	2	...	...	1	...	3	44	44.00	1	7	5	40	4				
250	Robinson	170	10	...	3	...	13	1	...	3	3	...	7	176	176.00	1	15	12	170	6	262.50			
251	Heyworth	109	6	1	2	...	9	...	...	1	3	...	4	114	114.00	4	10	12	101	13		50.00		
252	Aledo	182	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	...	4	2	6	185	185.00	...	8	11	170	15	15.00	30.00		
253	Avon Harmony	50	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	4	3	...	7	52	52.00	...	12	9	46	6				
254	Aurora	450	20	...	8	...	28	...	...	4	6	...	10	468	467.00	3	21	19	420	48	30.00	20.00		
255	Donnelson	61	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	...	1	67	67.00	6	8	7	62	5				
257	Warsaw	74	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	2	2	...	4	76	76.00	2	3	3	59	17				
260	Mattoon	332	21	1	2	...	24	1	...	3	3	...	7	349	349.00	14	21	18	273	76	34.65			
261	Amon	49	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	3	...	3	52	52.00	5	10	8	49	3				
262	Channahon	31	6	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	38.00	...	...	...	34	4				
263	Illinois	550	56	1	7	...	64	...	...	4	5	...	9	605	605.00	17	63	57	531	74				
264	Franklin Grove	34	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	...	1	...	1	43	43.00	...	9	12	37	6				
265	Vermilion	55	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	1	2	...	3	60	60.00	2	9	8	49	11	10.00			
266	Kingston	52	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	1	1	58	58.00	...	5	7	56	2				
267	La Prairie	55	8	...	2	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	64.00	...	6	8	56	9				
268	Paris	279	16	1	...	...	17	...	...	2	1	...	3	293	293.00	6	24	15	243	50	390.03	403.00		
269	Wheaton	203	7	...	5	...	12	1	...	9	2	...	12	203	203.00	1	10	8	185	18				
270	Levi Lusk	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	3	27	27.00	...	...	...	26	1				
271	Blaney	383	22	1	...	...	23	5	...	4	7	...	16	390	390.00	...	28	20	297	93	284.30	19.15		
272	Carmi	97	19	...	1	...	20	...	...	1	4	...	5	112	112.00	3	18	19	107	5				
273	Miners	187	8	...	1	...	9	1	...	4	2	...	7	189	189.00	3	9	8	168	21	250.00			
274	Byron	98	9	...	...	...	9	1	...	2	1	...	4	103	103.00	3	12	10	82	21				
275	Milton	45	5	1	...	...	6	1	...	...	1	...	2	49	49.00	2	...	...	49	...				
276	Elizabeth	46	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	3	...	5	43	43.00	...	1	2	40	3	83.25			
277	Accordia	262	24	...	...	...	24	...	...	2	5	...	7	279	279.00	5	25	30	265	14	215.00	5.00	10.00	5.00
278	Jo Daviess	157	10	...	6	...	16	...	...	7	1	...	8	165	165.00	1	9	9	120	45	85.00			
279	Neoga	120	6	1	1	...	8	...	...	...	1	...	1	127	127.00	...	...	...	108	19				
280	Kansas	93	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	1	1	99	99.00	4	6	2	87	12	122.00	10.00		
282	Brooklyn	82	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	1	...	1	2	88	88.00	2	7	7	80	8				
283	Meteor	122	13	1	...	...	14	1	...	4	2	...	7	129	129.00	2	16	14	114	15				
285	Catlin	141	12	...	1	...	13	...	...	2	1	...	3	151	151.00	4	9	2	141	10	78.47			
286	Plymouth	71	5	1	...	...	6	...	...	...	4	...	4	73	73.00	...	9	6	60	13				
287	De Soto	141	21	...	...	...	21	...	...	19	3	5	27	135	135.00	5	21	21	129	6				
288	Genoa	116	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	2	116	116.00	...	3	3	104	12				
291	Wataga	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	36	36 00	...	1	...	26	10	10.00			
292	Chenoa	123	13	...	1	...	14	...	...	4	...	...	4	133	133.00	...	15	15	124	9				
293	Prophetstown	74	6	...	3	...	9	...	...	...	2	...	2	81	81.00	1	8	7	73	8				
294	Pontiac	210	21	...	4	...	25	...	...	3	4	...	7	228	228.00	7	18	19	168	60	131.55	25.00		
295	Dills	42	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	2	...	2	53	53.00	1	17	15	48	5				
296	Quincy	218	10	...	3	...	13	...	...	3	3	...	6	225	225.00	2	13	12	167	58	262.00			

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE				Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 191	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan	
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
297	Benjamin	122	1	1	1	...	3	4	...	2	...	...	6	119	119.00	...	2	1	98	21	8.00			
298	Wauconda	65	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	1	...	...	1	76	76.00	1	8	11	71	5				
301	Hinckley	112	13	...	1	...	14	1	...	2	...	...	3	123	123.00	...	15	13	118	5				
302	Durand	73	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	1	1	...	2	73	73.00	1	3	2	70	3				
303	Raven	74	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	81.00	...	7	7	72	9				
305	Onarga	74	8	...	2	...	10	...	...	...	2	...	2	82	82.00	1	...	...	77	5		10.00		
306	Wm. C. Hobbs	97	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	3	2	...	5	101	101.00	1	7	9	82	19				
307	T. J. Picket	129	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	2	2	...	4	135	135.00	4	14	10	124	11	23.75			
308	Ashlar	793	49	3	4	...	56	7	...	13	11	...	31	818	818.00	3	66	49	728	90	261.90	198.25		
309	Harvard	262	15	...	1	...	16	...	...	3	2	...	5	273	273.00	...	11	14	269	4	254.83	48.00		
310	Dearborn	972	58	4	3	...	65	3	...	14	9	...	26	1011	1011.00	3	62	62	846	165	909.19			
311	Kilwinning	761	28	4	3	...	35	7	...	15	15	...	37	759	758.00	3	28	28	658	101	156.35	76.00		
312	Ionic	602	53	1	2	...	56	...	1	...	4	...	5	653	653.00	19	54	55	540	113	162.00	57.30		
313	York	86	5	1	1	...	7	...	...	2	2	...	4	89	89.00	3	12	7	76	13				
314	Palatine	123	6	1	...	...	7	...	...	...	1	...	1	129	129.00	1	5	4	122	7	60.00			
316	Abraham Jonas	55	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	2	...	5	52	52.00	...	5	4	50	2				
318	J. L. Anderson	104	5	...	...	1	6	3	...	...	1	...	4	106	106.00	...	...	...	88	18				
319	Doric	466	46	...	2	1	49	...	...	6	7	...	13	502	502.00	12	57	56	426	76	224.50	51.48		
320	Creston	55	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	55	55.00	...	...	...	48	7				
321	Dunlap	126	6	...	...	...	6	3	...	2	1	...	6	126	126.00	...	7	7	107	19				
322	Windsor	66	6	1	...	...	7	3	...	...	...	...	3	70	70.00	2	11	5	67	3				
323	Orient	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	4	28	28.00	...	...	...	28	...				
325	Harrisburg	263	32	1	1	...	34	...	...	...	9	...	9	288	288.00	15	35	31	261	27		25.00		
327	Industry	73	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	1	2	...	3	74	74.00	1	3	2	71	3				
330	Altona	56	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	59.00	...	...	...	42	17				
331	Mt. Erie	38	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	3	1	...	8	30	30.00	...	...	...	30	...				
332	Tuscola	169	21	2	8	...	31	...	...	2	4	...	6	194	194.00	7	31	23	163	31		50.00		
333	Tyrian	305	29	...	1	...	30	3	...	1	4	...	8	327	327.00	12	31	29	276	51	123.00	26.00		
334	Sumner	111	5	...	1	...	6	...	1	3	2	...	6	111	110.00	...	2	3	95	16				
335	Schiller	151	7	1	...	...	8	...	...	1	5	...	6	153	153.00	...	12	11	137	16	20.00	150.00		
336	New Columbia	88	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	2	...	2	4	90	90.00	...	6	5	90	...				
337	Oneida	66	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	1	1	...	2	72	72.00	...	2	5	63	9				
339	Saline	54	6	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	3	58	58.00	...	1	4	53	5	55.00			
340	Kedron	48	6	...	1	...	7	...	...	1	1	...	2	53	53.00	1	10	8	53	...				
341	Full Moon	81	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	84	84.00	3	5	6	72	12				
342	Summerfield	24	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	2	25	25.00	...	3	3	17	8				

344	Wenona	77	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	85.00	2	9	8	73	6		36.50			
345	Milledgeville	115	10	...	2	...	12	...	...	1	1	...	2	125	125.00	4	14	10	114	11					
346	N. D. Morse	49	2	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	52	52.00	...	...	...	52	...					
347	Sidney	55	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	1	...	...	1	67	67.00	1	16	13	60	7					
348	Flat Rock	105	6	...	2	1	9	...	...	1	...	...	1	113	113.00	...	7	5	90	23		31.50			
349	Sublette	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	25	25.00	...	...	...	25	...					
350	Fairview	86	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	1	...	2	90	90.00	...	6	6	84	6					
351	Tarbolton	146	22	...	2	...	24	2	...	2	1	...	5	165	165.00	2	27	24	130	35					
352	Groveland	56	1	...	...	..	1	...	...	2	...	...	2	55	55.00	3	1	1	50	5					
353	Kinderhook	53	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	3	51	51.00	...	1	1	41	10					
354	Ark and Anchor	115	17	...	...	...	17	2	...	1	2	...	5	127	127.00	1	17	17	103	24	10.00				
355	Marine	49	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	1	2	...	3	50	50.00	1	3	3	34	16	25.00	20.00	5.00	5.00	
356	Hermitage	107	7	...	...	...	7	1	...	3	3	...	7	107	107.00	...	10	10	89	18					
358	Orion	53	10	2	2	...	14	4	...	1	1	...	6	61	61.00	...	13	10	45	16	25.00	53.00			
359	Blackberry	106	10	...	1	...	11	...	...	...	1	...	1	116	116.00	2	7	8	102	14	208.54	10.00			
360	Princeville	90	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	2	...	2	101	101.00	...	19	17	90	11	25.00				
361	Douglas	51	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	2	50	50.00	2	1	1	47	3					
362	Noble	61	5	2	...	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	2	66	66.00	...	5	5	56	10	150.00	5.00			
363	Horeb	115	7	...	4	...	11	...	...	...	2	...	2	124	124.00	...	6	8	104	20	19.55	5.00			
364	Tonica	52	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	2	51	51.00	...	...	...	43	8					
365	Bement	130	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	3	2	...	5	135	135.00	...	14	9	119	16					
366	Arcola	150	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	1	4	...	5	158	158.00	3	13	12	122	36	96.12				
367	Oxford	60	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	1	64	64.00	3	5	4	57	7		60.00			
368	Jefferson	62	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	...	1	...	1	71	71.00	...	13	9	61	10					
369	Newman	111	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	2	3	...	5	118	118.00	3	9	9	103	15					
371	Livingston	115	11	...	...	...	11	1	...	1	2	...	4	122	122.00	...	12	12	101	21					
373	Chambersburg	29	2	...	2	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	2	31	31.00	2	4	2	27	4					
374	Shabbona	88	11	...	...	1	12	...	...	2	1	...	3	97	97.00	5	...	...	90	7		50.00	5.00	5.00	
378	Aroma	73	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	74	74.00	1	2	2	55	19					
379	Payson	80	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	2	82	82.00	...	5	5	70	12	15.00				
380	Liberty	38	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	38	38.00	...	...	1	20	18					
382	Gill	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	36	36.00	...	3	2	32	4	5.00				
383	LaMoille	73	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	...	2	74	74.00	1	4	4	63	11					
384	Waltham	67	9	1	...	...	10	...	...	3	...	...	3	74	74.00	1	10	8	68	6					
385	Mississippi	221	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	2	3	...	5	228	228.00	7	9	11	168	60					
386	Bridgeport	181	13	...	1	...	14	3	...	1	1	...	5	190	190.00	6	10	13	103	87	10.00	138.00			
388	ElDara	47	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	1	3	46	46.00	...	2	2	38	8		5.00			
389	Kankakee	362	23	2	2	...	27	1	...	4	3	...	8	381	381.00	5	30	25	334	47	14.32		10.00		
390	Ashmore	79	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	...	1	...	1	86	86.00	...	9	6	81	5					
391	Tolono	89	8	...	...	...	8	2	...	...	2	...	4	93	93.00	...	10	8	85	8					
392	Oconee	60	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	1	4	...	5	60	60.00	2	6	4	43	17	11.60	73.00			
393	Blair	680	38	2	...	...	40	9	...	13	11	...	33	687	687.00	8	31	35	594	93	260.00		15.00	25.00	
394	Jerseyville	153	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	1	3	...	4	157	156.00	1	8	6	115	42	37.50				
396	Muddy Point	37	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	43.00	...	5	5	39	4					
397	Shiloh	56	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	57.00	...	1	1	46	11					
398	Kinmundy	134	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	3	2	...	5	139	139.00	...	15	10	128	11	20.00				
399	Buda	51	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	3	48	48.00	...	...	...	43	5					

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE					Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
401	Odell	66	6	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	3	...	3	70	70.00	...	7	6	54	16				
402	Kishwaukee	66	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	1	...	...	1	73	73.00	...	6	7	67	6				
403	Mason City	142	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	2	3	...	5	150	150.00	5	16	13	130	20				
404	Batavia	159	9	1	3	...	13	...	...	3	2	...	5	167	167.00	1	12	8	144	23	178.20			
405	Ramsey	79	6	...	1	...	7	...	...	1	2	...	3	83	83.00	...	11	7	80	3		10.00		
406	Bethalto	41	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	42.00	...	2	1	35	7				
408	Stratton	83	2	...	2	...	4	...	...	2	2	...	4	83	83.00	...	4	3	70	13	7.50	90.00		
409	Thos. J. Turner	545	32	...	1	...	33	4	1	79	7	...	91	487	487.00	8	30	30	417	70	315.78	107.25	10.00	25.00
410	Mithra	248	18	...	1	...	19	1	...	3	8	...	12	255	255.00	9	19	16	247	8	280.00	306.00		
411	Hesperia	692	45	5	5	...	55	12	...	10	5	...	27	720	719.00	9	53	48	638	82	816.30	135.00		15.00
414	Evening Star	57	7	1	1	...	9	...	...	...	1	...	1	65	65.00	...	4	5	53	12	60.00	15.00		
415	Lawn Ridge	51	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	52	52.00	2	4	2	50	2				
416	Paxton	148	11	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	3	...	3	156	156.00	2	16	11	117	39				
417	Marseilles	135	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	1	2	...	3	137	137.00	1	9	5	110	27				
418	Freeburg	49	17	...	...	...	17	1	...	1	2	...	4	62	62.00	2	17	17	53	9		158.00		
419	Reynoldsburg	27	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	28.00	...	1	1	26	2		27.00		
420	Oregon	170	6	...	2	...	8	1	...	...	1	...	2	176	176.00	4	2	5	161	15	8.75			
421	Washburn	79	2	...	2	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	2	81	81.00	2	7	2	75	6	10.00			
422	Landmark	723	18	2	...	...	20	5	...	13	14	...	32	711	711.00	4	22	20	626	85	52.00	108.45	25.00	
423	Lanark	79	4	...	4	...	8	...	...	1	2	...	3	84	84.00	...	6	5	70	14				
424	Exeter	31	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	34.00	...	...	...	29	5	51.70			
426	Scottville	87	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	95.00	2	10	9	79	16				
427	Red Bud	36	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	37.00	...	...	...	30	7		36.00		
428	Sunbeam	100	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	2	3	...	5	103	103.00	...	4	5	79	24				
429	Chebanse	50	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	51	51.00	...	3	1	46	5	50.00	30.00		
430	Kendrick	50	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	1	1	...	3	51	51.00	...	5	4	43	8	10.00	15.00		
431	Summit	84	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	88	88.00	...	8	4	78	10				
432	Murrayville	71	4	...	2	...	6	...	...	25	3	...	28	49	48.00	...	2	3	43	6				
433	Atkinson	91	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	96	96.00	7	7	5	77	19				
434	Makanda	68	12	1	...	...	13	5	1	...	2	...	8	73	72.00	...	8	10	68	5	81.50	5.00		
436	Philo	70	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	2	71	71.00	1	4	4	62	9				
437	Chicago	594	16	3	4	...	23	3	...	1	8	...	12	605	604.00	6	18	16	526	79	186.50	148.65	40.00	25.00
440	Camargo	58	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	1	...	3	57	57.00	...	6	4	42	15				
441	Sparland	39	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	2	40	40.00	...	3	1	35	5				
442	Casey	118	6	...	3	...	9	...	...	2	3	...	5	122	122.00	1	6	6	85	37	37.48			
443	Hampshire	100	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	...	1	106	105.00	1	8	6	96	10				

444	Cave-in-Rock	56	3	...	...	...	3	4	...	...	1	...	5	54	54.00	1	5	2	50	4	72.75			
445	Chesterfield	52	8	...	...	2	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	62.00	...	...	...	62	...				
446	Watseka	174	20	...	5	...	25	...	...	...	8	...	8	191	190.00	3	32	21	158	33				
447	S. D. Monroe	50	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	53.00	...	3	2	41	12		50.00		
448	Yates City	61	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	61	61.00	...	1	3	56	5				
449	Mendon	91	5	...	1	...	6	2	...	1	...	...	3	94	94.00	1	8	7	68	26				
450	Loami	74	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	3	...	4	77	77.00	1	10	8	69	8			35.00	
451	Bromwell	103	11	...	...	...	11	1	...	3	1	1	6	108	108.00	4	11	13	91	17	10.00			
453	New Hartford	47	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	2	1	4	48	48.00	2	9	5	41	7				
454	Maroa	122	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	3	124	124.00	3	9	5	108	16	72.95			
455	Irving	80	14	...	1	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	95.00	2	18	14	86	9				
456	Nokomis	172	13	...	3	...	16	...	...	2	2	...	4	184	184.00	5	19	16	159	25	45.00			
458	Blazing Star	60	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	1	2	...	3	65	65.00	4	10	8	65	...	111.00			
460	Jeffersonville	46	13	...	...	...	13	1	...	2	1	...	4	55	55.00	...	18	16	49	6	7.50			
461	Plainview	41	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	2	40	40.00	...	2	2	36	4		10.00		
462	Tremont	36	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	...	3	34	34.00	...	...	...	29	5				
463	Palmyra	76	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	1	1	...	2	84	84.00	3	10	10	77	7				
464	Denver	45	2	...	...	1	3	3	...	2	2	...	7	41	41.00	...	...	...	38	3				
465	Huntsville	49	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	61.00	...	13	13	59	2				
466	Cobden	76	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	2	81	81.00	...	7	7	80	1	24.90	100.00		
467	South Macon	102	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	4	...	5	104	104.00	...	12	8	87	17	25.00	25.00		
468	Cheney's Grove	52	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	1	1	...	2	54	54.00	...	4	3	48	6				
469	McLean	106	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	1	1	...	2	114	114.00	...	5	10	104	10		100.00		
470	Rantoul	100	27	...	3	...	30	1	...	...	1	...	2	128	128.00	5	36	28	111	17	24.00			
471	Kendall	112	8	...	1	...	9	3	...	...	1	...	4	117	116.00	...	5	7	99	18			10.00	10.00
472	Amity	159	12	...	1	1	14	...	...	6	1	...	7	166	166.00	...	7	8	142	24	30.00			
473	Gordon	44	2	1	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	1	3	44	44.00	1	3	3	39	5				
474	Columbia	100	12	...	...	...	12	...	...	1	1	...	2	110	110.00	5	12	11	92	18				
475	Walshville	24	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	25.00	...	1	...	19	6				
476	Manito	60	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	1	2	...	3	61	61.00	2	3	3	57	4	28.00	60.00		
477	Rutland	71	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	72	72.00	1	1	2	57	15			15.00	15.00
478	Pleiades	1320	109	3	4	...	116	7	...	10	18	...	35	1401	1401.00	18	115	110	1276	125	1930.65	670.10	25.00	25.00
479	Wyoming	129	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	2	...	3	131	131.00	1	7	5	121	10				
481	Momence	119	4	...	1	...	5	1	...	3	1	...	5	119	119.00	3	6	4	90	29				
482	Lexington	71	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	1	1	79	79.00	...	9	7	73	6	16.50			
484	Edgewood	63	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	2	62	62.00	...	1	1	58	4				
485	Xenia	47	1	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	50.00	...	1	1	46	4				
486	Bowen	72	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	4	1	...	5	77	77.00	...	8	8	70	7				
487	Andrew Jackson	30	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	4	27	27.00	...	2	2	25	2				
488	Clay City	101	6	...	4	...	10	...	...	1	2	...	3	108	108.00	...	8	6	98	10	76.00	117.00	5.00	5.00
489	Cooper	55	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	57	57.00	...	2	2	52	5				
490	Shannon	63	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	1	67	67.00	...	4	5	52	15				
491	Martin	45	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	47.00	...	...	...	35	12				
492	Libertyville	201	11	...	...	...	11	...	...	6	2	...	8	204	204.00	1	13	11	176	28				
493	Tower Hill	87	18	2	...	...	20	...	...	2	...	...	2	105	105.00	2	23	19	78	27		159.00		
495	Stone Fort	71	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	77.00	...	...	...	77	...				
496	Colchester	93	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	1	...	...	1	96	96.00	...	3	3	78	18				

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE					Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
497	Alma	79	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	82	82.00	2	8	7	76	6	134.00			
498	Murphysboro	156	16	2	3	...	21	...	...	3	3	...	6	171	171.00	6	18	17	150	21				
500	St. Paul	410	40	...	11	...	51	...	...	4	7	1	12	449	447.00	9	38	36	403	56	260.00	25.00		
501	Stark	38	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	2	...	3	37	37.00	...	4	1	28	9				
502	Woodhull	54	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	59	59.00	...	5	6	41	18		54.00		
503	Odin	43	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	2	...	8	35	35.00	2	3	2	32	3				
504	East St. Louis	596	67	1	3	...	71	7	...	4	7	...	18	649	649.00	20	68	68	492	157	171.74	25.00	5.00	5.00
505	Meridian Sun	118	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	...	2	...	2	126	126.00	2	15	8	119	7				
506	O. H. Miner	69	2	2	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	4	69	69.00	...	5	4	65	4				
508	Home	603	13	3	2	...	18	6	...	23	19	2	50	571	571.00	2	17	15	427	144	353.00	298.00	10.00	10.00
509	Parkersburg	33	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	2	34	34.00	...	4	3	28	6	10.00			
510	J. D. Moody	26	5	...	2	...	7	1	...	1	...	...	2	31	31.00	...	...	...	26	5	10.00	32.00		
512	Wade-Barney	408	32	...	12	...	44	...	...	2	6	...	8	444	444.00	4	37	32	382	62	159.07	5.00	10.00	10.00
514	Bradford	64	12	1	...	...	13	1	...	...	...	...	1	76	76.00	3	9	11	74	2				
516	Andalusia	96	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	96	96.00	...	2	2	74	22	141.25			
517	Litchfield	128	11	...	...	...	11	...	...	4	2	...	6	133	133.00	...	18	11	115	18				
518	Abraham Lincoln	119	22	...	1	3	26	1	...	3	1	...	5	140	140.00	1	26	22	127	13	75.00		540.00	
519	Roseville	95	19	...	1	...	20	...	...	1	2	...	3	112	112.00	5	28	20	99	13	25.00			
520	Anna	132	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	...	1	...	1	139	138.00	1	8	7	129	10				
521	Illiopolis	97	14	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	1	...	1	110	110.00	2	15	15	102	8				
522	Monitor	533	47	4	2	...	53	2	...	7	4	...	13	573	573	6	68	47	487	86				
523	Chatham	82	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	2	83	83.00	1	4	2	77	6				
524	Evans	522	37	5	9	...	51	1	...	11	9	...	21	552	552.00	2	52	39	526	26		1010.30		100.00
526	Covenant	1085	22	6	2	...	30	22	...	26	17	...	65	1050	1050.00	4	27	24	910	14	1422.80	79.25		
527	Rossville	129	13	1	1	...	15	8	...	4	3	...	15	129	129.00	1	17	14	116	13				
528	Minooka	74	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	77.00	1	4	3	61	16		70.00		
529	Adams	42	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	42	42.00	...	4	1	35	7		20.00		
530	Maquon	60	1	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	4	57	57.00	...	...	...	53	4				
531	Ashton	94	7	...	2	...	9	2	...	1	...	1	4	99	99.00	1	6	5	93	6				
532	Seneca	56	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	2	...	...	3	56	56.00	...	1	1	48	8				
533	Altamont	53	4	...	2	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	58	56.00	.	3	4	66	14				
534	Cuba	87	7	2	...	...	9	...	...	...	2	...	2	94	94.00	2	6	7	84	10				
535	Sherman	76	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	1	2	...	3	82	82.00	1	6	6	74	8	35.00			
536	Plainfield	143	9	...	...	...	9	1	...	1	4	...	6	146	146.00	2	17	9	140	6	66.00			
537	J. R. Gorin	64	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	64	64.00	...	2	1	56	8				
538	Lockport	143	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	1	4	...	5	147	147.00	...	12	8	109	38	50.00	25.00		

539	Chatsworth	50	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	50	50.00	...	3	2	47	3	5.85			
540	Oak Park	940	47	3	17	...	67	4	...	13	12	3	35	972	972.00	11	55	48	902	70	519.33	237.72		
541	Stewardson	32	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	1	1	...	2	39	39.00	5	13	9	37	2		10.00		
542	Towanda	55	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	58.00	1	2	2	50	8				
544	Virginia	115	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	2	2	...	4	118	118.00	...	7	8	95	23	50.00	25.00		
547	Valley	56	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	58.00	...	...	...	58	...				
550	Sharon	75	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	2	76	76.00	...	6	3	71	5		10.00		
552	Long Point	41	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	43	43.00	...	9	6	40	3		11.20		
554	Plum River	214	21	...	1	...	22	...	...	4	1	...	5	231	231.00	3	23	23	191	40	75.00	200.00		
555	Humboldt	217	14	...	3	...	17	3	...	1	3	...	7	227	227.00	1	18	16	207	20				
556	Dawson	51	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	1	...	1	60	60.00	2	10	10	58	2				
557	Lessing	254	12	...	1	...	13	...	...	...	9	...	9	258	258.00	...	13	11	244	14	150.00	575.00		
558	Leland	71	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	1	1	...	2	78	78.00	3	9	9	70	8			5.00	5.00
559	Thomson	34	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	1	1	...	2	36	36.00	...	8	4	35	1				
560	Madison	39	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	2	...	3	41	41.00	1	3	5	29	12				
562	Trinity	120	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	3	2	...	5	120	120.00	...	4	4	100	20				
564	Winslow	59	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	2	...	3	59	59.00	...	3	3	68	11				
565	Pleasant Hill	42	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	42	42.00	1	3	2	37	5	28.25			
566	Albany	70	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	2	71	71.00	...	3	3	57	14	25.00			
567	Frankfort	125	15	...	...	...	15	5	...	1	...	...	6	134	134.00	11	15	15	128	6		54.00		
569	Time	34	3	...	...	2	5	...	...	1	...	...	1	38	38.00	1	7	3	30	8				
570	Jacksonville	223	18	...	2	...	20	1	...	1	5	...	7	236	236.00	4	22	21	203	33	190.04			
572	Bardolph	40	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	42	42.00	...	3	2	32	10				
573	Gardner	163	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	3	...	4	165	165.00	...	8	6	152	13				
574	Pera	54	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	1	58	58.00	...	3	4	55	3	10.00			
575	Capron	90	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	3	...	4	93	93.00	...	7	...	83	10	30.90			
576	O'Fallon	84	10	...	1	...	11	...	...	1	1	...	2	93	93.00	...	10	10	88	5				
577	Viola	78	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	83.00	1	...	...	79	4				
578	Prairie City	47	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	3	46	46.00	1	...	1	35	11				
580	Hazel Dell	46	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	1	3	48	48.00	...	3	4	42	6	69.15			
581	Dongola	76	16	1	1	...	18	1	...	...	1	...	2	92	92.00	3	12	9	79	13	23.00		10.00	10.00
582	Shirley	45	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	53.00	...	9	9	48	5				
583	Highland	101	16	...	...	1	17	...	...	...	2	...	2	116	116.00	1	14	13	86	30				
584	Vesper	291	18	3	...	...	21	4	...	5	6	...	15	297	297.00	...	15	12	267	30	50.00		12.50	12.50
585	Fisher	45	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	2	50	50.00	...	6	6	50	...				
587	Princeton	196	13	...	1	...	14	...	...	9	4	...	13	197	197.00	2	11	10	170	27				
588	Troy	48	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	51	51.00	1	6	6	46	5		10.00		
590	Fairmount	71	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	...	1	...	1	78	78.00	1	9	5	70	8				
591	Gilman	105	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	3	...	3	108	108.00	2	1	2	95	13				
592	Fieldon	31	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	36	36.00	2	7	6	36	...		31.00		
595	Miles Hart	65	3	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	68	68.00	...	3	3	52	16				
600	Cerro Gordo	123	16	...	3	...	19	...	...	...	3	...	3	139	139.00	2	22	16	109	30				
601	Farina	66	9	...	...	...	9	...	1	1	1	...	3	72	72.00	...	11	10	68	4				
602	Watson	36	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	1	1	...	2	38	38.00	...	3	4	33	5				
603	Clark	138	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	2	...	...	2	144	144.00	1	9	8	114	30				
604	Hebron	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	1	6	88	88.00	...	2	2	73	15	25.00	25.00		
607	Streator	303	18	1	2	...	21	...	...	2	2	...	4	320	320.00	6	13	18	288	32	50.00			

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE				Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan	
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
608	Piper	89	9	1	...	...	10	...	1	3	...	...	4	95	95.00	...	11	11	87	8				
609	Sheldon	110	5	1	1	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	2	115	115.00	3	6	5	98	17		165.50		
610	Union Park	1288	54	1	...	...	55	5	...	20	13	...	38	1305	1305.00	20	46	59	1168	137	412.50	128.80	25.00	25.00
611	Lincoln Park	753	17	4	1	...	22	2	...	10	7	...	19	756	756.00	2	21	19	637	119	65.00	100.00		
612	Rock River	369	28	...	6	...	34	1	..	9	4	...	14	389	389.00	6	...	...	380	9				
613	Patoka	68	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	3	...	...	3	67	67.00	1	1	1	61	6		66.00		
614	Forrest	111	4	1	...	...	5	4	...	3	2	1	10	106	106.00	2	5	4	74	32	10.00			
616	Wadley	88	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	2	...	3	92	92.00	1	9	8	80	12				
617	Good Hope	60	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	3	3	2	8	62	62.00	1	12	9	61	1				
618	Basco	19	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	23.00	1	3	3	22	1	26.64	19.00		
620	New Hope	30	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	30	30.00	...	2	...	25	5				
622	Hopedale	53	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	53	53.00	...	1	1	47	6				
623	Locust	38	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	39.00	2	2	1	37	2				
627	Union	37	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	37	37.00	...	1	1	37	...	25.00			
630	Tuscan	63	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	70.00	1	...	...	65	5				
631	Norton	61	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	2	...	4	50	50.00	...	...	...	50	...				
632	Ridge Farm	96	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	3	...	3	102	102.00	4	17	11	102	...	30.00			
633	E. F. W. Ellis	238	24	1	...	...	25	...	...	1	5	...	6	257	257.00	1	31	26	213	44				
634	Buckley	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	21	21.00	...	...	...	21	...				
635	Rochester	80	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	1	...	...	1	87	87.00	3	10	7	81	6				
636	Peotone	101	7	1	1	...	9	...	...	...	1	...	1	109	109.00	...	4	5	98	11				
639	Keystone	710	42	...	...	...	42	2	...	32	9	...	43	709	709.00	4	51	42	661	48	220.00			
641	Comet	79	13	...	3	...	16	6	...	...	3	...	9	86	86.00	...	17	15	75	11				
642	Apollo	725	45	1	...	...	46	3	...	9	9	...	21	750	750.00	9	38	46	691	59	444.91	200.60		
643	D. C. Cregier	777	38	3	2	...	43	6	...	2	13	...	21	799	799.00	6	49	41	750	49	238.90	268.85	10.00	
644	Oblong City	134	9	...	2	...	11	1	...	...	...	...	1	144	144.00	3	14	10	99	45				
645	San Jose	44	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	1	2	...	3	45	45.00	...	5	3	34	11				
646	Somonauk	112	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	2	1	...	3	116	116.00	...	6	7	114	2				
647	Blueville	90	27	...	...	1	28	...	...	1	...	...	1	117	117.00	7	25	21	112	5				
648	Camden	62	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	1	5	58	58.00	...	4	2	58	...	37.50			
651	Atwood	87	9	...	1	...	10	...	...	...	2	1	3	94	94.00	2	16	10	84	10				
653	Greenview	103	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	3	2	...	5	107	107.00	1	8	9	100	7				
655	Yorktown	95	7	...	...	1	8	...	...	1	2	...	3	100	100.00	...	6	7	77	23	12.00	41.00		
656	Mozart	91	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	1	...	...	1	94	94.00	...	3	3	90	4				
657	Lafayette	36	4	1	...	...	5	...	...	1	1	...	2	39	39.00	2	5	4	29	10	85.00		20.00	20.00
658	Rock Island	382	38	2	6	...	46	...	...	1	2	...	3	425	425.00	9	49	46	365	60	100.00			

659	Lambert	410	39	1	13	...	58	3	...	5	4	...	12	451	451.00	3	33	36	301	150	20.50		10.00	
660	Grand Chain	32	2	...	...	...	2	4	...	1	2	...	7	27	27.00	...	2	...	23	4	19.50			25.00
662	South Park	453	24	1	1	...	26	4	...	5	5	...	14	465	465.00	3	31	24	300	165	145.00			
664	Mayo	45	6	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	1	...	1	51	51.00	...	7	7	45	6				
665	Beecher City	50	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	1	...	3	49	49.00	...	5	2	42	7	118.00			
666	Crawford	77	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	83.00	...	7	5	73	10				
667	Erie	94	13	1	...	1	15	2	...	...	2	...	4	105	105.00	...	12	13	80	25				
668	Burnt Prairie	58	5	1	...	...	6	...	...	2	...	...	2	62	62.00	3	6	4	55	7				
669	Herder	326	26	1	...	...	27	3	...	...	7	...	10	343	343.00	3	20	24	320	23	275.00	972.00		
670	Fillmore	70	6	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	77.00	3	8	8	50	27			5.00	5.00
672	Eddyville	39	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	41	41.00	...	1	1	35	6				
673	Normal	142	15	...	4	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	161	161.00	3	10	14	129	32				
674	Waldeck	391	48	...	...	...	48	2	...	...	3	...	5	434	434.00	4	54	48	399	35	300.00	495.00	15.00	25.00
675	Pawnee	164	13	...	1	1	15	...	...	...	1	...	1	178	178.00	4	10	9	165	13	50.00			
676	A. O. Fay	291	21	2	5	...	28	8	...	1	1	...	10	309	309.00	1	24	23	216	93	185.15	100.00	25.00	
677	Enfield	78	10	1	...	...	11	1	1	...	1	...	3	86	86.00	2	16	12	81	5				
679	Buffalo Prairie	100	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	1	...	1	107	107.00	4	8	7	96	11				
680	Clement	69	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	1	...	...	1	78	78.00	3	12	10	60	28	10.00	69.00		
681	Morrisonville	84	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	89	88.00	1	8	6	75	14	84.00			
682	Blue Mound	98	14	...	1	...	15	...	...	2	1	...	3	110	110.00	9	21	17	98	12	163.00	31.00		
683	Burnside	94	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	2	1	...	3	98	98.00	4	10	10	76	22				
684	Galatia	57	8	...	2	...	10	1	...	...	1	...	2	65	65.00	3	11	8	63	2		68.00		
685	Rio	90	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	...	2	...	2	96	96.00	1	7	8	84	12				
686	Garfield	1124	54	6	...	...	60	10	...	21	17	...	48	1136	1136.00	4	58	52	1016	120	995.83	224.80	10.00	10.00
687	Orangeville	56	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	1	...	1	64	64.00	2	13	11	56	8	15.00	35.00		
688	Clifton	69	6	1	1	...	8	...	...	1	1	...	2	75	75.00	...	6	6	73	2				
690	Englewood	1025	27	6	4	...	37	1	...	15	13	...	29	1033	1032.00	5	31	30	745	288	750.32			
691	Iola	18	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	18	18.00	...	1	1	14	4			10.00	10.00
692	Raymond	85	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	2	...	...	2	89	89.00	...	6	5	74	15				
693	Herrin's Prairie	251	43	...	3	...	46	...	...	2	1	...	3	294	294.00	5	47	40	270	24	150.00			
695	Shiloh Hill	40	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	43.00	...	5	3	33	10	40.00	16.00		
696	Belle Rive	56	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	59	59.00	2	5	5	39	20				
697	Richard Cole	610	23	...	...	...	23	...	...	11	17	...	28	605	605.00	9	24	20	551	54	1260.91	730.00		
698	Hutton	52	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	2	53	53.00	...	...	...	47	6	50.00	52.00		
700	Pleasant Plains	81	17	1	...	...	18	...	...	...	3	...	3	96	96.00	3	16	14	90	6				
701	Temple Hill	29	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	32.00	...	5	3	31	1				
702	Alexandria	80	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	...	4	77	77.00	...	2	1	70	7	16.70			
704	Braidwood	217	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	2	3	...	5	218	218.00	1	11	9	185	33				
705	Ewing	44	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	1	...	1	50	50.00	2	12	11	44	6				
706	Joppa	76	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	2	75	75.00	...	...	...	68	7	9.00			
709	Star	185	23	...	5	...	28	1	...	2	4	...	7	206	206.00	7	31	23	193	13	80.00			
710	Farmer City	73	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	78	78.00	...	...	...	73	5		76.00		
711	Providence	485	30	3	...	...	33	3	...	10	6	...	19	499	499.00	1	27	29	474	25	165.00	65.00	25.00	
712	Collinsville	161	28	...	1	...	29	...	...	3	5	...	8	182	182.00	10	27	28	160	22				
713	Johnsonville	55	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	2	2	1	6	50	50.00	...	...	...	42	8				
714	Collison	106	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	5	...	6	106	106.00	1	9	6	89	17				
715	Elvaston	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	27.00	...	...	...	27	...				

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE					Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans' Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
716	Calumet	372	14	...	...	...	14	1	...	3	8	...	12	374	374.00	4	27	19	347	27	130.18			
717	Arcana	881	42	3	...	...	45	7	...	11	13	...	31	895	895.00	19	39	42	815	80	207.50	25.00	25.00	25.00
718	May	51	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	2	1	1	4	53	53.00	2	10	6	48	5				
719	Chapel Hill	23	4	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	1	27	27.00	...	4	4	27	...				
721	Rome	34	8	3	...	...	11	1	...	...	1	...	2	43	43.00	...	9	8	40	3				
722	Walnut	128	11	1	2	...	14	...	...	2	2	...	4	138	138.00	2	12	11	123	15		128.00		
723	Omaha	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	46.00	...	...	...	46	...				
724	Chandlerville	106	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	1	...	3	107	107.00	...	3	3	90	17				
725	Rankin	83	18	...	1	...	19	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	100.00	...	19	16	91	9		83.00		
726	Golden Rule	925	32	12	...	...	44	14	...	10	15	...	39	930	930.00	3	31	29	783	167	123.30	1190.00	25.00	
727	Raritan	36	9	1	1	...	11	1	...	2	...	...	3	44	44.00	3	13	10	40	4		10.00		
728	Waterman	30	2	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	33	33.00	...	10	5	33	...				
729	Lake Creek	105	18	2	1	...	21	...	...	1	...	...	1	125	125.00	17	26	23	110	15				
730	Eldorado	146	13	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	1	...	1	159	159.00	14	21	15	135	24	120.00	60.00		
731	Harbor	642	47	1	4	...	52	2	...	7	6	...	15	679	678.00	14	50	46	568	111	168.88	139.70		
732	Carman	24	3	2	...	...	5	...	...	1	1	...	2	27	27.00	...	3	3	27	...				
733	Gibson	142	12	...	1	...	13	1	...	2	3	...	6	149	149.00	1	17	16	120	29		142.00		
734	Morning Star	305	18	...	1	...	19	...	...	2	5	...	7	317	316.00	10	18	19	293	24	21.00	319.00		
735	Sheridan	92	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	102	102.00	...	15	10	90	12				
737	Arrowsmith	47	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	52	52.00	...	5	...	52	...				
738	Saunemin	95	6	...	1	...	7	1	...	2	...	...	3	99	99.00	1	7	6	84	15				
739	Lakeside	532	23	1	3	...	27	6	1	3	5	...	15	544	543.00	1	27	24	464	80	115.00	75.00	5.00	5.00
741	New Holland	41	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	43.00	...	2	2	39	4				
742	Danvers	73	8	1	1	...	10	2	...	1	1	...	4	79	79.00	2	12	10	75	4				
743	Scottland	56	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	1	...	1	63	63.00	2	13	9	42	21				
744	Goode	121	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	127	127.00	5	15	5	100	27		10.00		
745	Winnebago	67	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	1	1	...	2	70	70.00	...	...	4	57	13	25.00			
746	Weldon	65	14	...	3	...	17	...	...	1	1	...	2	80	80.00	3	14	15	75	5				
747	Centennial	62	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	1	1	1	3	62	62.00	1	2	2	46	16				
748	Alta	84	11	...	...	...	11	...	...	4	1	...	5	90	90.00	1	7	5	86	4	25.00			
749	Akin	86	4	...	2	...	6	...	...	...	2	...	2	90	90.00	2	...	...	90	...				
750	Lyndon	53	2	3	1	...	6	...	...	1	1	2	4	55	55.00	...	5	5	39	16				
751	Lounsbury	109	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	2	3	...	5	109	109.00	...	...	...	99	10				
752	Allendale	50	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	1	55	55.00	...	4	6	52	3				
754	Ogden	101	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	1	1	...	3	103	103.00	2	10	6	92	11				
755	Pre-emption	86	13	2	...	...	15	...	...	1	...	...	1	100	100.00	2	14	10	85	15	6.00			

756	Hardinsville	115	4	...	...	...	4	...	1	5	1	...	7	112	112.00	...	3	4	56	53	113.00			
757	Verona	82	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	2	84	84.00	...	6	4	78	6				
758	Mystic Star	1077	50	1	2	...	53	7	...	8	13	...	28	1102	1102.00	9	38	38	955	147	419.00			
759	Orel	74	12	...	...	...	12	...	...	1	1	...	2	84	84.00	1	12	11	84	...	139.00			
761	Sibley	44	5	1	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	49	49.00	...	6	6	43	6				
762	Van Meter	104	11	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	3	...	3	112	112.00	3	10	10	109	3		105.00		
763	Crete	92	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	1	...	1	101	101.00	2	8	9	85	16	16.50	5.00		
764	Sullivan	206	11	2	...	...	13	14	...	...	2	3	19	200	200.00	3	11	7	184	16		245.35		
765	Palace	478	25	3	1	1	30	...	...	4	7	...	11	497	495.00	2	22	22	447	50	20.00	71.85		
766	Littleton	24	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	3	...	...	3	26	26.00	2	1	...	26	...				
767	Triluminar	595	61	3	3	...	67	4	...	8	6	...	18	644	644.00	20	60	59	569	75	237.00	686.80		
768	Mizpah	964	59	...	3	...	62	6	...	10	12	...	28	998	997.00	12	52	58	775	223	396.76	137.00	25.00	75.00
769	St. Elmo	99	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	99	99.00	...	5	2	93	6				
770	LaGrange	350	16	3	4	...	23	5	...	9	5	...	19	354	354.00	3	13	16	325	29	381.72		10.00	
771	Bay City	24	6	...	...	2	8	2	...	1	...	...	3	29	29.00	1	6	6	27	2				
772	New Burnside	38	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	2	38	38.00	...	2	2	35	3				
773	Mansfield	54	5	...	1	...	6	1	...	1	1	...	3	57	57.00	...	2	5	53	4				
774	Lake View	1101	41	3	...	...	44	4	...	51	5	...	60	1085	1085.00	7	41	41	982	103	474.67	312.65	25.00	25.00
776	Grand Crossing	718	24	2	3	...	29	6	...	5	5	...	16	731	731.00	4	25	22	645	86	514.00			
777	Ravenswood	700	34	...	4	...	38	9	...	20	9	...	38	700	700.00	1	38	30	618	82		75.00		
778	Gurney	45	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	...	2	46	46.00	...	4	4	38	8				
779	Wright's Grove	726	31	...	2	...	33	1	1	16	7	...	25	734	734.00	4	40	36	630	104	300.00	200.00	10.00	10.00
780	Siloam	734	34	...	...	...	34	2	...	7	6	...	15	753	753.00	9	40	40	642	111	1128.56			
782	Potomac	109	7	2	1	...	10	4	...	2	2	...	8	111	111.00	9	10	7	100	11	100.00			
783	Constantia	381	20	...	1	...	21	2	...	4	11	...	17	385	385.00	5	20	23	352	33	165.00		25.00	50.00
784	Beacon Light	170	8	1	2	...	11	5	...	5	...	...	10	171	171.00	1	11	9	142	29			5.00	
786	Riverton Union	89	11	...	...	...	11	...	...	1	1	...	2	98	98.00	5	11	11	91	7				
787	Morris	121	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	2	...	2	125	125.00	1	6	7	107	18				
788	Lerna	60	3	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	2	...	2	62	62.00	...	4	3	46	16	5.00	1.30		
789	Auburn Park	645	32	4	4	...	40	8	1	7	7	...	23	662	662.00	7	40	35	590	72	458.95	64.50	10.00	
790	Pittsfield	127	11	1	...	...	12	...	...	2	4	3	9	130	130.00	2	12	9	115	15				
791	Broadlands	75	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	2	1	...	4	75	75.00	...	5	4	65	10				
792	Calhoun	58	11	...	...	1	12	...	...	...	2	...	2	68	68.00	4	13	13	58	10				
793	A. T. Darrah	56	1	...	...	...	1	2	...	1	...	...	3	54	54.00	...	1	2	47	7				
794	Tadmor	22	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	24.00	1	4	4	22	2	4.00	22.00		
795	Myrtle	622	43	3	3	...	49	8	...	3	8	...	19	652	652.00	3	43	46	607	45	150.00			
796	E. M. Husted	110	12	1	1	1	15	...	...	1	4	...	5	120	120.00	2	4	1	112	8	35.00			
797	Normal Park	1021	84	2	9	...	95	14	...	5	10	...	29	1087	1087.00	2	53	73	874	213	35.00	591.70		
798	Sidell	83	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	4	83	83.00	1	5	5	55	28	30.00			
799	Colfax	90	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	1	2	3	95	95.00	2	...	...	95	...				
800	Kenwood	810	22	...	4	...	26	...	...	8	6	...	14	822	822.00	2	33	27	666	156	135.00			
801	Sangamon	65	11	...	...	...	11	5	...	3	1	...	9	67	67.00	2	14	16	50	17				
802	Williamson	140	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	1	2	...	3	150	150.00	2	14	13	119	31	136.00	102.00		
803	Neponset	54	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	55	55.00	...	2	2	52	3				
804	Kensington	453	22	...	...	...	22	...	...	2	3	...	5	470	470.00	2	18	21	391	79	152.05	500.65	15.00	
805	S. M. Dalzell	153	4	1	...	...	5	1	...	3	3	...	7	151	150.00	4	6	5	128	23	118.00	25.00		
806	Nebo	56	2	1	2	...	5	1	...	2	2	...	5	56	56.00	2	3	2	46	10				

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE				Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
807	Royal	51	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	1	...	3	52	52.00	2	5	4	51	1	10.00	15.00		
808	Cornland	76	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	76	76.00	...	1	1	54	22				
809	Gilhan	54	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	2	53	53.00	2	3	3	46	7				
810	Tracy	311	12	...	4	...	16	3	...	3	1	...	7	320	320.00	...	7	10	273	47	238.79	267.05		
811	Melvin	76	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	1	...	3	77	77.00	1	3	3	66	11				
812	DeLand	38	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	2	...	3	40	40.00	1	5	4	29	11				
813	Humboldt Park	947	83	1	2	...	86	...	...	25	8	...	33	1000	1000.00	10	91	80	876	124	750.33		25.00	
814	Ohio	26	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	2	25	25.00	...	2	1	23	2				
815	Lawn	365	31	4	1	...	36	7	...	12	2	...	21	380	380.00	7	42	32	356	24	120.00	90.00		
816	Ridgeway	54	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	55.00	1	3	1	48	7				
817	Creal Springs	80	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	2	...	5	78	78.00	...	3	4	73	5	4.29			
818	Ben Hur	591	26	...	2	...	28	2	...	5	6	...	13	606	606.00	8	36	30	572	34	647.45			
819	Columbian	714	37	4	1	...	42	8	...	13	3	...	24	732	732.00	14	42	39	681	51	150.00	454.80	15.00	15.00
820	Henderson	84	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	1	...	...	1	91	91.00	3	5	8	78	13				
821	New Canton	74	4	1	2	...	7	...	...	1	...	...	1	80	80.00	1	2	3	78	2				
822	Belknap	80	3	...	2	...	5	...	...	3	2	...	5	80	80.00	3	6	4	70	10				
823	Pearl	84	10	1	1	...	12	...	...	2	...	...	2	94	94.00	...	12	10	84	10	91.00			
824	Grove	249	12	...	...	...	12	4	...	2	...	...	6	255	255.00	2	12	12	227	28	40.00	250.00	10.00	
825	Arthur	95	16	...	1	...	17	5	...	...	1	...	6	106	106.00	1	19	16	98	8	17.90			
826	Mazon	117	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	122	122.00	1	7	6	110	12				
827	Sequoit	99	2	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	102	102.00	2	6	5	77	25	20.00	1.00		
829	Edgar	96	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	1	...	2	101	101.00	1	4	4	80	21				
830	Rockport	69	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	71.00	...	...	...	54	17				
831	Findlay	87	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	92	92.00	3	8	5	80	12	30.00			
832	Harvey	355	32	...	7	...	39	2	...	2	3	...	7	387	387.00	11	38	32	330	57		51.40		
833	Dean	56	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	58	58.00	1	...	2	55	3				
834	Toledo	84	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	87.00	...	3	3	72	15	16.00			
835	Triple	110	21	...	1	...	22	...	...	1	4	...	5	127	127.00	5	24	23	102	25	37.00	37.00		
836	Windsor Park	471	31	1	3	...	35	4	...	9	3	...	16	490	490.00	1	47	40	407	83	50.00	48.55		
837	Hindsboro	95	14	...	...	...	14	...	...	3	...	...	3	106	106.00	2	13	16	91	15				
838	Charity	49	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	57.00	2	7	7	54	3				
839	Berwyn	258	9	1	8	...	18	1	...	4	3	...	8	268	268.00	1	11	11	255	13				
840	Alto Pass	63	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	1	3	4	67	67.00	...	9	9	60	7				25.00
841	Woodlawn Park	837	21	1	13	...	35	20	...	5	2	2	29	843	842.00	2	27	19	730	113	271.00	110.00		
842	Fides	269	12	...	...	...	12	...	...	2	6	...	8	273	273.00	...	15	10	240	33			10.00	
843	Park	554	40	...	16	...	56	4	...	24	6	...	34	576	576.00	5	62	49	528	48				

845	Martinton	37	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	38	38.00	...	4	2	31	7		37.00		
846	Bluffs	49	5	...	2	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	2	54	54.00	3	5	4	51	3				
847	Stronghurst	73	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	3	1	...	4	81	81.00	4	9	9	65	16				
848	London	43	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	46	46.00	1	2	3	43	3	23.00	10.00		
849	Palestine	93	6	...	1	...	7	1	...	4	1	...	6	94	94.00	2	9	6	81	13		300.00		
850	Austin	1057	86	...	19	...	105	1	...	19	14	...	34	1128	1128.00	7	66	86	1060	68	217.47	294.65	25.00	
851	Chicago Heights	308	16	1	...	...	17	7	...	9	1	...	17	308	308.00	4	18	15	250	58				
852	Gothic	594	55	1	5	...	61	2	...	7	5	...	14	641	641.00	14	72	54	488	153	601.94	130.00	10.00	10.00
853	Latham	54	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	54	54.00	1	2	1	49	5				
854	Brighton Park	440	27	...	3	...	30	3	...	6	3	...	12	458	458.00	3	32	28	316	142	110.00	614.97	25.00	
855	King Oscar	876	43	...	1	...	44	8	...	6	12	...	26	894	893.00	1	41	45	834	60	309.20	10.00	15.00	25.00
856	West Gate	45	3	1	1	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	48	48.00	...	4	2	37	11				
857	Boyd D	88	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	6	1	...	7	85	85.00	...	4	3	50	35				
858	Utica	47	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	2	48	48.00	1	2	2	44	4	11.00			
859	Apple River	64	6	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	71.00	...	6	6	56	15				
860	Metropolitan	630	29	1	2	...	32	5	...	12	7	...	24	638	638.00	3	24	30	578	60	86.84	800.00	25.00	25.00
861	Sorento	34	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	41.00	1	5	8	41	...				
862	Riverside	158	18	...	7	...	25	...	...	1	...	...	1	182	182.00	...	16	18	162	20	25.00		10.00	
863	St. Andrews	476	31	1	1	...	33	6	...	7	2	...	15	494	494.00	2	32	28	428	66	875.00		10.00	
864	Olympia	501	20	3	1	...	24	11	...	7	1	...	19	506	506.00	2	33	22	439	67	125.00			
865	St. Cecilia	451	42	...	2	...	44	2	...	4	1	...	7	488	488.00	10	34	41	402	86	308.75	20.00	10.00	10.00
866	West Salem	52	14	...	...	...	14	...	...	1	1	...	2	64	64.00	...	15	14	55	9				
867	Chadwick	86	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	86	86.00	1	1	1	83	3				
868	Cornell	24	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	27.00	...	5	5	26	1				
869	Maywood	447	26	...	12	1	39	3	...	5	7	...	15	471	470.00	7	27	22	428	43	176.64	69.25		
870	Lostant	63	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	2	63	63.00	...	4	2	57	6				
871	Argenta	79	7	1	2	...	10	...	...	2	1	...	3	86	86.00	...	7	9	82	4				
872	Free Will	75	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	3	...	...	3	82	82.00	1	13	12	78	4	40.00			
873	Standard	686	51	2	2	...	55	11	...	8	6	...	25	716	713.00	1	45	47	612	10	425.81	208.30	35.00	
874	Nifong	41	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	2	41	41.00	...	3	2	36	5				
875	Corner-Stone	396	23	...	...	...	23	4	...	8	3	...	15	404	404.00	1	18	25	363	41	10.00	99.20		
876	Wm. McKinley	498	44	3	2	...	49	2	...	13	3	...	18	529	529.00	8	43	47	462	67	236.50	70.00	10.00	10.00
877	Granite City	279	36	1	...	...	37	3	...	...	3	...	6	310	310.00	16	45	38	273	37	75.00	25.00		
878	Equity	640	19	1	...	...	20	2	...	23	3	...	28	632	632.00	9	23	22	553	79	203.50	736.00	25.00	
879	Composite	447	22	...	3	...	25	2	...	22	3	...	27	445	445.00	3	24	24	396	49	164.00	471.95	25.00	
880	John B. Sherman	576	29	1	1	...	31	1	...	5	3	...	9	598	598.00	12	27	28	506	92	418.54	199.00	25.00	
881	Murissa	60	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	66.00	1	6	9	60	6		110.00		
882	Boulevard	1003	61	1	...	...	62	15	...	11	8	...	34	1031	1031.00	8	47	48	883	148	624.09	150.45	50.00	50.00
883	Wheeler	29	10	1	...	...	11	...	...	1	1	...	2	38	38.00	...	9	8	30	8				
884	Bethany	73	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	2	1	...	5	71	71.00	1	...	...	65	6				
885	Villa Grove	140	16	...	2	...	18	...	...	1	3	...	4	151	154.00	7	21	16	134	20				
886	Hooppole	26	15	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	1	...	1	40	40.00	...	...	...	40	...				
887	Pyramid	91	7	...	...	...	7	1	...	2	2	...	5	93	93.00	2	10	7	68	25	25.00	13.65	5.00	5.00
888	Damascus	451	41	...	5	...	46	4	...	7	5	...	16	481	481.00	1	40	43	414	67	147.50	118.05		
889	America	606	52	1	3	...	56	...	...	9	6	...	15	647	647.00	2	42	49	600	47	447.55	150.00	10.00	10.00
890	DesPlaines	168	14	...	...	...	14	...	...	3	1	...	4	178	178.00	2	13	13	168	10				
891	Logan Square	616	85	2	3	...	90	2	...	11	3	...	16	690	689.00	10	80	82	645	45	53.02	1042.55		
892	Constellation	780	83	...	2	...	85	3	...	35	4	...	42	823	822.00	11	75	74	781	42	900.00	150.00	25.00	25.00
893	Loraine	57	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	1	61	61.00	...	3	4	54	7				

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE				Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing in Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Members, their Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan	
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
894	Utopia	274	20	...	...	...	20	1	...	2	2	...	5	289	287.00	2	21	19	237	52	138.79	56.00		
895	Crescent	577	39	1	...	...	40	1	...	14	5	...	20	597	597.00	21	42	41	537	60	10.00	721.25	35.00	35.00
896	Kosmos	353	26	...	1	...	27	17	1	5	2	...	25	355	355.00	8	24	22	279	76	131.00	123.55	10.00	
897	Ogden Park	572	31	...	1	1	33	...	1	4	5	...	10	595	595.00	4	40	33	556	39	558.80	114.40		
898	Silvis	147	23	...	...	...	23	...	1	3	1	...	5	165	165.00	2	16	21	115	50	133.00	18.98		
899	Park Manor	436	19	1	...	...	20	5	...	5	2	...	12	444	444.00	1	25	20	390	54	215.15	193.50	25.00	25.00
900	Carnation	447	33	3	3	...	39	1	...	11	1	...	13	473	473.00	3	29	30	405	68	456.38	56.00		
901	Edgewater	692	52	...	6	...	58	8	...	12	7	...	27	723	723.00	2	45	44	657	66	110.00	154.40	25.00	
902	Alto	47	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	48	48.00	...	2	2	45	3		47.00		
903	Elkhart	67	4	...	...	...	4	4	...	2	1	...	7	64	64.00	...	5	5	58	6				
904	Carlock	70	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	1	...	...	1	73	73.00	...	7	6	67	6		70.00		
905	Hanover	53	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	2	...	...	2	58	58.00	...	6	8	50	8				
906	Coffeen	37	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	37	37.00	...	1	1	37	...		36.00		
907	Ancient Craft	472	38	1	2	...	41	3	...	2	5	2	12	501	499.00	3	43	41	464	37	100.00	365.80	60.00	35.00
908	Gil. W. Barnard	155	14	...	...	...	14	3	...	3	2	...	8	161	161.00	...	20	17	148	13	25.00			
909	Bee Hive	542	86	...	1	...	87	...	...	7	2	...	9	620	620.00	40	94	88	580	40	375.00	100.00	25.00	25.00
910	Hull	63	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	63	63.00	2	3	1	50	13				
911	Bellflower	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	43.00	...	...	...	43	...				
912	Stellar	63	13	...	...	...	13	2	...	...	1	1	4	72	72.00	1	19	15	60	12				
913	Aaron	305	27	...	2	...	29	...	...	1	2	...	3	331	331.00	2	25	29	270	61	332.00			
914	Republic	249	18	...	1	...	19	2	...	...	1	...	3	265	265.00	1	24	17	225	40		51.60	5.00	5.00
915	Jackson Park	367	22	...	3	...	25	...	...	9	...	...	9	383	383.00	5	22	21	333	50	135.00	60.00		
916	Welcome	336	22	1	1	...	24	5	...	12	...	1	18	342	342.00	1	18	16	288	54	15.00	33.60	15.00	15.00
917	Concord	286	23	1	...	...	24	1	...	3	1	...	5	305	305.00	5	25	25	277	28	172.12			
918	Sesser	62	8	...	2	...	10	...	...	2	...	...	2	70	70.00	1	11	11	61	9				
919	Elwood	59	11	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	4	...	4	66	66.00	1	12	12	64	2				
920	Cottonwood	30	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	2	30	30.00	...	1	...	29	1				
921	Avondale	341	28	...	...	...	28	2	...	2	2	...	6	363	363.00	3	36	30	351	12	82.09	417.05	15.00	15.00
922	Compass	233	19	2	...	...	21	...	...	2	1	...	3	251	251.00	5	28	27	208	43	49.50		10.00	5.00
923	East Gate	496	46	3	2	...	51	10	1	13	3	...	27	520	520.00	22	61	54	485	35	345.00	55.00		
924	Banner Blue	425	36	...	1	...	37	5	...	8	4	...	17	445	445.00	2	40	38	430	15	415.72	50.00	10.00	10.00
925	Molenna	46	5	...	...	...	5	2	...	1	1	...	4	47	47.00	...	3	1	44	3				
926	Veritas	740	43	2	...	...	45	...	...	13	10	...	23	762	762.00	6	46	45	719	43	351.01	55.00	25.00	25.00
927	Candida	322	27	1	1	...	29	11	...	2	4	...	17	334	334.00	4	30	29	300	34	75.00		15.00	
928	Grant Park	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	36	36.00	...	2	...	35	1		48.00		
929	Ashland	58	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	1	...	3	59	59.00	...	4	4	59	...				

930	Joseph Robbins	135	25	...	1	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	161	161.00	3	22	28	161	...				
931	Wilmette	375	27	...	7	...	34	...	...	2	2	...	4	405	405.00	...	28	26	389	16	119.80	100.00		
932	Sandoval	71	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	74	74.00	...	7	5	57	17				
933	Manlius	43	7	1	...	...	8	1	...	1	1	...	3	48	48.00	...	8	7	43	5				
934	Hinsdale	172	8	...	1	...	9	...	...	2	3	...	5	176	176.00	1	11	8	160	16	18.04	200.50		
935	LaMoine	34	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	37.00	...	...	3	36	1				
936	Rock Falls	123	6	...	2	...	8	...	...	2	...	...	2	129	129.00	1	6	6	117	12				
937	North Shore	655	39	...	12	...	51	...	...	14	4	...	18	688	688.00	4	51	44	579	109	624.85	35.00		
938	Circle	283	42	2	7	...	51	5	...	1	3	...	9	325	325.00	12	53	45	306	19	44.73		5.00	5.00
939	Table Grove	50	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	54.00	...	3	4	49	5				
940	Pleasant View	45	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	1	48	48.00	1	1	1	39	9				
941	Elmhurst	194	17	...	3	...	20	...	...	3	...	...	3	211	211.00	2	19	16	206	5				
942	Maple Park	37	4	...	1	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	1	41	41.00	...	6	4	41	...				
943	Bohemia	398	32	...	1	...	33	...	...	1	2	...	3	428	428.00	3	43	39	426	2		100.00	25.00	25.00
944	John Carson Smith	348	53	...	...	...	53	...	...	19	4	...	23	378	378.00	41	67	57	344	34	65.00		15.00	15.00
945	Buffalo	44	3	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	49.00	1	4	4	47	2				
946	Joy	85	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	86	86.00	...	3	...	81	5				
947	Kenmore	127	19	1	3	...	23	...	...	9	...	...	9	141	141.00	2	22	22	128	13				
948	R. F. Casey	30	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	31.00	...	1	2	30	1				
949	Justice	388	41	...	...	...	41	6	...	7	...	...	13	416	416.00	4	34	39	390	26	100.00	75.00	10.00	10.00
950	Glen Ellyn	129	7	...	2	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	138	138.00	2	8	5	119	19				
951	Depue	54	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	64.00	1	12	10	42	22				
952	Donovan	38	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	39.00	...	1	1	35	4				
953	Stone Arch	31	4	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	36.00	...	5	4	32	4				
954	Progressive	280	32	...	1	...	33	4	...	2	3	...	9	304	304.00	6	27	33	290	14	171.75			
955	Cicero	179	38	...	1	...	39	...	...	...	1	...	1	217	217.00	7	38	40	208	9			54.25	75.95
956	Washington Park	384	66	...	2	...	68	...	...	...	2	...	2	450	450.00	2	72	69	430	20	50.00	317.00	35.00	10.00
957	Prospect	155	18	...	...	...	18	...	...	2	1	...	3	170	170.00	4	...	20	164	6			10.00	
958	Prudence	386	63	...	3	...	66	...	...	7	2	...	9	443	443.00	19	70	62	410	33	250.00	158.50	35.00	15.00
959	Warrensburg	49	10	...	2	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	61.00	2	...	...	61	...				
960	Algonquin	45	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	2	46	46.00	...	2	3	41	5				
961	Federal	155	24	...	1	...	25	...	...	3	2	...	5	175	175.00	...	26	23	159	16	338.25	20.00		
962	Ben Franklin	392	47	...	2	...	49	1	...	13	4	...	18	423	423.00	2	38	44	408	15	481.30	493.60		
963	Broughton	27	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	35.00	...	8	7	33	2				
964	Maplewood	158	18	...	...	...	18	...	...	4	...	...	4	172	172.00	...	19	21	169	3	63.50			
965	Cisco	40	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	44.00	1	5	4	42	2				
966	Exemplar	213	17	1	1	...	19	3	...	9	3	2	17	215	215.00	3	18	16	200	15	25.00		10.00	
967	Dahlgren	29	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	33.00	...	1	2	24	9				
968	South Gate	98	15	...	2	...	17	...	...	1	...	...	1	114	114.00	...	22	19	108	6			10.00	
969	East Moline	88	13	...	1	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	102	102.00	8	18	14	88	14				
970	St. Joe	61	5	...	3	...	8	...	...	1	1	...	2	67	67.00	...	9	6	62	5	32.38	31.75		
971	Fernwood Park	95	9	...	2	...	11	...	...	2	1	...	3	103	103.00	...	7	7	95	8	122.50	131.90		
972	Rainbow	202	45	...	5	...	50	...	...	1	...	...	1	251	251.00	1	44	56	238	13	50.00	441.00		
973	Perseverence	189	22	...	1	...	23	...	...	...	5	...	5	207	207.00	6	23	22	193	14	125.84			
974	Albany Park	198	40	...	11	...	51	...	...	1	3	...	4	245	245.00	7	35	35	202	43	10.00		10.00	10.00
975	Old Glory	291	63	...	2	...	65	1	...	3	3	...	7	349	349.00	6	58	61	341	8	217.50	492.15	50.00	50.00
976	Melrose Abbey	155	11	...	5	...	16	...	...	2	3	...	5	166	166.00	1	13	13	146	20				

TABULAR STATEMENT—*Showing Amount of Dues, Number of Members, Increase, Decrease, and Amount of Charity.*

Lodge No.	NAME	Membership, 1917	INCREASE				Total Increase	DECREASE				Total Decrease	Present Membership 1918	Dues, 1918	Rejections	Initiations	Passed	Membership Residing In Illinois	Members Residing Outside of Ill.	Contributed to Widows and Orphans	Contributed to those not Members	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Orphans Home	Contributed to Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan	
			Raised	Reinstated	Admitted	Added for Error		Suspended	Expelled	Dimitted	Died	Ded. for Error												
977	Parian	178	20	...	1	...	21	...	...	6	1	...	7	192	192.00	1	16	20	162	30				18.20
978	Square	90	15	...	1	...	16	...	...	...	2	1	3	103	103.00	5	12	14	100	3		10.00		
979	Stephen Decatur	245	66	...	4	...	70	...	...	2	2	...	4	311	311.00	14	67	66	293	18	395.00		100.00	
980	Anchor	115	54	...	6	...	60	...	...	...	1	...	1	174	174.00	6	56	58	143	31			5.00	5.00
981	Trowel	131	18	...	1	...	19	3	...	2	1	...	6	144	144.00	12	26	20	139	5	135.00	161.00	10.00	10.00
982	Sincerity	421	65	...	2	...	67	...	...	2	1	...	3	485	485.00	5	51	53	471	14	42.00		10.00	10.00
983	Glencoe	146	10	...	6	...	16	...	...	4	...	...	4	158	158.00	...	14	13	149	9				
984	Emblem	196	47	...	1	...	48	...	...	3	...	...	3	241	241.00	5	49	44	231	10		34.80	10.00	10.00
985	Universal	164	64	...	1	...	65	1	...	1	...	...	2	227	227.00	2	64	62	201	26	96.00	227.30	25.00	
986	Brotherhood	500	56	...	12	...	68	...	...	2	6	1	9	559	559.00	28	63	57	512	47	171.50	120.00	25.00	25.00
987	Cyrene	122	9	...	1	...	10	2	...	2	2	...	6	126	126.00	1	18	12	110	16				
988	Park Ridge	132	5	...	4	...	9	2	...	1	3	...	6	135	135.00	1	6	6	131	4				
989	Hyde Park	156	34	...	1	...	35	...	...	2	1	...	3	188	188.00	9	40	34	178	10			10.00	10.00
990	Clover Leaf	25	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	27	27.00	3	7	3	27	...				
991	Welfare	143	40	...	...	...	40	...	...	3	1	...	4	179	179.00	1	42	40	160	19	25.00	17.15	10.00	10.00
992	Niagara	179	28	...	2	...	30	...	...	3	...	...	3	206	206.00	4	35	34	175	31	235.00			
993	Lyden	58	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	68	68.00	...	9	11	56	12				
994	True Blue	99	36	...	5	1	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	141	141.00	1	46	41	119	22		6.00	25.00	25.00
995	Lawndale	184	46	...	1	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	231	231.00	7	38	40	231	...			25.00	25.00
996	Sunrise	154	27	...	1	...	28	...	...	2	2	...	4	178	178.00	5	22	23	168	10	250.00	38.00	20.00	20.00
997	Integrity	193	38	...	10	...	48	1	...	2	...	...	3	238	238.00	3	39	38	235	3	25.00		10.00	10.00
998	Paul Revere	153	27	...	4	...	31	...	...	2	...	...	2	182	182.00	...	34	28	173	9				
999	Morgan Park	151	16	...	1	...	17	...	...	1	...	...	1	167	167.00	2	14	18	165	2		175.00		
1000	Baylis	38	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	1	42	42.00	...	4	4	42	...				
1001	Wayfarers	93	11	...	3	...	14	...	...	1	...	...	1	106	106.00	2	14	10	98	8				
1002	Portage Park	117	25	...	4	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	146	146.00	2	26	25	145	1	10.00			
1003	Fortitude	130	29	...	3	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	162	162.00	12	48	33	129	33	42.00	29.95	10.00	20.00
1004	Hurst	40	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	47.00	5	13	8	42	5				
1005	Community	185	28	...	10	...	38	...	...	...	1	...	1	222	222.00	3	47	35	220	2				
1006	Fair Oaks	221	28	...	10	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	259	259.00	...	31	30	258	1				
1007	Loyal	147	11	...	1	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	159.00	2	13	12	159	...				
1008	Parkway	189	31	...	3	...	34	...	...	1	1	...	2	221	221.00	5	36	33	218	3			10.00	10.00
1009	Hiram	90	12	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	102	102.00	1	15	14	89	13				
1010	Honor	104	24	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	128.00	7	47	42	124	4		135.80		
1011	Woodson	29	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	2	31	31.00	1	5	4	30	1				
1012	Birchwood	201	41	...	8	...	49	...	...	1	...	...	1	249	249.00	2	30	43	242	7		15.00	10.00	10.00

1013	John Paul Jones	74	27	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	101	101.00	14	...	3	98	3			10.00	10.00	
U D	Moline	31	46	...	8	...	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	54.00	6	58	48	85	...					
U D	Arts and Crafts	89	44	...	18	...	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	151	62.00	9	49	47	151	...					
U D	Paramount	46	22	...	14	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	36.00	...	25	23	82	...					
U D	Christopher	42	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	6.00	9	7	6	48	...					
U D	Nauvoo	21	4	...	5	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	9.00	...	6	5	30	...					
U D	Victory	95	4	...	14	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	113	18.00	...	4	4	113	...					
U D	Cosmopolitan	97	4	...	11	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	15.00	1	19	4	112	...					
U D	Pythagoras	66	15	...	12	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	93	27.00	...	19	15	93	...					

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